## **Errata**

# **Title & Document Type:** 618C 620B SHF Signal Generator Operating and Service Manual

# Manual Part Number: 00618-90029

# **Revision Date:** April 1980

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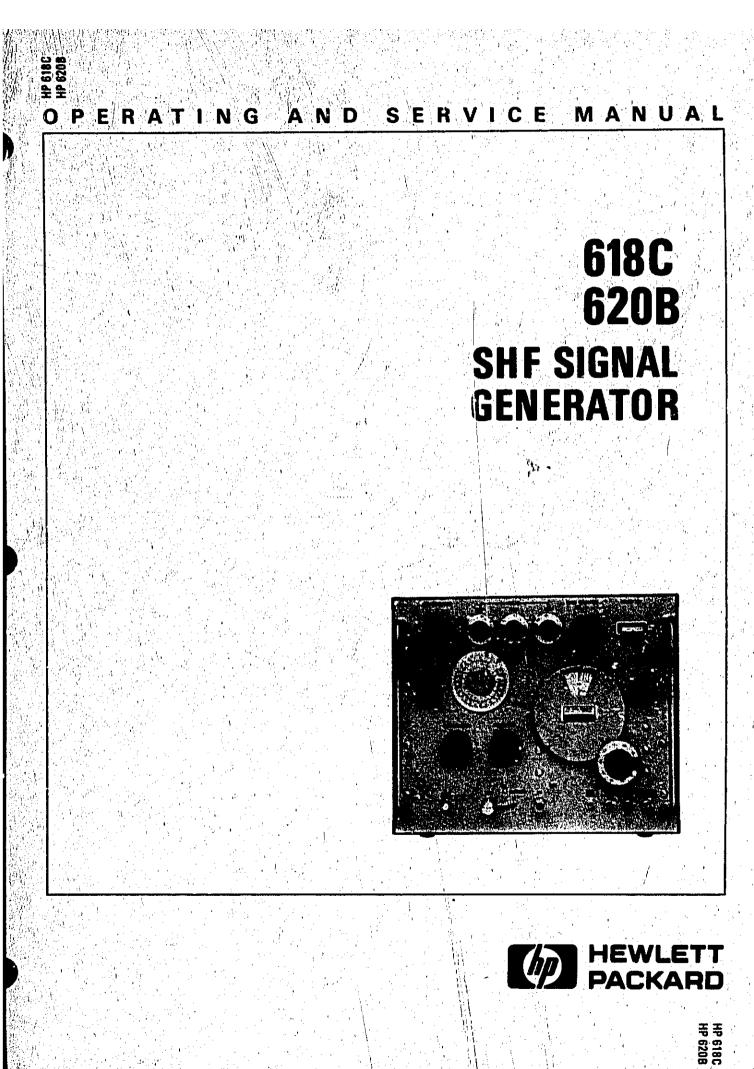
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#### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL — This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with terminal for protective earthing).

OPERATION - BEFORE APPLYING POWER verify that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage, the correct fuse is installed, and Safety Precautions are taken (see the following warnings). In addition, note the instrument's external markings which are described under "Safety Symbols."

# WARNINGS

Servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

BEFORE SWIT, 'HNG ON THE INSTRUMENT, the protective earth terminal of the instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the (mains) power cord. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding). Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal is likely to make this instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuseholders must be avoided. Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Any adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the opened instrument under voltage should be avoided as much as possible, and when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

#### SAFETY SYMBOLS

Instruction manual symbol: the apparatus will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual in order to protect the apparatus against damage.

Indicates dangerous voltages.

Earth terminal (sometimes used in manual to indicate circuit common connected to grounded chassis).

> The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a WARN-ING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard, It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the equipment. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.



WARNING



# OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

# 618C, 620B SHF SIGNAL GENERATOR

# SERIALS PREFIXED

#### 618C: 1621A 620B: 1621A

This Operating and Service Manual applies directly to instruments bearing above serial prefixes.

#### SERIAL PREFIXES NOT LISTED

For instruments with higher serial number prefixes than above, refer to the enclosed MANUAL CHANGES supplement. For instruments with serial number prefixes lower than above, refer to Appendix II at rear of manual.



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## Model 618C/620B

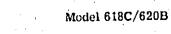
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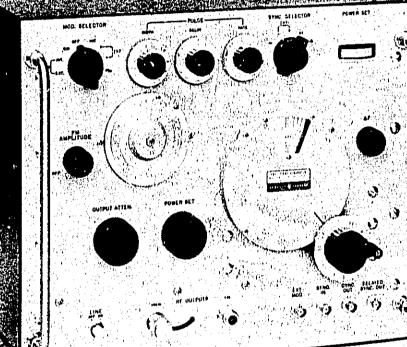


Figure 1-1. Model 618C/620B SHF Signal Generators

# GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1-1. DESCRIPTION.

1-2. The Hewlett-Packard Models 618C/620B SHF Signal Generators (Figure 1-1) provide RF signal output in the frequency ranges of 3800 to 7600 MHz, and 7000 to 11,000 MHz respectively. At least 1-mW power output is available over the entire frequency range. The output frequency is indicated on a directreading dial. The RF output power is adjustable by an attenuator that is calibrated in  $\mu$ V and dB.

1-3. Five types of modulation are available: internal pulse modulation, external pulse modulation, internal frequency modulation, external frequency modulation, and internal square-wave modulation.

1-4. The internal pulse modulation has a variable repetition rate of 40 to 4,000 Hz. Pulse width is variable from 0.5 to 10  $\mu$ s as measured at the pulse 50% amplitude points. Internal square wave modulation is variable from 40 to 4,000 Hz.

1-5. The Signal Generator can be modulated by external pulses of positive or negative polarity. The amplitude of the modulating pulses may be 20 to 70V, and the pulse width between 0.5 and 2500  $\mu$ s.

1-6. Internal frequency modulation comprises a srwtooth sweep rate of 40 to 4,000 Hz. Frequency deviation is variable from 0 to 5 MHz over most of the band. External frequency modulation from an external sine wave is provided. Frequency deviation is approximately 5 MHz.

1-7. Synchronization outputs of the Signal Generator comprise two types: delayed, and undelayed. The delayed synchronization output is a positive pulse that occurs simultaneous with the RF pulse. The pulse has an amplitude of 25 V minimum and a rise time less than 1  $\mu$ s when terminated in a load of 1000 ohms or more. The undelayed synchronization pulse has the same characteristics as the delayed pulse, except the pulse occurs between 3 to 300  $\mu$ s (as adjusted by frontpanel control) before the RF pulse.

1-8. Both the pulse- and frequency-modulated RF output may be synchronized with the following externally generated signals: sine waves of 40 to 4,000 Hz, and 5 to 50V amplitude; pulses of 40 to 4,000 Hz, a peak amplitude of 5 to 50V, a rise time of 0.1 to 1  $\mu$ s, and a width of 0.5 to 5  $\mu$ s.

#### 1-9. INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION.

1-10. Hewlett-Packard instruments have a two-part serial number. The first four digits are the serial prefix. If the prefix on your instrument is not listed on the title page of this manual, in the appendix, or on a Manual Change sheet enclosed with the manual, the correct information may be obtained from any Sales and Service Office listed at the rear of this manual. Section I

#### Table 1-1. Specifications

#### Output

Frequency Range:

618C: 3,800 to 7,600 MHz covered in a single band.

620B: 7 to 11 GHz covered in a single band.

Repeller voltage automatically tracked and proper mode automatically selected

- Calibration: Direct reading. Frequency calibration accuracy better than  $\pm 1\%$ .
- Vernier:  $\Delta F$  control has a minimum range of 0.5 MHz (618C), 1.5 MHz (620B) over most of the band for fine tuning. Remote  $\Delta F$  connector on rear panel permits fine tuning with external potentiometer; tuning range at least 0.5 MHz (618C), 1.5 MHz (620B) over most of the band with potentiometer  $\geq$  2 megohms.

**Frequency Stability:** 

- With Temperature: Less than 0.006%/°C change in ambient temperature.
- With Line Voltage: Less than 0.02% change for line voltage variation of ±10%. Residual FM: < 15 kHz peak.
- Output Range: 1 milliwatt or 0.224 volt to 0.1 microvolt (0 dBm to -127dBm) into 50 ohms. Directly calibrated in microvolts and dB. Coaxial Type N connector.
- Output Accuracy: Within ±2 dB from -7 to -127 dBm, within ±3 dB from 0 to -7 dBm, at front panel connector, terminated in 50-ohm load. Temperature-compensated detector circuit monitors RF oscillator power level. An auxiliary, fixed-level RF output (at least 0.3 mW) is provided on the front panel for use with other equipment such as a frequency counter or phase-lock instrumentation.
- Source Impedance: 50 ohms nominal; reflection coefficient less than 0.33 (2 SWR, 9.6 dB return loss.)

#### Modulation

- Modulation: Internal or external pulse, FM, and square wave.
- Internal Pulse Modulation: Repetition rate variable from 40 to 4,000 pps, pulse width variable 1/2 to 10 microseconds.
- Sync Out Signals: Simultaneous with RF pulse, positive. In advance of RF pulse, positive, variable 3 to 300 microseconds. (Better than 1 microsecond rise time and 25 to 100 volts amplitude into 1,000-ohm load.)

External Synchronization:

Sine Wave: 40 to 4,000 Hz, 5 to 50 V rms.

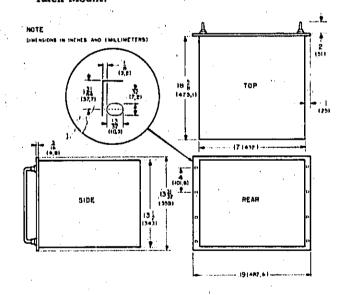
- Pulse: 40 to 4,000 pps, 5 to 50 V peak, positive or negative, 0.5 to 5 $\mu$ sec wide, 0.1 to 1  $\mu$ sec rise time.
- Internal Square Wave Modulation: Variable, 40 to 4,000 Hz, controlled by PULSE RATE control.

- Internal Frequency Modulation: Sawtooth sweep rate adjustable 40 to 4,000 Hz. Frequency deviation to 5 MHz peak-to-peak over most of the frequency range.
- External Pulse Modulation: Pulse requirements: amplitude from 20 to 70 volts peak positive or negative, width 0.5 to 2,500 microseconds.
- External FM: Frequency deviation approximately 5 MHz peak-to-peak over most of the band. Sensitivity approximately 20 V/MHz at front-panel connector, approximately 10 V/MHz at rear panel connector (mating connector supplied.) Frontpanel connector is capacitively coupled to klystron repeller; rear-panel connector is dc coupled to klystron repeller and is suitable for phase-lock control input.

#### General

- Power Source: 115 or 230 volts  $\pm 10\%$ , 50 to 60 Hz, 230 W.
- RFI: Conducted and radiated leakage limits are below those specified in MIL-I-6181D.

Dimensions: Cabinet Mount: 17-1/2 in. wide, 13-7/8 in. high, 20-3/8 in. deep behind panel (445 x 353 x 517 mm). Rack Mount:



- Weight: Net, 69 lbs. (31,1 kg). Shipping, 90 lbs. (40,5 kg).
- Accessory Furnished: 11500A Cable Assembly, 6 feet (1830 mm) of specially treated RG-214A/U 50-ohm coaxial cable terminated at each end with UG-21D/U Type N male connectors; 7-1/2-ft. (2290 mm) power cable.
- Accessories Available: 11001A Cabie Assembly, 45 in. long, RG-58C/U 50-ohm Coax, terminated by dual banana connector on one end, BNC on other. 10503A Cable Assembly, 4 feet long, RG-58C/U 50-ohm Coax, terminated on each end by BNC male connectors.

# SECTION II

#### 2-1. INCOMING INSPECTION.

2-2. The Signal Generator was carefully inspected, both mechanically and electrically, prior to shipment. Inspect it for mechanical damage received in transit, check for supplied accessories, and test electrical performance using the procedure given in Section V. If there is damage or deficiency, or if electrical performance is not within specifications, see the warranty inside the front cover of this manual.

#### 2-3. PREPARATION FOR USE.

#### 2-4. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-5. The Signal Generator requires a power source of 115 or 230 V at  $\pm 10\%$  single phase. The power source must supply approximately 250 W.

#### 2-6. 115/230 VOLT OPERATION.

2-7. A two-position slide switch, on the rear panel, permits operation from either a 115 or 230 V power source. The number visible on the switch slider indicates the line voltage for which the Signal Generator is connected.

2-8. To prepare the Signal Generator for operation, set the 115-230 V switch so that the number visible on the slider corresponds to the available line voltage. Install a fuse of correct rating.

#### CAUTION

To avoid damage to the Signal Generator, <u>before</u> connecting the power cable, set the 115-230 V switch for the line voltage to be used.

#### 2-9. POWER C. PLE.

2-10. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA) recemmends that the Signal Generator panel and cabinet be grounded. Accordingly, the Signal Generator is equipped with a three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the panel and cabinet. The offset pin of the three-prong connector is the ground pin.

2-11. To preserve the protection feature when operating the Signal Generator from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter (HP Part No. 1251-0048) and connect the green pigtail on the adapter to ground.

#### 2-12. COOLING.

2-13. Forced air cooling is used to maintain safe operating temperatures within the Signal Generator cabinet. The air intake and exhaust ports, cooling fan, and air filter are located at the rear of the cabinet. To ensure adequate ventilation, maintain about three inches of clearance behind the cabinet.

#### CAUTION

Do not operate the Signal Generator if the fan is not operational.

#### 2-14. AIR FILTER.

2-15. The air filter, as received with a new Signal Generator, has a coating of dust-catching substance which improves air cleaning action. To maintain adequate ventilation, clean and recoat the air filter at regular intervals. See Section V for cleaning instructions.

#### 2-16. REPACKING FOR SHIPMENT.

2-17. If the Signal Generator is to be packaged for shipment use the original shipping container and packing materials. If these have been discarded or not in condition for reuse, obtain new materials from your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office (see rear of this manual for locations), or follow these general instructions:

a. Wrap the Signal Generator in heavy paper or plastic. (If the Signal Generator is being shipped to a Hewlett-Packard service facility, attach a tag indicating type of servicing required, return address, model number, and full serial number.)

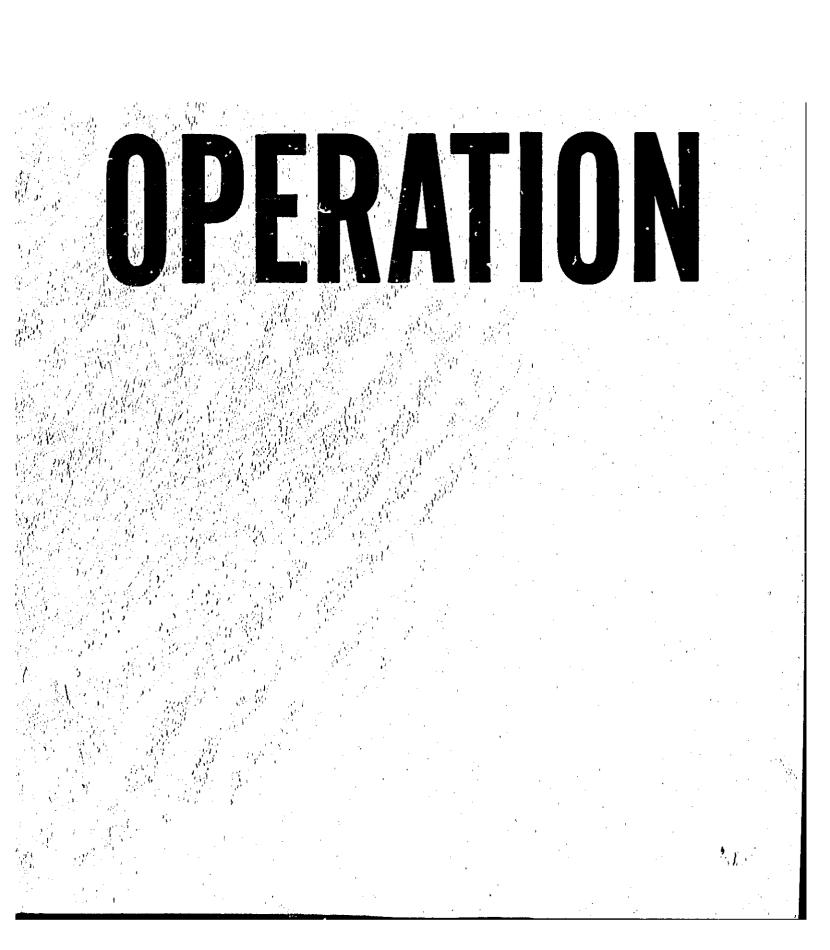
b. Use a strong shipping container. A carton m: de of 500- to 600-pound test material will usually provide adequate protection.

c. Use enough shock-absorbing material (3- to 4inch layer) around all sides of instrument to provide firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard. With Hewlett-Packard "floater pack" packaging, the foam blocks provide sufficient shock protection, and additional material is unnecessary.

d. Seal the shipping container securely.

e. Markthe shipping container "FRAGILE" to assure careful handling.

2-18. In any correspondence refer to the Signal Generator by model number and full serial number.



Section III

#### Model 618C/620B

SECTION III

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section provides instruction to properly operate the Signal Generator. Included are general operating information; a description of controls, connectors, and indicators; and basic operating procedures for each mode of operation.

#### 3-3. GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION.

#### CAUTION

Do not connect RF or de power in any magnitude to the output terminals of this instrument. As little as 0.2 W can permanendy damage the attenuator probe. Extreme care should be exercised when working with transceiver-type equipment to insure that the transmitter section is not operating while the Model 618C/620B is connected to the transceiver antenna.

3-4. OUTPUT ACCURACY. The accuracy of the output system and the calibration of the attenuator in the Model 618C/620B is determined at the front-panel output jack. Output cable losses must be considered in addition to the attenuator dial indication when employing specific signal levels at the end of the output cable.

3-5. Erratic instrument performance at the output terminals, or no power output is frequently an indication that the instrument has been subjected to abuse. This condition may be confirmed by measuring either the dc resistance of the attenuator or the SWR looking into the panel connector. Dc resistance is approximately 50 ohms. SWR (at panel connector) is 2.0 or less.

**3-6.** The klystron used in this instrument is expensive and has a shorter life (approximately 1000 hours) than that of a conventional vacuum tube. Power should be removed from the Signal Generator when it is not in use in order to increase the useful life of the klystron.

#### 3-7. CONTROLS, CONNECTORS AND INDICATORS.

3-8. Front-panel controls, connectors, and indicators are shown and described in Figure 3-1.

#### 3-9. BASIC OPERATING PROCEDURES.

3-10. TURN ON.

a. Set rear-panel 115-230V switch to match line voltage, and check that the line fuse has correct rating.

b. Connect Signal Generator to power source.

 $\mathcal{A}$ 

c. Depress LINE switch. Allow 5-minute warmup time. If ambient temperature is below  $10^{\circ}C$ (50"F), allow a longer warmup period.

#### 3-11. DETAILED OPERATING PROCEDURES.

#### CAUTION

Do not use the Signal Generator if the cooling fan does not operate at turn-on.

3-12. Detailed operating procedures are given in Figure 3-2 through 3-7.

#### 3-13. OPERATION WITH THE DYMEC DY-2650A OSCILLATOR SYNCHRONIZER.

The 618C/620B is easily adapted for use with the DY-2650A Synchronizer as follows:

- 1. Remove the internal shorting jumper from J303, pins A & B. Refer to Figure 5-22. The jumper is connected between the klystron reflector and its power supply across R526.
- 2. Connect the mating connector J7 to P2 on the DY-2650A. This is to protect a user from accidentally contacting the otherwise exposed pins of P2, one of which will be at the reflector potential after completion of step 3.
- 3. Connect the klystron reflector lead and the reflector voltage lead to pins G and F, respectively, of J5 on the DY-2650A. An RC-59A/U type cable is recommended for this connection.

No other modifications are normally required. The RF sample for the DY-2650A must be obtained from the signal generator output connector through a suitable coupler. Varying the output level from the signal generator to the device being tested will also vary the RF sample level into the DY-2650A. It is therefore necessary to set the RF output level from the signal generator to a fixed value and to use an external attenuator for varying the level to the device under test if wide ranges in level are required.

#### CAUTION

When the shorting jumper has been removed from the klystron reflector supply voltage as described in step I above, the 620B must not be operated without being connected to the DY-2650A unless the reflector lead jumper is replaced. Omission of the jumper will damage the klystron.



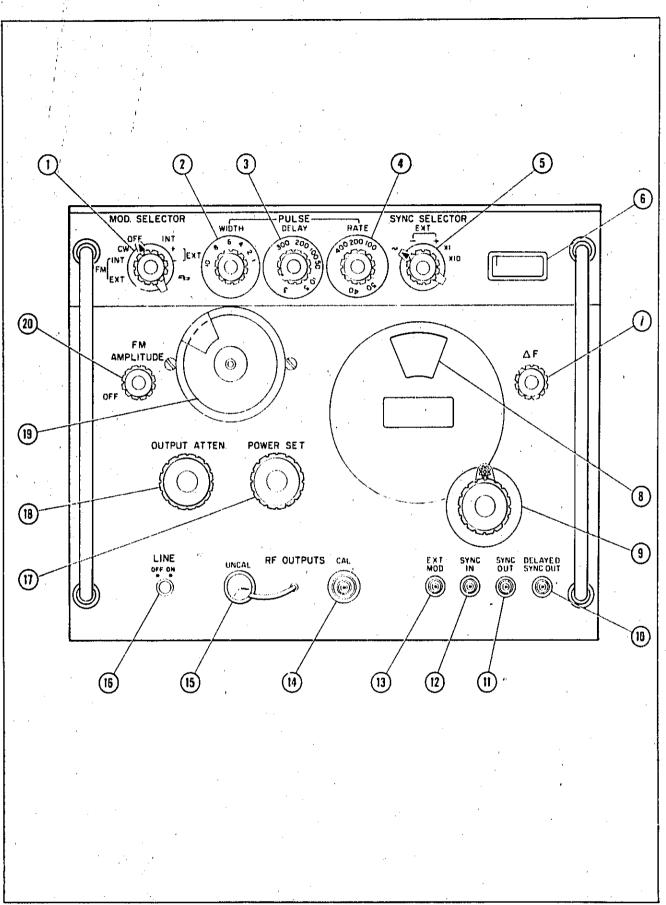


Figure 3-1. Front-panel Controls, Connectors, and Indicators (Part 1 of 2)

1. MOD. SELECTOR. In FM EXT position, sine wave or sawtooth applied to EXT. MOD connector modulates Signal Generator. In FM INT posttion, an internally generated sawtooth modula is the Signal Generator. In CW position, the Signal Generator is not modulated. In OFF position, Signal Generator RF output is disabled. In INT. position, the Signal Generator is modulated by internally generated pulses. In EXT+ position, the Signal Generator can be modulated by positive pulses applied to the EXT. MOD. connector. In EXT- position, the Signal Generator can be modulated by negative pulses applied to the EXT. MOD. connector. In position Signal Generator is modulated by internally generated square waves (approximately 50% duty cycle).

2. PULSE WIDTH. Adjusts width of modulating pulse when MOD. SELECTOR is set to INT.

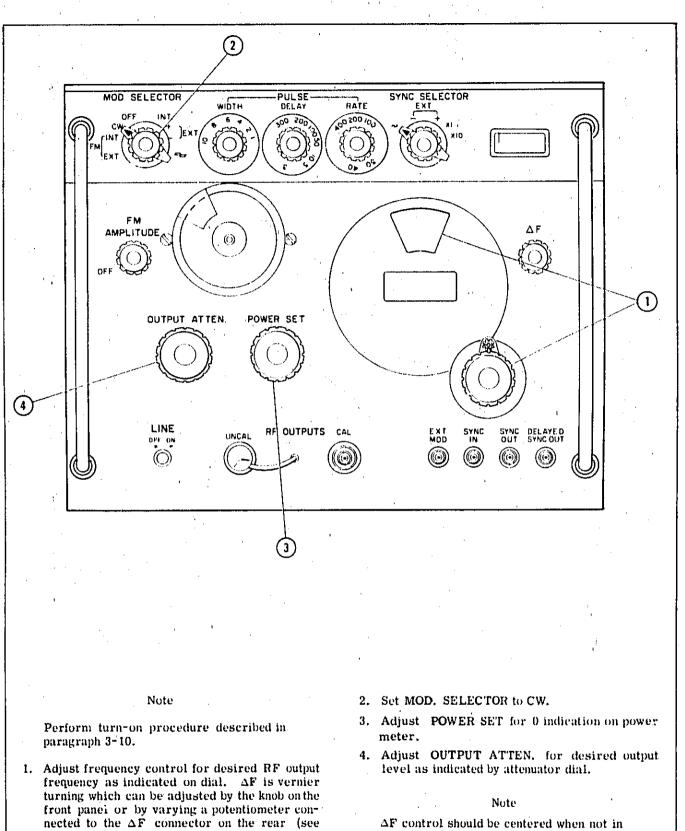
3. PULSE DELAY. Adjusts the delay time between synchronizing pulse and RF output pulse from 3 to  $300 \ \mu s$ .

- PULSE RATE. Adjusts pulse repetition rate of modulation when MOD SELECTOR is set to INT.
   FM INT, or position and SYNC SELECTOR is in X1 or X10 position. When SYNC SELEC-TOR is in X1 position, pulse rate is indicated by PULSE RATE control; when SYNC SELEC-TOR is in X10 position, pulse rate is 10 times that indicated by PULSE RATE control.
- 5. SYNC SELECTOR. In ~ position, and when MOD. SELECTOR is set to INT, Signal Generator may be synchronized by external sine-wave signal of 5-50 V rms applied to SYNC. IN connector. In EXT- position, and when MOD. SELECTOR is in INT position, Signal Generator must be synchronized by negative pulses (5-50 V peak-topeak) applied to SYNC. IN connector. In EXT+ position, and when MOD. SELECTOR is set to INT, the Signal Generator must be synchronized by external positive pulses (5-50 V peak-to-peak) applied to the SYNC. IN connector. In X1 position, and MOD. SELECTOR is set to INT, the modulation repetition rate is as indicated by the PULSE RATE control. In the X10 position, and when MOD. SELECTOR is set for INT, the modulation repetition rate is 10 times that indicated by the PULSE RATE control.

6. Power Meter. Indicates RF power input in dBm to attenuator.

- $\Delta F_{**}$  Provides up to 0.5 MHz adjustment of output frequency for 618C 1.5 MHz for 620B.
- 8. MHz/GHz. Indicates RF output frequency in megahertz/gigahertz for 618C/620B respectively.
- 9. Frequency Control. Adjusts RF output frequency.
- DELAYED SYNC. OUT. Delayed (3-300 μs) synchronization signal is available at this connector.
- **11. SYNC. OU/T.** Undelayed synchronization output signal is available at this connector.
- 12. SYNC. IN. External synchronization signal is applied to this connector.
- 13. EXT. MOD. External modulation signal is applied to his connector.
- 14. RF OUTPUTS CAL. Source of calibrated RF power is available at this connector.
- **15. RF OUTPUTS UNCAL.** Uncalibrated RF output power is available at this connector.
- 16. LINE. Turns Signal Generator on and off.
- 17. POWER SET. Adjusts RF power input to attenuator.
- 18. OUTPUT ATTEN. Adjusts RF output power to a calibrated level.
- 19. Attenuator Dial. Indicates RF output level when power meter is indicating 0.
- 20. FM AMPLITUDE. Adjusts frequency deviation of RF when using frequency modulation.

Figure 3-1. Front-Panel Controls, Connectors, and Indicators (Part 2 of 2)

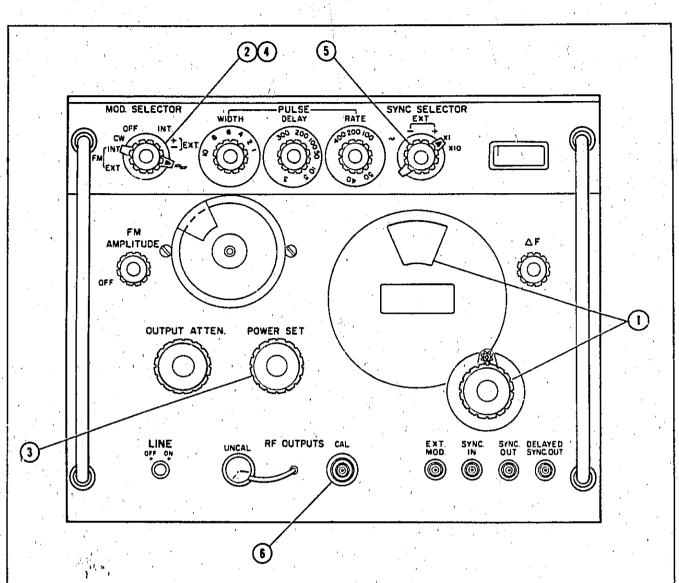


#### Figure 3-2. CW Operation

use.

 $\Delta F$  control should be centered when not in

specifications).



Perform turn-on procedure described in paragraph 3-10.

- 1. Adjust frequency control for desired RF output frequency as indicated on dial.
- 2. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.
- 3. Adjust POWER SET for 0 indication on power meter.
- 4. Set MOD. SELECTOR TO T.

- 5. Set SYNC SELECTOR TO X1 or X10 and adjust PULSE RATE control for desired square-wave frequency.
- 6. Connect RF cable between RF OUTPUTS CAL. connector and equipment being tested.

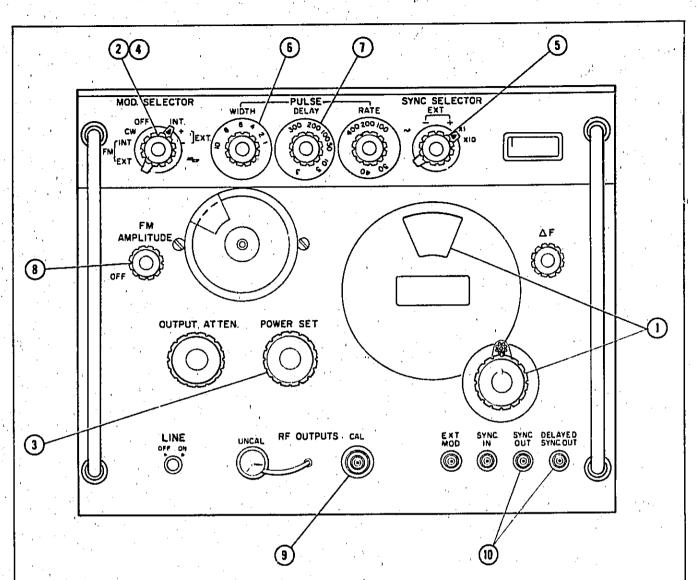
Note

Synchronization pulses occurring at the modulation rate are available at the SYNC. OUT connector.

