# CALIBRATION AND SERVICING HANDBOOK

for

# THE DATRON AUTOCAL 1082 and 1081 DIGITAL MULTIMETERS

(The calibration and servicing information in this Handbook applies equally to the Autocal instruments 1081 and 1082.

For operating procedures refer to the User's Handbook.)

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For any assistance contact your nearest Datron Sales and Service center.

Addresses can be found at the back of this handbook.

Due to our policy of continuously updating our products, this handbook may contain minor differences in specification, components and circuit design to the instrument actually supplied. Amendment sheets precisely matched to your instrument serial number are available on request.

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#### **SECTION 1**

# CALIBRATION

#### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1.1 General

The purpose of calibration is to take account of any long-term drifts in the components of the instrument and to restore the accuracy, traceable to a known standard.

The period between calibrations depends upon the accuracy performance required from the instrument and for guidance, guaranteed accuracies for 24 hours, 90 days and 1 year are quoted.

The calibration procedures presented in the following pages should cater for most calibration situations. If, however, a special problem arises, please contact your Datron Service Center.

#### 1.1.2 The Essentials for Good Calibration

Temperature - So that the instrument can meet its specification over the quoted temperature range, the temperature environment should be stabilized at 23°C  $\pm$ 1°C. In addition, temperature gradients around the instrument should be considered, therefore calibrate the instrument in its normal operating position and allow plenty of room for ventilation.

Warm up - It is essential that the instrument has fully temperature stabilized if the best results from calibration are to be achieved. Therefore, at least a 2 hour warm-up period is recommended during which time the line supply or the covers should not be removed even for a short period. In addition, if the covers have been removed, make certain that they are correctly fitted and that the leaf contacts to the Ground and Guard Shields are in good shape.

Calibration Source - To perform a useful calibration the accuracy of the source should always be at least four times that of the instrument being calibrated. In most cases, examples of likely sources are given for each calibration function.

With some calibration sources, the output may take several seconds to settle to a final value, therefore unless a shorter settling time is assured, a period of 10 seconds is recommended before each calibration operation.

Guarding - It is preferable to arrange for the DMM to be calibrated with 'Local Guard' selected. Furthermore to arrange for the 'Lo' terminal of the DMM to remain at ground throughout and let the the calibration source float. If a 'Remote Guard' connection is necessary then examples are shown in the User's Handbook.

## 1.1.3 The 'AUTOCAL' Process

#### 1.1.3.1 General

The Datron 'AUTOCAL' process means that complete calibration of AC, DC and Ohms on every range can be carried out from the instrument's own front panel. In the process, an internal non-volatile memory stores calibration constants for each function and range as determined when the instrument takes a series of 16 readings of the applied calibration source. Internally, each of the readings is deviated by one sixteenth of a digit and when an average is taken, the instrument is able to resolve to better than one least significant digit displayed.

Access to the non-volatile memory is gained using a key inserted into the rear panel. When calibration is complete, the key is removed, therefore preventing accidental or unauthorized use of the calibration routine.

#### 1.1.3.2 Procedure Outline

- Select the 'FUNCTION' and 'RANGE' to be calibrated and cancel any 'MODE' or 'COMPUTE' keys.
- Insert the key into the 'CALIBRATE ENABLE' keyswitch on the rear panel and turn to the 'CAL' position. (The 'cal' legend will be displayed on the front panel.)
- Set the rear panel IEEE Bus address switch to 31 i.e. all 1's.
- Connect the calibration source to the input terminals and operate the keys shown in the tables in the following pages. When a 'CALIBRATE' key is operated, its associated L.E.D. indicator will light and extinguish when the calibration operation is executed.
- When all calibration is complete turn the keyswitch to 'RUN' and remove the key.

#### 1.1.3.3 The Five 'AUTOCAL' keys

'Zero' - This takes account of offsets in the instrument and in the calibration source.

'Gain' - This sets a scaling factor for each range and function.

'STD' - This very important calibration operation trims the internal master reference voltage. It must be preceded by a 'Zero' operation and is essential prior to a voltage calibration. See section 1.5.

AcHf - This flattens the response of the AC amplifier used for AC voltage measurement. It should only be used when a full calibration i.e. 'Zero', 'Gain' and 'AcHf' is carried out. The calibration action is iterative and requires several operations of the key to complete.

'Lin' - This is an important calibration operation as it optimizes the basic linearity of the internal measurement circuitry used for all ranges and functions. It must be used before any DC voltage of Ohms calibration is carried out.

#### 1.1.3.4 'AUTOCAL' using 'KEYBOARD'

This is an extension of the 'AUTOCAL' process which is useful when using a calibration source set to a nominal value but with known errors. This means for example that calibration directly to a standard cell is possible. A full explanation of the procedure is covered in section 1.6.

#### 1.1.3.5 'AUTOCAL' over the Bus

Each of the five calibration operations can be controlled using Option 50, the IEEE bus. This means that the instrument can be entirely calibrated remotely or under program control. As mentioned in the 'Procedure Outline' for a manual calibration, the rear panel address switch should be set to 31, i.e. all 1's. When a bus calibration is required the address switch must be set to the address number assigned to the DMM in the system. More details of calibration with the bus are included in section 1.7.

#### 1.1.3.6 'Error 4'

If during calibration 'Error 4' is displayed, this indicates that the Calibration Source deviates too far from the calibration span of the instrument. Under these circumstances, the calibration memory is not updated and the calibration LED remains on.

In the case of 'Zero', 'Gain' or 'AcHf' the Calibration Source should be checked and the same 'CALIBRATE' key depressed. The 'Hold' mode may be released any time and the instrument will free-run again. If 'Error 4' follows 'STD' or 'Lin' or persistently appears following 'Zero', 'Gain' or 'AcHf' then an instrument failure may have occurred. Therefore either consult our Customer Service Section or the Servicing Section of this Handbook.

#### 1.1.3.7 'Memory' Key

An 8-character memory is available to record a message, such as the last date of calibration or PRT probe serial number.

The stored message can be changed using the keyboard in 'Cal' mode. Proceed as follows:

- a. On rear panel, insert key into CALIBRATION ENABLE switch and turn to 'CAL'.
- Select 'KEYBOARD', press 'Memory' key, and use keyboard keys to enter the new message on the display (up to eight numerals).
- c. Press 'Memory' key.
- d. On rear panel, turn CALIBRATION ENABLE switch to 'RUN' and withdraw key.

The stored message can be displayed when not in 'Cal' mode, by pressing 'KEYBOARD' followed by 'Memory'.

# 1.2 DC VOLTAGE CALIBRATION

#### 1.2.1 General

The procedure in the table opposite is all that is necessary to completely 'AUTOCAL' the DC voltage function. Steps 1 and 2 affect the accuracy on all ranges and should therefore be carried out even if just one range is being calibrated.

On each range a 'Zero' and 'Gain' calibration is required for each polarity of input. The two 'Zero' calibrations are included to overcome a possible zero difference with the polarity setting of the DC calibration source.

If the 'DMM Reading After Calibration' is not in accordance with the table, repeat operation of the same 'CALIBRATE' key is permissible to improve the reading.

# 1.2.2 Equipment Required

 A DC Calibration Source. e.g.:-Datron 4000 or 4000A

#### 1.2.3 Checking Accuracy after 'AUTOCAL'

To check the accuracy after 'AUTOCAL', use 'Spec' mode in conjuction with the 'CALIBRATION INTERVAL' switch on the rear panel, to display the specification tolerance. Refer to 1081 User's Handbook, Section 7.

DC VOLTAGE CALIBRATION

Step	Calibration	Calibration Source	DMM	'CALIBRATE'	DMM Reading After	Remarks
Стор	Operation	Output	Setting	Key	Calibration	, riomano
1	Linearity	Short Circuit	DC,1000 Filter	'Lin'	<10 digits	This calibration step may take around 30 seconds to complete
2	10V Range Zero	0.00000V	DC,10	ZERO	±0.000,00V ±1 digit	
3	10V Range STD CAL	+10.00000V	DC,10	STD	10.000,00V ±1 digit	Must be done for full calibration
4	10V Positive Full Range	+10.00000V	DC,10	'Gain'	+10.000,00V ±1 digit	If STD carried out on 10V range omit this step
5	10V Range Zero	-0.00000V	DC,10	'Zero'	±0.000,00V ±1 digit	
6	10V Negative Full Range	-10.00000V	DC,10	'Gain'	-10.000,00V ±1 digit	
7	1V Range Zero	+0.000000V	DC,1	'Zero	±000,000V ±1 digit	
8	1V Positive Full Range	+1.000000V	DC,1	'Gain'	+1.000,000V ±1 digit	
9	1V Range Zero	-0.000000V	DC,1	'Zero'	±.000,000V ±1 digit	
10	1V Negative Full Range	-1.000000V	DC,1	'Gain'	-1.000,000V ±1 digit	
11	.1V Range Zero	+0.0000mV	DC,.1 Filter	'Zero'	±0.000,0mV ±3 digits	Wait for the reading to stabilize before operating 'Zero'
12	.1V Positive Full Range	+100.000mV	DC,.1 Filter	'Gain'	+100.000,0mV ±3 digits	
13	.1V Range Zero	-0.000mV	DC,.1	'Zero'	±0.000,0mV ±3 digits	Wait for the reading to stabilize before operating 'Zero'
14	.1V Negative Full Range	-100.000mV	DC,.1	'Gain'	-100.000,0mV ±3 digits	
15	100V Range Zero	+0.0000V	DC,100	'Zero'	±0.000,0V ±1 digit	9
16	100V Positive Full Range	+100.0000V	DC,100	'Gain'	+100.000,0V ±1 digit	
17	100V Range Zero	-0.0000V	DC,100	'Zero'	±0.000,0V ±1 digit	
18	100V Negative Full Range	-100.0000V	DC,100	'Gain'	-100.000,0V ±1 digit	
19	1000V Range Zero	+0.000V	DC,1000	'Zero'	±0.000V ±1 digit	
20	1000V Positive Full Range	+1000.000V	DC,1000	'Gain'	+1,000.000V ±1 digit	Lethal voltages present - increase calibration source in 100V steps if possible
21	1000V Range Zero	-0.000V	DC,1000	'Zero'	±0.000V ±1 digit	
22	1000V Negative Full Range	-1000.000V	DC,1000	'Gain'	-1,000.000V ±1 digit	Lethal voltages present - increase calibration source in 100V steps if possible

# 1.3 OHMS AND PRT CALIBRATION

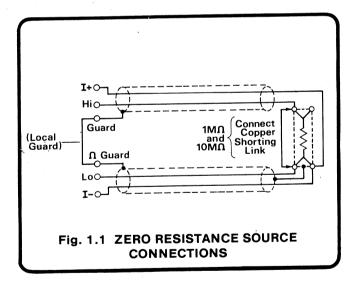
#### 1.3.1 General

The Ohms Calibration Table opposite contains the complete sequence of operations necessary to 'AUTOCAL' the seven Ohms ranges and the kOhms-PRT function. If just the ' $\Omega$ ' range or ' $k\Omega$ -PRT' is to be calibrated, steps 1 and 2 or the DC Voltage Calibration Table should be carried out first. Then on each range just a 'zero' and 'gain' calibration is required.

If the 'DMM Reading After Calibration' is not in accordance with the table, repeat-operations of the same 'CALIBRATE' key are permissible to improve the readings.

#### 1.3.2 'Zero' Resistance Source

For accurate 'Zero' calibration on Ohms or kOhms-PRT it is essential that a correctly connected zero source is used. The necessary arrangement is shown in Fig. 1.1; it can be seen that a copper shorting link is required on  $1M\Omega$  and  $10M\Omega$  ranges, and that '4 wire  $\Omega$ ' selection is recommended on all ranges.



#### 1.3.3 Equipment Required

Datron 4000, 4000A or a set of resistance standards in decades from 10  $\Omega$  to 10  $M\Omega.$ 

It is essential that  $10\Omega$  to  $100k\Omega$  standards are 4-terminal devices.

# 1.3.4 Calibration of the $k\Omega$ -PRT Function

Calibrate the  $k\Omega\text{-PRT}$  function under the same conditions as the normal  $100\Omega$  range and immediately following in sequence to avoid disconnecting the standard  $100\Omega$  resistor. On selection of ' $k\Omega\text{-PRT}$ ', the .1k $\Omega$  range is forced, but '4 wire' must be switched manually.

## 1.3.5 Calibration to a PRT-100 probe

PRTs are originally calibrated by the manufacturer at the fixed temperature points of 0.000 and 100.00 deg.C. The resistance values at these points are given on the calibration certificate provided by the manufacturer.

To calibrate the 1081 to a probe, it is only necessary to enter these two values (or the latest recalibrated values) in the 1081 calibration memory. The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Switch on the 1081.
- 2. Ensure that the 1081 'kOhms-PRT' function is correctly calibrated. (Refer to Sect. 1.3.4).
- 3. a. Select 'PRT'.
  - b. On rear panel, insert key into the CALIBRATION ENABLE switch and turn to 'CAL'.
  - c. Select 'KEYBOARD', and use keyboard keys to enter the PRT resistance value at 0.000 deg. C.
  - d. Press COMPUTE 'Zero' key (Cal. zero): 1081 responds by momentarily displaying '0°C' and cancelling 'Keyboard' mode.
  - e. Reselect 'KEYBOARD', and use keyboard keys to enter the PRT resistance value at 100.00 deg.C.
  - f. Press COMPUTE 'Gain' key (Cal. gain): 1081 responds by momentarily displaying '100°C' and cancelling 'Keyboard' mode.
  - g. On rear panel, turn CALIBRATION ENABLE switch 'to 'RUN' and withdraw key.

The 1081 is now calibrated to the PRT, but not optimized for other PRTs.

It may be convenient to record the Serial Number of the PRT probe as a CAL message in the 1081 memory. The procedure is given in para. 1.1.3.7.

# 1.3.6 Checking Accuracy after 'AUTOCAL'

To check the accuracy after 'AUTOCAL', use 'Spec' mode in conjunction with the 'CALIBRATION INTERVAL' switch on the rear panel, to display the specification tolerance.

# 5 OHMS CALIBRATION TABLE

Step	Calibration Operation	Calibration Source	DMM Setting	'CALIBRATE' Key	DMM Reading After Calibration	Remarks
1	10Ω Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 10Ω filter	'Zero'	±0.000,00Ω ±5 digits	Wait for the reading to stabilize before operating 'Zero'
2	10Ω Full Range	10Ω [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 10Ω filter	'Gain'	10.000,00Ω ±5 digits	Wait for the reading to stabilize before operating 'Gain'
3	.1kΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, .1	'Zero'	±0.000,0Ω ±1 digit	
4	.1kΩ Full Range	100Ω [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, .1	'Gain'	100.000,0Ω ±1 digit	
5	PRT-100Ω Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ-PRT, 4 wire filter	'Zero'	±0.000,0Ω ±1 digit	
6	PRT-100Ω Full Range	100Ω [1] Standard , Resistor	kΩ-PRT, 4 wire filter	'Gain'	100.000,0Ω ±1 digit	
7	1kΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 1	'Zero'	±.000,000kΩ ±1 digit	
8	1kΩ Full Range	1kΩ [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 1	'Gain'	1.000,000kΩ ±1 digit	
9	10kΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 10	'Zero'	±0.000,00kΩ ±1 digit	
10	10kΩ Full Range	10kΩ [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 10,	'Gain'	10.000,00kΩ ±1 digit	
11	100kΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 100	'Zero'	±0.000,0kΩ ±1 digit	
12	100kΩ Full Range	100kΩ [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 100	'Gain'	100.000,0kΩ ±1 digit	
13	1000kΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 1000, Filter	'Zero'	±0.000kΩ ±1 digit	
14	1000kΩ Full Range	1000kΩ [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 1000, Filter	'Gain'	1,000.000kΩ ±5 digits	
15	10MΩ Range Zero	4 wire zero	kΩ, 4 wire, 10 $M$ Ω, Filter	'Zero'	±0.000,00MΩ ±1 digit	
16	10MΩ Full Range	10MΩ [1] Standard Resistor	kΩ, 4 wire, 10MΩ, Filter	'Gain'	10.000,00MΩ ±25 digits	

# 1.4 AC VOLTAGE CALIBRATION

#### 1.4.1 General

The procedure in the table opposite is all that is necessary to completely 'AUTOCAL' the AC voltage function. On each range just a 'Zero', 'Gain' and 'AcHf' calibration is required.

If the 'DMM Reading After Calibration' is not in accordance with the table, repeat operation of the same 'CALIBRATE' key is permissible to improve the readings. This will be necessary with the AcHf key.

Note: To reduce the effects of noise at low input levels, AC zero calibration is carried out at 0.1% Range; and for 100mV Range zero (steps 1 & 2 of the table), Guard is connected to Lo using a copper shorting link.

#### 1.4.2 Equipment Required

A copper shorting link and an AC calibration source e.g. Fluke 5200A and 5215A.

#### 1.4.3 Checking Accuracy after 'AUTOCAL'

To check the accuracy after 'AUTOCAL' the 'Specification Verification' section of the User's Handbook can be employed. It describes the use of 'Spec' mode to verify the accuracy of the instrument, also providing a report sheet 'master copy' for compilation of permanent records.

7
AC VOLTAGE CALIBRATION TABLE

Step	Calibration Operation	Calibration Source Output	DMM Setting	'CALIBRATE' Key	DMM Reading After Calibration	Remarks
1	DC coupled AC Zero	0.100mV 500Hz (short Guard to Lo)	AC,DC,.1	'Zero'	0.100mV ±10 digits	Set 'Local Guard'. Do not set any filter Wait for reading to stabilize before operating 'Zero'
2	.1V Range Zero	Short Hi to Lo to Guard	AC,.1	Check only	<100 digits	
3	1V Range Zero	0.00100V 500Hz	AC,1	'Zero'	0.00100V ±1 digit	
4	10V Range Zero	0.0100V 500Hz	AC,10	'Zero'	0.010,0V ±1 digit	
5	100V Range Zero	0.100V 500Hz	AC,100	'Zero'	0.100V ±1 digit	
6	1000V Range Zero	1.00V 500Hz	AC,1000	'Zero'	1.00V +1 digit	
7	10V Full Range LF	10V rms 500Hz	AC,10	'Gain'	10.000,0V ±1 digit	
8	10V Full Range HF	10V rms 30kHz	AC,10	'AcHf'	10.000,0V ±10 digits	
9	1V Full Range LF	1V rms 500Hz	AC,1	'Gain'	1.000,00V ±1 digit	
10	1V Full Range HF	1V rms 30kHz	AC,1	'AcHf'	1.000,00V ±10 digits	
11	.1V Full Range LF	.1V rms 500Hz	AC,.1	'Gain'	100.000mV ±2 digits	
12	.1V Full Range HF	.1V rms 30kHz	AC,.1	'AcHf'	100.000mV ±10 digits	
13	100V Full Range LF	100V rms 500Hz	AC,100	'Gain'	100.000V ±1 digit	
14	100V Full Range HF	100V rms 30kHz	AC,100	'AcHf'	100.000V ±10 digits	
15	1000V LF Range Gain	500V rms 500Hz	AC,1000	'KEYBOARD 500V' 'Gain'	500.00V ±1 digit	Lethal voltage present - increase calibration source in 100V steps if possible
16	1000V HF Range Gain	500V rms 20kHz	AC,1000	'KEYBOARD 500V' 'AcHt'	500.00V ±15 digits	Lethal voltage present - increase calibration source in 100V steps if possible. DO NOT EXCEED 25kHz

# 1.5 STANDARDIZE USING 'KEYBOARD'

The STD key allows the user to trim or standardize the value of the internal Master Reference voltage. The facility can be used to correct for any long term drift, or to avoid a full recalibration of the 1081 when standardizing to local laboratory references.

STD calibration effectively changes the gain of all the voltage ranges in the same ratio, by a simple procedure available either on the 1V or 10V DC ranges. The process functions with a source of magnitude between 20% and 200% of the range selected but it should be noted that for equal magnitude source errors, standardizing at the lower percentage end of the range produces a higher percentage calibration error. An example using 'Keyboard' to standardize directly to a standard cell is shown in the table below.

# STANDARDIZE EXAMPLE USING 'KEYBOARD'

Step	Calibration Operation	Calibration Source Setting	DMM Setting	'CALIBRATE' Key	DMM Reading After Calibration	Remarks
1	1V Range Zero	Short- circuit	DC,1	'Zero'	±.000,000V	Short connecting leads at Standard Cell end
2	Connect Standard Cell	Standard Cell	KEYBOARD	<del>-</del>	0	
3	Enter Standard Cell Voltage	Standard Cell	1,•,0,1,8,1,6,9,1	_	+1.018,169,1	
4	Standardize Calibration	Standard Cell	_	'STD'	+1.018,169	

# 1.6 AUTOCAL USING 'KEYBOARD'

#### 1.6.1 General

The 'KEYBOARD' method of calibration is useful when a calibration source, although set to a nominal value, has known errors. In this situation the known value of the calibration source can be entered into the DVM before the 'AUTOCAL' process is executed.

'KEYBOARD' operates for sources of magnitude between 20% and 200% of the range selected but it should be noted that for equal-magnitude source errors, calibrating at the lower-percentage end of range produces a higher-percentage calibration error.

The process is available for the 'STD', 'Gain', and 'AcHf' calibration operations. An example using 'STD' is given in Sect. 1.5.

# 1.6.2 'KEYBOARD' with Negative Inputs

If the 'KEYBOARD' method is used on DC Voltage calibration with Negative polarity sources, it is important NOT to enter a negative sign with the keyed-in source value. The instrument itself can determine the polarity of the source and update the appropriate calibration memory location.

#### 1.6.3 'KEYBOARD' Calibration Example

The example shown in the table below uses 'KEY-BOARD' to calibrate the 1000V AC LF Range Gain at 500V (step 15 of the AC Voltage Calibration table).

#### **CALIBRATION EXAMPLE USING 'KEYBOARD'**

Step	Calibration Operation	Calibration Source	DMM Setting	'CALIBRATE' Key	DMM Reading After Calibration	Remarks	
1	1000V Range Zero	1.00V rms 500Hz	AC,1000	'Zero'	1.00V ±1 digit		
2	Set and Enter Source Value	500.00V rms 500Hz	'KEYBOARD' then 5,0,0, •,0,0		0 then +500.00	Lethal voltage present.	
3	1000VAC LF Range Gain Calibration	As above	_	'Gain'	500.00V ±1 digit	Calibration Source in 100V steps if possible	

# 1.7 'AUTOCAL' OVER THE BUS

All the calibration procedures covered in this manual can be carried out remotely using the IEEE Bus.

Effectively, the five calibration keys are replaced by five Bus instructions and these are used instead of the 'CALIBRATE' keys listed in the Calibration tables on previous pages.

An example of calibration with the Bus is given in the table below. A complete program listing for the same calibration operation assuming an HP9825 controller is as follows:-

0: dim D\$[15]

define 15 character string

variable

1: clr 728

send 'device clear' to DMM (interface 7, address 28)

2: wrt 728, "F3R3Q1W1="

program to DC 1V, SRQ Mode 1, Enable Cal.

3: Øt→S

4: wrt 728,"GØ="

program zero cal. trigger

5: oni 7, "srq"

6: eir 7,128

7: if bit ("Ø1XXXXXX",S) =Ø:jmp-1

8: dsp "Apply 1V & CONTINUE"

jump to SRQ service routine on interrupt

enable SRQ interrupts from

interface 7 check status byte S

obtained by service routine. prompt operator to apply calibration source on com-

program gain cal. trigger

pleting zero cal

9: Ø→S;stp

10: wrt 728,"G1="

11: oni 7,"srq"

12: eir 7,128

13: if bit ("Ø1XXXXXX",S) =Ø;jmp-1

14. wrt 728,"TØWØ="

program to Internal Trigger, Disable Cal. on completion

of gain cal.

15: Icl 728 program DMM to local state

16: stp

17: "srq";rds(728)→S

SRQ service routine to read

status byte

18: red 728,D\$

19: iret \*7717

# CALIBRATION EXAMPLE USING THE BUS

Step	Calibration Operation	Calibration Source	DMM Setting	Bus Controller Instruction	DMM Reading After Calibration	Remarks
1	Set DMM to known state	· . · · <del>-</del>	In Remote State	'Device Clear'	_= i	Program DMM to predetermined state AØCØDXEØF3MØNØ OØPØQØR6SØT5
2	Set DMM to DCV, 1V Range, and prepare for calibration	+0.000000V	Calibration key to 'CAL'	'F3R3Q1W1='	_	Program DMM to Function: DC V (F3) Range: 1V (R3) SRQ Mode 1 (Q1) Enable Cal. (W1)
3	1V Range Zero	+0.000000V	In Remote State	'GØ='	±.000,000V	Program 'Zero' cal., SRQ indicates when calibration operation completed
4	1V Positive Full Range	+1.000000V	In Remote State	'G1='	+1.000,000V	Program 'Gain' cal., SRQ indicates when calibration operation completed
5	Set DMM to Internal Trigger, Disable Cal.	<u>-</u>	In Remote State	'TØWØ='		Program DMM to Internal Trigger (TØ), Disable Cal. (WØ)
6	<u></u>	<u> </u>	In Local State, Calibration key to 'RUN'	'Local'	_	DMM in normal mode, free-running

#### **SECTION 2**

# **MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION**

#### 2.1 GENERAL

The 1081 has been designed to be either rack mounted in a standard 19" rack (3½" [2U] height required) or bench top/portable with integral tilt stand. An exploded view of the instrument is shown in Fig 2.1.

#### 2.2 FRONT PANEL

The front panel incorporates the signal input terminals, range, function, mode, keyboard, compute and power switches and a numeric/legend gas discharge display.

#### 2.3 REAR PANEL

The rear panel incorporates the line supply, power input socket and fuses, analog output socket, rear and ratio signal input sockets, run/calibrate keyswitch and calibration interval (spec) select switch.

## 2.4 EXTERNAL CONSTRUCTION

A printed key designation overlay adheres to the front panel trapping the polarising filter in front of the display. Both the front and rear panels are held together by two side extrusions running from front to rear. These side extrusions provide both slots for the handles or rack mounting 'ears' and locating points for the structural foam covers. The bottom cover is fitted with the tilt-stand, rubber feet and instruction card. Ground screening for the

covers and guarding is provided by aluminium plates, heat-staked to the inside of the covers with electrical connections made by spring contacts.

## 2.5 INTERNAL CONSTRUCTION

An internal chassis is constructed from five printed circuit boards, held together by connectors at each corner and held rigid by two inner aluminium shields fixed horizontally on the instrument's centre line running from front to rear. Input terminals, switches and display are mounted on the front printed circuit board (pcb) and the power supply on the rear pcb. The two side and centre pcb's are used for interconnections between the main circuit boards.

All the main circuit boards are mounted on the inner shields with hinges and quick release fasteners with flexible connections to allow operation in the 'hinged-up' position. The Analog output circuitry is fixed on to the rear pcb of the chassis and the Ratio/Rear Input circuitry on to the rear panel. The options are mechanically fitted and require no soldering.

The chassis is mounted on to the side extrusions with nylon screws, spacers and an insulation sheet to ensure that the 'electrical spacings' of the UL, BSI and VDE specifications are achieved.

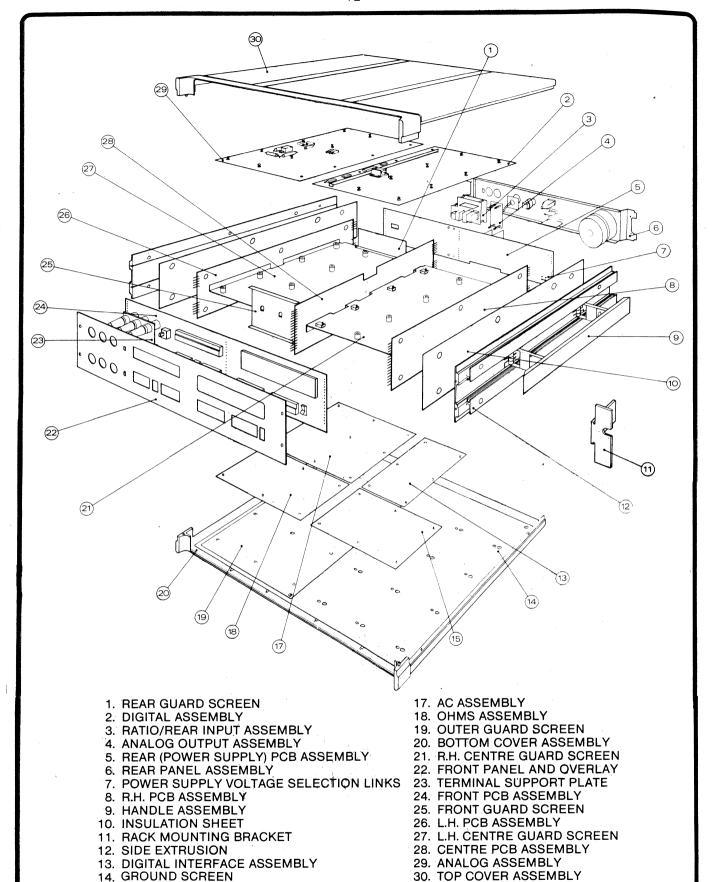


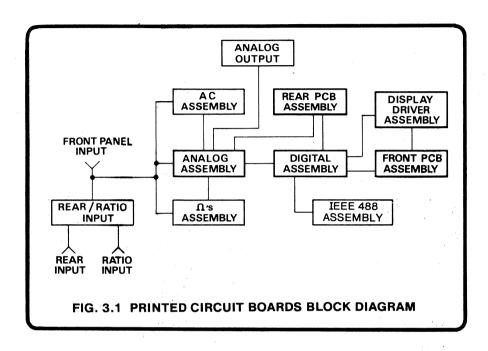
FIG. 2.1 EXPLODED VIEW OF INSTRUMENT

15. DISPLAY DRIVER ASSEMBLY

#### **SECTION 3**

# TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 INTRODUCTION



The internal circuits of the basic DC only instrument are divided between five printed board assemblies (shown in bold outline in Fig. 3.1). For the purposes of explanation each assembly will be described separately and each assembly further subdivided according to the various functions involved.

# 3.2 ANALOG ASSEMBLY (Circuit Drawing No. 430503).

The Analog assembly is split into three distinct sections: (i) the Analog Interface, (ii) the DC Isolator and (iii) the Analog to Digital (A - D) Converter.

The Analog Interface receives data from the Digital assembly to control the selection of range, scaling and other features of the analog circuitry. Messages between the Analog and Digital assemblies are passed via optoisolators, electrically isolating one from the other.

The DC Isolator includes the preamplifier, range scaling circuits and bootstrapped supplies. The A - D section converts the scaled input signal to a time period proportional to the signal using a modified triple slope technique.

#### 3.2.1 Analog Interface (430503 sheet 5)

#### 3.2.1.1 Introduction

The Analog Interface provides electrical isolation between the Digital and Analog circuitry. Latched data from the microprocessor is passed through opto-isolators, decoded and latched again on an analog assembly to select function, range, test, average and the D - A converter set up conditions. A line is also provided to instruct the micro-processor which options are present; for AC measurements, this line also indicates the frequency band of measured signals (up to 200Hz, 200Hz to 20kHz, or above 20kHz).

#### 3.2.1.2 Power-On

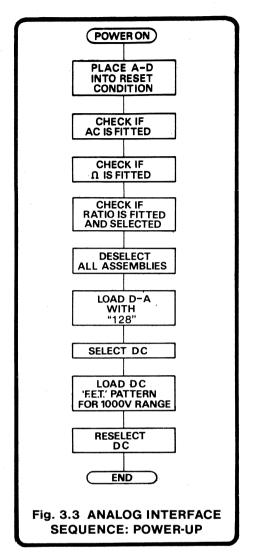
At power-on the A - D converter is placed into the RESET condition (See Section 3.2.3.8). The analog circuitry is then interrogated to discern which options (if any) are fitted. Finally the analog circuitry is placed into the DC, 1000V range until a different range or function is selected (See Fig. 3.3).

To determine which options are fitted, the Digital assembly sends a series of messages across the isolation barrier, decodes them on the analog side and gates them with lines from the option assemblies to feed a signal back across the isolation barrier to the micro-processor.

Option checked	ID line low	Pin No. of M19 held low if Option incorporated
AC	ID 1	M19-3
Ω	ID 2	M19-11
RATIO	ID 4	M19-10
		<u></u>

Fig. 3.2 POWER-ON OPTIONS FITTED TEST

Looking at the procedure in more detail, the Analog Interface Data (ID) lines are all set to a logic '1' except one, which is set to a logic '0', depending on the option being interrogated (See Fig. 3.2). As an example we will check to see if the AC option is fitted. ID1 is set low, the rest of the ID lines set high and the Analog Interface Address lines, IAØ and IA1 set low. The opto-isolators *invert* all signals, thus M17-3 is low and M19 pins 10, 4 and 11 are high. If the AC option is *not* fitted M19-2 is driven low via R55 from M17-3, causing M19-3 to be high, producing a logic '0' (-15 volts) on M18-4. If the AC option is fitted a  $33k\Omega$  resistor on the AC assembly (R15) overrides R55 and a high is placed on M19-2. The effect is to produce a high on M18-4, turning the opto-isolator M2-B on and thus COND. VAL (M2-8) is high, signalling to the Digital assembly that the



AC option is fitted. Similarly, when the  $\alpha$  or RATIO options are interrogated, the appropriate output of M19 is set low if the option is fitted causing the COND. VAL to be set high.

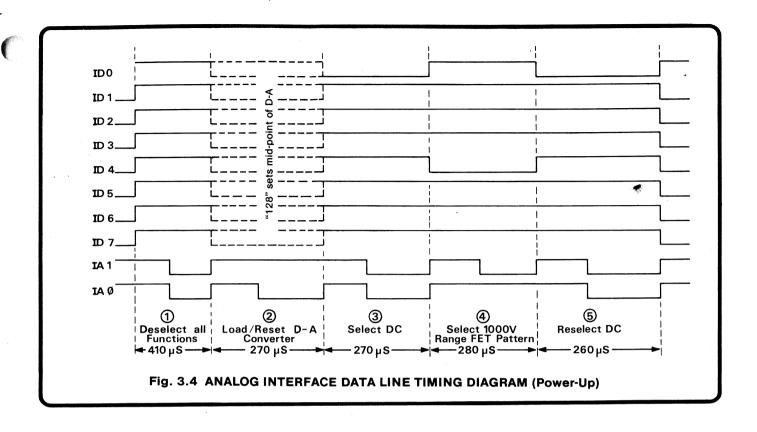
\*Note: ID and IA lines

logic '1'  $\equiv$  +5 volts logic '0'  $\equiv$  0 volts

**AD lines** 

logic '1'  $\equiv$  0 volts logic '0'  $\equiv$  -15 volts

The next step in the power-up sequence as far as the analog circuits are concerned, is to be placed into the DC, 1000V range (See Fig. 3.3 Flowchart). Firstly, all assemblies are deselected by placing logic '1's on all the ID lines, then setting the IAØ and IA1 lines low (see Fig. 3.4), clocking the option select latches (M20 Analog assembly, M5 AC assembly, M9 Ohms assembly, M1 Ratio assembly) from M17-3. Both IA lines then return high. Secondly, the latches of the D-A converter (M13, M14) are set up to '128', the D - A mid-point value. The ID lines are set to the appropriate pattern and the information is clocked on to M13 and M14 by a delayed low to high edge from M17-4, originating from IAØ going low. The delay makes sure that the signal from M17-10 has disabled the "F.E.T." latch M21. Once again, the IAØ line returns to the resting state of logic '1'. Thirdly, the DC analog circuits are enabled by setting all the ID lines high except IDØ, then



clocking M20 by a low to high edge from M16-6 caused by both IA lines going low. Once DC has been selected, the F.E.T. pattern latch is enabled from M12-1, and the penultimate step is to load the latch with 1000V range data from the ID lines (ID4 low, the rest high). This is executed by clocking the 'F.E.T.' latch from M17-4 once again, but this time being due to IA1 going low. The final step is to reselect DC as described above.

#### 3.2.1.3 General Interface Update Sequence

Before the start of each reading, the analog interface undergoes a complete update. The series of events is the same as the power-up sequence for selection of function and range, as can be seen by comparing the two flowcharts (Figs. 3.3 and 3.5). When Ohms is selected, the DC isolator is also used in the measurement procedure as seen in the following table.

Type of Measurement	Circuits Selected	Use of D - A
DC Volts	Analog Assembly	Linearity Calibration
AC Volts	AC Assembly	Frequency Compensation
AC + DC Volts	AC Assembly	Frequency Compensation
Resistance	Ohms Assembly and Analog Assembly	<u> </u>

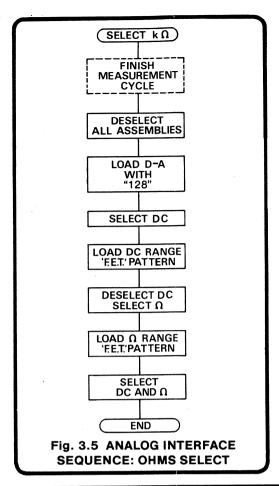
The update sequence order is (i) Deselect all assemblies, (ii) Load D - A latches, (iii) Select AC assembly or DC Isolator, (iv) Load range pattern into DC or AC range latches, (v) Deselect DC or AC and select the Ohms assembly (vi) Load range pattern into  $\Omega$ 's range latches, (vii) Reselect circuits selected in (iii) and (iv).

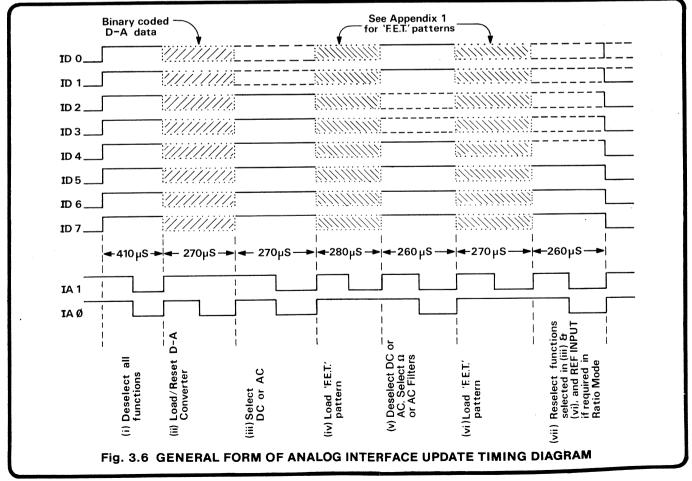
Note: Steps (v) and (vi) are used only when  $\Omega$  is selected.

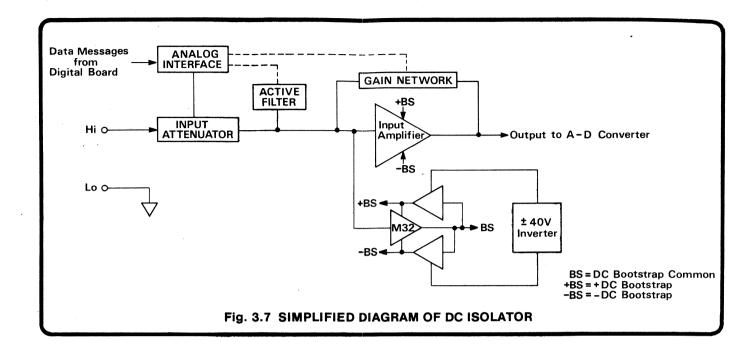
Flowchart 3.5 gives the above sequence for an ohms update. The general form of the timing diagram for the above sequence is given in Fig. 3.6, the analog 'F.E.T.' pattern for each range of each function being given in Appendix 1.

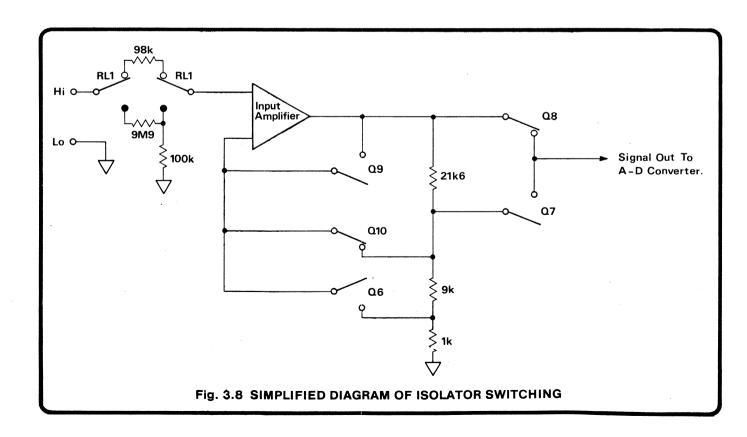
#### 3.2.1.4 Test

When TEST is selected, a logic '0' is placed on ID7 at stages (iii), (v) and (vii) in Fig. 3.6, i.e. each time a funcion measurement circuit is selected. Appendix 1 lists the 'F.E.T.' pattern of each assembly for each test measurement cycle.









100k

100mV RANGE

08

30k6

Q6

Input 100 mV

#### 3.3.2 DC Isolator Section

# 3.2.2.1 Preamplifier Scaling (430503 sheet 1)

Figure 3.8 shows the essential features of the isolator scaling circuit. For the purpose of explanation the same symbols are used regardless of whether the switching is accomplished electronically (F.E.T.) or by means of relay contacts. In Fig. 3.8 all switches are shown in the 1V RANGE position.

The various switching combinations for the different ranges are as follows:-

Range	Gain	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	RL1
100mV	x31.6	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
1V	x3.16						
10V	÷3.16	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
100V	÷31.6	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
1000V	÷316	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
DC		OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

The configuration of the circuit for each range is shown in Fig. 3.9.

Reference should be made to circuit diagram number 430503, sheet 1, for the complete circuit. Sheet 2 gives tables of the coding on the input control lines (from the Analog Interface).

When the 100V or 1kV range is selected, a  $\div$ 100, 10M $\Omega$  input attenuator (R143, R156, R149, R148) is incorporated into the circuit. This is a matched set of resistors for low temperature coefficient. The selection of a lower range energizes relay RL1 (via Q33), causing resistor chain R119-R122 to be in series with the Hi input. Should an overload signal then be applied, the resistor chain limits the current and the power dissipation is such that 1000V can be applied continuously.

The amplifier end of the resistors is clamped by zener diodes D22, D23 and Q18, Q19 to low, thus the amplifier input can never exceed approximately ±24 volts.

The output from the DC Isolator (test link TL B) is approximately 3.16 volts ( $\approx \sqrt{10}$ ) for a full range (1000000) input. The Preamplifier gain circuits (see Fig. 3.9) operate as follows:

100mV Range Q6 and Q8 are turned on; all other F.E.T.s

are turned off and RL1 energized. Thus the output of the amplifier is connected to its inverting input via R108, R109, R110, R111 and Q6, an attenuator chain of ÷31.6, giving the amplifier an overall gain of x31.6. Q8 connects the preampli-

fier directly to the output.

1V Range Q10 and Q8 are turned on, all other F.E.T.s are turned off and RL1 energized.

The output of the amplifier is connected to its inverting input via R108, R109, R110, R111 and Q10, an attenuator

100k 08 21k6 Q10 10k **1V RANGE** 100k Input 10V 21k6 09 Q7 10V RANGE 9M9 Input 100V **Q8** 100k 21k6 Q10 10k 100V RANGE 9M9 Input 1000V 21k6 100k **Q9** 10k 1000V RANGE Fig. 3.9 PREAMPLIFIER GAIN CIRCUITS chain of ÷3.16, giving the amplifier an overall gain of x3.16. Q8, once again, connects the preamplifier directly to the output.

10V Range

Q9 and Q7 are turned on; all other F.E.T.s are turned off and RL1 energized. Q9 causes the amplifier output to be directly connected to its inverting input, giving a gain of unity. The output of the amplifier is attenuated by 3.16 (R114, R115) before being passed to the output via Q7 instead of Q8.

100V and

These two ranges select the 1V and 10V 1000V Ranges ranges respectively but a ÷100 attenuator (R149, R156, R143, R148) is inserted between Hi and the preamplifier input when RL1 is de-energized.

#### 3.2.2.2 Preamplifier (430503 Sheet 1)

The preamplifier is designed to present an input impedance of greater than  $10,000M\Omega$  for signals up to ±20 Volts. It is also bootstrapped (tracking of both ground lines and supply lines with input signal), which is essential for correct operation of common mode rejection.

Q12 is a well-matched monolithic JFET pair exhibiting minimal voltage drift and low noise characteristics, the output being buffered by M31. A chopper-stabilized amplifier (M30) nulls the offset of Q12. Filter components R123 - R126, C30 and C42 eliminate the effects of current 'kickback' from M30 to the main signal path.

## 3.2.2.3 DC Bootstrap (430503 sheet 2)

Bootstrapping supplies are generated which track the input signal directly (BS), track the input signal with a positive offset of +12V (+BS) and track the input signal with a negative offset of -12V (-BS).

M32 is the high impedance buffer which tracks the inverting input of the preamplifier. The offset of M32 is adjusted so that its input is within  $100\mu V$  of the input of the preamplifier. M32 thus functions as the low impedance rail (BS) following the input signal.

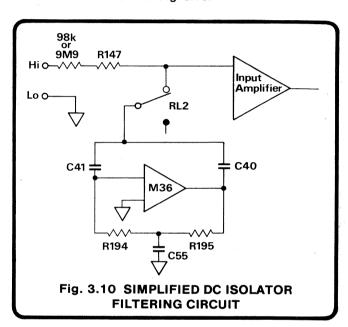
Selection of DC(M20-3) enables the capacitive inverter driven from M33 to provide the unregulated +42V(TLC) and -42V(TLD) supply from the  $\pm 15V$  supply.

The positive Bootstrap supply (+BS) is generated as a current source comprising Q26 and the shunt regulator, Q27, referenced to D50. When the output voltage of the regulator is approximately 1.2 volts above D50 cathode, Q27 conducts current into R175. Since the current in R175 is controlled to be constant by Q30, referenced to D50, the current flowing through R174 is reduced. Hence the supply current, "mirrored" in R173, is reduced and the output voltage controlled.

The negative bootstrap supply (-BS) is generated in a similar manner. Thus bootstrapped supplies of approximately ±12 volts are produced, tracking the input signal exactly.

#### 3.2.2.4 Filtering (430503) sheet 1)

Selection of 'filter' causes an active filter to be switched in by relay RL2 (via Q32). The filter gives an attenuation of -54dB at 50Hz. The essential components of the filter are shown in Fig. 3.10.



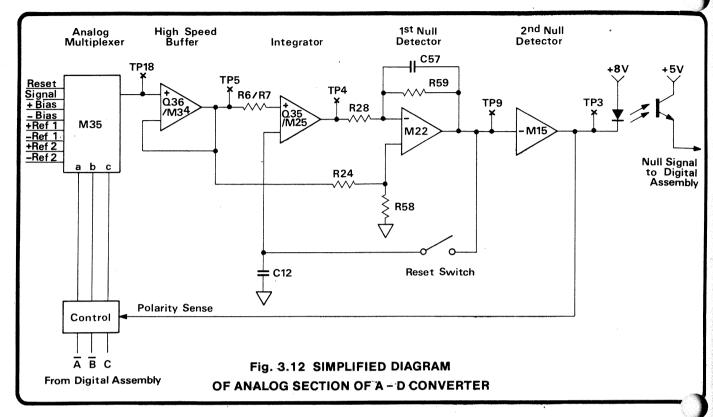
#### 3.2.2.5 Test (430503 sheets 1 and 5)

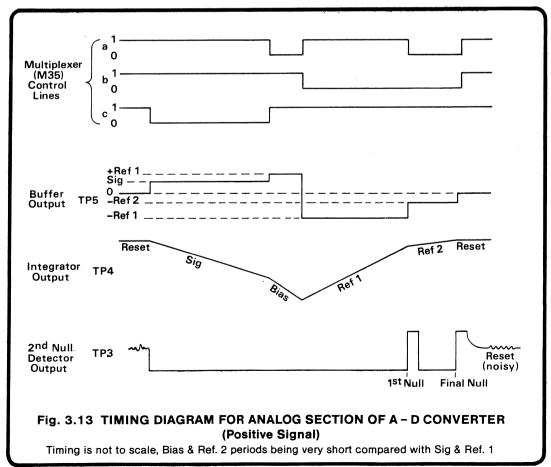
During the self-test routine, (actuated from the front panel or remotely programmed) the DC isolator is checked for correct operation. The circuitry is placed into the 0.1V range, as described in 3.2.1.3, except that relay RL1 is not energized, (i.e. the ÷100 attenuator is across the input amplifier). Filter is selected and F.E.T. Q5 'closed' via M20-5 causing a small signal to be injected into the feedback path of the input amplifier. Thus a signal of -3.125 volts is output from the DC Isolator (TLB). This signal is then measured and compared with a stored value. If the measured signal is within ±6% of the stored value, the test continues with a 1V range check and a 10V range check.

Range	Output signal from DC Isolator (TLB)		
0.1V	-3.125 volts		
1V	-0.2193 volts		
10V	+0.06932 volts		

**DC Isolator Output Test Voltages** 

# 3.2.3 Analog to Digital Conversion (Analog Section) (430503 Sheets 3 and 4)





#### 3.2.3.1 General Principles

Section 1 and Fig. 1.1 of the User's Handbook give a very basic description of the principles of the integration involved. The technique used in the Autocal Multimeter is a quadruple slope, the two extra slopes being towards the end of the signal and reference integration periods respectively.

Fig. 3.12 is a simplified diagram showing the essentials of the analog section of the A - D conversion and should be used with timing diagram Fig. 3.13 for full appreciation of the circuit operation.

#### 3.2.3.2 A - D Input Control

The analog signal from the DC Isolator is applied to the analog multiplexer (M35) and fed to the input of the buffer (Q36/M34). This in turn feeds the signal to the integrator comprising Q35, M25 and C9.

Control of the multiplexer is derived from the Digital assembly via opto-isolators M4, M5 and M6. These signals control the sequence of events, allowing first the signal, then a bias voltage of the same polarity as the signal, followed by opposite polarity reference and reference ÷16 signals to the buffer and integrator. The multiplexer is then placed in a reset condition ready for the next measurement cycle. Fig. 3.14 gives the multiplexer control line sequence for both positive and negative signals.

STATE	а	b	С	STATE	a	b	С
RESET SIG +BIAS -REF 1 -REF 2 RESET	1 1 0 1 0	1 1 1 0 0	1 0 1 1 1	RESET SIG -BIAS +REF 1 +REF 2 RESET	1 1 0 1 0	1 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 1
Positive signal Negative signal							
Logic levels : $(0 \equiv -8V, 1 \equiv +8V)$							
Fig 3.14 MULTIPLEXER CONTROL LINE SIGNALS							

## 3.2.3.3 Reference Voltages Supply (430503 sheet 4)

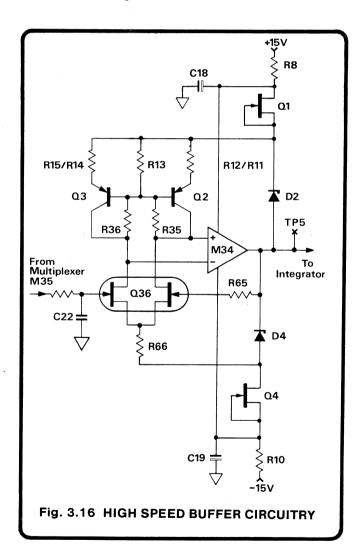
M39 senses the voltages from the two zener chains, setting the reference span across R44 and R45. This resistor pair is very tightly matched so that the positive

and negative references track very closely. M40 is then used to balance the mid-point of R44, R45 to give the correct zero level.

#### 3.2.3.4 High Speed Buffer

C22 slows the switching edges from the multiplexer M35 so that the buffer cannot slew-limit and thus lose the charge. The signals are fed to Q36, M34 which comprise a high speed buffer with high common mode rejection ratio (see Fig. 3.16). The common mode rejection is dependent on the power supplies of Q36 (from R66 and R11-R15) being bootstrapped to the output of the buffer, via D2 and D4. Thus the difference between input signal and power supply around the input stage is maintained constant whatever the input signal.

Q2 and Q3 boost the gain of Q36 by allowing the drains to see a high load resistance.



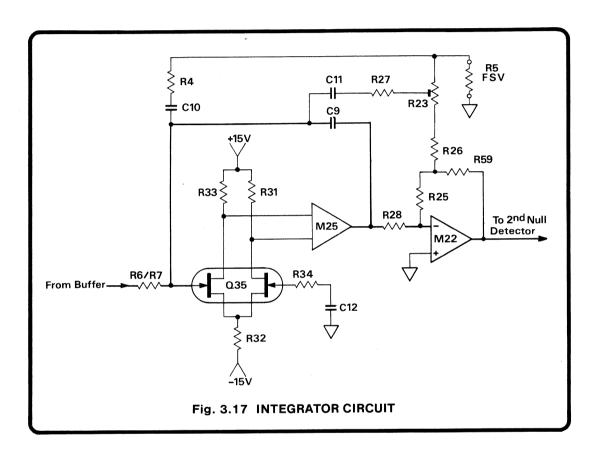
#### 3.2.3.5 Integrator

The basic Integrator comprises R6, R7 and C9, with hybrid amplifier Q35 and M25. (See Fig. 3.17). Low-noise FET-pair Q35 also has low gate leakage, which maintains the effectiveness of 'sample-and-hold' components R34 and C12.

An inverted and attenuated version of the integrator output voltage is developed across R5. This is applied via

R4 and C10 to compensate for the small amount of dielectric absorption in C9. The value of R5 is factory-selected to equalize readings of the same input, taken at differing read-rates (including 'one-shot' measurements).

