## 60V 1.5A LED Driver with Internal Log-Scale Dimming

## DESCRIPTIOn

Demonstration circuit 2788A is a boost LED driver featuring the LT®3950. This demonstration circuit powers a string of LEDs at 330 mA . The step-up topology can be used to drive a string of up to 28 V of LEDs as assembled. The maximum output voltage capability of the LT3950 is 60 V . DC2788A runs from an input voltage range of 6 V to 24 V as built. It also runs at 2 MHz and has the capability to turn on spread spectrum frequency modulation (SSFM) for a frequency range of 2.0 MHz to 2.5 MHz . Dimming control can be achieved with analog dimming or PWM dimming-either from an external or internally-generated clock source. DC2788A features undervoltage lockout (UVLO) set at 6.6 V with a 1.0 V hysteresis for turn-on.
The UVLO voltage, LED current, output voltage range, switching frequency, brightness control, SSFM, and the topology can all be adjusted with simple modifications to the demonstration circuit.
LT3950 is a monolithic 1.5A peak switch current, 60V LED driver. The guaranteed peak switch current rating of the IC is 1.5 A and this is important to know when calculating maximum output current at a given LED voltage and input voltage for a boost converter. The LT3950 features SSFM and a well-controlled SW node for low emissions.

A frequency range of 200 kHz to 2 MHz and a high-side PWMTG PWM-dimming MOSFET makes this a very versatile IC for many applications. It can be used for boost, buck-boost mode and buck mode LED driver applications. The PWMTG MOSFET not only provides high PWM dimming ratio capability, but it also serves as a short-circuit protection device. The FAULT flag indicates when there is either a short-circuit or open-LED fault at the output.
The demo circuit is designed to be easily reconfigured to suit other applications, including the example schematics in the data sheet. Consult technical support for assistance.
High voltage operation, 3 V input voltage operation, multiple topologies, small-and-compact size, fault protection, low EMI, and multiple brightness control options make the LT3950 flexible and powerful for compact, noise-sensitive LED driver solutions. The LT3950JMSE featured on this demo circuit is available in a thermally enhanced 16-lead plastic MSOP package. The LT3950 data sheet must be read in conjunction with this demo manual to properly use or modify demo circuit DC2788A.
Design files for this circuit board are available.
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## PERFORMAПCE SUMMARRY Specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage Range (V/IN) | LEED Running | 6.6 |  | 24 |
| LT3950 IC Input Voltage Range ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ ) |  | 3V |  | 60 V |
| Full-Scale LED Current | R1 $=0.75 \Omega$, CTRL Turret $=$ FLOAT |  | 330 mA |  |
| LED Voltage Range | $\mathrm{R} 7=1 \mathrm{M} \Omega, \mathrm{R} 8=41.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 7.5 |  | 28V |
| Open LED Voltage (V $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ ) | R7 $=1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$, R8 $=41.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, LEDs Open |  | 30 V |  |
| LT3950 IC Output Voltage Maximum |  |  |  | 60 V |
| Switching Frequency | R5 = 49.9k , SSFM Off |  | 2.0 MHz |  |
| SSFM Switching Frequency | R5 = 49.9k , SSFM On | 2.0 MHz |  | 2.5 MHz |
| Typical Efficiency with EMI Filters | FB1, FB2, C14, C21 Installed |  | 89\% |  |
| Typical Efficiency with EMI Filters Removed | FB1 and FB2 Shorted, C14 and C21 Removed |  | 90\% |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ Turn-On Threshold (Rising) | $\mathrm{R} 2=124 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{R} 3=499 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | 7.5V |  |
| $V_{\text {IN }}$ UVLO Threshold (Falling) Under Voltage Lockout | $\mathrm{R} 2=124 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{R} 3=499 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | 6.6 V |  |
| PWM Frequency Internal PWM Dimming | $\mathrm{R} 5=49.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{JP2}=\mathrm{INTV}$ CC |  | 460 Hz |  |
|  |  |  |  | Rev. |

## DEMO MANUAL DC2788A

## PUICK START PROCEDURE

The DC2788A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LT3950JMSE. Refer to Figure 1 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below.