#### Note

**\DeltaF** control should be centered when not in use.

Figure 3-3. Internal Square-Wave Modulation Operation



Perform turn-on procedure described in paragraph 3-10.

- 1. Adjust frequency control for desired RF output frequency as indicated on dial.
- 2. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.
- 3. Adjust POWER SET for 0 indication on power meter.
- 4. Set MOD. SELECTOR to INT.

3-6

5. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X1 or X10, and adjust PULSE RATE control for desired pulse repetition rate.

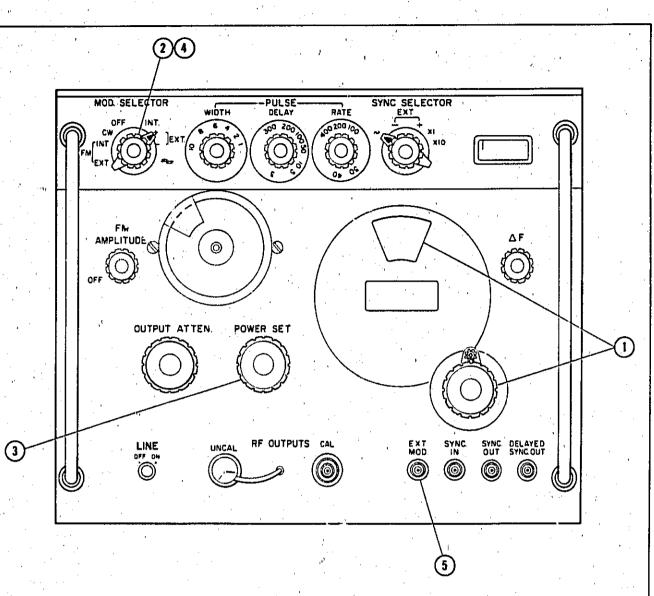
- 6. Adjust PULSE WIDTH control for desired modulation pulse width.
- 7. Adjust PULSE DELAY control for desired delaytime.
- 8. Set FM AMPLITUDE control to OFF.
- 9. Connect RF cable between RF OUTPUTS CAL connector and equipment being tested.
- 10. Connect pulse cable between the SYNC OUT and/ or DELAYED SYNC OUT connectors and external equipment as required by the application.

#### Note

 $\Delta F$  control should be centered to obtain optimum pulse rise and decay.

 $\sim 10^{10}$ 

Figure 3-4. Internal Pulse Modulation Operation



Perform turn-on procedure described in paragraph 3-10.

- 1. Adjust frequency control for desired RF output frequency as indicated on dial,
- 2. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.
- 3. Adjust POWER SET for 0 indication on power meter.
- 4. Set MOD. SELECTOR to EXT or EXT-, as required by the polarity of the external modulating pulses.

5. Connect external modulating source to EXT. MOD. connector. External modulating pulses must have peak-to-peak amplitude of between 20 and 70V.

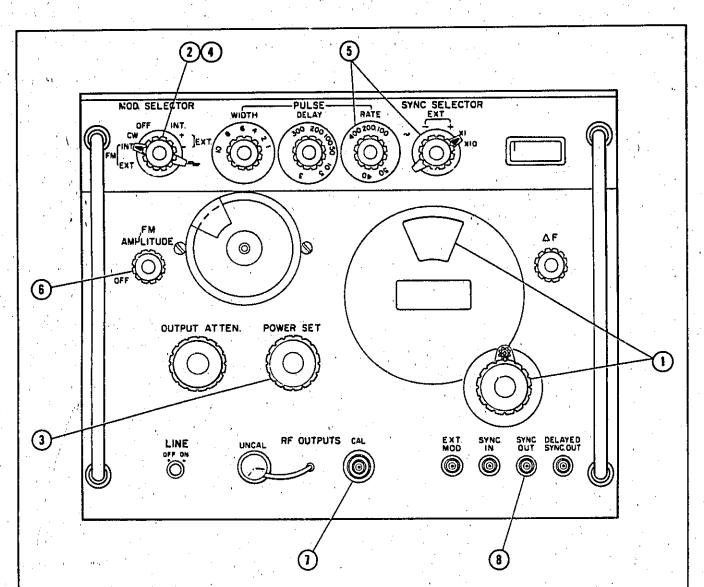
#### Note

In this mode of operation, no synchronization pulses are available at the DELAYED SYNC. OUT or SYNC. OUT connector.

#### Note

 $\Delta F$  control should be centered to obtain optimum pulse rise and decay.

Figure 3-5. External Pulse Modulation Operation



Perform turn-on procedure described in paragraph 3-10.

- 1. Adjust frequency control for desired RF output frequency as indicated on dial.
- 2. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.
- 3. Adjust POWER SET for 0 indication on power meter.
- 4. Set MOD. SELECTOR to FM INT.
- 5. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X1 or X10 and adjust PULSE RATE control for desired modulation frequency.

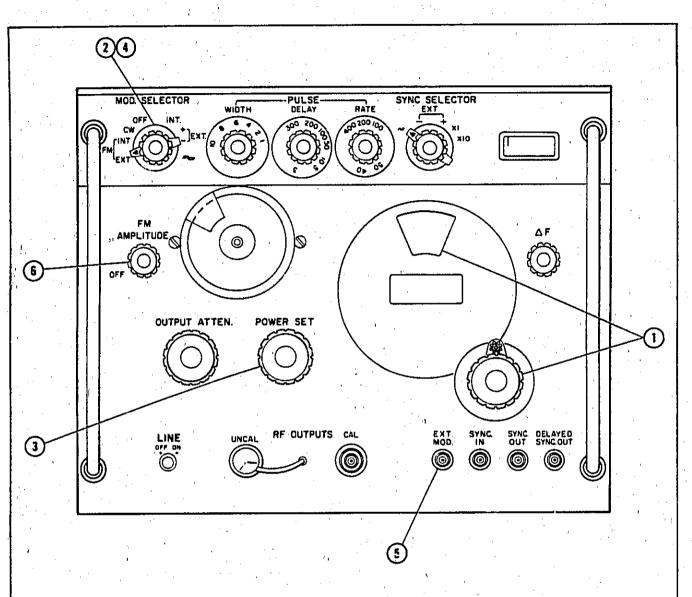
- 5. Set FM AMPLITUDE to OFF, and then carefully turn the control clockwise until the desired degree of frequency deviation is obtained. Because of klystron characteristics, unstable or pration will occur when the control has been advanced to the point where the FM deviation is greater than the stable portion of the mode.
- 7. Connect RF cable between RF OUTPUTS CAL connector and equipment under test.
- 8. If desired, connect pulse cable between SYNC. OUT. CONNECTOR and external equipment.

#### Note

**AF** control should be centered to allow the klystron to operate in the center of the mode.

#### Figure 3-6. Internal Frequency Modulation Operation

Section III



#### Note

Perform turn-on procedure described in paragraph 3-10.

- 1. Adjust frequency control for desired RF output frequency as indicated on dial.
- 2. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.
- 3. Adjust POWER SET for 0 indication on power meter.
- 4. Set MOD SELECTOR to FM EXT.
- 5. Connect external modulation voltage to the EXT. MOD. connector. The modulation signal should have a level of at least 70 V rms.
- 6. Set FM AMPLITUDE to OFF, and then carefully turn the control clockwise until the desired degree of frequency deviation is obtained. Because of klystron characteristics, unstable operation will occur when the control has been advanced to the point where the FM deviation is greater than the stable portion of the mode.

#### Note

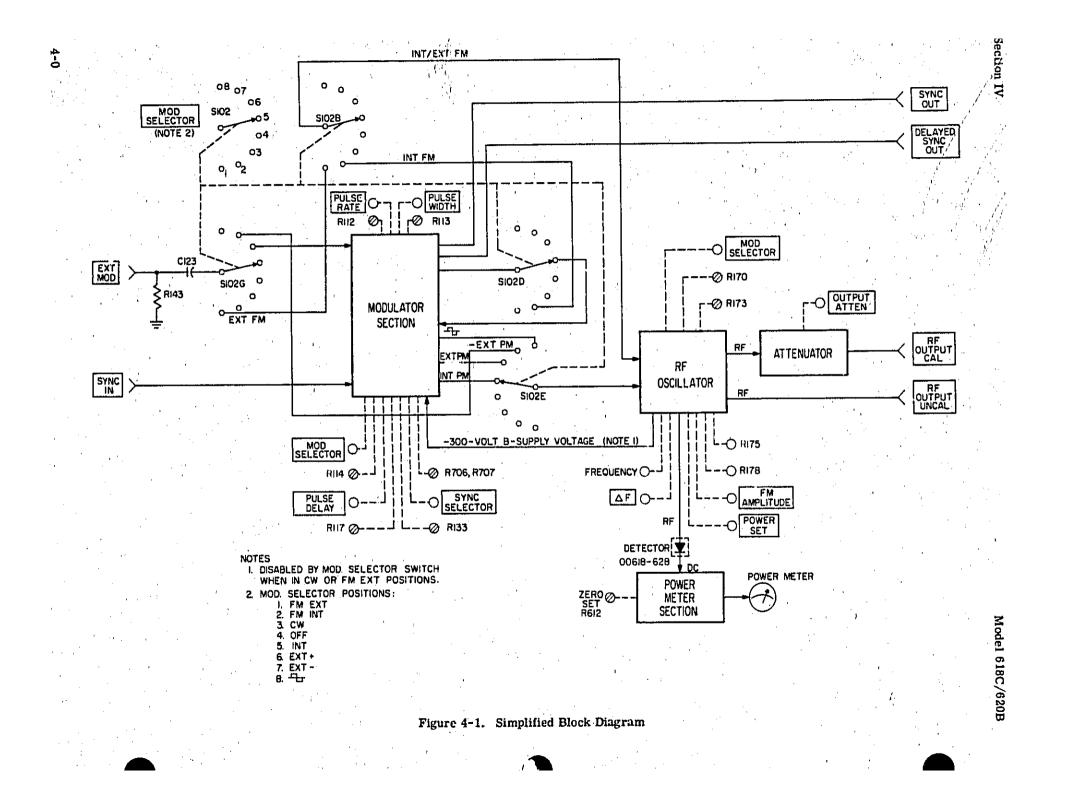
In this mode of operation, no synchronization pulses are available at the DELAYED SYNC. OUT or SYNC. OUT connector.

#### Note

 $\Delta F$  control should be centered to allow the klystron to operate in the center of the mode.

#### Figure 3-7. External Frequency Modulation Operation

# THEORY



# SECTION IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### 4-1. INTRODUCTION.

4-2. This section contains explanations of the operation of the Signal Generator circuits. Figure 4-1 is a simplified block diagram showing principal circuit sections and operating controls. Each circuit section and important individual circuits are explained in succeeding paragraphs.

#### 4-3. THE MODULATOR SECTION.

4-4. The Modulator Section is shown in block diagram form in Figure 4-2. The function of the circuits in this section is to establish a modulating pulse (for pulse operation) or a sawtooth voltage (for frequency modulation) and to apply it to the RF oscillator to obtain the desired type of RF output. Various portions of these circuits are not employed in certain types of operation, such as external pulse or external FM operation (see Figure 4-1). However, the block diagram shows the condition (delayed pulse output with external synchronization) where all of the circuits are employed, and the description will cover this type of operation. Other types of operation will be described in later paragraphs.

4-5. SYNCHRONIZING CIRCUITS. These circuits accept the external synchronizing voltage applied at the SYNC IN connector, and transform it into a negative pulse to trigger Pulse Rate Multivibrator V103. The circuit elements are shown in Figure 4-3. The grid of V101A is returned to B+ (ground). This places the grid at zero bias and the tube is conducting through plate load resistor R103. The tube responds to both positive and negative signals.

4-6. The negative-going portion of a sine-wave synchronizing voltage, or a negative synchronization pulse, causes the tube to cut off, developing a positive pulse in its plate circuit. This pulse is applied to the grid of V101B. Tube V101B is cut off (bias of -15 V) and the positive pulse from the plate of V101A causes V101B to conduct; thus, its plate voltage drops and the output is a negative-going pulse with a steep leading edge.

4-7. This negative pulse is applied to the  $\sim$  and (-) contacts of SYNC SELECTOR switch S101A through Series Clipper V102A. Clipper V102A develops only negative pulses at its output.

4-8. When a positive external synchronization pulse is applied to the grid of V101A, a negative pulse is developed in its plate circuit and applied through capacitor C103 to the + contact of S101A.

4-9. PULSE RATE MULTIVIBRATOR, SYNC CON-DITION. When external sine-wave synchronization signals are employed, the Synchronization Multivibrator is switched to the operating condition shown in Figure 4-4. This circuit is a one-shot multivibrator, with V103A drawing current while V103B is cut off. The negative pulse from the synchronization input circuits causes the multivibrator to switch at  $t_1$ , developing a negative pulse in the plate circuit of V103B. The width of the pulse is determined by the length of time required to discharge capacitor C111 through resistor R115.

4-10. PULSE RATE MULTIVIBRATOR, FREE-RUN-NING CONDITION. In the FM INT, INT (pulse), and positions of MOD. SELECTOR switch S102, the Pulse Rate Multivibrator is converted to a free-running multivibrator (Figure 4-5). Under this condition the synchronization input circuits are disconnected from the multivibrator.

4-11. The time constants of the multivibrator are balanced so that the circuit generates a wave that is essentially square with approximately a 50% duty cycle; however, this may vary depending upon the repetition rate. This arrangement is used so that internal squarewave as well as internal pulse modulation of the RF Oscillator can be obtained. The arrangement also provides for equally spaced pulses to trigger the Sawtooth Generator when internal FM modulation is being used.

4-12. PULSE SHAPER. The Pulse Shaper (Figure 4-6) is a One-Shot Multivibrator with a  $2-\mu s$  pulse duration. It consists of V104A and V104B, two halves of type 5814A dual triode. In the steady-state condition, V104A is conducting as its grid is returned to the cathode by resistor R121. Tube V104B is cut off as its grid is returned to -300V, thus placing a bias on the grid (developed by the current through V104A and cathode resistor R120).

4-13. When this multivibrator is triggered by the negative-going leading edge of the waveform generated by the Pulse Multivibrator, a positive  $2^{-}\mu$ s pulse appears at the plate of V104A.

4-14. The positive output pulse is applied to the Synchronization Amplifier tube, V105A, shown in Figure 4-7, and to Synchronization Cathode Follower V105B, shown in Figure 4-6.

4-15. SYNCHRONIZATION CATHODE FOLLOWER. This stage provides the undelayed synchronization output signal for synchronizing external equipment. It is comprised of V105B, one half of a type 5814 dualtriode tybe. The output is taken across R129, the cathode resistor, and is capacitively coupled through C118 to the SYNC. OUT connector. Resistor R130 is returned from the center conductor of the connector to ground, so that the line is terminated in reference to ground instead of the -300V potential existing at the base of the cathode resistor.

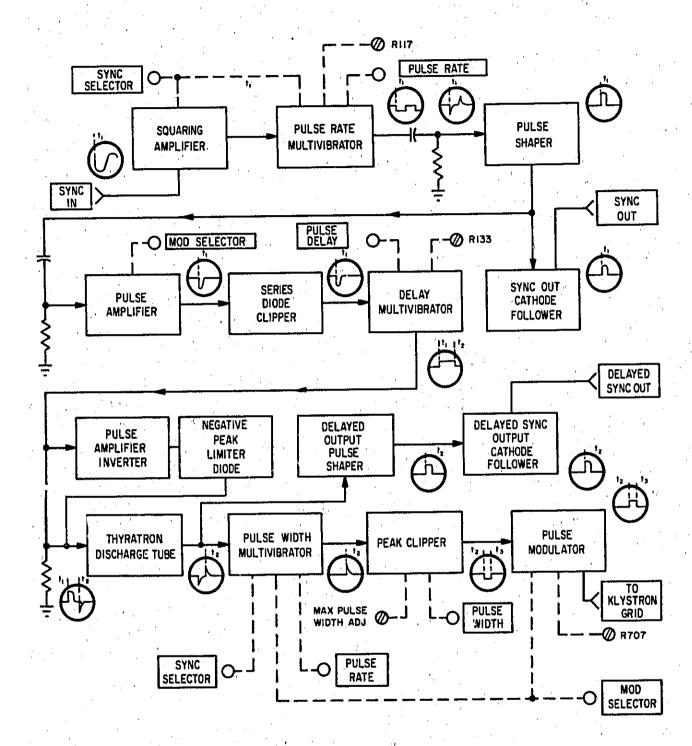


Figure 4-2. Modulator Section Block Diagram

4-16. The output of the Cathode Follower is a positive pulse greater than 25 V peak-to-peak when applied to a load having a resistance of from 1000 to 100,000 ohms and a shunt capacitance of 500 pF.

4-17. PULSE AMPLIFIER. The Pulse Amplifier is comprised of V105A, one-half of a type 12A U7 tube (Figure 4-7), and its associated components. It amplifies and inverts the 2  $\mu$ s pulse provided by the Pulse Shaper and provides a positive pulse (in its cathode circuit) that is employed to trigger the Sawtooth Generator when internal frequency modulation is employed. Capacitor C115 acts as a cathode bypass capacitor when internal pulse modulation is used.

4-18. SERIES LIMITER. The negative pulse from the plate of the Pulse Amplifier is applied to the cathode of diode limiter V106A (Figure 4-7). This limiter is so connected that only the negative components with an amplitude greater than the diode bias are applied to the cathode of the Delay Multivibrator. This prevents triggering the multivibrator by any positive or lowamplitude negative transients that may appear on the output of V105A in addition to the desired trigger pulse.

#### Section IV

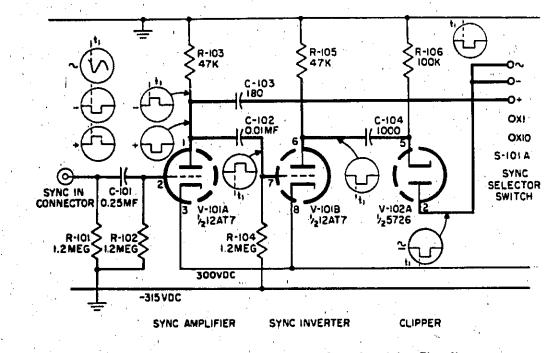
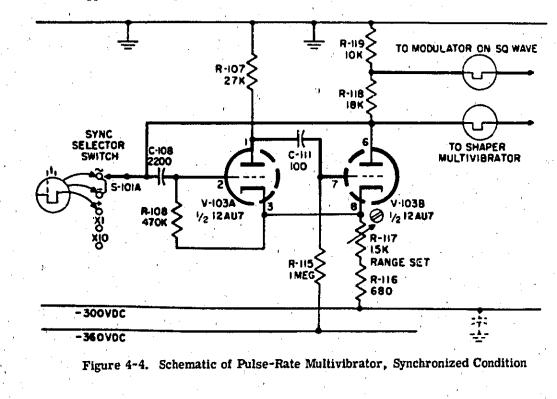


Figure 4-3. Schematic Diagram of Synchronizing Circuits

4-19. DELAY MULTIVIBRATOR. This circuit (Figure 4-7) provides an adjustable time delay in applying the modulation to the RF Oscillator. It consists of a type 12AU7 dual triode, V107, connected as a one-shot multivibrator, with an adjustable resistor R136, the PULSE DELAY control.

4-20. The Delay Multivibrator starts its cycle when a negative pulse drives the cathode of V107A in a negative direction. This is equivalent to placing a positive signal on the grid, and the tube conducts. A negative wave-front appears at the plate of V107A and (through capacitor C120) drives the grid of V107B in a negative direction, cutting off this half of the stage. The length of time the circuit requires to return to its resting condition is determined by the time constant of C120, R136 and R137. Potentiometer R136 is the PULSE DELAY control that adjusts the delay from 3 to 300  $\mu$ s while Potentiometer R133 is an adjustment used to set the maximum delay to 300  $\mu$ s.

4-21. In the steady-state condition V107A is cut off while V107B is conducting through plate load resistors R138, R139 and R140, in parallel with resistor R142 and diode V106B.



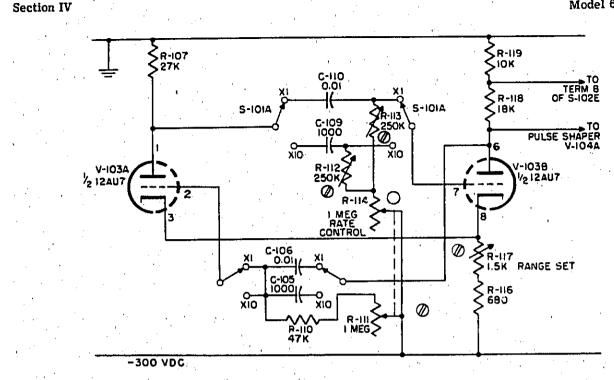


Figure 4-5. Schematic of Pulse-Rate Multivibrator Free-Running Condition

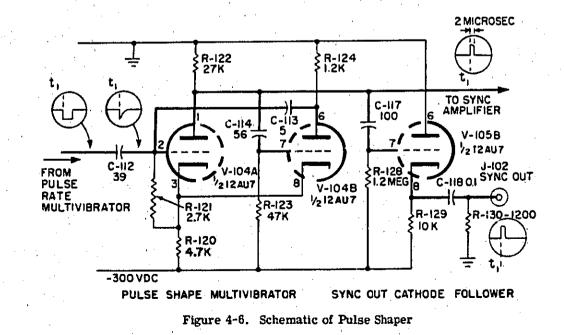
4-22. Tube V106B serves as a negative base limiter to eliminate low-amplitude negative pulses that may otherwise follow the trailing edge of the main pulse from V107B.

1-23. PULSE AMPLIFIER INVERTER. This stage (Figure 4-8) is comprised of V109A, one-half of a type 12AU7 dual triode. The positive pulse from the Pulse Delay Multivibrator is differentiated by capacitor C122 and resistor R187 to form a sharp negative spike at  $t_2$ . These spike pulses are amplified and inverted in the plate circuit of V109A.

4-24. BLOCKING DIODE. The output of V109A is applied to the grid of Thyratron Discharge tube V110

through blocking diode V108B. Tube V108B serves to pass the positive output spike at  $t_2$  and to inhibit the negative spike at  $t_1$ . At short delay times, this insures positive triggering of Thyratron V110.

4-25. THYRATRON DISCHARGE TUBE. This stage consists of the type 2D21 thyratron tube, V110, shown in Figure 4-8. Its grid is returned to approximately -315 V while the cathode is returned to -300 V, cutting off the tube. Capacitor C127 is charged to approximately 110 V positive with respect to the cathode, a point established by the values of resistors R148, R149, and Diode V108A. This limiting of the voltage on capacitor C127 is necessary due to wide variation in the



4-5

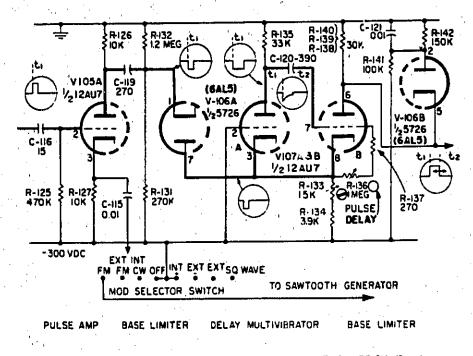
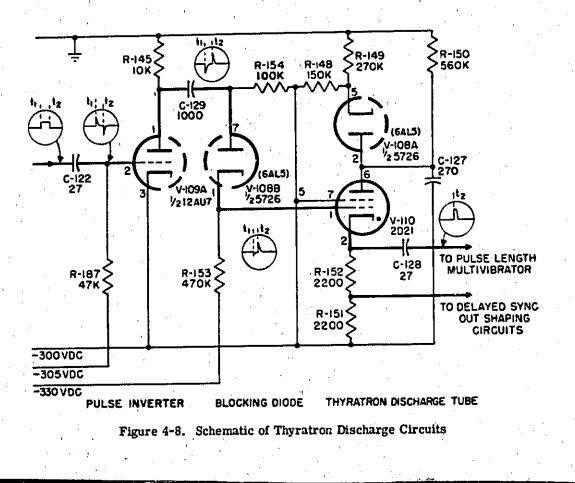


Figure 4-7. Schematic of Pulse Amplifier and Delay Multivibrator

pulse repetition frequency and the fact that the capacitor charges exponentially with time. Otherwise, the capacitor would charge to a higher potential at the low repetition frequencies than at the high frequencies. The Diode, V108A, limits the charge of C127 to a value that can be reached at the highest repetition frequencies, and prevents it from going higher regardless of the charging time available. 4-26. When the positive pulse from V109A is applied to the grid, the tube ionizes and capacitor C127 discharges through the tube and cathode resistors R151 and R152. This causes a positive pulse to appear across the cathode resistors. When capacitor C127 is nearly discharged and the plate voltage is at a very low value, the tube deionizes and returns to the resting condition. By this time the pulse on the grid has



#### Section IV

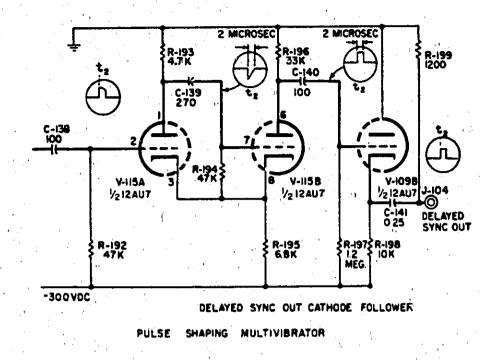


Figure 4-9. Schematic of Pulse-Shaping Multivibrator and Delayed Synchronization Cathode Follower

decayed and the grid bias is again -315 V. Capacitor C127 is rapidly recharged to its resting voltage of approximately 100 V and is maintained at this value through the action of the Diode circuit, V108A, previously explained. The spike pulse occurring in the cathode circuit at t2 is applied to the Pulse Length Multivibrator and to the delayed synchronization pulse output circuits.

4-27. DELAYED-OUTPUT PULSE SHAPER AND CATHODE FOLLOWER. The Delayed Output Pulse Shaper (Figure 4-9) is a multivibrator comprised of the two triode sections of a type 12AU7 tube, V115. One half of another 12AU7 dual triode tube, V109B, is connected as a Cathode Follower. The positive spike developed in the cathode circuit of the Thyratron Discharge Tube is applied to grid of V115A through capacitor C138 at time  $t_2$ . The section of the multivibrator formed by V115A is cut off, its negative bias being established by the current through cathode resistor R195.

4-28. The section comprised of V115B is conducting in the resting condition as its grid is returned to the cathode through resistor R194. The positive leading edge of the pulse from V110 causes the multivibrator to switch, cutting off current through V115B and causing the voltage at its plate to rise.

4-29. The time constant of the circuit is approximately 2- $\mu$ s. At the end of this time, capacitor C139 is discharged (through resistors R194 and R195) to a point where V115B again conducts and completes the cycle. The output at the plate of V115B is a positive pulse of 2- $\mu$ s duration. This pulse is coupled to V109B, the Cathode Follower.

4-30. Tube V109B is employed as an impedance transformer, receiving the pulse from the high-impedance plate circuit of the multivibrator and delivering it to the relatively low impedance across the DELAYED SYNC. OUT connector for synchronizing external equipment.

4-31. PULSE-LENGTH MULTIVIBRATOR. The Pulse Length Multivibrator (Figure 4-10) is a one-shot multivibrator employing a type 12AU7 tube, V111. The circuit employs capacitive cathode-to-cathode coupling to secure the positive feedback action. This avoids any feedback connection to the plate of V111A, reducing stray capacitance that would tend to degrade the voltage rise and fall times. Peaking inductance L101 is also employed in the plate circuit to further steepen the wave form.

4-32. The section comprised of V111A is cut off since a bias of -30 V is applied to its grid. This places the V111A side of capacitor C130 at a potential of -300 V. The second section is at saturation because its grid

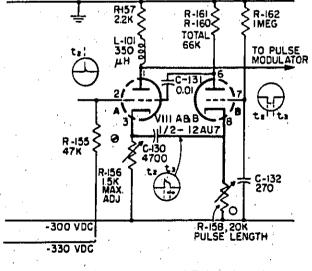


Figure 4-10. Schematic of Pulse-Length Multivibrator

is connected to the positive supply point (ground) through resistor R162. As a result, the other side of capacitor C130 is at a relatively higher potential due to the drop across resistor R158.

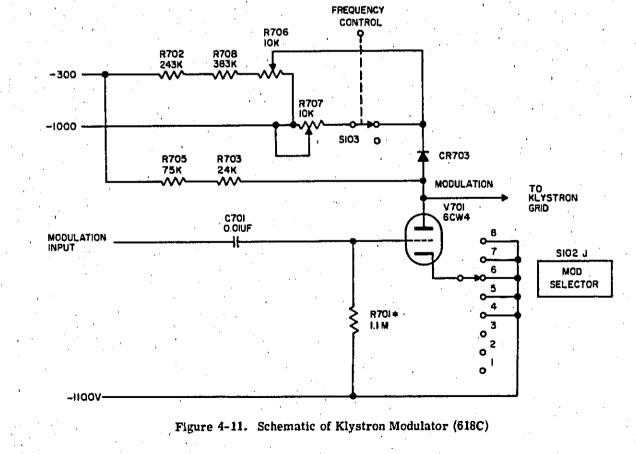
4-33. When the positive pulse at  $t_2$  is applied to the grid of V111A, V111A immediately conducts, causing the V111A side of capacitor C130 to rise to the potential established by the current through resistor R156; thus, resistor R156 acts as a maximum delay-time adjustment for the circuit.

4-34. The voltage rise across resistor R156 is applied to the cathode of V111B, causing it to become more positive with respect to its control grid. This cuts off the tube rapidly, since the grid is maintained at the cathode potential by the time constant of R162 and C132.

4-35. Capacitor C130 is now charged and commences to discharge. The time required to discharge to a point where V111B again conducts determines the duration of the negative output pulse. The width is adjusted by R158, the PULSE WIDTH control. This control can be adjusted to provide pulses between 0.5 and 10  $\mu$ s. The output of the Pulse Length Multivibrator is a negative pulse, starting at t<sub>2</sub> and ending at t<sub>3</sub>. Diodes CR101, CR102 serve to limit the negative pulse to approximately 10 V peak-to-peak. The limited pulse is applied to Klystron Modulator tube V701.