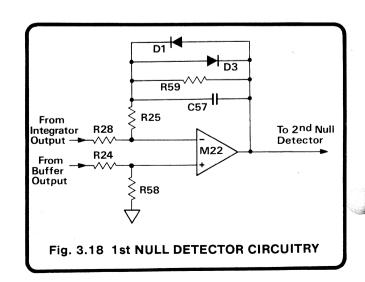
C11 and R27 provide shorter term compensation, R23 being set to correct linearity at 10% of full range.



#### 3.2.3.6 1st Null Detector

The 1st null detector comprises a low noise amplifier, M22, in an inverting configuration, where the DC gain is controlled by the ratio of R59 to R28 for small inputs. For larger inputs from the integrator the clamp diodes, D1 and D3, prevent the amplifier from saturating (Fig. 3.18).

During REF 1 the non-inverting input is offset by approximately 10mV to determine the point at which REF 2 is applied (after counting is synchronised). In REF 2 the offset reduces by a factor of 16 giving the null reference point.



#### 3.2.3.7 2nd Null Detector

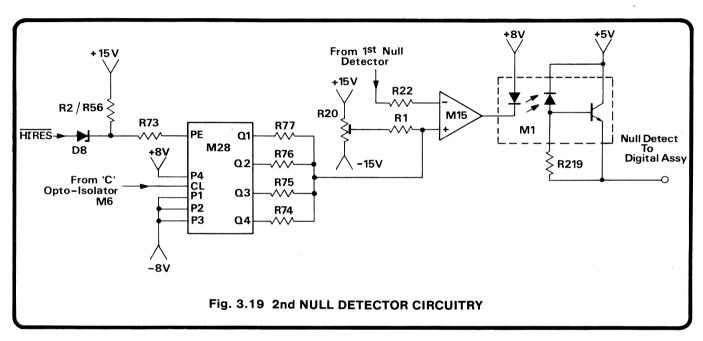
The signal from the 1st null detector is voltageamplified by M15, providing a logic drive signal (NULL DET) via opto-isolator M1. The NULL DET signal is passed to the digital circuitry whenever a null condition changes (Fig. 3.19).

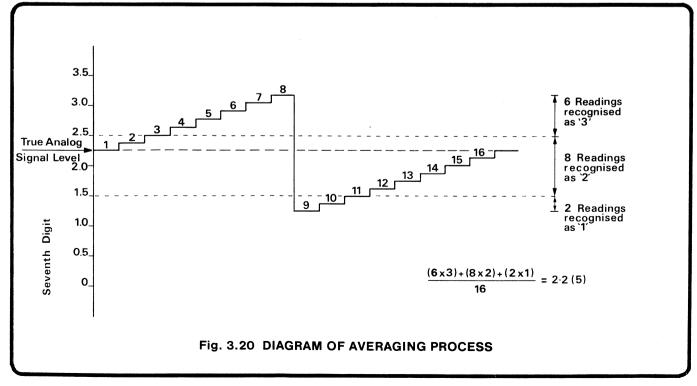
When in "High Resolution" (Hi Res mode, Zero or CAL selected), the input to the 2nd null detector is jittered by small increments of offset in a 16-measurement cycle (see Fig. 3.20). The offsets are generated by D-A converter M28, which is enabled by the level-shifted HI RES signal, and clocked from the 'C' control opto-isolator M6.

For each measurement in Hi Res mode, the displayed reading is the software average of the latest 16 offset measurements. Continuous cycling of the jitter ensures that a valid average is obtained at each measurement, allowing an extra digit of resolution to be displayed.

With Zero or CAL selected, one 16-measurement cycle only is averaged.

The 16-step jitter is not activated in 'Continuous' or 'Block' averaging modes.



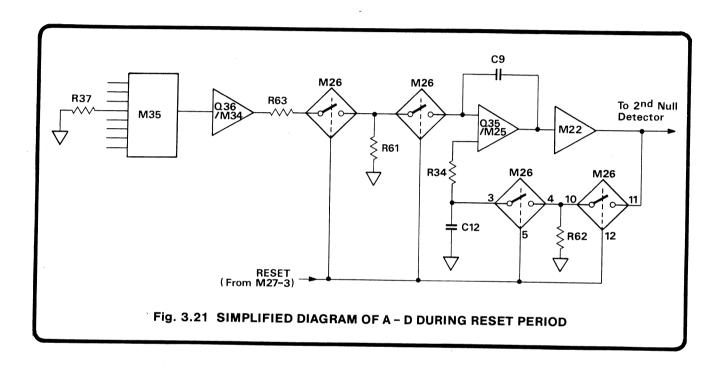


# 3.2.3.8 Reset Period

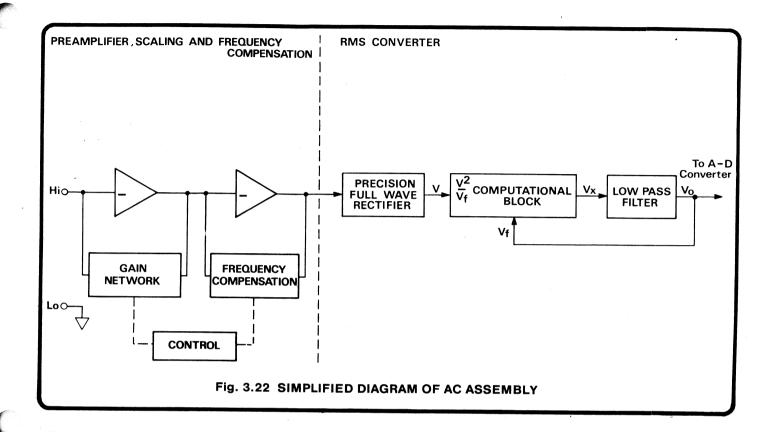
At the end of a measurement cycle or in hold, the circuitry is placed into a reset condition. The control lines of the multiplexer M35 allows the 0 volts reference input, at pin 4, to be connected to its output. (See Fig. 3.2.1). At the same time the reset line (M27-3) is taken high turning on M26. This reset signal, applied to pins 5 and 12 of M26 allows the output of the 1st null detector to be fed back via R60 to a sample and hold capacitor C12 on the integrator.

Thus, with the input to the A - D converter at zero volts, the charge stored on C12 is the sum of all the offsets from the multiplexer, buffer, integrator and 1st null detector, allowing the 1st null detector to indicate the true zero crossing (null) point.

The reset signal applied to M26 pins 6 and 13 merely allows a lower impedance path between the buffer and the integrator to speed up the settling time as C9 is discharged to zero.



# 3.3 AC ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430504)



#### 3.3.1 General Principles

The preamplifier buffers and ranges the signal in order to present 0.9 volts full range to the AC to DC converter section.

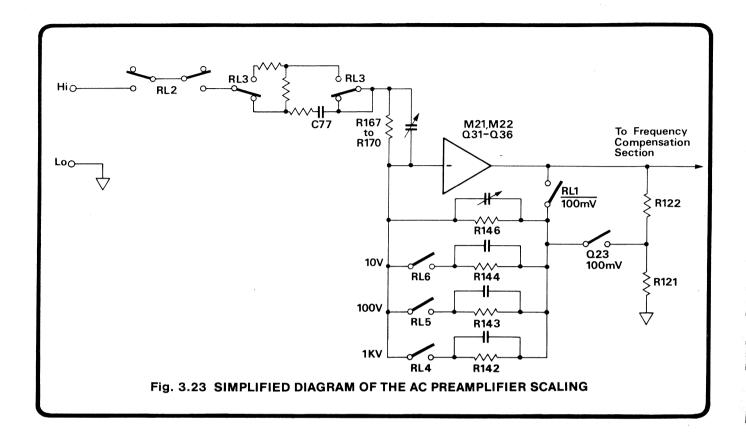
Once converted to an equivalent DC signal, it is applied to the analog to digital converter on the main analog assembly.

The conversion technique is electronic true RMS sensing as shown in the simplified block diagram Fig. 3.22. The Datron RMS module can be best considered as a functional block consisting of circuitry which accepts two inputs, V and V<sub>f</sub>, computes V<sub>2</sub>/V<sub>f</sub> and has an output of V<sub>0</sub> which is then filtered so that all the AC components are

removed. The output of the block is fed back to  $V_{\text{f}}$ , thus closing the loop around the whole circuitry.

Mathematically: 
$$\overline{V_X}=V_O$$
 but  $V_X=V^2/V_f$   $\overline{V^2}/V_f=V_O$ , but  $V_O=V_f$   $\overline{V^2}=V_O^2$  i.e.  $V_O=\sqrt{\overline{V^2}}$ 

#### 3.3.2 Preamplifier and Scaling (430504 Sheet 1)



When the AC option is selected, the AC preamplifier is connected in parallel with the 1000 Volt range of the DC isolator. The resultant impedance presented at the input terminals is a resistance of  $1M\Omega$ , shunted by 150pF.

Relay RL2 is energized on selection of AC, directly connecting the Hi terminal to the input of the AC assembly. If DC and AC are selected together, the AC assembly becomes DC coupled by energizing RL3, causing C77, the AC coupling capacitor, to be by-passed.

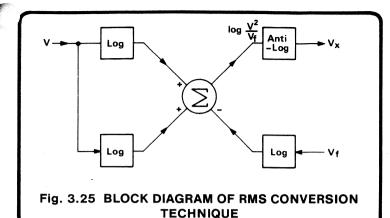
The signal is then fed to the switched gain inverting preamplifier whose full range output is 0.9 volts r.m.s. A simplified diagram of this arrangement is shown in Fig. 3.23. The frequency response is held flat, to within  $\pm 1\%$ , by controlling the gain defining component time constants, to a similar order of accuracy. Residual errors are removed by the frequency compensation stage. (See section 3.3.4).

The main amplifier M22 responds to signals from DC to above 1MHz. Its input buffer Q36 reduces bias current errors. A chopper-stabilized amplifier M21 nulls the offset of Q36. Filter components R123 and C90 eliminate the effects of current 'kickback' from M21 to the main signal path. M22 output (Test link TLK) is fed directly to the unity gain frequency compensation stage.

C88 and C89 decouple R160 and R162 except on the 100mV range, when Q33 and Q34 are switched off to provide greater open loop gain. To ensure stability at the higher feedback levels required for the 10V, 100V, and 1000V ranges; C73 is switched in by Q32 to decouple M22 non-inverting input, further reducing the open loop gain.

The unity gain frequency-compensation amplifier includes a stable DC path M20, and a fast AC path Q28 and Q29. The capacitance of varicap diode D14 is determined by the bias voltage at J1-11. The bootstrap circuit of Q17/Q21 ensures that both halves of the varicap are subjected to the same AC signal, removing the nonlinearity of the voltage-capacitance characteristic.

#### 3.3.3 RMS Converter (430504 Sheets 2 & 3)

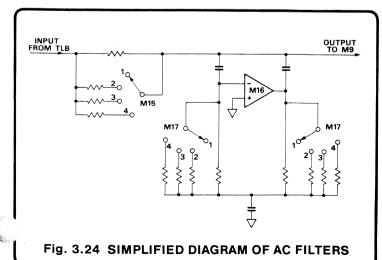


The RMS converter takes the scaled AC signal and converts it to an equivalent DC signal suitable for Analog-to-Digital conversion. The technique used is Electronic True RMS Sensing as shown in the simplified block diagram Fig. 3.25.

M13 and M14 form a summing full-wave rectifier. The output of precision half-wave rectifier M13 is summed with the non-inverted signal at the input of M14, with a weighting of 2:1. This forces an accurately rectified full-wave current to flow in RMS module M11. Potentiometer R62 adjusts the rectifier symmetry to provide the same output for signals of either polarity.

The output current from the RMS module drives the low pass current-to-voltage converter M10/M3, which generates a nominal 0.5 Volts for a full range signal. (Note that M10, M9 and M4 are chopper-stabilized amplifiers to handle the low signal voltages).

M16 is the active element of a switched 3-pole Bessel filter. M15 and M17 switch the time constants, extending the overall low-frequency response down to 10Hz, 1Hz or 0.1Hz. (See Fig. 3.24).

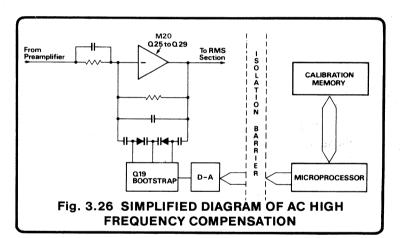


The high impedance output from the 3-pole filter is buffered by M9/M2, and the other half of M2 provides a bootstrap for M9 input. R50 is set to null-out the bias current in M9 so that when R44 is dominant (0.1Hz filter selected), the bias current is negligible. D26 and D16 prevent the voltage on TL A from exceeding the +5V power rail, providing overload protection.

The buffer output voltage (3.12V full range) is developed across R52-R56 and R70, referred to Output Common at M4 input. Log-feedback stage M4/M3 closes the 'Square-Root' loop, providing feedback current for the RMS computation in M11.

When the AC, or DC-coupled AC option is selected, Q3 connects the buffer output to the Analog-to-Digital converter. Test links TLC, D, E and F are selectively removed at manufacture to set the correct output level.

#### 3.3.4 High Frequency Compensation



During the calibration cycle, the microprocessor notes and stores the high frequency (HF) error of each range. When AC volts is selected the compensation information for a particular range is recalled by the microprocessor, transferred across the isolation barrier and latched on to M13, M14 (Drawing No. 430503 sheet 5), see Fig. 3.26.

The output from the latches is applied to a digital-toanalog converter, AN2. The voltage produced is fed to the AC converter via connector J1 pin 11 and applied to varicap D11. The varicap is thus adjusted to give the amplifier chain a flat frequency response.

The calibration is carried out at one H.F. frequency but since it flattens the AC amplifier response, the correction is valid for all specified frequencies. It should be noted that the calibration routine is iterative since the varicap is non-linear.

# 3.3.5 Frequency Detection (430504 sheet 2)

The signal frequency is monitored by M18 and M19. Signals below 2kHz cause a logic-0 (-15V nominal) at pin 4 of both detectors. If the frequency is 2kHz or above, M18-4 rises to logic-1 (OV nominal), and if 20kHz or above, M19-4 also rises to logic-1. M18 and M19 outputs are open-drain FETs (logic-1 active).

For each AC measurement, the digital system sets F3 = logic-0, recording the logic state of J1-1 (HF FLAG). Then F3 is set to logic-1, and HF FLAG is recorded again. The result of this two-part test is interpreted by the digital system as shown in the table below:

HF FLA	G states	Frequency
F3 = 0	F3 = 1	Band
0	0	f < 2kHz
1	0	2kHz ≼ f < 20kHz
1	1	f ≽ 20kHz
0	1	Excluded combination

This frequency information is retained until the next measurement and used to select the appropriate measurement uncertainty for display if 'Spec' is selected.

#### 3.3.6 Test

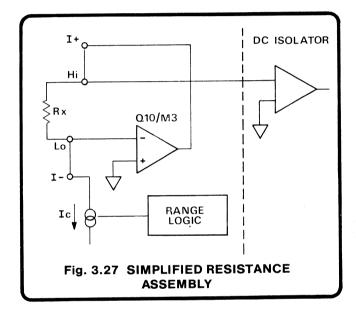
During the self-test routine (actuated from the front panel or remotely programmed) the AC assembly is checked for correct operation. The circuitry is placed into the .1V range as described in Section 3.2.1.3. F.E.T.Q31 is 'closed' from M7-13 causing a signal of 0.08 volts DC to be injected into the preamplifier. Thus a signal of approximately 3.14 volts is output from the RMS section and applied to the A - D converter situated on the Analog assembly. This signal is then measured and compared with a stored value. If the measured signal is within  $\pm 6\%$  of the stored value, the test continues with a 1V range check.

Range	Output from RMS section
.1	+3.14 volts
1	+0.314 volts

#### OHMS ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430505) 3.4

The instrument functions by measuring the voltage across an unknown resistance with a known constant current flowing in it. The converter can be split into two parts: a low-drift voltage follower, and a constant current sink covering 6 decades from 500nA to 10mA (see Fig.

It should be noted that when the Ohms assembly is fitted, the DC Isolator Lo is no longer connected directly to the front/rear panel Lo terminal, but goes via RL1 on the Ohms assembly (connector link removed on side panel). Lo becomes an active terminal in resistance measurements.



For 2-wire measurement, I+ is linked to Hi, I- to Lo, and the unknown resistance (Rx) is connected between Hi and Lo. The constant current Ic flows from its source at Q10/M3, along the path:

$$I+ \rightarrow Hi \rightarrow Rx \rightarrow Lo \rightarrow I-$$

The Lo terminal is maintained at Reference Common (0V). Therefore the Hi terminal (DC Isolator input) is held at [Ic x

into its precision current sink.

(Rx + lead resistance)] volts above Lo. The voltage measured by the DC Isolator is thus an accurate analog of the resistance of Rx and its connecting leads.

For 4-wire measurement, the resistance of the leads is eliminated by connecting I+ and Hi separately to one Rx terminal, with I- and Lo each connected separately to the other. In this case the voltage measured by the DC Isolator is an accurate analog of the resistance of Rx alone; as the voltage drop is sensed directly across Rx, and no current flows in the sensing leads.

The DC Isolator voltage measurement is scaled in software (effectively divided by the constant current value) to provide a direct reading in Ohms.

#### 3.4.1 Low Drift Voltage Follower (430505 sheet 1)

When OHMS is selected, the front panel Lo terminal is connected to the inverting input of amplifier Q10/M3, with the non-inverting input referred to DC Isolator Lo (this remains Reference Common). Q10/M3, together with output follower Q13, apply a voltage to the I+ terminal such that the voltage at the Lo terminal is kept at 0V (Reference Common). The offset voltage of Q10 is removed by the use of the chopper-stabilized amplifier M10. Compensation network R26, R35, R68, R18 nulls out the small bias current of Q10 and M10.

Input protection is provided as follows:

Voltage/Current applied to input terminals

I+: R9, D10, D11, D15

I-: R2, D1, D2, Q20, Q21, R23.

Lo: R12, R13, Q8, Q9.

Open circuit voltage limit protection

I+: R15, R16, Q6, Q7. I-: R6, D7, D8, Q2, Q22.

#### 3.4.2 Constant Current Source (430505 sheet 1)

Seven decades of Ohms ranges are provided by 6 ranges of current (see Fig. 3.29), and 3 DC Isolator voltage ranges:

10 $\Omega$  range and PRT - 100mV 100 $\Omega$ , 1k $\Omega$ , 10k $\Omega$ , 100k $\Omega$  ranges - 1V

 $1M\Omega$ ,  $10M\Omega$  ranges - 10V (5V full range)

Range	Current	F.E.T.s/Switches turned on		
		Current Selector	Leakage path	
10Ω	10mA	Q11	M2(A)	
100Ω	10mA	Q11	M2(A)	
PRT	1mA	M1(A)		
1kΩ	1mA	M1(A)		
10kΩ	100μΑ	M1(B)		
100kΩ	10μΑ	Q4	M2(B)	
1ΜΩ	5μΑ	M1(D)	Q3, M2(C)	
10ΜΩ	500nA	M1(C)	Q3, M2(C)	

FIG. 3.29 OHMS CURRENT RANGE SWITCHING

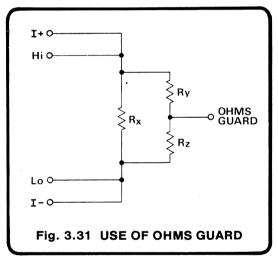
When  $k\Omega$  is not selected, M2D is turned on, holding C8 charged up to approx 6V. When  $k\Omega$  is selected, M2D switches off and Q17 (Sheet 2) is turned on, enabling astable M6 to produce a 200Hz signal to switch M5.

Thus when gates B and C of M5 are open, C9 is charged up from the negative reference (originating from the analog section of the A - D converter). These gates close, then A and B open, sharing the charge with C8 (sheet 1); the voltage across C8 soon equals the reference voltage.

The voltage developed across C8 causes M4 to sink current through resistor chain R24, R25, R29, R30, R31 until the voltage developed across the chain balances that across C8. Thus the current required for a particular range is selected by the value of the resistor chain switched by M1, M2, Q4 and Q11. Simplified diagram Fig. 3.30 shows the resistor chain and switching for each range. On the high resistance ranges leakage paths are provided by Q3, M2(B) and M2(C).

To produce good common mode rejection, M4 supplies are bootstrapped, the supply span being defined by a 13 volt zener, D17. The filtering bootstrap supplies ( $+\alpha$ BS and  $-\alpha$ BS) power the astable (M6) and bilateral switch M5.

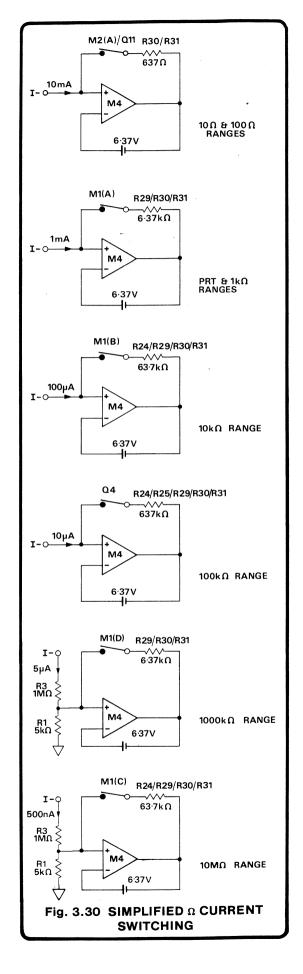
The use of ohms guard permits in-circuit measurement of resistors, provided shunt paths are greater than  $250\Omega$  and a suitable tapping point is available. Consider Fig. 3.31. Guard is reference 0, Lo is actively maintained within microvolts of reference 0 (as previously explained). Thus there is no voltage across Rz and consequently no current in Rz. Voltage follower Q10/M3 will simply pass more current into Ry from the I+ terminal until the selected current for the particular range flows through Rx.



#### 3.4.3 Test

During the self-test routine (actuated from the front panel or remotely programmed), the Ohms Converter is checked for correct operation. The circuitry is placed into the  $10M\Omega$  range as described in Section 3.2.1.3. Filter is selected and FET Q5 'closed' from M9-1 causing R8 (9.76k $\Omega$ ) to be placed between I+ and Lo.2-wire must be selected on the front panel (Error 6 occurs during self-test if this is not done).

M1C is on so  $100\mu\text{A}$  flows through it. Since Lo is maintained at 0V there is no potential difference across either R1 or R3. Therefore all the current flows in R8 generating approximately 1V on I+ and Hi. The resulting voltage output from the DC Isolator is applied to the A - D converter, measured and compared with the stored value. If the measured value is within  $\pm 6\%$  of the stored value, the test is complete.



# 3.5 REAR INPUT/RATIO ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430506)

#### 3.5.1 General

The Rear Input/Ratio assembly contains switching circuitry which selects the input to be measured — from one of 3 channels:

Front panel terminals - J6 on Rear Input/Ratio pcb

SIG socket - J11 on rear panel REF socket - J10 on rear panel

A user makes the selection either remotely, using IEEE codes I or P (see User's Handbook Table 4.4); or from the front panel, using the MODE keys:

'Sig' selects inputs from J11 (SIG) only.

'Ref' selects inputs from J10 (REF) only.

'\(\Delta\)' or 'Ratio %' (or both) provides a continuous series of readings, each processed digitally from two measurements: the first from J10 (REF) and the second from J11 (SIG). The Rear Input/Ratio assembly therefore alternates between J10 and J11 under software control.

Switching information enters the Rear Input/Ratio assembly via J2, to be latched by M1, which sets the input conditions for relay driver transistors Q1, Q2, Q5, and Q6. Relays RL1 and RL4 switch the Hi and I+ input lines, RL2 and RL3 switch Lo, I-, Guard and Ohms Guard.

#### 3.5.2 Front Panel/Rear Panel Switching

To select the front terminals, AD6 is set to logic-1 (M1-9 at 0V) and the positive-going edge of 'OP SEL CLK' clocks M1-11. M1-13 is latched at logic-1, turning on Q1 and Q6, energizing relays RL1 and RL2. Thus the front input terminals are connected to the internal measurement circuits. Should 'Rear' input, 'Ratio %' or '△' be selected, AD6 is clocked into M1 as logic-0 (M1-9 at −15V). M1-13 is latched at logic-0, Q1 and Q6 are turned off, so the contacts of relays RL1 and RL2 permit RL3 and RL4 to select between the two rear inputs.

### 3.5.3 SIG/REF Switching

To select REF (J10), AD6 is at logic-0 (see para 3.5.2), AD4 is set to logic-1 (M1-5 at 0V) and the positive-going edge of 'OP SEL CLK' clocks M1-3. M1-1 is latched at logic-1, turning on Q2 and Q5, energizing relays RL3 and RL4. Thus J10 is connected to the internal measurement circuits. Should SIG (J10) be selected, AD4 is clocked into M1 as logic-0 (M1-5 at -15V). M1-1 is latched at logic-0, Q2 and Q5 are turned off, so relays RL3 and RL4 connect J11 to the measurement circuits.

#### 3.5.4 Ratio %, $\triangle$ , or $\triangle$ % Selection

For these mode selections, M1-13 remains at logic and the logic state of M1-1 is reversed during the last part of each analog interface update sequence (see Fig. 3.6). As a result, relays RL3 and RL4 alternately select J10 (REF) and J11 (SIG) inputs.

### 3.5.5 Hi and I+ Delays

To avoid excessive slew-rates in the measurement circuits, the Hi and I+ line switching is delayed by components in the base circuits of Q5 and Q6. This allows the input commons and guards (RL2 and RL3 contacts) to assume their correct potentials slightly before Hi and I+ are applied.

#### 3.5.6 Test

When TEST is selected, a check is carried out to see if the Rear Input/Ratio option is fitted. R9 holds the AD4 line at logic-1 (0V) for the 'Option fitted' test (refer to sect 3.12).

# 3.6 ANALOG OUTPUT ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430308)

#### 3.6.1 General

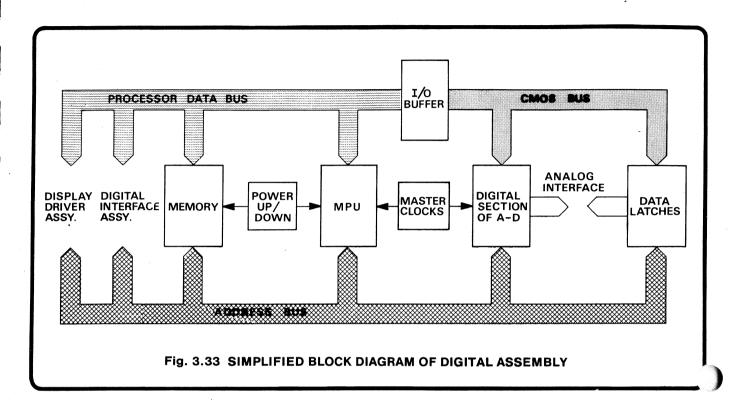
The Analog Output Assembly accepts the DC Isolator or AC Converter output and converts it to a  $\pm 1$  volt DC full range output. This signal can then be used, for example, to drive X-Y plotters or strip chart recorders.

#### 3.6.2 Description

The 3.16 full range signal from the DC Isolator to AC Converter is buffered by unity gain amplifier M2. The output is potentially divided by R7 and R8 so that 1 volt full range is presented to M1, another unity gain amplifier. Potentiometer R5 is adjusted to remove any offset caused by M1 and M2. Positive temperature coefficient thermistors R3, R4 and diodes D1, D2 protect the analog output circuitry from accidental input applied to the Analog Output external connector.

#### 3.7 DIGITAL ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430526)

The Digital assembly contains the digital section of the A - D converter, and the circuitry which provides the gener management of the instrument. Fig. 3.33 outlines the main elements and signal highways of the digital system.



#### 3.7.1 Processor and Memory (430526 sheet 1)

A 6800 general-purpose microprocessor (MPU) together with 16k-bytes of memory controls the communication between the digital and analog assemblies, front panel, digital interface and display drivers. The memory can be split into three main areas:

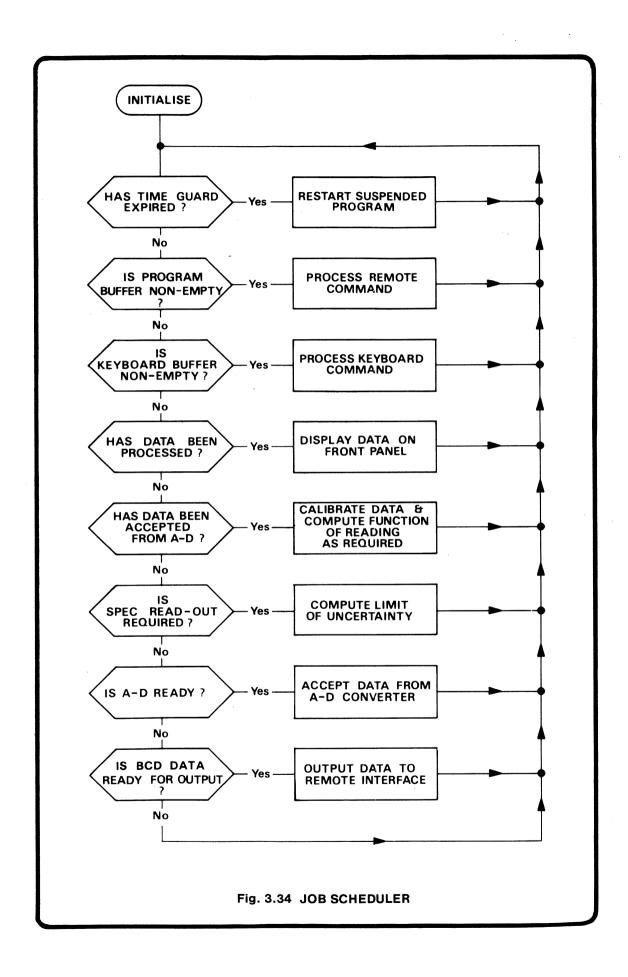
- a. Program Memory: Stored in 12k-bytes of ROM, this defines the 6800 MPU processes for control of the 1081 DMM. The ROM also contains constant data such at self-test limits, 'Spec' readout specifications and other fixed factors.
- b. Non-volatile Calibration Memory: 256 bytes of RAM backed up by an internal battery, this stores the calibration errors used for each reading (updated during any 'AUTOCAL' or 'ZERO' operation).
- Operating Memory: 1k-bytes of RAM store any intermediate calculation results, the DMM status, Max/Min

and limit values, etc. A separate RAM on the Front Assembly holds volatile display data. No battery backup is provided, so all this data is lost when the instrument is powered down.

#### 3.7.1.1 Software Overview

The system uses the technique of a looping prioritized job scheduler (see Fig. 3.34). Each job driven from the scheduler is controlled by a flag in the system workspace which is set when the job is required to be run and cleared when completed. Priority of activation is ensured by making each job exit on completion, to the top of the schedule.

**Program Modules:** The program memory is split into a series of functional modules, each module corresponding fairly closely to a major functional area and hence to one of the jobs activated by the job scheduler, the larger ones being sub-divided, see Drawing No. 890043.



Data Control: Data handled by the system consists of a stream of measurement information on which a number of operations are carried out. A second stream, asynchronous with the first, consists of commands derived from the front panel or digital interface, controlling both the measurement circuits and computation programs. Operations on the measurement stream basically consist of acquiring the raw data from the A-D converter, calibrating this data and carrying out any other computations, and converting and formatting the data for output. Note that a job consuming data is given higher priority than the one producing data for it, allowing a producer to place data into an empty buffer. The consumer is activated by a flag, set by the producer to indicate data ready in the buffer.

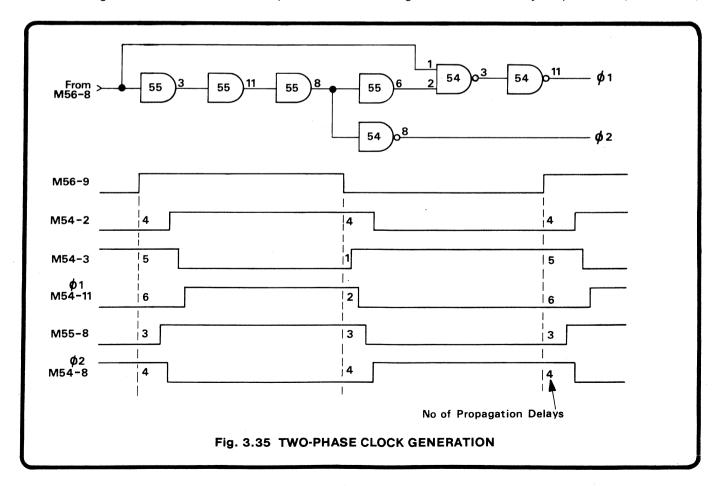
Process Control: Control of the instrument by the processor, initiated from the front panel or digital interface, is arranged by using a 'pipeline control' of the major system state and a 'first in/first out' buffer between the interrupt level routine receiving the control command and the main program implementing it. The major system state consists of the range, function, resolution, filter, ratio, autorange, etc., flags and the computation mode (reading, A-B,  $\div$ C, etc.). The pipeline comprises three levels. The top, level 1, reflects the state being programmed, the second, level 2, the state of the measurement circuits and the third. level 3, the measurement being processed. When a command is input, level 1 is updated (e.g. a new range is selected) and as soon as the measuring circuits are not converting an input signal, the state in level 1 is moved to level 2 causing the measurement circuits to update to the

new state. When an A-D conversion is complete, data is read from the A-D and the state transferred from level 2 to 3, providing information for the processing routines. Additionally, at this time, the level 1 to level 2 transfer is repeated and the measurement circuits again updated to allow for commands received while the conversion is in progress.

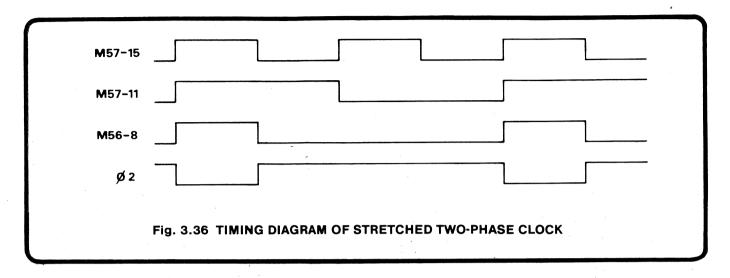
A second control mechanism used is to input all the commands via a 'first in/first out' buffer between the interrupt level routine receiving the command and the main program implementing it. Thus the processor under remote control is able to 'simultaneously' set up the requirements for the next reading, convert the current reading and process the last one.

#### 3.7.1.2 The Two-Phase Clock

The 6800 requires a non-overlapping positive two-phase (Ø1, Ø2) clock and is derived from the crystal master clock (sheet 4) producing a 1.6MHz (50Hz supply) or 1.9MHz (60Hz supply) signal. M57 acts as a ÷2 thus antiphase 800kHz square-waves appear on pins 14 and 15. If data is not being transferred to the CMOS Bus, M57-11 is high, thus M56-8 follows M57-15. The non-overlapping of Ø1 and Ø2 is produced by the utilization of the inherent propagation delay (approx. 10nS) through each gate of M54 and M55. This is best seen by referring to Fig.3.35, the circuitry around the output stage increasing the voltage levels demanded by the processor (OV and +5V).



During a period when data is being transferred across the CMOS Data Bus, Ø1 and Ø2 are reduced to 400kHz by utilizing the other half of M57. The signal CMOS I/O is high thus a 400kHz square-wave is output on M57-11, the wave-forms of  $\emptyset$ 1 and  $\emptyset$ 2 are altered such that one half of the period is stretched, covering  $1\frac{1}{2}$  cycles of the normal 800kHz operation. (See Fig. 3.36).



#### 3.7.1.3 RAM/ROM Circuit

The 6800 uses 3 Read-Only Memory chips (ROMs) which contain the program necessary to run the instrument. Each ROM is able to store up to 4096, 8-bit 'bytes' of program information; grouped in program modules. The MPU accesses a byte by placing its address on the 16-bit Address Bus and driving the Valid Memory Address (VMA) line true (logic-1). The information held in that particular location is then sent back to the MPU via the Processor Data Bus.

The chip-select inputs for the RAM and ROM are decoded from a selection of high-order address bits. This selection determines the positions of the RAM and ROM in the memory map. For example: M30 is fed from A15.A13.A12 so that it covers the memory locations from #F000 to #FFFF (Note that since A14 is not decoded M30 also appears at #B000 to #BFFF).

The processor employs 1024 bytes of 8-bit wide Random Access Memory (RAM) made up from two 1024 x 4-bit RAMs (M31/M36). M31 and M36 are employed as operating memory for scratch pad operations and storing volatile data (e.g. Max, Min). The principal location of the RAM is from #0000 to#00FF. Since A8 and A9 are not decoded there are images starting at #0100, #0200, #0300.

A further 256 bytes of 8-bit wide RAM are made up from two 256 x 4-bit RAMs (M19/M20). M19 and M20 are backed up by a battery to provide the non-volatile 'Calibration' and 'Zero' memory. Three address bits A12, A14 and A15 are decoded by M33 (pin 8) to enable M19/M20; but M29 (pin 6) permits the memory contents to be changed only if CAL is selected, or if the ZERO section of the memory is addressed (A7 and A6 both at logic-1).

The read/write control line R/ $\overline{W}$  from the 6800 is gated with a 'Master Clock  $\div$  2' signal to provide correct timing, and the address decodes include gating with VMA02.

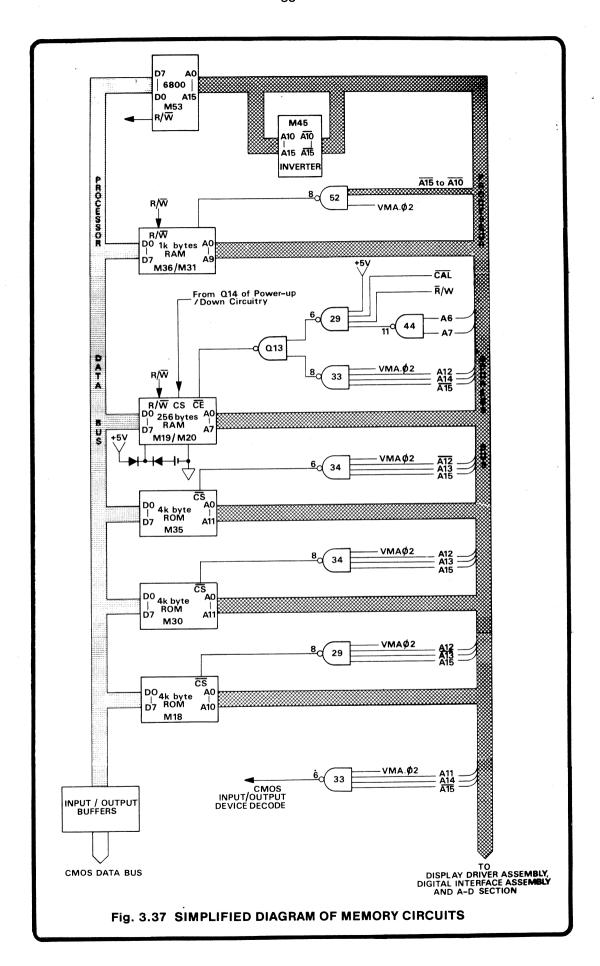
An instrument power up is detected by M60/M62 causing an initialization RESET signal to be fed to the MPU via Q16. (See Fig. 3.38).

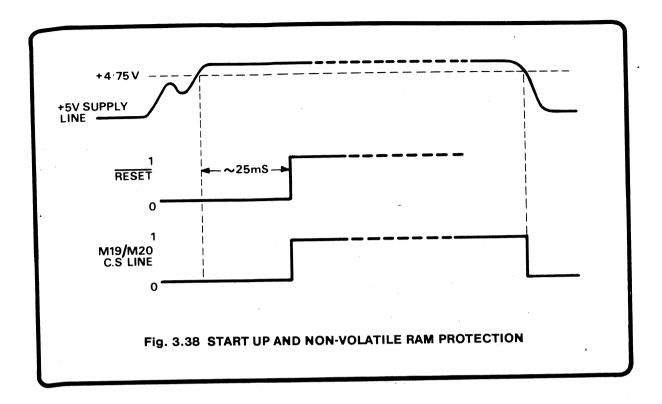
During a power-up or power-down (+5V supply line <+4.75V) a signal from the supply-level detectors prevents RAMs M19 and M20 from being overwritten by holding the CS (chip select) lines low (<0.2 volts) via Q14 for a period of approx. 25mS determined by R55/C32.

# 3.7.2 CMOS Address Decode and Input/Output Circuits (430526 sheet 2)

Information is transferred to and from CMOS devices via the CMOS Data Bus during periods when the signal CMOS I/O is at logic-1 (M33-6). CMOS I/O is addressed when  $\overline{A15}$ .A14.A11 is true. This occurs when memory locations starting at #4100 (and its images) are selected. The transfer of data between the Processor Data Bus and the CMOS Data Bus takes place at 400kHz, the Read/Write lines selecting the direction of the information through the tri-state buffers M4, M5 and M6.

In order to address the various CMOS input/output devices, the address lines must be further decoded. M32 is a 1-of-10 decoder, providing 5 addressable drives; M16 is a dual 1-of-4 decoder addressing the front panel circuitry and the digital elements of the A-D converter. A summary of the decoded CMOS address signals is given in Fig. 3.39.





A6	A5	A4	A2	A1	AO	SIGNAL	M32/M16 Pin No.	Operation
0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	1 X X 1 X	X X X X	X X X X	XKYBRD	M32-2 (M32-4) (M32-11) M32-6 (M32-9)	Keyboard read/write Forces a MPU 'power up' sequence Triggers processor time guard (M43) A-D main counter output enable Analog interface address latch input enable
0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	X X X X X	0 0 1 1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	XKDSP0 XKDSP1 XKDSP2 XKDSP3 XADSTA XADCTL XADDLY	M16-7 M16-6 M16-5 M16-4 M16-9 M16-10 M16-11 M16-12	Addresses keyboard l.e.d. latches  A-D, and interrupt status output enable Error switch output enable A-D control latches, input enable A-D delay counter input enable

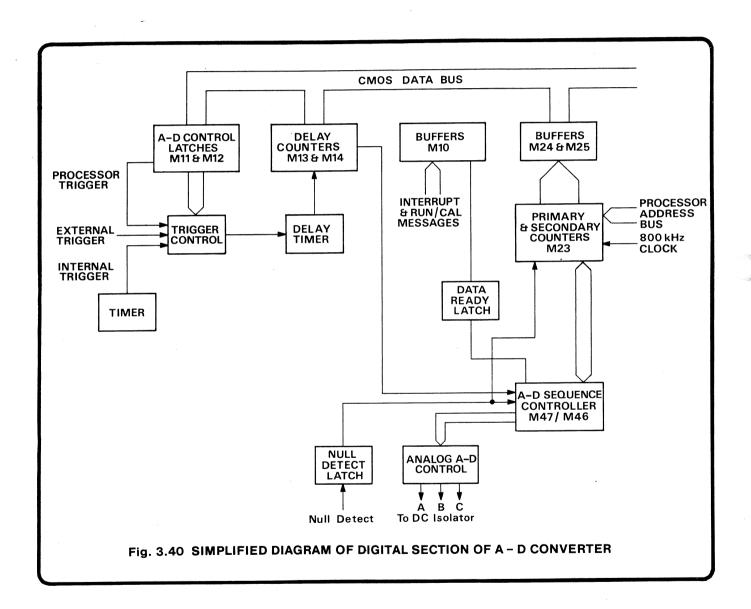
FIG. 3.39 CMOS ADDRESS DECODING

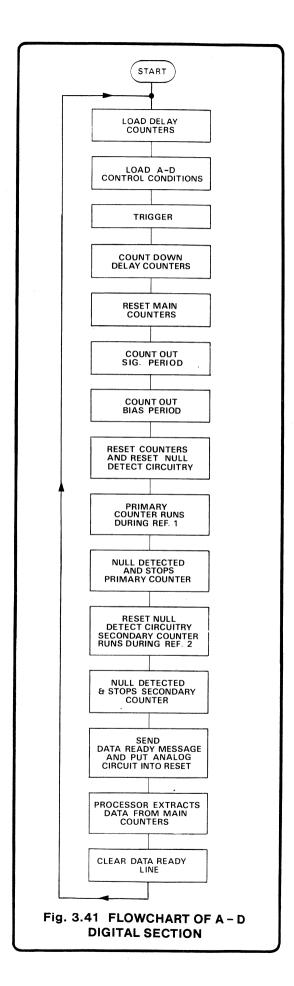
## 3.7.3 Analog to Digital Conversion (Digital Section)

#### 3.7.3.1 General Principle

Block diagram Fig. 3.40 outlines the essentials of the digital section and should be used with flowchart Fig. 3.41 in order to follow the operation of this section.

The function of this section of the circuitry is to generate the sequence that when transferred to the analog section, controls the sequence from RESET through the integration cycle and back to RESET. The circuitry controls the length of SIG and BIAS and counts during REF 1 and REF 2, the accumulated count being proportional to the length of the reference periods, which in turn is proportional to the measured input signal. At the end of each reading cycle the count is read by the MPU, processed and displayed.





SIGNAL	Ā	B	С
RESET	1	1	<sup>*</sup> 0
SYNCH	1	. 1	0
SIG	1	1	1
BIAS	0	1	1
WAIT	0	1	1
REF 1	1	0	1
REF 2	0	0	1
END	1	1	1

FIG. 3.42 A-D ANALOG SEQUENCE CONTROL SIGNALS

#### 3.7.3.2 Preset Procedure

As part of the initialization routine (at switch on), M47 (used as the sequence controller), is reset from M37-11, causing M47-2 to be logic '1'. Thus the control lines  $\overline{A}$ ,  $\overline{B}$  and C put the analog section of the A-D into RESET (See Fig. 3.42). The Address Bus decoded signal  $\overline{XADDLY}$  is taken low, enabling the presetting of the delay counters M13 and M14 from the CMOS Data Bus, the amount of delay being determined by the selected range, function and filter state, see Fig. 3.43. The A-D control latches, M11 and M12 are then enabled by  $\overline{XADCTL}$  to (i) reset the command latch M1 (from M11-4), (ii) set the resolution of the main counter (M11-5 and 6), (iii) select trigger gate (M12-3, 4 or 5) and (iv) reset the data ready latch (M12-6).

FUNCTION	1081 COUNT FILTER FILTER				
DC Volts AC Volts DC + AC Volts PRT $10\Omega - 100k\Omega $ $1M\Omega $ $10M\Omega$	6 101 101 6 6 6	101 22 \ See 22 \ NOTE 101 101 121 251			

NOTE: With AC LF Filter in, a number (n) of delayed measurements follow EXT TRIG. The nth measurement is accepted as a valid reading for display. Value of n:

FILTER selection 10Hz 1Hz 0.1Hz Measurements/Reading 8 50 550

FIG. 3.43 COMMAND DELAYS

#### 3.7.3.3 A-D Measurement Sequence

**Trigger.** The trigger, required to initiate the measurement sequence, is generated from one of three possible souces:

- Internally generated 2/second trigger, from timer M61-7.
- Externally generated trigger, from EXT TRIG on rear panel via M24-13.
- 3. An MPU-derived trigger from M11-3 generated when auto-ranging, during calibration or a ZERO sequence, or via the digital interface.

The trigger source is selected by the latched data on M12, enabling one of the three gates of M2.

**Delay.** The trigger pulse clocks the 'command latch' M1 causing the timer, M15, to output clock pulses (100Hz) to the delay counters (M13 and M14) after a delay of approx. 1.5mS set by C5, R8, R9, R11. The delay counters proceed to count down to zero, at which time the delay latch (M26) is clocked. Thus M26-14 becomes a logic-0, enabling the sequencer M47 (an octal counter) to proceed on to the next step via M46-2.

**SYNCH.** The SYNCH phase from the sequencer resets the counters of M23 and places the analog section of the A-D into SIG. The pulse is fed back to M47 via M46-3 to step on the sequencer.

**SIG.** During the time the SIG line is at logic-1 (M47-3), the primary counter in M23 is enabled and counts out the signal period (160ms). At the end of this period M23-23 goes to logic-0, enabling M47-13 via M46-11, and stepping the sequence on to BIAS (FFWD/M47-7 to logic-1).

**BIAS.** The BIAS signal (M47-7) is transferred to the analog section of the A-D by changing the state of the  $\overline{A}$  line (M38-9 to a logic '0'). BIAS also enables the secondary counter of M23 to count out the BIAS period (160 $\mu$ s). The signal indicating the end of this period is passed via M46-9 causing the sequencer to carry on to the next step. The BIAS signal also resets the 'delay latch' (M26) ready for the next measurement cycle, and the 'null detector' latch (M22A).

**WAIT.** The WAIT pulse resets the counter of M23 via M39-10, keeps the  $\overline{A}$  line to the analog section low, clocks the polarity null detect latch M22(B) causing a logic '1' on pin 1 if the signal applied to the analog section of the A-D converter was positive (logic '0' if negative) and is fed back to enable the sequencer via M46-3.

**REF 1.** The high to low edge of WAIT causes the  $\overline{A}$  to change state and going into REF 1 makes  $\overline{B}$  a logic '0'. The analog side is then in the condition to start 'ramping down'. While REF 1 is high the primary counter of M23 is enabled (pin 3) and counts the period of REF 1.

REF 1 is ended when a null detector pulse is detected and latched on to M22. This causes the sequencer to step on once more from M46-3, the low to high edge from pin 4 disabling the primary counter.

**REF 2.** The REF 2 signal changes the state of the  $\overline{A}$  line (causing the analog section to ramp down at a slower rate), resets the 'null detect' latch and enables the secondary counter of M23 (Pin 13) to count the period of REF 2. If the secondary counter overflows the primary counter is incremented from M23-16.

As in REF 1, a null detector pulse causes the counting period to end (M22-12) and increment the sequencer via M46-3 causing the  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overline{B}$  lines to change state.

**END.** The low to high edge from M47-10 is fed back to M47, via M48-6 giving a master reset. Thus the sequencer is placed into RESET.

**RESET.** The sequence pulse from M47-2 clocks the 'data ready' latch M1-3 placing a signal on to the CMOS Data Bus via tri-state buffer M10 indicating to the MPU that a reading is ready to be taken from the main counter M23. Data is extracted from the counters in three bytes (controlled by the A1 and A0 lines of the processor address bus) with the counter output buffers, M24 and M25 being enabled by XADDT, a decoded processor address.

The RESET signal is also passed to the analog section of the A-D by changing the state of the C line.

Once the data has been extracted from the main counter the set-up procedure is then repeated to await a further trigger.

#### 3.7.3.4 Master Clock (430526 sheet 4)

The master timing element of the instrument is a crystal controlled Colpitts oscillator. The crystal is chosen to be a binary multiple of the supply frequency to provide an oscillator output of 1.6384MHz (50 or 400Hz supply) or 1.96608MHz (60Hz supply).

# 3.8 FRONT PCB ASSEMBLY (Circuit Drawing No. 430294)

The Front pcb assembly accepts the input signals, digitally displays the value, provides manual control of the measurement circuits and data conditioning; and gives a visual status indication of the selectable Instrument states.

#### 3.8.1 Analog Input Signals (430294 sheet 2)

Signals applied to the front panel input terminals are routed directly to the rear panel pcb along two cables. The first takes the Hi and I+ lines and the second takes the lines: Lo, I- and  $\Omega$ 's Guard. Both cables are screened by front panel Guard.

	M7							
KEY	14	15	16	17				
	CD7	CD6	CD5	CD4				
100	0	0	0	0				
10	0	0	0	1				
1000	0	0	1	0				
10ΜΩ	0	0	1	1				
1	0	1	0	0				
.1	0	1	0	1				
10Ω	0	1	1	0				
AUTO	0	1	1	1				
DC	1	0	0	0				
kΩ	1	0	0	1				
KEYBOARD	1	1	0	1				
PRT	1	1	1	0				
ZERO	1	1	1	1				

		М	10	
KEY	14	15	16	17
	CD3	CD2	CD1	CDO
SIG	0	0	0	0
REF	0	0	0	1
Δ	0	0	1	0
RATIO %	0	0	1	1
(A-B)	0	1	0	0
HI RES	0	1	0	1
÷ C	0	1	1	0
MAX	0	1	1	.1
MIN	1	0	0	0
RESET	1	0	0	1
HOLD	1	0	1	0
FILTER	1	1	0	1
AC	1	1	1	1

FIG. 3.44 CMOS DATA BUS: KEY SELECT CODING

The front panel pcb connects the front panel input terminals to the 2-4 wire and Local-Remote switches. Thus I+ and I— are wired to the 2-4 wire switch through thermistors R1 and R2 for connection to Hi and Lo if required. Similarly,  $\Omega$ 's Guard and Guard may be shorted via the Local-Remote switch.

#### 3.8.2 Display Signals (430294 sheet 1)

The front panel pcb routes the display signals from the Display Driver assembly to the plasma display.

#### 3.8.3 Keyboard Data Encode (430294 sheet 1)

Selection of a front panel keyswitch causes one of the two 16-key encoders (M7 or M10) to send a data available message to M2 (a data latch) and to remember which key was pressed. The output of M2, (pin 1 or 13) signals the interrupt circuitry of the Digital Board (IRQK1 or IRQK2).

When the microprocessor accepts the interrupt and has located the source, the XKY BRD line to pin 13 of M7 and M10 is taken low, enabling the data outputs of the encoders to be placed on to the CMOS data bus (See Fig. 3.44 for the key select coding). This signal also resets M2 ready for the next key selection.

