LTC3836EUFD

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1107 is a 2-phase dual high efficiency synchronous step-down DC/DC converter with 2.75V to 4.5V input range. It has two outputs: 1.8V (7A MAX) and 1.2V (7A MAX). The demo board features the LTC®3836EUFD controller. The constant frequency current mode architecture with MOSFET V_{DS} sensing, eliminates the need for sense resistors and improves efficiency. Out of phase operation significantly reduces input ripple current as well as the input capacitor size. One dual N-channel MOSFET is used for each output, making this board a low cost and compact design.

Switching frequency is internally set at 550KHz. For noise sensitive applications, the converter can be externally synchronized from 250KHz to 850KHz. The frequency can also be easily selected with PLLLPF pin. Tying PLLLPF pin to GND selects 300KHz operation; tying PLLLPF pin to VIN selects 750KHz operation.

The demo board has tracking function, allowing $V_{\mbox{\tiny OUT2}}$ to track $V_{\mbox{\tiny OUT1}}$ during start-up.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

PARAMETER	CONDITION	VALUE
Input Voltage Range		2.75V to 4.5V
V _{OUT1}	V_{IN} = 2.75-4.5V, I_{OUT1} = 0A to 7A,	1.8V ±2.5%
	I _{OUT2} = 0A to 7A	
V _{OUT2}	V_{IN} = 2.75-4.5V, I_{OUT1} = 0A to 7A,	1.2V ±2.5%
	I _{OUT2} = 0A to 7A	
Typical Output Ripple V _{OUT1}	V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT1} = 7A (20MHz BW)	25mV _{P-P}
Typical Output Ripple V _{OUT2}	V _{IN} = 3.3V, I _{OUT2} = 7A (20MHz BW)	20mV _{P-P}
Typical Switching Frequency	PLLLPF Pin Floating	550kHz

Table 1. Performance Summary ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$)

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1107 is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of LTC3836EUFD. Refer to Figure 1 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

NOTE: When measuring the input or output voltage ripple, care must be taken to avoid a long ground lead on the oscilloscope probe. Measure the input or output voltage ripple by touching the probe tip directly across the Vin or Vout and GND terminals. See Figure 2 for proper scope probe technique.

- 1. With power off, connect the input power supply to +Vin (2.75V-4.5V) and GND (input return).
- Connect the 1.8V load (Load 1 in Figure 1) between Vout1 and GND; connect the 1.2V load (Load 2 in Figure 1) between Vout2 and GND. (Initial loads: no load.)
- **3.** Connect the DVMs to the input and outputs.
- Turn on the input power supply and check for the proper output voltages. Vout1 should be 1.8V+/-2.5%. Vout2 should be 1.2V+/-2.5%.

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5. Once the proper output voltages are established, adjust the loads within the operating range and ob-

serve the output voltage regulation, ripple voltage and other parameters.

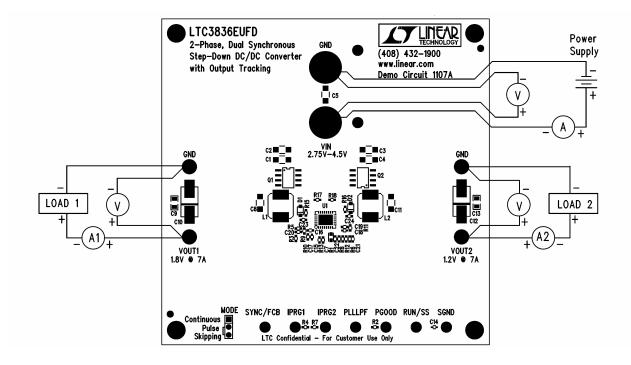


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

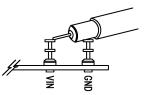


Figure 2. Measuring Input or Output Ripple

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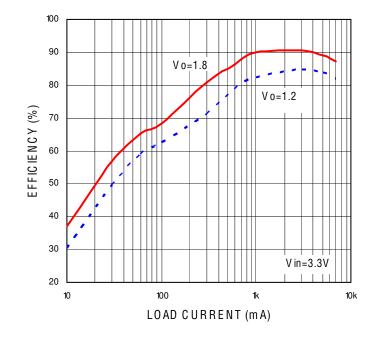
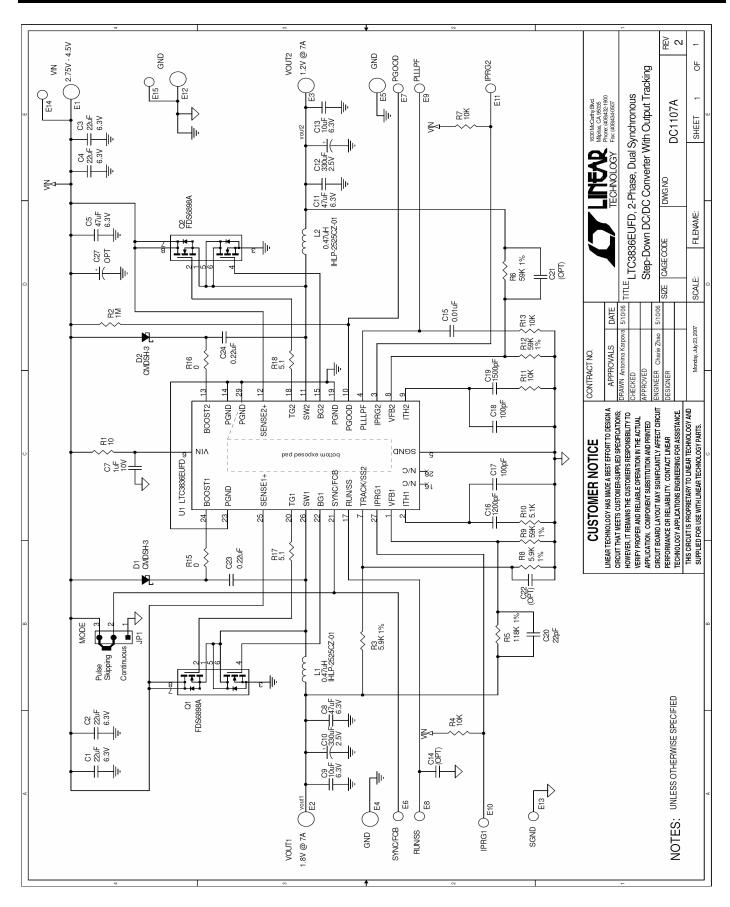


Figure 3. Efficiency vs load current (550KHz)

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