4-36. KLYSTRON MODULATOR (618C). The Klystron Modulator (Figure 4-11) is comprised of tube V701 and associated parts. The modulation pulse is applied through capacitor C701 to the grid of V701. The output of the Klystron Modulator is developed across plate resistors R703 and R705. Diode CR703 serves as a clipper to limit the amplitude of the pulse applied to the Klystron. When the pulse at the plate of V701 is more positive than the voltage present at the cathode of CR703, the diode conducts and limits the pulse. The voltage at which CR703 conducts is established by the setting of potentiometer R706, part of a voltage divider (R702, R706, R708) connected between the -300 and -1000 volt lines. When the Signal Generator frequency control is at a predetermined setting, switch S103 is actuated and places potentiometer R707 in parallel with a portion of potentiometer R706. This results in diode CR703 clipping at a more negative voltage point on the modulation pulse. During any operating mode but amplitude modulation (pulse or square wave), the SYNC SELECTOR switch (S102) opens the cathode of V701, and thus disables the Klvstron Modulator.

4-37. KLYSTRON MODULAFOR (620B). The Klystron Modulator (Figure 4-12) is comprised of tube V701 and associated parts. The modulation pulse is applied through capacitor C701 to the grid of V701. The output of the Klystron Modulator is developed across plate resisions R703 and R705. Diode CR703 serves as a clipper to limit the amplitude of the pulse applied to the Klystron. When the pulse at the plate of V701 is more positive than the voltage present at the cathode of CR703, the diode conducts and limits the pulse. The voltage at which CR703 conducts is established by the setting of potentiometer R706, part of a voltage divider (R702, R706, R708) connected between the -300 and -1000 volt lines. During any operating mode but amplitude modulation (pulse or square wave),



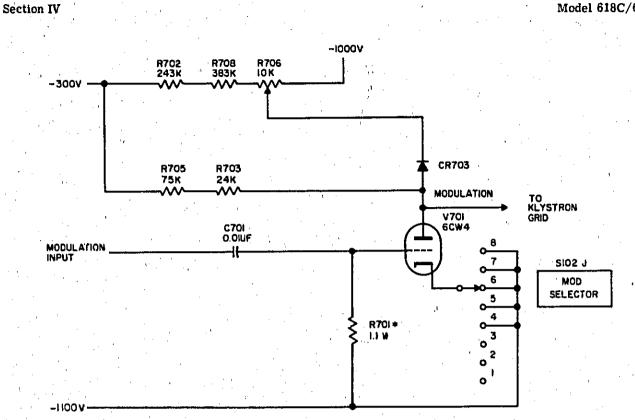


Figure 4-12. Schematic of Klystron Modulator (620B)

the SYNC SELECTOR switch (S102) opens the cathode of V701, and thus disables the Klystron Modulator.

4-38. INTERNAL FM MODULATOR. When MOD. SELECTOR switch S102 is in the FM INT position, the Thyratron Discharge tube comprises a relaxation oscillator (Figure 4-13). This oscillator develops a sawtooth waveform that is applied to the RF Oscillator repeller.

4-39. Capacitors C124, C125, C126, and resistors R146, R147 determine the time constant of the sawtooth

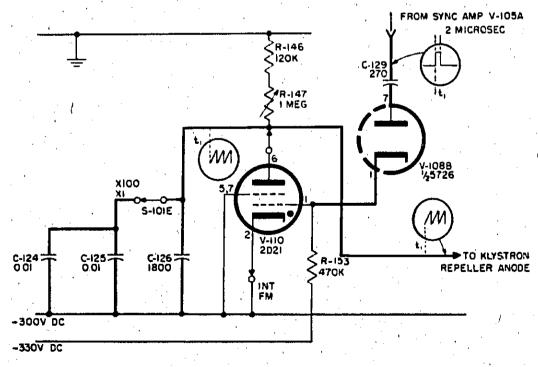


Figure 4-13. Schematic of Frequency-Modulating Circuit

output for the X1 range; while C126, R146 and R147 perform the same function for the X10 range. Resistor R147 is ganged with R111 and R114, and adjusted by the PULSE RATE panel control, so that the FM sweep rate and the internal pulse repetition rate may be controlled by the same control.

4-40. The relaxation oscillator is triggered by a positive pulse from the cathode of the Pulse Shaper and, when activated, delivers a positive-going sawtooth voltage to the repeller, providing frequency modulation.

#### 4-41. THE RF OSCILLATOR.

4-42. REFLEX KLYSTRON. The RF oscillator is a reflex klystron, V114, operating with a tunable coaxialline resonator. The resonant section is coupled to the resonator' grids of the klystron as shown in Figures 4-14 and 4-15 and in the equivalent circuit Figure 4-13.

4-43. Oscillation may be explained by assuming that a small-amplitude, RF noise voltage exists across the resonator grids. The electron stream directed through the resonator grids from the cathode is velocity modulated by this small RF voltage. The stream ceases to be uniform, and may be thought of as having some of its electrons accelerated and some retarded. The resultant stream in the drift space past the resonator grids consists of bunches of electrons, and is therefore said to be velocity modulated.

4-44. As this bunched stream (or velocity modulated stream) moves toward the negative-charged repeller it is repulsed back through the resonator grids. Since the stream is bunched, it induces an RF voltage across the grids.

4-45. If the transit time is in phase with the small thermal RF voltage initially assumed to be across the grids, it strengthens the bunching effect on the following stream. Upon reflection, the electron stream following will again strengthen the resonator grid voltage. This process, however, does not continue indefinitely.

4-46. A point is ultimately reached where the fundamental component of the bunching current decreases in magnitude, since energy is now being used to overcome the circuit resistances. There is a point, therefore, where there is just sufficient reflected energy to satisfy the requirements for stable oscillation.

4-47. Assuming that stable oscillation exists when a sudden change in repeller voltage is introduced, the transit time of the electron stream (as it enters and departs the repeller field) is changed. The current bunching effect would change also, and a new RF voltage would be produced across the resonator grids. This velocity modulation then changes the circuit oscillating frequency.

4-48. The situation previously described is valid for relatively small variations in repeller voltage. Excessive variations alter the relationship between the resonator voltage and the transit time of the electron stream, producing dead spots (no oscillation) or conditions of oscillation in undesired modes.

4-49. The term mode, in this sense, describes two different but interrelated characteristics. One mode is the characteristic of the cavity (or line-section resonator), which is resonant at a series of frequencies when the effective electrical length of the line is 1/4 wavelength, 3/4 wavelength, or 5/4 wavelengths. These effective electrical lengths are termed resonator modes.

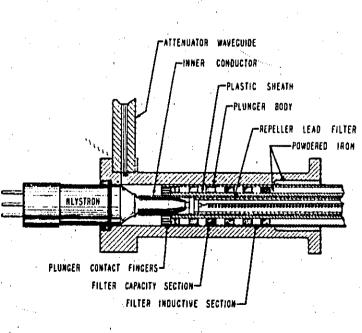


Figure 4-14. Cross-Section of RF Oscillator (620B)

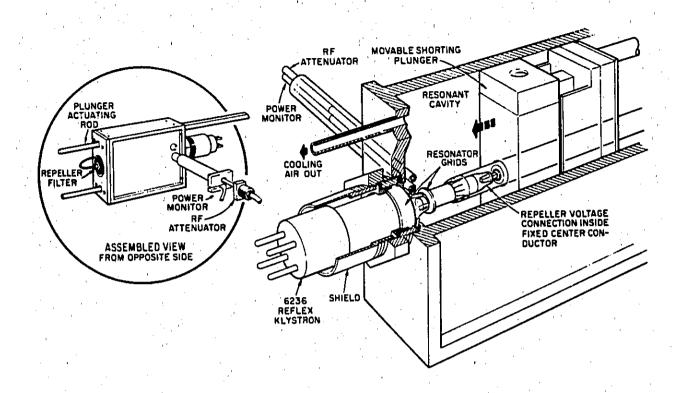
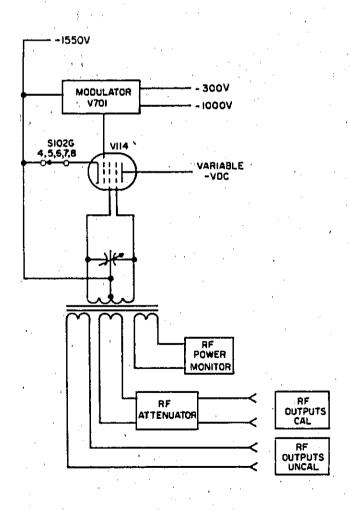
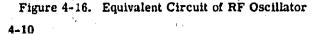


Figure 4-15. Cross-Section of RF Oscillator (618C)





4-50. Another mode is the repuller mode, which describes the round-trip transit time of the electron stream as expressed in the cycles of RF voltage across the resonator grids. Oscillations most easily occur when the transit time equals 3/4, 1-3/4, 2-3/4, 3-3/4, 4-3/4... RF cycles. These repeller modes are distinguished by different transit times rather than by different resonant frequencies, and they are functions of repeller voltages. Generally, the value of the repeller voltage increases for a given mode as the mean klystron frequency is increased.

4-51. When a specific repeller mode is desired throughout a given band of frequencies, the repeller voltage is adjusted against the plunger travel (of a tunable resonator, for example) to maintain the relative transit time. Since the repeller mode is a function of transit time, it also remains constant.

4-52. A third use of the term mode is the oscillation mode, which is defined in terms of the repeller mode and the cavity mode. For example, an oscillation mode might be 3/4 wavelength cavity and 3-3/4 wavelength repeller.

4-53. REPELLER VOLTAGE CONTROL (618C). The operating characteristics of a reflex Klystron are such that an optimum value of repeller voltage exists for each operating frequency. This voltage is the value that will cause the bunched electrons to return to the resonator grids at the proper time. Figure 4-17 shows the repeller voltage characteristics for the Klystron over the range employed in the Signal Generator.

4-54. The repeller voltage characteristic shown in Figure 4-17 provides for operation in the 2-3/4 repeller mode. The required voltage for optimum operation

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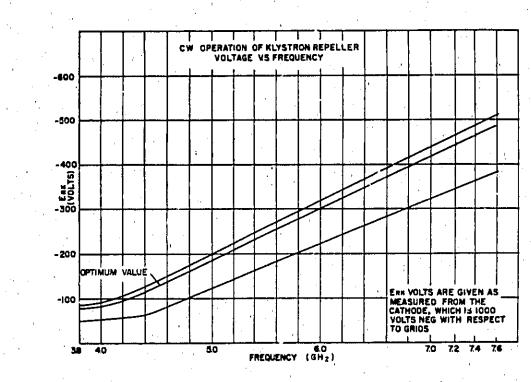


Figure 4-17. Repeller Voltage Versus Frequency (618C)

is essentially linear with frequency for the frequency range above 4400 MHz. In the frequency range from 3800 to 4400 MHz the required voltage is not a linear function of frequency but is slightly curved as shown.

4-55. Figure 4-18 shows the 618C circuit that provides negative voltage to the repeller. Potentiometer R174 is a 100,000-ohm wirewound potentiometer that is mechanically ganged with the mechanism that tunes the resonant line, providing a proper voltage to the repeller electrode as the frequency is changed. The values of the resistor R170 and R175 are adjustable to establish the voltage applied across the tracking potentiometer, R174. The values of resistors R173 and R178 are adjustable to provide the required curvature in the repeller voltage characteristic below 4400 MHz.

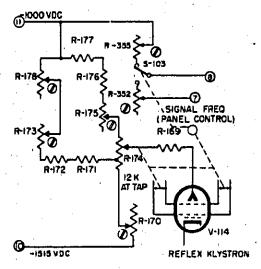
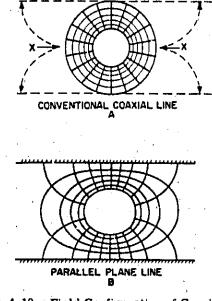
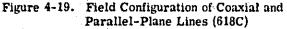


Figure 4-18. Schematic of Repeller Tracking Circuits (618C)

4-56. The  $\Delta F$  control, R523, is part of a voltagedivider network (R520-R525) that parallel: theklystron. Variation of R523 causes small changes in the klystron repeller voltage and thus small changes in the frequency of oscillation.

4-57. PARALLEL-PANEL RESONATOR (618C). The resonator employed in the Model 618C is known as a parallel-plane resonant line. In its physical shape it resembles a rectangular box type cavity with a circular center element and a rectangular plunger to vary the cavity depth. Actually, the line is a direct development from a circular coaxial line as shown in Figure 4-19.





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Part A of Figure 4-19 shows such a line, and the field configurations that exist when it is excited electrically. The resonant frequency of such a line with one end shorted is Cetermined by its electrical length in a direction parallel to the center conductor. The other dimensions of the line play a very small part in determining the oscillating frequency.

4-58. The evolution of the parallel-plane line from the coaxial line may be described by reference to Figure 4-19, parts A and B. Assume the outer conductor were cut at the points X and the two semi-lines thus created were flattened out as shown by the horizontal dotted lines. The voltage and current configurations would then take the form shown in part B. To carry this example through in complete detail, the cross-section of the center conductor would take a slightly elliptical form of perfect configurations. However, for practical purposes, this is not necessary, and a circular center conductor is used.

4-59. The line, as shown in Figure 4-19, part B, is not enclosed on the short sides, and it is possible to operate it in this manner. However, sides are provided to prevent stray RF leakage currents.

4-60. The parallel-plane line depends, for its resonant frequency, upon its electrical length and consequently may be tuned by simple mechanical means and can be directly calibrated. This type of cavity provides a resonator in which simple and straight-forward methods can be employed to provide broadband suppression of the various parasitic resonances that occur when other physical dimensions approach the frequency-determining electrical dimensions.

SEMI-PLANE7	-CENTER CONDUCTOR
	PERIPHERAL GAP
PLUNGER CENT	ER CONDUCTOR
ONE HALF OF PLUNGE	ER GAP UNFOLDED TO

Figure 4-20. Plunger Resonances in Uncompensated Parallel-Plane Line Resonator (618C)

4-12

4-61. Figure 4-20 shows a cut-away view of the resonant line and the other components of the parallelplane oscillator. The klystron is mounted so that one of the resonator grids is coupled to the two semi-lines while the other is coupled to the circular center conductor. The repeller voltage is applied through an insulated filter in the center conductor while the other potentials required to operate the tube are applied through the tube base pins.

4-62. PLUNGER RESONANCE (618C). The plunger employed in the parallel-plane resonator is of the noncontacting type and a small air gap exists between the periphery of the plunger and the surfaces of the semiplanes and sidewalls, as shown in Figure 4-20.

4-63. The gap has a physical length of approximately 17 centimeters, and an electrical length such that it has a two-cycle and a four-cycle resonant frequency occurring near or in the frequency range of the oscillator. As shown in Figure 4-20, these frequencies correspond to one-half and one-quarter of the electrical length of the periphery of the plunger. A similar gap exists between the center conductor and the plunger. However, the length of this gap is such that no resonances occur in the frequency range of the oscillator.

4-64. Compensation is applied to control resonance of the line formed by t'le peripheral plunger gap in the resonator.

4-65. REPELLER ACTION (620B). As seen in Figure 4-21, the repeller mode for the Model 620B shifts from the 3-3/4 mode to the 4-3/4 mode.

4-66. The 3-3/4 repeller mode is used for the 3- to 9-GHz range, and the 4-3/4 repeller mode is used above 9 GHz.

4-67. The repeller voltage is controlled by a tapered potentiometer ganged to track with the frequency-tuning plunger; it includes a switch which steps the repeller voltage less negative at approximately 8800 GHz to change the transit time to 4-3/4 RF cycles.

4-68. The  $\Delta F$  control, R523, is part of a voltagedivider network (R520-R525) that parallels the klystron. Variation of R523 catter small changes in the klystron repeller voltage and thus small changes in the frequency of oscillation.

4-69. RESONATOR (620B). The cavity resonator for the klystron is a tunable ccaxial line with a shorting plunger. The repeller voltage, plunger, and frequency dial are gang-tuned.

4-70. The resonant frequency for a circular coaxial resonator with one end shorted, is determined by the electrical length of the resonator in a direction parallel to the center conductor. The other dimensions of the line are almost negligible in determining the fundamental frequency of the section.

4-71. UNDESIRED MODE SUPPRESSION (620B). Cavity resonator systems have a tendency to operate in the 1/4-wavelength cavity mode, and from an efficiency and power output standpoint it is Model 618C/620B

and the second second

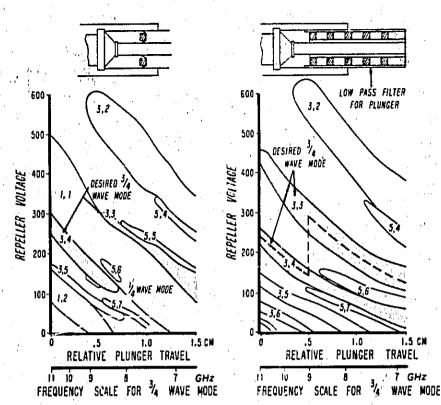


Figure 4-21. Uncompensated and Compensated Mode Structure (620B)

advantageous to operate in the 1/4-wavelength cavity mode. As the desired frequency increases, however, operation in this mode is not always feasible.

4-72. As the desired frequency increases, a 1/4wavelength becomes quite small and plunger placement in the cavity becomes extremely critical and imposes mechanical limitations, making it necessary to select another mode of operation. The 3/4-wavelength cavity mode is employed for the range of the Model 620B.

4-73. As seen in Figure 4-21 the dominant effects of the 1/4-wavelength mode consist of undesirable mode interference. A study of this 1/4-wavelength cavity and 1-3/4 repeller mode showed that its frequency was below 6000 MHz, considerably below the 7000 MHz low end of the Model 620B. Advantageous use was made of this fact, and the plunger was designed to incorporate a concentric low-pass filter having a cutoff frequency of 6500 MHz.

4-74. PLUNGER CONSTRUCTION (620B). As seen in Figure 4-14, the space between the center conductor of the resonant line and the inner wall of the plunger consists of a number of high- and low-impedance sections in cascade. This constitutes the filter section, which is terminated in back of the plunger with powdered iron to absorb the energy passed by the filter.

4-75. The effectiveress of this approach to the suppression of the undesired mode is seen in Figure 4-21. The filter prevents the undesired mode from supporting itself; the first section of the filter appears as a low impedance for the higher frequencies of the desired modes. In effect, the klystron tube sees a term-

inated transmission line at frequencies below 6500 MHz. For frequencies above 6500 MHz, the klystron sees a shorted, tunable, high Q resonator.

4-76. The plunger makes contact with the outer conductor wall by means of long-life contact fingers. Peripheral resonances are suppressed by leading the gap between the plunger and the outer wall with a dielectric plastic sheath. The technique effectively lowers the frequency of the parasitics to a range much lower than that of the generator.

4-77. THE ATTENUATOR (618C). Three pickup loops are located in the resonator to collect RF power. The first is the output attenuator loop which couples the calibrated power to be supplied by the generator to the load through an output connector on the panel; the position of this loop is adjustable so that the output power level may be varied as desired. The second is the power level in the oscillating circuit and establishes a reference point to calibrate the output power. The last pickoff loop provides a source of uncalibrated RF power at a front-panel connector.

4-78. Power is coupled to the load from the RF oscillator by a coupling loop located at a suitable point in the resonant line. This loop slides in a circular waveguide section. The cross-section of the waveguide is very small in relation to the frequencies of operation, and normal propagation down the waveguide will not take place. However, some limited propagation does take place, and the power level decreases exponentially as the distance from the resonant line increases. Thus it is possible, by moving a pickup loop linearly in the waveguide, to secure an output that varies in decibels in proportion to the linear travel.

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4-79. This type of attenuator is known as an attenuator of the cutoff type and its characteristics are employed so that the pick-up probe and indicating dial can be moved by a simple gear train and the dial may be calibrated directly in decibels.

4-80. A cross-section of the attenuator and RF pickup loop is shown in Figure 4-22. The RF pick-up loop is terminated by a special resistor, which is made by coating platinum on a glass bead. This resistor is used to match the attenuator to the output cable, and its dc resistance is approximately 50 ohms.

4-81. The polyiron section on the outside of the probe is designed to absorb power that may leak past the probe in the space between the outer conductor and the waveguide walls.

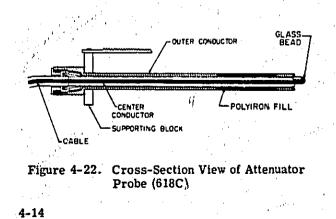
4-82. THE ATTENUATOR (620B). The attenuator in the Model 620B is direct reading and requires no frequency correction. It is essentially a piston probe sliding in a waveguide beyond cutoff.

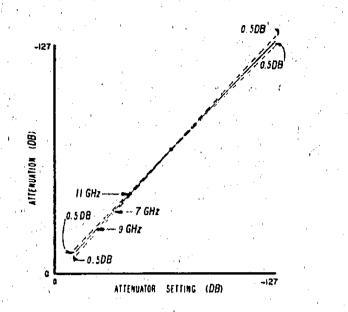
4-83. Theoretically, the high frequencies beyond cutoff involved in such a waveguide demand dimensions which would be smaller than practical. Consequently the dimensions used have been increased in favor of practical design. Since the dimensions have been increased, there is a slight error introduced because the frequency-versus-attenuation characteristic is not sharp at the cutoff frequency.

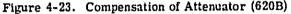
4-84. This error is compensated by distributing it over the frequency and the attenuation ranges of the instrument. The compensation is effected by first halving the error by calibrating the attenuator in the middle of the frequency band (approximately 9 GHz). The half-error now exists at the extremes of the band only.

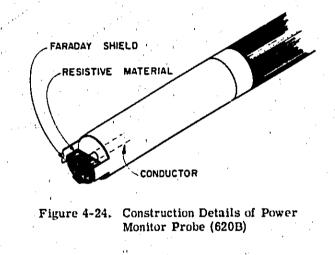
4-85. The net attenuator power-monitor error is less than the maximum error of the instrument, which must allow for the connector mismatches and a source impedance that is not the ideal 50 ohms resistance presented by the pick-up strip on the attenuator probe (Figure 4-23).

4-86. The small dimensions of the waveguide beyond cutoff necessitated careful design of the pickup loops on the power monitor and attenuator probes. The construction details are shown in Figure 4-24.





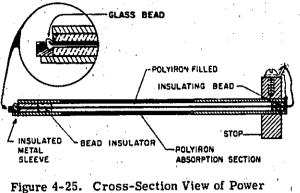


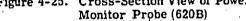


#### 4-87. THE POWER MONITOR.

4-88. The power monitor circuit is provided to measure and indicate the level of the RF power at the attenuator input.

4-89. The position drive for the attenuator probe is coupled to the calibrated dial, while the drive for the power monitor is coupled to an index which moves around the outside of the calibrated dial. The power monitor probe is nearly a duplicate of the attenuator probe, except that the power picked up by the monitor probe is supplied to a Diode Detector. Figures 4-24 and 4-25 show the 620B power monitor probe. The output of the detector is applied to the Power Monitor Section (Figure 4-26).





4-90. The Power Monitor Section is composed of a Differential Amplifier acting as a Voltage Comparator. The Differential Amplifier consists of transistors Q601 and Q602 (each a dual-section transistor, with each section in a cascade arrangement), and transistor Q603 acting as a current-feedback generator to increase the input impedance and thus decrease the loading effect on the detected RF signal. The reference input to the differential amplifier is the voltage drop across diode CR602, while the signal to be compared is the detected RF signal. A voltage proportional to the difference in the two input voltages appears between the emitters of Q601A and Q602A, causing the power meter to deflect and indicate the relative power level of the signal Generator output. Potentiometer R612 is the zero-set adjustment for the meter and is adjusted with the MOD. SELECTOR set to OFF (no RF output).

#### 4-91. THE POWER SUPPLIES.

#### 4-92. GENERAL OPERATING PRINCIPLES

4-93. All the dc operating voltages are electronically regulated. Some are obtained directly from regulated supplies, others are derived by voltage division from regulated supplies.

4-94. There are three electronic regulators supplying -300, -1000, and -1550 V. It should be noted that the three power supplies actually develop -300, -700, and -500 V dc; series connection of these voltages results in -300, -1000, and -1550 V. All of the regulators operate as follows. As shown in Figure 4-27, a regulating element (Series Regulator) is connected in series with the load and the dc power source (Rectifier and Voltage Doubler). The resistance of the regulating element is made adjustable so that the voltage at its output will be adjustable. The resistance is adjusted by a control voltage; the higher the control voltage, the higher the output voltage. A sample of the Series Regulator output voltage is compared against a dc reference voltage by a Comparison Amplifier and the difference voltage is inverted and applied to the Series Regulator. As a result, any tendency for the output voltage to change is immediately counteracted by the control voltage, and the supply output voltage remains constant.

4-95. Since the gain of the Comparison Amplifier determines the degree of regulation, it may be followed by an additional Control, or Driver, Amplifier to improve regulation. The Comparison Amplifier is a

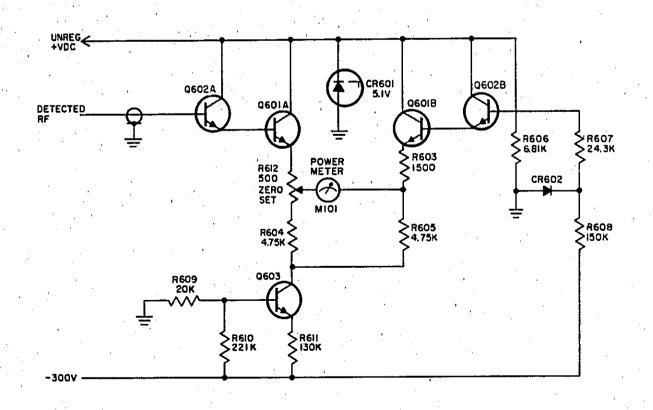


Figure 4-26. Schematic of Power Monitor Circuit

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differential type for temperature stability. The dc reference voltage used for comparison is obtained from voltage-regulator electron tubes, from semiconductor voltage-reference diodes, or from another regulated power supply. When an adjustable power supply is used as the reference for another supply, changing its output level also changes the level of the supply for which it is the reference. Consequently, if this reference varies drastically, the output levels of both supplies change.

#### 4-96. -300 VOLT SUPPLY.

4-97. The -300 V supply operates as explained under General Operating Principles. The reference for this supply (applied to the cathodes of V304 through resistor R375) is obtained from the -1000 V supply. In this power supply the Control (Driver) Stage is, like the Comparison Amplifier, a Differential-Type Amplifier.

#### 4-98. -1000 VOLT SUPPLY.

4-99. The -1000 V supply operates as explained under General Operating Principles, and derives its reference from V402. The Comparison Amplifier, V403 and 404, drives the Series Regulator directly. The Regulator receives its screen voltage from regulator tube V305, which, in turn, uses the -300 V supply as a B+ source; consequently, any drastic variation of the -300 V supply will affect the -1000 V supply.

#### 4-100. -1550 VOLT SUPPLY.

4-101. The -1550 V supply operates as explained under General Operating Principles, and derives its reference from V502. The Comparison Amplifier, V503 and V504, drive the Series Regulator directly. The Series Regulator receives its screen voltage from a voltage divider (R514, R515) across the -300 and -1000 V supplies; hence, any drastic variation in either of these two supplies will affect the -1550 V supply.

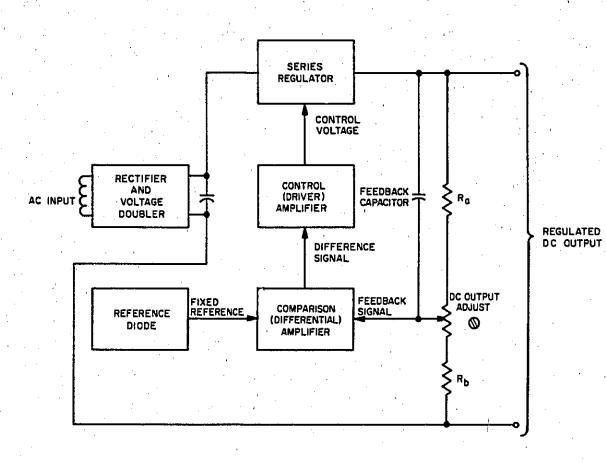
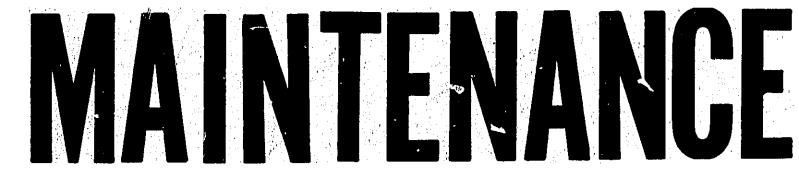
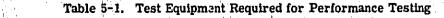


Figure 4-27. Power Supply Block Diagram



Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Models
Thermistor Mount	Frequency range: 3.8 to 11 GHz SWR: 2.0 max	HP 8481A
Power Meter	Power range: 0 to -30 dBm Accuracy: ±3%	HP 435A
Adjustable Transformer	Output voltage range: 103.5-126.5 and 207-253 volts ac	General Radio W10MT3A
Microwave Frequency Counter	Accuracy: ±1 count ±3 parts in 10 <sup>9</sup> Frequency range: 30 Hz to 12 GHz	HP 5342A
Oscilloscope	Vertical sensitivity: 0.05V/cm Bandwidth: 50 MHz	HP 1740A
Crystal Detector	Frequency range: 3.8 to 11 GHz Frequency response: ±0.5 dB per octave SWR: 1.5	HP 423A
Oscillator	Frequency range: 40 Hz to 4 kHz Voltage output: 0 to 10 volts rms Frequency Accuracy: ±2%	HP 200CD
Vacuum Tube Voltmeter	Range: 0 to 10 volts ac Accuracy: ±3% of full scale	HP 410C
Pulse Generator	Frequency range: 1000 Hz Voltage output ±20 and ±70 volts peak Pulse width: 0,5 and 2500 micro-	HP 214B
	seconds	
Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency Range: 3.8 to 11 GHz IF Bandwidth: 10 kHz	HP 8565A



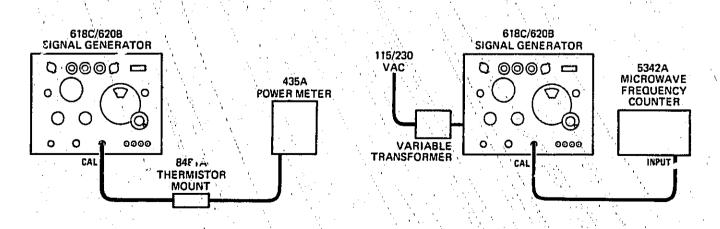


Figure 5-1. Setup for Testing RF Output Accuracy

Figure 5-2. Setup for Testing Frequency Accuracy

### SECTION V MAINTENANCE

#### 5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section provides instructions for performance testing, calibrating, troubleshooting, and repairing the Signal Generator.

5-3. MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS.

#### WARNING

VOLTAGES IN EXCESS OF 1550 VOLTS IN-SIDE CABINET. USE EXTREME CARE WHEN SIGNAL GENERATOR IS REMOVED FROM CABINET.