CMOS DATA LINE	M12/M11	M8/M5	M6/M4	М9
CD0 CD1 CD2 CD3 CD4 CD5 CD6 CD7	÷ C HI RES RATIO % △ A-B MIN MAX RESET	DC kΩ ZERO FILTER KEYBOARD  PRT AC	AUTO 10Ω .1 1 10 100 1000 10MΩ	HOLD REF SIG

FIG. 3.45 CMOS DATA BUS: LED-SELECT CODING

#### 3.8.4 Keyboard LED Data Decode (430294 sheet 1)

The XKYBRD signal is inverted by R6, R7 and Q1 to enable the LED data latches. These are divided into the four sets: M4/M6, M5/M8, M11/M12, M9; each set being addressed by one of the XKDSP lines.

On initialization or after a change of the instrument's selectable states, the LED data latches are updated by placing data on the CMOS Data Bus (see Fig. 3.45) while addressing the appropriate set of data latches (eg. XKDSP1 addresses M5/M8); then clocking from the CMOS CLK line (J2-6).

The outputs of the LED latches provide the signals to the bases of the LED drive transistors, switching them on or off as required.

# 3.9 DISPLAY DRIVER ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430301)

Basically, the Display Driver assembly receives the display information from the microprocessor (running at 800kHz) and stores it in a Random Access Memory (RAM) digit by digit. This data is then read out at a slower

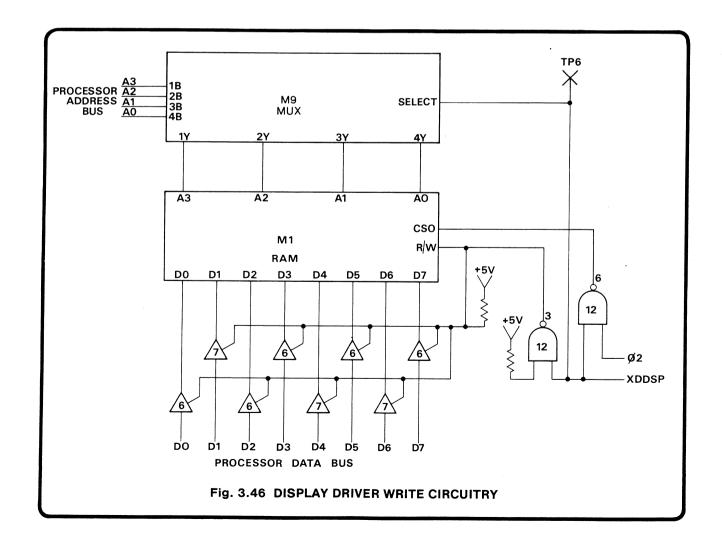
frequency (2kHz), level shifted and output to the gas discharge display.

NOTE: In the following description, each bar, decimal point or legend is referred to as a display segment and each set of segments i.e.  $\pm$ , or a legend block, is referred to as a display block.

#### 3.9.1 Write Mode

On completion of a reading or when certain modes are selected, (e.g. SPEC, keyboard entry), the processor indicates to the Display Driver Board that data is ready to be transferred by the signal XDDSP (TP6). This causes the RAM (M1) to be placed into its write mode and the quadruple 1-to-2 data selector, M9, to select the 'B' inputs which are connected to the processor Address Bus.

The signal XDDSP also causes the tri-state buffers M6 and M7 to become enabled, causing the data input lines of the RAM to be connected to the processor data bus. Thus under MPU control, the display data ( $\pm 1$ , $\rightleftharpoons$ 's, decimal points, legends and commas) are written into the RAM.



C	COUN.	TER (N	<b>1</b> 8)		RAM	(M1)		MULTII		(ER (N		Display block energized or operation
Q <sub>3</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	INHIBIT	C	В	Α	implemented from M11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	l o	Ō	1	0	0	0	1	0	3
0	0	1	ò	0	1	Ó	0	0	1	0	0	5
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	7
0	_ 1	0	Ò	1	Ö	0	Ō	1	0	0	0	9
	4	0	1	1 1	Ö	1	0	1	0	1	0	11
0	1	1	Ó	1	1	0	Ö	1	1	0	0	) Load comma
	1	4	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	data
0	0	Ó	Ö	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	4
		1	Ó		1	ò	1	0	1	0	1	6
	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	8
	0	. 1	0	1	0	Ó	1	1	0	0	1	10
1	1	0	1	1.	0	1	1	1	Ö	1	1	Reset Counter

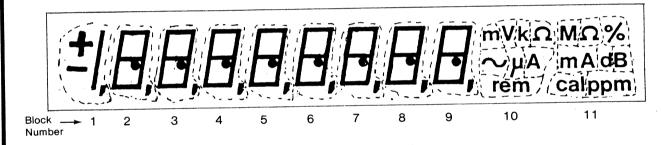


FIG. 3.47 DISPLAY DRIVER READ MODE ADDRESS STATES

Once this transfer of data is complete, signal XDDSP reverts to logic-0 selecting the read mode of the RAM. The buffers return to their open-circuit state, isolating the RAM Data Bus from the main Processor Data Bus.

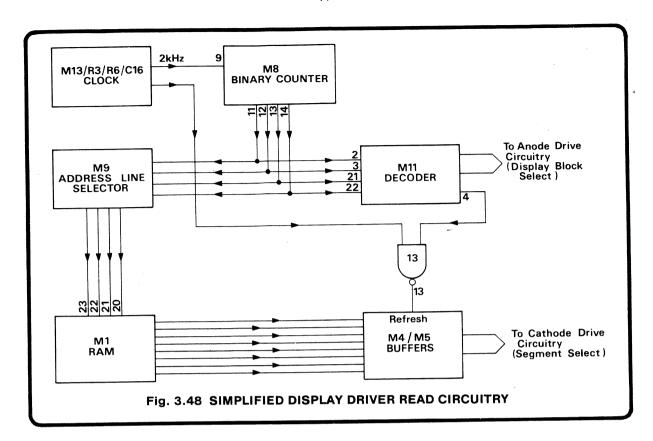
#### 3.9.2 Read Mode

A multiplexed display is normally scanned from left to right, driving each anode in turn and providing the appropriate segment information to the cathodes. For this type of display, however, adjacent anodes should not be activated consecutively, as this can cause inter-block 'streaming'. Thus the 1081 employs two scans per cycle: the first for odd numbered blocks, the second for even.

The free running clock M13, R3, R5, C16, produces a 2kHz signal (M13-9) to drive a 4-bit binary counter, M8, which provides the control of the address lines in the read mode (See Fig. 3.48). The display block selection is achieved by decoding these 4 lines into 16 bits using M11. The output lines of M11 are connected to the bases of transistors Q1-Q3, Q13-Q20 which act as anode switches. Note that when the address lines are in the state 0000 the output of M11 (pin11) selects the anode to block 1;0001

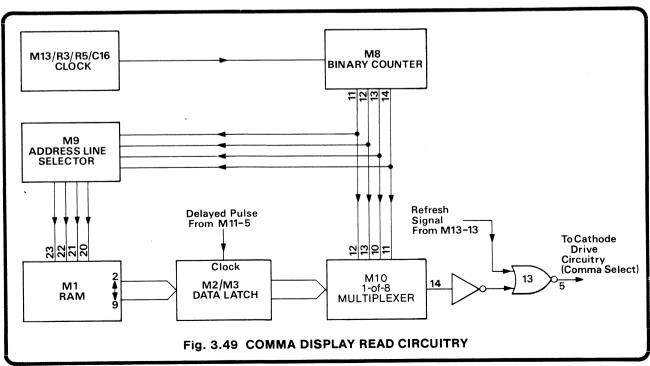
selects the anode to block 3 (M11-9); 0010 ... block 5, etc., thus the display blocks are selected alternately.

To select the appropriate segment data from the RAM to match the display block selection the address lines are given a left hand bit rotation i.e. if the output of M8 is labelled DCBA, (23, 22, 21, 20), the address input of M1 would be CBAD. (Fig. 3.47 gives the state of the address lines for each display block). The particular display block segment data is recalled by the RAM, buffered by M4 and M5, level shifted -180 volts by R8-R15, C4-C11 causing Q5-Q12 to drive the cathodes, D4-D11 acting as restoration diodes. Between the transfer of each set of segment data, M13-3 is taken high, causing the outputs of M4 and M5 to be a logic '0'. This produces a refresh period for capacitors C4-C11 to discharge from the -180V supply through the restoration diodes. Each 'B' display block consists of 7 'digit bars', a decimal point and a comma, thus a total of 9 bits is needed to drive the block. As the 6800 series only has an 8 bit wide data bus, the comma information is treated as extra word. When the RAM is in its write mode, the last byte transferred from the processor it the comma information (8 bits for segments 1 to 8, See Fig 3.48).



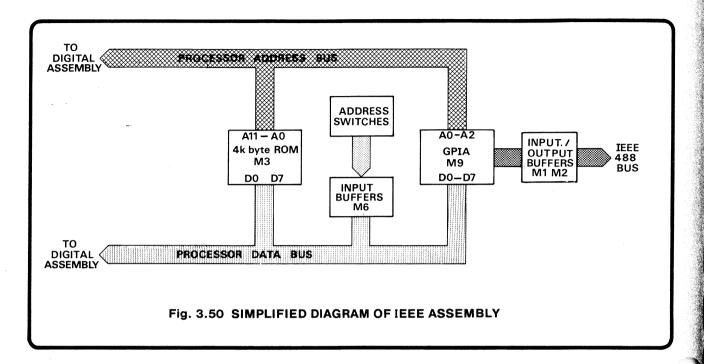
In the read mode the comma information is transferred from the RAM to latches M2 and M3 (Fig. 3.49) when the RAM address is 1110. So that this information is not sent to the cathodes of the display (it would constitute a display segment combination under the normal cycle), it is inhibited from passing through M4 and M5 by the decoder (M11-4). The previous signal from M11 (pin 5) is delayed by R6, D2, C2 such that when it reaches pin 7 of M2 and M3 it is coincident with that from M11-4, clocking the

comma data on to the latches. M2/M3 outputs are permanently enabled, so the comma data is transferred to the 'X' inputs of 8-channel selector M10. As M10 is under the control of block counter M8, it multiplexes the comma data to coincide with activation of the corresponding block anode. M10 'Z' output is passed via M13 and Q4 to the comma segment (i) line, subject to inter-block refresh by M13-13 as for M4/M5.



#### 3.10 IEEE 488 STANDARD DIGITAL INTERFACE (Circuit Diagram No. 430427)

The IEEE Digital Interface assembly contains the extra memory circuitry required for the execution and decoding on interface functions, and for data input and output transfers. Simplified diagram Fig. 3.50 shows its essential features.



#### 3.10.1 ROM Circuit

The IEEE Digital Interface assembly acts as an extension to the Digital assembly with connections to both the Processor Address and Data Buses. The board houses 4k bytes of program memory (M3) containing the sub-routines to control the instrument from the IEEE 488 Bus. The ROM receives the address information, with chip selection being made by decoding address lines A3-A11 with XIOBD and master clock 02%

#### 3.10.2 Interface Circuit

The General Purpose Interface Adaptor (GPIA). M9, provides the interface between the IEEE 488 Standard Instrument Bus and the 6800 microprocessor. The MPU can receive, process and send messages to the interface through the GPIA.

The GPIA is able to automatically handle the following interface protocol[1]:-

Single address capability Source and acceptor handshake Talker and Listener states Service Request Parallel Poll Device Clear Device Trigger

With the MPU it is also capable of:-Programmable Interrupts Storing the instrument's address Control of the interface input/output buffers.

The GPIA is selected by decoding address lines A3-A11 with XIOBD. Address lines A0-A2 with the state of the MPU  $R/\overline{W}$  line select one of the 8 read only or 7 write-only registers in the GPIA, enabling the MPU to send or receive data over the interface.

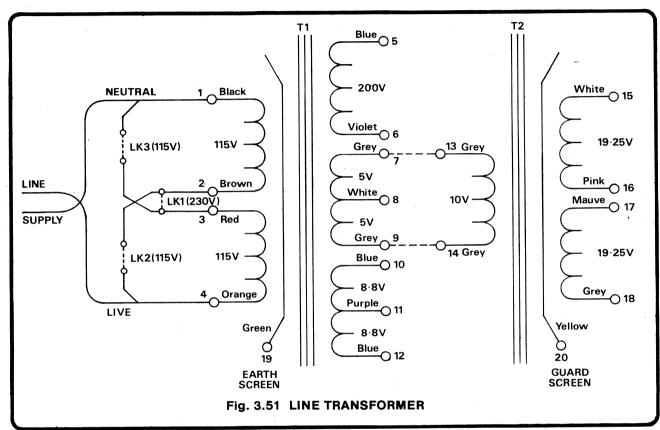
The two signals  $T/\overline{R}1$  and  $T/\overline{R}2$  are used to control low power transceivers (formed from M1, 2) which drive the interface bus.

#### 3.11 REAR (POWER SUPPLY) ASSEMBLY (Circuit Diagram No. 430295)

#### 3.11.1 General

The line transformer and power supply components are situated at the rear right hand side of the instrument, when viewed from the front. Transformers T1 and T2 are of toroidal construction mounted one on top of the other and bolted to the rear panel. T1 has a split primary comprising two 115V windings, intended for either series or parallel

connection depending on the line voltage. An earth screen is interposed between primary and secondary windings to minimise electrostatic coupling, and is grounded to line ground. The second transformer T2 is driven from T1. It also possesses an electrostatic screen, this time being connected to Guard.



#### 3.11.2 180V supply

The 180V supply is required for the plasma display. The 200V AC output from the secondary of T1 is full-wave rectified by W1 and smoothed by C6. R6/D3 form a 6.8V reference so that Q2/R4 becomes a constant current sink of approx. 14mA. Shunt regulator D4/Q1 maintains 180V between J1-5 and J1-2. J1-5 is referenced by direct connection to the digital +5V line in the Display driver assembly.

### 3.11.3 5V supply

All the logic circuitry to the right of the instrument's central pcb is powered from the supply generated by the two 8.8V, 750mA secondary windings on transformer T1. The center-tap (digital common) is connected to line ground. D1 and D2 form a bi-phase bridge applying a full-wave rectified supply to reservoir capacitor C7. The 5V regulator is referred to R2 rather than ground so that the 5V rail can be accurately set. Feedforward capacitor C8 improves the effective ripple rejection of M1.

#### 3.11.4 ±15V Supply

The output of the third secondary winding of transformer T1 (10V AC) is input to the primary of T2. The two 19.25V outputs are connected in series, with the centre tap connected to analog common. The output of bridge rectifier W2 is fed to voltage regulators M2 and M3, to produce positive and negative 15 volt supplies to power the analog circuitry. These regulators also include foldback current limiting and thermal shut-down, to provide short-circuit protection.

#### 3.12 SELF TEST SEQUENCE

Selection of the → key then the TEST key places the instrument into a test routine, checking the display and basic measurement circuits. A flowchart for the routine is given in Fig. 3.52. The analog circuitry conditions for each test are given in the last subsection of the circuit description for the particular assembly. The Range FET patterns are listed in Appendix 1.

ESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. UŞED Per Assy.
	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	10
<u> </u>	200001	75mA 75v GP Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	<del>  _ /                                   </del>
02	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	+ _/
03	200001	75mA 75V GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	+ /:
D4	3,00008	200mA 125v LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	+/:
DS	220010	SI HOT CARRIER DIODE	нР	HSCH1001/IN6263	<del></del>
D <b>6</b>	220010				<i>X</i>
97		NOT USED			/ -
<b>X</b>		NOT USED			
b <del>9</del>	<del></del>	NOT USED	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	. –
DIO	200001	75mA 75V GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
DII	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE		IN4001	2
DI2	200002	IA. SOV. 6P. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	TVS 505	1
DI3	213006	SV SW ZENER	UNITRODE	IN4148	
DI4	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
DIS	200001	75 mA 75 GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4001	_
D16	200002	IA. SON. GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	_
D17	200001	SI GP. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	_
DIS		NOT USED			
DI9		NOT USED		_/	
		NOT USED	1	<del></del>	
D20	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	/ IN4148	
D21	200001			,	
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ESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
	PART No.	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC184	3
QI	240001		1	и	
Q2	240001	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		2N3G46	2
Q3	240007	+""	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Q <del>4</del>		NOT USED	NATIONAL	2N3904	3
Q5	240006	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3906	3
ર્લ	250004	Si PNP	<u> </u>	2/3/00	_
Q7	250004	<u>n</u> n / n	H	\\	_
Q8		NOT USED	t	+ \	_
Q9 ·		NOT USED	+	+ \	_
QIO		NOT USED			_
QII	240006	SI NEN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3904	+
315	2500 11	" PNP "	"	BC 327	+
	240007	" NPN "		2N3646	+ =
<u>Q13</u>	240001	и и		BC184	+
Q14	240006	A		2N3904	
Q15	250004	" PNP "	· ·	2N3906	+
Q16	-+230004/			1	
					\
	/	+			<u> </u>
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#### **SECTION 4**

# INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

# 4.1 CHANGING LINE VOLTAGE AND LINE FREQUENCY

The instrument is set to 50Hz, 205V to 255V supplies unless Option 80, 81 or 82 is specified. This information is carried on the instrument identification label located on the rear panel. Alteration to a different line voltage/line frequency may necessitate an instrument recalibration.

#### 4.1.1 Changing Line Voltage

- 1. Disconnect power and all signal input/output leads.
- 2. Remove the lower cover.
- Locate the link(s) connecting the split primary on the printed circuit board in front of the toroidal mains transformer, Fig. 2.1 and Drawing No 400295.
- 115V Operation:- Remove LK1 (link 1) and fit LK2 and LK3<sup>[1]</sup>.
   230V Operation:- Remove links LK2 and LK3 and fit
  - 230V Operation:- Remove links LK2 and LK3, and fit LK1<sup>[1]</sup>.
- 5. Amend instrument identification label.
- 6. Replace lower cover.
- Replace power fuses with 160mA anti-surge (230V) or 500mA anti-surge (115V).
- 8. Carry out the Specification Verification tests (Section 8. User's Handbook) and recalibrate if necessary.

#### 4.1.2 Changing Line Frequency

- 1. Disconnect power and all signal input/output leads.
- 2. Remove the top cover.
- 3. Change X1, C23, C24 on the Digital assembly (Drawing No. 400526) to the values shown below.

50/400Hz	Datron Part Number	Description
X1	800020	1.6384MHz crystal
C23	130059	470pF 500V Ceramic Disc
C24	130015	120pF 160V Polystyrene

60Hz	Datron Part Number	Description
X1	800021	1.96608MHz crystal
C23	102331	330pF 500V Ceramic Disc
C24	130006	82pF 160V Polystyrene

[1] Links should be 22 SWG TIN.Cu wire with silicone rubber sleeving.

- 4. Amend Instrument identification label.
- 5. Replace top cover.
- 6. Carry out the Specification Verification tests (Section 8, User's Handbook) and recalibrate if necessary.

#### 4.2 BATTERY REPLACEMENT

The battery should be replaced on or before the date indicated on the rear panel instrument identification label. To retain the calibration memory; the instrument must be powered-up during replacement. Therefore great care must be taken due to voltages up to 260 volts being present inside the instrument.

- 1. Remove top cover and locate battery on the Digital assembly (see Fig. 2.1).
- 2. Power-up instrument.
- 3. Desolder battery at end of tags and remove from clip.
- 4. Replace with new battery, (Datron Part No. 930049) positive terminal to resistor.
- 5. Replace top cover.
- Amend instrument identification label (Current date +5 years).
- Carry out the Specification Verification tests (Section 8, User's Handbook) and recalibrate if necessary.

#### 4.3 POST-REPAIR PROCEDURES

Most integrated circuits and semiconductor devices used in the 1081 are manufacturers' standard products. Two exceptions, available only from Datron, are:

RMS Module (M11 on AC assembly)
Programmed ULA (M23 on Digital assembly)

During manufacture certain resistors are selected in value (FSV = Factory Selected Value) to accommodate circuit component tolerances, or to bring the desired setting of the preset control to the center of its adjustment range.

To achieve the high performance of the 1081, some critical devices have been selected for low leakage, high speed or low noise etc., and are marked with a paint spot. Therefore any replacements for these parts should be ordered from Datron stock.

#### NOTE:

A routine calibration as detailed in Section 1 should be carried out after completion of the following procedures.

#### **WARNING:**

Up to 260 volts is present inside the instrument. Personal contact with this voltage may result in injury.

#### 4.3.1 Basic DC Instrument

#### **Equipment Requirements:**

 $5\frac{1}{2}$  digit Digital Voltmeter e.g. Datron 1065, 1061 Variable 5V, 1 amp DC supply 5mV/division Oscilloscope e.g. Telequipment D83 DC Voltage Calibrator, e.g. Datron 4000 or 4000A Shielded  $10M\Omega$  resistor in parallel with 10nF capacitor, e.g. Datron part No. 400392.

#### Procedure:

#### **Power Supplies**

- Turn instrument on and allow 30 minutes warm-up period.
- Connect DVM Hi to TP8 and Lo to TP28 on the Digital Board. Adjust R2 on the Rear (Power Supply) pcb assembly to give +5.100V ±25mV.
- Connect DVM Hi to TP1 and Lo to TP23 on the Analog assembly. Adjust R7 on the Rear (Power Supply) pcb assembly to give +15.000V ±15mV.
- Connect DVM Hi to TP2 and Lo to TP23 on the Analog assembly. Adjust R12 on the Rear (Power Supply) pcb assembly to give -15.000V ±15mV.

#### **Digital Assembly**

- Switch the instrument off and disconnect the power lead.
- Isolate the Digital assembly by removing the connectors along the centre panel (J1-J5).
- Connect variable 5V supply and DVM Hi's to TP8, Lo's to TP28. Reduce supply to 4.750 ±10mV.
- Set R83 fully clockwise. Connect oscilloscope Lo to TP28 and monitor M53 pin 40. Turn R83 anti-clockwise until TP30 undergoes a high to low transition (or begins to pulse low).
- Remove variable supply and reconnect items disconnected in steps 5 and 6. Disconnect the oscilloscope.
   Switch on the instrument.
- Connect DVM Hi to battery positive terminal, Lo to TP28. Check battery voltage is >2.5 volts.
- Disconnect DVM and connect oscilloscope Hi to TP25, Lo to TP28. Adjust R11 to give a 10mS±1mS period, mark-space ratio 3.5 : 1.5. (NOTE. This signal appears in short 'bursts' every reading.) Disconnect oscilloscope.

#### CAUTION:

The next sequence of operations (12, 13 and 14) clears the whole calibration memory, so all previous calibration information is lost. DO NOT carry out these operations unless one or more Cal. Stores is at one end of its span. (e.g. IP-0 or FAIL has been displayed.)

 Insert calibration key into keyswitch on the back panel and turn, placing the instrument into CAL mode.

NOTE: The display CAL legend will be lit.

- Short together pins 'D' and 'E' on Digital assembly. NOTE: All the calibration store correction factors are now reset to zero.
- 14. Turn the calibration key back to RUN mode.

#### **Analog Assembly**

#### NOTE.

Before carrying out operations (15) to (19), ensure that the instrument has warmed up with covers on for at least 2 hours.

- 15. Select DC, 1V and FILTER; apply short copper link across input terminals, and connect DVM Lo to TP23, Hi to TP34. Adjust bootstrap offset R160 to reduce the voltage at TP34 to  $<20\mu$ V. Disconnect the DVM
- Apply short-circuit input and press 1081 ZERO key.
   Repeat until display reading is .000,000 ±1 digit.
- Connect shielded 10MΩ resistor across the Hi and Lo input terminals. The display reading is the input bias current to a resolution of tenths of a picaAmp (e.g. .000,125 represents a bias current of 12.5pA). Adjust R159 to null this reading.
- 18. Repeat (16) and (17) until the bias current is <10pA.
- 19. Repeat (15), (16) and (17) until the bootstrap and bias current are both within the specified limits without further adjustment.
- Replace covers but do not replace screws. Apply short-circuit input. Select 1000V DC range and deselect FILTER. Turn rear panel keyswitch to CAL mode and select LIN.
- 21. Select 10V DC range and FILTER. Press ZERO.
- 22. Remove input short. Apply +10V DC to the input terminals. Press STD, repeating until display reading is  $+10.00000 \pm 1$  digit.

#### **Important Note**

[Operations (23) to (35)]

The basic linearity of the 1081 DC analog circuitry is of such a high order, that it is dependent on the nature and degree of compensation applied to adjust the dielectric absorption of the main A-D integrator capacitor C9. This is done on the 10V range using FSV resistor R85 at  $\pm$ 19V, and trimmer R23 at  $\pm$ 2V.

The calibration source used by the manufacturer to provide the test voltages, is itself of very low noise and excellent linearity. If a Datron 4000 or 4000A is not available, any calibration source used to provide test voltages must have less than 0.5ppm of noise, and be linear to better than 0.5ppm of range. Otherwise there is little point in testing or adjusting the 1081 linearity.

Before any linearity tests, or adjustment of R23 or R85, the instrument must be warmed up with covers on for at least 2 hours. For adjustment, the top cover should be lifted for as little time as possible.

IF THE LINEARITY IS SUSPECT, AND THE ABOVE CONDITIONS CANNOT BE MET, DO NOT CARRY OUT OPERATIONS (23) TO (35). IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE 1081 BE RETURNED TO YOUR DATRON INSTRUMENTS SERVICE CENTER FOR TEST AND ADJUSTMENT.

- 23. Apply +19.000,000 volts to the input terminals and select HI RES. If the displayed reading is within the limits +18.999,980V and +19.000,020V, omit operations (24) to (34).
- 24. Read the Important Note above. Unsolder R85 and clean out its terminal posts. When the instrument is fully warmed up again, proceed to operation (25).
- 25. Reapply +19.000,000V (HI RES selected). Select values of R85 until the displayed reading is +19.000,000V ±20 digits.
- 26. Apply 0.000,000V and press ZERO. Repeat until the reading is 0.000,000V ±5 digits.
- 27. Apply +10.000,000V and press GAIN. Repeat until the reading is +10.000,000V ±5 digits.
- 28. Repeat operations (25) to (27) until no further reselection of R85 is necessary.
- 29. Apply  $\pm 2.000,000V$  (HI RES selected). Adjust R23 until the displayed reading is  $\pm 2.000,000V$   $\pm 20$  digits.

- 30. Apply 0.000,000V and press ZERO. Repeat until the reading is 0.000,000V ±5 digits.
- 31. Apply +10.000,000V and press GAIN. Repeat until the reading is +10.000,000V ±5 digits.
- 32. Repeat operations (29) to (31) until no further adjustment of R23 is necessary.
- 33. Repeat operations (25) to (32) until no further reselection of R85, nor adjustment of R23 is necessary.
- 34. Solder the selected R85 into its terminal posts. When the 1081 is warmed up, repeat operation (23).
- 35. Turn rear panel keyswitch to RUN mode. The basic DC-only instrument set-up procedure is complete.

#### 4.3.2 Ohms Assembly

**Equipment Required:** 

5% digit DVM e.g. Datron 1065, 1061  $10M\Omega$  5% Resistor in parallel with 10nF capacitor. e.g. Datron part No. 400392 Copper shorting links.

#### Procedure.

- 1. Select  $10k\Omega$  range, 4-wire. Connect I— to  $\Omega$ Guard, I+ to Hi, and  $10M\Omega$  between Hi and Lo.
- 2. Connect DVM Hi to TP7, Lo to TP12, and adjust bias current R26 until TP7 voltage is zero  $\pm 100 \mu$ V.
- Connect Lo to ΩG. Connect shorting link between TP12 and TP8.
- 4. Connect DVM Hi to TP5 and check reading is zero  $\pm 50\mu$ V. Adjust FSV R40 if >+50 $\mu$ V, or FSV R39 if <-50 $\mu$ V. Note R39, R40 must be  $\ge 100$ k $\Omega$ .
- Remove link between TP12 and TP8 and connections on front panel.

The basic Ohms set up procedure is complete.

#### 4.3.3 AC Assembly

#### Equipment Required:

5mV/Div oscilloscope. e.g. Telequipment D83. 5½ digit DVM with Ohms. e.g. Datron 1065, 1061. DC calibrator. e.g. Datron 4000 or 4000A. AC calibrator. e.g. Fluke 5200A. Asymetric signal, 1V RMS, Crest Factor 5:1 ±0.02%, reversible polarity.

## CAUTION

The following procedures should commence with the HF Autocal voltage close to the center of its span. To check this, select the 100V AC range and measure the DC voltage at J1-11 with respect to TP8. If it is between +4V and +6V it is NOT necessary to clear the calibration stores. If outside these limits, the cal stores should be cleared as described in para 4.3.1 operations (12), (13) and (14).

CLEARING THE CAL STORES ENTAILS A FULL 'AUTOCAL' OF THE INSTRUMENT!

Before proceeding; ensure that at least the Analog Assembly LIN, ZERO, and STD Autocalibrations have been carried out. (See para 4.3.1 operations 17 - 22.)

#### **AC Preamplifier Zero**

- 1. Read and comply with the CAUTION above.
- Apply short circuit input. Select AC + DC, 100mV range and HOLD.
- 3. Connect DVM Lo to TP8, Hi to Test link K (TLK). Adjust R148 (bias current) for a reading of zero,  $\pm 140 \mu V$ .
- 4. Select 100mV range AC, and check that the reading is zero,  $\pm 140\mu$ V. It may be necessary to re-adjust R148 to obtain this value. If so, recheck operation 3.
- 5. Select each range in turn, and check that the DVM reading is within  $\pm 70 \mu V$  of zero (except 100mV range:  $\pm 140 \mu V$ ).

#### Set up RMS Converter

- Select 10V range. Adjust R119 (Rectifier zero) for the most negative (or least positive) reading on the display.
- Connect DVM to TLH. Adjust R101 (linearity) for a reading of +1.1mv±10%.
- Select 100mV range. Check that the DVM reading is between 0.8mV and 1.8mV.

 Select 1V range and apply 1V, 500Hz; with the DVM still connected to TLH. Refer to Fig. 4.2 and make or cut links TLC - TLF as appropriate to give a DVM reading of 3.120V ±0.025V.

TLH Voltage	С	D	Е	F	Gain*
2.618 - 2.648 2.648 - 2.675 2.675 - 2.703 2.703 - 2.733 2.733 - 2.763 2.763 - 2.793 2.793 - 2.824 2.824 - 2.857 2.857 - 2.888 2.888 - 2.923	V V V V V X X	\( \times \) \( \t	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	<pre></pre>	1.184 1.172 1.160 1.148 1.135 1.123 1.111 1.098 1.086 1.074

\*Increase in TLH voltage when links are cut. Nominal TLH voltage: 2.753 ±5% (2.615-2.891V).

FIG. 4.2 AC ASSEMBLY OUTPUT SELECTION VOLTAGES

#### **Check Spec Readout Frequency Flags**

 Select HOLD. Connect DVM to TP6. Adjust the applied frequency and note that TP6 changes logic state at a frequency between 1.8kHz and 2.2kHz. Note also that the TP6 voltage increases by approx. 0.3V between 18kHz and 22kHz. Disconnect the DVM.

#### Set Range 'Zeros'

- Deselect HOLD, and apply 500Hz at 0.1%FR input to each range in turn. Perform ZERO autocal on each range, using the instrument display to check that each range calibrates to 100 digits ±3 digits. Disconnect the input.
- 12. Apply a short circuit to the input, short Guard to Lo and select each range in turn. Check that the reading on each range is zero ±10 digits on the display (except 100mV range: ±30 digits). Remove the shorts.

### Set up DC-DC Turnover

- 13. Select 1V range, AC + DC. Apply 1V 500Hz and perform GAIN autocal.
- 14. Apply +1V DC and note the displayed reading.
- Apply -1V DC and adjust R62 (DC turnover) for the same reading as in operation (14). (±3 digits).



 Repeat (13) to (15) until all readings are the same to within ±20 digits.

#### Set up Coarse Frequency Response

- Select 100V range, AC; apply 100V, 500Hz and perform GAIN autocal. Apply 100V, 50kHz and adjust C82 for a display reading of 100.000V ±20 digits. (If necessary change C81 to a value which permits this adjustment).
- Apply 100V, 100kHz and note the reading error.
   Adjust C79 to give 5 times the error in the same direction.
- Repeat (17) and (18) until the 50kHz and 100kHz readings are separated by less than 20 digits.
- Select 1V range, AC; apply 1V, 500Hz and perform GAIN autocal. Apply 1V, 50kHz and adjust C84 for a display reading of 1.00000V ±20 digits. (If necessary change C85 to a value which permits this adjustment).

#### **Set up Crest Factor**

- Apply 1VRMS, +ve 5:1 Crest Factor signal. Adjust R61 (crest factor) for a display reading of 1.00000V ±30 digits.
- 22. Apply 1VRMS, -ve 5:1 Crest Factor signal. Check that display reading is 1.00000V ± 0 digits.
- Apply 1V, 500Hz, and perform GAIN Autocal. Repeat (21), (22) and (23) until crest factor readings are within limits.

#### **Linearity Checks**

- Select 1V range, AC + DC. Apply 1V DC and perform GAIN Autocal.
- Apply 1.9VDC and adjust R27 value (Factory Selected Value - FSV) for a display reading of 1.90000V ±6 digits (reducing R27 increases reading).
- 26. Repeat (24) and (25) until both correct.
- Select 1V range AC. Apply in turn 1V, 100mV, 10mV, at 500Hz and check that display reading is correct to within ±10 digits of the input voltage.
- 28. Apply open circuit input, set CAL/RUN switch to RUN; press '→', 'Test' and check for a display of 'PASS'.

#### Set up Output Buffer Input Current

29. Select 1V range, AC + DC, no filter. Apply 1V DC and set CAL switch to RUN. Use the 'A-B' computation mode to null out the reading: press STORE, B, then (A-B).

- Select 0.1 Hz filter, and leave to settle for two minutes.
   Check that the displayed reading is within ±50 digits of zero.
- 31. Adjust R50, in small steps, to null out the reading error. Allow time for the reading to settle after one step before passing on to the next. Turn clockwise to make the reading more positive.
- 32. Repeat (29) to (31) until the difference is reduced to less than 10 digits.
- 33. Repeat (28).

The AC set-up procedure is now complete.

# APPENDIX 1 ANALOG DATA LINE 'F.E.T.' PATTERNS

# DC Voltage (IEEE 488 code F3)

Range				DC I	solator			
R	AD0	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7
1 100mV 2 100mV 3 IV 4 10V 5 100V 6 1000V	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1	1 1 0 1 0	1 1 1 0 0	× × × ×
7 1000V	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	×

# AC Voltage (IEEE 488 code F2)

Rang	де				AC as	sembly			
R		AD0	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7
	100mV	0	0	X	0	0	0	1	0
2	100m V	0	0	X	0	0	0	1	0
-		0	0	X	0	0	0	0	0
3	1V	0	0	Х	1	0	0	0	1
4	10V	0	0	Х	0	1	0	0	1
5	100V	0	0	Х	0	0	1	0	1
6 7	1000∨ 1000∨	0	0	X	0	0	1	0	1

# DC Coupled AC Voltage (IEEE 488 code F6)

Range		30		AC as	sembly			
R	AD0	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7
1 100mV 2 100mV 3 1V 4 10V 5 100V 6 1000V	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1	x x x x	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1
7 1000V	0	1	Χ.	0	0	1	0	1

# AC Filter Selection (IEEE 488 codes F2 CØ-C3)

Filter	AD1/F1	ADO/FO	A1	AO	S1	S2	S3	. S4
.1 Hz	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
1 Hz	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
10 Hz	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
100 Hz	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1

### Ohms (IEEE 488 code F1)

	Range	-			DC Is	olator						0	hms a	ssemb	ly		
R		AD0	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7	ADO	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7
1	10Ω	0	0	0	0	Ō	1	1	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	х
2	100Ω	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Χ	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Х
3	1kΩ	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Χ	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Х
4	10kΩ	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	X	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х
5	100kΩ	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Χ	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Х
6	1ΜΩ	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Χ	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	Х
7	$10M\Omega$	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	Χ	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	Х
Pf	RT and kΩP	RT (IE	EE 488	8 code	s F4 a	nd F5)											
PI ks	RT } DPRT }	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	x

# TEST (IEEE 488 code Y)

Function Tested	Range Checked			Volta	age Me	easure	ment					0	ption a	assemi	oly		
rested	Cliecked	ADO	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7	ADO	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7
		DC	Isolato	r						No	Option	Requ	ired				
DC	.1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1								
	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1								
	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1								
		DC	Isolato	or						Ohr	ns ass	embly					
kΩ	10M	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
		AC a	assem	bly - J	1 (Ran	ging)				AC	asser	nbly -	J2 (Fil	ters)			
AC	•1	0	0	Χ	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
	1	0	0	Χ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	Х	Χ	Х	Х

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
M43	290003	TIMER - ASTABLE	SIGNETICS	NE 555V	L- <i>-</i>
M44	270048	QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	74 LS 00	/
M45	270050	HEX INVERTER	13	74 LS 0 4	/ '
M46	280025	QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH	MOTOROLA	MC14066BCP /	1
M47	280070	DIVIDE-BY-8 COUNTER DIVIDER	MULLARD	HEF 4022P	
M48	280071	TRIPLE 3 1/P NOR GATE	11	HEF 4025P	
M49	280023	QUAD 2 1/P NOR GATE	MOTOROLA	MC14001 BCP/	1
M50		NOT USED			
M51		NOT USED			-
M52	270056	8 I/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	74 LS 36	
M53	2800a1	MICRO PROCESSOR CHIP	MOTOROLA	MC 6800L	1
M54	270023	QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	7437	1
M 55	270054	QUAD 2 I/P AND GATE	ıı .	74 L S 08	2
M56	270054		I "/	11	
M57	2700 57	PUAL JK FLIP-FLOP	"	74 LS 76	
M 58	28 00 0 9	HEX INVERTER BUFFER	MOTOROLA	MC14049	2
M59	280009	HEX INVERTER   BUFFER	MOTOROLA	MC14049	
M60, M62	260031	VOLTAGE DETECTOR	INTERSIL	IcL8211	2
MGI	290003	TIMER - ASTABLE	SIGNETICS	NE 555 V	
SI		NOT USED			
<u>51</u>		NOT USED			
53		NOT USED			-
					1
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
LI	370004	100 JUH R.F. CHOKE	SIGMA	sc10/100	1
	590004	SLEEYE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FEIO	A/R
	590055	SLEEVE O 1.0 SIL RUBBER	" "	HIS CONT. BLACK	10mm
	540002	22 SWG. BTC WIRE			A/R
	920048-1/	BUS STRIP	MEKTRON	M823 14 7 3F	
	613018	4BA NYLON WASHER			2
***	630098	COMPONENT CLIP	RICHCO	KKU-8	
	606005	CLIP FOR 605002	ANTIFERENCE	RC 74	3
J1, J2, J4	605002	16 WAY D.I.L. LOW PROFILE SKT.	JERMYN OR ANTIFERENCE	A23-2001/Y OR ICN-163-53	3
	1	28 WAY D.I.L. " " "	AUGAT	328 AG39D	1
		14 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR JERMYN	ICL 143-53T	22
	605061	16 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	a n	ICL 163-86T	24
		40 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	AUGAT	340 - AG39D	1
	1/9999	22 WAY DIL SOCKET	AUGAT	322 - AG39 D	2
	4	24 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	li li	324 - AG39D	3
/		18 WAY DIL SOCKET		318 - AG39D	2
JL3	604037	PROGRAMMING CLASSIGO PLUG		8136 - 475G8	1
	605059	SWAY DILL SOCKET	ASTRALUX	ICL-083-56T	1
J5	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	11	22-01- 2085	1
	617010	NYLATCH PLUNGER	ORDER FROM W FOX & SONS	HN3P-32-4-1	8/
1		NYLATCH GROMMET	и и и и	HN3G - 32-1	8
J3		24 WAY DILL SOCKET GOLD	CA	CA - 245 - 105D	1
-	410096-10	PCB			1

SEE SHEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE

BE CO - DATE CHICO

datron ELECTROMICS LTD

1081 DIGITAL PCB. ASSY.

DRAWING 400526 15 5 0 16

13.12.82

CHECKED

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
<u>R1</u>	090001	P.T.C. THERMISTOR	MULLARD	VA 8 650	2
<u>R2</u>	100000	P. T.C. THERMISTOR	MULLARD	VA 8650	
<u>83</u>	000151	150 S V4 W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	8
<del>84</del>	000151	1500	1.4		
<u>25</u>	000151	150R		11	
R6	000102	IK 14 W CARBON	11	CR25	
R7	,000104	100K 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
<u>R8</u>	_000151	150 R 1/4 W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
<u> </u>	000151	1508	***		
RIO	,000151		11		
311	000151	150R	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	**	
212	000151	150R	•		
ANI	090032	1508 ×7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764 - 1 - R150	2
AN2	090032		•	"	
Q1	102101	loopf cer bisc	ERIE	80	· + · · · ·
C2 C3 C4	150002 150016 101103	10 MF 20% 16V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	801 K 10E16 KIROE35	2 2 3
CHECK P	NIAG 430294 ROC. 460294 15T 470294 D 1° 2		-	28-4-78 datro	T ELECTHOMICS LTD
141 - 17	RELEASE D ECO 778 1	3 4° 5 6 7 867. 988 1111 121 5.5.7M 79 11.0N 79 260cc 79 21.4.80 11-6	3 1352 1472 -811.7.82 2.6.83	FRONT FRONT FRONT FRONT FRONT	071/1081 P.G.B. ASSY

E.C.O				HECKELL FRONT. P.C.	
EE SHEET 2 FOR LATE	EST ISSUE			DRAWN 2 TITLE	
OTES.		I GOAD LAICH	MOTOROLA	Mc14076	7
14	280015	QUAD LATCH		CABOBIP	
43	290042	GP HIGHCULLENT TRANS ALRAY	MOTOROLA	MC 14013 BCP	
<b>12</b>	280011	l.		CA 3081P	3
11	290042	G.P. HIGH CULLEUT. TRANS ARRAY	0 _ A		
			***		Mr Market s and an all the second specific productions of the
		**************************************	· •	4	
<b>Q</b> 6	240001			ef	
<b>Q</b> 5	240001	* "		**************************************	
Q4	240001			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Q3	240001	JI NEN	NATIONAL	BC184K	
32	240001	SI NPN	NATIONAL	BC184K	6
31	240001	SI NPN			
	• • •		· Comment	5.74 m	1
	2	+		14	
		•	·	1	
210	102472	477 25% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	1
<u>C9</u>	104023	2n2F 20% IKV CER DISC	: ITT	HDIGKIO2N2MS-SSIKODSC	<u> </u>
<u>8</u>	150002	10MF 20% 16V. DIP. TANT	UNION CARRIDE	KIOEIL	
<u>67</u>	101103	DOINF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	801	·
<u> </u>	150016	10 MF 20% 35V DIP TAN	TUNION CARBIDE	KIROE35	+ =
<u>C5</u>	101103	O OIMF. 2500 CER DISC		PART No	Per Assy.
DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S	No. USED

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
M5	2 <b>80</b> 015	QUAD LATCH	MOTOROLA	MC14076	
M6	280015		. н	4	
M7	280067	ILWAY KEYBOARD ENCODER	NATIONAL	MM74C922	2
M8	280015	QUAD LATCH	MOTOROLA	MC14076	_
M9	280015	QUAD LATCH	"		
MIO	280067	I WAY KEYBOALD ENCODER .	NATIONAL	MM 740922	
MII	280015	QUAL LATCH	MOTOROLA	MC14076	
MI2	280015	M .	41	rt.	_
MI3	290042	G.P. HIGH CURRENT TRANS ARRAY	RCA	CA3OSIP	
<u> </u>	700019	SLIDE SWITCH	SIEMENS	C-42315 - A60 - A1	2
52	700019		4	**	_
33	700061	KEYBOARD SWITCH, RED. LED	SCHADOW	SRL-RED LED	24
54	700061		••		_
35	700061	и и п	11	ti n n	
56	700061	11 II II II	10	11 0 11	_
57	700061	и и оп	11	41 ' 10 11	_
68	700061	0 0 0	tu'	4 4 4	_
59	700061	и и и	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	£1 (1 f)	_
510	700062	KEYBOARD SWITCH GREEN LED	SCHADOW	SRL - GREEN LED	2
NOTES.				2476	T ELECTRONICS LTD
SEF SHEFT 2 FOR LA	ATEST ISSUE			CHECKED IN 1061/71  FRONT. P.	/81 C.B ASSY
CHKD			+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	DATE DRAWING 40029	4 4 SHEET

DESIGNATOR DATRON DESCRIPTION PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER'S PART No. No. USED PART No. MANUFACTURER Per Assy. KEYBOARD SUITCH RED. LED. SCHADOW SRL - RED LEL ti S13 S15 .. Ħ S22 . ii S2 5 .1 **2**7 SRL-GREEN LED KEYBOARD SWITCH GREEN, LED. SCHADOW NOTES. datron ELECTRONICS LTD SEE SHEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE 1061/71/81 FOONT. P.C.B ECO

DRAWING 400294

5 -6

DATE

CHKD

	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PAR'T No.	No. USED Per Assy.
			1		
	410090-46	PRINTED CLECUIT BOARD	The second secon		
	450179 - 1	TERMINAL PLATE			- 1
MALE A STORY OF THE AREA STREET, MY STORY OF THE AREA STREET, AND ASSESSMENT OF THE ASSE	605060	IC SOCKET 14 WAY	AUGAT		
MINISTER A SINGLE A SINGLE SECTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE ADMIN	605061	IC. SOCKET IS WAY		314-AG-39b	
	605062	IC. SOCKET 18 WAY		316-AG-39D	10
	540002	22 SWG TIN CO WIRE	AUGAT	318-AG-396	2
	630024	INSULATING BEADS	•	And the same of th	A/R
	800017	8/2 DIGIT DISPLAY	* <u></u>	: : "	8
	920015		DALE	The second secon	11
	920041	LOW. E.M.F. TERM. BLK/BLK		TPI - SPECIAL	<u>.</u>
	920042	BLK/RED	CLIFF	, u	1
	920043	NOT LOW E.M.F. TERN BLK/WH		TPI	1
	920044	BLK /BEN			1
	920045	" " BLK/BLUE		AL.	1
	630029	BLK/YELLO		į,	1
•	420080-1	DOUBLE SIDED PRESSURE SENSITIVE TA	φε. 3M	TYPE 4032	290mr
•	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN	FEIO	<u>-</u>
	613009	SOLDER TAG 4BA TINNED BRASS	R.S.	210	45
	590032	HEATSHRINK \$4.8 YELLOW		•	4
,	590006	HEATSHRINK SLEEVE \$2.4 INT	RS OR HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	390-405 an LVP 04	A/R A/R
				333-493 OK LVK 24	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI		NOT USED			
R2	066200	20 R POT 3/8 SQ VERT. CHAMET	BECKMAN	72 XW	1
R3	000221	2208. 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	<del>                                     </del>
R4	014320	432R 1% M.F.	HOLCO	H.8	1
<b>R</b> 5	000102	IK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2.
R6	001184	180 K 5% YZW CARBON	MULLARD	CR37	1 1
R7	066102	IK 3/8" RIGHT ANGLED CER POT	BECKMAN	72×W	1
R8	014021	4KO2 1% Y8W M.F.	HOLCO	H.8.	1 1
R9	019091	9K09 1% 1/8W M.F.	HOLCO	H.8.	1 !
RIO	012001	2K 1% 18W M.F.	HOLCO	H.8.	1 1
RII	011302	13K 1% 18W M.F.	HOLCO	H.8.	1 1
R12	066501	500 R 3/8 RIGHT ANGLED CER. Po-	BECKMAN	72×W	1
R13.	000102	IK 5% YAW CARBON.	MULLARD.	CR25	
			100 March 100 March 200 Ma		
			4		
LI	370001	10μΗ 0.85Ω R.F. CHOKE.	PLESSEV	58/10/0011/10	3 -
L2	370001	ו אייסו	<u> </u>		
L3	370001	10µH " *	B	11	<del>  -</del>
	-				
			•		
CI	NOT USED	1			
C2	NOT USED.				
C3	NOT USED.		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	
CHECK CHECK SEES HELD FOR LI	LIST 470295.	11 1529 15-963 <b>AD</b> 3° 4 5 6	7 8 9 10 HEC	B.J. 1061 / 1071 /	1081
- 22 	-8-78 29-9-78 8-12-78 :	ECO BIG 816 85 00 79 31 -10-79 21. 4. 80 11-	2-85 16.2.83 1.6.83 16.8.83	DRAWING	SHEET

DESIGNATOR .	DATRON PARI No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPA MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy
C4		NOT USED		The second secon	+
C 5	101103	O.O.Juf 250V CER DISC	ERIE	801	3
C6	180026	104 350V ELECT	177	EN12/12 10/350	1
C7	180004	4700MF 16V AL ELECT	WIMA	PRINTILYT	<u> </u>
C8	104026	47nF +50 % 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	1
29	150003	474F 20% 6V3 DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K47E6V3	1
C 10	150021	22MF 20% 25V DIP. TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K22E25	2
CII	150021				
CIZ	101103	O-DIMF 250V. CER. DISC.	ERIE	801	
C 13	180025	1000MF 35V ELECT.	WIMA	PRINTILYT	2
C14	101103	O'OIME 250V.CER DIGC		801	_
C 15	180025	. ,	WIMA	PRINTILYT	<u> </u>
C16	102102	Inf 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO.	1
	+	4	1		
	÷				
DI	200022	SI RECTIFIER 3A 400V	MOTOROLA	BY252	2
24	200022		***	·	
<b>b3</b>	210068	6V8 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88C6V8	1
D4	213004	18 OV 500 mW ZENER	MOTOROLA	IN5279B	1
NOTES	ATEST ISSUE			2-5-78 datron  DRAWN B.J. 171/81	ELECTRONICS LTD
ISS TON L	A 1231 1330 C			1061/71/81	1000
ECO				APPROVED KEAK T.L.D	
DATE				DATE DRAWING NUMBER 40029	3 of 6

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
Q1	240018	300V. N.P.N. TRANSISTOR	MOTO ROLA	MJE 340	2 '
Q2	240018			11	
					4
MI M2	260068 260024	5V 1/24 REGULATOR		LM309K/ALUM	1 1
M3	260023	POSITIVE VOLTAGE REGULATOR		MA 78 MGUIC MA 79 MGUIC	+
1112	1260023	NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REGULATOR	PAIRCHILD	MATHGUIC	<u> </u>
Management of the second	•	•	•	The state of the s	+
and the same of th	1	•	•		
WI	209014	IAS 400V BRIDGE RECT	MICRO ELECTRONICS	w@4	1
w2	209004	•	GENERAL INSTRUMENT	WOI	1
	•	•			
ਹ।		:		\$	•
J2	620003	SOLDER PCB TERMINAL LUG	HARWIN	H2105A	5
J3	604033	4 WAY FLAT GOLD WAFER PIN	MOLEX	22-27-2041 GOLD	17
	604033	0 11 n n n		W W	
J4 J5	604033				

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	OSCRIPTION	MANGEACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No USED Per Assy
<u> 76</u>	604033	AWAY FLATGOLD WAFER F	IN MOLEX	22-27-2041 /GOLD	_
J7	604033	and the second of the second	•	•	-
7 <i>8</i>				•	
J9	604033	4 WAY FLAT GOLD WAFER PIN	MOLEX	22-27-2041/GOLD.	_
J10	604033	and the second of the second	v		_
JII	604033		*	4	
J12	604033	w			
JI3	604033	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	H.		
J14			1	#	
		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW				e complemente de complemente de la complementa del la complementa d	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1
	410091 - 5 A	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	- <del> </del>		1
	450180 - 2	HEATSINK 5V	ADVANCE	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	1
	450183-1	HEATSINK 15V	ADVANCE	AMERICAN CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF T	3
	540002	225WG TIN CU WIEE			AR
	540008	7/-2 PTFE WIRE WHITE		BSG210 TYPE C	A/6
	611037	SCREW M3x 8 NYLON HI	EX .HL. NYLON & ALLOY		8
	613005	WASHER M3 INT/SHAKEPROOF.			4
	613017	WASHER M3 FLAT NYLON			8
×	615002	NUT. M3 FULL HEX STEEL		ZINC PLATED	4
	615008	NUT M3 FULL HEX NYLON	The second secon	ZINC FCATED	2
OTES.			DATE		
				2.5.7 <b>8</b> datron	ELECTRONICS LTD
SEE SHEET 2 FOR L	ATEST ISSUE		DRAW	B.J. TITLE	
E.C.O			CHECK	1061/71/81 REAR P.C.1	2 1664
			APPRO		

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	611016	SCREW M3 x 8mm STEEL POZ	PAN ZINCPL GKN		6
	618007	MELINEX WASHERS 12-7 x 16-5 x		J2G-5001	2
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	' 9
	618001	INSULATING BUSH	JERMYN	A1218	2
	618009	INSULATING PAD SIL TO3	WARTH	3223-07FR-06	
	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FE IO	A/R.
	90004	SILICONE RUBBER COMPOUND	RS.	554-119.	A/R
	420080-1	WARNING LABEL			2
	613029	M3 CRINKLE WASHER SS			2
	613009	4BA SOLDER TAG BRASS	TIN PL.		2
	590001	SLEEVE MAX. CABLE \$3.0		HI5 x 20mm BLACK HELSYN	3
	590006	HEATSHRINK SLEEVE \$2.4 INT	RS OR HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	399-495 OR LVR24	20mm
The second secon					
				The second secon	
			·		
	†				
NOTES			DATE 2	-5-78 datron	ELECTRONICS LTD
SEE SHEET 2 FOR U	ATEST ISSUE		CHECK	* B.J. 1061/71/81 REAR P.C.B	ASSY
DATE			APPRO DATE	DRAWING NUMBER 4-00295	6 OF 6

J.W 1164

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
J2	<b>572</b> 115 /c	16 WAY RISCON CARLE ASSY	DATRON.		1
J3	604035	4CCT. RIGHT ANGLED WAFER. GOLD.	MOLEX.	22-12-2041.	.5
J <del>4</del>	604035		**		_
<u> 16</u>	604035.	0 0 .	N.	ıı	_
	410092-54	P.C.B.			
J €J5	604036	STRIP OF 10 AMP PINS	AMP		
	630023	SCOTCHFLEX AMESIVE CLIP		163740 - 8	4
	630099	25mm Masking Tape	3M	CLIP 706.	1
	620007	-	3M	5 COTCH N.230	A/R.
	820007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	2
RI	000473	47K 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
<u>R2</u>	000473	47K " " "	•	•	_
71	200002	SI RECTIFIER IA 50V	FAIRCHILD	IN4001	2
75	200002	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	-
			- 10 10		
			the second second		
CHECK I	LIST . 470296  D   1   2    BELEASED ESO/184 ES	3 4 5 6 7	2 8 227	DHAMN B.J TITLE CHECKED BAPROVED DRAWING	L.B. ASSY

ÆSIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED
J2	604035	RIGHT ANGLED WAFER PIN . GOLD		22-12-2041	Per Assy.
<u>J3</u>	604035			LL 12-2041	12
J4	604035		***		
T5	604035	13			
16	604035		<del></del>		
- The state of the					
27 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	410093-4	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD			
•	510111	7/0.2 BROWN WIRE			120
J1 \$ J7	604036	STRIP OF 10 AMP PINS	AMP	163740 - 8	120 mm
	605053	12 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MOLEY		2
	605057	GOLD CRIMP PINS	MOLEX	22-01-2125	
	606004	PLASTIC POLARISING PEG	MOLEX	4809 - GL	7
VIII.	540002	22 S.W.G. TIN.CU WIRE	MOCEX	4161 - 1	4
	590001	SLEEVE MAX CABLE #3.0			A/R
		THE WAY CABLE A 2.0	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	HIS X 20mm BLK HELSYN	1
			+		
The second secon					_
OTES CIRCUIT  CHECK F  CHECK L  SHEET 2 FOR LA	DIAGRAM . 430297 PROC 460297 IST . 470297	,	DATE .	ra detroo	LICTROMICS LYD
CI	)   2		DRAW		
0 -	RELEASED 867		CHEC	L.H. PCB	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI	000334	330K 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R2	000334	11		••	
	410094 - 4A	P.C.B.		AND COMMISSION SACRESSIONS CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	1
-	540002	225WG TIN. CU. WIRE.		1	A/R
J2	574270/C	24 WAY RIBBON CABLE ASSY	DATRON		ļ <u>l</u>
J1 # J3	604036	and the state of t	AMP	163740-8	4
Market of College Market Fred Co.	590001	SLEEVE MAX CABLE \$3.0		HI5x20mm BLK HELSYN	
	630099	25 MASKING TAPE.	3M	SCOTCH N.230	A/R
	i ·		: •	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
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	†				

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCR	IPTION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFAC: URER'S PART No	No USED Per Assy
?	000472	4k7	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	4
.2	000103	lok	+1	11	11	į II	ıı.	3
R3	000183	18k	11	1,	u .	4	14	
R4	000103	lok	**		н	4	ıt	
R5	000104	100k	ıl.	11	4	ıl	u	1
R6	000103	lOk	10	μ	11	11	μ	
R7	000102	¹ lk	11	0	n.	D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20
R8	000102	lk	i)	$\theta$	11	II	le .	-
R9	000102	lk	н	4	4	4	n .	-
RIO	000102	lk	Į)	11	ø	li .	н	
RII	000102	lk	+1	11	ų	u u	jı.	-
RI2	000102	lk	11	11	11	· u	ч	-
R13	000102	lk		11	- 11		11	-
RI4	000102	lk	11	li .	n	n .	п	-
RI5	000102	lk	11		11	μ	u	
RI6		NOT	USE	D				<u> </u>
RI7	T	NOT	USEL	)				-
RI8	000102	lk		û	11	li .	1,	-
RI9	000102	lk	••	11	11	11	4	-
R20	000102	lk	11	"	11	11	ч	_
R21	000472	4k7		11	'1	11		-
R22	000272	2k7	11	11	11	11	"	5
R23	000472	4k7	1,	*1	1,		h ·	_

J.W. 1164

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R24	000272	2k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD -	CR25	-
R25	000272	2k7 " " "		D.	-
R26	000272	2k7 " " "	11 .	. 0	-
R27	000182	1k8 0 0 0	11	H	1 .
R28	000222	2k2 " " " "	H		1
R29	000272	2k7 " " " "	11	P	-
R30	000102	/k " " " "	0	li .	-
R31	000102	Ik " " "	1,	ч.	-
R32	000102	lk " " "	11		-
R 33.	000102	(k 11 11 11 11	14	11	_
R34	000102	lk " " "	ti.	9	_
Ras	000102	lk " " "		li .	_
R36	000102	lk " " "	11		_
R37	000102	lk + "	0	e .	-
R38	0 0 0 4 7 2	4k7 " " "	n		
R39	000393	39k " " "	"	n	1
N40		NOT USED			-
241	000063	56K 3% VAW CARBON	MULLARD	C825	١
		•			

MOTES.										DATE	datron	ELECTRONICS LTD	
_	E SMEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE								 DRAWN	TITLE			
-											CHECKED	1071 DISPL	AY DRIVER
ECO COMP				<b>!</b>						 	APPROVED	DRAWING	SHEET
				<del>                                     </del>							 DATE	NUMBER 40030	
				<u> </u>						 			

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	150020	10uf. 20%.25v DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE 25	3
C2	110005	0.014F. 20% 250V POLYESTER		C2BO AE/PIOK	4
C3-C11	110013	0-luf 20% 2504 POLYESTER	The second secon	C280 AE/PIOOK	9
CI2	110010	NOT USED	NIOCE AR UNION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	C 2 GO A LY FICON	-
C13	110005	0.0 NF 20% 250v "	MULLARD	C2BOAE /PIOK	_
C14	150020	10NF 20% 25V DIP TANT		K 10 E 25	-
CIS	110005	O O NF 20% 250V POLYESTER		C280 AE / PIOK	-
CIG	110005	O.O. 20% 250 POLYESTER		C280 AE/PIOK	_
<b>C</b> 17	150020	TOUR 20% 25V DIP TANT		KIOE25	_
CIG	160019	100F 20% 250V AL ELEC	(TT	JF10 1005 250 AA	ı
DI		NOT USED			_
D2	200001	SI GR DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN414-8	10
03	200001	0 0 0			-
D4	200001	н о п			-
D <u>\$</u>	200001	a	0	16	_
N.	200001	н 6 ч		· •	-
<b>b</b> 7	200001	0 0			
	200001	e d u	10	"	-
D9	200001	0 0, 0			-
DIO	200001	B 9 20	"		-
PIL	200001		u		-
NOTES.	,	,		· datro	ELECTRONICS LTD
SEE SHEET 2 FOR L	ATEST ISSUE			DRAWN TITLE	DI AV DOIVER
ECO ECO				APPROVED IOSI F	PLAY DRIVER PCB ASSY
DATE				DRAWING NUMBER 4003	301 4 04 7

J.W. 1164

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
DI2	213005	DIODE ZENER 75V. 1/2W.	MOTOROLA	BZX79C75	1.
QI	250009	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N5401	11
Q2	250009.	n u u	u u	n	_
Q3	250009	H - 11 //	H	. "	-
Q4	240009	" NPN "	11	· MPS LOI	9
Q5	240009	41 44 45	11		_
Q6	240009	n 0 1 1/4	11	11	-
Q7	240009	u 10 M	**	1	_
378	24000 <b>9</b>	n 0	u .	.,	
Q9	240009	H d	11	ч .	_
210	240009	4 4	D	11	
হা।	240009	" u	N .	ii .	
Q12	240009	н а		"	
Q13	250009	" PNP		2N5401	
214	250009	н н	• H		
Q15	250009	n n	4		
216	250009	in the second second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1)	-
ହା7	250009	0.00	it.		
218	250009	n n	н	- 4	
219	250009	1 n n s	h	11	-
220	250009		· ·		
	!		1,		
NOTES.	ATEST ISSUE			DRAWN TITLE	ELECTRONICS LTD  SPLAY DRIVER PCB. ASSY.