Note: Make sure that the voltage applied to $\bigvee_{\text {IN }}$ does not exceed 45 V , which is close to the maximum voltage rating for the input capacitors.

1. Set JP1 to On and JP2 to GND to disable Internal PWM Dimming and to run the LED driver at 100\% duty cycle. Set JP3 to No SSFM to disable SSFM and run at 2.0 MHz constant frequency. JP3 can be switched to SSFM On to evaluate the performance of the PCB with spread spectrum frequency modulation.
2. Connect the EN terminal to GND with a clip-on lead. Connect the power supply (with power off), LED Ioad, and meters as shown.
3. After all connections are made, turn on the input power and verify that the input voltage is between 8 V and 18 V .
4. Remove the clip-on lead from EN. Verify that the LED current is 330 mA , the $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ voltage is between 7.5 V and 28 V and the FAULT terminal is not asserted low.

Note: If the output voltage is low or if the FAULT terminal is asserted low, temporarily disconnect the load to make sure that the LED string is connected properly and not faulted.
5. Once the proper output current and voltage are established, adjust the input voltage and load within the operating ranges and observe the output voltage regulation, dimming and PWM.


Figure 1. Test Procedure Setup Drawing for DC2788A

## PUICK START PROCEDURE

## PWM DIMMING

To evaluate internally generated PWM dimming performance, (with power off) set JP2 = INTV ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ and JP1 to INT. PWM dimming duty cycle is set by adjusting the position of VR1 potentiometer with a small screwdriver (with power on). It is safest to switch jumper positions with the power off, and then turn power back on when positions are set.
To evaluate externally generated PWM dimming performance, (with power off) set JP2 = GND and JP1 to EXT. Place a 3.3 V or 5 V variable duty-cycle input on the PWM terminal to control PWM dimming. PWM dimming frequency should be greater than or equal to 100 Hz .120 Hz is recommended for the highest dimming ratio performance without low risk of visible flicker.

## ANALOG DIMMING

Constant LED current is controlled by setting the voltage of the CTRL pin on the LT3950. Either a voltage source can be placed on the CTRL turret and set between 200 mV and 1.5 V for LED current control, or the resistors R16 and R4 can be used to set the CTRL pin voltage with a divider from INTV ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ as shown in the schematic. Analog dimming and PWM dimming can be combined for a very high dimming ratio.

## EMI FILTERS

EMI input filters are placed on the PCB for low EMI testing results. This PCB passes CISPR25 class 5 conducted and radiated emissions testing for automotive vehicles. The input filter FB1 and C14 helps with high frequency noise at the input. FB2 and C21 help with high frequency noise at the output. Since this converter runs at 2 MHz , large AM band ( 530 kHz to 1.8 MHz ) emissions filters are not needed and the overall solution size is small. EMI filters may not be necessary in all applications, however. For the highest dimming ratio and for the highest efficiency, the input and output EMI filters can be removed.
In order to remove the EMI filters, the ferrite beads (FB1 and FB2) can be shorted out, and the capacitors (C14 and C21) should be removed. Figure 2 through Figure 6 demonstrate the difference in efficiency and

PWM dimming with the EMI filters in place or removed. Extremely high PWM dimming performance is possible without EMI filters, but even with the filters, very high PWM dimming is capable with the LT3950.