#### 5-4. PERIODIC INSPECTION.

#### 5-5. CLEANING.

5-6. If the equipment has been subjected to unusual conditions (excessive moisture, dust, heat, vibration, etc.) it is suggested that the instrument be removed from the cabinet and inspected for dirt or moisture accumulation, loosened components, or any possible sign of damage. Forced air under medium pressure is recommended for dusting and drying, although care must be taken not to vary the settings of the internaladjustment potentiometers and components during the process. Inspect the air filter regularly and, if necessary, remove and wash in detergent and water. Dry filter and replace: no oiling or coating of the filter is necessary. Unrestricted air flow gives longest component life. Keep the filter clean.

#### 5-7. LUBRICATION.

5-8. No routine lubrication is needed. Lubricate mechanical parts (frequency drive gears, drive mechanism) only when necessary, using a light machine oil. Lubricate moving parts, such as the attenuator and power-monitor proberack gears, with dry molybdenum or graphite lubricant. The cavity plunger is permanently lubricated during manufacture and requires no subsequent lubrication.

#### 5-9, PERFORMANCE TESTS.

#### 5-10. PURPOSE.

5-11. The following paragraphs check performance for incoming inspection, periodic evaluation, troubleshcoting, and calibration. The tests can be performed without access to the Signal Generator interior. The specifications of Table 1-1 are the performance standards.

#### 5-12. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

5-13. The test instruments required to make the performance tests are listed in Table 5-1. Test instruments other than those listed may be used provided performance equals or exceeds Critical Specifications.

#### 5-14. RF POWER-OUTPUT ACCURACY CHECK:

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-1.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE MOD. SELECTOR	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ON CW
POWER SET																	
OUTPUT ATTN	•	1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7	•	+		0 dB

c. Adjust 618C Signal Generator frequency control from 3.8 to 7.6 GHz; Power Meter should indicate  $0 \pm 3$  dBm (reset POWER SET to 0 before each reading).

c. Adjust 620B Signal Generator frequency control from 7 to 11 GHz; Power Meter should indicate  $0\pm 3$  dBm (reset POWER SET to 0 before each reading).

d. Adjust OUTPUT ATTEN control from 0 to -30 dBm in 1-dB steps; Power Meter indication should agree with OUTPUT ATTEN setting  $\pm 3$  dBm from 0 to -7 dBm and  $\pm 2$  dBm from -7 to -30 dBm.

#### 5-15. FREQUENCY ACCURACY, STABILITY, AND <u>AFM CHECK.</u>

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-2.

b. Adjust variable transformer for 115 (or 230) V.

c. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE		 	ON
MOD. SELECTOR .			
Frequency (618C)		 	3.8 GHz
Frequency (620B)	• •	 	7 GHz
POWER SET		 	0
ΔΓ΄		 	. Centered

d. Adjust Signal Generator OUTPUT ATTEN control for sufficient output to drive Microwave Frequency Counter.

e. Adjust Microwave Frequency Counter to measure frequency.

f. (618C.) Microwave Frequency Counter shall indicate 3.762 to 3.838 GHz; record indication.

f. (620B.) Microwave Frequency Counter shall indicate 6.930 to 7.070 GHz; record indication. g. (618C.) Adjust variable transformer for 103.5 (or 207) V; Microwave Frequency Counter indication should be within 0.76 MHz of indication recorded in step e.

g. (620B.) Adjust variable transformer for 103.5 (or 207) V; Microwave Frequency Counter indication should be within 1.4 MHz of indication recorded in step e.

h. (618C.) Adjust variable transformer for 126.5 (or 253) V; Microwave Frequency Counter indication should be within 0.76 MHz of indication recorded in step e.

h. (620B.) Adjust variable transformer for 126.5 (or 253) V; Microwave Frequency Counter indication should be within 1.4 MHz of indication recorded in step e.

i. (618C.) Repeat steps c through h for Signal Generator frequencies of 5.7 and 7.6 GHz. Refer to the following table for proper indications:

i. (620B.) Repeat steps c through h for Signal Generator frequencies of 9 and 11 GHz. Refer to the following table for proper indications:

7 126.5/253
z ±1.04 MHz
z ±1.52 MHz
[

620B Signal Generator	Line	Voltage	
Frequency	115/230	103.5/207	126.5/253
9 GHz	8.910-9.090 GHz	±1. 8 MHz	±1, 8 MHz
11GHz	10.890-11.110GHz	±2.2 MHz	±2.2 MHz

j. Adjust transformer for 115 (or 230) V.

k. Adjust  $\Delta F$  control to extreme ccw position.

m. (618C.) Adjust Signal Generator frequency control to 3.8 GHz.

m. (620B.) Adjust Signal Generator frequency control to 7 GHz.

n. Measure Signal Generator frequency on Microwave Frequency Counter; record reading.

p. Adjust  $\Delta F$  control fully cw, and measure Signal Generator output frequency; frequencies measured in this step and step n must differ by approximately 0.5 MHz for 618C; 1.5 MHz for 620B.

#### 5-16. UNCALIBRATED RF OUTPUT CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-1 but connect Thermistor Mount input to RF OUTPUTS UNCAL connector. b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

TINT																										<b>7</b> ·
LINE			٠	•	۰	٠	٠	٠	۰.	٠	٠		٠	٠	. •	.*	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	O.	•
MOD.	SF	IL.	E	C	T	0	R		•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	CW	ſ

c. (618C.) Adjust Signal Generator frequency control from 3.8 to 7.6 GHz; Power meter should indicate 0.3 mW minimum over frequency range.

d. (620B.) Adjust Signal Generator frequency control from 7 to 11 GHz; Power meter should indicate 0.3 mW minimum over frequency range.

#### 5-17. INTERNAL PULSE-MODULATION CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-3.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE						•	•		•	•				ON	
MOD.	SELECTOR	:.		•	•	•						•	1	INT .	
	SELECTOR														
PULS	E RATE	•	÷.			•	٠			•				40	

c. Microwave Frequency Counter should indicate  $40 \pm 10$  Hz.

d. Adjust PULSE RATE control to 400; counter should indicate  $400 \pm 100$  Hz.

e. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X10; counter should indicate 4000 ±1000 Hz.

f. Adjust PULSE RATE control to 40; counter should indicate  $400 \pm 100$  Hz.

g. Adjust PULSE WIDTH control from extreme ccw to cw position and observe Oscilloscope; width of pulses should vary from 0.5 to 10  $\mu$ s (50% points). Pulse width error should not exceed ±1  $\mu$ s from 1 through 5 and ±20% from 6 through 10.

h. Set oscilloscope time base for  $1 \mu \text{sec/cm}$ . Adjust the PULSE DELAY control to its extreme CCW position and observe the oscilloscope. Pulse delay should be less than 3  $\mu \text{sec}$  from left side of CRT. Set oscilloscope for 50  $\mu \text{sec/cm}$  and adjust PULSE DELAY control fully CW. Pulse delay should be greater than 300  $\mu \text{secs}$ .

#### 5-18. INTERNAL SQUARE-WAVE MODULATION CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-3.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE					•									•	•	ON
MOD. SELECTOR.								Þ			•					<del>-</del>
SYNC SELECTOR .																
PULSE RATE	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	40

c. Microwave Frequency Counter should indicate  $40 \pm 10$  Hz and Oscilloscope should indicate symetrical square wave.

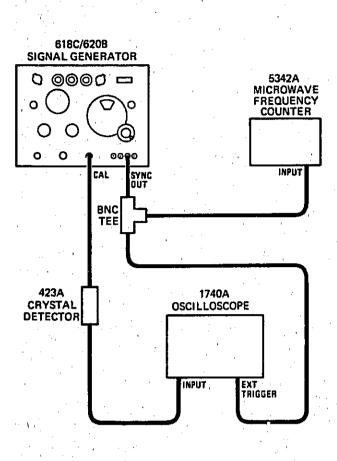


Figure 5-3. Setup for Testing Internal Pulse Modulation

d. Adjust PULSE RATE control to 400; counter should indicate  $400 \pm 100$  Hz.

e. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X10; counter should indicate  $4000 \pm 1000$  Hz.

f. Adjust PULSE RATE control to 40; counter should indicate  $400 \pm 100$  Hz.

#### 5-19. EXTERNAL PULSE CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-4.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

	LINE MOD. SELECTOR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	:	•	•	:	. ON +EXT
, I	POWER SET OUTPUT ATTEN																

c. Adjust Pulse Generator for a +20 V peak,1000-Hz output with a pulse width of 0.5  $\mu$ s.

d. The Oscilloscope should display  $0.5 \ \mu$ s pulses at a 1000 Hz rate switching from 0V to the "on" level (determined by Signal Generator's OUTPUT ATTEN setting).

e. Adjust Pulse Generator for +70V peak output. Display should be the same as in step d.

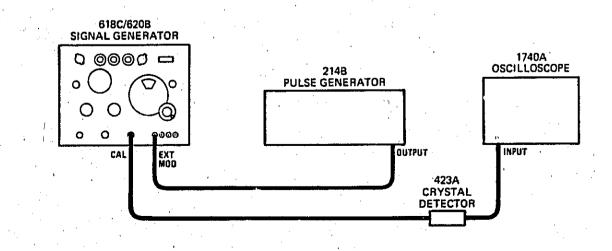
f. Adjust Pulse Generator for 2500  $\mu s$  pulses at a 100 Hz rate.

g. The Oscilloscope should display  $2500\,\mu$ s pulses at a 100 Hz rate switching from 0V to the "on" level.

h. Adjust Pulse Generator for +20V peak output. Display should be the same as in step g.

i. Set MOD. SELECTOR to -EXT.

j. Repeat steps c through h with pulse generator adjusted to negative pulse output.



#### Figure 5-4. Setup for Testing External Pulse Modulation

5-3

#### 5-20. INTERNAL FM CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-5 without the oscillator in the setup.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE ON	Ţ
MOD. SELECTOR INT. FM	
Frequency (618C)	
Frequency (620B)	
POWER SET	
OUTPUT ATTEN 0 dBm	
SYNC SELECTOR X10	)
PULSE RATE (1000 pps) 100	
FM AMPLITUDE max cew	1

c. Advance FM amplitude control in clockwise direction until the display indicates maximum FM deviation without unstable operation. FM deviation should be 5 MHz p-p minimum.

d. Repeat step c at desired frequencies. FM deviation should be 5 MHz minimum over most of band.

e. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X10.

f. Set PULSE RATE control 50.

g. Repeat steps c and d.

#### 5-21. EXTERNAL FM CHECK.

5-4

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-5.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE (	ΟN
MOD. SELECTOR EXT. P	M
Frequency (618C) 5 G	
Frequency (620B) 7.0 G	Hz
POWER SET	
OUTPUT ATTEN 0 dE	
FM AMPLITUDE max c	

c. Adjust Oscillator output for maximum at 1000 Hz.

d. Advance FM AMPLITUDE control in clockwise direction until display indicates maximum FM deviation without unstable operation. FM deviation should be 5 MHz minimum.

e. Repeat step d at desired frequencies. FM deviation should be 5 MHz p-p minimum over most of the band.

f. Decrease oscillator output and observe FM deviation: FM deviation should decrease proportionally.

#### 5-22. EXTERNAL SINE-WAVE SYNCHRONIZATION CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5 5.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE MOD. SELECTOR POWER SET		÷		•		÷	•	•					•	INT
OUTPUT ATTEN. SYNC SELECTOR	v	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	0 dB

c. Adjust Oscillator for 40-Hz, 5 V rms input to Signal Generator.

d. Observe Oscilloscope for 40-Hz pulses.

e. Adjust Oscillator for 4000-Hz output; observe Oscilloscope for 4000-Hz pulses.

#### 5-23. EXTERNAL PULSE SYNCHRONIZATION CHECK.

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-6, but replace Oscillator with Model 214B Pulse Generator.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

LINE MOD. SELECTOR POWER SET	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	. INT
OUTPUT ATTEN . SYNC SELECTOR		•	•	•									0 dB

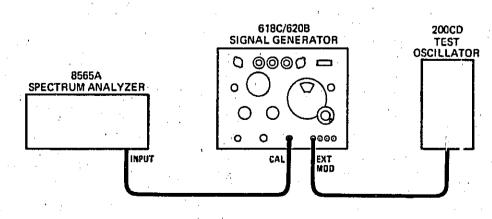


Figure 5-5. Setup for Testing Internal and External FM

#### Section V

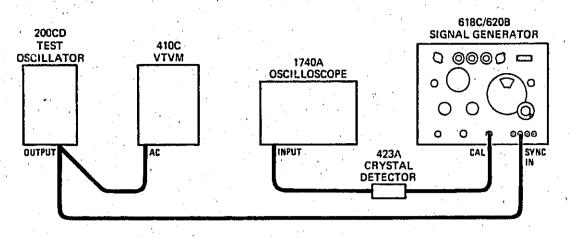


Figure 5-6. Setup for Testing External Sine-Wave Synchronization

c. Adjust Pulse Generator for 10-Hz, +5V peak output with a pulse width of 0.5  $\mu$ s.

d. Observe Oscilloscope for 10-Hz pulses.

e. Adjust Pulse Generator for +50V peak output; repeat step d.

f. Adjust Pulse Generator for  $5-\mu s$  pulse width; repeat step d.

g. Adjust Pulse Generator for 4000-Hz output.

h. Observe Oscilloscope for 4000-Hz pulses.

i. Adjust Pulse Generator for 5V output; repeat step h.

j. Adjust Pulse Generator for  $0.5-\mu s$  pulse width; repeat step h.

k. Set SYNC SELECTOR to EXT-.

m. Repeat steps c through j using negative pulses.

#### 5-24. ADJUSTMENTS.

5-25. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

5-26. Test instruments required to perform the adjustments are listed in Table 5-2. Instruments other than those listed may be used provided their specifitions equal or exceed the Critical Specifications.

#### 5-26A. 6.3 Vdc FILAMENT VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

#### ---WARNING ---

HIGH VOLTAGE. Measurement points used in this procedure (pins 22-25, 31, and 32) have 1000 volts potential to chassis. Use extreme care when making the filament voltage measurement. The use of a battery powered voltmeter with a plastic case (such as a Simpson 260) is recommended for this measurement. Do not use an ac powered instrument unless the common can be floated at 1000 Vdc and is isolated from the external chassis.

Adjust potentiometer R801 for 6.3 Vdc between pins 31 and 32 (note that pins 22, 23, and 31 are common; pins 24, 25 and 32 are common).

#### 5-27. POWER-SUPPLY VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENTS.

5-28. There are two adjustable voltages: -700(-1000V supply) and -500(-1550 V supply) V. Adjust these voltages only if proven by accurate measurement to be outside the tolerances specified below. Adjust the output voltage of the -700 V regulator first and then adjust the -500 V regulator. After adjusting any regulator, check the output voltage of the other regulators to ensure they are within specified tolerances.

a. Connect an adjustable transformer to control Signal Generator line voltage.

b. Set Signal Generator controls as follows.

LINE	ON
MOD. SELECTOR	
POWER SET	
Frequency (618C)	7.6 GHz
Frequency (620B)	

Test Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model				
All instruments listed in Table 5-1						
Electronic Voltmeter	Range: 0 to 1550 volts Accuracy: ±2%	HP 410C				
Clip-On DC Milliammeter	Range: 1 mA to 50 mA Accuracy: $\pm 3\%$ of full scale $\pm 0.1$ mA	HP 428B				
Frequency Meter	Frequency range: 3.8 to 7.6 GHz (618C) Accuracy: ±0.1%	HP 537A				
	Frequency range: 7 to 11 GHz (620B) Accuracy: ±0.1%	HP H532A and X532B				
FM Modulator	Output voltage: 300V peak to peak and 6.3 Vac	See Figure 5-32				
Voltmeter	Insulated case able to safely float at 1000 Vdc common mode and measure 6.3 Vdc.	Simpson 260				

Table 5-2. Test Equipment Required for Calibration and Troubleshooting

c. Adjust Transformer for 115 (or 230) V.

d. Connect Electronic Voltmeter to test jack J6 (+) and ground (-).

e. Adjust potentiometer R412 (Figure 5-7) for -1000  $\pm$ 20 volts. Line voltage regulation (115 V  $\pm$ 10%) should hold the ~1000 V supply to within  $\pm$ 5V; ripple should be less than 10 mV, p-p. The ~300 V supply should track the ~1000 V supply to ~300 +10 V. Line voltage regulation (115 V  $\pm$ 10%) should hold the ~300 V supply to within  $\pm$ 5 V; ripple should be less than 10 mV, p-p.

f. Connect Electronic Voltmeter to test jack J5 (+) and ground (-).

g. Adjust potentiometer R512 (Figure 5-7) for -1550  $\pm 20$  V. Line voltage regulation (115 V  $\pm 10\%$ ) should hold the -1550 V supply to within  $\pm 5$  V; ripple should be less than 15 mV, p-p.

#### 5-29. ADJUSTMENTS FOLLOWING REPLACEMENT OF KLYSTRON V114 (618C).

5-30. Following replacement of V114, it is important that certain adjustments be made as soon as the Signal Generator is turned on. The following procedure is recommended.

a. With the signal generator removed from the cabinet and with MOD. SELECTOR on OFF, turn on signal generator.

b. Check the -300, -700, and -500 volt supplies (see paragraph 5-27).

c. With the MOD. SELECTOR set to CW, adjust R707 (Figure 5-8) for a klystron cathode current of 25 mA maximum (approximately 15 mA).

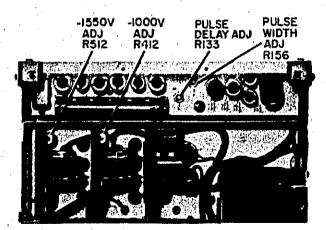
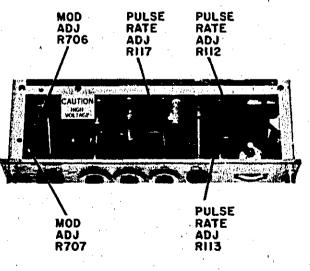
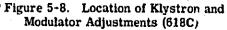


Figure 5-7. Location of Power Supply and Modulator Adjustments





#### Note

A new klystron tube should now operate at least partially over the frequency range with original repeller voltage settings and for the most part, will require only 1/8 turn to bring the repeller voltage to optimum.

d. Connect instrument as shown in Figure 5-9.

e. Set MOD. SELECTOR to INT. (SYNC SELEC-TOR to X10). Tune frequency control to 7.6 GHz.

f. Adjust R170 for optimum pulse shape.

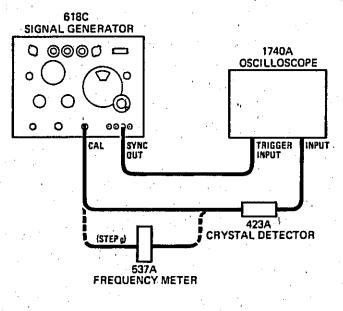
g. At this point it is advisable to check the dial calibration at the high end stop. This check avoids possible retracking adjustments when the dial calibration is adjusted later. To conduct the check, tune frequency control to high end stop and place wavemeter in circuit as shown in Figure 5-9. Wavemeter should indicate 7.650 GHz. When the wavemeter is tuned to the actual frequency of the generator a slight decrease in the peak level of the pulse appears on the scale. If this frequency is more than 25 MHz away from 7.650 GHz perform step d in paragraph 5-34.

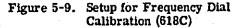
h. Remove wavemeter and reconnect output cable as shown in Figure 5-9. Tune the frequency control toward 5 GHz, adjusting R170 (Figure 5-11) for best pulse shape between 7.6 and 5 GHz.

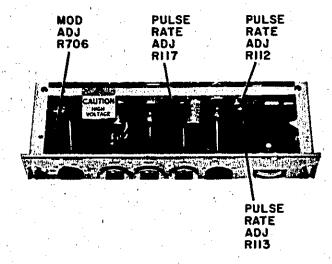
i. Tune the frequency control between 5 and 4.2 GHz; adjust R173 and/or R178 (Figure 5-11) for optimum pulse shape.

j. Continue tracking the dial downward toward 3.8 GHz, adjusting R175 for optimum pulse.

k. Tune the frequency control back toward 7.6 GHz observing the pulse shape on the oscilloscope. Readjust the appropriate reflector tracking potentiometer for optimum pulse shape.







#### Figure 5-10. Location of Klystron and Modulator Adjustments (620B)

m. If pulse misfiring or jitter occurs at any point in the band which cannot be corrected by adjustment of the reflector tracking potentiometers, adjust R706 for frequencies above the microswitch operation and R707 for frequencies below the microswitch operation.

n. Set the MOD. SELECTOR to SQ. WAVE and observe the waveshape across the band. The waveshape may be improved by repeating the adjustment of R706 and R707 as outlined in step m preceding.

p. Check frequency dial calibration as described in paragraph 5-33.

#### 5-31. ADJUSTMENTS FOLLOWING REPLACEMENT OF KLYSTRON V114 (6208).

5-32. Following replacement of V114, it is important that certain adjustments be made as soon as the signal generator is turned on. The following procedure is recommended.

a. With Signal Generator removed from cabinet set MOD. SELECTOR to OFF and turn on instrument.

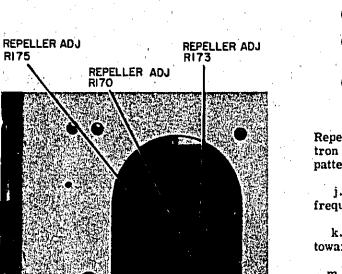
b. Check -300, -700 and -500 V supplies, and klystron cutoff bias. Refer to paragraph 5-27 for power supply adjustments.

c. Adjust frequency control to 10 GHz.

d. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW and measure klystron beam current with 428B Clip-on DCMilliammeter. Adjust potentiometer R706 (Figure 5-10) for 22-mA klystron beam current.

e. Adjust POWER SET control to obtain up-scale indication on the power set meter. If necessary, adjust potentiometer R170 (Figure 5-11) to obtain proper meter indication. Recheck klystron beam current (25 mA maximum).

1. Adjust Signal Generator to a frequency just above the point where the microswitch is actuated (approximately 8.8 GHz). RI75



# POWER-METER ZERO SET R612 REPELLER ADJ R178

#### Figure 5-11. Location of Tracking and Power-Set Meter Adjustments

g. Connect Signal Generator intest setup shown in Figure 5-12.

h. Set MOD. SELECTOR to EXT FM and observe repeller mode pattern on Oscilloscope. Adjust OUT-PUT ATTEN and external modulating voltage to obtain the desired vertical deflection on Oscilloscope. Adjust FM AMPLITUDE control to obtain humped waveform shown in Figure 5-12. If necessary adjust the phase of repeller mode pattern.

i. Adjust Signal Generator across entire band while observing the repeller mode pattern on Oscilloscope. If the RF power level drops abruptly (in general, between 8.4 and 8.7 GHz), proceed as follows:

- (1) Turn off Instrument.
- (2) Loosen klystron mounting nut.
- Rotate klystron slightly and make sure klys-(3) tron is seated properly against shoulder in collet.

- (4) Tighten klystron mounting nut by hand.
- Check to be sure that the repeller cable is not (5) twisted and makes firm connection to repeller.
- (6) Turn on Instrument and observe repeller mode patterns on oscilloscope.

Repeat steps (1) through (6) preceding, rotating klystron slightly each time until the optimum repeller mode pattern is obtained across entire band.

j. Turn off Instrument. Set frequency dial at highfrequency stop and tighten klystron mounting nut.

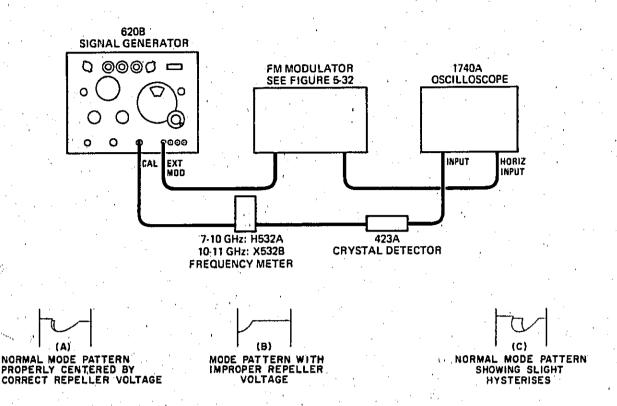
k. Install tube socket housing with cable entrance towards rear of instrument. Replace four screws.

m. Turn on Signal Generator.

n. Measure Signal Generator output frequency with Frequency Meter. If the measured frequency is below 11.1 GHz, remove bottom plate from frequency drive mechanism and perform (1) through (4) following; if not, perform (5) through (9) following:

- (1) Loosen plunger cap screw (Figure 5-13).
- Adjust Frequency Meter to 11.1 GHz. (2)
- (3) Gently tap rear of plunger until Frequency Meter dip is centered on mode pattern.
- (4) Tighten plunger cap screw and replace bottom plate.
- (5) Set Frequency Meter to 11.1 GHz
- (6) Adjust frequency dial until Frequency Meter pattern is centered on the mode pattern.
- (7) Loosen plunger cap screw.
- (8) Turn frequency dial to high frequency stop while holding plunger stationary.
- (9) Tighten plunger cap screw and replace bottom plate.

p. Tune Signal Generator across entire band and center repeller mode pattern with repeller tracking potentiometer R170, R173, R175, and R178 (Figure 5-9). Figure 5-12 (A and C) shows two typical mode patterns. Figure 5-12A shows a symmetrical mode pattern that is properly centered by the correct repeller voltage; Figure 5-12B shows the same pattern set off-center by incorrect setting of repeller voltage. Adjust potentiometer R170 and R178 (Figure 5-11) to obtain correct repeller voltage tracking between 11 GHz and the frequency just above the point where the microswitch is actuated (approximately 8.7 to 9 GHz). Adjust potentiometers R173 and R175 (Figure 5-11) to obtain correct repeller voltage tracking between the frequency just below the point where the microswitch is actuated (approximately 8.6 GHz) and 7 GHz.



#### Figure 5-12. Test Setup for Klystron Adjustment (620B)

q. Check Signal Generator output using squarewave and pulse operations over the entire frequency band. If the shape of waveform deteriorates, readjust the appropriate repeller tracking control at the frequency where instability appears.

r. Recheck the entire frequency band and make any minor refinements which may be necessary for best overall operation; that is, stable CW, square-wave, and pulse operation with specified power output over the full frequency range.

#### 5-33. CALIBRATING THE FREQUENCY DIAL (618C)

5-34. Replacing the klystron will usually reduce the accuracy of the frequency dial by several percent from its rated accuracy of 1%. If accuracy of frequency dial calibration is important, the following procedure can be used to restore accuracy. This procedure requires a wavemeter covering the frequency range or a frequency standard setup. In general when a new klystron oscillator tube is installed it will be necessary to slip the frequency dial slightly to bring into calibration. In some cases, it may also be necessary to reset the plunger depth at the high frequency end of the band to re-establish the correct high frequency limit. There are no trimmers or otheradjustment; all adjustments for frequency recalibration must be done mechanically. To recalibrate the frequency dial following a change in klystron oscillator tube, proceed as follows:

a. Set MOD. SELECTOR switch to CW. The equipment should be allowed a warm-up of at least 20 minutes before checking calibration.

b. Tune signal generator to 7.650 GHz.

c. Measure output frequency with wavemeter. If reading of MHz dial is in error by more than approximately 100 MHz, it will be necessary to remove plate that covers frequency drive assembly.

d. With MHz dial still set at 7.650 GHz, loosen set screws holding resonator plunger rods in approximately 1/32 inch steps until output frequency is approximately 7.650 GHz as indicated by wavemeter. Tighten set screws in drive bar in this position.

e. Tune Signal Generator to 7.5 GHz. Measure output frequency with wavemeter. If output frequency does not agree with dial within 1%, adjust the frequency dial slightly by slipping it on its shaft.

f. Check calibration of MHz dial through range of generator, using a microwave standard and suitable detector. If accuracy at lower frequencies is outside 1% tolerance, the dial can be slipped slightly on its shaft to obtain desired accuracy at lower frequencies.

g. It may not be possible to achieve 1% overall accuracy with some replacement klystrons. In this case try another klystron and repeat procedure.

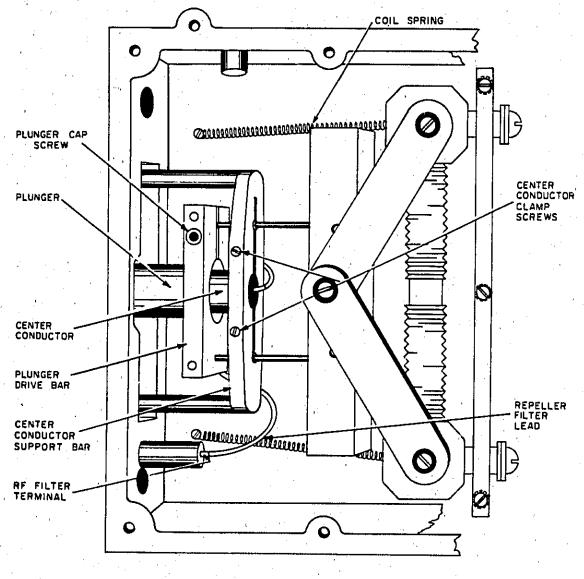


Figure 5-13. Frequency Drive Mechanism, Cover Plate Removed (620B)

#### 5-35. CALIBRATING THE FREQUENCY DIAL (620B).

5-36. Replacing the klystron will usually reduce the accuracy of the frequency dial by several percent from its rated accuracy of 1%. If accuracy of frequency dial calibration is important, the following procedure can be used to restore accuracy. In general, when a new klystron oscillator tube is installed it is necessary to slip the frequency dial slightly to bring it into calibration. In some cases, it may also be necessary to reset the plunger depth to re-establish the correct high-frequency limit. All adjustments for frequency recalibrate the frequency dial following a klystron change proceed as follows:

a. Following initial voltage adjustments (paragraph 5-32), set MOD. SELECTOR to CW and allow Signal Generator to warm up for 20 minutes.

b. Assuming that the repeller adjustments have been set for best operation of the new klystron, tune Signal Generator to the highest frequency at which the klystron will oscillate; measure this frequency with a Frequency Meter.

c. If the klystron cannot be made to oscillate up to 11 GHz, refer to the troubleshooting procedures.

d. If the klystron oscillates satisfactorily up to 11.1 GHz, check the frequency-dial calibration accuracy over the full frequency range. If the dial calibration is too high or too low over the entire range by a nearly equal amount, the frequency dial may be slipped into calibration by removing the frequency dial cover, loosening the dial hub, and turning the dial a small amount.

e. If slipping the dial will not bring both the high and low ends of the frequency dial into calibration, the high end can first be correctly set by altering the depth of the cavity plunger slightly to obtain the correct upper frequency limit and then slip the dial to bring the low frequency end into calibration.