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy
	606001	LOCKING HOOD	PYE CONNECTORS	мни	-1
	606002	NUT	a a	MN	
	606003	WASHER	и	MLW	1
	612019	STANDOFF LOCKING TYPE 7/8	NYLON: RICHCO	LCBS-14R	· 4
	620003	SOLDER PCB TERMINAL LUG	HARWIN	H2105A	2
	630024	INSULATING BEADS, STEATHE.		(TYPE NO2)	8.
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C30 ·	5
*	604000	5 WAY PLUG	PYE CONNECTORS.	M5P.	1.
*	@1101 <b>&amp;</b>	SCREW POSI-PAN M3 x8			4
*	G13005	SHAKE PROOF WASHER M3			4
* 4			,		
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OTES# FIFE	FINAL ACCENTAGE				
OTES# FITTED AT FINAL ASSEMBLY.			2	28-11-78 data ELECTRONIC	
ISS ECO	1 1550E	CHECKED CHECKED PUT PUT PCB ASSY.			
DATE			1 1 1 <del>1</del>	PROVED F.C.D ADDY.	

DESIGNATOP	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
MI	280062	128 × 8 BIT STATIC RAM	MOTOROLA	MC 6810 A	1
M2	280015	QUAD LATCH	NATIONAL	MM 74C173N	2
М3	28 00 15	u n	"	"	
M4	280023	QUAD 2 1/P NOR GATE	MOTOROLA	MC 14001 BCP	2
M5	280023	и к и п	11	"	
MG	280024	TRI-STATE HEX NON- INV. BUFFER	11	MC14503 BCP	2
47	280024		II.	"	
18	280059	DUAL BINARY UP COUNTER		MC 14520 BCP	
M9	270045	QUAD 2-1 DATA SELECT LS TTL	NATIONAL	SN74 LS 157	
A10	280033	8 CHANNEL DATA SELECT	MOTOROLA	MC 14512BCP	
<u> </u>	280043	4BIT LATCH/4-TO 16 LINE DECODE		MC14515BCP	
112	270048	QUAD 21/P NANO LS TTL	NATIONAL	SN74 LSO0	
113	280077	HEX GATE	MOTOROLA	MC14572	
JI	571095/c	16 WAY AP/3M RIBBON CABLE	DATRON		
12	605102	24 WAY DIL SKT. GOLD	CA	CA 245 106D	
	6050 <b>60</b>	14 WAY DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR JERMYN		
	6050 <b>61</b>	16 WAY DIL SOCKET	HOLKALOX OR SERIMAN	ICL 143 - S3T	3
	605064	24 WAY DIL SKT. TIN PLATE	AUGAT	ICL 163 - SGT 324 - AG 39D	8 2
AN2 - AN4	090065	330K×7. 2% RESISTOR NETWORK.	BECKMAN	764-1-R330K	3
OTES.			DA	" dat	
EE SHEET 2 FOR LAT	TEST ISSUE		OR.	AWN TITLE	ELECTROMOS LTD
.c.o			СН	ECKED 1071	DISPLAY DRIVER
ATE			APP	MOVED 1081	PCB. ASSY.
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	410097-5A	PCB			Ter Assy.
	617010	NYLATCH - PLUNGER	ORDER FROM C.J. FOX + SONS	HN3P-32-4-1	4
	617011	NYLATCH - GROMMET	tt ii ii w	HN3G-32-1	4
TPI-TPG	540001	22 SWG. BTC. WIRE			A/R
	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FEIO	A/R
and assume the contract of	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C30	5
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI	000102	IKO 5% VAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	. 1
R2	283000	6K8 " " "	II	11	1
RB	090001	PTC THERMISTOR	MULLARD	VABG50	2
R4	100060	ii ii	11		
R5	066102	IKO 3/8 50 VERTICAL PO-	BECKMAN	72×W	1
RG .	000104	100K 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R7	070128	ZIKSI 0.1% WIRE WOUND	MANN	MX 125	ı
RS	070066	IOK OIN WIRE WOUND	1	MX 125	1
				7	
CI	101103	0.01µF 250V CER DISC	.	CD10K31N00JS 5550050	2
C2	101103	0.01µF " "	II .		
C3 *	102330	33 pf 500V CER DISC	ודד	CD10PG 33 POJS 5550050	1 *
CA	102330	33pf " " "	II .	и :	1
C5	110013	O-luf 20% 250V POLYESTE	MULLARD	C280AE/P100K	1
				2.	
CCT DIAG. 430 CHECK PROC 460 SEE SHEET 2 FOR I	0308 0308. CHECK LIST 470 LATEST ISSUE 2 3 907 945	TERNATIVE (TYPE IOI) IS USED.		DATE 22-11-78 DRAWN B.J CHECKED ANALOGUE O PCB ASSV.	
DATE 27-12-78 2	20.6.79 10.9.79 MD 81			DATE DRAWING NUMBER 40030	SHEET 2 OF 4

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
DI	213001	10V 5W ZENER	MOTOROLA	IN5347	2
20	213001	10/ " "	•	11	
M1 *	260002	OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	µA741C	1 *
M2	260026	OP AMP	NATIONAL	LMZIZH	11
	400379/4	WIRE TERMINAL ASSY			5
			HOLDEN CORDS.		3
<del></del>	410107-3 450186 -1	P.C.B.			1
	510000	SOCKET PLATE.  7/2 PVC INSUL (BLACK) WIRE	4	-:	50m
	510222	7/-2 PVC INSUL (RED) WIRE			50
	530001	SLEEVE MAX CABLE \$ 3.0	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	HI5 X 20 MM BLACK HELSW	u 2
	605007	5 WAY SOCKET	PVE CONNECTORS	M55	1
JI.	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET		(22-01-2085)6471-8-1	1
NOTES.# MI ALTE	RNATIVE 260025 (LM	(a) .		22-11-78 datron	
188. E.C.O.				PECKED PCB ASSY	OUTPUT
DATE				DRAWING NUMBER 40030E	SHEET S OF Z

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFAC PART No.	CTURER'S	No USED Per Assv.
M3		FITTED AT FINAL ASSY.				_
M4	!	NOT USED				
M5	1	NOT USED				-
MG	280024	TRI-STATE HEX. BUFFER	MOTOROLA	MC145	503 BCP	1
M7		NOT USED				_
M8	270050	HEX.INVERTER LS	NATIONAL	DM74	LS04N	1
M9	280064	GPIA	MOTOROLA	MC 68	488 <i>P</i>	1
Mio	280068	DUAL PREC. M'STABLE M'VIBR	. MOTOROLA	MC 145	38BCP	1
MII	270055	DUAL 4 1/P NAND LS	NATIONAL	DM74	LS 20N	2
MI2	270055	DUAL 4 1/P NAND LS	NATIONAL	DM74	_S 20N	-
MI3	270051	DUAL 41/P AND LS	NATIONAL	DM741	521N	1
JI	605102	24 WAY DIL. SOCKET GOLD	CA	CA - 24	5 105D	1
J2	605002	IGWAY DIL. LOW PROFILE SKT	JERMYN OR ANTIFERENCE	A23-200	01/Y OR ICN-63-53	1
J3	573120/c	24 WAY AP/3M CABLE ASSY	DATRON			1
14	605051	4 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MoLEX	(22-01-20	x4s) 6471-4-1	I
	400379/1	WIRE/TERMINAL ASSY				2
	410165-4A	PCB				1
	540002	22 SWG BTC WIRE				A/R
	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FÈIO		A/R
	605060	14 WAY DIL . SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR JERMYN	ICL-14	3- S3T	4
NOTES.	TECT ICCUE			ATE	atron	
SEE SHEET 2 FOR LA	11531 13305			RAWN	√"" 1061/1065	5/1071/108 B. ASSY.
E.C.O.				PPROVED		B. ASSY.
DATE				ATE	DRAWING 40042	7 4 SHEET 5

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	605061	16 WAY DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR VERMYN	ICL-163-56T	2
	605050	40 PIN DIL LOW PROF! SKT	AUGAT	340 - AG39D	
	605064	24 PIN DIL SOCKET	AUGAT	324- AG39 D	3
	605056	CRIMP TERMINAL	MOLEX	4809-TL	2
	606005	CLIP FOR 605002	ANTIFERENCE	RC-74	ı
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	5
	900004	SILICONE RUBBER COMPOUND		555- 588	A/R
			<u> </u>	:	
NOTES.					
					ELECTRONICS LTD
SEE SHEET 2 FOR L	ATEST ISSUE			CHECKED I EEE.	/1065/1071/108 PCB. ASSY.
DATE					0427 5 SHEET

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
Rı	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R2	000103	10k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R3	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R4	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	. –
<b>R</b> 5	000102	IK 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R6	000561	5608 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R7	000102	IK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
RB	000332	3K3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
ANI	090017	100k × 7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1-R100k	1
CI	150015	100F 20% 35V DIP. TANT.	UNION CARBIDE	K10 E 35	. 3
C2	104025	100 nF +80 % 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	9
C3	150015	100F 20% 35V DIP. TANT.	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE35	
C4	150015	100F 20% 35V DIP TANT.	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE35	
C5	150016	INF 20% 354 DIP. TANT.		KIROE35	1
C6	150012	1000F 20% 35V DIP. TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KRIOE35	1
C7	104025	1000F - 20% 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	837449	
cs	101103	100F 25% 250V CER. DISC		CDIO	1
C9	102681	680pf10% 500V CER DISC		CDIO	
CIO	102101	100pf 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	1
CII	104025	100 nF +80% 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	_
C12	104025	100 nF +80 % 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	_
CI3	104025	100 nF +80 % 50V CER DISC		837449	_

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SEE SHE	ET 2 FOR LA	TEST ISSUE				DRAWN	1061/10	065/1071/1081
ISS.	10					CHECKED Kings	_ IEEE F	065/1071/1081 PCB. ASSY.
E.C.O.	1681					APPROVED	DOWNING	
	26-7-84					DATE	NUMBER 400	0427 2 of 5
CHKD	M		11					
DESIGN	ATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION		PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFAC PART No.	TURER'S	No. USED Per Assy.
C14		104025	100nF +80% 5	OV CER DISC	SIEMENS	B3744	9	
C15		104025	1000F +80% 5	OV CER DISC	SIEMENS	B3744	9	_

DESIGNATOR	PART No.	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	PART No.	Per Assy.
C14	104025	100 nF +80% 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	_
C15	104025	100 nF +80 % 50V CER DISC		B37449	_
C16	104025	100nF - 20 % 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	
C17	104025	100 nf +80 % 50V CER DISC	SIEMENS	B37449	-
MI	280086	BI-DIRECTIONAL BUS TRANSC'R		MC3447P	2
M2	280086	BI-DIRECTIONAL BUS TRANSC'	MOTOROLA	MC3447P	
NOTES.			d	28 2 84 Telt	rnn

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DATE								DATE	DRAWING 400427	7 3 OF 5
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* , #	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
R47	000100	IOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R48	000103	IOK " " "	i li	н	12
R49	000103	IOK " " "	11	Н	-
R50	E01000	IOK " " "	li .	II .	_
R51	000100	IOR " "	l <sub>1</sub>	ıl	_
R52	000334	330K " " "	П	11	4
R53	000334	330K " " "		in .	-
R54	000334	330K " " "	Tt.	п	-
R55	000334	330K # " "	П	li .	-
R56	000104	IOOK " " "	- 11	ħ	_
<b>R5</b> 7	000101	IOOR " " "	11	ч	
R58	000161	160R 9 9 9	11	п	
R59	000 224	220K " " "	n	Įi.	5
R60	000223	22K - 11 11	л	н	2
R61	000105	IM 10% V4W CARBON	П	Ц	_
R62	000105	IM " " "	11	н	
R63	000122	1 K2 5% 1/4W CARBON	ll ·	п	_
R64		NOT USED			_
R65	000101	1008 5% VAW CARBON	MÜLLARD	CR25	-
R66	012212	22kl 1% 1/8W 50Hm MF	HOLCO	Hac	4
<b>R6</b> 7	000562	5KG 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R68	070163	150k 0-1% 10ppm WW	MANN	Mx125	2
869	070066	10k 1% 5hm WW	MANN	MXI25B	2

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	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Por Augy.
RI	000104	100k 5% 14W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	10
R2	000101	100R + + +		N	8
R3	000101	100R H H H	11	<b>H</b>	_
R4	000156	15M10% " "	ALLEN BRADLEY	CB	1 -
R5		FSY (IBK NOM)		CR25	_
R6	050057	27k4 1% 15ppm MF	HOLCO	H8	. 2
R7	050057	27k4 " "	HOLCO	Н8	_
R8	000101	100R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R9		NOT USES			_
RIO	000101	1008 5% 1/4W CARBON	ч	11	_
RII		FSV		CR25	_
RI2	014751	4k75 1% 18W 5040m MF	HOLCO	HBC	2
RI3	011003	100k 1% 1/8W 50hhm MF	HOLCO	H8C	3
R14	014751	4k75 1% 18W 504 MF	Holco	H&C	_
RI5		FSV			
RI6	019091	9k09 1% 1/8W 50/hhm MF	Holco	H <b>8</b> C	ı
R17	000272	2k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
RIB	000101	100R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R19	000331	330R 5% 1/4 W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R20	063203	20K POT CERMET	BECKMAN	729	1
R21	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	11
R22	000101	IOOR "		11	_
R23	063504	SOOK POT CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	1

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R24	000184	180k 10% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R25	000122	IK2 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R26	000185	IM8 10% 14W CARBON		н	1
R27	000475	4M7 " " "	*	H.	1
R28	ಯಂಽಽಽ	2k2 5% 1/4W CARBON	•	п	4
<b>R</b> 29	000100	10R " "	N.	n n	7
<b>R3</b> 0	000100	10R " " "	N	н	-
R31	014752	47K5 1% 18W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	2
R32	013955	39k2 1% 1/8W 50/m MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R33	014752	47K2 1% 1/8W 5066m MF	HoLco	H8C	-
R34	000102	IK 5% YOW 50 pm MF	MULLARD	CR25	-
R35	011003	100k 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	н8С	_
R36	011003	100k 1% 1/8W 50Hm MF	HOLCO	H8C	_
R37	000682	6k8 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	6
R38		NOT USED			-
R39	090012-2	9k10 .02% R 2 plan R WW	MANN	AX175 BT	1
R40	090012-2	9k10 -02% R 2bbmR WW	MANN	AX 175 BT	-
R41	00 0332	3k3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R42	000473	47k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S	5
R43	070164	5k •1% 3ppm ww	MANN	AXI75C	ı
R44	090110 - 1	5k ATTH SET	VISHAY	SEE DRG-	( I SET
R45	090110-1	5k ATT SET	VISHAY	SEE DRG-	{ -
.46	000182	IKB 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION .	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S, PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R139	041004	1M00 1% 1/2W 1006pm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	СС	
R140	012742	27k4 1% 1/8W 50hhm MF	HOLCO	H8C	2
R141	012742	27k4 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	-
R142	000272	2K7 5% VAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R143	090106-	3M3 IOM INPUT ATTEN. SET	MANN (VISHAY 090112)		ISET
R144	000100	IOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R145	000103	lOk " "	В .	н	-
R146	000222	2K2 " " "	d .	II .	-
R147	000123	12K " " "	d	li .	
R148	090106-1	LOOK IOM INPUT ATTEN. SET.	MANN (VISHAY 090112)		-
R149	090106-1	3M3 " " "	"		_
R150		NOT USED			_
R151	<u> </u>	NOT USED			
R152	000224	220k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R153	000225	•	MULLARD	CR25	
R154	000103	IOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R155	000221	220R " "	п	1	1
R156	090106-1	3M3 IOM INPUT ATTEN SET	MANN (VISHAY 090112)		-
R157	000103	KOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R156	000332	3K3 ' " '	И	"	_
R159	063104	IOOK POT CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	
R160	063202	2k " "	н	•	1
RIGI	000272	247 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
NOTES.				6.12.82 datr	ANALOGUE PC

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R162	000392	3K9 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CE25	
R163	000107	100M 10% V4W CARBON	ALLEN- BRADLEY	СВ	1
R164	000104	100k 5 % 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R165	000104	100k 5% " "	lı .	n '	-
R166	000563	56K 5% " "	И	ļi.	.5
R167	000562	5K6 " " "	11	1)	
RIGB	000563	56K " " "	ti .	П	
R169	000563	56K " " "	II.	H	
RI7O	000564	560K " " "	11	, I	2
RI71	000564	560K " " "	· II	11 .	
R172	000335	3M3 10% 14W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R173	000680	68R 5%	11	II .	2
R174	000152	IK5 " " "	. В при	Ч	2
R175	000822	8K2 " " "	н	H	2
R176	000680	68R " " "	Ч	ш	
R177	000152	1K5 " " "	Н	H.	
R178	000822	8K2 " " "	D	li .	
R179	440066 -1	PART OF KIT	DATRON.		
R180	440066-1	12 17 19	п		-
RIBI	440066-1	4			-
RI82	000472	4K7 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR 25	
RIB3	000472	4K7 5% " "	Ч	11	
R184	000270	278 " " "	· ·	1ı	2

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL	MANUFACTURER'S	No. USED
	PART No	DESCRIPTION .	MANUFACTURER	PART No	Per Assy.
R231	000104	100k 5% WW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R232	. 000332	3k3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R233	000226	22M5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	4 -
R234		NOT USED			_
R235		NOT USED			_
R236		NOT USED			-
R237		NOT USED	•		-
R238	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R239	000102	Ik 5% 1/4W CARBON	•	CR25	-
			+ =		
	1		•		Maria and a second
ANI.	- 090050	3K3 S.I.P NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1-R3.3K	1
AN2.	030042-1	R-2R LADDER NETWORK	ERIE	1,6	
	0.200 12	TAPER ENDOES HET WORK	,	<b>†</b>	<u> </u>
	· <del>!</del>	<b>+</b>	•	<u> </u>	
A second of the	ţ	*	†	†	
	•	<u>†</u>	+	†	
	<del> </del>	† · · · · ·	+	†	
		- <del> </del>	•		
		†	†		
<u> </u>				KIDE 25	13
Cl	150020	10HF 20% 25V DIP TANT	T	7	- 15
<u>C2</u> C3	150020	10HF 20% 25V DIP TANT		C280 AE PIOK	2
NOTES.	1,10003	JOHF 20 76 250V POLIESIER	MOLLAND	DATE A I	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. 1000 For Aur.
C4	150020	LONE 20% 25V DE TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE 25	-
<u>C5</u>	101103	100F 25% 25 OV CER DISC	ITT	CDI0	6
<b>C6</b>	150020	104F 20% 25Y DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	
<b>C</b> 7	150020	IONE " "	н и	м	
CB		NOT USED	1		
C9	* 140057-3	ZUF SEL LOW D.A. GREEN	DATRON (MMG)		1
C10	II <b>⊙04</b> 0	33nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
CU	11∞27	3300 PF 20% 100V POLYESTER.	WIMA	FK52-MIN	2
C12	120031	343F 10% GSV POLYCARB	ASHCROFT	A265321B	' 1
C13	102101	100pf 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	3
C14	150020	IONE 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K10E25	
C15	150020	IOHE "	· "	ч	
C16	102101	100 p F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	_
C17	102100	IOPF	ri •	10	. 1
CIB	150020	104F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE 25	
C19	150020	IOME " "	er e	1	
C20	1024.70	47pf 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	4
C21	102470	47pf 500V CERDISC		II.	
C22	102101	100 PF500V CER DISC	in .	11	
C23.	101103	0.01 MF 250V CER DISC	0	0	
C24	101103	0.0MF 250Y CER DISC	и	M. Marie Mar	_
C25	150020	104 F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	
C26	102471	470 F 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	2

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R93	000124	120K 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R <b>9</b> 4	000102	IK II II II		li .	_
R95	000106	IOM 10% " "	н	0	_
R96	Q11473	147K 1% 50ppm MF	HOLCO	нв	1
R97		NOT USED			_
R98		NOT USED			_
R99	<i>ර</i> රත 682	648 5% VAW CARBON	MULLARD.	CR25	-
RICO	ooo 682	6k8 " " " "	11	0	_
RIOI	000 271	270R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	C#25	4
R102	000 271	270R 11 11 11	•	н	_
R103	000271	270R " " "	<b>\</b>	ıl	_
R104	000151	150R " " #	1	н	1 ,
R105	000271	270R " " "	ı	h	† <del>-</del>
R106	○∞1 <b>00</b>	IOR " " k	1		
R107	∞0100	IOR H H	h	н	_
RIOB	090114-1	IOKBIH ATTEN SET	VISHAY		ISET
<u> 2109</u>	090114-1	10K8II4 " "	N .		
3110	090114-1	9K " "	h		_
2111	090114-1	lk " "			-
<u> </u>	000682	GKB 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
2113	000105	1M 10% 1/4W CARBON	TI .	tj	
R114	042214	2M21.1%100 pm CERMET FILM	ALLEN BRADLEY	TYPE CC	1
2115	041004	IM 1% 600 ppm CERMET FILM	li .	P	2
OTES  EE SHEET 2 FOR LATES  SS 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	EST ISSUF			G. 12.82  CRANN	SUE PCB

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	DN	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R116	000105	IM 5%	YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR 25	_
R117	000105	IM "	11 11	li i		
RIIA	000105	IM "	il ii	H.	.1	
RII9	008012	27K 2W	CARBON FILM	PIHER	М	2
RIZO	008012	27K "	11 •	11 .	11 .	_
R121	©80II	22K "	li 4	lı .	II .	*25
R122	008011	22K "	H in	п	u	-
R123	000473	47k 5%	1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	· ·	_
R124	000473	47k 5%	1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	ıı .	_
R125	000473	47k 5%	1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	и	_
R126	000104	100k 5%	1/4W CARBON	MULLARD		_
R127		NOT USE	D			_
R128	011001	Iko 1%	1/8W 50 ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R129	090111 -	100M 5%	THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG-	2
R130	000362	3K6 5%	6 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R131	000362	3K6 "	d q	u '	ıl	_
R132	000105	IM "	h II	"	II.	_
R133	000105	IM "	11 71	н	11	
R134	090111-	100M 5%		HOLCO	TFR2VE	_
R135	014643	464k 1%	,	HOLCO.	н8	ì
R136	04 1005	10M 1%	1/2W 10000 CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	cc	1
R137	043324			ALLEN BRADLEY	СС	1
RI38	000104		4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_

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1081 ANALOGUE ASSEMBLY.

DRAWING 400 503

6.12.82 DRAWN | .

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUF PART N	ACTURER'S	No. USED Per Assy.
70	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	1N45	8A	_
80	210082	COV2 400 MW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY	380	
P9	20000B	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	1049	ABA	
010	200008	11 H	li .	tr		_
DII	200008	n o b	<u>.</u> μ	h		_
DI2	2000001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	10414	15	_
<u> </u>	200001	н н	0			_
D14	200001	e u h	11	11		_
<u>D15</u>	200001	H H	· II	11		-
D16	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	1N49	8A	_
<b>∆</b> 17	200008	at it at	11	, "		_
DIB	210068	CGVB 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY	<b>38</b> C	4
D19	210068	, H H H	il.	14		-
<u>b20</u>	210068	H n u	"	"		-
<u>DZI</u>	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	11141	48	_
<u>D22</u>	210220	C2ZV 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	B2Y8	3 <b>8</b> C	2
D23	210220	n n	N .	и		_
D24	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	1N41	48	_
D25	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	1N45		_
D26	2කක්	at H H	II .	п		_
D27	200008	o 4	0	lı .		·-
D28	200008	at h	"			_
D29	200008	D b at	14			
NOTES.  SEE SHEET 2 FOR L  TOS  ECO	ATEST ISSUE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		DATE 6.12.82 DRANN,	1081 ANA	LOGUE PCB
BATE CHEE				DATE	DRAWING NUMBER 400 5	603 16 02

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
050	20005	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	IN45BA	_
D31	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	1N4I4B	_
D32	200001	ч и и	tı	H ,	_
<b>5</b> 20	200001	II is pl	П	II.	-
<b>b34</b>	200001	, 11 11 11	li	et.	-
250	210047	CAV7 400 MW ZENER	MULLARD	B2Y88C4V7	2
254	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	IN45BA	_
037	20000කි	it it it	11	н	
D38	200008	11 t <sub>1</sub>	0	И	
<b>P</b> Ed	210068	6V8 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88C6V8	-
D40	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	INAIAB	_
D41	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	114148	_
D42	200001	u n n		11	_
D43	200002	SI RECTIFIER IA.SOV.	MOTOROLA	1N4001	4
D44	200002	H H H h		11	
D45	200002	11 II to 12	N	li .	-
D46	200002	II II II 4	*	п	
<b>b4</b> 7		NOT USED			_
D48	200001	SIGEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	1N4I48	
D49	210200	CLOV 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZYBBC	2
D50	210100	CIOV 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY <del>SS</del> C	2
<b>D</b> 51	210100	N I	, 19	, A	
D52	210200	C20V 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	<b>82</b> /88C	
NOTES.  SEE SHEET 2 FOR L.  ISS. LCO DATE CHKO	ATEST ISSUE			CHECKED TITLE	ALOGUE PCB

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Por Assy.
R185	∞270	27R 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R186	000104	100K " * *	lı lı	н	-
RIB7	000222	-2K2 " " "	li	lt .	<u>-</u>
R188	COC 103	IOK " "	li li	n · · ·	-
RIB9	000103	JOK II II II	lı	ıl.	·   -
R190	000561	560R 1 " "	и	н	2
R191	000561	560R " " "	It.	u ·	
R192	000155	IM5 " " "	II	п .	1
R193	000273	27K " " "	Įr	н	1
R194	011213	IZIK 1% YOW M.F.	HOLCO	нв	1
R195	015112	51KI		a	1
R196	000223	22K 5% VAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R197	000222	2KZ 11 11 11	П	d .	_
R198	000181	180R " " "	11	и	ı
R199	<b>006</b> 007	IOR 5% 0.2W CARBON	MULLARD	CRIG	2
R200	000007	108 " " " "	11	н	
R201	000823	82k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R202	CO103	IOK " "	II .	в .	
R203	∞010 <del>4</del>	100K " " "	П	ft.	_
R204	000105	IM " " "	п	и	
R205	000105	IM a a	П	ч	
R206	000563	56K " " "	I •	li .	
R207	CO103	IOK " "	le .	Ц	
NOTES.	h.,				S (LECTROSSES LTD
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E.C.O DATE CHILD

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ECO DATE CHKD

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R208	000333	33K 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R209	000563	56K " " "	n .	ч	-
R210	000103	WK " "	0	н	-
R211	219020-1			-	
R212	219020-1				
R213	219020-1				_
R214	219020-1			-	
R215	219020 - 1				-
R216	219020 - 1				
R217		NOT USED			
R218	000102	IK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R219	000224	220K 5% VAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R220	000124	120K # # "		<u></u>	_
R221	000224	220K * " "			
R222	000 224	220K *	n .	••	
R223					
R224	012212	22kl 1% 18W 50hm MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R225	012212	22k1 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	_
R226	012212	22k1 1% 1/8W CARBON	HOLCO	H8C	
R227	000471	470 R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R228		NOT USED		W 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	_
R229		NOT USED			
R230		NOT USED			_

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1081 ANALOGUE PLB ASSEMBLY.

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GRAWING AUMBER 4-00503

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DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
240014	SI NPN	FAIRCHILD	BC537	2
250011	SI PNP		BC327	2
250011	SI PNP		н	
250001	SI PNP	1	BC 214.	4
240014	SI NPN		BC 337	
240001	SI NPN	•	BC184	6
240006	SI NPN	.,	2N3904	_
250004	SI PNP	10	2N3906	1
240001	SI NPN	1 "	BC184	_
240001	SI NPN		BC184	
250001	SI PNP		BC21A	
230031	LOW LEAKAGE DUAL FET	TELEDYNE	502656 M	
230031	d to the	и	ч	_
230031	a u u u	n ·	1,	
230055	N-CHAN I LIM 430MA	и	TCR502	1
240001	SI NPN	FAIRCHILD	BC184	
240001	SI NPN	_ "	11	_
250001	SI PNP	u .	BC214	_
240001	SI NPN	11	BC184	
250001	Si PNP	•	BC214	_
	N-CHAN I LIM 5-3 mA	TELEDYNE	TCR513	2
230047	11 11 11	"	h	
ATEST ISSUE			DRAWN IL. TITLE	ANALOGUE PCE
			CHECKED	ASSEMBLY
	PART No  240014  250011  250001  250001  240001  240001  240001  250001  230031  230031  230031  230001  240001  240001  250001  250001  250001  230047  230047	PART No  240014	PART No  240014  51 NPN  FAIRCHILD  250011  51 PNP  250001  51 PNP  24001  51 NPN  240001  51 NPN  240000  51 NPN  240001  51 NPN  240001  51 NPN  240001  51 NPN  250001  51 NPN  250001  51 NPN  250001  51 NPN  41 H  43001  230031  41 H  41 H  43000  240001  51 NPN  FAIRCHILD  71 H  72 H  72 H  73 H  74 H  75 H  75 NPN  76 H  77 H  77 H  78	PART No

No. USED DESIGNATOR DATRON DESCRIPTION PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER'S MANUFACTURER PART No. Per Assv. MI 220030 HI SPEED OPTO SELECTED HP4351 (RED) DUAL OPTO ISOLATOR 6 M2 220017 -2 FAIRCHILD FCD880 NOT USED M3 2 220029 HI SPEED OPTO SELECTED DATRON HP4351 (WHITE) M4 M5 220029 (RED) **\*** 220**030** M6 1 FCD 880/50 CTR 50 CTR DUAL OPTO ISOLATOR FAIRCHILD M7 220023-2 220017 - 2 M8 M9 220017 - 2 \_ 220017-2 MIO 220017 - 2 MII DUAL 4 1/P NAND MC14012 BCP 280075 MOTOROLA MI2 MC14076 BCP 4 MOTOROLA MI3 280015 QUAD LATCH M14 280015 260029 NATIONAL LM311 HC M15 VOLTAGE COMPARATOR F40014 BPC 280082 FAIRCHILD HEX INVERTER MIG MC14071 BCP QUAD 2 1/P OR GATE ١ MOTOROLA MI7 280079 3 MC14011 BCP 280008 QUAD 2 VP NAND GATE MIB н и с д PIM 280008 MC14076BCP M20 280015 QUAD LATCH. M21 280015 OP27 OP AMP PMI M22 OP27FZ 260065 M23 NOT USED NOTES ALTERNATIVE HP4351 (220018) datron ELECTRONICS LTD 6.12.82 DRAWN IL SEE SHEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE 1081 ANALOGUE PCB 156 ASSEMBLY. ECO

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No., USED Per Assy.
C27	130073	INF 5% 160V POLYSTYRENE	SUFLEX	HSC100/5-10/160	2
C28	101103	IONF 25% 250V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C29	101103	10nF 25% 250V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C30	110005	IONF 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE PIOK	
C31	130073	INF 5% 160V POLYSTYRE	E SUFLEX	HSC1000/5-10/160	
C32	110042	100mF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	1
C33	110013	0-14F 10% 250 V POLYESTER	MULLARD	CZBOAE/PIOOK	7
C 34	110035	220nf 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	1
C35	120016	2n2F 20% 100V POLYCARB	WIMA	FKC 2MIN.	1
C36		NOT USED	<u> </u>		
C37	110013	O-JUF 10% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280 AE / P100K	
C38	102102	InF 10% 500V CER DISC		CDIO	2
<u>C3</u> 9	440066	PART OF KIT	DATRON		-
C40	440066	PART OF KIT	DATRON		1
C41	440066	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· •		
C42	110013	O. JUF 10% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280 AE / PIOOK	
C43	150020	104F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOEZ5	
<u>C44</u>	150020	IOME " "		ır	_
C45	180006	474 25V ALELECT	MULLARD	016 - 16479	2
C46	180006	47µF 25V		rt	
C47	180022	33µF 40V		016 - 17339	2
C48	180022	334F 40V	<u> </u>	U	_
C49	180024	IONE G3V AL ELECT	MULLARD	PO181-310	2
NOTES  SEE SHEET / FOR LA	TEST ISSUE				ALOGUE POE

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
C50	180024	IONE GOV AL.ELECT	MULLARD	016-18109	-
C51	101103	IONF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	<b>20</b> 1	
C52	110017	O-027 F 10% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE/P22K	
C53	102332	3-3F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	2
C54	102332	3x3F 500V	et.	и	
C 55	440066	PART OF KIT	DATRON.		
C56	150016	JUF 20% 35V DIPTANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIROE35	1
C57	130064	22 OPF 25% IGOY BLYSTYPENE	SUFLEX	HS 220/2 12 -7/160	1
C58	110027	3300 PF 20% 100V PENESTER	WIMA	FKS 2-MIN	
C59	150020	190F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	
C60	102222	2n2F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	
C61		NOT USED	•		ļ <u>-</u>
C62	110013	100 F 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE PIOOK	ļ <u>-</u>
C <b>6</b> 3	110013	100nF 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE P100k	· -
C64	102102	Inf 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	ļ — —
C65	110013	,100nF 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE PIOOK	
C66	110013	100nF 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280 A E Plook	+
DI	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	22
∆2	210056	. C5VG 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY 88C5V6	<u>Z</u>
D3	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	1N458A	
D4	210056	C5VG 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY 88C5V6	-
24	200001	SI GEN. PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	22
D6	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	; IN458A	
NOTES  SEE SHEET 2 FOR L  ISS  ECD	ATEST ISSUE	1		DRAWN   . TITLE	SEMBLY

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No.: USED Per Assy.
53	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A.	_
D54	200008	• H	li .	и	_
<u> </u>	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	li .	INAMB	-
D56	200001	# H H	ii .	ц	
057		NOT USED		4	
058		NOT USED			
D59	219020-1	ZENER REFERENCE SET			
<b>DG</b> O	219020-1	и и , ее			
DG1	219020-1	и и	1.0		
DG2	219020-1				
<b>DG</b> 3	200001	SIGEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD-	INAIAB	
064	1	NOT USED	The second secon	lia-lia-	
DG-5		NOT USED			
DGG	2000000	SI LOW LEAKAGE	FARCHILD	IN458A	
D67	200008	n 11 h	n	"	
D68	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	0	IN4148	
D69	200001	SI GEN. PURPOSE	"	IN4148	
070	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	TI	IN4148	
<u> </u>	210047	447 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	8ZY88C4V7	
072	200001	SI GEN PURPOSE	FAIRCHILD	IN4 148	
The second secon					
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CARD -	+ -+ +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		400	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
<u> </u>	230001	N CHAN CURRENT LIM	SILICONIX	E506	2
Q2	250008	51 P.N.P.	FAIRCHILD	BC 214C	2
Q3	250008	SI P.N.P.	FAIRCHILD	BC 214 C	
Q4	230001	N CHAN CURRENT LIM	SILICONIX	E 50%	
Q5	_2 <b>3</b> 0027 <b>-</b> 1	LOW LEAKAGE N-FET	TELEDYNE	03114	7
a6	230027-1			•	
Q7	, 23 <u>0</u> 027-1	. "	u	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Q <del>C</del>	2 <b>3</b> 0027 <b>-</b> 1	•	. 11		
ලව	230027-1		, ,	- + · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
QID.	230027-1	11		- D	+
QII	230027-1	0	H	ti di	
QI2	230031	N-CHAN DUAL JEET	· It	SU2656M	+
QI3	,230002	N-CHAN J FET	TELE DYNE		4
014	, 230002		"	U1954E	- 6
Q15	. 230002	. "	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	†	+ - =
Q16	, 230002	ti ii			+
Q17	4	NOT USED	•		
<b>218</b>	230002	N- CHAN J-FET	TELEDYNE	U(984E	
212	230002	11	"	D(354E	
220	240006	SI NPN	FAIRCHILD		
(	240006		,	2N 3904	5_
<u>.                                    </u>	240006		+	- +	
223	240006		!		

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL	MANUFACTURER'S	No. USED
	PART No.		MANUFACTURER	PART No.	Per Assy.
	611004	SCREW M3 x 6 mm POZI PAN	GKN	ZINC PLATED	3
	_ 613005	WASHER MS INT/SHAKEPROOFS	GKN	rt 17	1
	615002	NUT M3 FULL HEX STEEL		11 11	- 1
-	617010	NYLATCH PLUNGER HN3P	RICHCO	HN3P-32-4-1	7
	617011	" GROMMET HN3G	pt.	HN3G-32-1	7
	620005	CLOVERLEAF PIFE TERM.	SEALECTRO	FTE 15 P20	8
MAN	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	30
	620003	SOLDER POB TERMINAL LUG	HARWIN	H2105A	5
	630036	STANDARD STEATITE INSUL BEAD		TYPE Nº1 (18 5WB)	8
· .	615005	NUT 3-48 UNC FULL HEY STEE			1
	613014	WASHER M2.5 INT SHAKEPROOF	F GKN DISTRIBUTORS.	ZINC PLATED	1
	613029	M3 CRINKLE WASHER SS			- 2
	450383-1	DIODE HEATSINK BLOCK	•		2
	900003	HEATSINK COMPONENT	RS	554-311	A/R
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R47	012743	274k 1% 1/8W 50Hm MF	HOLCO	H8C	
₹48	041004	IM 1% 1/2W 100 hm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	СС	2
249	011002	10k0 1% 18W 50hm M/F	HOLCO	нвс	2
R 50	063104	100k POT 3/8 SQ. CERMET	BECKMAN	72 P	2
251	090111-	100M 5% THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG	
R.52	080049-1	25k .1% 3 hbm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG-	
R53	080039	3ko 1 % 10 pm M. FOIL	VISHAY	VSRCI	1
RS4	080040	1k5 -1% 10pm M. FOIL	VISHAY	VSRCI	
RSS	080041	750R -1% 50ppm M. FOIL	VISHAY	VSRCI	11
 R56	080042	375R -1% 50/m M FOIL	VISHAY	YSRC1	1
R57	000182	IK8 5% /4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	4
R5%	000151	ISOR 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	<u> </u>
R59	000752	7k5 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R60	000478	4R7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R61	063200	20R POT 3/8 50 CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	
R62	063100	IOR POT % SQ. CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	1
R63	000100	IOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	. 3
R64	012003	200k 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R65	000124	120k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	<u> </u>
R66	000332	3k3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	4
R67	000332	3k3 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R68	000332	3k3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R <del>69</del>	000103	IOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	<u> </u>
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Edition Services	Page	sate Hill	TACIPA JANUFA JUFB	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	Nei USED Per Assy
R70	080045-1	5k5 .01% 3 m M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	. <del>-</del>
R71	000331	330R 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R72	000680	GBR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R73	000562	5k6 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R74	080045-	5k5 .01% 3/m M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	
R75	080044-1	4k9925 .01% 3 bbm M.FOI	LVISHAY	SEE DRG	1
R76	014 991	4k99 1% 1/8W 5000 MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R77	090111	100M 5% THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG-	
R78	000182	IK8 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R79	000752	7k5 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R80	000471	470R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R81	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R82	000475	4M7 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1 1
R83	000332	3k3 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R84	000103	IOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R85	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R86	013323	332k 1% 1/8W 50pm MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R87	011503	150k 1% 1/8W 50pm MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R88	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R89	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S	
R <del>9</del> 0	000182	IK8 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R9I	000101	IOOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R92	000221	2208 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_

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1081 AC PCB ASSY

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy
M24	220017 - 2	DUAL OPTO ISOLATOR	FAIRCHILD	FCD880	_
M25	260022	LINEAR IC OP AMP	NATIONAL	LF 355	2
M26	29007B	4016 SWITCH SELECTED	DATRON	MC14016BCL (WHITE)	- 1
M27	280008	QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE	(1	MC14011 BCP	
M28	280044	BINARY UP/DOWN COUNTE	K "	MC14516 BCP	
M29	280011	DUAL D FUP-FLOP	pt	MC14013 BCP	1
M30	260053	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL 7650 CPD	1
M31.	260067	II OP AMP	NATIONAL	LMIICLH	1
M32	260066	II OP AMP	NATIONAL	LMIICN	1
M33	260002	4 4	FAIRCHILD	VA 741 HC	2
M34	260013		NATIONAL	LF 356	1
M35	290081	4051 MUX SELECTED	DATRON	M14051 BCL (WHITE)	f
M36	560005	741 OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	A 741 HC	_
M37	NOT USED				_
M38	NOT USED				
M39	26 00 27	714 OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	MA714HC	2
M40	260027	714 OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	м A714 HC	_
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S	No. 'USED For Any.
RLI	330016 - 1	RELAY 2P2W 7V HOLD-IN	AMF	SEE DRAWING	1
RL2	330027-A	RELAY IPEW MINIATURE	TAKAMISAWA	MZ12HS <b>C</b>	)
	400379/1	WIRE/TERMINAL ASSY			7
	400379/2				4
	410216-1	P.C.B.			
	459112 - 2	RELAY BRACKET	KDP		ļ i i i
	540002	22 SWG. TIMMED COPPER WIRE			A/R
	54000%	7/-2 PTFE INSULATED WHITE	FWIRE.		165-
	<b>5900</b> 01	SLEEVE. MAX CABLE & 3.0	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	H15 × 20 BLK HELSYN	5
J3	571075/C	16 WAY ANSM RIBBON CABLE	DATRON		1
	602001		MOLEX	02-04-1875	8
12, 4, 5	605002	IG WAY DIL SOCKET	JERMYN	A23-2001/Y	3
	605060	14 WAY DIL SOCKET	ASTRALIX	ICL 143 - 53T	8
	605061	16 WAY DIL SOCKET		ICL 143 - 56T	11
11 ¢ 16	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MOLEX	22-01- 2085	2
	605059	BWAY DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX	ICL-083-56T	6
	606005	CLIP FOR GOSCO2	ANTIFERENCE	RC - 74	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R139	011822	18k2 1% Vaw 50ppm MF	HOTCO	н <b>8</b> С	2
R140	014321	4k32 1% Vaw 50 m MF	Holco	H8C	<u> </u>
R141	041824	IMB2 1% 12W 100pm MF	Holco	H8C	<u>l'</u>
R142	080043-	Ik 1% 3 pm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	
R143	080048-	IOKI 1% 3 ppm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	<u> </u>
R144	080051-	Illk .1% 3 ppm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	1
R145		NOT USED			
R146	080062	IM .1% 5 pm M.FILM	VTM	MAR7-TIG-IM- 0.1%	1
R147	000101	100R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R148	063104	100k POT 3/8 SQ. CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	_
R149	011822	18k2 1% 18w 50 pm MF	HOLCO	HBC	
RISO	000100	IOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R151	000100	IOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R152	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R153	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R154	013320	332R 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	. H&C	<u> </u>
RISS	041004	IM 1% 1/2 W 100 pm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	cc	
R156	019768	97RG 1% /8W 5011 MF	Holco	H8C	
RIS7	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	. i
RIS8	090111-	100M 5% THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG	<u>'</u>
RIS9	000241	240R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R160	012001	2k00 1% 18W 50 m MF	HOLCO	H&C	l
RIGI	000101	100R 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
Ng November 1	21.X - 214.1		¢	22.12.82 datro	PCB ASS
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8168	012151	2k15 1% 1/8W 50pm MF	HoLco	H8C	1
2163	000912	9kl 5% 4w CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
2164	014750	475R 1% /8W 50ppm MF	HoLco	H8C	
2165	000104		MULLARD	CR25	
R166	015620	562R 1% 1/8W 50 m MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R167	080052-	277k . 1% 3 ppm M. FOIL		SEE DRG	4
श68	080052-	277k -1% 3 pm M. FOIL		SEE DRG	<u> </u>
R 169	080052-	277k .1% 3 pm M. FOIL		SEE DRG	_
R170	080052-	277k -1% 3 pm M FOIL	•	SEE DRG	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCH	RIPTION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI	000824	820k		1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD .	CR25	1
RZ	000103	lOk	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	10
R3	000 473	47k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R4	000223	22k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	4
Rs	080045-1	5k5	.01%	3ppm	M.FOIL	VISHAY .	SEE DRG-	4
R6	000223	55k	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R7	000473	47k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R8	000154	150k,	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R9	000103	lok	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
RIO	000333	33k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
RII	000105	IM	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	6
RIZ	000103	lok -	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R13	000155	IM5	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R14	000105	IM	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
RIS	000333	33k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
RIC	000333	33 k	5%	'4w	CARBON	MULLARD	CR <b>25</b>	_
R17	000103	lok	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R18	011001	Ikoo	1%	1/8W 5	50ppm MF	HOLCO	нвс	2
R19	011001	lkoo	1%	1/8W 5	50ppm MF	HOLCO	HBC	_
R2o	000223	22k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R21	000102	lk	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R22	000473	47k	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R23	000 101	100R	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S	6