## ADJUSTMENTS

Other adjustments can easily be made to the demonstration circuit. The overvoltage protection voltage (OVP) can be set by changing the values of R7 and R8. Please read the data sheet for details. R7 and R8 are used to set the $V_{\text {OUT }}$ fault voltage when LEDs are removed from the output, but the running LED string voltage should remain below this point to not cause a fault.
The switching frequency can be changed over a wide range by setting the $R_{T}$ resistor, R5. SSFM spreads up from the $R_{T}$ resistor setting to $f_{S W}\left(R_{T}\right)+25 \%$. SSFM is turned on and off by changing the jumper position on the PCB. It is that simple. SSFM can be turned on and off for evaluation and emissions testing.
LED current is set with R1 and the CTRL voltage as shown in the data sheet. For the highest accuracy, use CTRL $=1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or higher for full-scale LED sense voltage of 250 mV . Since the peak switch current rating of the LT3950 is 1.5 A , theoretically, about 1 A is the maximum current that can be extracted at the output for any topology (buck mode). With very, very small ripple current, 1.2A might be able to be delivered at the output of a buck mode converter, but this might not be very practical. In a boost converter topology, please note that the peak switch current is the input current of the converter plus some ripple. In a boost, the input current can be significantly higher than the LED current. Please do not expect 1.5A LED current in a boost converter with this IC. Much higher peak switch current rating is needed for that.

The converter topology can be changed from boost to buck-boost mode (LEDs returned to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ ) or buck mode. Please consult the factory applications engineers or the data sheet for details. Components Q1, R19, and R20 are used for overvoltage protection in both buck-boost mode and buck mode. They are not used for the boost topology.

## DEMO MANUAL DC2788A

## TEST RESULTS



Figure 2. DC2788A at Full Load ( $330 \mathrm{~mA} 24 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}$ ) with and without EMI Filters, SSFM On

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=330 \mathrm{~mA}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{SW}}=2 \mathrm{MHz}+$ SSFM ON
50:1, 460Hz INTERNAL PWM DIMMING
INFINITE PERSIST
Figure 3. Infinite-Persist LED Current Showing PWM Dimming and SSFM Working Together for Flicker-Free Brightness Control

$\mathrm{V}_{I N}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=330 \mathrm{~mA}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{SW}}=2 \mathrm{MHz}+$ SSFM ON
100Hz EXTERNAL PWM DIMMING
Figure 5. Up to 5000:1 PWM Dimming is Possible, Even with EMI Filters on DC2788A

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=330 \mathrm{~mA}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{SW}}=2 \mathrm{MHz}+$ SSFM ON
100Hz EXTERNAL PWM DIMMING
Figure 4. DC2788A Achieves Dimming Ratios of 1000:1 at 100 Hz with EMI Filters

$V_{I N}=12 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=330 \mathrm{~mA}$
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{SW}}=2 \mathrm{MHz}+$ SSFM ON
100 Hz EXTERNAL PWM DIMMING
OUTPUT EMI FILTER REMOVED
Figure 6. Maximum PWM Dimming Ratio is Very High with Output EMI Filters Removed

## ©MISSION RESULTS



Figure 7. Average and Peak Conducted Emissions Performance Using Current Method Both Pass CISPR25 Limits

(a) CISPR25 Conducted EMI Performance Voltage Method

(b) CISPR25 Conducted EMI Performance Voltage Method

Figure 8. Average and Peak Conducted Emissions Performance Using Voltage Method Both Pass CISPR25 Limits


Figure 9. CISPR25 Average and Peak Radiated Emissions Performance Both Pass CISPR25 Limits