#### Model 618C/620B

f. To set the high-frequency limit of the klystron by shifting the plunger setting, remove the bottom plate from the frequency-drive casting to expose the plunger mechanism.

g. Adjust the signal generator to produce 11 GHz as read on the Frequency Meter.

h. Refer to Figure 5-13 and loosen the cap screw holding the plunger in the plunger-drive bar.

i. Holding the plunger in the 11 GHz position, adjust the frequency drive for a reading of 11 GHz on the dial. Tighten cap screw.

j. If oscillation stops when the plunger is moved, readjust the appropriate repeller voltage potentiometer to regain oscillation.

k. Rechect low end of frequency range noting frequency dial accuracy. If dial is inaccurate, remove dial cover, loosen hub slightly and slip frequency dial to correct indication.

m. Recheck accuracy of frequency dial at main points across the band. Refine the foregoing adjustments to produce the best overall accuracy.

n. If the frequency spread of a new klystror tube is much greater or less than that of the original tube, it may not be possible to use the original dial for the new tube. In this case, another klystron must be tried or a new frequency dial must be calibrated.

#### 5-37. CALIBRATING THE PULSE RATE CONTROL.

5-38. Replacing Tube V103 or associated components may lessen the accuracy of the PULSE RATE control but will not otherwise affect the performance of the Signal Generator. It should be noted, however, that the calibration of this dial is only approximate. To calibrate the PULSE RATE dial, proceed as follows:

a. Set Signal Generator controls as follows:

MOD. SELECTOR				٠		•	•		INT.
PULSE WIDTH	•					•			. max cw
PULSE DELAY									. max ccw
PULSE RATE	۰.		4		÷			,	.max.ccw
SYNC SELECTOR									

b. Connect Microwave Frequency Counter to SYNC OUT connector.

c. Adjust potentiometer R112 (Figure 5-8) so that the counter indicates 4800 Hz.

d. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X1.

e. Adjust potentiometer R113 (Figure 5-8) so that counter indicates 480 Hz.

f. Set PULSE RATE fully ccw.

g. Adjust potentiometer R117 (Figure 5-8) so that counter indicates 30 Hz.

h. Adjust PULSE RATE control for a counter reading of 200 Hz.

i. Loosen PULSE RATE dial and adjust to a reading of 200.

5-39. CALIBRATING THE PULSE DELAY CONTROL.

5-40. Replacing tube V107 may degrade the accuracy of the PULSE DELAY Control. After replacing V107, the following procedure can be used to adjust the delay calibration. It should be noted, however, that the calibration of the PULSE DELAY dial is intended only to be approximate.

a. Connect the DELAY SYNC OUT terminal to an oscilloscope vertical input.

b. Synchronize the Oscilloscope with signal at SYNC OUT connector.

c. Set PULSE DELAY control to 300 µs.

d. Adjust potentiometer R133 (Figure 5-7) to give a delay of 300  $\mu s$  as measured on the calibrated Oscilloscope.

e. Set PULSE DELAY control to  $50 \,\mu s$  as indicated by Oscilloscope. (The delay is indicated by the interval between the start of the Oscilloscope trace and the leading edge of the delayed sync pulse.) If necessary, slip the PULSE DELAY dial on its shaft to make calibration accurate.

#### 5-41. CALIBRATING THE PULSE WIDTH CONTROL.

5-42. Replacing Tube V111 may lessen the accuracy of the PULSE WIDTHControl. This control is intended to be accurate within 20% or  $1\,\mu$ s, whichever is greater. To calibrate the PULSE WIDTH control, proceed as follows:

a. Connect RF OUTPUTS UNCAL through a Crystal Detector to vertical input of an Oscilloscope.

b. Synchronize Oscilloscope with signal at the SYNC OUT connector.

c. Set PULSE WIDTH control to 10  $\mu$ s.

d. Adjust potentiometer R156 (Figure 5-7) so that width of pulse of  $10 \,\mu s$  as measured on the Oscilloscope.

e. Sc. the PULSE WIDTH control to  $2-\mu s$  pulse width on Oscilloscope.

f. If necessary, slip dial to read 2 microseconds.

g. Repeat steps c through f for best overall calibration accuracy.

#### Note

The width of RF pulse will vary approximately 0.25  $\mu$ s as the generator is tuned through its RF range. The above adjustments can be made for best accuracy at any desired RF frequency.

#### 5-43. POWER SET METER ADJUSTMENTS.

5-44. MECHANICAL ZERO. Adjust mechanical zero as follows:

a. Remove instrument cover for access to the meter. Lift the white paper sticker that covers the zero adjust. Be sure to replace it when through.

b. Connect shorting lead across meter terminals.

c. With a non-metallic tool, a djust mechanical zero-adjust screw until meter pointer is at left of meter dot and moving towards meter dot; stop adjustment when meter pointer is exactly at dot.

d. Carefully adjust mechanical zero-adjust screw a few degrees to free screw from meter suspension.

e. Remove shorting lead from meter terminals and replace instrument cover.

5-45. ELECTRICAL ZERO. The electrical zero is set at the factory and requires adjustment only when bolometer circuit components are changed. Adjust as follows:

a. Remove instrument cover for access to R612 (see Figure 5-11).

b. Set MOD, SELECTOR to CW.

c. Adjust POWER SET until meter pointer is about 3/8 inch to the right of zero (0).

d. Set MOD. SELECTOR to OFF.

e. Adjust zero set control (R612) until meter pointer is at the dot at the left end of the scale. Replace the instrument cover.

#### 5-46. TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-47. TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

5-48. The test equipment required to troubleshoot the Signal Generator is listed in Table 5-2. Instruments other than those listed may be used provided their specifications equal or exceed the critical specifications.

#### 5-49. ISOLATING A TROUBLE TO A CIRCUIT SECTION.

5-50. The troubleshooting procedures are designed to identify the causes of one or more of the following symptoms:

a. Low or no RF output at RF OUTPUTS CAL.

b. RF output normal but abnormal indication on front-panel power meter.

c. No or low amplitude-modulation level.

d. No or little frequency modulation.

e. Modulation frequency, width, or delay abnormal.

f. Poor or no external synchronization.

5-51. Each of the above troubles first requires isolation to a faulty functional section of the Signal Generator. Regardless of the trouble encountered, the power supply voltages should first be checked (see paragraph 5-27). If a power supply is within 4 or 5% of its nominal value, it should not cause any catastrophic trouble. However, a greater deviation from nominal could be suspected as the cause of a near complete failure of a Signal Generator function. If a voltage value exceeds 4% of its nominal level, the power supply should be repaired prior to troubleshooting the other circuits of the instrument.

5-52. POWER SUPPLY TROUBLESHOOTING. Because the individual power supplies are to solve extent interdependent, care must be taken to troubleshoot the supplies in a particular sequence. This sequence is as follows: -300 V supply, -700 V supply, -500 Vsupply, and the 6.3 V filament supplies.

#### - WARNING -

Use extreme care when making the filament voltage measurements. One side of each ac supply is connected to a negative high-voltage source. The use of a battery powered voltmeter with a plastic case (such as a Simpson 260) is recommended for this measurement. Do not use an ac powered instrument unless the common can be fioated at 1000 Vdc and is isolated from the external chassis.

5-53. To isolate a trouble in the -300 V supply, check the -300 V output at test point 2. Excessive ripple is probably due to a failure of capacitor, C360, C361, C362, or C363, or a heater-cathode short in V301-V304. If the -300 V output is nonexistent or very low, check the dc voltage between test points 2 and 13 to establish that the dc input to the regulator is normal. If normal, the regulator circuit composed of V301-V304 and associated parts is faulty. Isolate the faulty tube or part through voltage and resistance checks (Figures 5-21, 5-22), and tube replacement. It should be noted that the regulator circuit comprises a servo

(feedback) loop, and hence a failure of any part will be reflected by erroneous voltage indications at most points in the circuit. Resistance readings, however, usually provide an indication of a faulty part.

5-54. It should be established that an excessive load is not being placed on the power supplies, such as a shorted high-voltage decoupling capacitor or shorted tube. Excessive load conditions gives trouble symptoms similar to those encountered in a power supply failure. A Model 428B Ammeter can be used to check the current load on the supplies. Table 5-3 lists the check points for each supply.

5-55. If the dc voltage input to the regulator circuit is abnormal, check the ac voltage between test points 3 and 4 (see WARNING in paragraph 5-52). If this voltage is normal, voltage-doubler diodes CR301, CR302, or associated filter parts (C360-C362, R361, R362) are faulty. If the ac voltage across test points 3 and 4 is abnormal, transformer T1 or the 115 (or 230) V primary-power circuit is faulty.

#### Model 618C/620B

Table 5-3. Power-Supply Current Measurements

Test Point*	Current (mA)
Pink lead connected to TB1-5	7 ±1
Red lead connected to TB1-6	2.3 ±0.5
Red lead connected to TB1-7	4.3 ±0.5

\*MOD. SELECTOR set to INT PULSE; frequency adjusted to 7.6 GHz (618C); 11 GHz (620B).

#### Note

The -700 V and -500 V supplies are checked in a manner similar to the -300 V supply, using the particular test points assigned to these supplies. Care must be taken to follow the sequence given in paragraph 5-52.

5-56. NO OR LOW RF OUTPUT. Assuming the power supply to be normal, no or very low RF output could be caused by a faulty RF attenuator probe; or a faulty klystron and associated components. A faulty attenuator probe can be positively identified by adjusting the POWER SET control to obtain a normal indication on the front panel power meter. If the meter indication is normal, the RF attenuator probe is faulty; otherwise the problem is in the klystron or associated circuit. parts. The klystron oscillator is best checked by voltage and current measurements. Refer to Figure 5-22 for klystron voltage measurements and paragraphs 5-30 and 5-32 for measurement of klystron beam current. If all measurements are normal, replace the klystron. Abnormal voltage measurements indicate a failure of one or more circuit parts. If an abnormal indication occurs in the klystron repeller circuit, perform resistance measurements to isolate the faulty part. In the klystron grid circuit, perform resistance checks and check modulator tube V701. In the cathode circuit, check diodes CR701 and CR702.

5-57. RF OUTPUT NORMAL BUT RF OUTPUT METERABNORMAL. This trouble indication is caused by either a faulty power-monitor probe or power meter circuit. A faulty power-monitor probe is detected by removing diode CR603 and measuring the resistance between center conductor and case. Normal indication is  $50 \pm 5$  ohms. If both the probe and detector check normal, perform voltage checks (see Figure 5-22) on transistors Q601 through Q603 to isolate the faulty part in the power meter circuit.

5-58. NO OR LOW AMPLITUDE MODULATION. To identify this type of trouble first establish that the trouble is with all amplitude modulation modes (internal pulse, external pulse, or internal square wave) or only one of the modes. If all amplitude modulation modes are faulty, Modulator tube V701 or associated circuit parts are probably faulty. This can be checked by performing waveform measurements at test points 14 and 15 (see Figure 5-27). If the abnormal indication is at test point 14 only, check V701 and the plate circuit components. If both test points are abnormal, check V701 and the grid circuit components. Voltage and resistance checks should isolate a faulty part. 5-59. If the trouble involves only internal pulse modulation, the trouble is in MOD. SELECTOR switch S102 or the internal pulse-generating circuits. To isolate the trouble, check the waveforms (Figure 5-27) at test points 22 through 16, (in that order) and refer to the following list of troubles when an abnormal waveform is encountered.

#### Abnormal Waveform

t Test Point	Trouble
22	V102, V103, or associated parts
21	V105 or associated parts
20	S102, deck H; or V106, V107, or associated parts
19	S102, deck F; or V109 or associated parts
18	V108 or associated parts
17	V111 or associated parts
16	S102, deck E

5-60. If only external pulse modulation is faulty, set MOD. SELECTOR to -EXT and check modulation. If normal, inverter V109A is faulty. If abnormal, switch S102 (sections E or G) is faulty, or capacitor C123 or resistor R143 is faulty. The latter two components may be isolated by checking the external modulating signal at test point 23.

5-61. If only square-wave modulation is faulty, perform waveform measurements at test point 22. If normal, switch S102 (deck G) is faulty. If abnormal, V102, V103, or associated parts are faulty.

5-62. NO OR LITTLE FREQUENCY MODULATION. First establish if the trouble is with both external and internal FM. If the trouble is isolated to external FM only, check waveform (F'gure 5-27) at test point 23. If waveform at test point 23 is normal, the trouble is in MOD. SELECTOR switch S102, section B or G. If waveform at test point 23 is abnormal, check capacitor C123 and resistor R143. If trouble is with both external and internal FM, perform waveform measurement at test point 24. If waveform at test point 24 in abnormal check capacitor C136 and variable resistor R168. If waveform at test point 24 is normal, perform voltage and resistance measurements (Figures 5-21, 5-22 of the klystron repeller circuit.

5-63. If only internal FM is faulty, place MOD. SELECTOR to INT FM, check waveform (Figure 5-25) at test points 18 and 21. If indication at both test points is normal, perform voltage and resistance measurements (Figures 5-21, 5-22) on V108B, V110, S102 (section Band D) and coupling capacitor C135. If indication at test point 18 is abnormal, check S102, section F. If indication at test point 21 is abnormal, perform voltage and resistance checks (Figures 5-21, 5-22) of V105 and associated circuit parts. 5-64. MODULATION FREQUENCY, WIDTH, OR DE-LAY ABNORMAL. A trouble involving the frequency of internal modulation is caused by Multivibrator V102, V103 and associated parts. Pulse width troubles are caused by a fault in Multivibrator V111 or associated parts. Pulse delay troubles are caused by a fault in Multivibrator V106, V107 or associated parts.

5-65. POOR EXTERNAL SYNCHRONIZATION. A trouble involving the external synchronization is caused by Amplifier and Inverter V101 and associated parts. To isolate a trouble in the external synchronization to a faulty part, perform voltage and resistance measurements (Figures 5-21, 5-22) of V101 and associated circuit.

#### 5-66. ISOLATING TROUBLE IN TRANSISTOR CIRCUITS.

5-67. The following procedures and data are given to aid in determining whether a transistor is operational. Tests are given for both in-circuit and out-of-circuit transistors.

5-68. IN-CIRCUIT TESTING.

5-69. The common causes of transistor failures are internal short- and open-circuits. In transistor circuit testing the most important consideration is the transistor base-emitter junction. Like the control grid of a vacuum tube, this is the operational control point in This junction is essentially 2 solidthe transistor. state diode. For the transistor to conduct, the diode, must conduct; that is, the diode must be forward biased. As with simple diodes, the forward-bias polarity is determined by the materials forming the junction. Use the transistor symbol on the schematic diagram to determine the bias polarity required to forward-bias the base-emitter junction. The A part of Figure 5-14 shows transistor symbols with terminals labeled. Notice that the emitter arrow conventionally points toward the type N material. The other two columns of the illustration compare the biasing required to cause conduction and cut-off in transistors and vacuum tubes. If the transistor base-emitter diode (junction) is forward-biased the transistor con-If the diode is heavily forward-biased, the ducts. transistor saturates. However, if the base-emitter diode is reverse-biased the transistor is cut-off. The voltage drop across a forward biased emitter-base diode varies with transistor collector current. For example, a germanium transistor has a typical forward-bias, base-emitter voltage of 0.2-0.3 V when collector current is 1-10, mA, and 0.4-0.5 V when collector current is 10-100 mA. In contrast, forward bias voltage for silicon transistors is about twice that for germanium types: about 0.5-0.6 V when collector current is low, and about 0.8-0.9 V when collector current is high.

5-70. Figure 5-14, part B, shows simplified versions of the three basic transistor circuits and gives the operating characteristics of each. When examining a transistor stage, first determine if the emitter-base diode is biased for conduction (forward-biased) by measuring the voltage difference between emitter and base. When using an electronic voltmeter, do not measure directly between emitter and base; there may be sufficient loop current between the voltmeter leads to damage the transistor. Instead, measure to a common point (e.g., chassis). If the emitter-base diode is forward-biased, check for amplifier action by shortcircuiting base to emitter while observing collector voltage. The short-circuit eliminates base-emitter bias and should cause the transistor to stop conducting (cut off). Collector voltage should then shift to near the supply voltage. Any difference is due to leakage current through the transistor and, in general, the smaller this current, the better the transistor. If collector voltage does not change, the transistor may have an internal open or short.

#### 5-71. TESTING TRANSISTORS WITH AN OHMMETER.

5-72. The two common causes of transistor failure are internal short- and open-circuits. Remove the transistor from the circuit (caution with heat) and use an ohmmeter to measure internal registance. See Table 5-4, for measurement data.

#### CAUTION

Most ohmmeters can supply enough current or voltage to damage a transistor. Before using an ohmmeter to measure transistor forward or reverse resistance, chick opencircuit voltage and short-circuit current output ON THE RANGE TO BE USED. Opencircuit voltage must not exceed 1.5 V and short-circuit current must be less than 3 mA. See Table 5-5 for safe resistance ranges for some common ohmmeters.

#### 5-73. KLYSTRON REMOVAL (618C).

5-74. To remove the klystron oscillator tube V114 from the resonant cavity proceed as follows:

a. Remove the socket housing cap, screws and lock washers (items 1 and 2, Figure 5-15). Pull the housing (3) away until the tube socket is exposed.

b. Pull straight back on the socket until it is free of the tube base. Do not apply lateral pressure when removing socket.

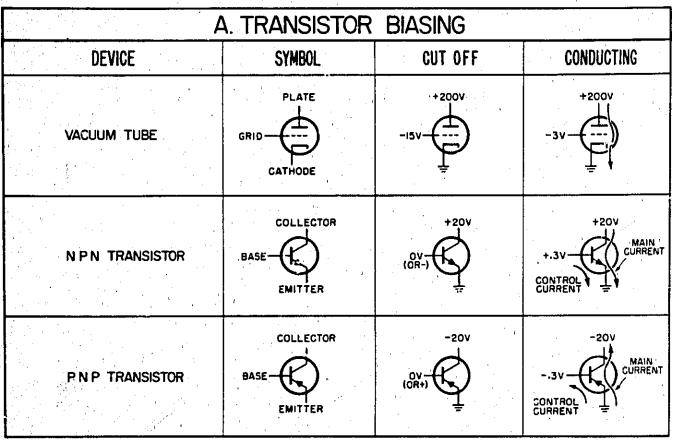
c. Unscrew and remove sleeve (4) which covers klystron body. Do not at any time apply side motion to the klystron; to do so will break the tube.

d. Turn klystron (6) clockwise, and t the same time pull straight back from the cavity. Do not attempt to rock the klystron.

e. Remove rubber washer (14) and clamping ring (5).

f. Unscrew retaining nut (7) at cavity entrance using socket wrench supplied with the instrument. Remove the seating ring (9) and the spring (8) below retaining nut. Do not use this spring or washer again except as a necessity. New springs and washers are supplied with replacement klystrons ordered from Hewlett-Packard Co. Model 618C/620B





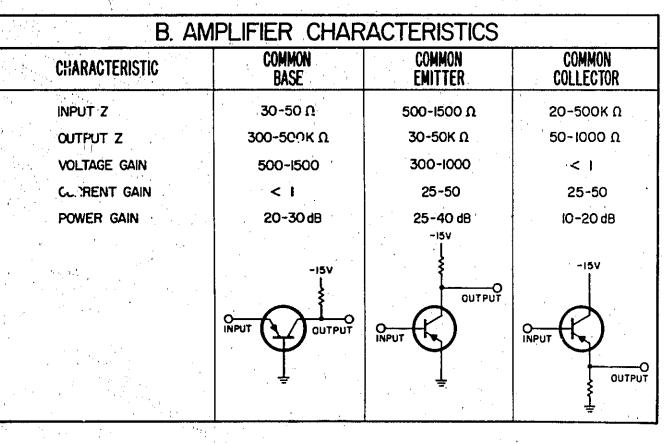


Figure 5-14. Transistor Biasing and Operating Characteristics

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5-15

		Connect C	Measure	
Transi Tyr		Pos. lead to	Neg. lead to	Resistance (ohms)
· .	Small	emitter	base*	200-500
PNP	Signal	emitter	collector	10K-100K
Ger-		emitter	base*	30-50
manium	Power	emitter	collector	several hundred
		base	emitter	1K-3K
NPN	Small Signal	collector	emitter	very high (might read open)
Silicon		base	emitter	200-1000
1	Power	collector	emitter ·	high, often greater than 1M
		sistor actioned resistant	•	lector-base lecrease.

 Table 5-4.
 Out-of-Circuit Transistor

 Resistance Measurement

Table 5-5. Safe Oh.ameter Ranges for

Transistor Resistance Measurements

	<u> </u>	Open	Short	Τ	ead
	Safe	Ckt	Ckt	<u>├</u>	
Ohmmeter	Range(s)	Voltage	Current	Color	Polarity
HP 412A	R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100K R x 1M R x 10M	1.0V 1.0V 1.0V 1.0V 1.0V	1 mA 100 μA 10 μA 1 μA 0.1 μA	Red Black	<b>+</b>
IIP 410C	R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100 R x 10M	1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V	0.57 mA 57 μA 5.7 μA 0.5 μA 0.05 μA	Red Black	+ -
HP 410B	R x 100 R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100K R x 1M	1. 1V 1. 1V 1. 1V 1. 1V 1. 1V 1. 1V	1.1mA 110 μA 11 μA 1.1μA 0.11 μA		+ -
Simpson 260	Rx 100	1.5V	1 mA	Red Black	+ 1
Simpson 269	Rx 1K	1. 5V	0.82 mA	Black Ŗed	+
Triplett 630	R x 100 R x 1K	1.5V 1.5V	3. 25 mA 325 μA	N	ries /ith
Triplett 310	Rx 10 Rx 100	1.5V 1.5V	750 μΑ 75 μΑ		rial nber

g. If sample probe adapter (11) protrudes into the cavity, remove the lock nut (12) and disengage pipe (10). Loosen lock nut (12) and back out adapter (11) until it is flush with the inside face of the cavity bottom plate.

#### Note

See Klystron Tube Warranty Claim in this manual.

#### 5-75. KLYSTRON REPLACEMENT (618C).

5-76. Prior to installing a new klystron V114, practice reinstalling the old one. The proper force and twist required to push the klystron past the spring may then be learned by practice. The procedure for installing the new klystron is as follows:

a. Install new waffle seating ring (9, Figure 5-15) and then new spring (8) in cavity entrance. Ends of spring should meet to form a complete circle.

b. Thread the retaining nut (7) into cavity until it is seated very lightly against the spring. Press spring into place under the nut so that it forms a circle. Tighten the nut slightly to hold the spring in position.

#### CAUTION

When inserting the tube, always keep it straight in line with the cavity. DO NOT work it from side to side.

c. Insert the klystron tube (6) into the cavity until it engages the spring (8). Firmly press the tube straight into the cavity at the same time giving it a clockwise twist. The twist will cause the spring to expand and pass the tube allowing it to seat firmly in the cavity.

d. Tighten the retaining nut slightly with socket wrench supplied.

e. Snapthe clamping rings (5) making certainthat they encircle the grid ring of the klystron. When the rings are in position, three or four threads of the nut (7) should be visible between the clamping rings and the outside face of the nut. Install rubber washer (14).

f. Thread the cover sleeve (4) into the retaining nut so that it seats against the clamping rings, causing the clamping ring to grip the grid ring of the klystron. Tighten the sleeve firmly by hand.

g. Install the tube socket and housing (3), pressing the socket straight into position.

h. Position socket housing and attach cap screws (1).

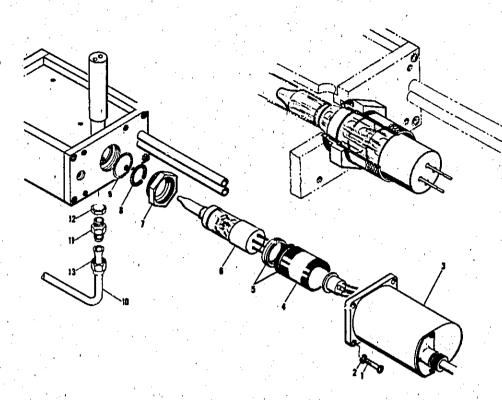


Figure 5-15. Exploded View of Klystron Mounting Parts (618C)

#### 5-77. KLYSTRON REMOVAL (620B).

5-78. To remove the klystron from the resonant cavity, remove the Instrument from the cabinet or rack.

The klystron is located at the left side of the instrument just behind the front panel. Refer to Figure 5-16 and proceed as follows:

#### CAUTION

Do not at any time apply side pressure to the klystron. To do so will break the tube.

a. Remove the four screws from the klystron tube base cover.

b. Pull tube base cover straight out to expose tube base.

c. Remove socket from klystron. Pull socket straight out to expose tube base.

d. Loosen and remove klystron mounting nut with wrench supplied.

e. Remove collet washer with a sharptool. Grasp klystron tube base and pull straight out of cavity.

f. Remove clamp spring.

g. If collet ring and collet are locked on klystron, place klystron on its base and gently tap collet ring to free the collet.

#### Note

See Klystron Tube Warranty Claim at rear of Replaceable Parts.

#### 5-79. KLYSTRON REPLACEMENT (6208).

a. Insert walfle washer in cavity (Figure 5-16). Use new washer if old washer is damaged.

b. Place collet ring and collet spring on collet, making suretaper on ring seats against flare of collet.

c. Place collet washer over collet. Place mounting nut over collet washer.

d. Place klystron assembly into cavity and tighten mounting nut by hand until collet just grips klystron, but klystron should still be free to rotate.

f. Slide klystron out approximately 1/8 inch, then push in until klystron seats firmly against shoulder in collet.

#### CAUTION

DO NOT USE EXCESSIVE PRESSURE, to prevent possible damage to klystron.

g. Tighten mounting nut by hand, then push socket on klystron base, being careful not to exert any side pressure on the klystron.

h. Remove cover plate from frequency drive mechnism to check repeller cable. Be sure to push the repeller cable into center conductor to connect the repeller before turning on the instrument.

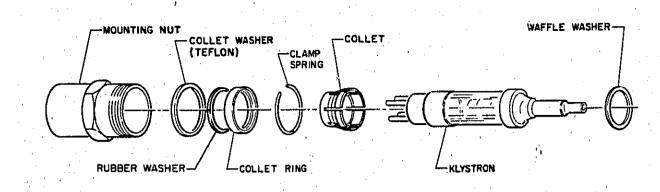


Figure 5-16. Exploded View of Klystron Mounting Parts (620B)

#### CAUTION

Failure to make repeller connection may cause damage to klystron.

i. Complete klystron adjustment is given in step a through h of paragraph 5-32.

#### 5-80. REPLACING REPELLER TRACKING POTENTIOMETER.

Section V

5-81. To replace the repeller tracking potentiometer, R174, on the frequency drive casting, refer to F.gure 5-17 and proceed as follows:

a. Remove the four flat-heat screws on each side of the front panel that hold the panel assembly to the side gussets. Pull panel assembly away from chassis to give access to the repeller potentiometer.

b. Remove leads from terminals on potentiometer.

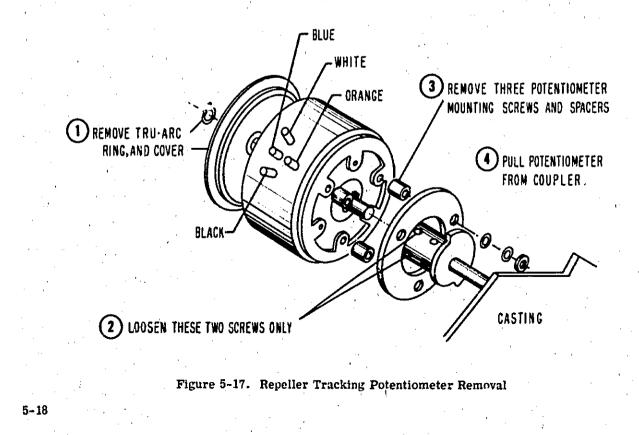
c. Remove Tru-Arc ring and potentiometer rear cover.

d. Loosen only the two setscrews holding potentiometer shaft in the coupler. Do not loosen screws holding coupler to front-panel shaft.

e. Remove the three screws holding the potentiometer to the mounting ring and withdraw potentiometer. Do not loosen screws holding mounting ring to casting.

f. Remove rear cover and place shaft of new potentiometer in coupler. Do not tighten the set screws at this time.

g. Position the new potentiometer with the terminals near the top and replace the three mounting screws and spacers. Position the potentiometer so that shaft does not bind in coupler during any portion of coupler rotation. Tighten mounting screws.



h. With an ohmmeter connected between the orange and blue leads on the potentiometer, turn the frequency control to point where microswitch just operates (approximately 8.9 GHz), so the arm (blue lead) is exactly at the tap in the potentiometer. This point is the lowest resistance reading on ohmmeter.

i. Replace rear potentiometer cover and reconnect leads.

j. Tighten set screws in the coupler.

k. Reset repeller voltage adjustments as described in paragraphs 5-33 and 5-35.

#### 5-82. REPLACING AND RECALIBRATING THE ATTENUATOR (618C).

5-83. It is not expected that the attenuator dial will require recalibration unless the attenuator assembly is replaced. The attenuator is not ordinarily subject to change or breakage. Small improvements in accuracy may be made by slipping the attenuator dial on the front panel slightly on its shaft to bring into calibration.

5-84. Following replacement of the probe, the attenuator assembly must be adjusted for the correct and safe operating depth. The following instructions are divided into two parts: the first concerns the replacement of the attenuator probe, and the second concerns the attenuator dial alignment.

#### 5-85. <u>REPLACING THE ATTENUATOR PROBE</u> (618C).

5-86. Power from the resonator is coupled to the RF OUTPUTS CAL jack at the front panel through an assembly consisting of the panel jack, a length of RG-55 U cable, and the attenuator probe. The attenuator probe is terminated by a special resistor, which is made by coating platinum on a glass bead. This resistor should normally last for the life of the equipment even if subject to shock and vibration. Should the resistor become broken or otherwise defective however, the complete attenuator assembly must be replaced. Replace a defective attenuator assembly as follows:

a. Remove the four screws holding the RF OUT-PUTS CAL connector to the front panel.

b. Release attenuator cable from under cable clamp.

c. Remove mounting screw which holds the rack to the aluminum block on the attenuator probe.

d. Lift mounting block and probe from the circular waveguide housing.

e. Use care in handling attenuator probes. The glass bead resistor can be broken by twisting the cable. Mounting block comes affixed to new probe.

f. Insert new probe into waveguide only as far as is necessary to match-up block mounting holes. Insert mounting screw and tighten. Take care that the probe ground is oriented in the right direction (away. from the cavity). The glass beads should be visible on the <u>RIGHT HAND SIDE</u> of the ground connection extension when viewing the instrument from the front.

g. Carefully thread cable under cable clamp and around casting to front panel. Avoid twisting cable more than one-quarter turn.

h. Remount RFOUTPUTS CAL connector. Tighten cable clamp.

i. After the assembly is replaced, an error of a few decibels may exist in the calibration of the attenuator dial.