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPT ON	THE THE IPAL SEMESTER ACTUALS	MANUFACTURER'S	No USED Per Assy.
R24	000562	5k6 5% 1/4 W CARBON	MULLARD	<b>⊂R25</b>	2
R25	000122	Ik2 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R26	000102	Ik 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R27		FSV			ı
R28	290026	RMS KIT	DATRON	SEE DRG	KIT
2 <del>29</del>	000120	12R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
330	090111-1	100M 5% THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG	4
R31	000331	330R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R32	012743	274k 1% 1/8W 5066m MF	HOLCO	H8C	2
<b>U33</b>	011003	100k 1% 18W 50 pm MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R34	290026	RMS KIT	DATRON	SEE DRG	_
R35	000221	220R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	5
R <b>36</b>	000680	GBR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R37	000271	270R 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
238	000271	270R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
<u>명9</u>	000224	220k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	l
840	000104	look 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	10
<del>141</del>	000103	lok 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R42	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
243	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S	
244	042674	2MG7 1% 1/2W 100Hm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	cc	1
<b>?45</b>	016811	6k81 Yow 50pm MF	HOLCO	HSC	1
₹46	012742	27k4 1% 18W 50hm MF	HOLCO	HBC	1
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
C47	102278	2p7F ± .5pF 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C48	110035	220 F 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKS2	2
C49	110035	220 of 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKS2	
C50	102100	10 F 5% 500V CER DISC		CDIO	
250 C51	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKS2	
C25	110042	100 AF 20% GBY POLYESTER		MKSZ	
C53	110042	100 F 20% GSV POLYESTER		MKSZ	
C54	101103	IONE 25% 250V CER DISC		CDIO	
C55	110042	100 AF 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKS2	
C56	110042	100nF 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKS2	
C <b>5</b> 7	130082	680 F 1% 30V POLYSTYRENE	•	HS	
C59	110042	100AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	_ MKS2	
C <b>5</b> 9	102470	47pf 5% 500V CER DISC		CDIO	1
C60	102102	Inf 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C61	110042	100 F 20% 63V POLYESTER		MKSZ	-
Ces	140058-	150 F × 2 MATCHED SET	DATRON	SEE DRG	_
C63	101103	100F 25% 250V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C64	150020	100 F 20% 25V DIP TANT		KIOE25	
-C65	140057 -	10nF 1/2% 125V SILV. MICA		SEE DRG	, 1
C66	110042	100 F 20% 63V POLYESTER		WKS5	
C <b>67</b>	14 0056-	Inf 1/2% 300V GLASS	DATRON	SEE DRG	. 1
C68	110026	6.8F 20% 100V POLYESTER		FKS 2	. 1
C69	140055-	91 % % 500V GLASS	DATRON	SEE DRG	1

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	1081 AC PCB ASSY
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70	130025	22 PF + IPF 160V POLYSTYPENE SUFLEX	HS	. 1
71 71	102330	33 pf 5% 500V CER DISC ITT	CDIO	. 1
71 72	110042	100 F 20% 63V POLYESTER WIMA	MKS2	
73	150001	22 MF 20% IGV DIP TANT UNION CARBIDE	K22EIG	<u>_</u>
-	120024	GUSF 10% G3V POLYCARB ASHCROFT	A2B682IB	. 3
74	120024	648F 10% 63V POLYCARB ASHCROFT	A2B6821B	_
75 	120024	648F 10% 63V POLYCARB ASHCROFT	AZBIOSIB	
76		220 F 10% IKV POLYCARB SUFLEX	SN1380	1
77	120001	136F 5% 500V GLASS ELECTROSIL	CYFMIO	1
78 	140031	1001 0/8 0001 44111	TETFER VPC	3
79	140008	1071 1161 [[611010-15]	CDO8	1
<b>:8</b> 0	102338		CYFMIO	2
:81	140023	20pr 2/8 300V G2A33	TETFER VPC	_
:82	140008	TOPE IN TRAINING	CYFMIO	1
83	140039	13pr 3/8 5500 and 100	TETFER VPC	_
84	140008	IOPT IN TRIMINAL	CYFMIO	-
<b>.8</b> 5	140023	copr cy, out and all the contract	KIÓE25	_
86	150020	TAUT TO TAUT THE CARRIDE	KIOE25	_
87	150020	THE THE PLANT THE MANUAL CAPPINE	KIOEI6	2
:88	150002	100F 20% 16V DIP TANT UNION CARBIDE	KIOEIG	† · · · · = · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
289	150002	10, F 20% IGY DIP TANT UNION CARBIDE	CDIO	
C <b>9</b> 0	101103	IONF 25% 250V CER DISC ITT	KIOE25	
<b>291</b>	150020	10 UF 20% 25V DIP TANT UNION CARBIDE		- + - ;
೨೭	130074	GO F TIPF IGY POLYSTYRENE SUFLEX	HS	
NOTES.	ATEST ISSUE		22.12.82 dat	
SEE SHEET 2 FOR LA	11231 13302		CHECKED 1081	AC PCB ASS

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R93	000221	220R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R94	011002	loko 1% 18W 50 m MF	HOLCO	H8C	-
R95	000272	2k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R96	000272	2k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R97	080047-1	lok .01% 3 m M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	1
R98	080045 - 1	5k5 .01% 3hm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	-
R99	000101	IOOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R100	000335	3M3 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
RIOI	063105	IM POT 36 SO CERMET	BECKMAN	72P	
R102	000225	2M2 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R103	012001	2k00 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	носсо	H8C	4
R104	012001 -	2k00 1% 1/8W 50/m	HOLCO	H8C	
R105	000221	220R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R106	000104	IOOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R107	013923	392k 1% 18W 50bbm MF	HOLCO	H&C	2
R108	013923	392k 1% 1/8W 5016m MF	Holco	H&C	
R109	000472	4k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
RIIO	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
RIII	000223	22k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R112	011053	105k 1% 18W 50hm MF	HOLCO	H&C	2
RII3	011053	105k 1% 18W 50ppm MF	Holco	H8C	
R114	000104	look 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
RIIS	000222	2k2 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
NOTES  SEE SHEET 2 FOR LA	Afesa issuu		ORA CHE	22.12.82 datror  NOTICE 1081 AC	PCB ASSY

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE HAS MANUFACTURES	MANULACTURER'S PART No.	No USED Per <b>Ass</b> y.
R116	000752	7ks 5% 4w CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
RII7	000680	GBR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R 118	000221	220R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R119	063204	200k POT 3/8 SQ. CERMET	BECKMAN	72P.	1
2120	000274	270k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
2121	080043-1	lk . 1% 3ppm M. FoIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	2
R122	080046-1	9k · 1% 3ppm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	
R123	000103	lok 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R124	048253	825k 1% 1/2W 100ppm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	cc	1
R125	012001	2k00 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	Holco	H8c	1
2126	000102	IK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
2127	000682	618 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
2128	000101	IOOR 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
2129	000331	330R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R130	000182	IK8 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
2131	080050-1	62k6 · 1% 36pm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	2
2132	080050-1	62k6 · 1% 3 ppm M. FOIL	VISHAY	SEE DRG	_
?133	000330	33R 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
2134	000103	lok 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
2135	000103	IOK 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	· <b>-</b>
2136	018251	BKZS 1% YOW SOHOM MF	HOLCO	H <b>8</b> C	. 1
R137	018252	82k5 1% 1/8W 5000 MF	HoLco	H8C	1 .
138	011823	182k 1% 18W 50bbm MF	Holco	HBC	1

DRAWING 400504

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
CI	150020	104F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIO E 25	9
CS	150020	10 F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIO E 25	
C3	102101	100 F 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	3
C4	110042	100 AF 20% GBV POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	25
c5	120018	INSF 10% 63V POLYCARB	ASHCROFT	A2B1521B	2
C6	110042	100AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C7	110042	100 nf 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	_
c8	110042	100nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C9	102 101	100 F 10% 500V CER DISC	ודן	CDIO	_
CIO	150020	IQUE 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	_
CII	150020	100F 20% 25V DIP TANT		KIOE 25	
CIZ	150020	10 F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	
CIS	110042	100nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C14	101103	IONF 25% 250V CER DISC	•	CDIO	5
C15	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C16	110042	100 AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C17	110042	100AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKSZ	
C18	102121	120 F 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	1
C19	110042	100 AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
CZO	110042	100 AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
C21	110042	100AF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKSZ	
C22	120018	1.5F 10% 63V POLYCARB	•	A281521B	_
C23	102102	Inf 10% 500V CER DISC	•	CDIO	2
NOTES	ATECT ISSUE			28.12.82 Date  38 ANN.	C PCB ASSY

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PARE No.	Control of Marie Control	PROMOTAL MANUS ACTURES	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	Nr. USED Per Assy.
C24	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKSZ	
C25	101103	10AF 25% 250V CER DISC	: ITT	CDIO	
26	102101	100 F 10% 500V CER DISC	: 177	CDIO	_
C27	102680	68 F 5% 500V CER DIS	C ITT	CDIO	
C28	150004	100 F 20% 6V3 DIP TAN	UNION CARBIDE	K100 E6v3	
C29	110042	100nF 20% 63V POLYESTE	R WIMA	MKS2	
C <b>3</b> 0	110013	100 nF 20% 250V POLYESTE	R MULLARD	C280 AE PIOOK	1
CBI	102 150	15 F 5% 500Y CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	. 2
C32	102150	15F 5% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	
C33	102478	467F + 56F 500V CER DIS	CITT	CD08	2
C <b>34</b>	102478	4 17 + + 5 1 500V CER DISC	C, ITT	CD08	
C35	102228	262F + - 56F 500V CER DISC	c ITT	CD08	1
C <b>36</b>	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTE	R WIMA	MKS2	
C <b>3</b> 7	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKS2	
238	150023	عبر33 %F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K33E25	
C <b>39</b>	130065	In8F 1% 63V POLYSTYREN	E SUFLEX	HS 1800/1 - 10/63	2
<b>240</b>	130065	INSF 1% 63V POLYSTIREN	SUFLEX	HS1800/1 - 10/63	
C41	130082	680 F 1% 30V POLYSTYREN	SUFLEX	HS	2_
C42	102108	ILF 1.5 F 500V CER DISC	ודו	C <b>DO6</b>	
C <b>43</b>	130070	B F + 5 F 160V POLYSTYRENE	SUFLEX	HS	ع
244	140058-1	ISOF X 2 MATCHED SET	DATRON	SEE DRG	
245	110042	100 nF 20% 63V POLYESTER	WIMA	MKs2	_
246	130070	13 F + I F IGOV POLYSTYRENE	SUFLEX	HS13/1-7/160	_

DRAWING NUMBER 400504 II OF 19

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PHINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy
Q15	250011	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC327/TOI8	
Q16	230003	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U1899 JF	
Q17	250004	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3906/	7
-₹.! <i>7</i> Ω18	230027-1	N CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U3114 JF	_
عامد کارع	230027-1	N CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U3114 JF	
Peo Peo	230002	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U1994 JF	2
	230056	N-CHAN JET	SILICONIX	J212	1
Oss Osi	240013	SI NON TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC184C / TO18	
Q23	230003	N-CHAN UFET	TELEDYNE	U1899 JF	
•	230000	NOT USED	•	₩	
Q24 Q25	250004	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3906/TOI8	_
Q 25	240004	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	- 2N3904 / TOI8	1
Q <i>z</i> e	250011	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC327 / TOIS	_
Q27 Q27	230042	N-CHAN I LIM 3.0 mA	TELEDYNE	TCR510	_
Q28 @25	230003	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U1899JF	_
Q29 020	230003	NOT USED	,	•	_
Q30	230002	N-CHAN JET	TELEDYNE	U1994 JF	<u> </u>
Q31	230035	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U1897 JF	3
Q32 O	230035	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U1897 JF	-
Q33		N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	и1897JF	· –
Q34	230035	N-CHAN I LIM 750 MA	TELEDYNE	TCR 504	1
Q35	230058			U404	. 1
<b>Q36</b>	230031	N-CHAN DUAL JEET	SILICONIX	<b>0</b> +0+	•

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MI	280015	QUAD D-TYPE LATCH	MOTOROLA	MC14076 BCP	3
M2	260050	412 DUAL BIFET OF AMP	NATIONAL	LF 412 CN	2
мз	260028	1458 DUAL OF AMP	FAIRCHILD	JUA 1458 CTC	1
M4	260063	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL7650 CTV	4
Ms	280015	QUAD D-TYPE	MOTOROLA	MC14076 BCP	-
M6	280015	QUAD D-TYPE	MOTOROLA	MC14076 BCP	_
M7	280011	DUAL D FLIP FLOP	MOTOROLA	MC14013 BCP	2
M8	280011	DUAL D FLIP FLOP	MOTOROLA	MCI4013 BCP	_
M9	260063	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL 7650 CTV	
MIO	260063	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL 7650 CTV	-
MII	290026	RMS KIT	DATRON	SEE DRG	i
MIZ	270059	7 x DARLINGTON DRIVER	SPRAGUE / EXAR	ULN 2004 A XR 2204 CP	1
МіЗ	260065	OP27 OP AMP	PMI	OP27 FZ	1
Mi4	260027	714 OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	. A 714 HC	2
M15	280116	DUAL 4 CHAN AN MUX	SILICONIX	DG 509 CJ	2
MIG	260050	412 DUAL BIFET OF AMP	NATIONAL	LF 412 CN	_
MI7	280116	DUAL 4 CHAN AN MUX	SILICONIX	DG 509 CJ	-
MIB	290066	FREQ. SENSITIVE SWITCH	CONSUMER MICROCIRCUITS	FX30IL	2
MI9	290066	FREQ SENSITIVE SWITCH	CONSUMER MICROCIRCUITS	FX301L	-
MSO	260027	714 OP AMP	FAIRCHILD	MA714 HC	-
MZI	260063	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL 7650 CTV	<u> </u>
MSS	260047	2627 OP AMP	HARRIS	HA32627-5	1

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
DI	200001	75mA 75V GP SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	. 2
DS	210100	IOV 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88C10	3
D3	210100	IOV 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88CIO	
D4	200008	200mA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	10
DS	200001	75mA 75v GP Si DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	_
D6	200008	200 mA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	
D7	200008	200 MA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	_
D8	210120	12V 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88CI2	3
D9	210120	12V 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88C12	
DIO	220010	SI HOT CARRIER DIODE	HP	HSCH1001 / IN6263	3
DII	210100	IOV 400 mW ZENER	MULLARD	8ZY88CIO	
DIS	220010	SI HOT CARRIER DIODE	НР	HSCH1001 / IN6263	
DI3	220010	SI HOT CARRIER DIODE	НР	HSCH1001 / 1NG263	
DI4	220036	DUAL 500 F VARICAP DIODE	MULLARD	BB212	1
DIS	200008	200 mA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	<del>-</del>
DIG	213011	IVS 250mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZV46-1V5	<u> </u>
D17	200008	200mA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	
D <b>/8</b>	200008	200 mA 125V LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	
Pi en	210120	12V 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88CI2	
DZO	210110	IIV 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88CII	2
DSI	210110	IIV 400mW ZENER	MULLARD	BZY88 CII	
DZZ	200008	200mA 125V LL Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	<u> </u>
D23	200008	200 m A 125V LL SI DIODE		IN458A	
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an ana stagita a 1984	TATH T FAREN	40.	e garan Wasan Action	MANUFA: 'RER'S PAR' N.	No. USU) Per Assy
24	200008	200mA 125V LL.Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	-
25	200008		FAIRCHILD	IN458A	
026	220020	FET DIODE 1004A IR	TELEDYNE	PADIOO/INSUL'D CASE	·
-					_
	•				
•				•	
					-
· Mark	•				
		N-CHAN CURRENT LIM 1:44	TELEDYNE	TCR 506	3
<u>)</u>	230001	N-CHAN CURRENT LIM 1-4mA		TCR 506	_
12	230001	N-CHAN UFET	TELEDYNE	U3114JF	3
23	230027-1	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC184C/TO18	2
<b>14</b> <b>~</b>	240013 240006	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC3904 / TOI8	3
96 195	250004	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3906/TOI8	4
<u>የ</u> ም ያ7	230042	N-CHAN I LIM 3.0mA	TELEDYNE	TCR510	3
₹ <i>'</i>  }8	230003	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	UI899JF	4
र <i>॰</i> २९	250011	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC327 / TO18	3
Sio Sio	230001	N-CHAN CURRENT LIM 1-4ma	TELEDYNE	TCR 506	_
Qu	250008	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC214C / TO18	1
Dis Sis	250004	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3906/TO18	-
P18	240006	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC3904 / TOI8	
314	23 0042	N-CHAN I LIM 3.0mA	TELEDYNE	TCR510	
NOTES.  SEE SHEET 2 FOR LA	ATEST ISSUE	ļ ·		DRAWN   L	PCB. ASSY

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI	090107-1	5k0 0.1% WIRE WOUND	MANN	MATCHED SET. (RIAR	
R2	090001	P.T.C. THERMISTOR	MULLARD	VA 8650	2
R3	090107 - 1	IMO 01% WIRE WOUND	MANN		
R4		NOT USED			-
R5		NOT USED			-
R6	000332	3K9 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
R7	000106	IOM " " "	11	11	3
RB	019761	9K7G 1% 50ppm M.F.	HOLCO	нв	11
R9	090001	P.T.C. THERMISTOR	MULLARD	VA-8650	_
RIO	000223	22k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	2
RII	000106	IOM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
	000563	56K " " - "	11	Н	3
R12	000563	56K		н	
R13 R14	000151	IPOR " " "	м	u	ı
	011502	15k0 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R15	011212	12k1 " " "	11	li .	1
RIG	000273	27k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
R17	090111-	100M " THICK FILM	HOLSWORTHY	SEE DRG-	1
RIB RID	000104	JOOK " 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	7
	000104	100k " " "	1 "	n .	_
R20	000104	100k 11 11 11	II.	II .	-
R21	000104	2K2.5% 1/4W CARBON	1	u u	2
R22		390R" " "	11.	ıı.	l l
NOTES CARCUIT	000391			DATE	
CHECK PROCE CHECK LIST. SEE SHEET 2 FOR I	DURE = 460505 # 470505 LATEST ISSUE			8.12.82 datron	
E.C.O —	1 2 1464 . 1500 31.3 83 16.5.63			AFFROVED RWF DATE 31-3-83  CHECKED LOCATION ASSY  DATE 31-3-83	SMEET

DESIGNATION	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R24	070160 - 2	57k33 ·1% lppm WW	MANN	SEE DRG	1
R25	070161 - 2	573k3 .1% 1ppm WW	MANN	SEE DRG	1
R26	063104	100k POT CERMET	BECKMANN	72 P	!
R27		NOT USED			
R28	000105	IM 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	3
RZS	070159 - 2	5k733 1% 1ppm WW	MANN	SEE DRG-	1
R30	070158 - 2	1k274 ·1% 1ppm WW	MANN	SEE DRG-	2
R31	070158-2	1k274 ·1% 1ppm WW	u	SEE DRG-	
R32	000473	47k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CESS	6
R33	000473	47k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25.	_
R34	001271	270R 5% 1/2W CARBON	ri	CR37	1
R35	041004	IMOO 1% 1/2W 100ppm CF	ALLEN BRADLEY	cc	1
R36	015621	5k62 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	1
R37	012742	27k4 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	2
R38	012742	27k4 1% 1/8W 50ppm MF	HOLCO	H8C	
R39		F.S.V			
R40		F.S.V			
R41	000473	47K 5% YAW CARBON	MULLARD	С	
R42	000624	620K " " "	П	· 11	1
R43	occide 73	47K " " "	11	H	
R44	000102	IK II II II	ļi	11	3
R45	000102	IK " "	1	II .	
	000562	5K6 " " "	1	11	

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DRAWNING NUMBER 400505

SEE SHEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per: Assy.
	120029	GBOOPF 20% 100V POLYCARE	WIMA	FKC-2 MIN	1
C2	1200 26	680 F 20% loov POLYCARB	WIMA	FKC-2 MIN	
C3	101103	·OINF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	801	6 ·
C4	101 103	·OINF 250V CER DISC	l .	801	_
C5	102222	2n2 F SOOV CER DISC	1	<b>6</b> 01	1
C6	101103	OLUF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	<b>8</b> 01	4
C7	102332	3n3 F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	1
CB	120014	2.24F 10% G3V POLYCARE	ASHCROFT	A2B2ZZ1B.	2
<b>c</b> 9	120014	2.2µF " "		**	
CIO	110013	10-luf 10% 250V POLYESTE		CZBO AE/PIOOK.	6
CII	150001	22MF 20% IGV DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K22E 16	2
CIZ	101103	·ONF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	<b>8</b> 01.	
C13	150001	22MF 20% IGV DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K22E16	
C14	101103	OUF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	801	
C15	102100	IQPF SOOV CER DISC	н	II.	2
C16	102 100	IOPF " "	μ +	u .	
C17	102102	lof " "	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
CIB	120021	0.474F 10% G3V POLYCARE	ASHCROFT	A2B4711B	11
C19	150014	680AF 20% 35V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KR68E35	
C20	150016	JUF 20% 35V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIROE35	
C21	150020	104F 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIO E 25	4
	101103	OINF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	501	
	† *	IONE 20% 25V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE 25.	
C22 C23 NOTES.  SEE SHEET 2 FOR  INS. ECO JATE	101103	·OINF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	8.12.82 data	ILLECTROMEGA LTI

No. USED DESIGNATOR DATRON DESCRIPTION PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER'S MANUFACTURER Per Assy. PART No. PART No. ASHCROFT A2B 1511B 150 of 10% 63V POLYCARB C24 120013 UNION CARBIDE KIOE 25 100F 20% 25V DIP TANT C25 150020 2 CDIO 102101 100 F 10% 500V CER DISC ITT C26, C34 110005 C280 AE PIOK 1 C27 10 nF 20% 2500 POLYESTER MULLARD 100 F 20% 250V POLYESTER MULLARD C280 AE PIOOK -C28-C31, C33 110013 UNION CARBIDE K10E25 150020 10,0F 20% 25V DIP TANT C32 3 IN 5347 SW ZENER MOTOROLA DI 213001 100 1QV 75 213001 NOT USED D3 . 04 NOT USED IOV 400mW ZENER MULLARD BZY88C10 2 210100 25 BZY88C10 MULLARD 210100 IOV 400 mW ZENER 06 1 247 400 mW ZENER MULLARD BZY88C2V7 210027 ۵.۵ 10 Si G P. 10448 FAIRCHILD 80 200001 NOT USEL 60 IN5347 213001 IOV 5W ZENER MOTOROLA 010 IN5338B 5YI " 213002 15 110 Si G.P. FAIRCHILD 1N4148 DIZ 200001 NOT USED EID 3 IN45BA SI LOW LEAKAGE FAIRCHILD D14 200008 ti. IN4148 Si GP 015 200001 BZY 88C 8V2 8V2 400 mW ZENER MULLARD 210082 010 BZYBBC13 210130 13V 400 MW ZENER 017 NOTES. datron ELECTRONICS LTD 8.12.82 SEE SHEET 2 FOR LATEST ISSUE

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1081 OHMS PCB ASSY.

7 of 12

DRAWING NUMBER 400505

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RLI	330012-1	REED RELAY IA GUARDED	HAMLIN	HE721A5134	4
Krs	330018-1	RELAY 2P2W 7V HOLD-IN	AMF	SEE DRG	2
RL3	330018-1	RELAY 2PZW 7V HOLD-IN	AMF	SEE DRG	
RL4	330012-1	REED RELAY IA GUARDED	HAMLIN	HE 721A 5134	_
RLS	330012-1	REED RELAY IA GUARDED	HAMLIN	HE721A5134	
RLG	330012-1	REED RELAY IA GUARDED	HAMLIN	HE721 A 5134	_
	450 <i>3</i> 88-1	GUARD SHIELD	_		
	400379/5	WIRE / TERMINAL ASSY			1
	410217-2	PCB			1
	459112-2	RELAY BRACKET			2
	540002	22 SWG BTC WIRE			A/R
	540008	7/02 PTFE INSUL (WHITE) WIRE			490 mm
JI, J2	571095/c	16 WAY AP/3M RIBBON CABLE			2
	590001	SLEEVE MAX CABLE \$ 3.0	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	HI5 × 20mm BLACK HELSY	N 7
	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FEIO	A/R
	605059	BWAY D.I.L. SOCKET		•	4
	602 001	FSV TERMINAL	MoLEX	02-04-1675	2
	602 004	BREAKAWAY TERM! STRIP	MOLEX	05-30-0001	16
J3	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MOLEX	(22-01-2085)6471-8-1	ı
	605060	14 PIN DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX	ICL 143 - 53T	2
	605061	IG PIN DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX	ICL 163 - S6T	6
	605057	CRIMP TERMINAL	MOLEX	4809- GL	2
MOTES.				2.12.82 datron	FORCTRONICS CTD
SEE SHEET, THE W	11.81 (880)		Top Ar	w: IL	
÷ · ·		•	-d :	IOSI AC	PCB ASSY
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Endown as their	DATES NO	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	A CAMPANANA	MANUFAT TERS	No. USED Per Assv
	611007	M3 X 6mm POZI CSK STEEL	ZN. PL		3
	611016	M3 × 8mm POZI PAN STEEL	ZN.PL.		5_
	612021	M3 × 16 mm SPACER	HARWIN	R6377-02	3
	613005	M3 INT. SHAKEPROOF	•		2
	613014	M2.5 INT SHAKEPROOF		•	2
	615002	M3 FULL NUT STEEL ZN PL	•		2
	615005	3-48 UNC FULL NUT STEEL	ZN.PL.		2
	617010	NYLATCH PLUNGER 3/16"	HARTWELL CORP	HN3P-32-4-1	5
	617011	NYLATCH GROMMET 3/6"	HARTWELL CORP	HN3G - 32 - 1	5
	620003	SOLDER PIN	HARWIN	H2105 A01	4
	620005	CLOVERLEAF PTFE INSUL.	SEALECTRO	FTE 15 P59	18
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	TYPE C30	10
	630107	BRASS STRIP 15.5 x .38 mm	RIGHTON	CZIO8 1/2H	220 mm
	613029	M3 CRINKLE WASHER S.S		*	3,
			•	Committee Search Search Committee of	
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DRAWING 400504

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION		PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No USED Per Assy
R47	,000473	.47K 5% 1/4V	V CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	<del>-</del> -
R48	000563	,56k "	H	•	0	_
R49	_೦೦೦ 392	,3K9 " "	. 11	ji .	н	-
R 50	000182	1k8 " "	ri .	ii •	i u	1
R51	,000105	1M " "	(1		11	-
R52	000104	100 K " "	111	į.	11	_
<b>R5</b> 3	000273	27K " "	11		11	-
R54	000104	· 100K " "	-	H .	li	_
R55	000474	470k " "	П	11	14	1
R56	000824	820K	H	1 1	11	1
R57	000104	100K " "	11	10	11	_
R58	000273	27K " "	11	10	11	
R59	000104	100K " "	H	i q	14	T -
<b>R</b> 60	000123	12K	t :	μ	al.	1
RG1	000334	330K " "	Tr.	h h	0	ı
RG2	000222	2K2    "	l i	i u	11	_
१७3	000223	22K    "	11	- 11	11	_
R64	000333	33K		li .	11	2
RG5	000821	820R " "	- 11	li li	11	1
200	000105	IM × n	• .		•	_
267	000473	47k " "		n		-
268	<b>□</b> ∞105	Ik • •		•	•	_
R69	000103	10k " "	**	**	*	1
NOTES.					6.12.82 dat	-ELECTRONICS LTD
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LCO _				<del>-   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -  </del>	CHECKED (O8)	DHMS. P.C.B AS
DATE COME					DATE DRAWING NUMBER 400	505 4 mee

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	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTI PART No.		o. USED r Assy.
R70	000681	680R 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CRZS		1
R71		NOT USED				-
R72	000333	33k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		
R73	000823	82k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S		1
R <b>74</b>	000106	10M 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		
R77	000112	IKO 5% 1/4 W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		1
ANI	090121	100k × 8 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	L09-1- R	100k	1
		The second secon	***	,		
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The second secon		- -	1			
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ISS					1081 OHMS PC	B. ASSY.
E.C.O.				APPROVED	Phases 400505	

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
MI	280022	QUAD BILATERIAL SWITCH	MOTOROLA	MC 14016 BCP	2
M2	280022	11 11 11	11	••	
M3	260027	OP AMP 714	FAIRCHILD	MA 714 HC	1
M4	260026	OP AMP	NATIONAL	LM212	1
M5	280025	QUAD ANALOGUE SWITCH		MC 14066 BCP	
MG	280072	M'STABLE ASTABLE M'VIBR	R.C.A.	CD 4047 AE	1
	280015	QUAD LATCH	MOTOROLA	MC 14076 BCP	2
M7		LAICH LAICH	111010202	11	_
MB	280015	DUAL D FLIP FLOP	MOTOROLA	MC 14013 BCP	
<u>em</u>	280011	7650 OP AMP	INTERSIL	ICL7650 CPD	
MIO	,260053	1650 OF AIVIE	, IN IERSIE	+	
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<u> </u>		•		<u>,</u>	
	33001 <b>9</b> -	RELAY 4P2W 7 HOLD-IN	AMF	SEE DRAWING	1
	400379/2	WIRE TERMINAL ASSY	•		6
	410218-	, OHMS RC.B.	•		
	459112 - =	RELAY BRACKET.	,KDP		1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	540008 540002	7/0.2 PTFE INSULATED WHITE 22 SWG TINNED COPPER W 6LEEVE MAX CABLE \$ 3.0	•	TYPE' C	280mm A/R 2
	530001 530004 590055	SLEEVE PT.F.E.	•	FEIO HIS CONT. BLACK	A/R 30mm
	602001	F.SV. TERMINAL	MOLEX	02-04-1875	4
<u>15</u>	571095/C	16 WAY AP 3M RIBBON CABLE	DATRON		5
	605060 605061		ASTRALUX ASTRALUX	ICL-143-53T.	2
VI I	G05.053	2 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MOLEX	22-01-2125	<u> </u>

DRAWING NUMBER 400505

					C. C
DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
DIS	20000₿	Si LOW LEAKAGE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	
019	200001	S. G.P	11	1N4148	-
080	200001	51 "	44	ıl .	-
D21	200001	Si "	j j	h	
D22	200001	5i "	N .	· и	_
D23	200001	51 "	•	11	
D24		NOT USED			
D25	And the same of th	NOT USED			_
D26	200001	Si G.P.	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	, -
D27	200001	5i "	11	н	<u> </u>
D28	200008	SI LOW LEAKAGE		IN458A	
				-	
<u> </u>	,	NOT USED	<b>†</b>		
Q2	230027-1	N-CHAN JEET	TELEDYNE	U3114 JF	6
Q3	230027-1	ir ij b	1)	h	
Q4	230027 - 1	. 11 11 11	H	П	
Q.5	250002	N-CHAN J FET	SILICONIX	U1994E	5
00	230027 - 1	N- CHAN J FET SELECTE	<del></del>	U3114E	
<b>Q</b> .7	230027-1	и 11 11	11	11	
QB	230002	N-CHAN J FET	SILICONIX	U1994E	_
Q.S	230002	11 11	u	U	_
@10	230031	N-CHAN DUAL JEET	TELE DYNE	SU265M	1
QII	230029	N-CHAN J FET	SILICONIX	J309	4
NOTES.	1200020			DATE	
				8.12.82 datron	ELECTRORICS LTD
SEE SHEET 2 FOR	LATEST ISSUE			DRAWN   TITLE	PCB ASSY
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DATE	+ + +	† † † † †	+ - + +	APPROVED DR ANING NUMBER	SHEET

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
212	230055	N-CHAN I LIM 4300A	TELEDYNE	TCR502	
213	240012	SI NPN	NATIONAL	2N3053	_
Q 14	230027 - 1	N-CHAN J FET	TELEDYNE	UBIIAE	
Q15	250001	SI PNP	NATIONAL	BC 214	2
016	250011	SI PNP	NATIONAL	BC 327	
Q17	240001	SI NPN	NATIONAL	BC184	2
018	240001	SI NPN	NATIONAL	BC184	
Ø18	250001	SI PNP	NATIONAL	BC 214	
Q20	230002	N-CHAN J FET	SILICONIX	UISSAE	
Q21	230029	N-CHAN J FET	n <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u>	1309.	
Q 22	230029	, , , , , ,	•	4	
Q23	•	NOT USED			_
Q24	230002	N-CHAN J FET	SILICONIX	U1994E	_
Q25	230029	st er	•	1309.	
	i ◆				
			4.4/		
				-	
NOTES			DAT	'ale se datr	

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPT	ION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No USED Per Assy
21		NOT US			and the second	· +		6
32	000332	3K3	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
23	000332	3K3	J	II.	11	+	11	6
<u></u> ≥4	000103	10K	4	i.	11	- H	, H	2
₹5	000123	12K	d	0		H	11	2
36	000222	2K2	-1	tl.	i t	H		
37	000 222	2K2	á	31	11	II .		
RB	000123	12K	.1	0	Ð	d	н	
RS	000123	33K		H	11	N .		
	+	NOT U	SED					
210	50100a	•	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R11 R12	000105	1 M	.,		w,		•	
KIZ RI3	000332	3k3	,,		11	u,	<i>n</i>	
K13 R14	000103	lok		"	9		н —	_
R15	000332	3k3		4	'n	n n	n .	
<u>K13</u> RIG	.000332	3k3	н	n	11		N	
R17	000681	680R	и		łi –		- 11	2
RIB	000681	680R		**	**	•	и	
	000332	3k3		n · · ·	#1	*1	4	
R19	000103	lok	11	11	"	H	и	
R2o	1 -	iok					n	
RZI	000103	†	-		11			_
R22	000103	lok				a construction of the second o		
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
CI	150022	202F 20% 35V DIP. TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K2R2E 35	2
C2	150022	2,02F 20% 35v DIP. TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K2R2E35	
	1500 20	10pf 20% 25v DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE 25	2
<u> </u>	150020	10pf 20% 25 V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE25	
C4	102101	100 F 10% 500V CER DISC	ITT	CDIO	1
<u> </u>	110013	1000F 20% 250V POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AEPIOOK	1
C6		680 AF 20% 35 V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KR68E35	2
C7	150014	680 of 20% 35V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KR68E35	_
<b>CB</b>	150014	680 of 20% 354 DIP TANT	DATOR CARDIDE		
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<b>€</b> C O			t t l	PPROVED DRAWING	SHEE
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIP	TION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACT PART No.		USED Assy.
R47	000103	lOk	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		_
R48	000104	100k	11	"	11	11	"	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN	
R49	000103	lOk	11	. 11	"	и	- 11		_,
R50		NOT L	SED			· ·			
R 51	000101	100R	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		2
R52	000123	12k		"	,,	11	,,		2
R53	000123	12k	,,,	"	"	11	"		
R54	000105	IM	h	0	v	п		- The Table 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19	
R55	000684	680k			"	II	н		_
R56	000823	82 K				u ,	"		1
R57		NOT	USED						_
R58	- 000100	IOR	5%	1/4 W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S		2
R59	000220	22R		.,		.,			2
R60	000220	22R				n ·			
R61	000100	IOR	"		••		6		·
R62		NOT I	JSED					T Mar An and	•
R63	000222	2k2	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25		
R64	000222	2k2	"		"	II			
R65	000103	lOk	.,			14	"		_
R66	000103	IOK	••			11	"		
R67	000271	270R		.,	,,	11	"		1
R68	000103	lok		.,		-	"		
₹69		NOT U	SED						
NOTES.  SEE SHEET 2 FOR LA	ATEST ISSUE			-	1		13.12.82   DRI ARRO	datron	TRONGS LTD
DATE CHIED		ļ	1		ĺ		DATE	DRAMING 4-00526	4 0 10

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
R70		NOT USED			-
<b>R</b> 71		NOT USED			_
R72		NOT USED			_
R73		NOT USED			_
R74	000124	120k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	1
R75	000471	470R " " ".	"	•	1
R76	000473	47k " " "	"	1	1
R77		NOT USED			_
R78		NOT USED			
R79	000472	4k7 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R80	000683	68k 4 4 4	1	п	
R81	000183	18k " " "	H	11	1
R82	000334	330k " " "	К	п	1
R83	063202	2K POT CERMET	BECKMAN	72 P	1
R84	000 2 2 3	22k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	,
R85	000472	4K7 " " "	•		_
R86		NOT USED			-
R87	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R88	000103	10k " "		•	_
<b>R8</b> 9	000103	lok " " 1	-	4	_
R90		NOT USED			_
R91	012002	20k0 1% 1/8W 50pm MF	Holco	H8C	1 1
R92	015 2 3 1	5k23 " "	•	As .	

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ESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
					* :
	611004	SCREW M3X Gmm STEEL F	OZIPAN ZINC PLATED .GKN	1	+
	613005	WASHER M3 INT/SHAKEPROOF		ZINC PLATED	1
	613014	WASHER MES INT/SHAKEPROOF		ZINC PLATED	1 .
	615002	NUT M3 FULL HEX STEEL		ZINC PLATED	
	615005	NUT 3-48 UNC FULL HEX	STEEL	11 n	<del>                                     </del>
,	617010	NYLATCH PLINGER HNSP	ORDER FROM C.J. FOX 4 SONS.	HN3D - 32 - 4-1	4
	617011	NYLATCH GROMMET HNSG		HN3G -32-1	4
	618002		JERMYN	T0518-004D	
	620003	SOLDER PCB TERMINAL LING	HARWIN	H2105 A	8
	630024	STANDARD STEATHE INSIR BEAD.		TYPE NO 2 (16 SWG)	8
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	10
		- <del>-</del>			
	- +				
	900004	SILICONE RUBBER COMPOUND	RS	555 ~ 588	A/R
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OTES.			DATE		
E SHEET 2 FOR LA	TECT ICCLIE			. <sub>12.82</sub> datron	ELECTRONICS LTD
J. J	T 1		DRAWN	TITLE	OCB Accid
O TE	1 1 1		APPROVE	1007 041413	PLE ASSY
KD .	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + +	DATE	PRAWING NUMBER 400505	12 OF (

DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
	530001	SLEEVE MAY CABLE \$ 3.0mm	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC .	HIS X ZOM M BLK HELBYN.	25
	590004.	SLEEVE - PTFE	ji (1	FEIO	. A/R
	602007	RELAY SOCKET 2 POLE PCB MOUN	POTTER & BRUMFIELD	27E 212	
	602009	RELAY SOCKET 4POLE POB MOUNT	11 11	27 E 213	1
<b>ブ1</b> 0, ブ11	60400B	7 WAY PLUG PANEL MOUNT	PVE CONNECTORS	M7P	2
	605009	7 WAY SOCKET	PYE CONNECTOR	M75	2
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	605060	14 WAY DIL SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR JERMYN	ICN-246-54T - A23-2023Y	1
	605057	CRIMP TERMINAL	MOLEX	4800 - GL	2
	606001	LOCKING HOOD		MHN	2
	606002	NUT	PVE CONNECTORS	MN	2
	<u>೯೦೯೦೦</u> 3		d d	MLW	2
	G11004	SCREW M3XGmm STEEL PO	ZI- PAN. ZINC PLATED . GKN		7
	611007	SCREW M3X Gmm STEEL PO	21- CSK. ZINC PLATED . GKN		7
	611016	и МЗХ Вына н	PAN " "		4_
	612020	STANEOFF NVLON M3x 19 TRA	MSIPILLAR. W.K. ELECTRONIC	5 TPI/G 5/15/M5/I/I	5
NOTES.	LATEST ISSUE	· ·			
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DATE		++-		DRAWING NAMES 400500	

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No USED Per Assy
And the second s	<u>6</u> (3005	WASHER M3 WT/SHAKEPROOFS	F. GKN DISTRIBUTORS	ZINC PLATED	13
			•	•	
	615001	NUT BBA FULL HEX STEEL		ZINC PLATED	2
	615002	* M3 " "	• <del>•</del>		2
	+	,	1		
	630005	CLIP FOR P&B RIO 2POLE RELAY	POTTER & BRUMFIELD	200249	,
The contract of the contract o	63 <u>0</u> 28	CLIP FOR P&B RIO4POLE RELA	<b>/</b> *	200250	1
	<b>+</b>	+	•		
	<del> </del>	•	•	<u> </u>	
	•	<b>€</b> 1	+		
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annandation PMI	•	<u>†</u>			+
<del></del>	+	1	•	-	
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No. 1	•		•		
<b>1</b>			†		
		P	<u> </u>		+
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRI	PTION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
RI	000103	lOk	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	21
R2	000103	lok	"	41	**	*1	11	
R3	000103	lok	41	- 11	h	11	ч	. –
R4	000103	lok	11	.,	.,	**	п	_
R <b>s</b>	000103	10k	4	**	11	**	11	
R6	000102	lk	"	D.		11	11	5
R7	000103	lok	n		"	11	11	_
R8	000472	4k7		11		"	11	8
R9	000273	27k	11	**	11	"	11	1
RIO	000684	680k		١,	*	"	. "	. 2
RII	063204	200k	POT	CBRME	T	BECKMAN	72 P	ı
RI2	000103	lok	5 %	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R13	000102	lk	4	11		ч	11	_
RI4		NOT	<b>US</b> ED					-,
RI5	000472	4k7	5%	1/4W	CARBON	11	11	2
RI6	000332	3k3				"	11	3
R17	000683	68 k	"	"	"	14	.,	2
RI8	000 222	2k2		"	"	11	"	6
R19	000393	39k		- 11			"	- 1
R20	000104	100k	11	11	/1	"	u	7
R21	000104	100 k	+1			. 11	u u	
R22	000104	100k		is	••	lr .	"	-
R23	000221	220R	٠,	٠,	.,	u	11	1
	ATEST ISSUE	6					DATE 13.12.82 DRAWN   TITLE	tran
ECO RELEASED 14	2 3 179/67/69 1461	1503					CHECKED M30 1081	DIGITAL PCB. ASSY.
DATE 31.3.83	18.5.63 26.5.83						APPROVED R.W.F	100526

BESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIF	TION			PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	11. USES For Any.
R24	000102	lk	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R25	000332	3k3	,	••		u	**	
R26	000103	lok	4			и	10	_
R27	000102	lk	"	н	**	n	ч	_
R28	000682	6k8		"	••	•	10	1
R29		NOT (	JSED					_
R30		NOT I	BED					_
R31	000472	4k7	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	_
R32	000472	4k7	**	*1	"	u	15	-
Ras	000222	2k2	,	11	11	ti	n / //	_
R <b>34</b>		NOT US	SED				.11	_
R <b>a</b> s		NOT U	SED					_
R36		NOT U	SED					_
R37		NOT U	SED					
R38		NOT U	SED					
R39	000103	lok	5%	1/4W	CARBON	MULLARD	CR2S	
R40:	000103	10 K	н	4	"	11	ч	
R41	000332	3k3	*1			п	n	_
R42	000103	IOk	**	н	11	H	W.	_
R43	000104	100k	11	и	и	٠	H	_
R44	000103	lOk	*1	н	*1	11	•	_
R45	000364	360k	н .	u	11	(r	N .	1
R46	000472	4k7	"	и	",	н	н	_

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURE R	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy
<u>D1</u>	200001	75m4 75V GP 51 DIODE	FAIRCHILD	INAIAB	6
D2	200001			.0	_
23	200001		•	~	-
04	200001		•		-
<b>D</b> 5		NOT USED	Total Control of the		-
D6	<u> </u>	NOT USED			-
D7	200001	75mA 75V G.P. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	_
D8	200001	11 11 11 11	44		_
TO SEE AND REAL PROPERTY.	† •	•	+ -		
	•				
	4		1		
QI	240001	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BCIB4/TOIB	4
Q2	240001				† <u>-</u>
<b>Q3</b>	250001	SI PNP TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC 214/TOIB	2
Q4	250001	, and an	a =		_
Q5	240001	SI NON TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	BC184 / TO18	
Q6	240001	11 11		и	-
MI	280011	DUAL D FLIP-FLOP	MOTOROLA	MC 14013 BCP	1
<u>J</u>	604036	CON PIN STRIP OF IO HORIZ		163740-8	2
J2,J3	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	MOLEX	(22-01-2085)6471-8-1	2
NOTES.  SEE SHEET 5 FOR LATE  106  ECO	ST ISSUE			CHECKED REAR INPO	SLECTROMOS LTD
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	PART No.	120 F 2/2% 25V POLYSTYREN	E SUFLEX	HS	2.
C24	13,0015	470 of 5000 CER DISC	ERIE	<b>2</b> 01	
225	102 471		UNION CARBIDE	KIROE35	
C26	150016		0 0	KIOE16	7
C27	150002	10μF " 16ν " "	ERIE	801	3
C28	102220	22 pf 500v CER DISC		KIROE35	_
C29	150016	JUF 20% 35V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE		
C30		NOT USED	1,400	C280AE/PIOK	
C31	110005	·Oluf 10% 250 POLYESTER	MULLARD	A2B2211B	1
C32	120020	220nF 10% 63V POLYCARB	ASHCROFT	KR68 E 35	. 1
C33	150014	.68 UF 20% 35V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	801	
C34	101103	OJUF 250 V CER DISC		KIOE16	_
C35	150002	100F 20% 16 V DIP TANT		801	=
C36	101103	OluF 250v CER DISC	ERIE	801	_
C37	102 2 2 0	22 F 500 CER DISC		"	2
C38	102221	220 pf 500 " "	11	u	_
C39	101103	" ب F 250 عرا0 •	-	-	-
C40		NOT USED		FKS2MIN	1
C41	110027	3n3F 20% 100V POLYESTE	R WIMA	801	_
C42	102471	470 F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	_
	102101	100 F 500 CER DISC.	. "		
C43	150002	10,4F 20% 16V DIP TANT		KØE16	_
C44	150016	Juf 20% 35v " "	11 11	KIROE35	
			ERIE	801	
C45. C46. NOTES.	102220	22 FF 500V CER DISC	ERIE	, DATE 13.12.82 dat	COU WERNER

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ESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTUR PART No.	ER'S	No. USED Per Assy.
	PART No.	1000F 20% GV3 DIP. TANT.		K100 E 6 V3		
:47	150004	NOT USED				
.48		OluF 250v CER.DISC	ITT	CDIO		
<del>49</del>	101103	100 F 500V CER. DISC	ITT	801		
50	102101	100 F SOOV CER. DISC	ITT	801		
251	102101		ITT	801	the special control of	
C 52	102101	100 PF 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801		
253	102 221	220 F SOOV CER. DISC	EKIE	1 =		
				†		
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€.C.O		-+		DATE	DRAWING 4005	26 9 0 16

ESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUHAL TURERS PART NI	No. USED Per Assy.
?93	<u> </u>	NOT USED			
394	000102	IK 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	
R95	000472	4k7 " "			
396	000103	iok " "		4	
R97	000222	2k2 " " <u>"</u>			
R98	000101	100R " " "	"	ч.	
R99	000104	100k 5% 1/4W CARBON		"	
R100		NOT USED	*		
RIOI	1	NOT USED	•		-
R102	000103	IOK 5% 4W CARBON	MULLARD	CR25	-
R103	000555	2k2 "	**	••	
-	+	•	1		
	†				
ANI	090046	IOK × 7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1- RIOK	5.
AN2		NOT USED			
AN3	090046	IOK × 7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1- RIOK	
AN4	73310	NOT USED			
ANS	090046	IOK ×7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764 -1 - RIOK	
ANG	090046	lok ×7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1- RIOK	-
AN7	090046	IOK X7 2% NETWORK	BECKMAN	764-1-RIOK	
AN	0/0044				
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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
CI	150002	10, F 20% 16V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE16	13
C2	150002	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	н н	н	
C3	150002	10pf " " " "		•	
C <b>4</b>	150016	1 pF " 35v " "	i) tr	KIRO E35	6
C5	110013	· I WE 10% 250 POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280 AE/P100k	2
C6	101103	OLUF 250V CER DISC	ERIE	801	5
C7	150006	4.7 uf 20% 16V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	K4R7EIG	<u> </u>
C8		NOT USED			
C9	150002		UNION CARBIDE	KIOEIG	
CIO	102101	100 F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	6
CII	150002	10 JF 20% IGV DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOE16	
CI2	150016	LUF * 35V " "	и	KIROE 35	
CIZ	150002	10µF " 16v " "	. "	KIOE16	
C14	110013	O-lyF 10% 250v POLYESTER	MULLARD	C280AE/PIOOK	
C15	150002	10 F 20% IGV DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIROE16	
C16	102102	INF SOOV CER DISC	ERIE	801	
C17	150002	10 pf 20% 16V DIP TANT	UNION CARBIDE	KIOEIG	
C18	150002	۱۰ ۱۱ ۱۱ عرOl	tr M	11	
C19	150016	NF " 35v " ".	п н	KIROE 35	
C20	150002	10 pF 1 " " "	jı N	KIOEIG	
C20	102101	100 F 500V CER DISC	ERIE	801	
C22	102.3	NOT USED			
C23	13 0 0 5 9	470 F 2/2% 25V POLYSTY RENI	SUFLEX	HSQ 470/21/2-7/25	

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HGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER		No. USED Per Assy.
JONATON	PART No.				
					***
			1997	115 14 013 RCP	2
	20011	DUAL D FLIP-FLOP	MOTOROLA	MC14013 BCP	1
<u> </u>	280011	QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH	п	MC14016BCP	7
2	280022	TRI-STATE HEX NON-INV. BUFFE		MC14503BCP	
3	280024	<u> </u>	н	11	-
4	280024	0 0 0 0 0 0	11	п	_
5	280024		п	п	
6	280024	The second secon	и	MC 14076 BCP	5
7	280015	QUAD LATCH	11	4	
18	280015	и п		н	
19	280015	н ц		MC 14503 BCP	
110	280024	TRI-STATE HEX NON-INV BUFF	FEK	MC 14 076 BCP	
ALL	280015	QUAD LATCH	11	u,	
M12	280015	11 11		MC 14516 BCP	2
M12	280044	BINARY UP/DOWN COUNTER	8 "	ч	
	280044	n 11 11 11	н	NE 555V	3
W14	290003	TIMER - ASTABLE	SIGNETICS	74 LS155	1
M15	270058	DUAL 1- OF -4 DECODER	NATIONAL	74 LS00	2
MIG	270048	QUAD 21/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	TMS2532JL(290120-135)	1
M17		- SERE SERENA PROCRAMM	ED DATRON	1W252377/730150 133	2
MI8	290120-13	1 256 × 4 BIT STATIC CMOS RA	M SEE DRAWING		
M19	280066	11-00		PATE A datro	ELECTROMOS LTD
MOTES.	R LATEST ISSUE			13.12.62 DRAWN   108  D	

ESIGNATOR	DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
ESIGNATOR	PART No.	11105 GAM			
120	280066-1	256 4 BIT STATIC CMOS RAM	NATIONAL	DM 74LS125N	1
121	270064	QUAD TRISTATE BUFFER	10/11/0/11/2	MC14013BCP	
122	280011	DUAL D FLIP-FLOP	FERRANTI	ZNA 2035	1
123	27 0 0 53	A-D CHIP		MC 14503 BCP	
M24	280024	TRI-STATE HEX NON-INV BUFFER	MOTOROLA	"	
M25	280024	0 0 0 0		MC14-027BCP	
vi 26	280006	DUAL J-K FLIP-FLOP	1		
M27		NOT USED	NATIONAL	74L521	2
M28	270051	DUAL 4 1/P AND GATE		74 L 520	2
M29	270055	DUAL 4 1/P NAND GATE	A	TMS 2532 JL (290119-15	5) 1
M30	290119-190	2532 EPROM PROGRAMME	DATRON		2
M3	280096	IK X 4 BIT STATIC CMOS RAM	SEE DRAWING	74 LS 42 N	1
M32	270069	BCD/ DECIMAL DECODER LS		74 LS 21	
M33	270051	DUAL 4 1/P AND GATE	!!	74 LS 20	
M34	270055	DUAL 4 1/P NAND GATE		TMS 2532 JL (290118-155	5) 1
M35	290118-19	C 2532 EPROM PROGRAMMED	DATRON		
M36	280096	IK *4BIT STATIC CMOS RAM	A SEE DRAWING	MC 14066BCP	2
M37	280025	QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH	MOTOROLA	HEF 4025 P	2
M38	280071	TRIPLE 3 1/P NOR GATE	MULLARD	MC14069 BCP	
M39	280017	HEX INVERTER	MOTOROLA	HEF 4001 BP	1
M40	280083	QUAD 2 1/P NOR GATE	MULLARD	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
M41		NOT USED	†		_
M42		NOT USED			
NOTES.					. ELECTRONIC
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PESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	400379/1	WIRE/TERMINAL ASSY.			7
JB		NOT USED			
ΧI	800020-1	1.6384 MHZ CRYSTAL	CRYSTAL ELECTRONICS	STYLE D	ľ
	620003	SOLDER PCB TERMINAL LUG	HARWIN	H2105A	5
	620007	TEST POINT TERMINAL	MICROVAR	C 30	24
	630036	STANDARD STEATITE INSUL. BE	AD PARK ROYAL PORCELAINS	TYPE Nº 1 (185WG)	2
	540008	7/-2 WHITE PTFE INSULATED	IKVrms TO BSG210 TYPEC		260mm
	590001	SLEEVE MAX CABLE \$3.0	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	HI5 × 20mm BLACK HELSYN	1
	590006	HEATSINK SLEEVE \$ 2.4	R.S. OR HELLERMANN	399-495 OR LVR24	20mm
	601002	GOLD PIN \$ 1.47 PCB MNT	AMP	60803-1	1
	602003	GOLD SOCKET \$ 1.47 CRIME	1	60983-1	1
	613009	48A SOLDER TAG BRASS TIN	I PL.		1
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DATRON	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
290003	TIMER - ASTABLE	SIGNETICS	NE 555Y	
270048	QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	74 LS 00	<u> </u>
270050	HEX INVERTER		74 LS 0 4	1
280025	QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH	MOTOROLA	MC14066BCP	
280070	DIVIDE-BY-8 COUNTER/DIVIDER	MULLARD	HEF 4022P	1
280071	TRIPLE 3 1/P NOR GATE	u .	HEF 4025P	
280023	QUAD 2 1/P NOR GATE	MOTOROLA	MC14001 BCP	1
	NOT USED			
	NOT USED			
270056	8 I/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	74 LS 30	
280061	MICRO PROCESSOR CHIP	MOTOROLA	MC 6800L	1
270023	QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE	NATIONAL	7437	-1
270054	QUAD 2 1/P AND GATE	u .	74 L S 08	2
270054			11	
2700 57	DUAL JK FLIP-FLOP	"	74 L S 76	
28 00 0 9	HEX INVERTER BUFFER	MOTOROLA	MC14049	2
280009	HEX INVERTER BUFFER	MOTOROLA	MC14049	_
260031	VOLTAGE DETECTOR	INTERSIL	IcL8211	2
290003	TIMER - ASTABLE	SIGNETICS	NE 555 V	-
	NOT USED			
	HOT USED			_
	NOT USED			-
TEST IESUE		DR A	13.12.82 datro	GITAL
	270048 270050 280025 280070 280071 280023 270056 280061 270023 270054 270057 280009 280009 280009 260031 290003	270048 QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE 270050 HEX INVERTER 280025 QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH 280070 DIVIDE-BY-8 QUINTER/DIVIDER 280071 TRIPLE 3 1/P NOR GATE 280023 QUAD 2 1/P NOR GATE NOT USED NOT USED 270056 8 1/P NAND GATE NOT USED 270054 QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE 270054 QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE 270057 DUAL JK FLIP-FLOP 280009 HEX INVERTER/BUFFER 260031 VOLTAGE DETECTOR 1007 USED NOT USED NOT USED NOT USED	27 0 0 48 QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE NATIONAL  27 0 0 50 HEX INVERTER  28 0 0 25 QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH MOTOROLA  28 0 0 70 DIVIDE-BY-8 QUINTER/DIVIDER MULLARD  28 0 0 71 TRIPLE 3 1/P NOR GATE  (NOT USED  NOT USED  NOT USED  27 0 0 56 8 1/P NAND GATE NATIONAL  28 0 0 61 MICRO PROCESSOR CHIP MOTOROLA  27 0 0 23 QUAD 2 1/P NAND GATE  27 0 0 54 QUAD 2 1/P AND GATE  27 0 0 54	27 0 0 48

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DESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No	No. USED Per Assy.
LI	370004	100 UH R.F. CHOKE	SIGMA	sc10/100	1
	590004	SLEEVE - PTFE	HELLERMANN ELECTRIC	FEIO	A/R
	590055	SLEEVE & 1.0 SIL RUBBER		HIS CONT. BLACK	10mm
	540002	22 SWG BTC WIRE			A/R
	920048-1	BUS STRIP	MEKTRON	M823 14 7 3F	
	613018	4BA NYLON WASHER		200 PM 10 10 PM 10	2
	630098	COMPONENT CLIP	RICHCO	.KKU-8	1
	606005	CLIP FOR 605002	ANTIFERENCE	RC 74	3
J1, J2 J4	605002		JERMYN OR ANTIFERENCE	A23-2001/YOR ICN-163-53	3
		28 WAY D.I.L. " " "	AUGAT	328- AG39 D	1
-		14 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	ASTRALUX OR JERMYN	ICL 143 - S3T	22
		16 WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	0 0	ICL 163-56T	24
***************************************		40WAY D.I.L. SOCKET	AUGAT	340 - AG39 D	1
	+ × × × + · · · ·	22 WAYDIL SOCKET	AUGAT	322 - AG39 D	2
		24 WAY DIL SOCKET	li .	324 - AG39 D	3
		18 WAY DIL SOCKET	† : • •	316 - AG39D	2
JL3	604037	PROGRAMMING CLASSIGO PLUG	"	8136 - 47568	1
The same of the sa	605059	BWAY D.I.L. SOCKET	ASTRALUX	ICL-083-56T	1
J5	605052	8 WAY POLARISED SOCKET	11	22-01- 2085	L
		NYLATCH PLUNGER	ORDER FROM W FOX & SONS	HN3P-32-4-1	8
		NYLATCH GROMMET	4 4 4	HN3G - 32-1	8
J3		24 WAY DILL SOCKET GOLD	CA	CA - 245 - 105D	ī
-	410096-10		-		. 1

datron (LECTRONICS LTD

DRAWING 4.00526 15 SHEET 16

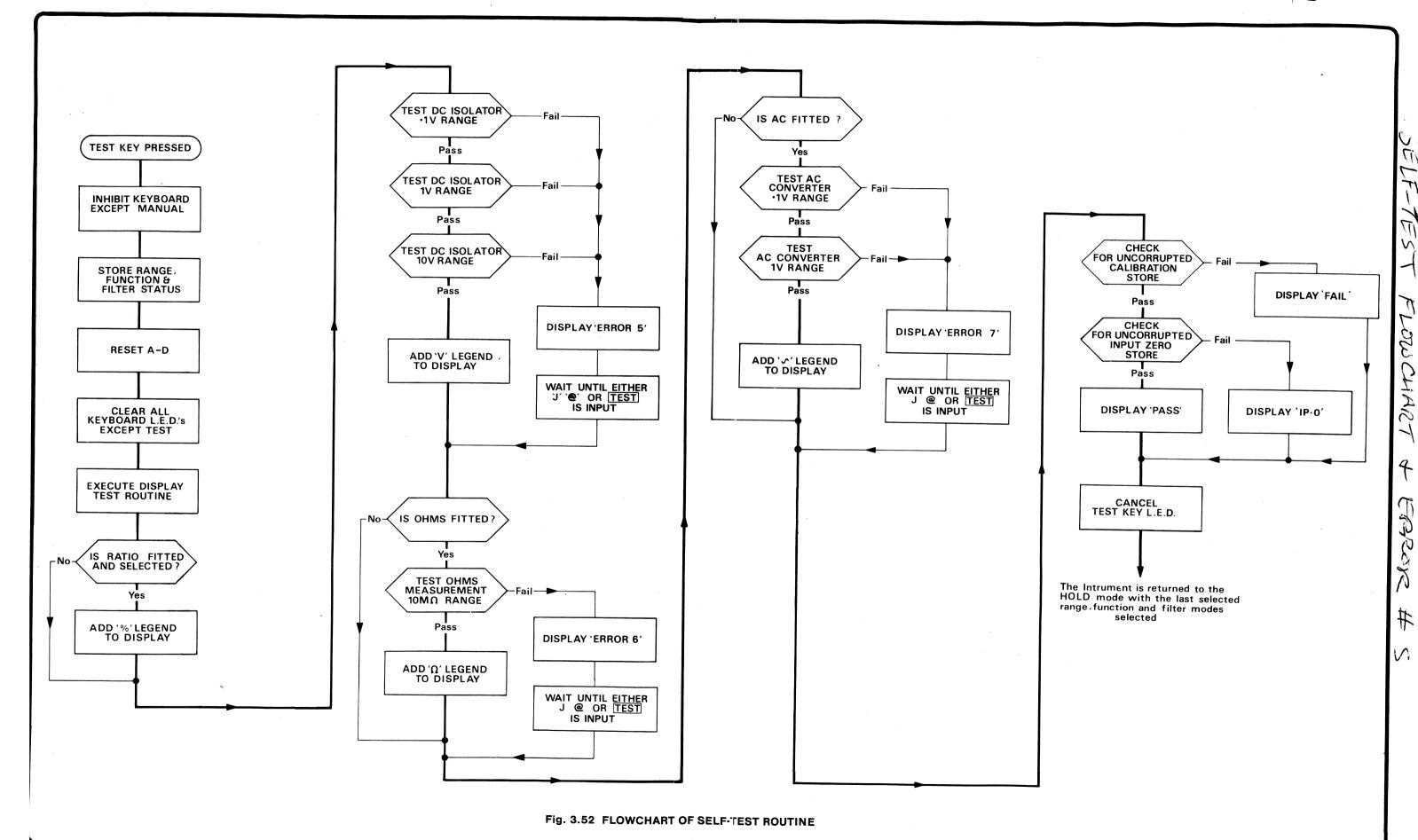
1081 DIGITAL PCB. ASSY.