## DEMO MANUAL DC2788A

## PARTS UST

| ITEM | QTY | REFERENCE | PART DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER/PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Required Electrical Components |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | C1, C11 | CAP., X5R, 1 1 F, 50V, 10\% 0402 | TAIYO YUDEN, UMK105CBJ105KV-F |
| 2 | 1 | C5 | CAP., 4.7uF, X7S, 100V, 20\%, 1206 | MURATA, GRM31CC72A475ME11L |
| 3 | 1 | C9 | CAP., 270pF, COG, 50V, 5\%, 0402 | MURATA, GRM1555C1H271JA01 |
| 4 | 1 | C20 | CAP., 4.7 $7 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{X7R}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%, 1206$ | MURATA, GRM31CR71H475KA12L |
| 5 | 1 | D1 | DIODE, SCHOTTKY 60V 1A SOD123F (DC) | NEXPERIA, PMEG6010CEH, 115 |
| 6 | 1 | L1 | FIXED INDUCTOR, $6.8 \mu \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{PWR}, 20 \%, 1.6 \mathrm{~A}, 168 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$, AEC-Q200 | WURTH, 74438336068 |
| 7 | 1 | M1 | MOSFET P-CH 60V 1.6A SOT23-3 | VISHAY, SI2309CDS-T1-GE3 |
| 8 | 1 | R1 | RES., $0.75 \Omega, 1 \%, 1 / 3 W$, 0805, SHORT-SIDE TERM, SENSE | SUSUMU, RL1220S-R75-F |
| 9 | 1 | R5 | RES., 49.9k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402, AEC-Q200 | VISHAY, CRCW040249K9FKED |
| 10 | 1 | R6 | RES., 62k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402, AEC-Q200 | VISHAY, CRCW040262KOFKED |
| 11 | 1 | R7 | RES., 1M $2,1 \%, 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}, 0402$, AEC-Q200 | VISHAY, CRCW04021M00FKED |
| 12 | 1 | R8 | RES., 41.2k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402, AEC-Q200 | VISHAY, CRCW040241K2FKED |
| 13 | 1 | U1 | DC/DC CONVERTOR, 16-LEAD, QFN, $3 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ | ADI, LT3950JMSE\#PBF |
| Optional Electrical Components |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | C6 | CAP., ALUM, 22 F , 50V, SMD AEC-Q200 | PANASONIC, EEH-ZC1H220P |
| 2 | 0 | C12 | CAP., OPTION, 0603 |  |
| 3 | 2 | C14, C21 | CAP., X7R, $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \% 0402$ | MURATA, GRM155R71H104KE14D |
| 4 | 0 | C22 (0PT) | CAP., OPTION, 1206 |  |
| 5 | 1 | FB1 | FERRITE BEAD, $600 \Omega$, 0805, 1LN | WURTH, 7427920415 |
| 6 | 1 | FB2 | FERRITE BEAD, 1.5k 0805 1LN | WURTH, 742792097 |
| 7 | 0 | Q1 | MOSFET, OPTION |  |
| 8 | 1 | R2 | RES., 124k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402 | VISHAY, CRCW0402124KFKED |
| 9 | 1 | R3 | RES., 499k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402 | VISHAY, CRCW0402499KFKED |
| 10 | 2 | R4, R10 | RES., 100k, 1\%, 1/16W, 0402 | VISHAY, CRCW0402100KFKED |
| 11 | 1 | R9 | RES., 100k, 1\%, 1/10W, 0603, AEC-Q200 | VISHAY, CRCW0603100KFKEA |
| 12 | 0 | R12 | RES., OPTION, 0402 |  |
| 13 | 1 | R11 | RES., 0 $0,1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}, 0402$ | VISHAY, CRCW04020000Z0ED |
| 14 | 0 | R16, R17, R18 (OPT) | RES., OPTION, 0402 |  |
| 15 | 0 | R19, R20 | RES., OPTION, 0603 |  |
| 16 | 1 | VR1 | TRIMMER 100k 0.25W SMD | BOURNS, 3314J-1-104E |
| Hardware |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | E1, E2, E4, E10 | TESTPOINT, TURRET, .094" PBF | MILL-MAX, 2501-2-00-80-00-00-07-0 |
| 2 | 6 | E3, E5, E6, E7, E8, E9 | TESTPOINT, TURRET, .061" PBF | MILL-MAX, 2308-2-00-80-00-00-07-0 |
| 3 | 3 | JP1, JP2, JP3 | HEADER $3 \times 20.079$ DOUBLE ROW | WURTH, 62000621121 |
| 4 | 3 | XJP1, XJP2, XJP3 | SHUNT, .079" CENTER | WURTH, 60800213421 |

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



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