#### 5-87. <u>RECALIBRATING THE ATTENUATOR (618C).</u>

a. Connect signal generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-1.

b. Turn signal generator on and allow a 20-minute warm up period with modulation selector switch in CW position.

c. Turn modulation selector switch to OFF position, adjust zero set controls in generator and power meter to zero, and return selector switch to CW position. To prevent drift due to temperature change make these adjustments as quickly as possible.

d. Tune signal generator to 3.8 GHz and adjust POWER SET control for zero indication on power set meter.

e. Set attenuator to 7 (-7 dBm). Record frequency and external power meter reading.

f. Repeat step e every 200 MHz across entire frequency range.

g. Plot a dBm-frequency curve from readings obtained in step f (see Figure 5-18). Kesulting response curve will consist of a series of peaks and troughs having an amplitude of ±2.0 dB or less. Draw a straight line (parallel to frequency axis) through response curve in such a way that variations are averaged about the line.

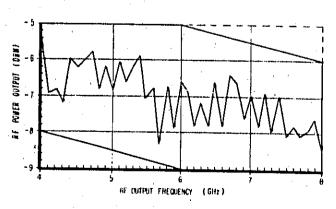
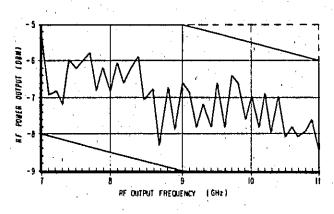


Figure 5-18. Typical Response Curve (618C)

Section V





h. Select a frequency where response curve crosses average line drawn in step g and set generator to this frequency.

i. Repeat step c.

j. Set generator output attenuator for -7 dBm reading on power meter and lock attenuator. If attenuator dial does not now read 7 (-7 dBm), remove plate covering hub of dial, loosen set screws holding dial to shaft and slip dial to read -7 dBm. Tighten set screws and replace plate over hub of dial.

k. Repeat steps c and j without changing generator frequency. The readings obtained on external power meter and from output attenuator should be the same. If not, repeat steps c and j until normal indications are obtained.

#### 5-88. REPLACING AND RECALIBRATING THE ATTENUATOR (620B).

5-89. It is not expected that the attenuator dial will require recalibration unless the attenuator assembly is replaced. The attenuator is not ordinarily subject to change or breakage. Small improvements in accuracy may be made by slipping the attenuator dial on the front panel slightly on its shaft to bring into calibration. Following the replacement of the probe, the attenuator assembly must be adjusted for the correct and safe operating depth. The following operation is divided into two parts. The first concerns the replacement of the attenuator probe, and the second concerns the recalibration of the attenuator dial. To determine if the output attenuator is defective, measure the resistance between the center terminal of the RF OUT-PUT jack and ground. The resistance should be approximately 50 ohms. A higher resistance indicates the film resistor that composes part of the pickup loop is damaged and the attenuator probe and cable must be replaced.

## 5-90. <u>REPLACING THE ATTENUATOR PROBE</u> (620B).

5-91. To replace the attenuator probe assembly, proceed as follows:

a. With the signal generator removed from its rack or cabinet and disconnected from the line source, remove nut from rear of the RF OUTPUTS CAL connector and pull attenuator cable from the jack. The center connector and spacing beads are removed with the cable. A new replacement assembly includes these parts already installed.

b. Free the attenuator cable from small clamp and feed cable out top of instrument noting the routing of the cable around the various decks.

c. Mark the attenuator cable where the cable enters the attenuator mounting block. Loosen the cap screw shown in Figure 5-20 on the mounting block holding the attenuator cable. Pull probe straight out.

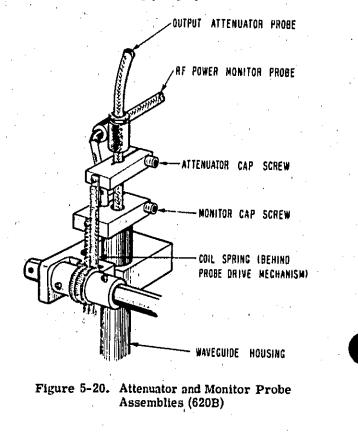
d. Compare the new probe with the defective probe, marking the new probe at the same distance from the tip as the mark on the defective probe. Insert new probe carefully to the same depth as the original probe making sure that the ground end of the pickup loop points toward the resonator cavity (to the right when facing the Instrument).

e. Tighten cap screw finger-tight so that minor adjustment of the probe depth is still possible.

f. Carefully thread the cable under the cable clamp and around the casting to the front panel. DO NOT twist cable more than a quarter of a turn.

g. Remount RFOUTPUTS CAL connector. Tighten cable clamp.

h. After the attenuator assembly is replaced, an error of a few dB may exist in the calibration of the attenuator dial. Calibration may be checked as described in the following paragraph.



#### 5-92. RECALIBRATING THE ATTENUATOR (620B).

a. Connect Signal Generator in test setup shown in Figure 5-1. Allow Signal Generator to warm up with MOD. SELECTOR in CW position for at least twenty minutes.

b. Set MOD. SELECTOR to OFF.

c. Adjust Signal Generator to 9 GHz.

d. Connect Power Meter to RF OUTPUT CAL connector; zero meter reading on Power Meter.

e. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW.

f. Adjust POWER SET control so that the frontpanel power meter reads 0.

g. Adjust the OUTPUT ATTEN control to -7 dBm.

- WARNING

High voltage is present on the green lead below the attenuator assembly and at the terminals on the potentiometer above the frequency-drive casting. Be extremely careful not to touch these components when adjusting the attenuator probe with the instrument turned on.

h. Gently adjust the probe depth so that the external power meter indicates -7 dBm. Tighten the capscrew on the attenuator probe.

5-93. An initial setting has now been made that will be accurate within approximately ±5 dB. To refine this setting and obtain the original calibration accuracy of  $\pm 2$  dB it is necessary to measure the output of the signal generator across the frequency range and construct a graph showing the frequency response of the instrument. Figure 5-19 shows such a graph with a typical response curve after the power output curve has been centered about the ~7 dBm reference level. The final adjustment is made by slipping the attenuator dial, while measuring the RF output level at a convenient frequency on the curve, to bring the total power spread to be within the  $\pm 2$  dB limits of the -7 dBm reference level. The limits are indicated by the heavy transverse lines above and below the -7 dBm center line. Proceed as follows:

a. Assuming the Signal Generator is at normal operating temperature, set MOD. SELECTOR to OFF and zero the external power meter.

b. Set MOD. SELECTOR to CW and tune frequency dial to 7 GHz.

c. Adjust POWER SET control so that Meter indicates 0.

d. Check that OUTPUT ATTEN control is set to -7 dBm.

e. Record the reading on the external Power Meter.

f. Repeat steps c through e every 200 MHz from 7 GHz to 11 GHz. Plot the resulting data as a response curve such as the one shown in Figure 5-19.

g. This curve should consist of a series of peaks and troughs with a maximum range of ±2 dBm.

h. Equalize the maximum excursions on each side of -7 dBm by slipping the attenuator dial. The dial is made free of the drive shaft by removing the hub cover from the center of the attenuator dial and loosening the two Allen screws in the periphery of the hub.

#### 5-94. TUBE AND SEMICONDUCTOR REPLACEMENT.

5-95. Table 5-6 lists checks to be made after replacement of certain electron tubes and semiconductors (e.g., diodes, transistors). Replacement of unlisted items does not affect critical Signal Generator functions or operating voltages.

#### Note

Do not change an operating voltage or calibration adjustment unless it is either definitely outside specified tolerance or calibration accuracy of a dependent function is unsatisfactory. Improving a marginal adjustment can adversely affect calibration.

#### 5-96. ETCHED CIRCUITS.

5-97. The etched circuit boards in the Signal Generator are of the plated-through type consisting of metallic conductors bonded to both sides of insulating material. The metallic conductors are extended through the component mounting holes by a plating process. Soldering can be done from either side of the board with equally good results. Table 5-7 lists recommended tools and materials. Following are recommendations and precautions pertinent to etched circuit repair work.

a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.

**b.** Do not use a high-power soldering iron on etched circuit boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.

c. Use a suction device (Table 5-7) or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes. DO NOT USE A SHARP METAL OBJECT SUCH AS AN AWL OR TWIST DRILL FOR THIS PURPOSE. SHARP OBJECTS MAY DAMAGE THE PLATED-THROUGH CONDUCTOR.

d. After soldering, remove excess flux from the soldered areas and apply a protective coating to prevent contamination and corrosion. See Table 5-7 for recommendations.

e. When removing a multiple-connection component held tightly in a socket, such as a vacuum tube, loosen itgradually using gentle side-to-side or rotary motion to avoid damage to the plated-through conductors. Section V

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Reference Designation	Check	Paragraphs
V103	PULSE RATE control calibration	5-33
V107	PULSE DELAY control calibration	5-35
V111	PULSE WIDTH control calibration	5-37
V114	Klystron frequency, current and voltage	5-29
V301 thru V305	-300V supply voltage	5-27
V401 thru V405	-1000V supply voltage	5-27
V501 thru V504	-1500 supply voltage	5-27
CR601 thru CR602	Power meter cali- bration	5-39
Q601 thru Q603	Power meter cali- bration	5-39

#### Table 5-6. Checks Following Tube and Semiconductor Replacement

#### 5-98. COMPONENT REPLACEMENT.

a. Remove defective component from circuit board.

#### Note

Axial lead components, such as resistors and tubular capacitors, can be replaced without unsoldering. Clip leads near body of defective component, remove component and straighten leads left in board. Wrap leads of replacement component one turn around original leads. Solder wrapped connection, and clip off excess lead.

b. Remove solder from mounting holes using a suction desoldering aid (Table 5-7) or wooden toothpick.

c. Shape leads of replacement component to match mounting hole spacing,

d. Insert component leads into mounting holes, and position component as original was positioned. DO NOT FORCE LEADS OF REPLACEMENT COMPO-NENT INTO MOUNTING HOLES. Sharp lead ends may damage plated-through conductor.

Item	Use	Specification	Item Recommended
Soldering Tool	Soldering Unsoldering	Wattage rating: 37.5 Tip Temp: 750-800°F Tip Size: 1/8" OD	Ungar #776 Handle with Ungar #1237 Heating Unit
Soldering Tip, general purpose	Soldering Unsoldering	Shape: chisel Size: 1/8"	Ungar #PL113
De-soldering aid	Unsoldering multi- connection compo- nents (e.g., tube sockets)	Suction device to remove molten solder from connection	Soldapult by the Edsyn Company, Arleta, California
Resin (flux) solvent	Remove excess flux from soldered area before application of protective coating	Must not dissolve etched circuit base board ma- terial or conductor bonding agent	Freon Acetone Lacquer Thinner Isopropyl Alcohol (100% dry)
Solder	Component replacement Circuit board repair Wiring	Resin (flux) core, high tin content (60/40 tin/lead), 18 gauge (SWG) pre- ferred	a
Protective Coating	Contamination, corro- sion protection after soldering	Good electrical insulation, corrosion-prevention properties	Krylon #1302* B Humiseal Protective Coat- ing, Type 1B12 by Columbia Technical Corr Woodside 77, New York

Table 5-7. Etched Circuit Soldering Equipment

\*Krylon, Inc., Norristown, Pennsylvania

5-99. TUBE SOCKET REPLACEMENT. There are three ways to remove a tube socket from the etched circuit boards:

a. Cut terminals attaching socket to circuit board, remove socket, and unsolder remaining terminal pieces individually.

b. Using long nose pliers, break insulating material of socket away from metal connectors, then unsolder connectors from board individually.

c. Use a special soldering iron tip designed to heat all socket connections simultaneously and remove socket as a unit; or use a suction device (Table 5-7) to desolder all connections and remove socket.

5-100.' ETCHED CONDUCTOR REPAIR. A broken or burned section of conductor can be repaired by bridging the damaged section with a length of tinned copper wire. Allow adequate overlap and remove any varnish from etched conductor before soldering wire into place.

#### 5-101. TRANSISTOR AND SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE REPLACEMENT.

a. Do not apply excessive heat. See Table 5-7 for soldering tool specifications.

b. Use a heat sink such as pliers or hemostat between transistor body and hot soldering iron.

c. When installing a replacement transistor, ensure sufficient lead length to dissipate heat of soldering by maintaining about the same length of exposed lead as used for original transistor.

#### 5-102. Q601, Q602 LEAD IDENTIFICATION.

5-103. Transistors Q601 and Q602 are dual transistors (i.e., two transistors in one case). For this configuration, the locating tab which protrudes from the rim of the transistor case identifies the collector, not the emitter.

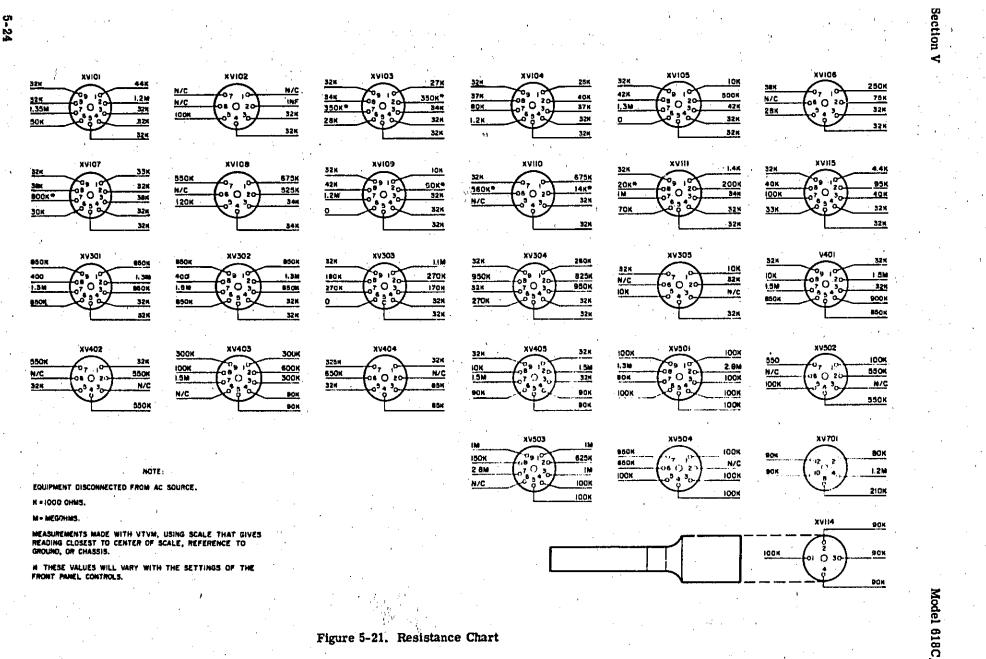
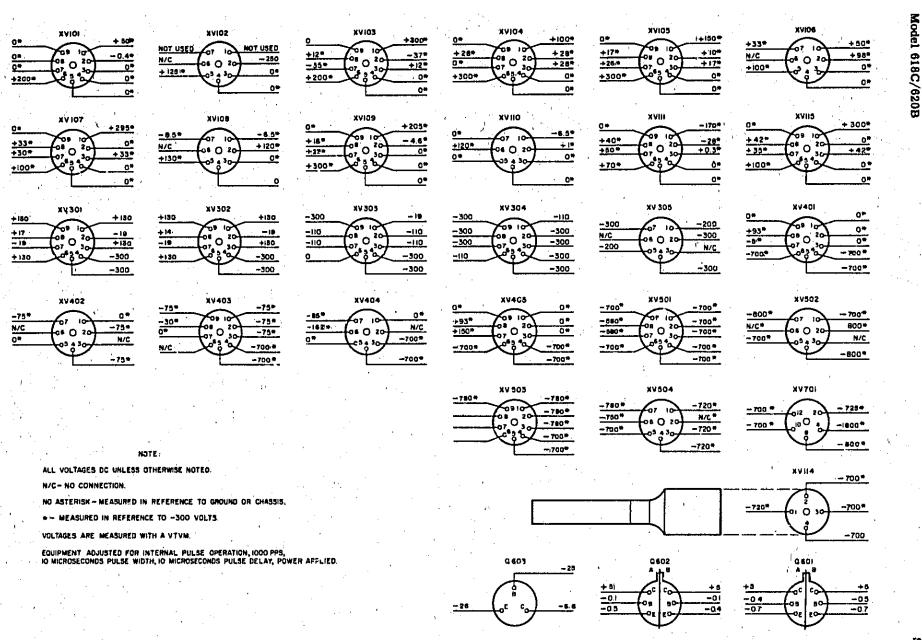


Figure 5-21. Resistance Chart

/620B



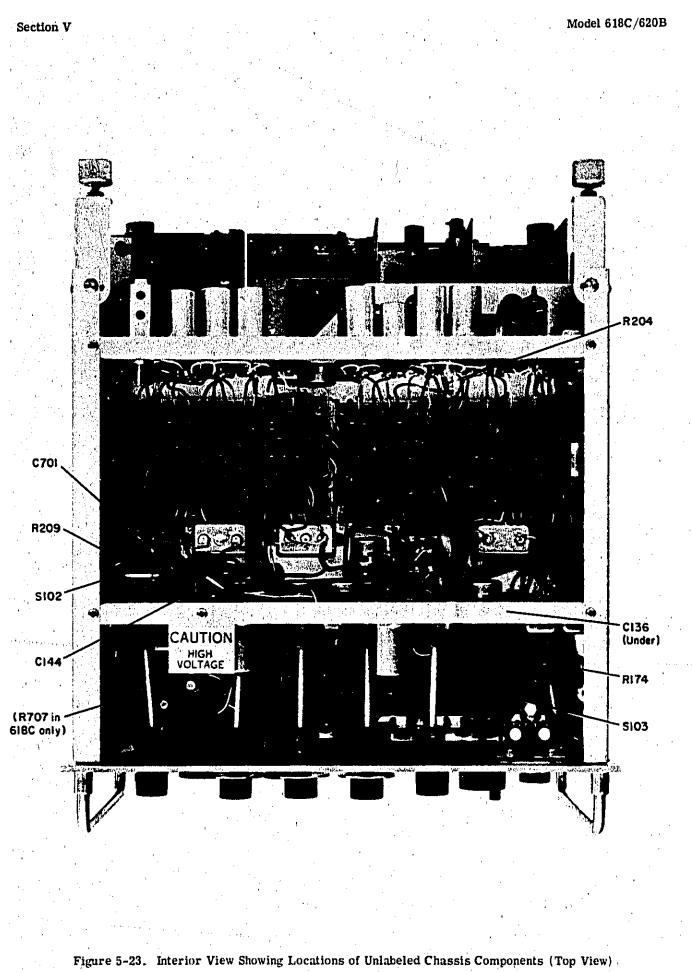
Section V

Figure 5-22. Voltage Chart

5~25

5.1

N 14



5-26

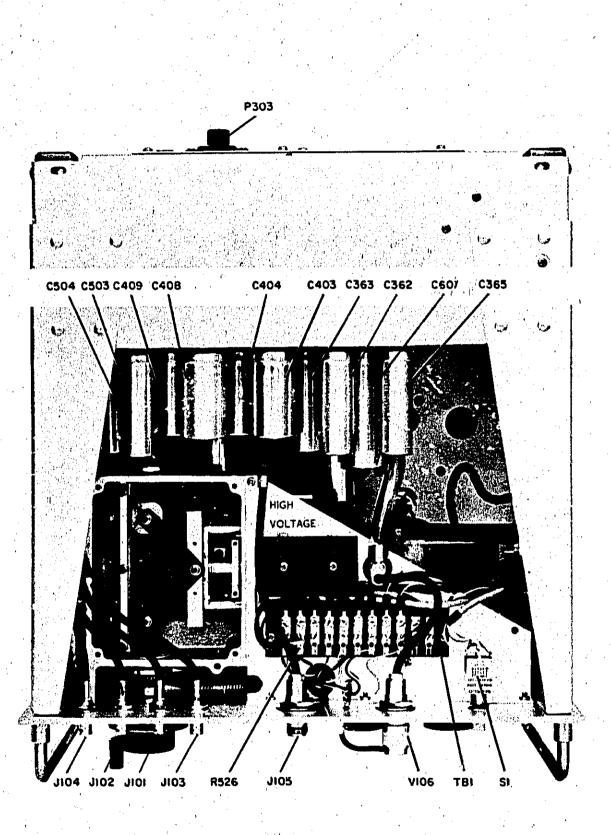


Figure 5-24. Component Identification, Bottom Interior View

5-28

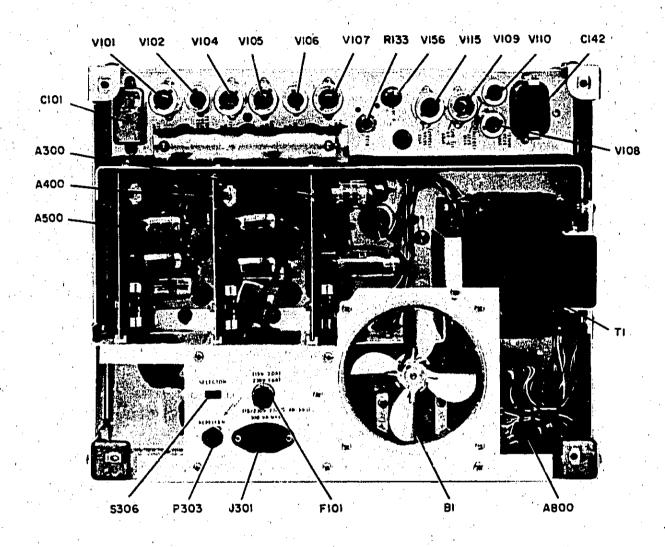


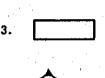
Figure 5-25. Component Identification, Rear Interior View

1. Resistance in ohms, capacitance in microforads unless otherwise noted

voltage regulator (breakdown) diode



screwdriver adjust



front panel designation

test point



(947)

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**6**.

Encloses wire color code. Code used (MIL-STD-681) is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe. E.G., 947 denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe.

Waveform taken with Oscilloscope adjusted for ac coupling

8.

7.

Except for test point 23, all waveforms taken with front panel controls set as follows:

MOD SELECTOR - INT PULSE WIDTH - 10 PULSE DELAY - 0 PULSE RATE - 200 FM AMPLITUDE - Fully cw

9.

Waveform taken at test point 23 taken with front panel controls set as listed in note 7 except MOD SELECTOR is set to INT FM.

10.

Voltages shown on schematic diagrams are with respect to chassis ground.

Figure 5-26. Notes Pertaining to Waveform and Schematic Diagrams

Test Point 15

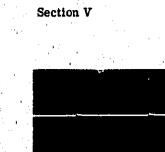
(Notes 7

and 8)

Test Point 17

(Notes 7

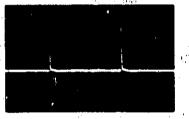
and 8)



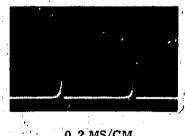
0.2 MS/CM 0.2 V/CM

0.2 MS/CM 6.05 V/CM

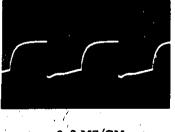
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0.2 MS/CM 2 V/CM



0.2 MS/CM 0.5 V/CM



0.2 MS/CM 5 V/CM

Test Point 14 (Notes 7 and 8)

Test Point 16 (Notes 7 and 8)

Test Point 18 (Notes 7 and 8)

**Test Point 20** 

(Notes 7

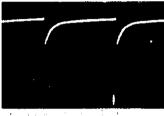
and 8)

Test Point 22

(Nctes 7 and 8)

Figure 5-27. Waveforms

0.2 MS/CM 2 V/CM San Pro

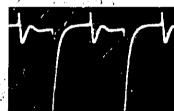


0.2 MS/CM 0.5 V/CM

S

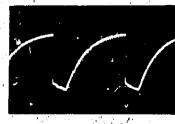
0.2 MS/CM 0.2 V/CM

Test Point 19 (Notes 7 and 8)



Test Point 21 (Notes 7 and 8) đ

0.2 MS/CM 0.1 V/CM



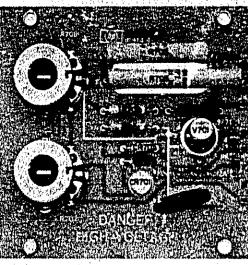
0.2 MS/CM 5 V/CM

Test Point 24 (Notes 7 and 9)

5-30

Com

Component Identification, A600



Component Identification, A700

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õ ß **@**-000 SI02Y 3 MOD 816 · @\_\_\_ TB1 A700 KLYSTRON ABOO MODULATOR ASSY PINS 7-II (00618-6076; 00620-6030) [2 #706 75K N703 ð CR703 MODULATOR V 701 7895 \$103 ACTUATED BY FREQUENCY CONTROL (618C ONLY) 0 2 SIO2 J MOD SELECTOR 0-CR702 CR701 J.\_\_\_ 6-L c702 T 0.01µF 0-• PINK -IIbov. FROM A500 (PIN II) VIA ABOO (PINSSAND 6)

0



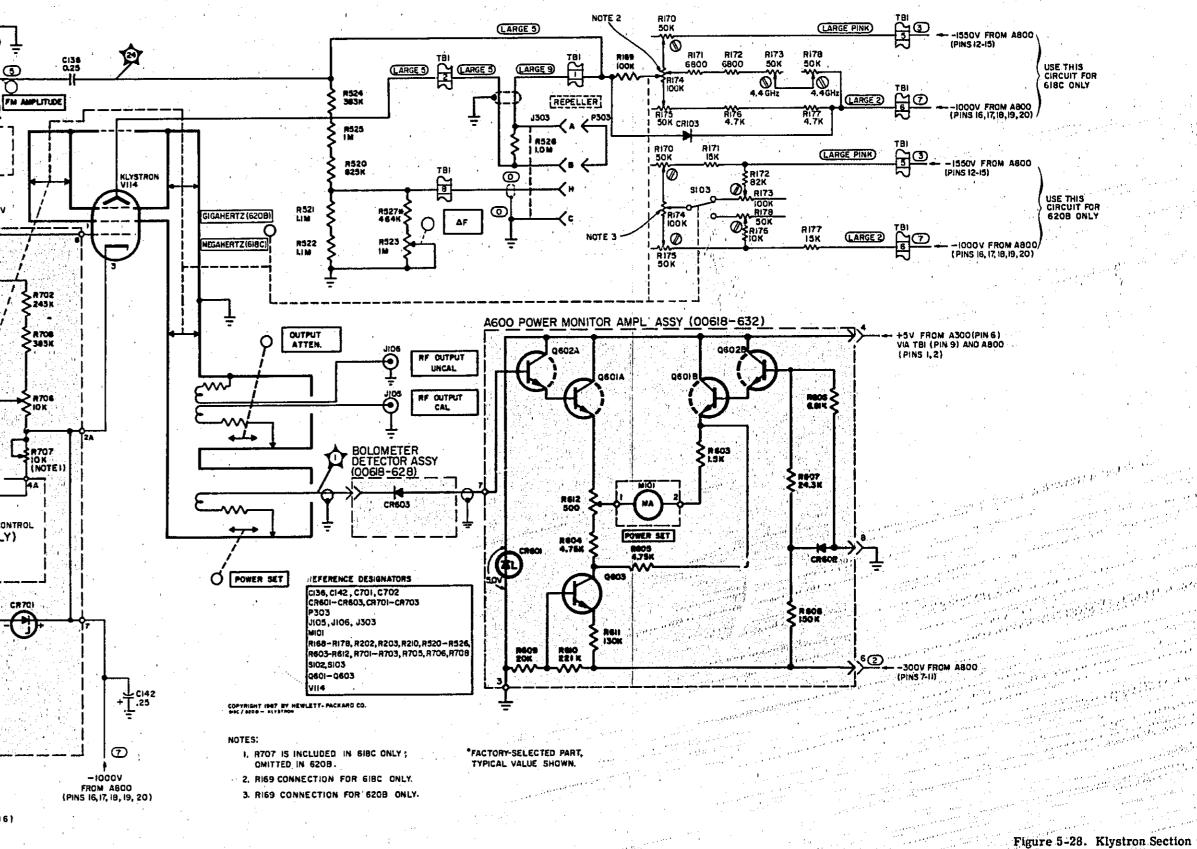
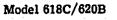
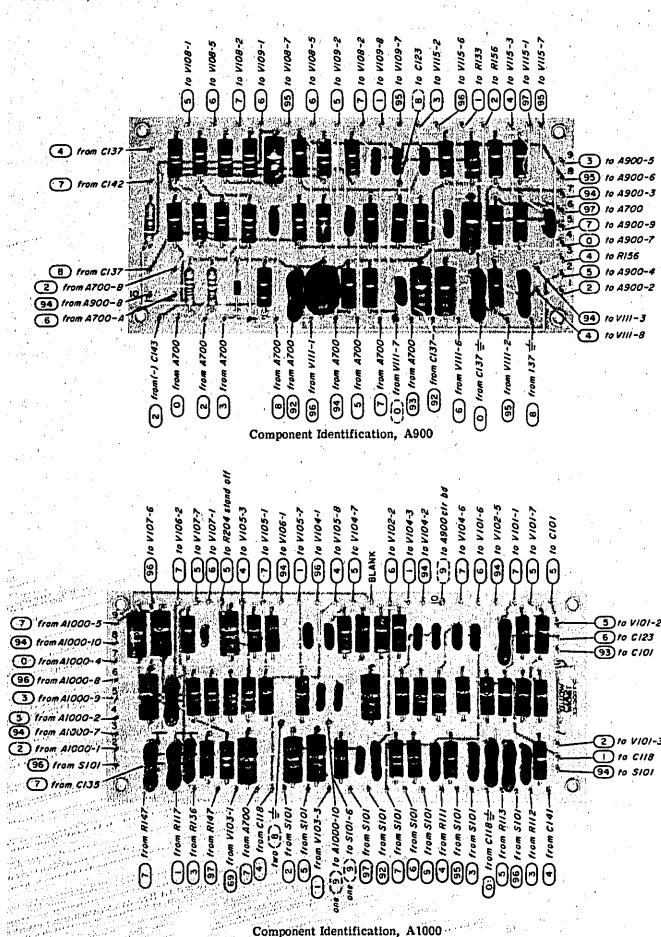