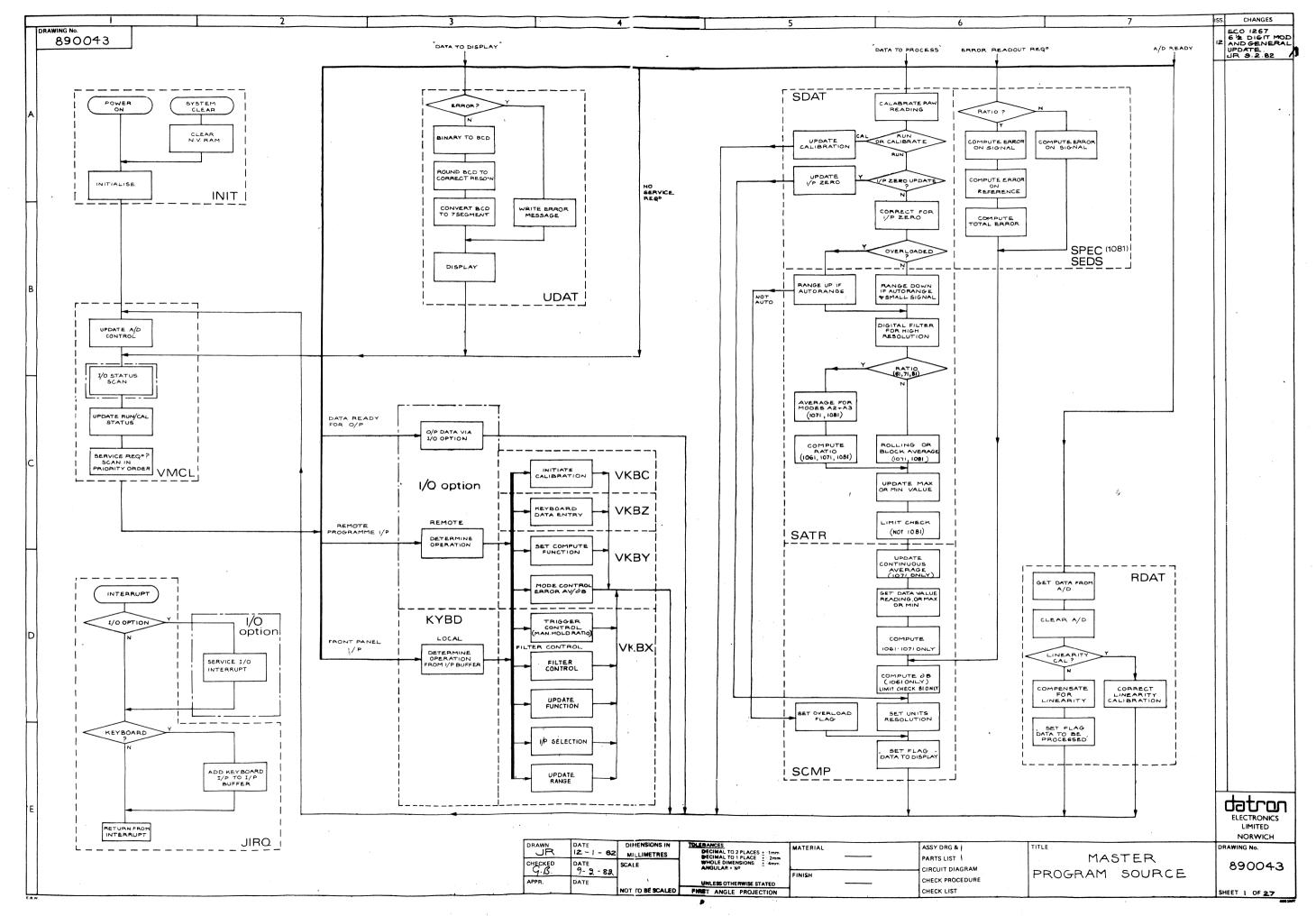
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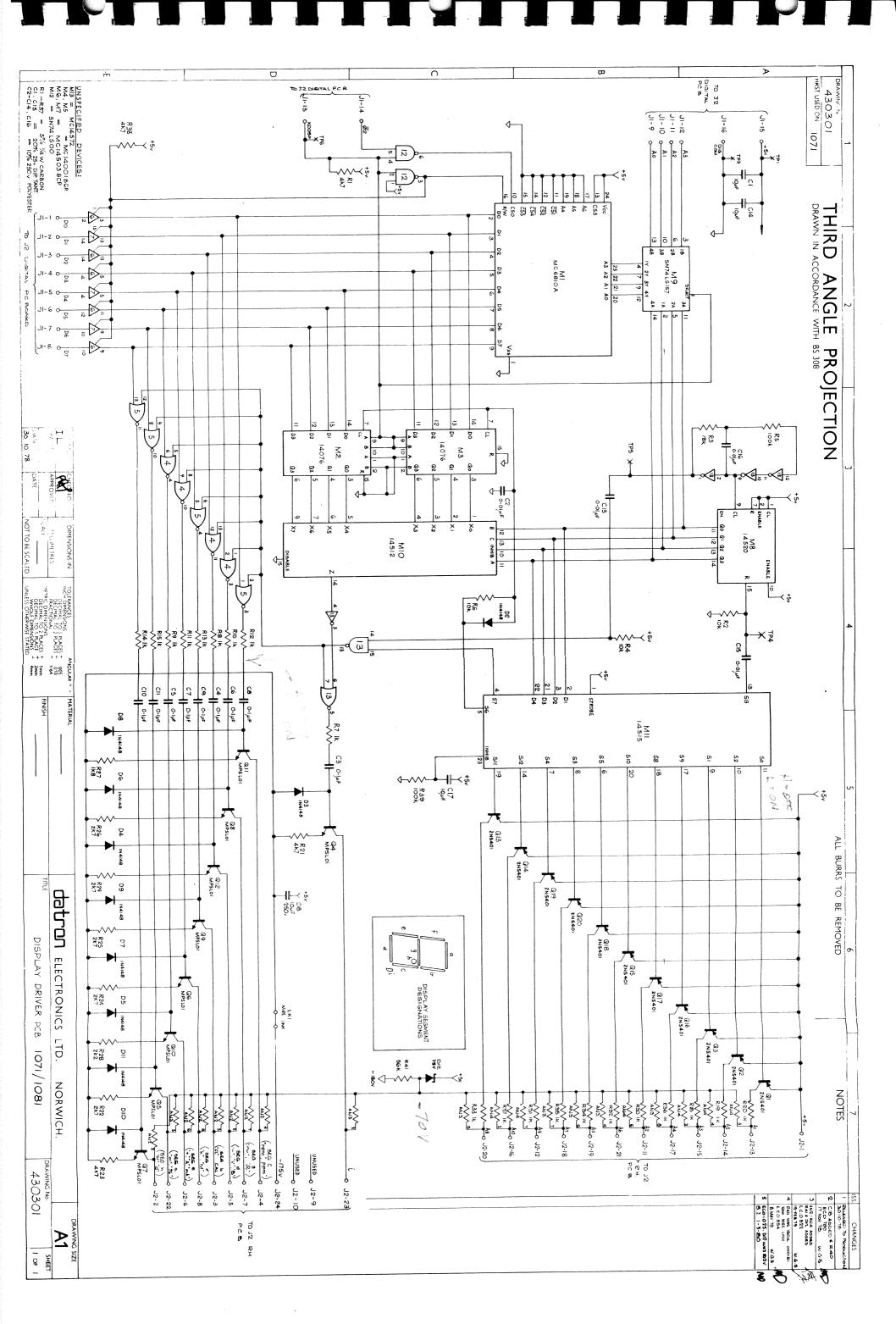
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	- Times
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ESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S PART No.	No. USED Per Assy.
	200001	75mA 75v &P.Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	10
)1 )2	200001	75 mA 754 GP Si DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
	200001	75mA 75v GP SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
3	200001	75mA 75V GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
04	200008	200mA 175v LL SI DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN458A	1
05	220010	SI HOT CARRIER DIODE	HP	HSCH1001/1N6263	1
) <del>6</del>	220010	NOT USED			-
7					-
×2		NOT USED			_
>9		NOT USED	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	. –
210	200001	75mA 75V GP. Si. DIODE		IN4148	_
)II	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4001	2
D12	200002	IA. SOV. 6P. SI. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	TVS 505	
013	213006	SV SW ZENER	UNITRODE	IN4148	-
DI4	200001	75mA 75v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
DIS	200001	75 m A 75 v GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD		
D16	200002	IA. SOV. GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4001	
D17	200001	SI GP. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
DIS		NOT USED			
DIS		NOT USED			
D20		NOT USED			
DSI	200001	75 MA 75V GP. Si. DIODE	FAIRCHILD	IN4148	
<u> </u>					
NOTES.	LATEST ISSUE			DRAWN   TITLE 1081	DIGITAL CB. ASSY.
140				4	
BAFE .				DATE DRAWING 4-C	0526 10 7

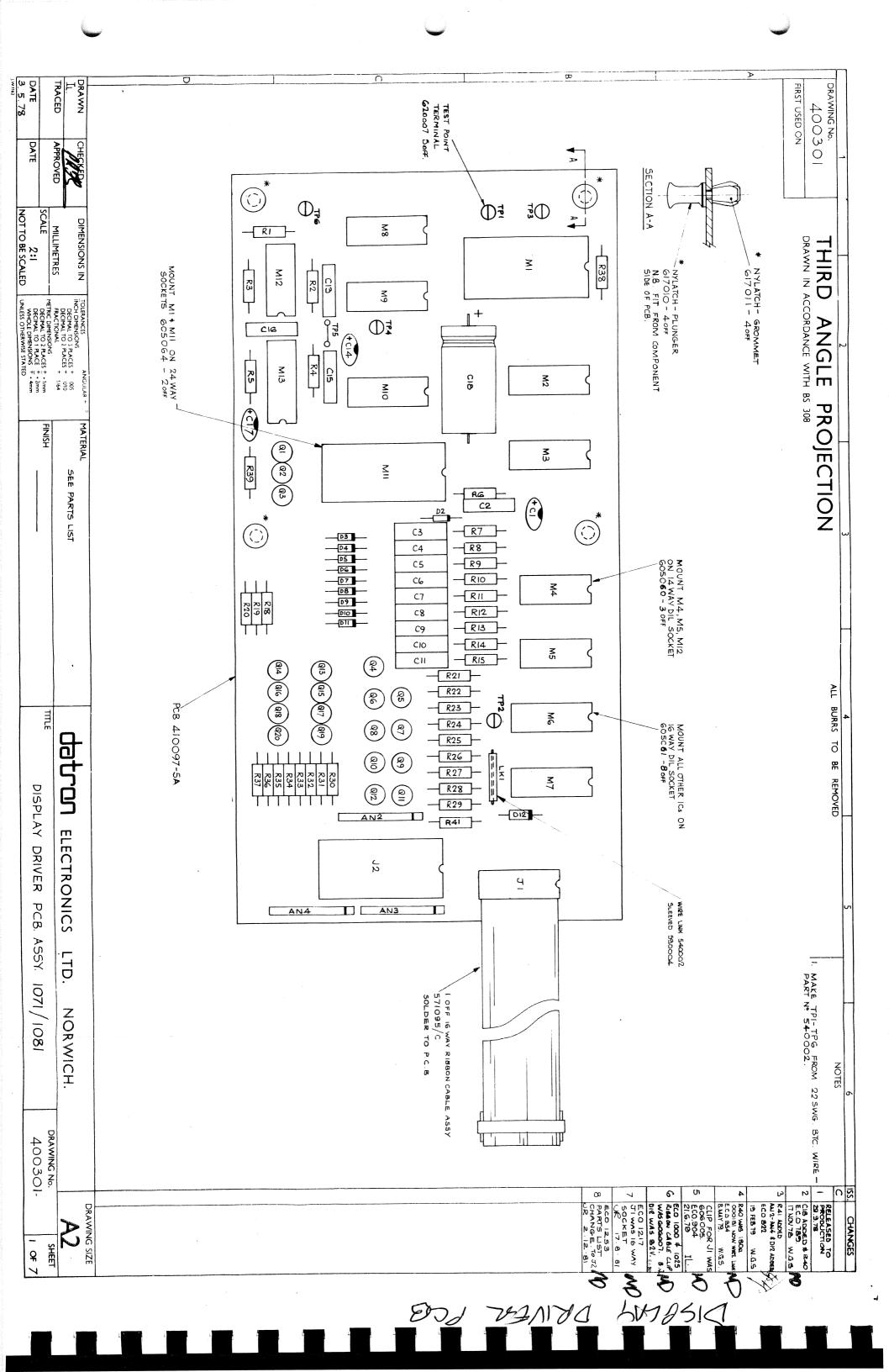
ESIGNATOR	DATRON PART No.	DESCRIPTION	PRINCIPAL MANUFACTURER	MANUFACTURER'S No. US PART No Per As	sy.
રા	240001	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	1	3
Q2	240001	п п	. ч		
Q3	240007	11 11 11		2N3G46	2
Q4		NOT USED			
Q5	240006	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3904	3
36 36	250004	SI PNP "		2N3906	3
Q7	250004	n n n	1	u	
<u>98</u> 98	200001	NOT USED	<del></del>		
39 ·		NOT USED			
210		NOT USED	†		-
	240006	SI NPN TRANSISTOR	NATIONAL	2N3904	
311	250011	" PNP "	4 1	BC 327	1
315		" NPN "	+	2N3646	
<u>ହା3</u>	240007	" " "	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BC184	_
<u>Q14</u>	240001			2N3904	
Q15	240006	" PNP "	; ,	2N3906	
016	250004	PNP "	•		
			<b>+</b>		
			1		
		- <b>†</b>			
				-	
NOTES.			O	13.12.82 datron	RONICS LTD
			-	DRAWN   TITLE	
SEE SHEET 2 FOR	LATEST ISSUE	T 1   1 - T   1		HECKED 1081 DIGITAL	
ECO		<u> </u>			> 7.
DATE	I		1	DRAWING NUMBER 400526	11 0

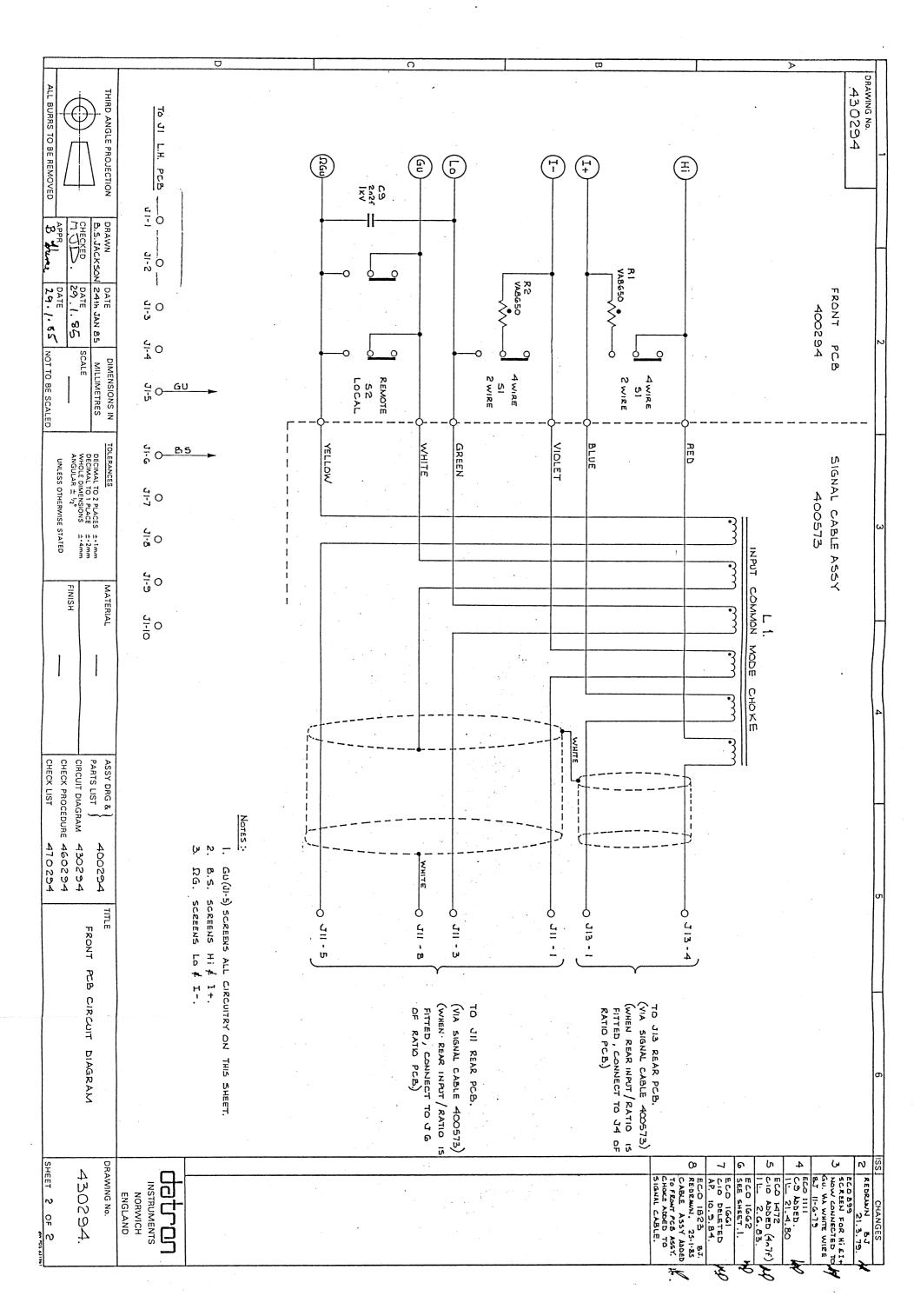




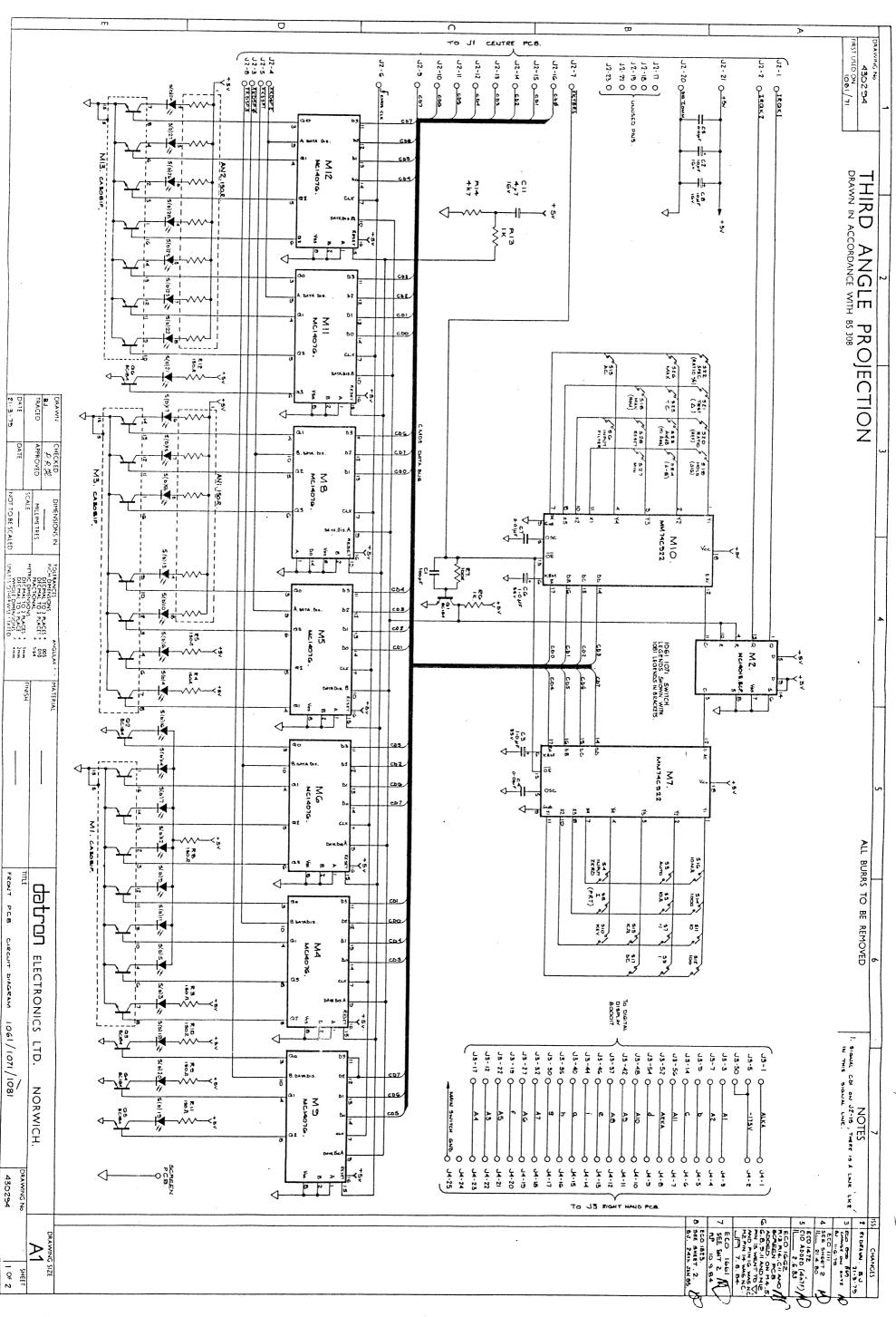


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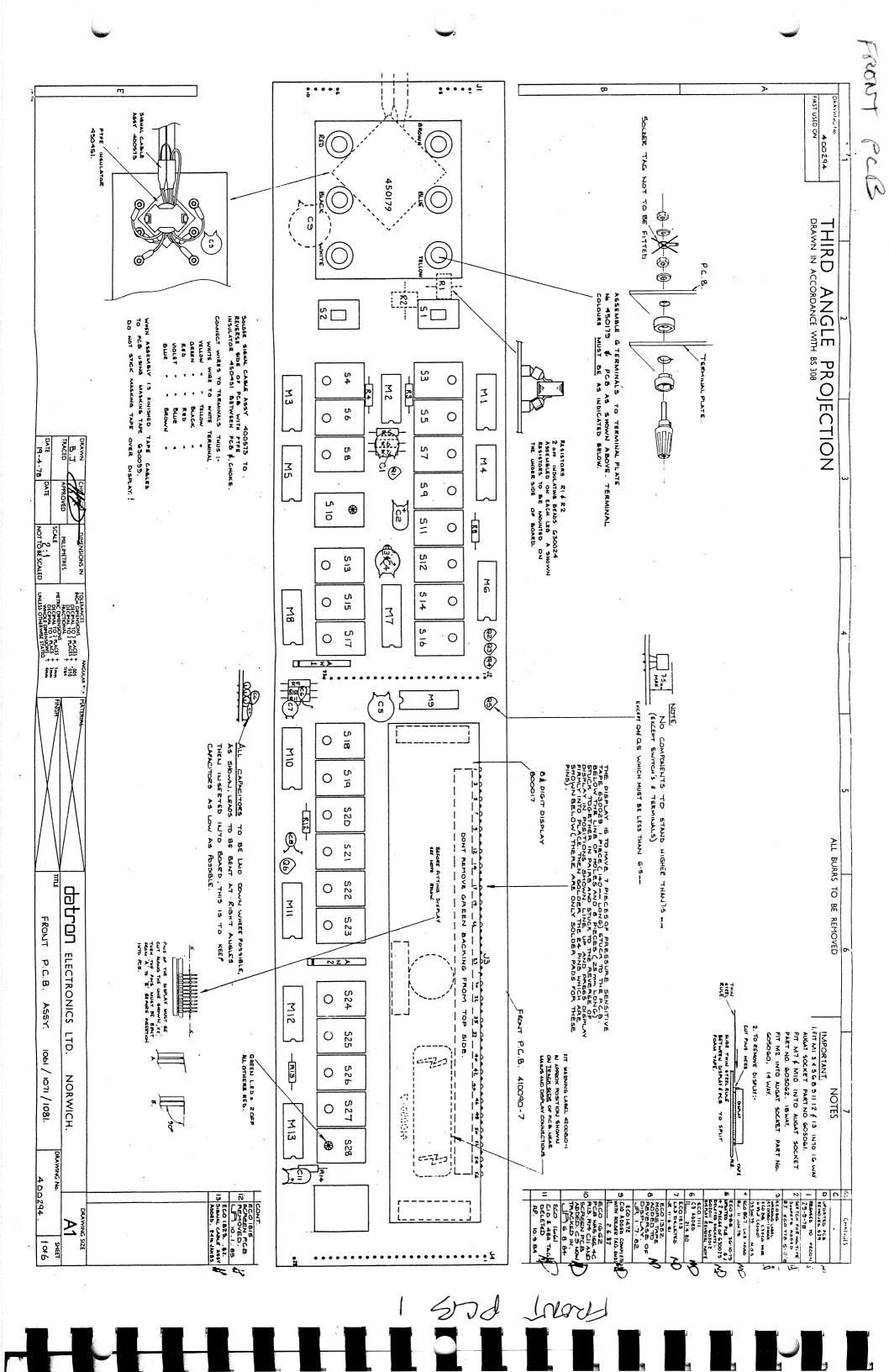


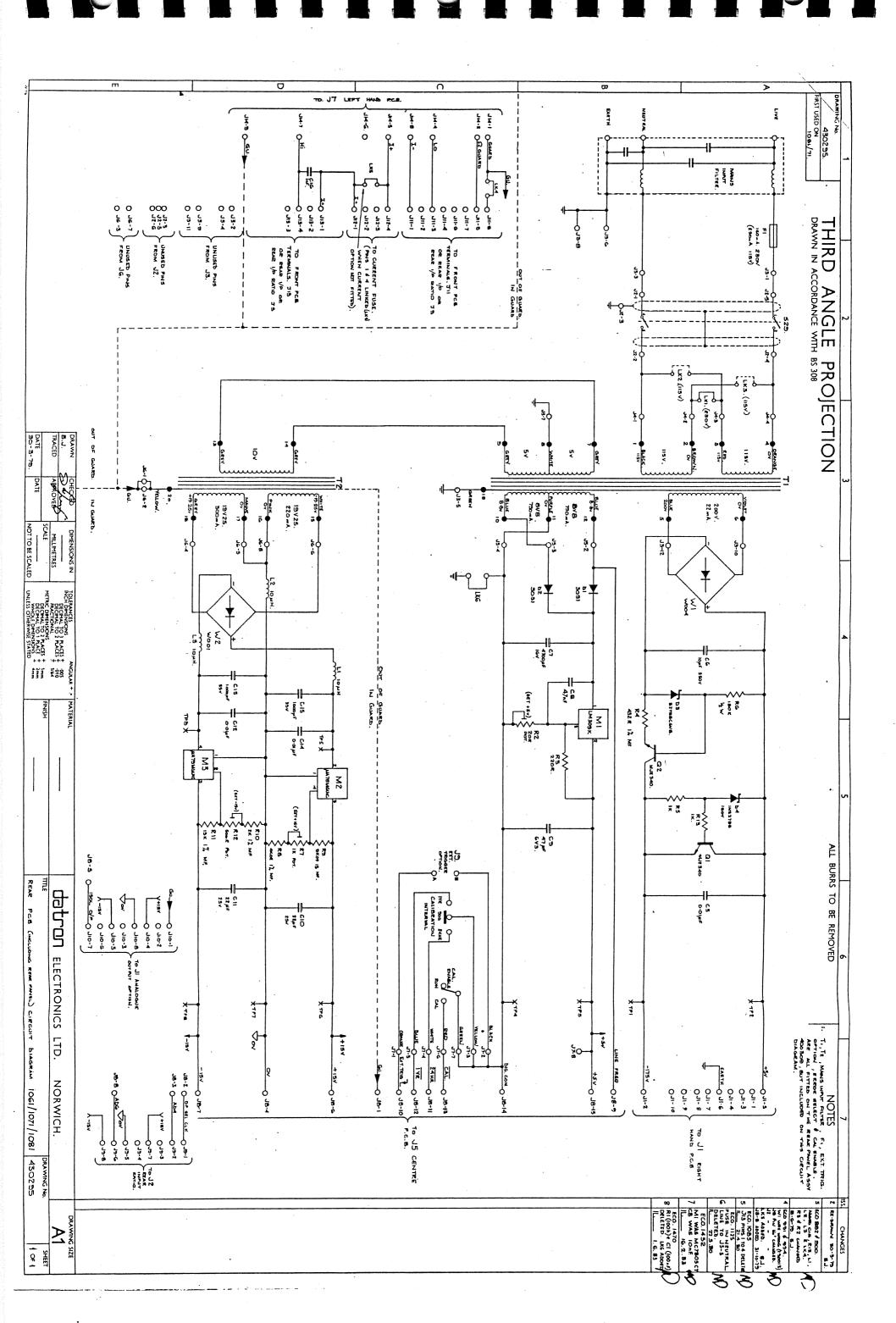
SIM End MANY



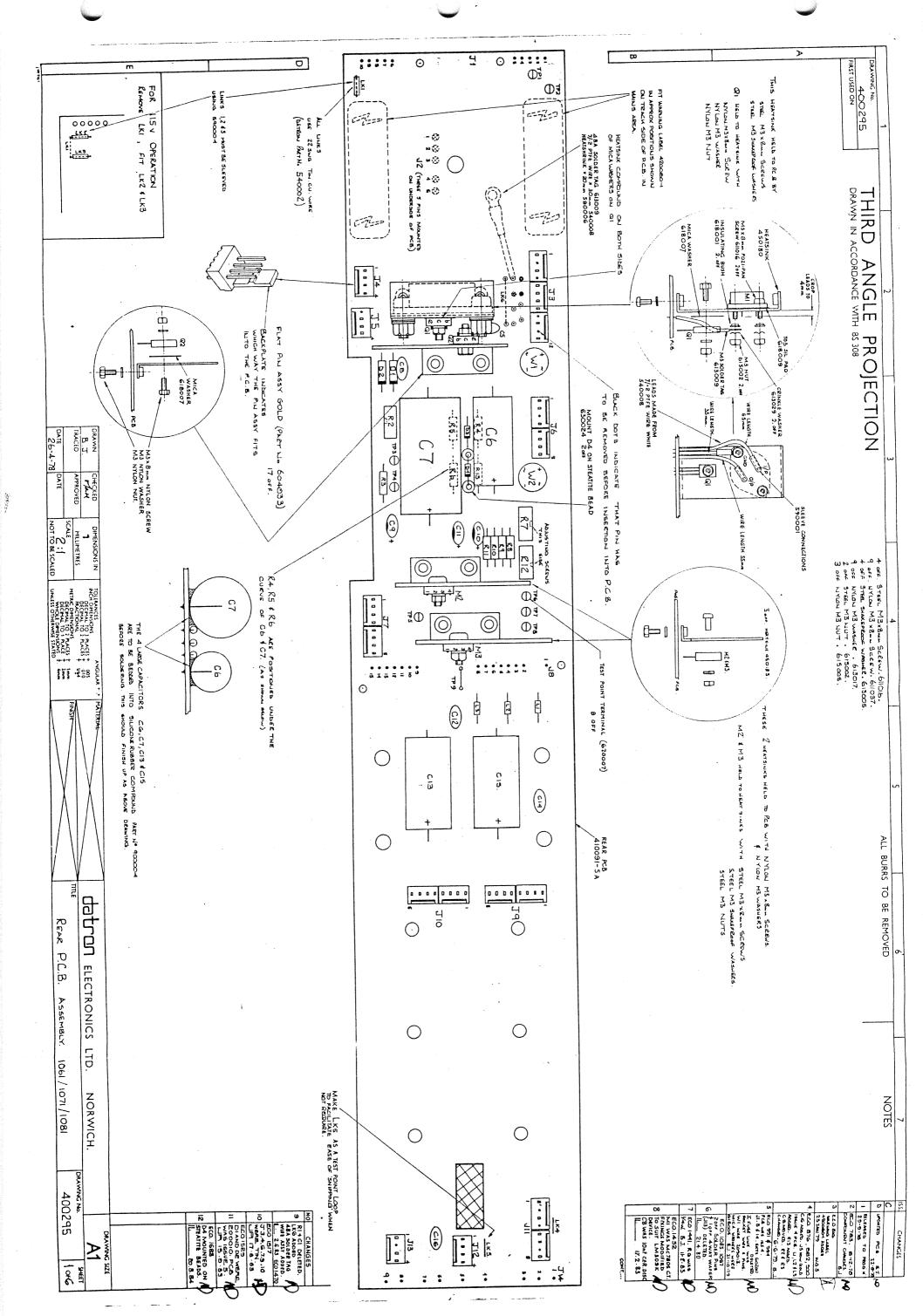
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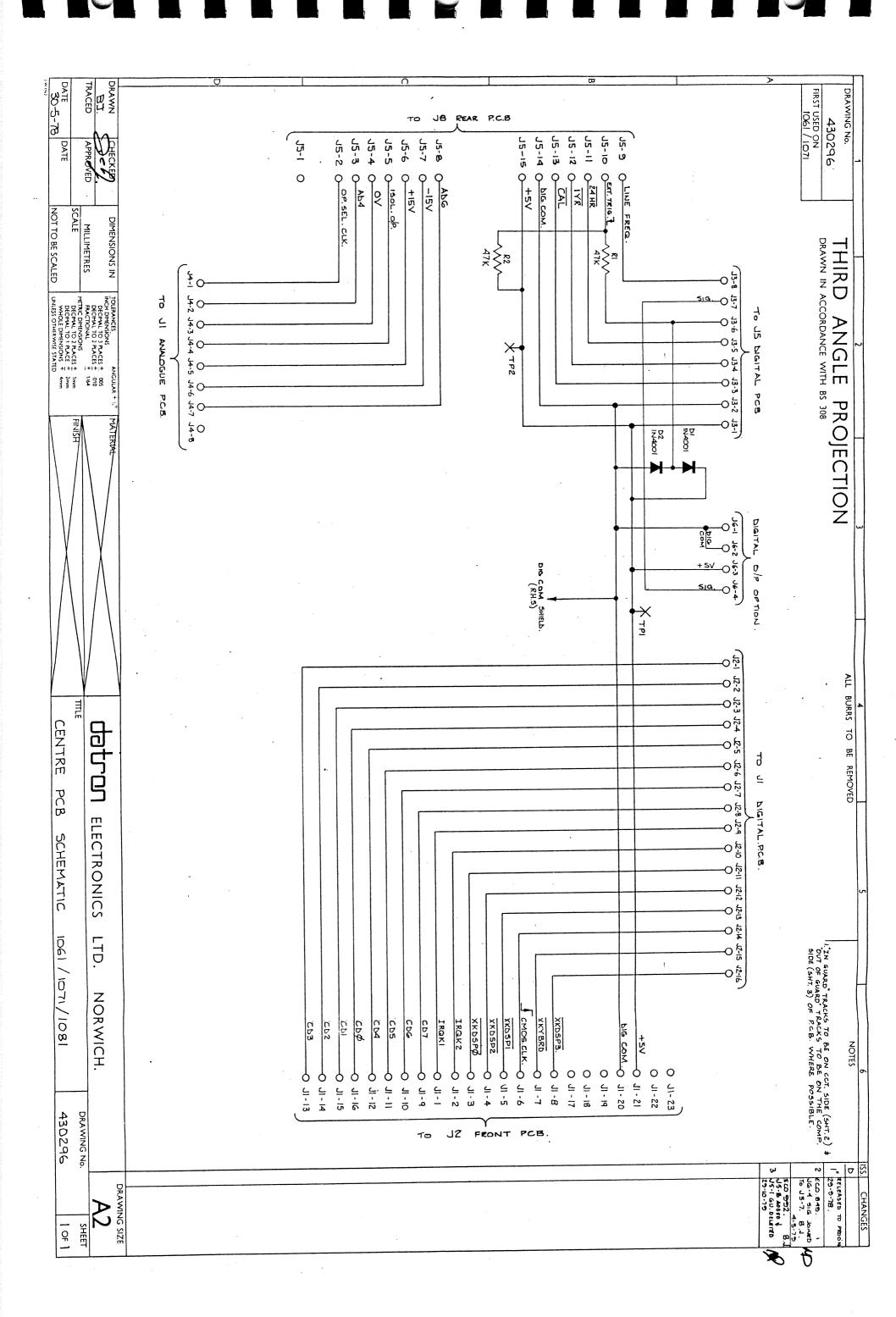




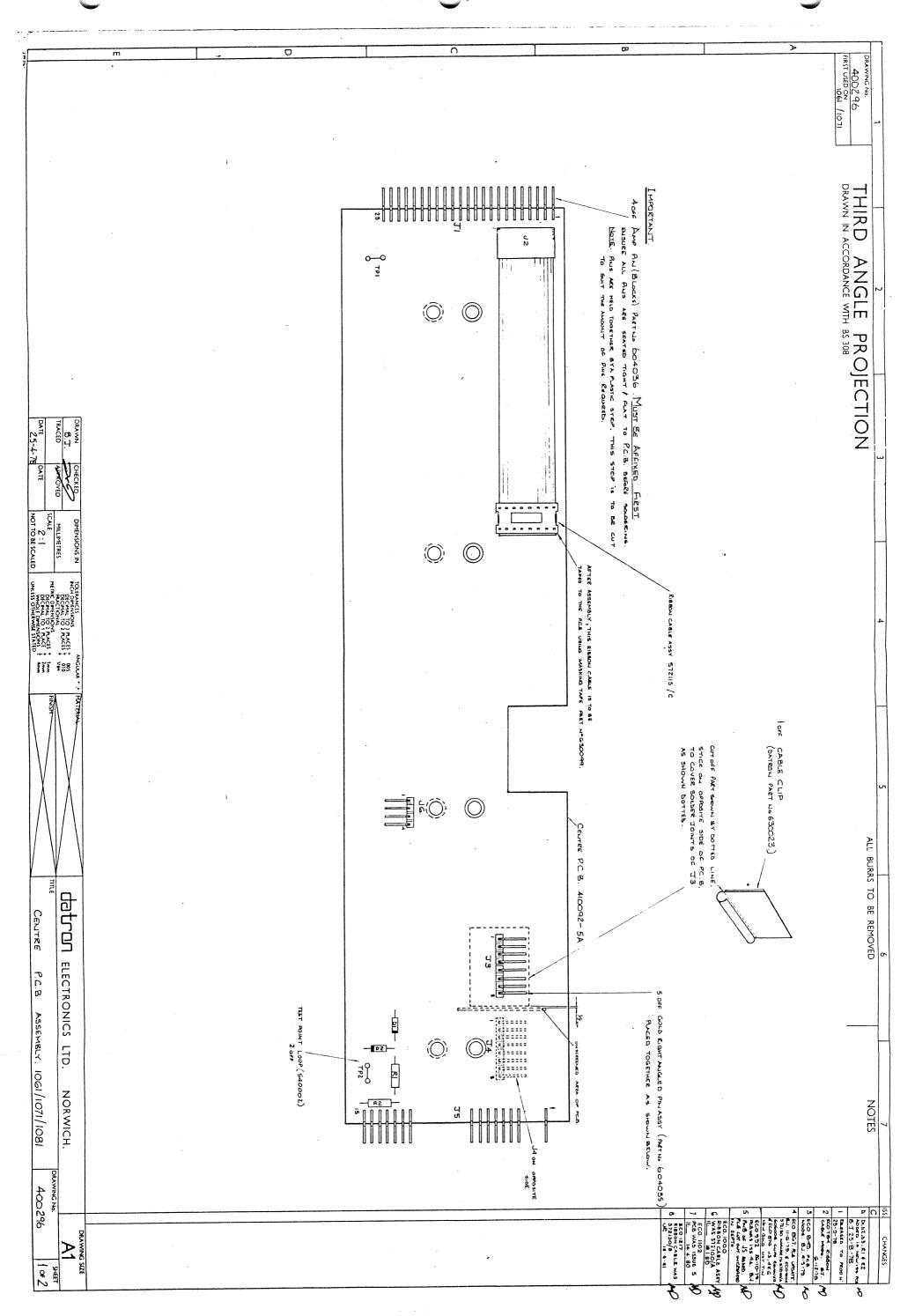
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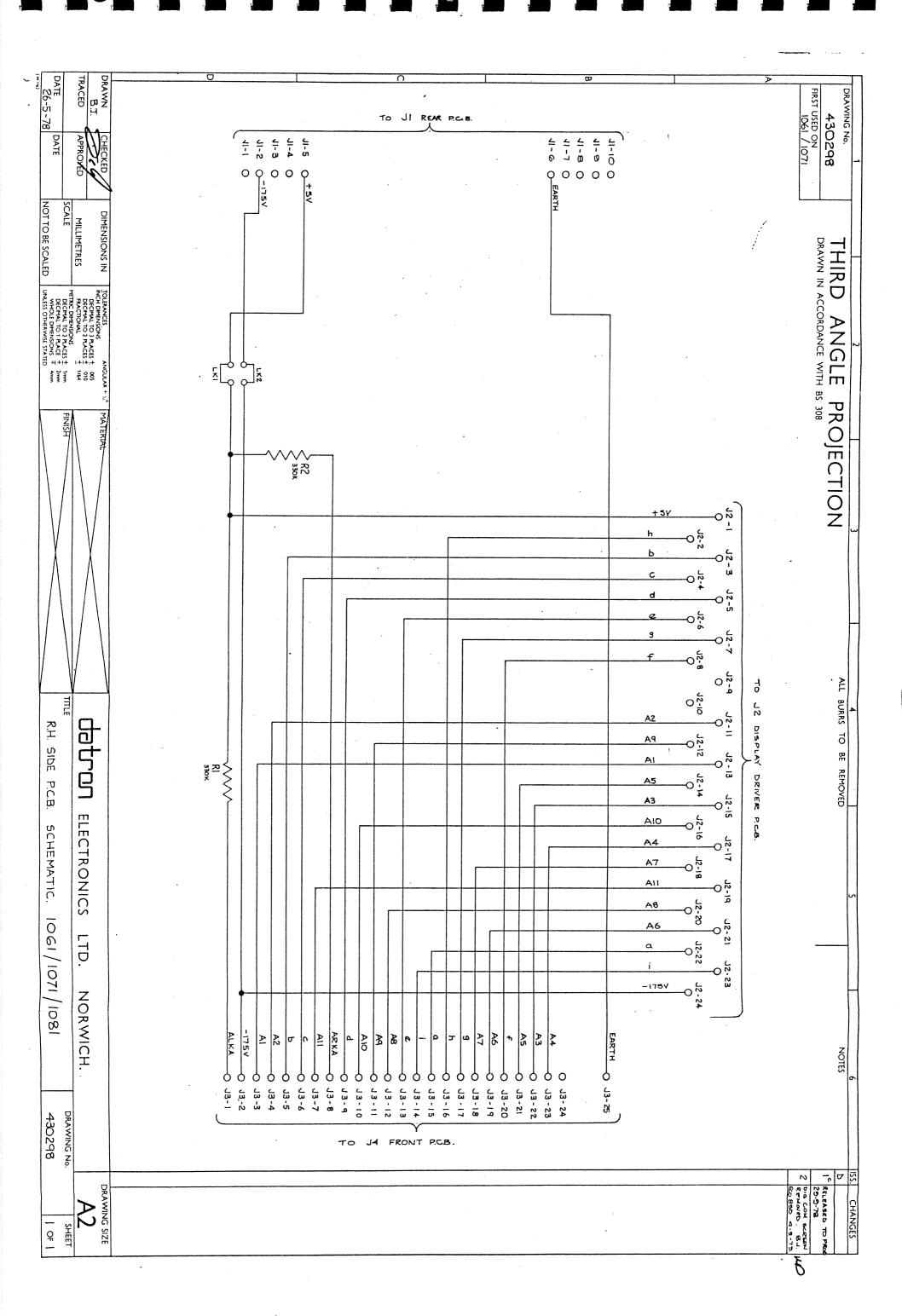
REAR PEG



