

Dual Channel, Configurable, **Isolated Digital Input**

Silicon Anomaly

ADE1202

This anomaly list describes the known bugs, anomalies, and workarounds for the ADE1202 silicon.

Analog Devices, Inc., is committed, through future silicon revisions, to continuously improve silicon functionality. Analog Devices tries to ensure that these future silicon revisions remain compatible with your present software/systems by implementing the recommended workarounds outlined here.

ADE1202 FUNCTIONALITY ISSUES

Silicon Revision Identifier	Silicon Status	Anomaly Sheet	Number of Reported Anomalies
4	Released	Rev. 0	1

Note that Silicon Revision Identifier 4 can be read from the REVID bitfield in Register CTRL.

Rev. 0

Document Feedback

Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. Specifications subject to change without notice. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Analog Devices. Trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

FUNCTIONALITY ISSUES

Table 1. System Level EMC Weakness [er001]

Background	The pass/fail criteria for digital inputs is that the DOUTx pins operate as expected in the following circumstances:
	When the input is asserted, the DOUTx pins go high within the programmed filter time.
	When the input is deasserted, the DOUTx pins go low within the programmed filter time.
lssue	The successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converter (ADC) multiplexes between sampling the IN1 and IN2 inputs at 100 kSPS with the results going into the ADC1 register and ADC2 register, respectively, every 50 kSPS. Under some conditions, the ADC1 and ADC2 outputs from the ADE1202 may be temporarily swapped. The system typically recovers from this issue within a few samples.
	Conditions that can cause this issue include the following:
	High levels of RF noise.
	Electrical fast transients.
	Common-mode noise higher than 50 kV/µs.
	The digital filter used in the digital input application to generate the DOUTx pin voltage, configured in the BIN_FILTER register, filters out these glitches as long as the length of the disturbance is less than the filter time and the up/down mode is selected.
	This error cannot be observed by reading a register. However, the COMFLT bit in the STATUS register may be set when this error occurs. If the IN1 and IN2 analog inputs are at the same level, this phenomenon is not visible.
	For applications using the ADC samples directly, implement debouncing in the software to reject the erroneous swapped ADC1 register and ADC2 register values.
Workaround	To mitigate the risk of the system level electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) from swapping the ADCx outputs, sample the DOUTx pin voltage instead of the ADCx register values in the application (if possible), and then increase the BIN_FILTER time to 1 ms or greater and select up/down mode instead of up/clear mode.
Related Issues	None.