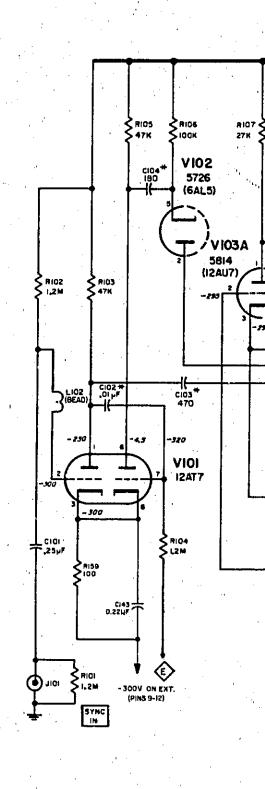
Figure 5-28. Klystron Section 5-31/5-32

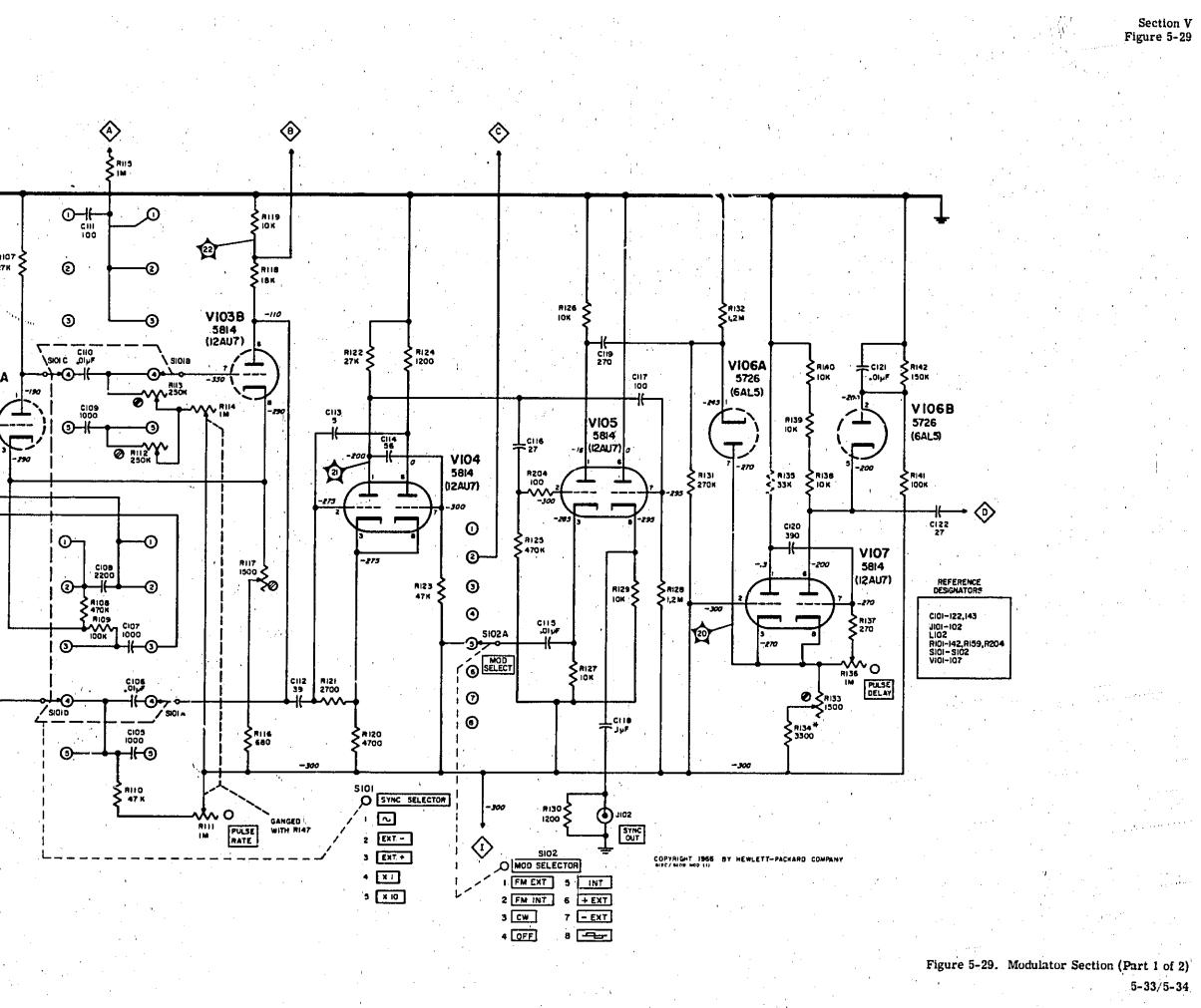
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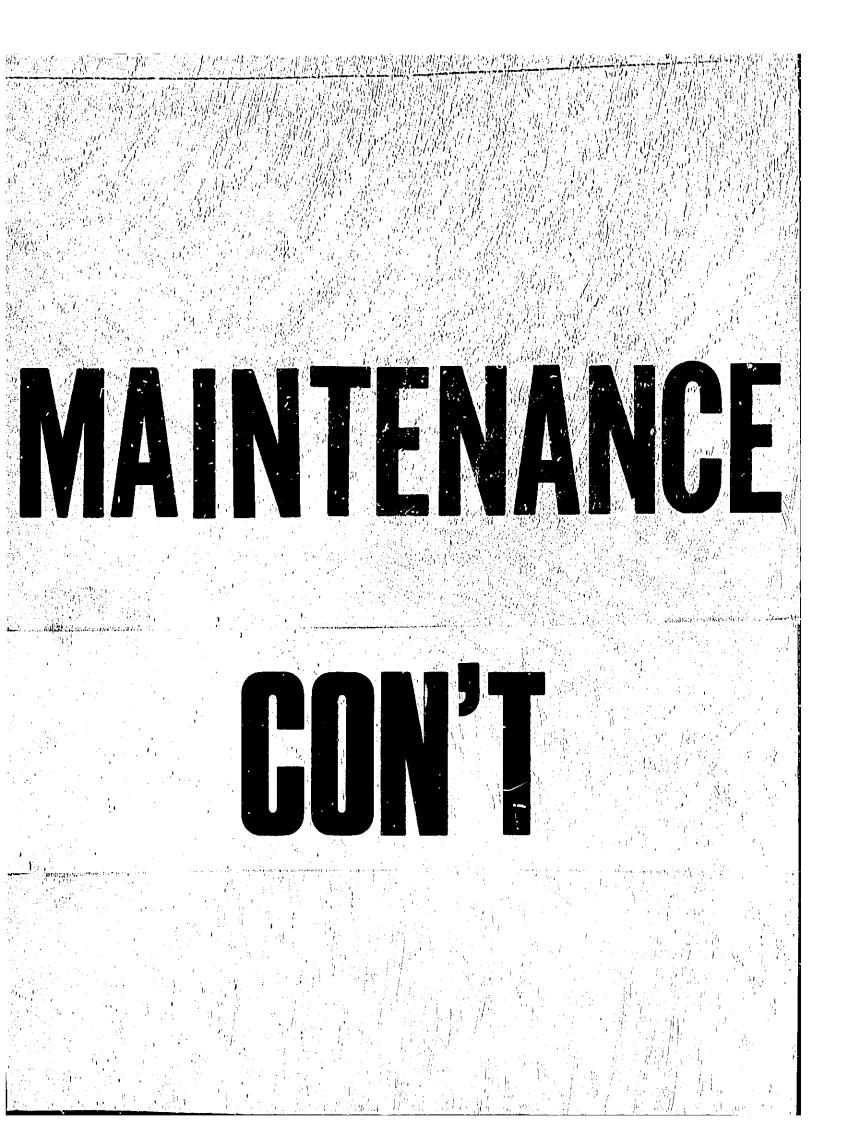
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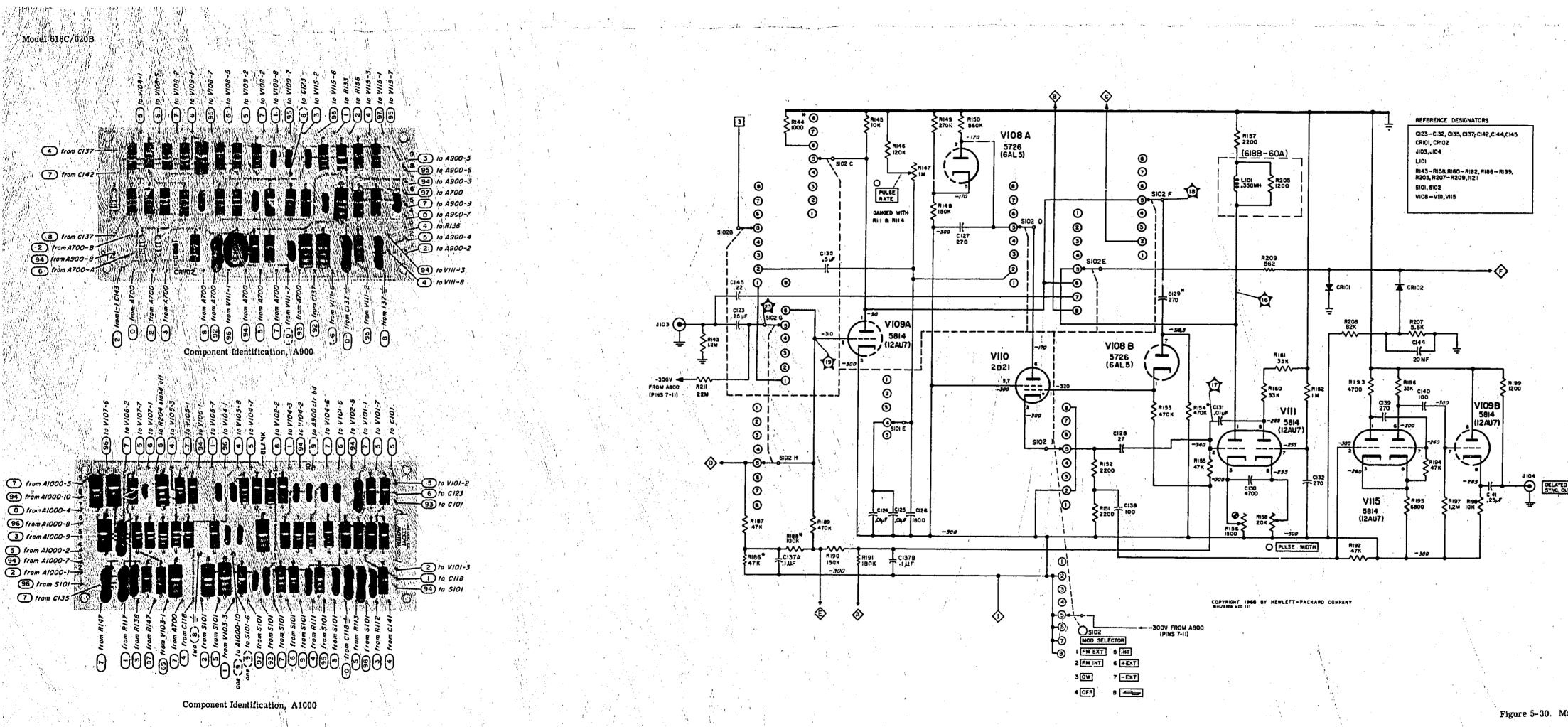




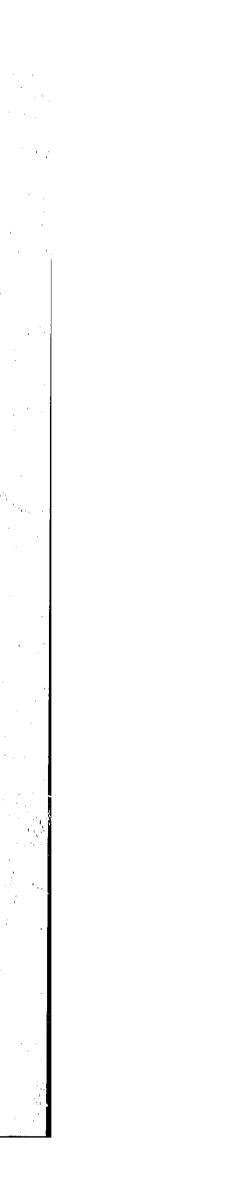


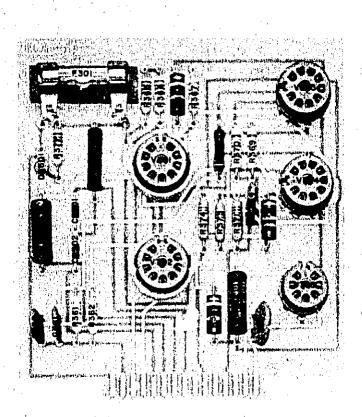




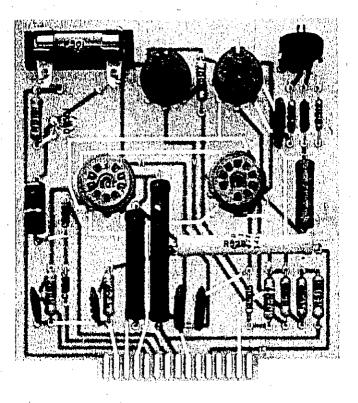


Section V Figure 5-30



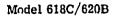


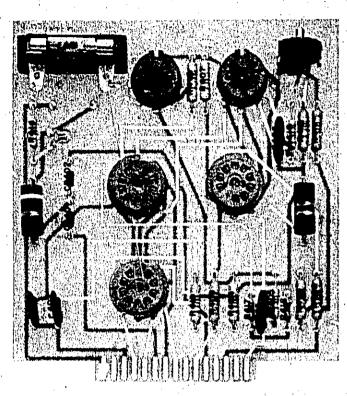
**Component Identification A300** 



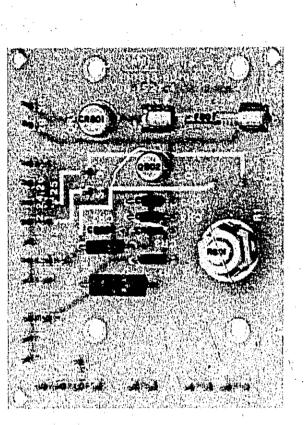
Component Identification A500

Section V

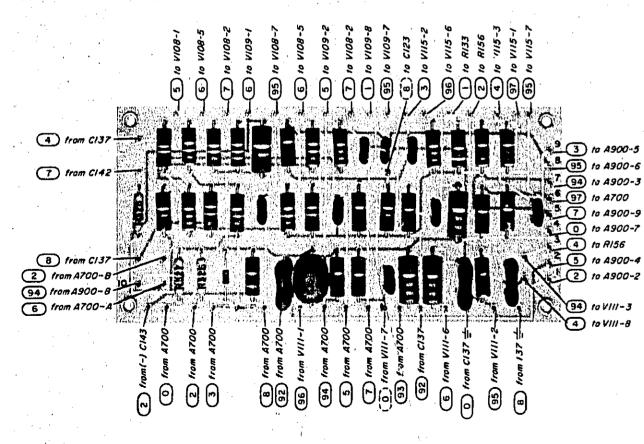




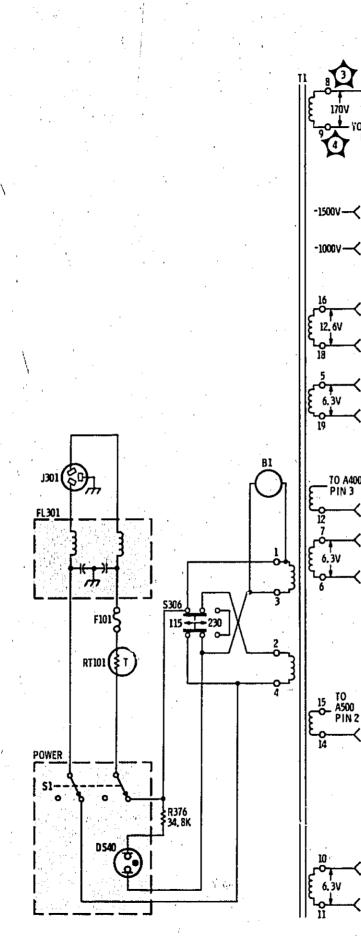
Component Identification, A400



Component Identification, A800



Component Identification, A900



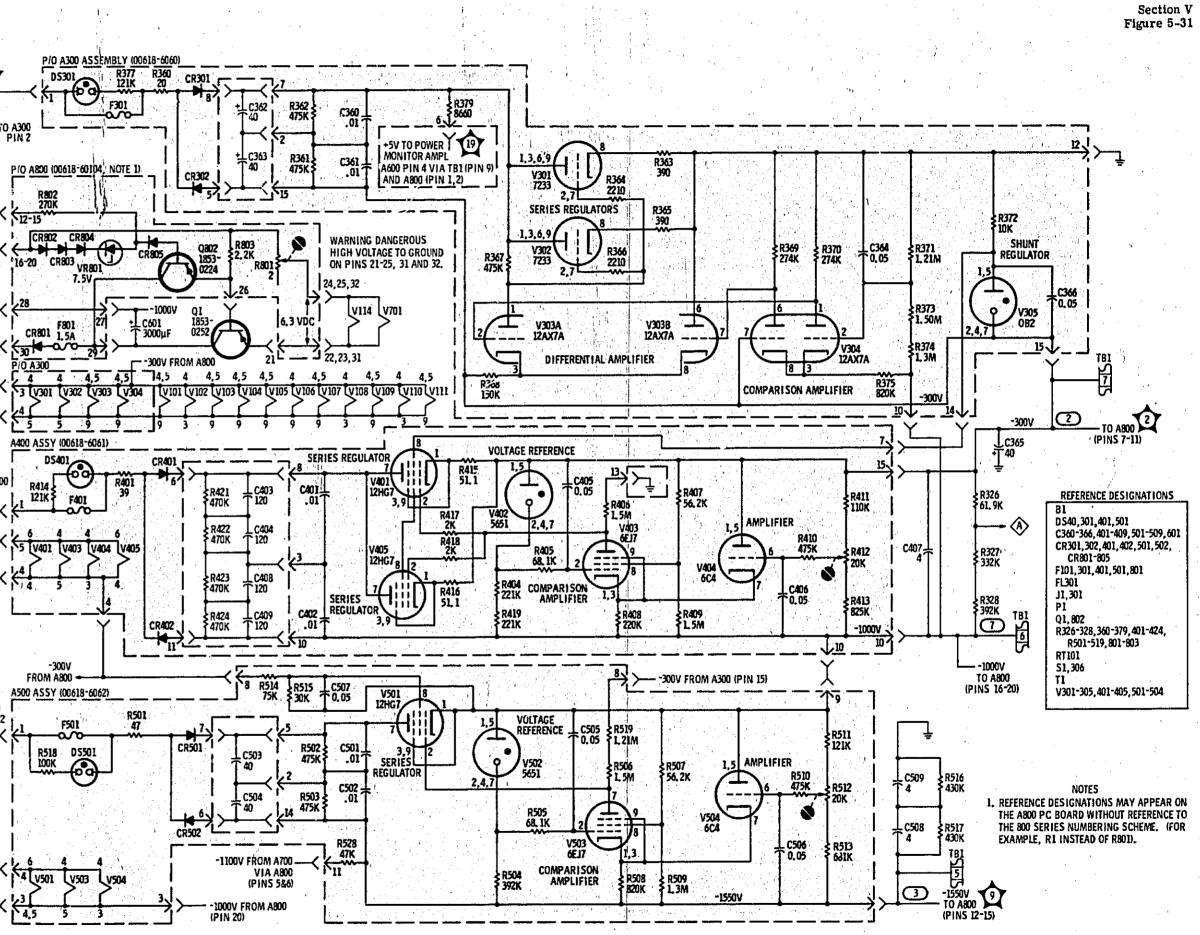


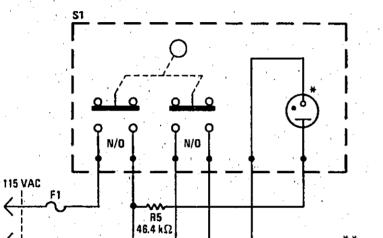
Figure 5-31. Power Supply Section

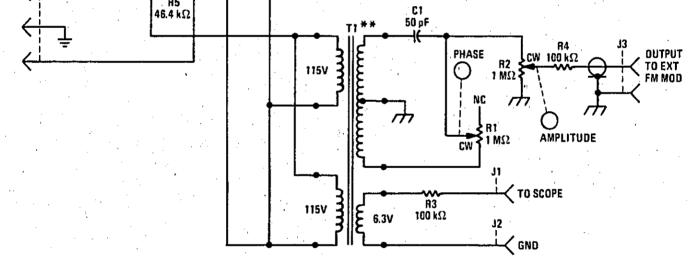
5-37



Section	v
OCCUTOIT	

REFERENCE	HP PART
DESIGNATIONS	NUMBERS
C1	0160-0904
F1	2100-0201
FUSE HOLDER	1400-0084
JI	1510-0007
J2	1510-0006
J3	1250-0083
· R1	2100-0047
R2	2100-0047
R3	0687-1041
R4	0767 0028
R5	0698-3162
S1	3101-1395
TI	9100-0139





\* The lamp is part of S1.

The schematic shows the primary of T1 wired for 115V; it can be wired for 230V.

Figure 5-32. FM Modulator

4



#### SECTION VI EPLACEABLE PARTS

#### 6-1. INFORMATION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replaceable parts. Table 6-1 gives the meanings of abbreviations and reference designation\_used in the table of replaceable parts. Table 6-2 is the table of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:

a. Electrical assemblies and their component parts in alpha-numerical order by reference designation.

b. Chassis-mounted parts in alpha-numerical order by reference designation.

c. Miscellaneous parts.

6-3. The information given for each part consists of:

a. The Hewlett-Packard part number.

b. Total quantity in the instrument.

c. Description of the part.

e./

d. Typical manufacturer of the part in a 5-digit code.

The manufacturer's number for the part.

Total quantity for each part is given only once - at the first appearance of the part number.

6-4. Table 6-3 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers.

#### 6-3. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-6. To order a replacement part, address order or inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard sales and service office (see lists at rear of this manual).

6-7. Specify the following information for each part:

h. Model and complete serial number of instrument.

b. Hewlett-Packard part number.

c. Circuit reference designation.

d. Complete description of part.

#### Section VI

## Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations

#### REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

A .	• 🔳	assembly / !	F	-	fuse	P ·	=	plug	v	-	vacuum tube,
B	t ĸ	motor	FL		Filter	Q	-	transistor			neon bulb.
BT		battery	-j -			Ř	=				photocell, etc.
Č			Ň			ŔŢ	*	P CONTRACTOR	VR	_	voltage
CP									Υ.C.	-	
CP .	12		L_			S		switch			regulator
CR	10		LS	-	to see the surger	т			W	=	cable
DL	, <b>e</b>		· M		meter	TB	14	terminal board	X .	•	socket
DS '	ંસ	device signaling (lamp)	MK	-	microphone	TP	12	test point	Y	88	crystal
E		misc electronic part	MP			ប		integrated circuit	ž		tuned cavity,
-	÷.,					•					network
	÷				ADDDEL	<b><i>TATIONS</i></b>		· · ·			network
•	:		1. A.		ADDREY	TATIONS					
· •	·	and the second			•	110					
A	- =	amperes	H		henries	N/O		normally open	RMO		rack mount only
AFC	=	managements are discribed.	HDW		hardware	NOM		nominal	RMS	厚	root-mean square
- 1		control	HEX	i.	hexagonal	NPO	蘑	negative positive	RWV		reverse working
AMPL	-	amplifler	HG		mercury			zero (zero tem-			voltage
			HR		hour(s)			perature coef-	S-B	-	slow-blow
BFO		beat frequency oscilla-	Hz	-	Hertz			ficient)	SCR	Ē	screw
Mr O	-	tor	114	~	LICIEZ I	NPN				Ξ.	
BE CU						NPN	-	negati	SE	μ.	selenium
	12	nor and the dopper	IF		intermediate freq			negativ_	SECT	а.	section(s)
BH		binder head	IMPG	18	impregnated	NRFR	-	not recommended	SEMICON	×	wmiconductor
BP		bandpass	INCD		incandescent			for field re-	SI	×	silicon
BRS	-	brass	INCL	28	include(s)			placement	SIL	-	silver
BWO	100	backward wave oscilla-	INS			NSR		not separately	SL		slide
		tor	INT		Internal			replaceable	SPG	-	spring
			11.4 1	-	1116C1 (1641			replaceable		-	
CCW	-	counterclockwise				OBD	-	order by	SPL	<b>FF</b>	special
000	-		к	-	kilo = 1000	000	· _	description	SST		Stainless steel
CER	-	ceramic			NH0 ~ 1000	0.11			SR	ы	split ring
CMO	-	envires services and		,		OH		oval head	STL	靐	steel
COEF	<b>P</b> 8	coefficient	LH		left hand	ox		oxide			
COM	<b>PR</b> .	common	LIN			-					
COMP	14	composition	LK WASH	Ξ	lock washer	P		peak	TA	12	tantalum
COMPL		complete	LOG			PC		printed circuit	TD		time delay
CONN	, <u>-</u>	connector		-	logarithmic taper	PF	18	picofarads = 10-12	TGL	-	toggle
			LPF	-	low pass filter			farads	THD	*	thread
CP		cadmium plate				PH BRZ		phosphor bronze	ŤĨ	-	titanium
CRT	- 14	cathode-ray tube		_		PHL		Phillips	TOL	Ξ.	
CW		clockwise	M		milli = $10^{-3}$	PIV	-	peak inverse			tolerance
			MEG		meg = 10 <sup>6</sup>	FTA -	-		TRIM	•	trimmer
DEPC	. на	deposited carbon	MET FLM	R	metal film			voltage	TWT		traveling wave
DR		drive	MET OX	<b>m</b>	metallic oxide	PNP	. 🛤	positive-negative-			tube
			MFR	18	manufacturer			positive			· · ·
ELECT		electrolytic	MHz	18	mega Hertz	.P/O	18	part of			
			MINAT		miniature	POLY		polystrene	μ		miero = 10 <sup>-6</sup>
ENCAP		encapsulated	MOM	2		PORC		porcelain	•		
EXT	L#	external		. –	momentary	POS		position(s)			
			MOS		metalized	POT			VAR		variable
F	12	farads			substrate			potentiometer	VDCW	3	de working volts 🚲
FH .	12	flat head	MTG	m	mounting	PP		peak-to-peak			
FIL H			MY	13	"mylar"	PT		point			1
FXD		fixed				PWV	**	peak working volt-	`W/	=	with
1 AD	-	HAUG			~	1	-	age	W	9	watts
~			N	=	nano (10 <sup>-9</sup> )			•••	WIV	58	working inverse
G		giga (10 <sup>9</sup> )	N/C	12	normally closed	RECT		rectifier			voltage
GE		germanium	NE		neon	RF	12	radio frequency	ww		wirewound
GL		glass	NIPL		nickel plate	RH		round head or	w/o		
GRD	68.	ground(ed)	141 1 14	-	meret place			right hand	w/u	-	without
				,	1						
				•				1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			

#### Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A300	53618+6560	1	BCARD ASSEMBLY,-300 YP3	28460	00418-4040
C340 C341 C346	\$100+0012 \$100+0010 \$100+0010	•	CAPACITOR-FXD .010F ++20% 1840C CER Capacitor-FXD .010F ++20% 1840C CER Capacitor-FXD .090F ++20% 40040C CER	LDE#0 LOE#0 0##85	C0334102J103M438 C0334102J103M438 0130-C082
CR301 CR302	1901-0029 1901-0029	3	DIGDE-PW# RECT AGGY 756MA DC-29 DIGDE-PW# RECT AGGY 756MA DC-29	0271C 0271C	мрата мрата
Da301	2140-0047	5 3	LAMP-BLOW AIC 139/1099DC 800UA 7-2-8ULB	74276	A1C
P301	2110-0004 1400-0004		FURE SA 1234 BLO-BLO 1,25X,25 UL Furemolder-Block 154 3504 1-Fu	04705 28489	313,500 1400-0008
R360 R361 R362 R363 R364	0813-0840 0757-0789 0757-0789 0890-3911 0757-0789	1 5 2 2	REGIEVOR 20 5% 50 PU;)(C=0+=20 REJEVOR 475K 1% ,226 P TC=0+=100 REJEVOR 475K 1% ,250 P TC=0+=100 REJEVOR 300 10 10 CC TC=0+58* REJEVOR 2,21K 1% ,350 P TC=0+=100	-0552D 03418 03418 01404 03418	Rg_B CB_1/A=70+4703-P C3=1/A=70-4793-F G83411 C5=1/6=70-2311-F
A368 A366 A367 A368 A368	0490-3911 0757-0780 0757-0789 0757-0392 0757-0392	;	RESISTOR 300 100 10 CC 7C=0+520 RESISTOR 2.21% 10 .25% P 7C=0+-100 RESISTOR 475% 10 .25% P 7C=0+-100 RESISTOR 30% 10 .5% P 7C=0+-100 RESISTOR 274% 10 .5% P 7C=0++100	01408 03418 03418 03418 03418 03498	403011 C5=1/4=70=2211=F C5=1/4=70=4753=F H77C1/2=70=103=F HF7C1/2=70=2743=F
N370 N371 N372 N372 N374	0757-0131 0757-0571 0411-0007 0757-0156 0757-0156	8 1 8 8	RESISTOR ETAK 1% , BM F TCB0+=100 RESISTOR 1,31M 1% , BM F TCB0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 1% BM FM TCB0+=30 RESISTOR 1,5M 1% ,5M F TCB0+=100 RESISTOR 1,3M 1% ,5M F TCB0+=100	0299E 0299E 0592D 0299E 0299E	HP7C1/8-Y0-8743-F HP7C1/8-T0-1814-F R8-5 HP7C1/8-T0-1804-F HP7C1/8-T0-1804-F
H375 H377 H379	0400-8341   0757-0777 0812-0038	1 3	RESISTOR SIGN LON IN CC TCHGASSE RESISTON 1214 IN ,234 P TCHGA-100 RESISTON S,444 IN 98 TCHGA-RG	01400 03418 05980	688241 CS=1/4=76=1213=P A8=5
4303 4204 4303 4308	1921-0014 1921-0014 1932-0030 1932-0030 1940-0007	2	TUBE-ELECTRON 7235 TRIGDE Tube-Electron 7233 Trigde Tube-Electron 12877 Trigde-Oual Tube-Electron 128774 Trigde-Oual Tube-Electron GBP Digde-V Roltr	33173 33173 33173 33173 33173 33173 0899A	7833 7233 184x74 184x74 088
Anoo	00618-6061	1	BRARD ABBEMBLY,-1000 TPB		00018-0001
C401 C402 C409 C409 C409	C190=C012 D190=C012 D190=C012 D190=C092	2	CAPACITON-FXD .010P +=80X 1KVDC CF4 CAPACITON-FXD .010P +=80X 1KVDC CF5 CAPACITON-FXD .030P +=80X 400VDC CER CAPACITON-FXD .030P +=80X 1KVDC CER	0420J 0420J 24480 24480 24480	C033A108J103M838 C033A108J103M838 C150-0088 O160-0088
CN401 CN401	1701-0487 1701-0487	2	DIODE-HV RECT 1.5KV 250MA DG-20 DIODE-HV RECT 1.5KV 250MA DG-29	02030 02030	88 2016-2 89 2016-2
08401	8140-0047		LAMP-GLOW ALC INF/108VDC BOOUA T-2-BULB	74276	ALC
Pao1	2110-0008 1400-0008		FUER SA 123V BLO-BLO 1,25X,25 UL Fuerholder-Block 15A 250y 1-Fu	0470C 20400	313,500 1400-0235
R401 R404 R405 R405 R405 R405	0493-3901 9757-0982 0757-0772 0757-0772 0757-0758	1 3 2 8	REBISTOR 30 10% 30 CC TCug+413 REBISTOR 221K 1% ,50 P TCu0++100 REBISTOR 281K 1% ,250 P TCu0++100 REBISTOR 1,5% 1% ,250 P TCu0++100 REBISTOR 36,28 1% ,50 P TCu0++100	01608 02998 03418 02998 02998	H83901 H77C1/2-7C=2213-F C8-1/4-7C=8213-F H77C1/2-7C=1804-F H77C1/2-7C=1802-F
R408 R409 R410 R411 R411 R412	0493-2241 0757-0194 0757-0789 0757-0789 757-0855 7100-17-2	1	REDIBTOR 220K 10% 2W CC TC=0+502 REDIBTOR 1.9M 1% ,5W P TC=0++100 REDIBTOR 475K 1% ,8W P TC=0++100 REDIBTOR 110K 1% ,5W P TC=0++100 REDIBTOR 10K 1% ,5W P TC=0+100 REDIBTOR=TRMM 20K 5% WW BIDE=A0J 1-TRM	01408 0299E 03418 0299E 0374D	HB2 741 HF7C1/2-T0-1804-P CB-1/4-T0-4753-P HF7C1/2-T0-1803-P 3345H-H50-203
R413 R414 R415 R416 R416	0757-0570 0757-0777 0757-1000 0757-1000 0757-0243	2	REAISTOR 428% 1% ,5W P TC=0++100 REAISTOR 121% 1% ,8W P TC=0++100 REAISTOR 51,1 1% ,5W P TC=0++100 REAISTOR 51,2 1% ,5W P TC=0++100 REAISTOR 2% 1% ,128% P TC=0++100	03998 03418 03998 03998 03998	HF7C1/2-Y0-8883-P C8-3/4-Y0-1813-P MF7C1/2-Y0-5181-P MF7C1/2-Y0-5181-P C8-1/8-Y0-2001-P
#418 . #419	0757=0283 0757=0882		RESISTOR 2K 11 .125W F YERG+-100 RESISTOR 221K 11 .5W F YERG+-100	03298 02998	C4=1/8=70=2001=F H77C1/2=T0=2213=F
V401 V402 V403 V404 V405	1923-0071 1940-0001 1923-0046 1921-0005 1923-0071	2	TUBE-ELECTRON 12MG7 PENTODE Tube-Electron 94514 didde-V Abltr Tube-Electron 4EJ7 Pentode Tube-Electron 4EJ7 Pentode Tube-Electron 32M67 Pentode	33173 14830 04871 33173 33173	22HGY B632A 62J7(27284) 624 32HG7