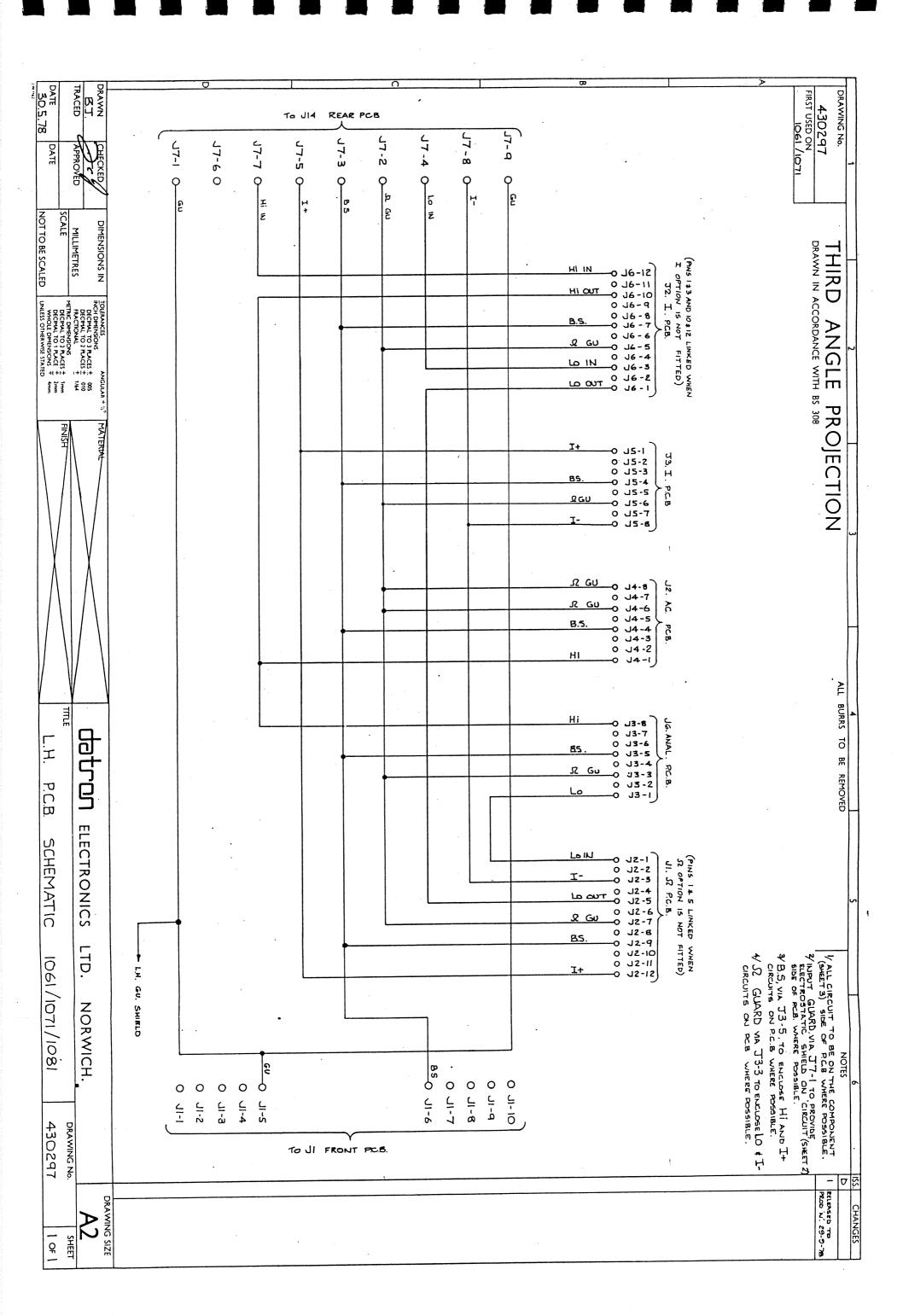
SUND GOD HOLDS



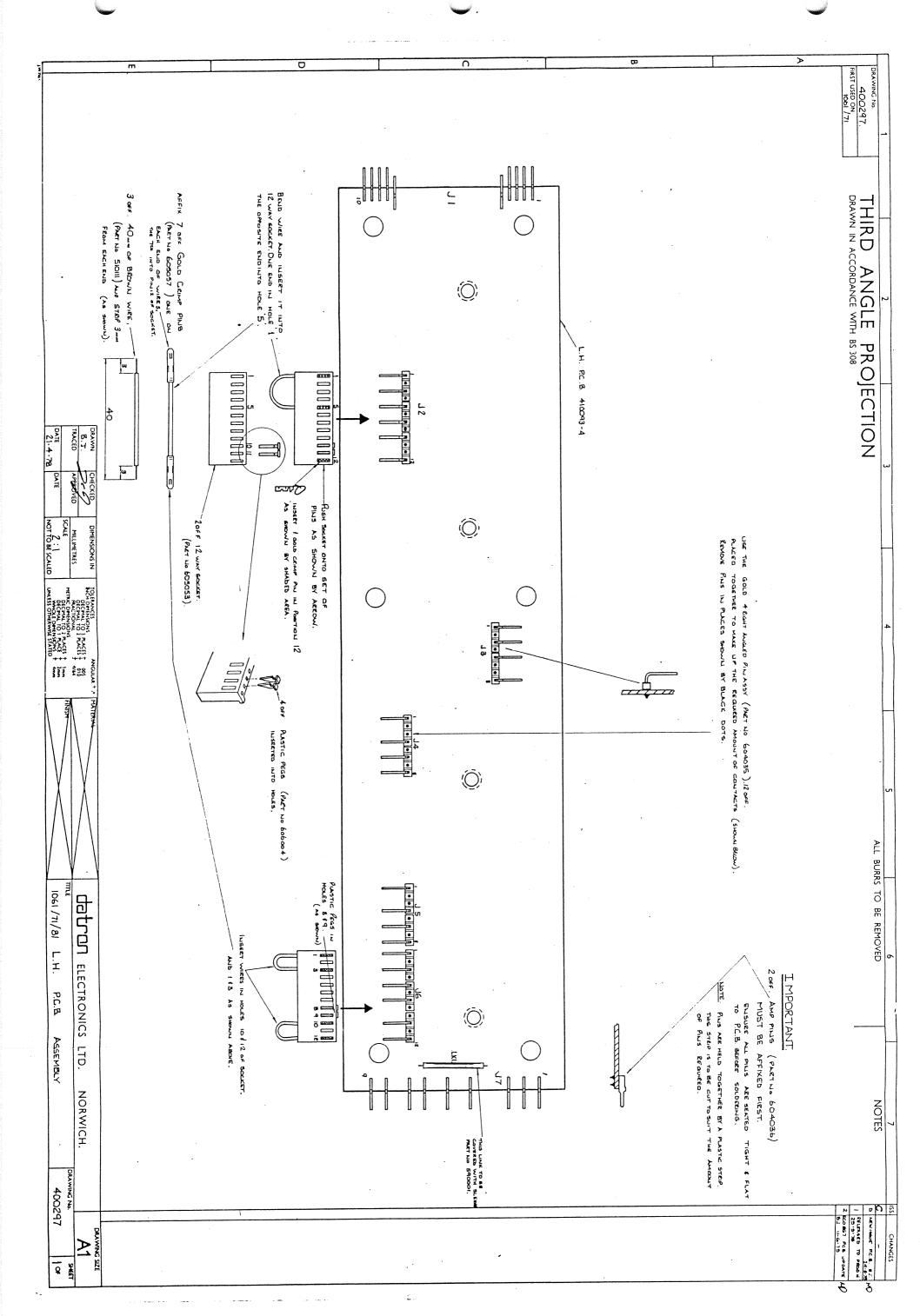
SON COMMEN PURS



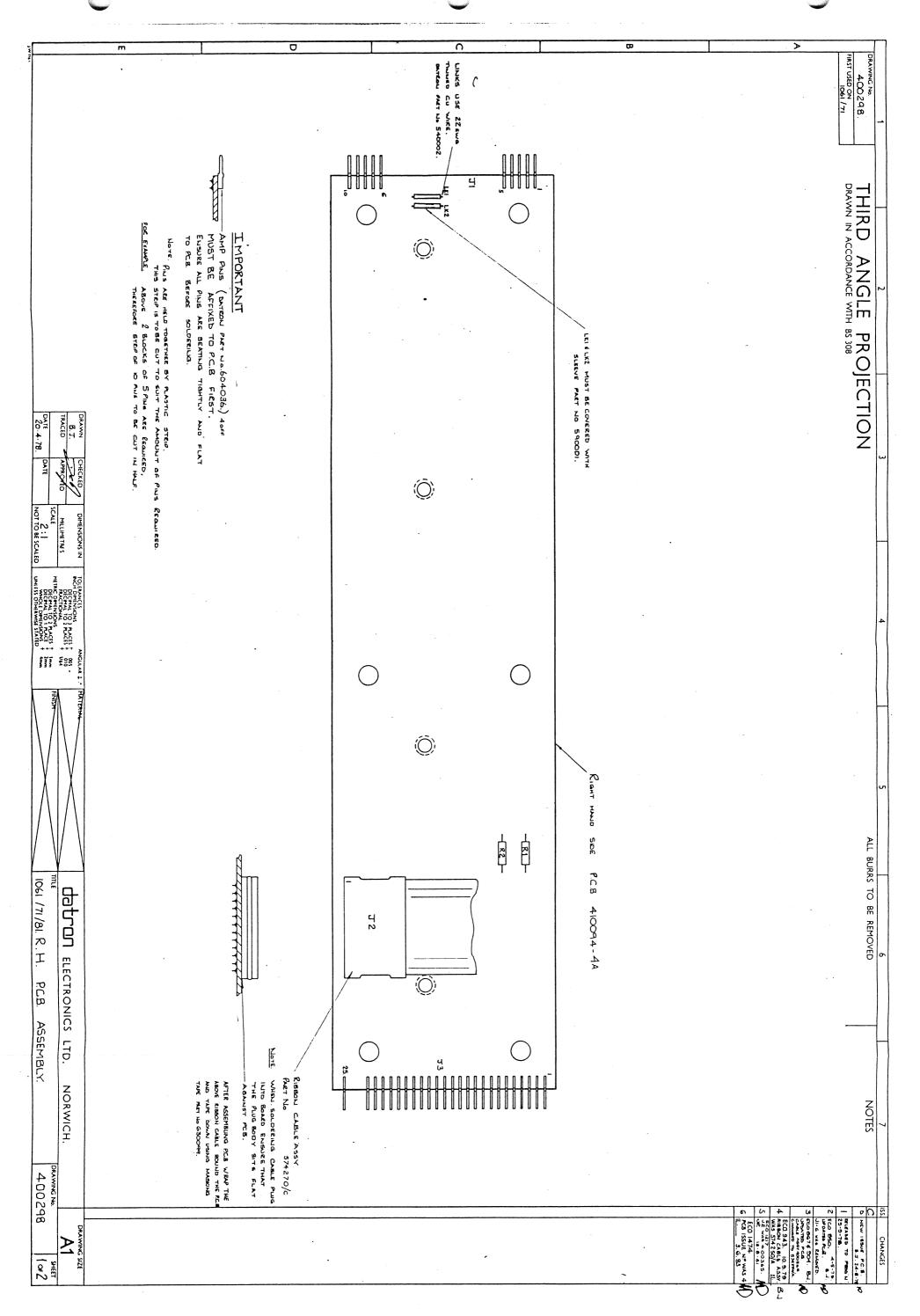
RICHE NAME PORS CICTS



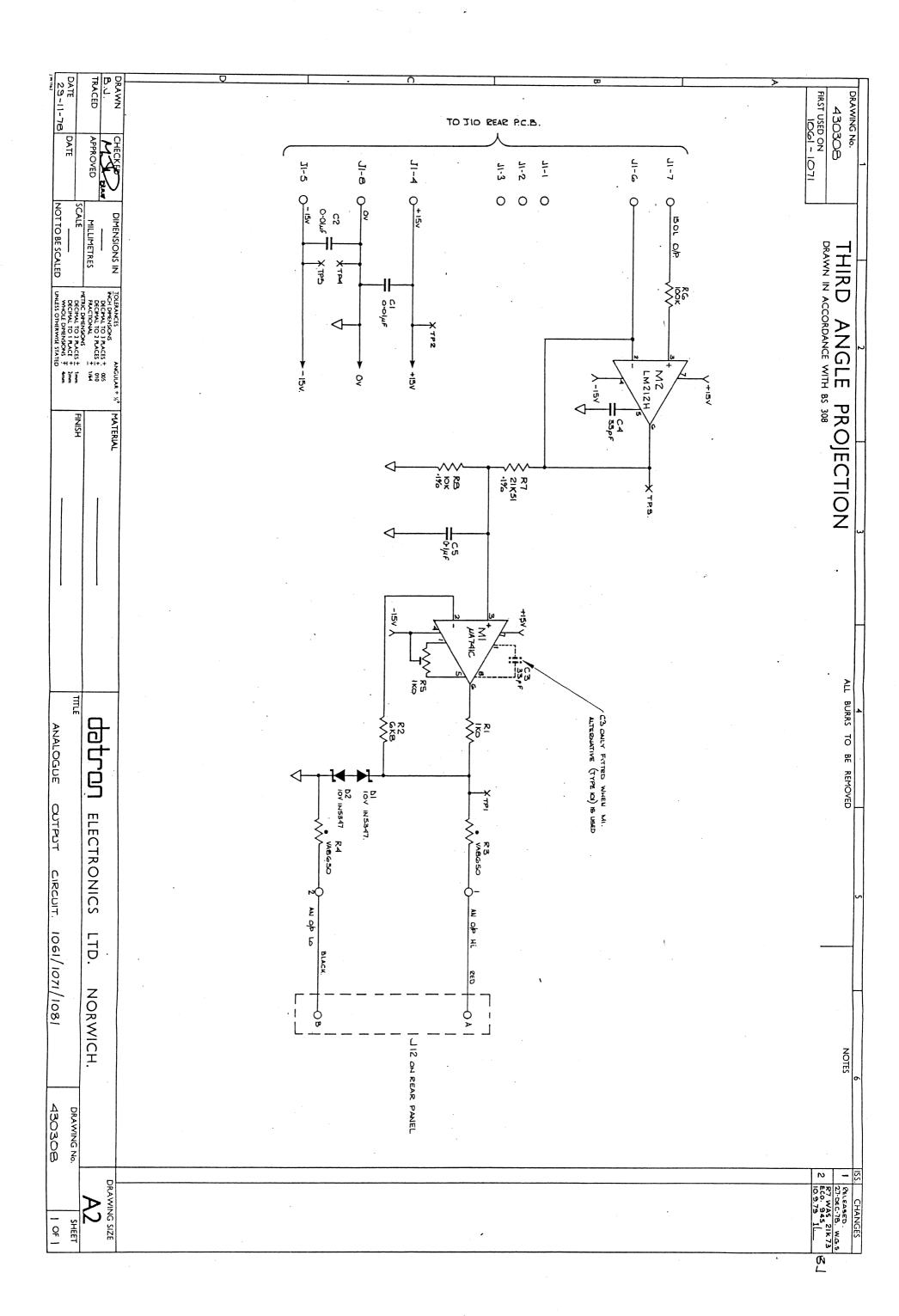
SLOW SOOD SMAH 1997

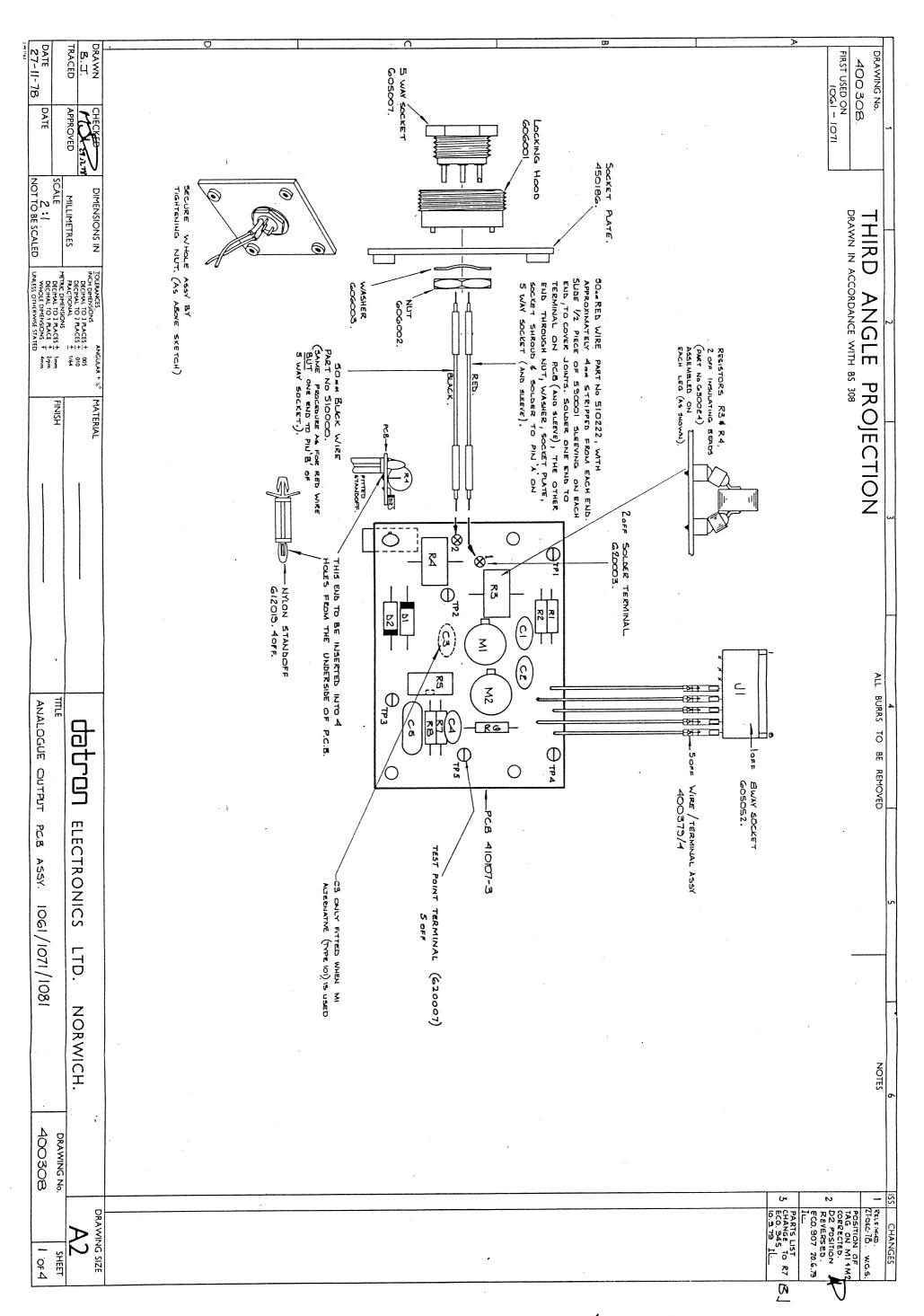


EDS ENAM TODA

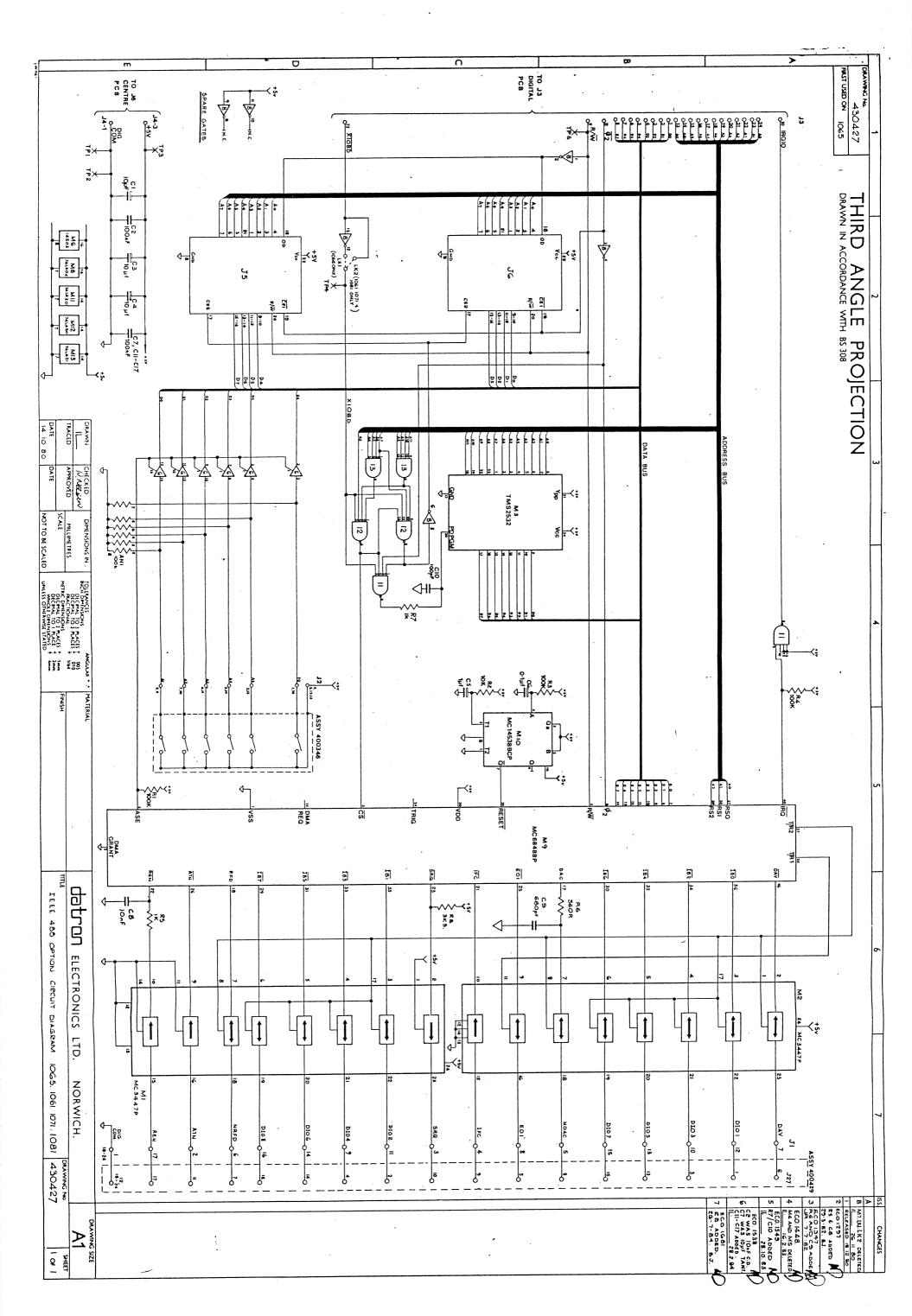


Sold ANAN THOUS

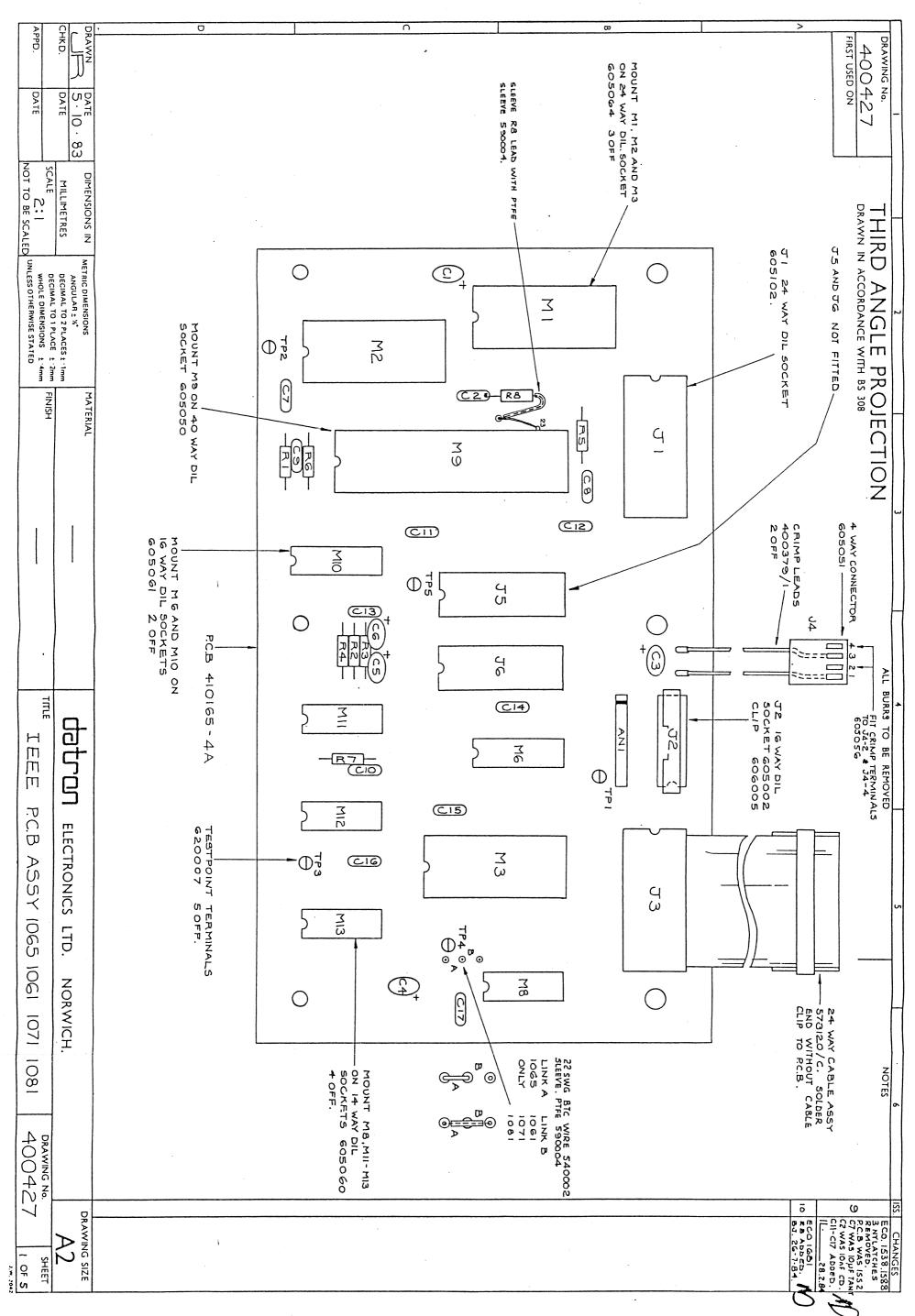




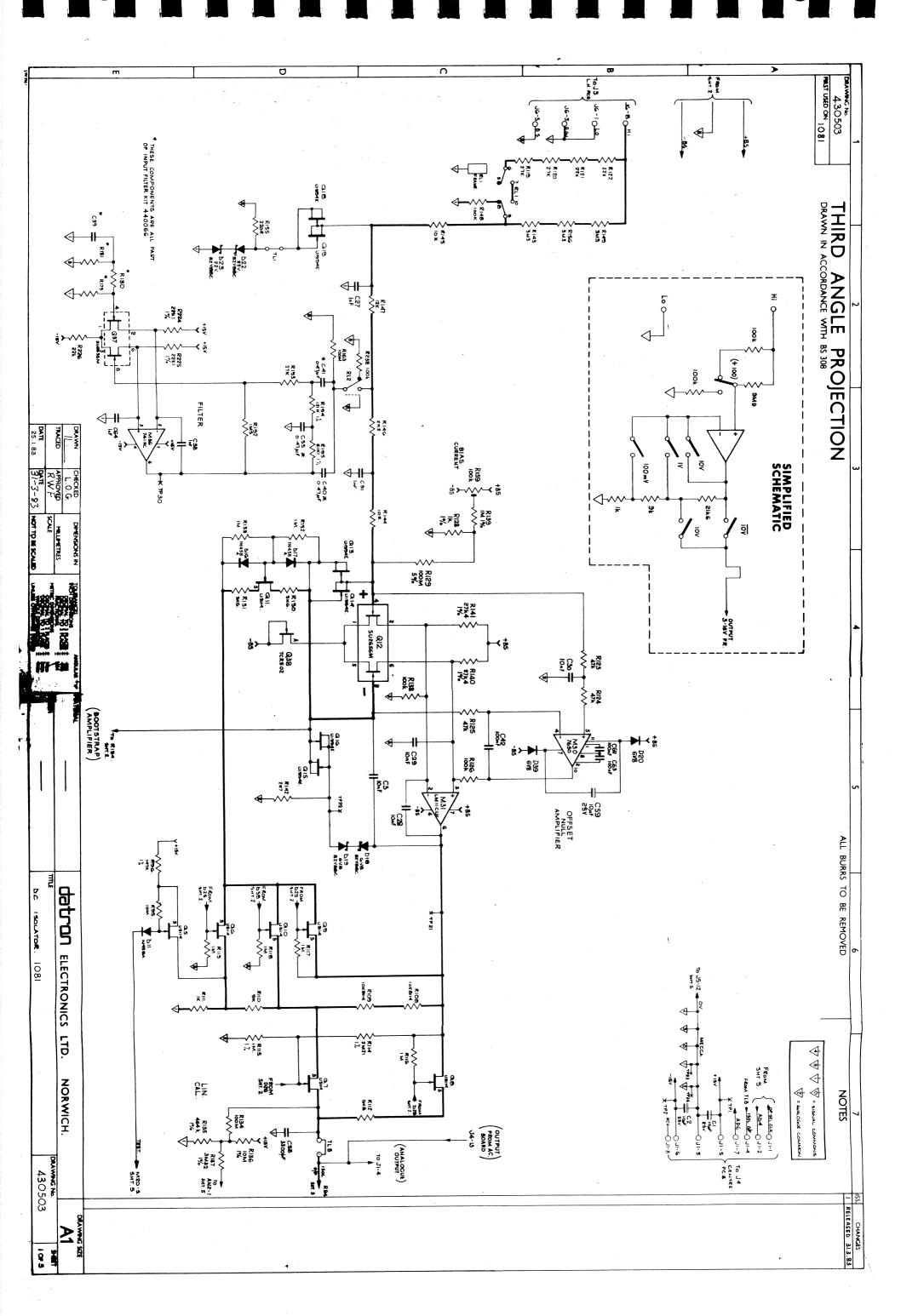
ANALOG OUT POLE



50119/884 JJ31

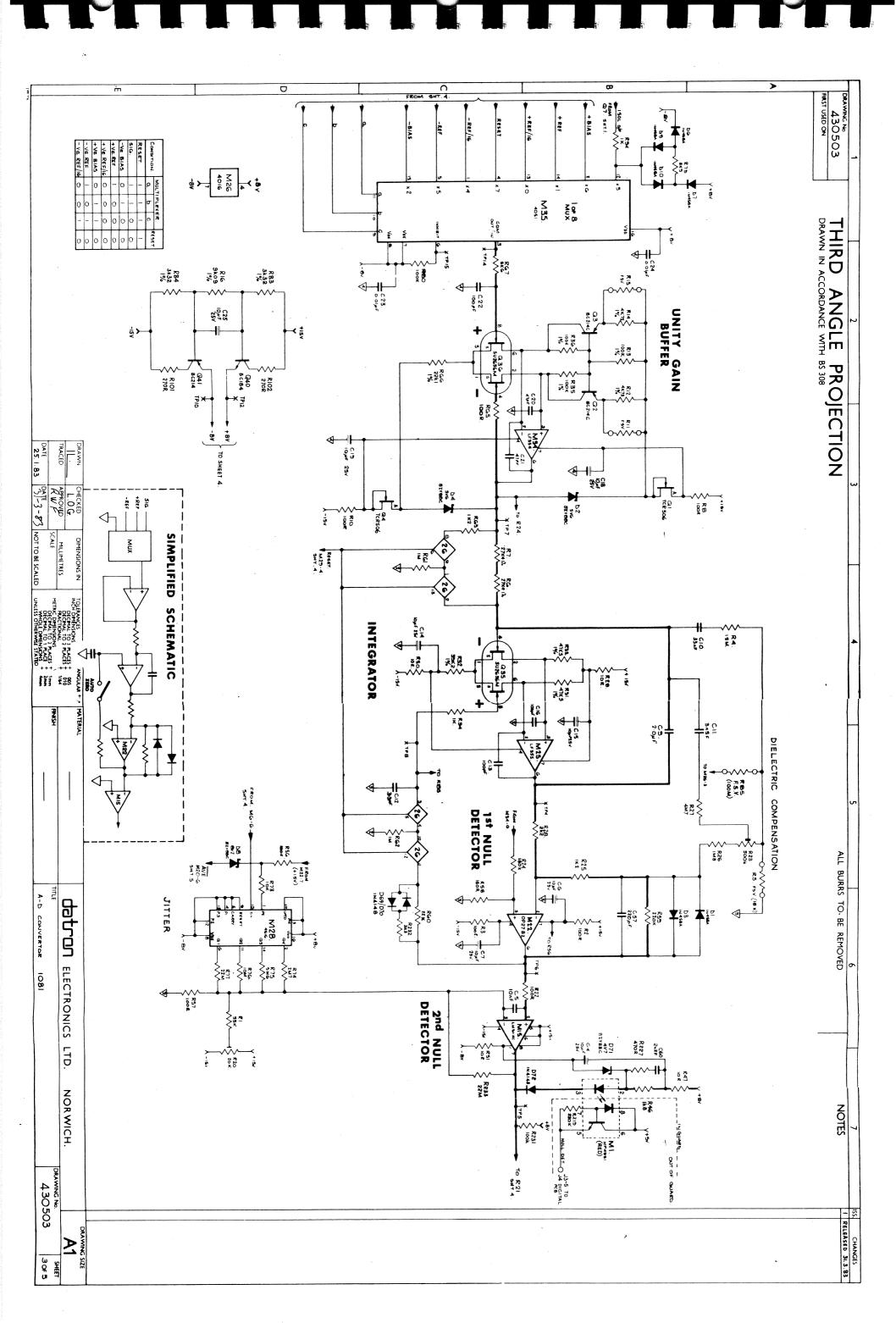


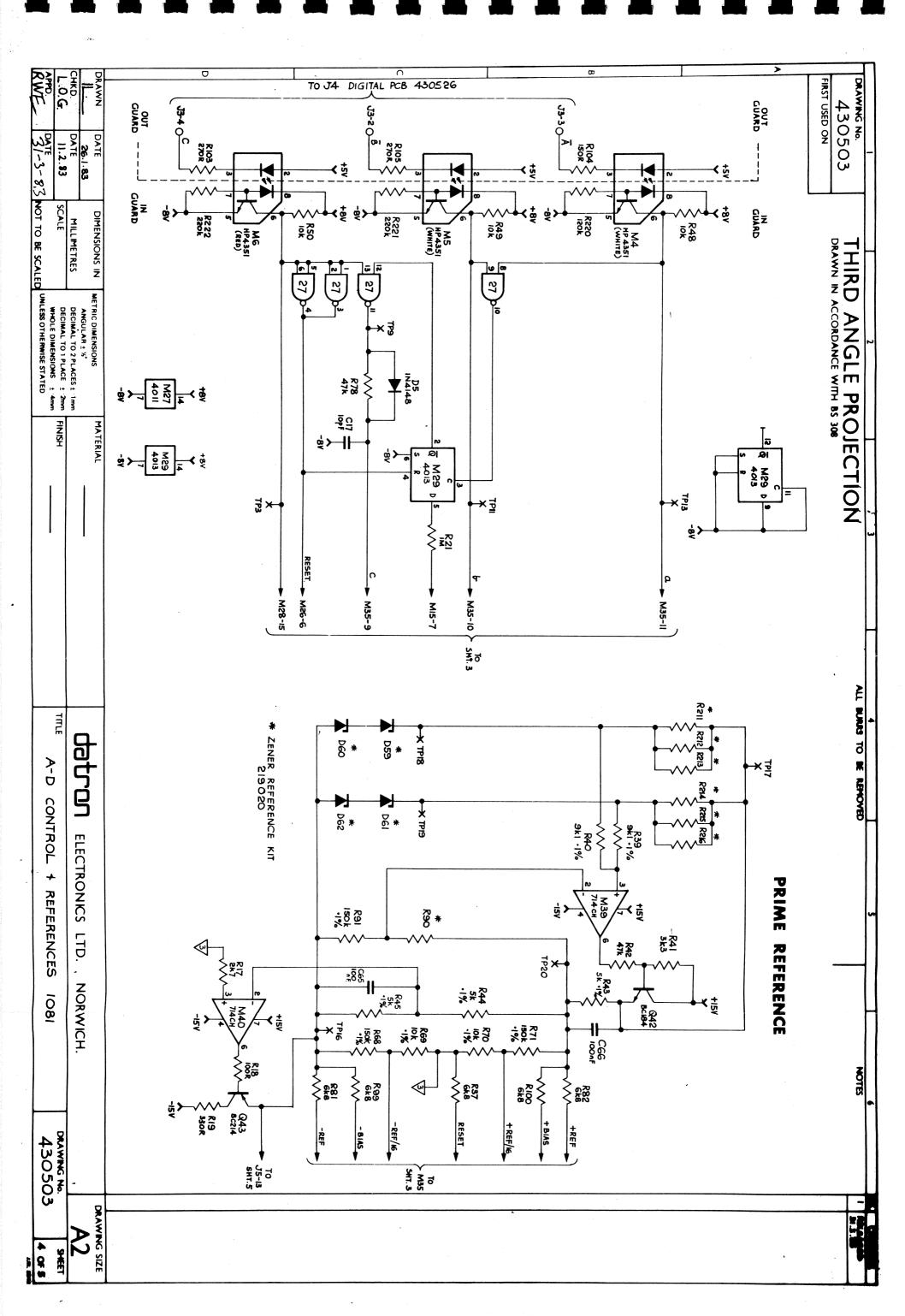
Sod 5119/884 3001



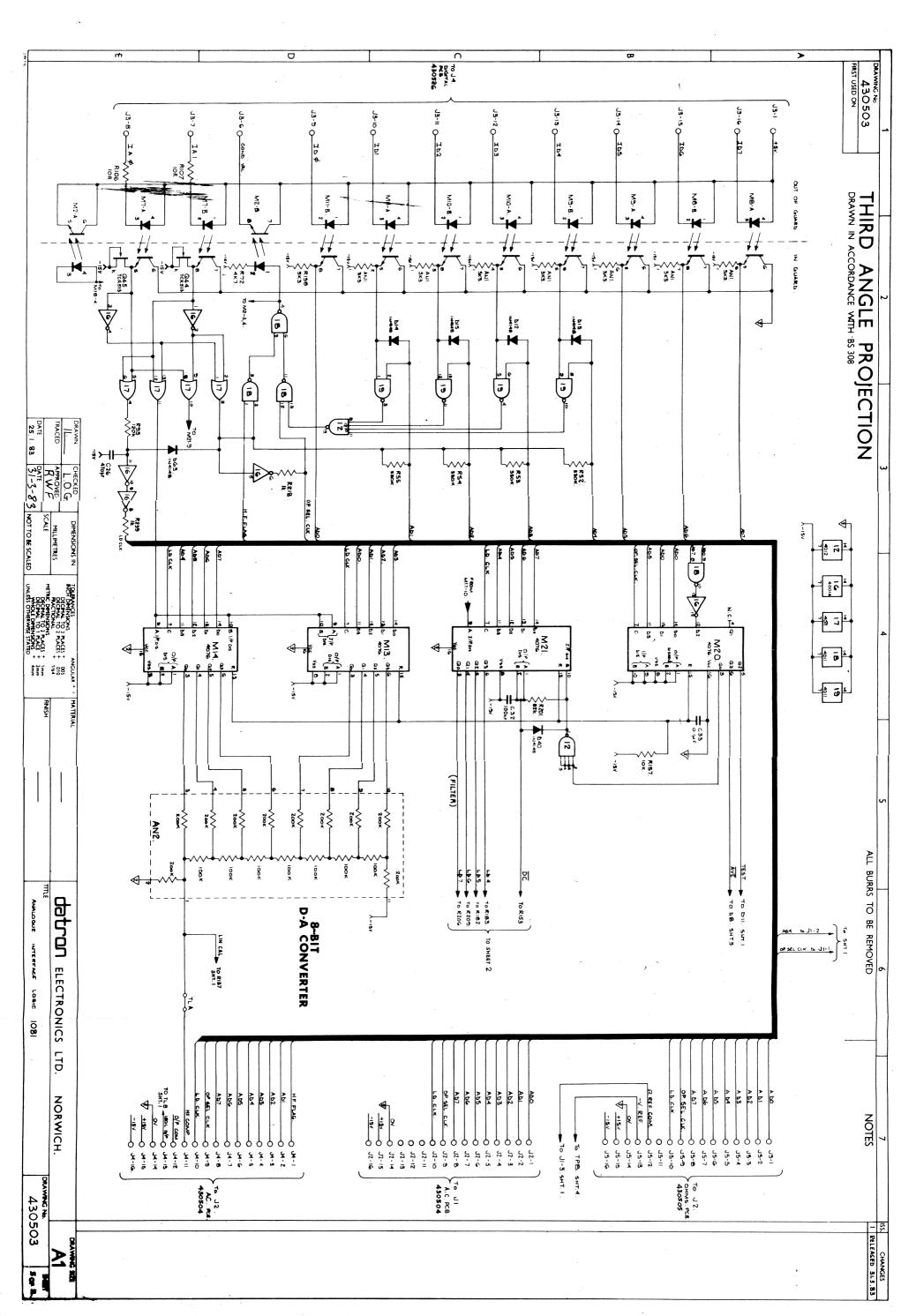
430503 BOOTSTRAP CIRCUITRY  $\Leftrightarrow$ THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION
DRAWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH BS 308 **₩** - 40V DS D. \$ 8 \$ 8 \$ 8 & R173 PASSA. **~** \$855 ₩ 545 124801 N45 +85 - 85 本野 ± 0 ▼ BOOTSTRAP OSCILLATOR ٥ C34 220<sub>1</sub>F \$<del>\*</del>\$ 11-₹\$.Ž - C44 25V O 2 PLACES + 104
AL + 2N2 **₩** 譯本 **→** 552 ₩ 131 RIGS X § 8 AX7 ATTEN ) ₹ RI61 ALL BURRS TO BE REMOVED 56× 88× 8× 8× RANGE daton ELECTRONICS 10 010 010 010 DECODE CI X TP 31 X X ₹ b26 16 Q7 IRCUIT \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 20 RANGE LOGIC LTD. 1801 RANGE (LD4) M21-6 ATTEN (LDG) RANGE (LDS) **₹**0**%** >R172 NORWICH NOTES >> Seo X FET ON D35 ₩ D25 To QG -i5Y RIG2 TO SHT 5 130503 RELEASED, 31.3.83 DRAWING SIZE SHEET 2 OF 5

7 6904 39MAN + 53178ANS < 128ATAS 1969

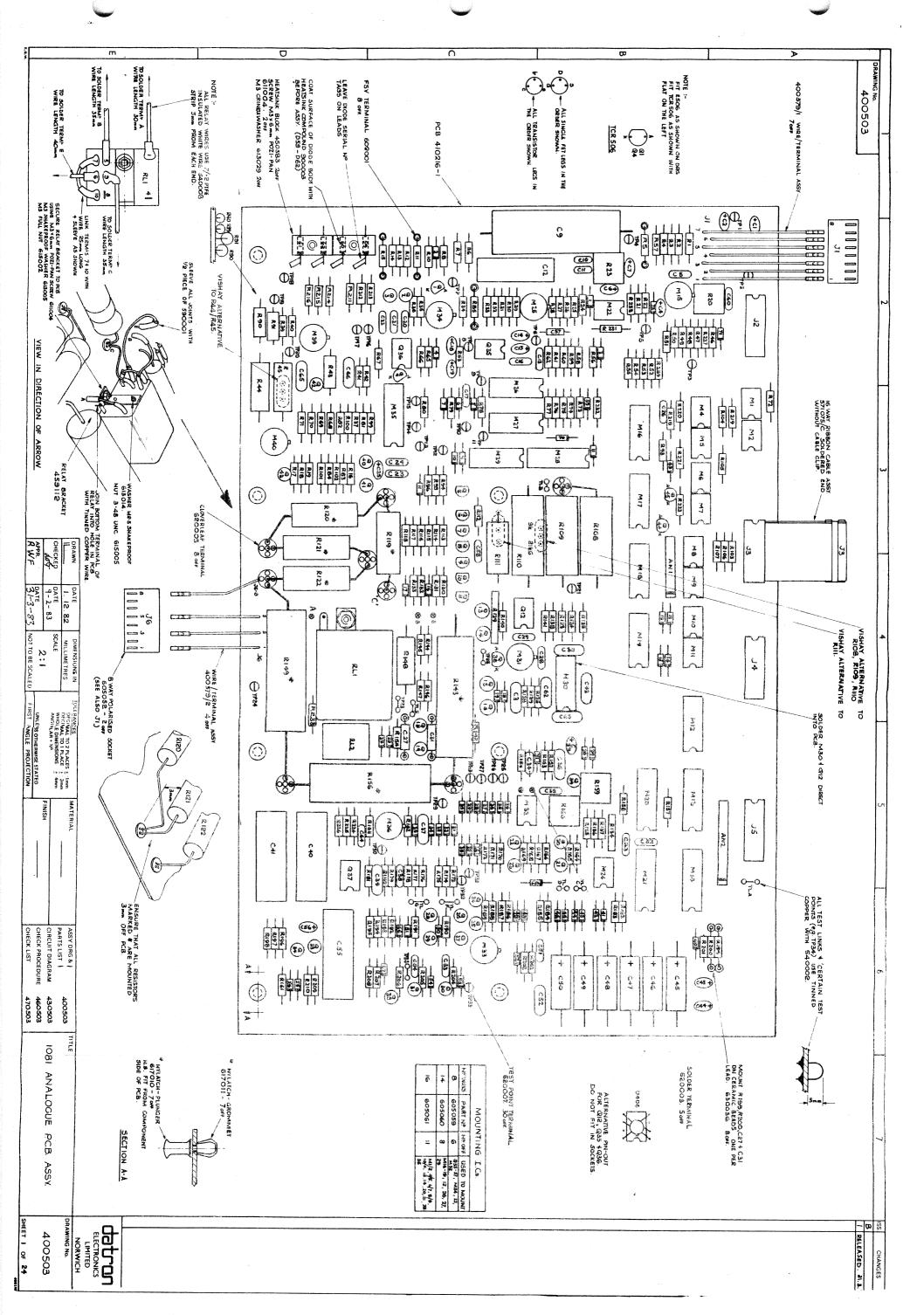




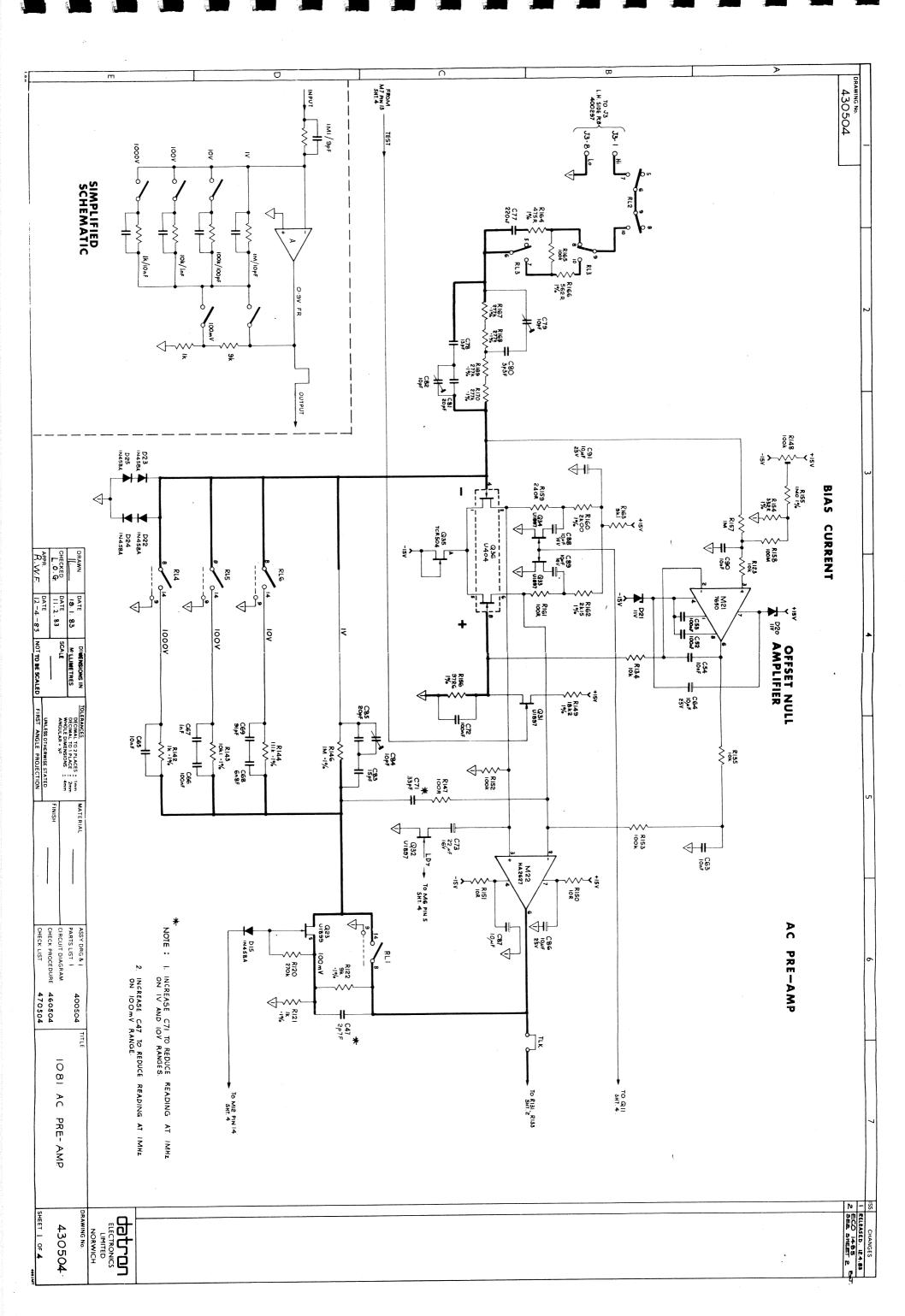
HAR COUNTRY A REFERENCE SOMELY



JULIEUTHUE WILLIAME



501 -907 VN4



JAMENA DE

ST TROM 430504 R133 H.F. AUTOCAL 發十 R131 150k COMPENSATION STAGE **ह्रं ≻**── M20 MA714HC 332k ₹<u>8</u> 7k5 ાં જે કું જું DI4 88212 ▼|| ▼ || ▲ 66810 628 ₹88 \$88 \$ 150pf <u>;</u> ≅ ₹ - NRIO4 Q17 OSEN2 C49 220af 1 C5I (HF AUTOCAL) ōk 8897 DC-DC L.O.G Res DATE 11.2.83 ō 8 8 R75 C33 497F PRECISION
HALF WAVE RECTIFIER ¥ 78 7K5 LOG AMPLIFIER Q16 Q14 TCRSIO 15 C3 200 DECIMAL TO 2 PLACES ± -1mm
DECIMAL TO 1 PLACE ± 2mm
WHOLE DIMENSIONS ± -4mm
ANGULAR + ½0 RS7 DI3 OFFSET ☐ C23 4k99 i% R94 230K 470R 330R R36 88R < C18 120pf R37 270g R38 270R R28  $\triangleleft$ R9 R90 ē <u>□</u> ≺‱į T Segi **★** ₹ BIAS C35 2p2F ASSY DRG & |
PARTS LIST |
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
CHECK PROCEDURE
CHECK LIST C57 680pf R108 392k **⊘** ◈ K2S **₹**00 € < 2 kHz 0 ≥ 2 kHz , < 20 kHz 0 ≥ 20 kHz 0 ≥2kHz,<20kHz ≥20kHz FREQUENCY < 2kHz C39 789 1789 1789 **→** DS NA148 R 107
3.92k
1% 11 24 >> RII2 LINEARITY ج الم 460504 470504 F3 M19 FX-301L H.F. FLAG LOG VOLTAGE 180 A.C. Ü DIO -TO MII PIN 9 0 = -ISV TO MII PIN IO \* 1PG M.F. FLAG (>2kHz) H.F. FLAG (>20kHz) SHEET 2 OF 4 ELECTRONICS
LIMITED
NORWICH
DRAWING No. 430504

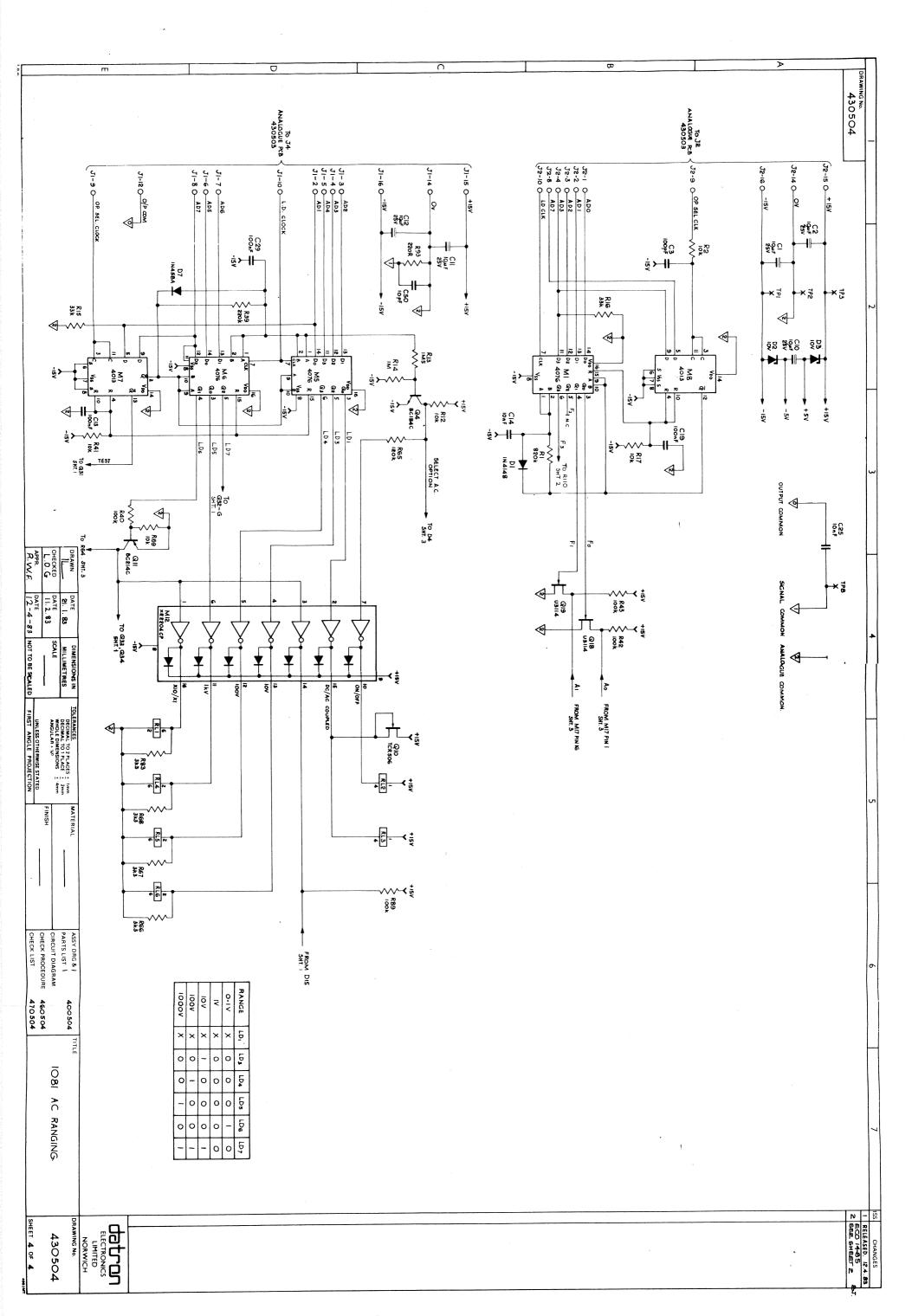
'MMOD 901 + 1230 DH

D DRAWING No. 430504 ₹3° TO R28 (SH1.2) 2 R CREST FACTOR R60 4R7 4 MOA To Q18 SHT.4 To Q19 SHT.4 PASS FILTER 290026 LOG VOLTAGE | | C15 FEED BACK ₹<u>₽</u> 5k50 .01% + £22 100M 7864 790k 18k2 C74 6/-8F 182 k C28 6V3 87 47k R32 274k 22k 86 \_ ╢  $\Diamond$ र्षु≻~~ - RIA - X82 - XX 700K **∞ ⊕** FILTERS Ri26 1000 F ₹× FROM M2 PIN I ğβ  $\triangleleft$ R27 FSV (100k) R34 ದ್ರಾಕ್ಕಾರ 51W RIO6 ANTI-LOG STAGE , 6µ8F هر 127 <del>|</del> D17 IN458A Ģ.% R124 825k D6 14584 RS RS DATE [1.2.83 NOT TO BE CALED ~#R ¥R ₩O 1 6 C75 RI36 > RI25 **⊕** BZV46 TOLERANCES

