### LTC3499BEDD

#### DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 849B is a 750mA, 1.2MHz Synchronous Boost Converter with Reverse Battery Protection featuring the LTC®3499BEDD. The demo board demonstrates a DC/DC boost converter, with a 750mA switch current limit, providing a 3.3V output at 250mA from a two cell input voltage, or a 5V output at 170mA from either a two cell or a Li-lon battery. The LTC3499BEDD offers integrated reverse battery protection up to -6V for both the part and the load, drawing typically less than 1uA of current. The input voltage of this supply can also be increased higher than the output, but thermal limitations reduce the output current that can be delivered. See Vin>Vout Operation section on the datasheet. The

circuit also demonstrates the advantages of output disconnect and inrush current limiting. Small circuit size and low component count make the LTC3499BEDD suitable for use in many space-conscious applications such as Medical Equipment, Digital Cameras, MP3 Players, and other Portable Devices. Other integrated features include peak current limit, soft-start, antiringing control and thermal shutdown.

# Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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Table 1. Performance Summary  $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$  3.3V Output

| PARAMETERS                             | CONDITION  | VALUE               |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Minimum Input Voltage                  |  | 1.8V                |
| Maximum Input Voltage                  |  | 3V                  |
| Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>        | V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA to 250mA | 3.3V ±3%            |
| Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>        | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA to 500mA | 3.3V ±3%            |
| Typical Output Ripple V <sub>OUT</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 250mA       | 20mV <sub>P-P</sub> |
| Typical Efficiency                     | V <sub>IN</sub> =2.4V , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 160mA       | 90%                 |

Table 2. Performance Summary  $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$  5V Output

| PARAMETERS                             | CONDITION  | VALUE               |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Minimum Input Voltage                  |  | 1.8V                |
| Maximum Input Voltage                  |  | 4.2V                |
| Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>        | V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.8V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA to 170mA | 5V ±3%              |
| Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>        | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA to 270mA | 5V ±3%              |
| Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>        | V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0mA to 480mA | 5V ±3%              |
| Typical Output Ripple V <sub>OUT</sub> | V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 270mA       | 22mV <sub>P-P</sub> |
| Typical efficiency                     | V <sub>IN</sub> =2.7V , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 160mA       | 88%                 |



### **QUICK START PROCEDURE**

Demonstration circuit 849B is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC3499BEDD. Refer to Figure 1 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

**NOTE**: When measuring the input or output voltage ripple, care must be taken to avoid a long ground lead on the oscilloscope probe. Measure the input or output voltage ripple by touching the probe tip directly across the VIN or VOUT and GND terminals. See Figure 2 for proper scope probe technique.

- **1**. Place jumpers in the following positions:
  - JP1 Run.

JP2 3.3V or 5V (depending on output desired)

- 2. With power off, connect the input power supply to VIN and GND.
- 3. Turn on the power at the input.
- 4. Check for the proper output voltages.

**NOTE**: If there is no output, temporarily disconnect the load to make sure that the load is not set too high.

**NOTE**: Once the proper output voltages are established, adjust the loads within the operating range and observe the output voltage regulation, ripple voltage, efficiency and other parameters.

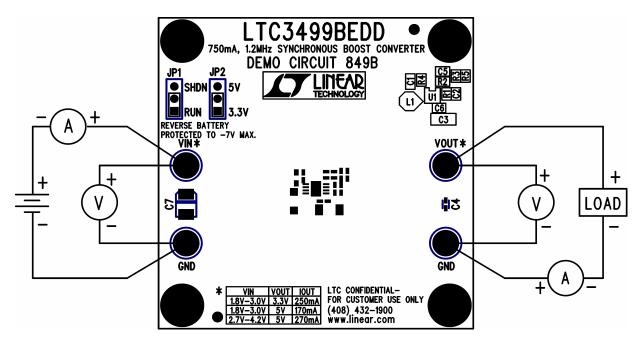


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

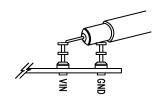


Figure 2. Measuring Input or Output Ripple



## QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 849B 750MA, 1.2MHZ SYNCHRONOUS BOOST CONVERTER