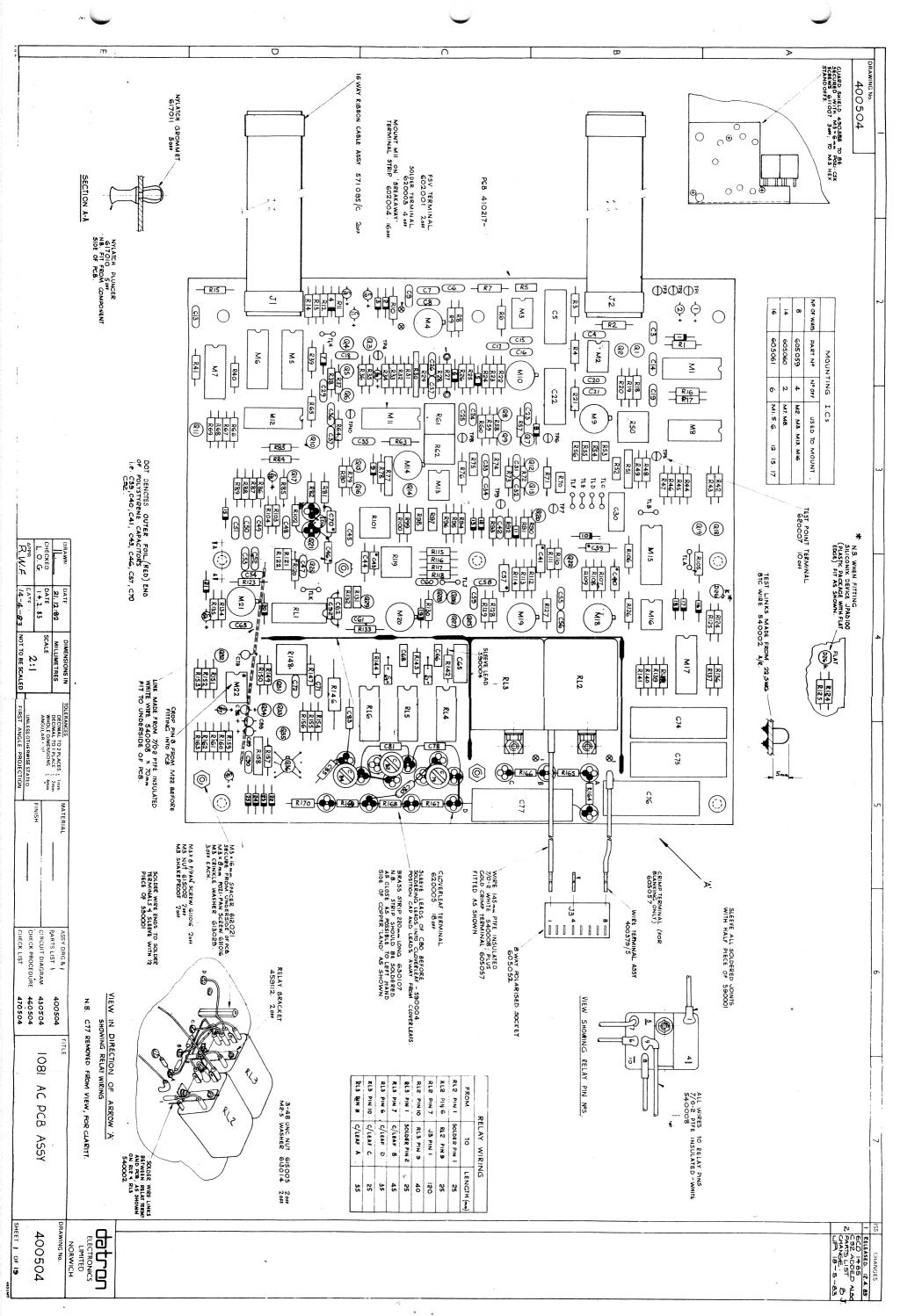
DECIMAL TO 2 PLACES + 1mm
DECIMAL TO 1 PLACE 2 2mm
WHOLE DIMENSIONS 4 4mm
ANGULAR + 1/20 270g FILTER BOOTSTRAP 0-0 A, Ao S, Se S3 S4 BIAS 7.049 8.49 R51 0 0 0 -0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0 - 0 0 0 ₹848 ₹8 ₹₹ 850 80k 100Hz 0-1 Hz FILTER Q2 TCR506 ₹8.5 % | | 1₹,506 | ₹<u>₹</u>₽ - 0 -0 - -- 0 0 F<sub>0</sub> F<sub>1</sub> F<sub>2</sub> F<sub>3</sub> ASSY DRG & |
PARTS LIST 1

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
CHECK PROCEDURE
CHECK LIST 22k 460504 470504 400504 OUTPUT BUFFER C30 1081 AC RMS CONVERTER 2<u>\$</u> R52 25k0 -1% Sk 50 856 3758 ∙1% R55 150R 150R ₹54 -:×5 2KO 3KO **^**^^ ₹₽ ₹ TO R27 THIS SHT. ELECTRONICS LIMITED NORWICH DRAWING No. SHEET 3 OF 4 430504

MOD SWELL



AC PANCHNG



EDJ DY

DRAWING No. 430505 5 ጽ Ξ ۲ **>**-00 ◈  $\triangleleft$ SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC \$≻ | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 | N 4 M2 4016 • R2 ē₹7 TO J2 N. SIDE PCB 430297 RL. ×A8650 PRECISION Image: Control of the con (100k) Q20 U1994 E ₹ \* R42 620k 4.7 2.4 2.4 Q2 4£ Q3 U3114£ R25 573k3 ·1% #<u>#</u> CURRENT 3n3f D8 84148 277 277 Co  $\triangleleft \Vdash$ √> R6 107 R40 \$ 5 E R73 82k 872 33k J309 LM2 SISM SINK 2 ×2 f ⋛┋≅ **₹** C5 2,2f R39 ₹ RR R 100 T R50 6800 PF Q15 Bc214 R23 ≺ <u>†</u>§ Q21 J309 \$ 57 846 5k6 6 6 1  $\Leftrightarrow \sim$ .....R3 680pF **₽** CHECKED (ēķ) §8 \* % S 5k8 (29 715 ا ا DATE 2.2.83 25V DATE 11.2.83 3/-3-83 NOT TO BE SCALED Q5 U1994 CURRENT SHUNT (IM - IOM RANGES) \_\_ 5 3× 88 MILLIMETRES SCALE 0 70 0 60 0 60 **⊕**□ ı Q25 C25 4 LERANCES

DECIMAL TO 2 PLACES ± 1mm

DECIMAL TO 1 PLACE ± 2mm

WHOLE DIMENSIONS ± 4mm

ANGULAR + %0 **-** ₹ R38 27k4 Sk735 Sk735 Sk735 -√√-**√** ‡ Q12 TCR 502 R36 5k62 1% į R37 27k4 1309 1109 PRECISION VOLTAGE FOLLOWER R20 S  $\triangleleft$ \$ N.2.5 (IOR/IOOR) 1274 .1% 100k **R28** i cu D27 56k ASSYDRG & I 400505
PARTS LIST I CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
CHECK PROCEDURE 460505
CHECK LIST 470505 rsko Ris 12 R - X R49 **∅** ► D20 R47 47k DI5 Q<sub>16</sub>
Q<sub>16</sub>
8c 327
R<sub>14</sub>
R<sub>14</sub>
R<sub>12</sub>
R<sub>12</sub>
R<sub>15</sub> > 22 R KS KB D17 R17 27k +15v > R34 > 270R Q13 2N3053 6 5 C § € 5  $\triangleleft H$ 0 C I 2 ₹ Di o o o o **>**₹**2** 180 ₩ 188A ¥ 1P7 SWHO 019 **444** C13 + 285 CHANGES

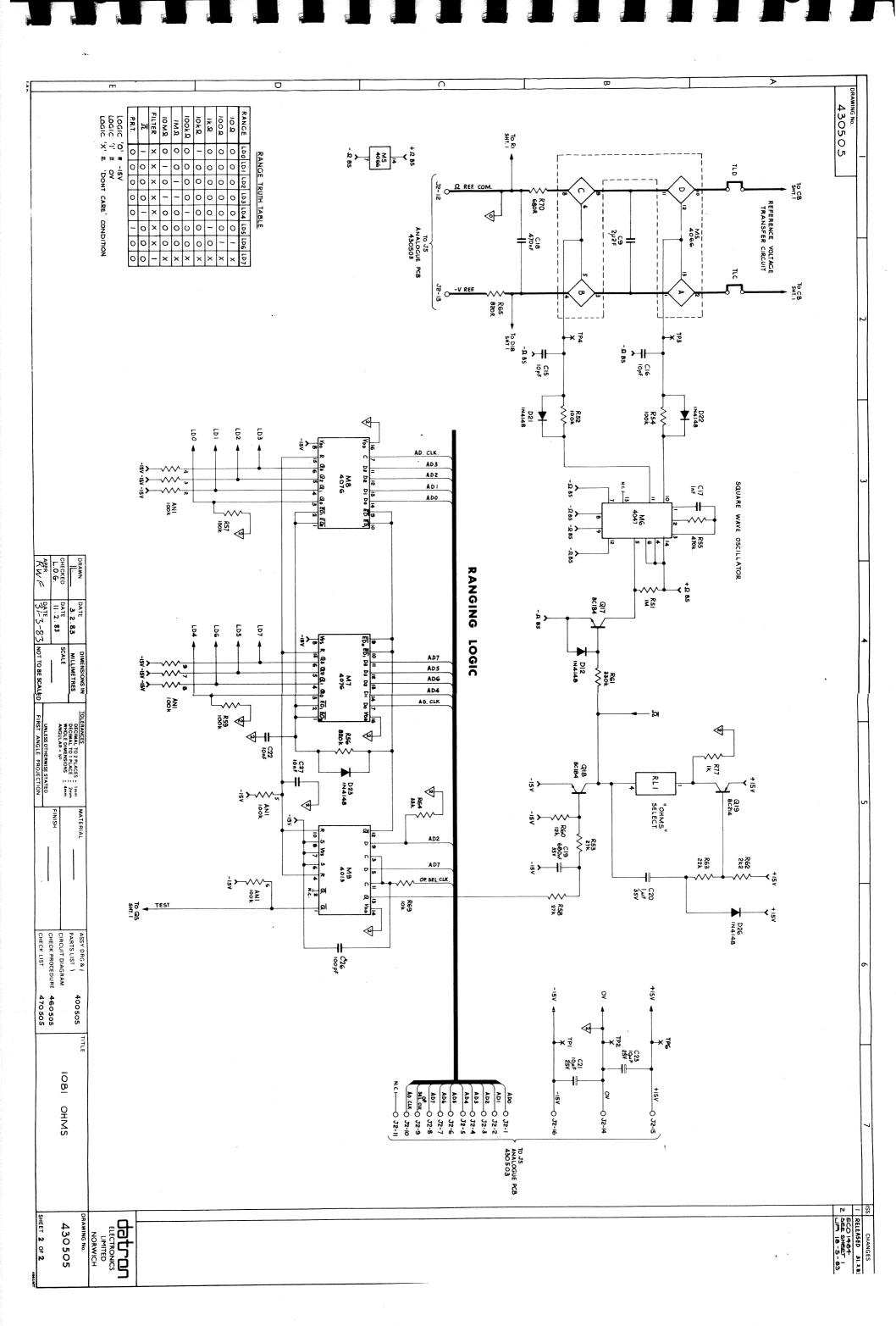
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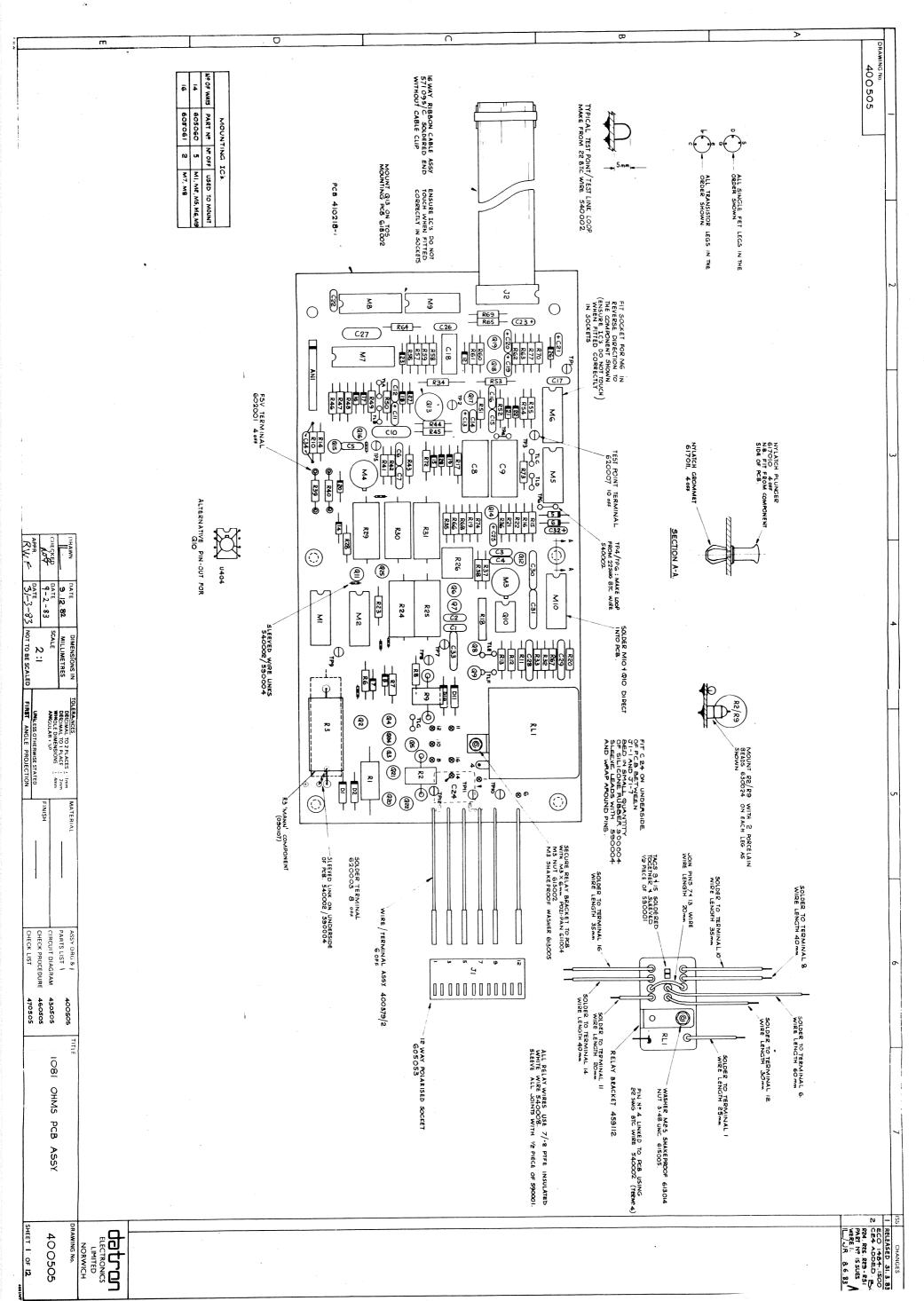
ECO 1+84

C.24 ADDED. 4

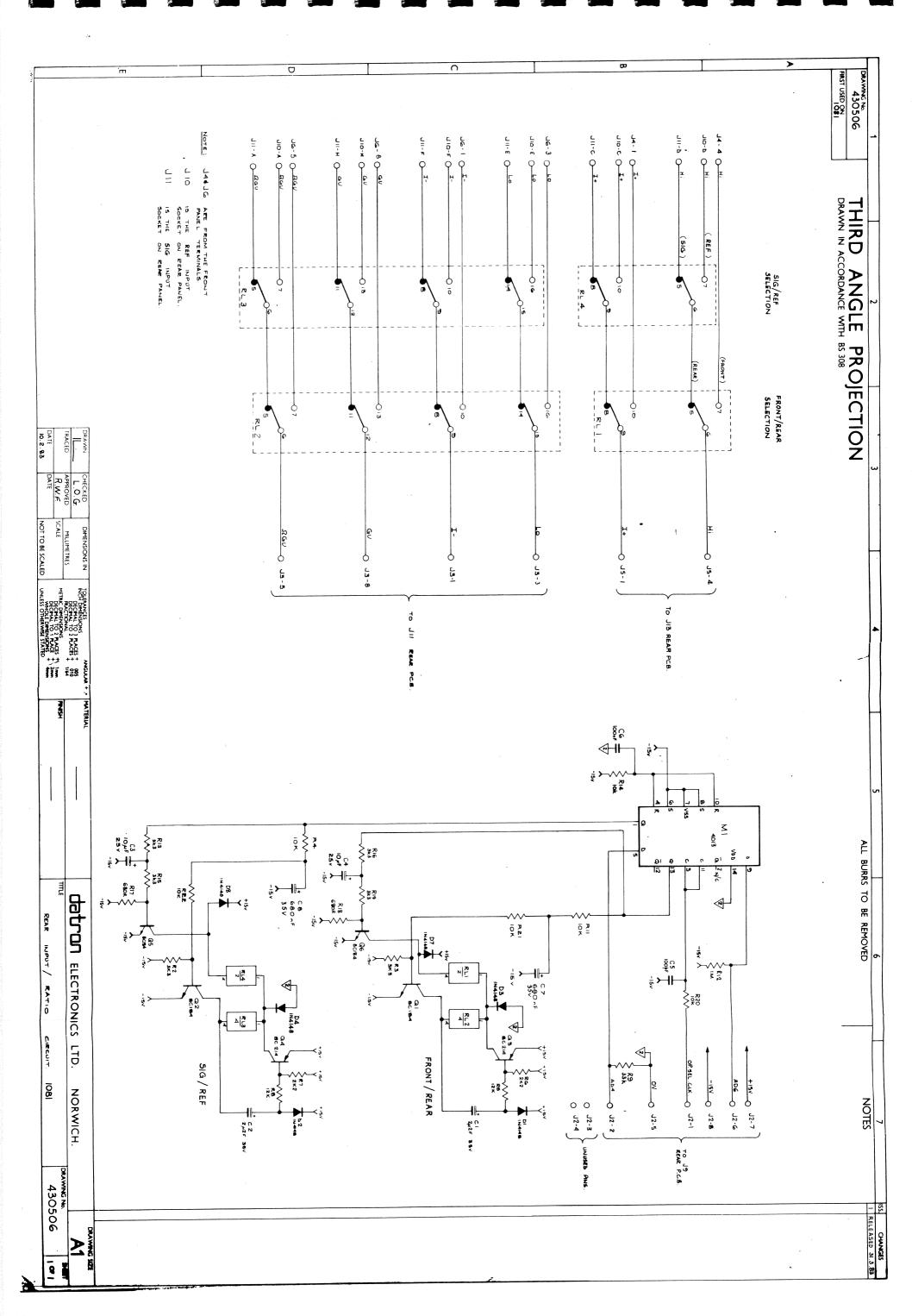
LA 18-5-83 SHEET I OF 2 ELECTRONICS LIMITED NORWICH 430505

· MOD SWHO

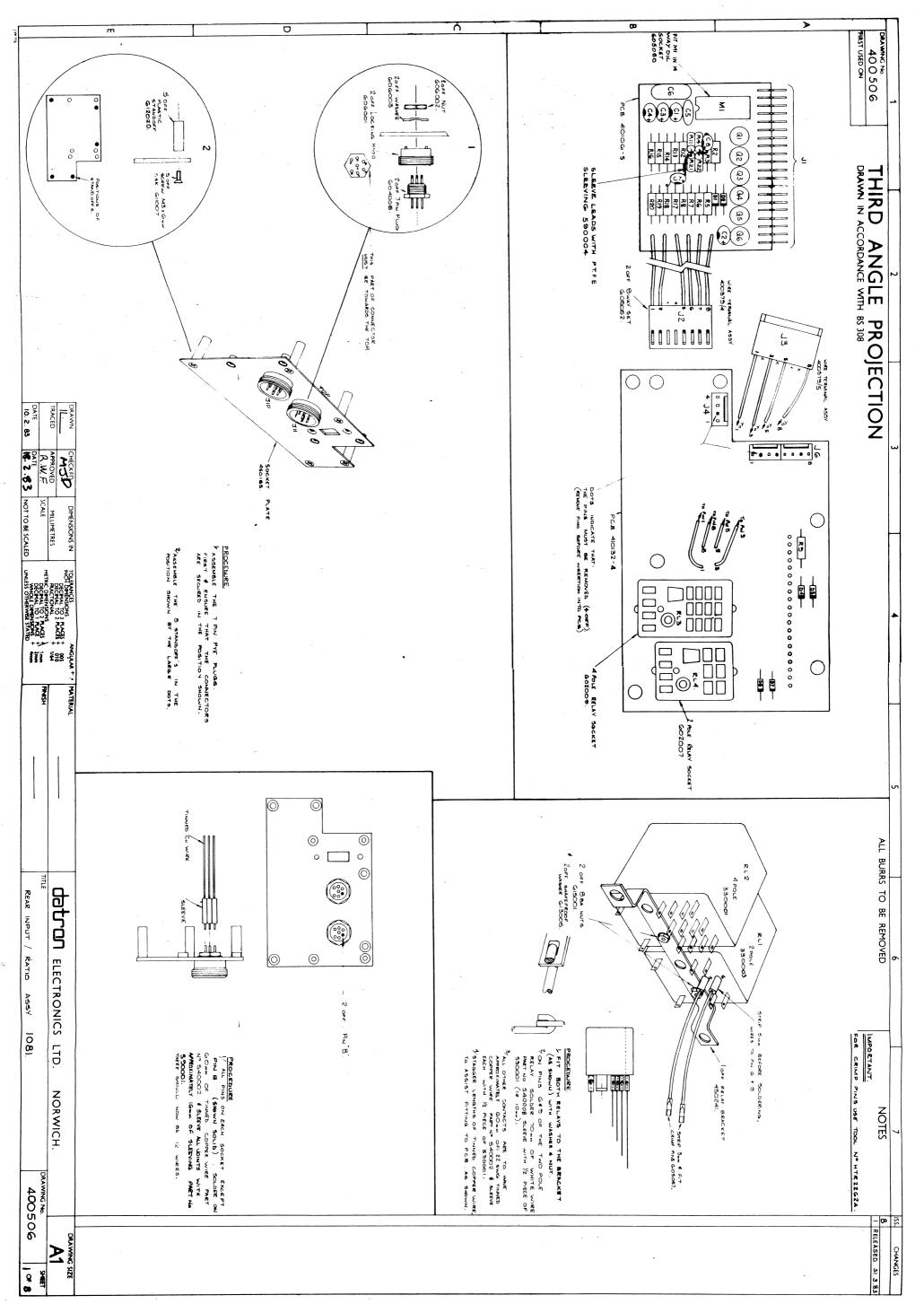




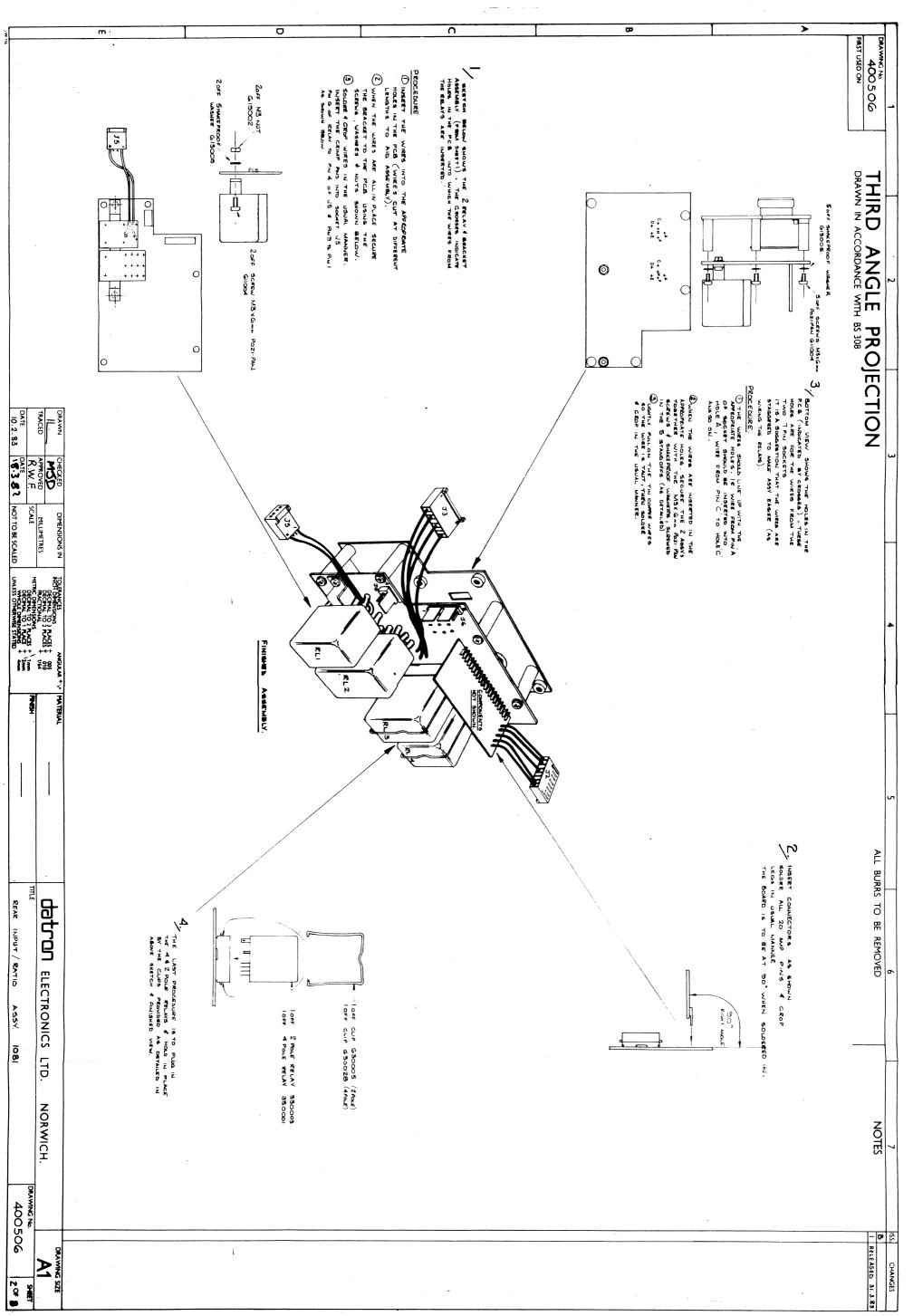
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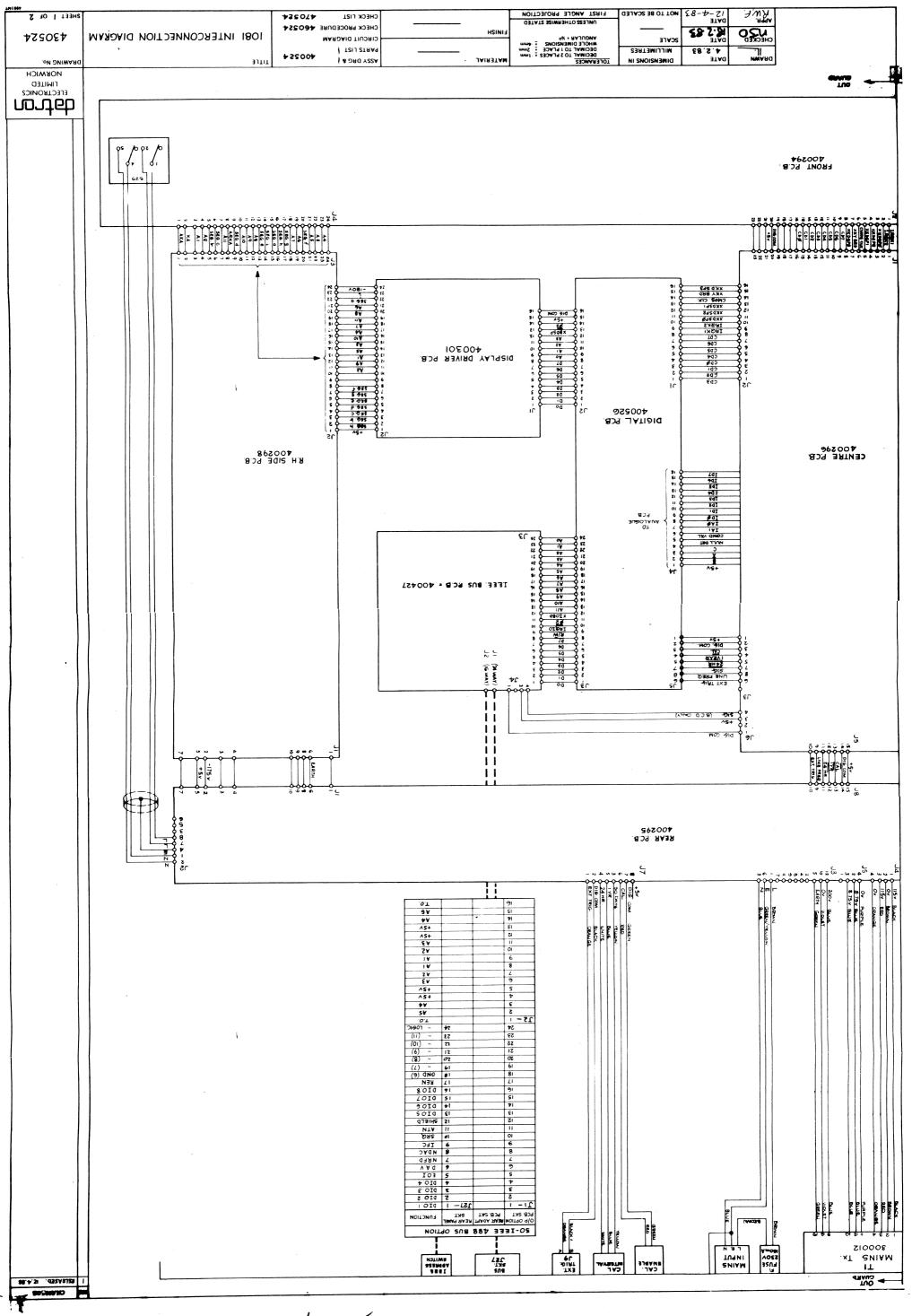
CITAD/TUPUT/DATTO



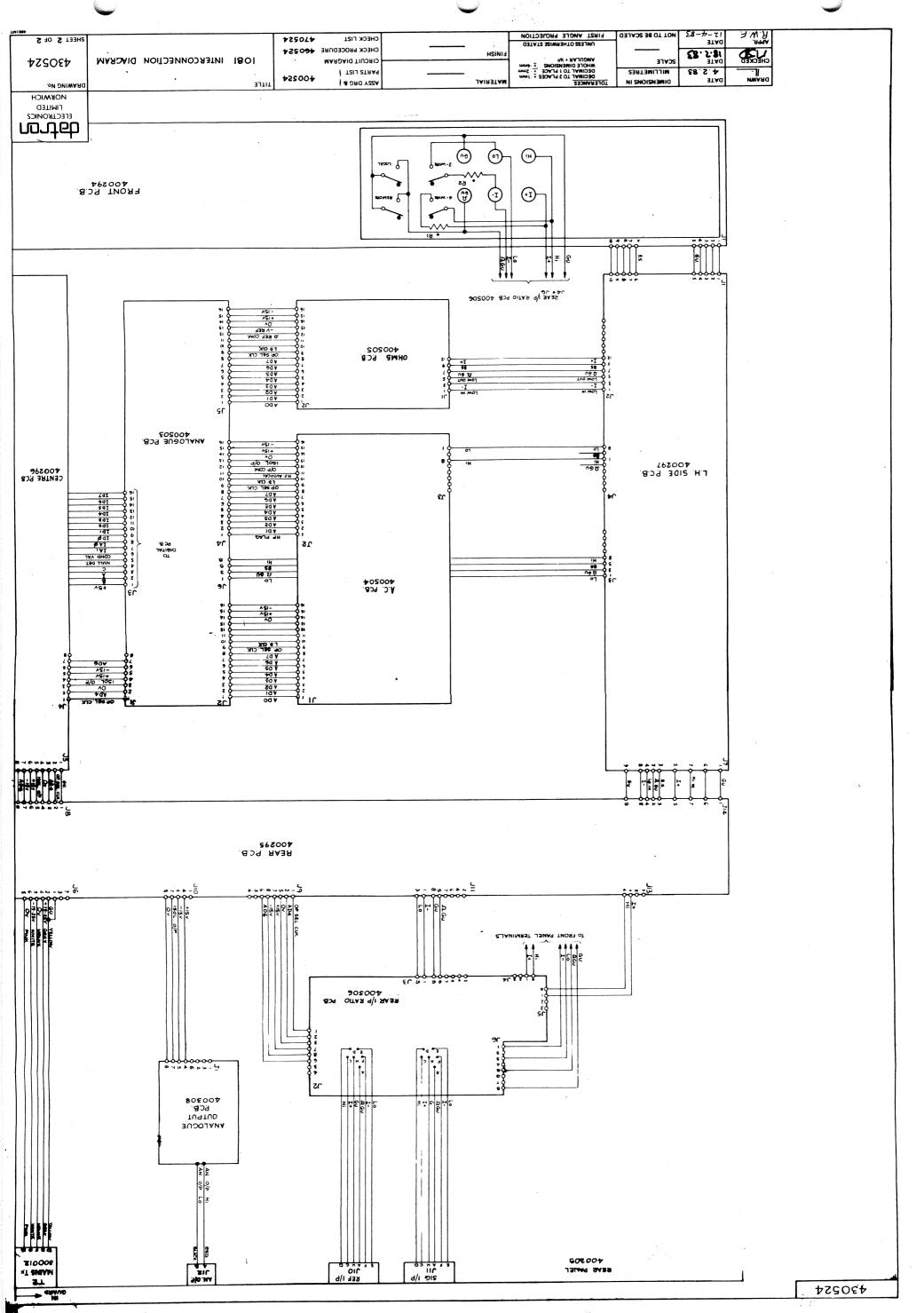
SEND OITAGLEDANI MASA

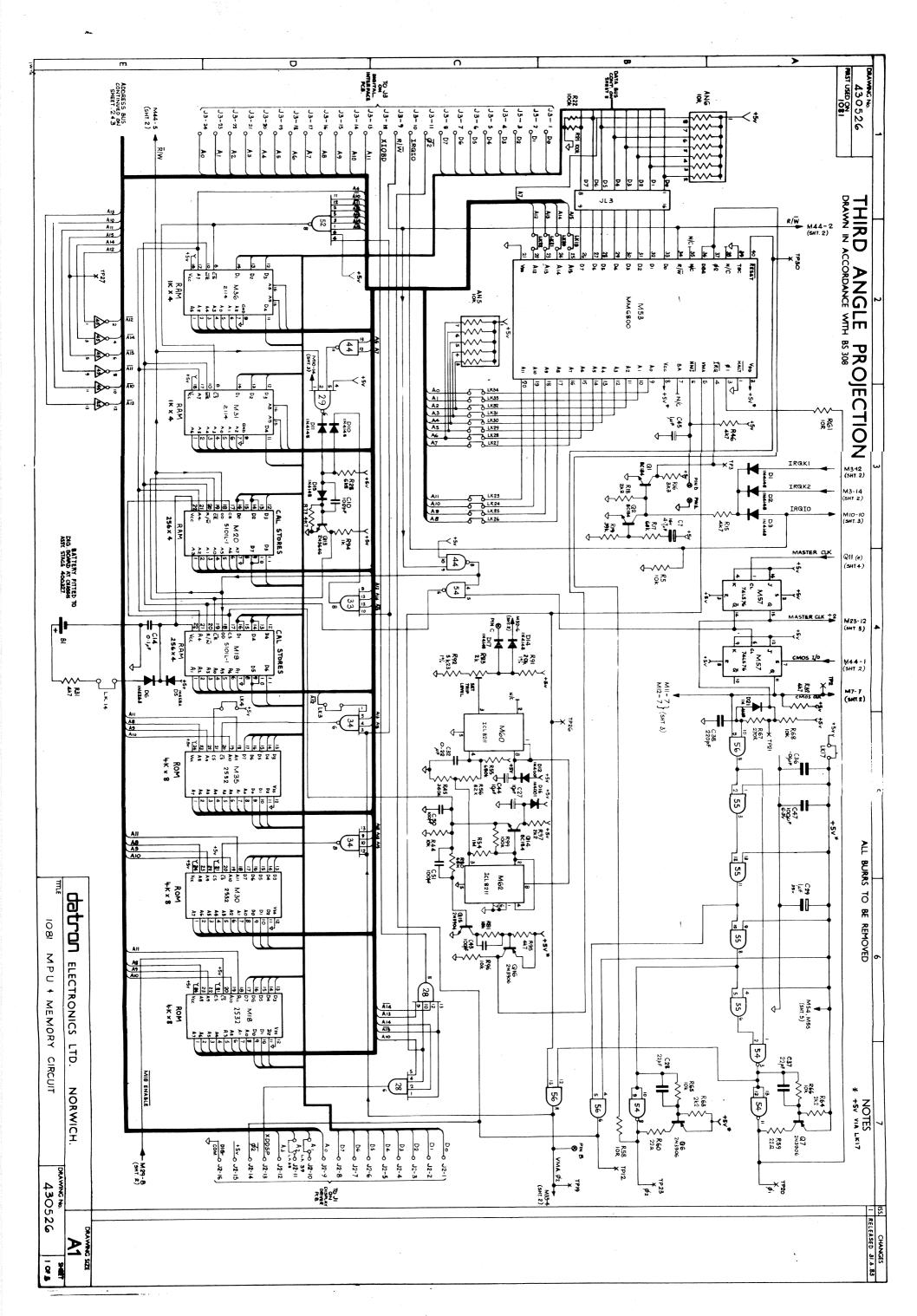


SAMIN OUTAN/TOM DANG



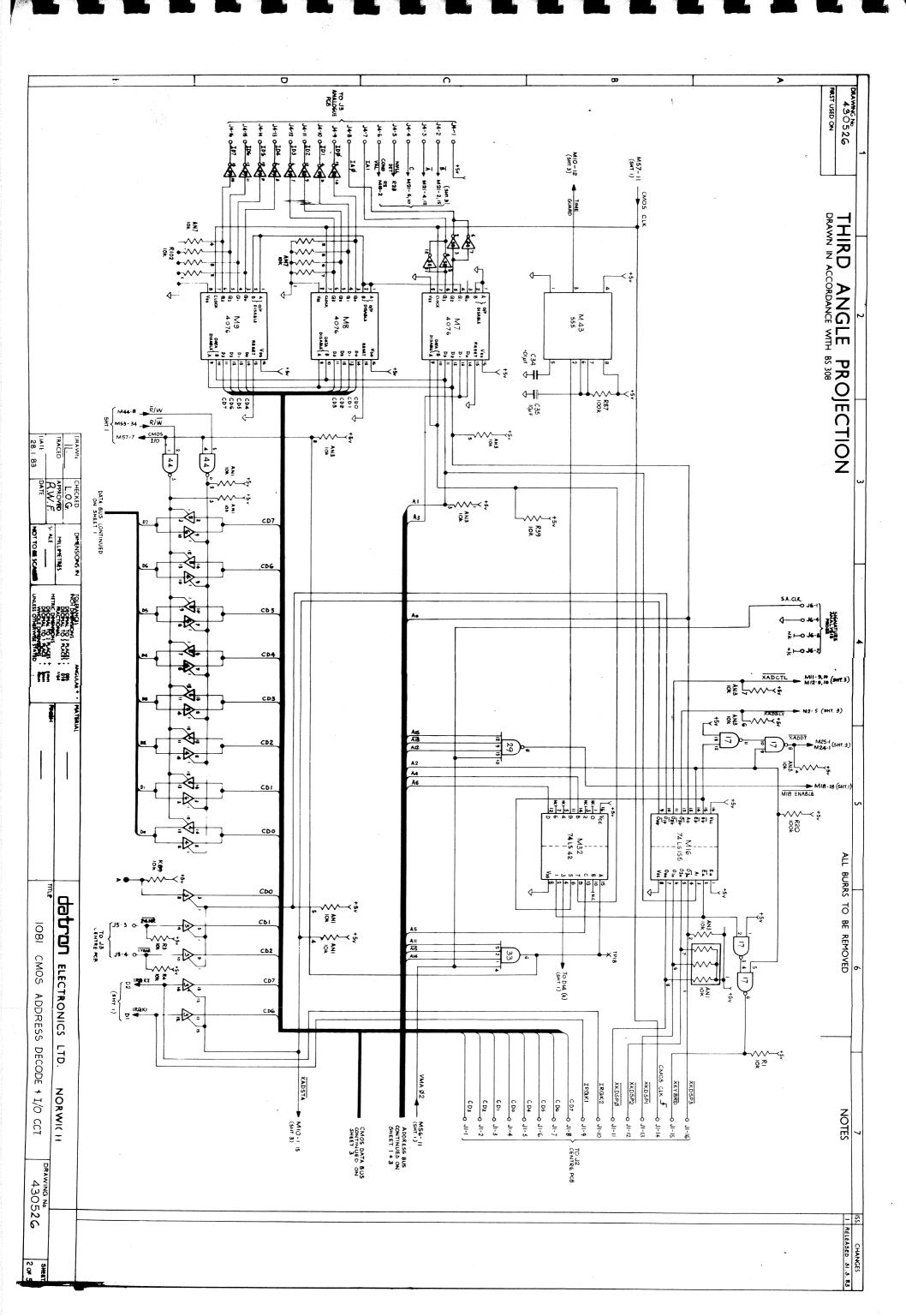
1 SNOW CENTRAIS

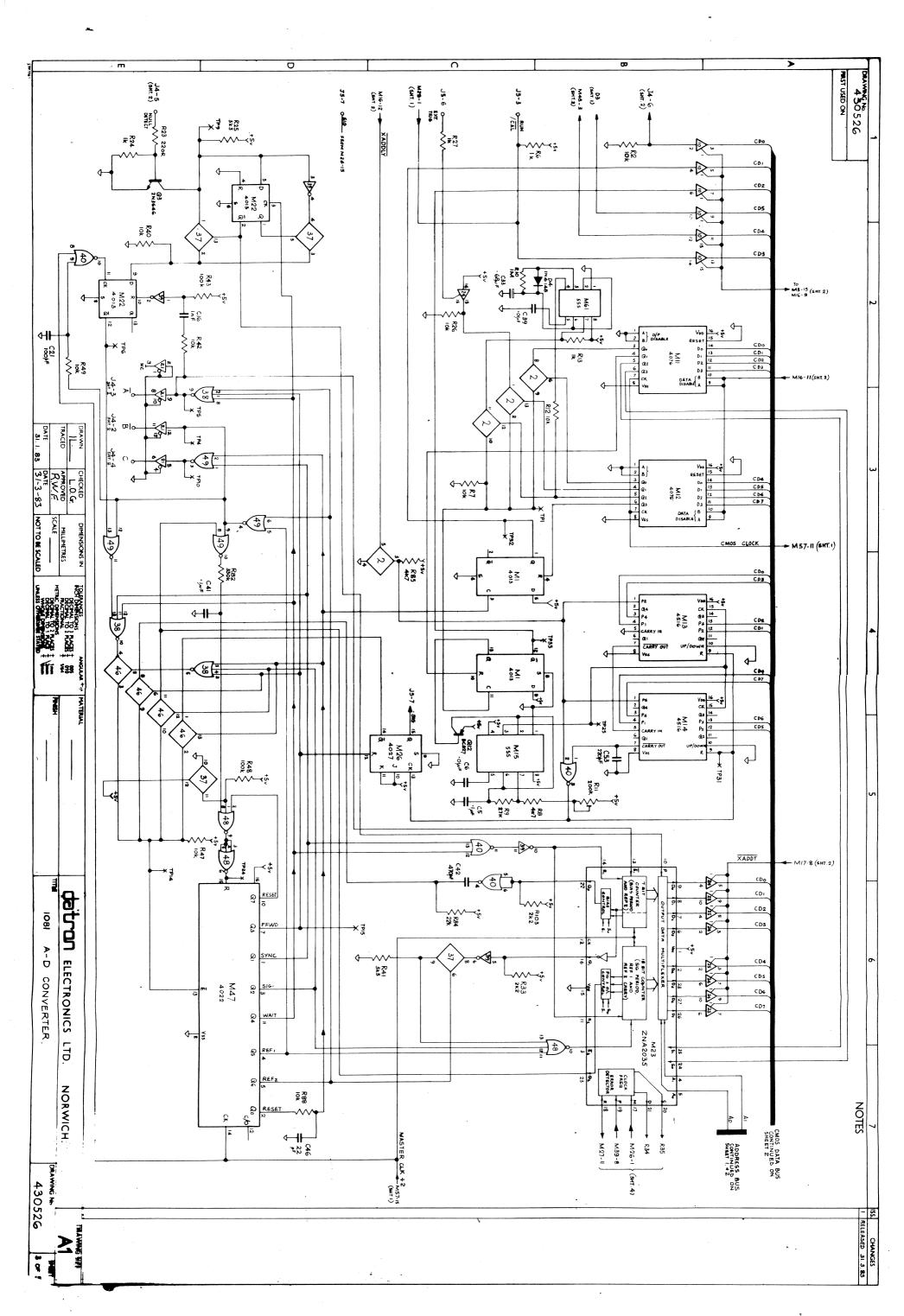




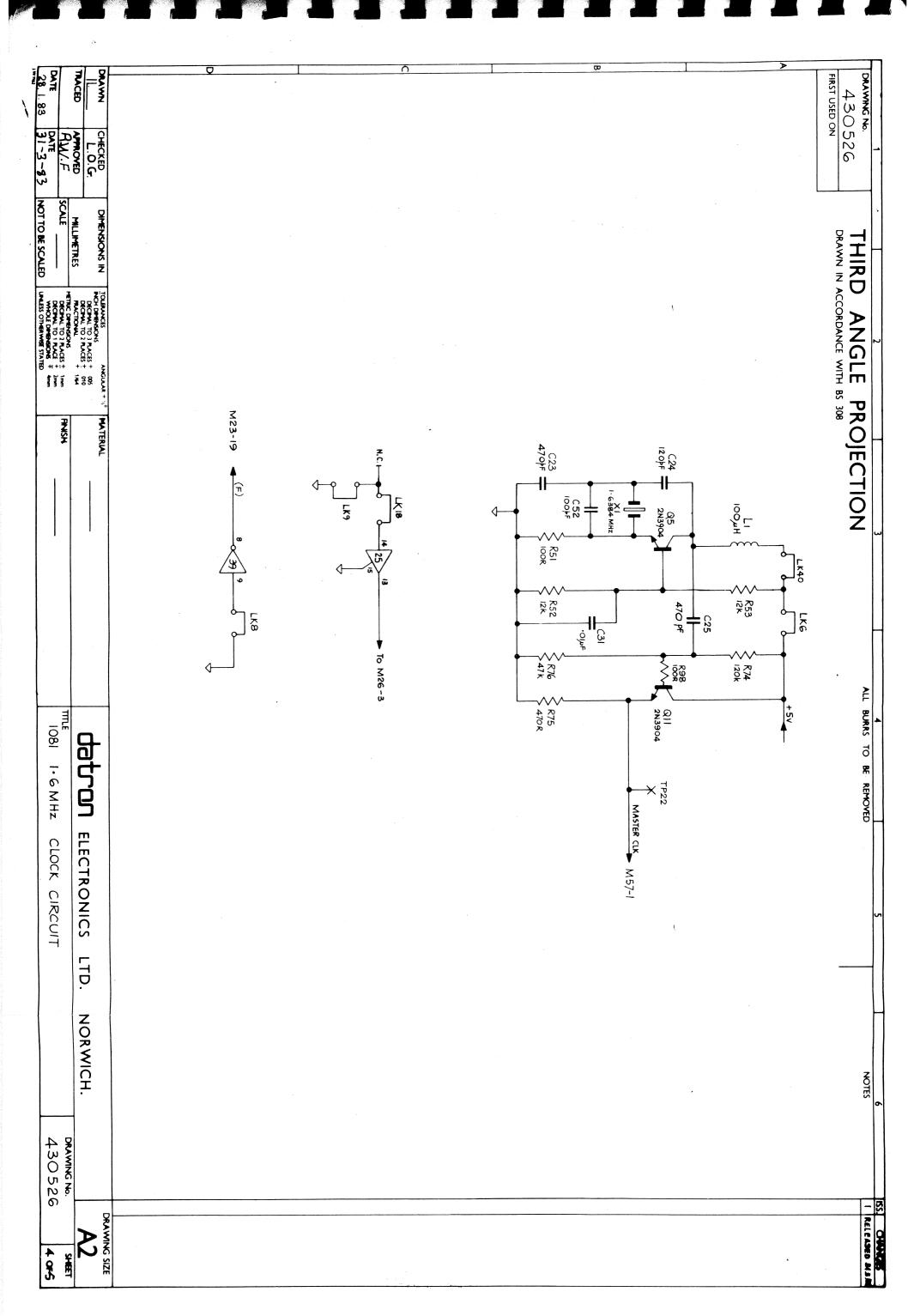
MEN + MEMOUS

714914

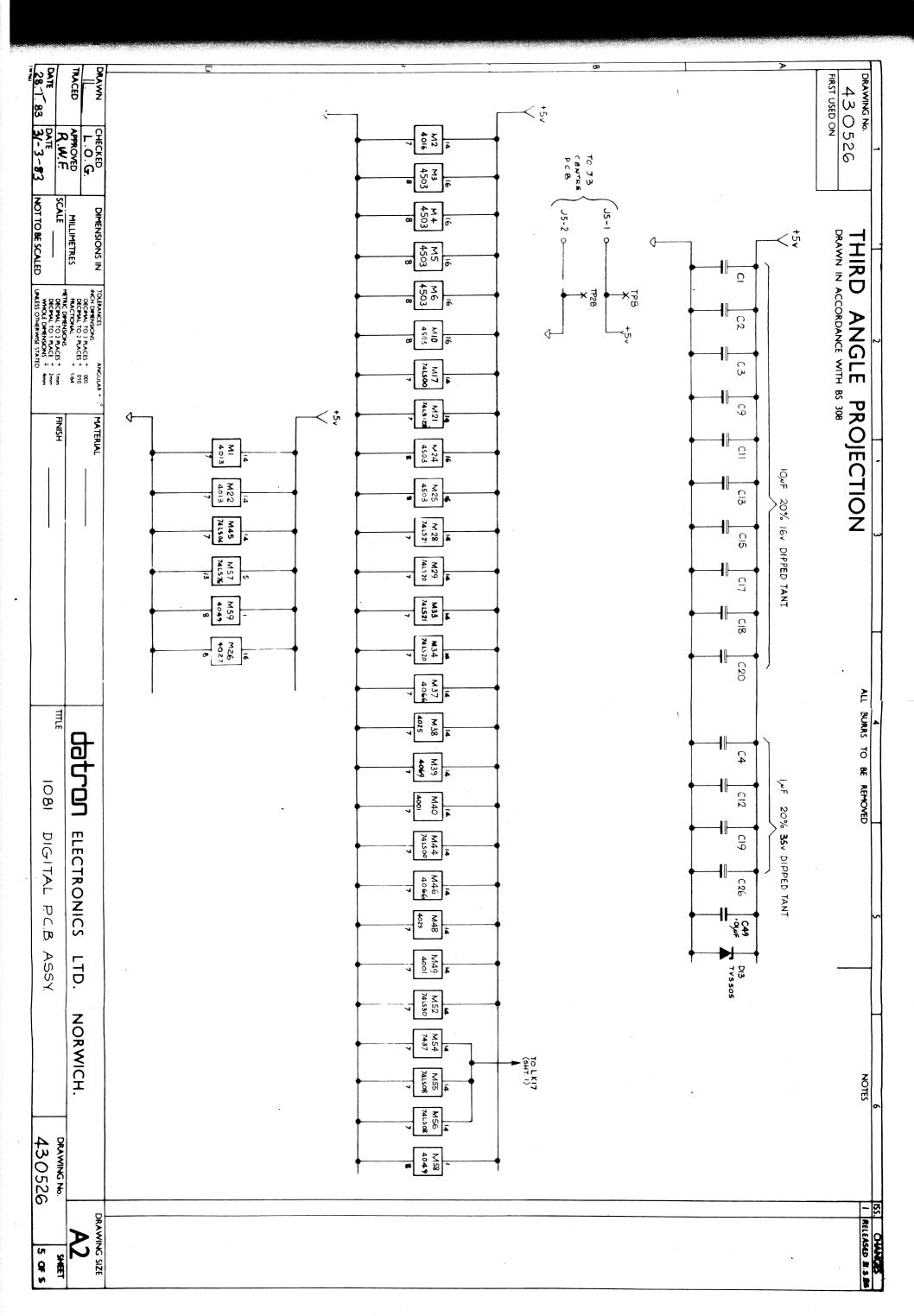




DIRILYT & AD



DIGITAL H CLOCK



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