See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Table	6-2. °	Replaceable	Parts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A800 C801 C802 C808 C808 C807 C807 C807 C807 C807 C807	00418-6042 0150-0012 0150-0012 0150-0072 0160-0072 0160-0072 1401-0076 1401-0076		AGAAD ABBEMBLY,-1350 YPB GAPACITOR-FXD .01UP +-203 1KVDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UP +-203 1KVDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .05UP +-203 1KVDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .05UP +-203 1KVDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .05UP +-203 1KVDC CER OLDBE-HV RECT 1KV A0GMA DO-20 DIODE-HV RECT 1KV A0GMA DC-20	25480 420J 28460 28460 28460 28460 28460 28460 28460 28460 0271C 0871C	00615-6062 C033402J103M836 C033402J103M838 0150-0082 0160-0082 0160-0052 MP496 MP496
Catol	2140-0047	. *	LAMP-BLOW ALC SIB/LOSVOC GOOUA T-R-BULB	74276	ALC
5502	\$170-082\$ \$170-082\$	3	CORE-SHIELDING BEAD Core-Shielding Bead	01888	86-890-68A2/4A 86-890-68A2/4A
f f f f f f	2114-0012 1400-0980	1	FUSE SA 2809 FAST-BLO 1,35X,28 UL IEC Fuseholder-block 154 2509 1-Fu	0470C 28480	312,500 1400-0008
R501 R502 R503 R504 R504	0493-4761 0757-0374 0757-0375 0757-0313 0757-0313 0757-0778	12	RESISTOR 47.10% RM CC TC=0+418 RESISTOR 475% IX SW P TC=0++100 RESISTOR 475% IX SW P TC=0++100 RESISTOR BEAK IX SW P TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 46,1% IX SW P TC=0+-100	01400 0299E 0299E 0299E 03418	H84701 MP7C1/2-T0-4733=P MP7C1/2-T0-4733=P MP7C1/2-T0-393-P C4-1/4-T0-393=P C4-1/4-T0-3932=P
A504 A507 A508 A509 A510	0787-0180 0767-0884 0730-0191 0787-0878 0797-0784	1	RESISTON 1.5M 13 .5W P TCP00-100 REDISTOR 56.2K 1X .5W P TCP00-100 REDISTOR 580K 1X 1W CP 7500-503 REDISTOR 580K 1X .2W P TCP00-100 REDISTOR 475K 1X .28W P TC=00-100	0244E 0344E 059E0 0244E 03418	MF7C1/2-TC-1%04-F MF7C1/2-TG-5622-F DC1-6203-F MF7C1/2-TG-1304-F C1-1/4-TG-4753-F
8511 8522 8533 8534 8534 8535	0767-0777 B100-1782 0797-0792 0777-0002 0771-0007		REBISTOR 121: LX .25M / TCUB0-180 REBISTOR-TAMM ROK BX HB BIDE-ADJ 1-7RM REBISTOR 431K 1X .25M / TCUB0-180 REBISTOR 75K 10X 7M H0 TCUB0-280 REBISTOR 70K 10X 4M HD TCUB0-280	03418 03740 03418 03418 03418	CS-1/4-70-1213-F 3745w-x50-203 CG-1/4-70-813-F FP7-7-280-7602-K FP4-4-250-3002-K
R\$18 2519 2528	0787-0367 0787-0371 0648-6303	I I	RESISTOR 100K 11, FM P 7000-0100 RESISTOR 1,81M 18 ,8W P 70-9-100 RESISTOR 47K 10% 7W M0' 400285	0244E 0244E 03418	MP7C1/2=T0=1003=F MP7C1/2=T0=1214=P PP7=7=280=4702=K
4901 4902 4903 4904	1483-0071 1440-0003 1483-0044 1481-0005	•	TUBE-ELECTRON 12H67 PERTODE Tube-Electron 1651A Didde-V Reltr Tube-Electron Asij Pentode Tube-Electron Asij Pentode Tube-Electron Asi Trigoe	33173 14430 04871 33173	12487 9491A 46j7(67184) 464
Asso	00618-632	1	BOARD ABSEMBLY, POWER MONITOR AMPLIFIER	28480	00618-632
CR401 CR402	1902-0041 1901-0025	1	DICDE-SHR 5.119 93 CG-7 PDS.84 TCS0093 DICDE-SEN PRP 1009 200MA 90-7	02030 28480	82 10 <b>939-98</b> 1901-0028
8401 8402 8403	1854-0221 1854-0221 1854-0221	ar A	TRANGIGTOR-DUAL, NPM POSTIONW Trangistor-dual, NPM Postionw Trangistor NPM 61 70-39 Postonw	28480 28480 28480	1888-0221 1888-0221 1884-0503
Rac3 Rac8 Rac8 Rac9 Rac9 Rac9	8787-8427 0787-8437 0787-8437 0787-8439 0787-8439 0787-8439	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	RESISTOR 1.5% 12 .185% P TC00+-100 RESISTOR 0.75% 12 .185% P TC00+-100 RESISTOR 0.75% 12 .185% P TC00+-100 RESISTOR 0.61% 12 .185% P TC00+-100 RESISTOR 0.61% 12 .185% P TC00+-100	03248 03248 03248 03448 03448	[4=1/8=70=1901=> C4=1/8=70=791=7 C4=1/8=70=791=7 C4=1/8=70=881=7 C4=2/8=70=8812=7
Régi Régi Réfi Réfi Réfi	0757-0392 0757-0449 0757-0882 0757-0881 2757-0881 2109-1772	1	REWISTON INOK IN	0299E 0349B 0299E 0299E 03740	MF7C1/2-T0-1903=F C4-1/8-T0-2002=F MF7C1/2-T0-2002=F MF7C1/2-T0-2003=F 3348F=MB0=801
A700 A700	00418-6076 00418-6076		SDARD ASSEMBLY, KLYSTRON MODULATOR(614C) Board Assembly, Klystron Modulator(6205)	28480	00619=8376 00618=8076
C701	0180-0265		CAPACITOR-FRD .DIUF +-ROX INVOC CER	28480	0100-0208
CR701 CR702 CR703	1902-0241 1901-0026 1901-0319		DIGGE-INA 1994 BX POR1.5W 7584,994X Digge-Ina RECT 2994 75944 6948 Digge-Bwitching 2994 5946 60-34	02030 02710 26480	521521-344 Mpaq2 1901-0519
R703 R702 R703 R705 R705	0787-0130 0787-0803 0773-0805 0777-0802 2100-2154	3	REDIGTON 1.1M 12 .5M P TC=0+=100 REDIGTON 243K 12 .5W P TC=0+=100 REDIGTON 243K 12 .5W P TC=0+=100 REDIGTON 78K 103 7M MG TC=0+=850 REDIGTON TRM 10K 303 CC TCP=ADJ 1=TAN	0299E 0341B 0341B 0341B 0379J	MF7C1/2-T0-1104+P MF7C1/2-T0-2433-F PF4-4-280=802-K PF7+7-280=7802-K UPM-45
N707	2100-2184		NEBISTON-TAMA LOK JOK CC TOP-ADJ 1-TAN Redistor Jojk 12 .5W P Tobs-100	0379J 0299g	UPM-45 MF7C1/2-T0-3033-F
V701	1921-0041 1200-0086		TUDE-ELECTRUN 7495 TRIDOK	0198A	7495
- A800	00018-0000		BUCHET-TUBE B-CUNT ER-OS DIP-BLOR BUAND ABBEHBLY, 0,3V REGULATUR	34480	133+69+11+026 00618+60104
CR801 CH803 CR803 CR804 CR804 CR804	1901-0418 1903-0080 1901-0080 1901-0086 1901-0086	ł	DIGDE-PWW RECT 400V 1.8A Digde-Enitching 60V 200MA Eng 00-7 Digde-Enitching 60V 200MA Eng 00-7 Digde-MV Rect 1NV 500MA D0-20 Digde-MV Rect 1NV 500MA D0-20	02038 28480 28480 02710 02710	BR1846-12 1901-0050 1963-0050 MP496 MP496

See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Section VI

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Table 6-2.	Rep	olaceab	le Parts	

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
F801	2110-0304	1	FUBE 1.84 2504 SLO-BLO 1.25%,35 UL IEC	04483	MDX-1-1/2A
Mpaga Mpaga	110-0269		PUSEMOLDER-CLIP TYPE _190-PUSE Pusemolder-CLIP Type _380-Puse	28480 28480	2110-0269 2110-0269
8801 8802	1293-0224	1	NGT ABBIENED TRANSISTOR PHP BI TO-39 POSIN PTSISHHI	0198A	2N5415
R801 R802 R803	2100=0308 0690=2741 0687=2221		REGISTOR-VAR CONTROL MM 2 10% LIN Registor 270% 10% 10% CC TC#0+882 Registor 2.2% 10% .9% CC TC#0+847	0346J 01608 01608	AW 882741 882741
ANDOT	1982-3129	1	DIGGE-2NR 7.59 EX DG-7 POR.44 TC++.058	02236	F27448
A900	00618-6077		BOARD ABBEMBLY, MODULATOR	20480	00613-6077
C119 C122 C127 C126 C129		5	CAPACITON-FXD .01UF +=1X 300VDC HICA0+70 CAPACITON-FXD 37PF +=5X 300VDC CAPACITON-FXD 370FF +=5X 300VDC HICA CAPACITON-FXD 37PF +=5X 500VDC HICA CAPACITON-FXD 270FF +=5X 500VDC HICA +FACTORY SELECTED PART	28480 38480 72136 38480 72136 72136	0160-8120 0160-8306 DM16F271JC600WV1CR 0160-8306 DM15F271J0500WV1CR
C130 C131 C138 C138 C138 C134	C140=0108 C160=8320 C140=0206 C140=0206 C140=0206 C140=0206		CAPACITOR-PXD 4708PF +-13% 308VUC MICA CAPACITOR-PXD .01UF +-1% 308VUC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 370FF +-5% 508VUC MICA CAPACITOR-PXD 100FF +-5% 508VUC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-PXD 470FF +-5% 508VUC MICA	72136 28480 72136 28480 72136	0m20f478x0300m42CR 0140=8104 DM34871J6800m42CR DM34871J6800m42CR
CSAD	0190-5504		CAPACITOR-PXD 180PP +-BE 300VDC NICA8+70	28480	0160-2204
<b>CR101</b> CR102 L101 R134 <sup>11</sup>	1901=0029 1901=0096 6188-60A 0690-3321	, <b>1</b> 1 1	DIGCE <b>»PHR RECT 6009 780MA DO-29</b> Digce <b>strictives isov 30MA 180MB</b> Coll, RF ,350 MH Resistor 3,3K 10% 1W CC TC=0+647	0871C 28480 28480 0160G	MP446 1901-0096 6180-60A 603321
R144 R145 R145 R140 R140 R150	D690-1221 D693-1031 C490-1841 G490-1841 G490-1841 G490-1841	5 5 3 1	FACTORY SELECTED PART MESIBYON 1.2K 10% 10 CC TEBG0007 MESIBYON 1.2K 10% 10% CC TEBG0007 MESIBYON 10% 10% 10% CC TEBG0008 MESIBYON 200% 10% 10% CC TEBG008 MEBIBYON 300% 10% 10% CC TEBG082		GB1221 HB1031 GB1941 GB2641 GB2641
R191 A198 A198 A198 A198 A198	0490-2221 0490-2225 0490-2751 0490-4761 0490-4791	- 3 - 5	RESISTON B.BX 303 3M CC TC=000847 RESISTON B.BX 303 3M CC TC=000847 RESISTOR 470K 103 1M CC TC=00838 RESISTOR 470K 103 1M CC TC=00888 *FACTORY BELECTED PART	01606 01608 01608 01609	602831 602231 GRA741 984741
R195 R157 R160 R161 R162	0498-4731 6490-2221 9493-3331 9493-3331 9493-3331 9490-1951	4	REGISTOR ATK 181 1W CC 70004765 REGISTOR 2.24 103 1W CC 7000647 REGISTOR 334 103 2W CC 7000647 REGISTOR 354 103 2W CC 7000465 REGISTOR 34 103 2W CC 7000465	01405 01465 01405 01405 01405	404731 602021 H03331 901091
Alge	0490-4731		RESISTOR 47% 105 1W CC TC00+765 "Pactory Beleted Part	01608	414731
R187 R188+	0490-4731 0490-1041	· •	RESISTOR ATH 101 LW CC TC+0+745 RESISTOR 100K 101 LW CC TC+0+852 +Facyony Silected Part	01408 01409	684731 981041
R120 R190 R191 R192 R192 R193	6490-4781 0490-1541 0490-1541 0490-8731 8490-4731	- 1 7	RESISTER 470% 10% 1W CC TC=0+888 RESISTER 180% 10% 1W CC TC=04888 RESISTER 180% 10% 1W CC TC=04888 RESISTER 47% 10% 1W CC TC=0+847 RESISTER 4,7% 10% 1W CC TC=0+847	01405 01405 01405 01405 01405	834741 801941 601841 634731 684731
R194 R195 R196 R196 R197 R198	0890-8731 0890-881 0893-3335 0890-1281 0890-1281 0890-1033	1	AEBIATOR 47% 10% 10% CC 7C#4+765 REBIATOR 4.8% 10% 10% CC 7C#4+765 REBIATOR 3.8% 10% 30% CC 7C#4+765 REBIATOR 1.8% 10% 30% CC 7C#4+765 REBIATOR 1.0% 10% 30% CC 7C#4+765	01408 01408 01409 01409 01409	GD4731 GD4831 491331 49193 491033
R207 R208 R326 R327 R327 R328	0490-3821 9490-8331 0757-0309 8757-0307 0757-0383		REGISTER S.&K 10% 1W CC TENG+647 REGISTER SEK 10% 1W CC TENG+748 REGISTER 61.9K 1% 1W CC TENG+160 REGISTER 34% 1% 1% 9W P TENG+100 REGISTER 34% 1% 3W P TENG+100	01409 01408 08998 08998 08998	GB3621 668831 HF7C1/2=70=6192=F HF7C1/2=70=5383=F HF7C1/2=70=3983=F
Atooo	00415-4075		SCARD ABSEMBLY, MODULATOR	28480	00618-6078
C102 C103# C104#	0140-8280 0340-0144 0140-0397	1	CAPACITOR=PXD .01UP +-1X 300VDC MICAO+70 Capacitor=pxo 470PP +=8x 300VDC MICA =pacitor=pxo 180PP ==8x 300VDC MICAO+70 =pacitor=pxD 180PP ==8x 300VDC MICAO+70 =pacitory Bilected Part	28485 72136 78136	DM72679970300MA726 CM72641790300MA726 DT90-5730
C105 C106 C107 C108 C107	0160-2216 9160-2226 0160-2226 0160-2216 0160-2493 0160-2216	3	CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF ++8% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-1% 300VDC WICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 2200PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 3000PF +-5% 300VDC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28460 28460	C160-2218 0160-2218 C160-2228 C160-2228 0160-22493 0160-2218

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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number	
C110 C111 C112 C113 C113 C114	0140-2180 0140-2204 0149-0140 0140-0204 0140-0204 0140-0141	1	CAPACITOR-PHD .01UP +-1X 3GGVDC MICAG+70 CAPACITOR-PHD 100PP +-8% 3GGVDC MICAG+70 CAPACITOR-PHD 34PP +-8% 3GGVDC MICAG+70 CAPACITOR-PHD 34PP +-1% 3GGVDC CAPACITOR-PHD 54PP +-5% 3GGVDC	28480 28480 78136 78136 78136	0140-2120 0140-2204 DM192390J0300W12R DM19239040500W12R DM192540J0300W12R	
C116 C117 C110 C120 C121	0140-2304 0140-2204 0140-0204 0150-0071 0150-2220	1	CAPACITON-FXD B7PP +-SX 300VDC Capaciton-FXD 100PP +-SX 300VDC HICA0+70 Capaciton-FXD 870PP +-SX 300VDC HICA Capaciton-FXD 800PP +-SX 14VOC CIR Capacitor-FXD ,01UP +-1X 300VDC HICA0+70	28480 28480 78136 28480 28480	0140-2304 0140-2304 DM35271J2600W91CR 0180-2120 0140-2120	
C124 C125 C126 2142	0140-2120 0140-2120 0148-0157 0348-0599		CAPACITOR-PXD .810F 0-1% 300V0C MICA0070 CAPACITOR-FXD .010F 0-1% 300V0C MICA0070 CAPACITOR-FXD 1087PF 0-1% 300V0C MICA CAPACITOR-FXD .280F 0-10% 1.88V0C	28480 28480 72136 28480	0160-2120 0160-2120 DM20F1637AF0800441CA 0169-0595	
F101 F102 F103 F104 F104	0490-1251 0490-1251 0493-4731 0490-1251 0490-1251	1	RESISTON 1.2" 10% 1W CC TC=0+1000 RESISTON 1.2" 10% 1W CC TC=0+1000 RESISTON 1.2" 10% 2W CC TC=0+745 RESISTON 1.2" 10% 1W CC TC=0+745 RESISTON 47% 10% 1W CC TC=0+745	01408 01408 01408 01408 01409 01409	401251 G01251 H04731 601281 G84733	
R100 R107 R108 R108 R109 R109	0499-1041 0493-2731 0490-4741 0490-4741 0490-4731	2	RESISTER LEGK LEG IN CC TENGAAAA RESISTER BYN LEG BW CC TENGAAAA RESISTER AFGK LEG IN CC TENGAAA RESISTER LEGK LEGK IN CC TENGAAAA RESISTER AFM LEG IN CC TENGAAAA RESISTER AFM LEG IN CC TENGAAAA	01408 01408 01408 01408 01409	681641 H82731 G84741 G81641 G84731	
R115 R116 R116 R119 R110 R110	0840-1091 J847-8811 0841-1831 087J-1031 087J-1031 0840-4721	-1	RESISTEN 1º 10% 1º CC TC=Q+1400 RESISTEN SEG 10% 1º CC TC=Q+140 RESISTEN 10% 10% 1º CC TC=0+745 RESISTEN 10% 10% 2º C TC=0+745 RESISTEN 4,7% 10% 1º CC TC=Q+447	01408 01408 01408 01408 01408	691051 GBA811 HB1831 HB1833 584721	
h1#1 h1#2 R1#3 R1#4 R1#5	0490-2721 0493-2731 0490-4733 0490-4733 0490-1221 0490-4743	•	REBISTON 2.7K 10% 1W CC TC#0+447 REBISTON 27K 10% 2W CC TC#0+745 REBISTON 47K 10% 2W CC TC#0+745 REBISTON 1.2% 10% 1W CC TC#0+447 REBISTON 474% 10% 1W CC TC#0+447	01408 01408 01408 01408 01408	002721 HB2731 G04731 G01221 804741	
P126 2127 P128 P129 P129 P130	0490-1631 0490-1631 0490-1831 0490-1831 0490-1331 0490-1331		REBISYON BOX LOX LW CC TCHO+745 REBISYON 10X LOX LW CC TCH0+745 REBISYON 10X LOX LW CC TCH0+47	01608 01608 01608 01608	681031 681031 681351 691031 981231	
R131 R132 R135 R135 R137 R130	0490-2741 0490-1281 0493-3331 0490-2711 0490-2711		RESISTER BYON 10X 1W CC TCROOBE RESISTOR 1.2W 10X 1W CC TCROOFEE RESISTOR 35K 10X 2W CC TCROOFEE RESISTOR 370 10X 1W CC TCROOFEE RESISTOR 10K 10X 2W CC TCROOFEE	01808 01808 01868 01868 01808	682741 681281 H93331 682711 H91031	
R139 R140 R142 R142 R143	0493-1031 0493-1031 0490-1091 0490-1591 0490-1291		REBIETOR LOK LOK ZW CC TC=0+7AU REBIETOR LOK LOK ZW CC TC=0+7AU REBIETOR LOOK LOK LW CC TC=0+7AU REBIETOR LOOK LOK LW CC TC=0+8AU REBIETOR LOK LOK LW CC TC=0+8AU	01808 01808 01808 01808 01808	HB1031 HB1031 GB1041 GB1841 GB1841	
R146 R189 R199	0490-1291 0490-1011 0490-1231	1	NYBIAYAN JAK JAK IW CC YCNO+882 NYBIAYAN JAG JAK IW CC YCNO+882 NYBIAYAN J <sub>6</sub> 2K Jak IW CC YCNO+847	01808 01808 01809	GB1841 GB1011 GB1881	
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Table 6-2 Replaceable Parts

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Section VI

#### Tahle 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qt/	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
CHASSIS PARTS					
D1	3140-0092	1	MOTOR-AC IND SHADED-P 1184 3490-RPM	28480	3146+0092
C101 C118 C133 C133 C135 C135	0160-0081 6160-0099 0160-0081 0160-0087 0160-087	3	CAPACITOR-FXD .200F +-10X IXVDC PPR CAPACITOR-FXD .10F +-10X IXVDC PPR CAPACITOR-FXD .200F10X IXVDC PPR CAPACITOR-FXD .50F +-10X 600VDC PPR CAPACITOR-FXD .250F +-10X 1.5XVDC	0420J 042CJ 0420J 0420J 0420J 8480	CP898126294X 407136 CP898126354K P3047208X 0160=0595
6137 6141 6143 6144 6144	0140-0084 0140-0081 0170-0038 0180-0049 0170-0038	1	CAPACITOR-PXD .1UF/1UF +P0=10% 1XVOC CAPACITOR-PXO .33UF +=10% 1XVOC PR CAPACITOR-PXO .23UF +=10% 200V0C POLYE CAPACITOR-PXO 20UF +910% 20UC AL CAPACITOR-PXO .23UF +=10% 20090C POLYE	0426J 0420J 28480 0426J 28480 28480	407126 CPRESIEREAK 0170-0038 302068050CCR 0170-0038
C368 C363 C365 C403 C404	0180=0024 0180=0024 0180=0022 0180=0042 0180=0042		CAPACITON-PXD 40UP+B0-10X 480VDC AL CAPACITON-PXD 40UP+B0-10X 430VDC AL CAPACITON-PXD 40UP+B0-10X 430VDC AL CAPACITON-PXD 120UF+TB-10X 136VDC AL CAPACITON-PXD 120UF+TB-10X 350VDC AL	28480 28480 28480 88480 88480 28480	0180-0024 0180-0024 0180-0024 0180-0024 0180-0042 0180-0042
C407 C408 C409 C503 C504	0160-0675 0180-0042 0180-0042 0180-0042 0180-0024 0180-0024	3	CAPACITOR-PXD AUP +-LGB INVDC NET-POLYE Capacitor-PXD 1800P+79-108 3504DC AL Capacitor-PXD 1800P+75-108 3504DC AL Capacitor-PXD 400P+55-108 4504DC AL Capacitor-PXD 400P+50-108 4504DC AL	28450 28450 28460 28480 28480 88480	0160=0675 0180=0042 0180=0042 0180=0024 0180=0024
CE08 CE09 C603 C782	0140-0475 0140-0475 0140-0138 0140-02845	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 4UP +-16% 1840C MEY-YOLYE Capacitor-FXD 4UP +-16% 1840C MEY-POLYE Capacitor-FXD 2800UF+86-10% 3040C AL Capacitor-FXD _01UF +-26% 3840C CER	28480 28480 28480 28480	0140-0475 0140-0475 0160-0138 0360-0245
CR103 CR403	1991-0030 00618-628	1	DIGDELPHR RECT BOGY GOGMA DOLAR Detector Abbenbly, Bolgneter	0271C 28480	MP405 00810-820
0840	2140-0244		LAMP-SLOW ALM ISS/IGSVDC 1.2MA T-2-BULD	-20440	2140-0244
F101	2110-0C20		PUSE 3A STOV SLOWSLO 1, 354,35 UL	04700	313003
F191	#110-033#		(FOR 115V OPERATION) Fube 1.44.350V-8LO-8LO 1.25%,25 UL IEC (FOR 250V OPERATION)	04483	MDX: 3-6/10
1	2115-0470 1400-0090 2110-0465 2810-0465		PUSINGLDER-EXTR POST SOA 300V UL/IEC Washeriausser 5/0° od Pusemgldir-Extr Post Ul/IEC .84%1.85Puse Hut, Hex Single Champer 1/2-28 Thread	0470C 0000J 80460 7841E	34863-010 080 8119-0445 403-070
FL301	9100-314B	1	PILTER- NFI	28480	9100-3142
J101 J102 J103 J104 J105	6188-167 6188-16U 6188-16U 6188-169 1880-0144		CABLE, BYNC IM Cable, Bync dut Cable, Ext Mod Cable, Delayed Bync gut Cable, Delayed Bync gut Connector-RP n Fem Bol Hole Pr	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	6188-167 6189-160 6189-160 6189-160 189-169 1892-169
ji04 J301 J303	5350-0144 1351-0148 1351-1036	L L	CONNECTOR-AF N FEN SEL HOLE PR Connector-Ac Par HP-S Male FLS-MTS Connector 7-Pin F Mexasonal	38480 09995 09996	1280-0144 ACIG M78
LIDE	+170-002+		CORE-SHIELDING BEAD	01888	58=840=68A2/8A
H101	1120-1277	1	METERAG-181 MA	88480	1220-1277
P302	1851-0194		CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 19-CONT/RON 1-ROW	03390	P1=6915=1113+00
01 R111	1453-0292 2100-0099		TRANSISTOR PHP SI TO-3 PDUSSON PTRANKE Revar comp 3x1 megghm 102 lin 2m	20480 22480	1653-0252 2100-0059
R112 R313	2100-0024 2100-0024 2100-0024	5	REFISTOR-VAN CONTROL CC SSOR 103 LIN Resistor-Van Control CC RSor 103 Lin	02568.	390 290 1100-00#4
R114 R117	2100-0028	3	H.B.R. PART OF MILL Resistor-var control CC 1.5K 10% LIN	02268	340CE-2+1/4H-1901-K
R133 R136	2100-0025 2100-0047		REDIBTOR-VAR CONTROL CC 1.3K 10% LIN Redibtor-var control CC 1m 20% Locm	02988 02988	300 20055-5-7\0x-7801-x
R147 R156 R158	8100-0085 8100-9051		N.S.R. PART OF RILL AND RILL, Redistor-var control CC 1.5% iox Lin Redistor-var control CC 20% iox Lin Redistor-var control CC 20% iox 1000	03903 03900	380C2-2-1/4X-1801-K 380
A168 A169 M370 A171 A172	2100-0047 C4PC-1041 2100-0026 C4P3-1531 C4P3-4231	1	RESISTOR-VAN CONTROL CC IM 202 10CW RESISTOR-VAN CONTROL CC IM 202 10CW RESISTOR-VAR CONTROL CC 004 102 LIN RESISTOR-VAR CONTROL CC 004 103 LIN RESISTOR 224 102 20 CC TC007705 RESISTOR 224 102 20 CC TC007705	02980 01600 02980 01600 01600	380 881041 380 H81831 H80231
R173 R174 R175 R176 R176	2100-0028 2100-0127 2100-0028 6493-4721 6493-4721	1	REBISTOR-VAN CONTROL CC BOX 10% LIN Revar 106m chm 10% gw Registor-Var Comtrol CC Box 10% Lin Registor 4,7% 10% 2m CC Tom4-647 Registor 4,7% 10% 2m CC Tom4-647	02565 28480 02555 01605 01605	380 3100-0127 360 MBA721 MBA721
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Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
R178 R244 R205 R204 R311	2100-0038 0657-1011 0606-1221 9757-0815 8657-3261		RESISTOR-VAR CONTROL CC SON 10% LIN MESISTOR 100 10% SW CC TCUSHES RESISTOR 1.2% NOK CC TCUSHES RESISTOR 3.2% NOK CC TCUSHES RESISTOR SEE 1% SW P TCOSH-100 RESISTOR 22W 10% SW CC TCR841059		300 601011 601221 NP7C1/2-70-362R-F 60261
R376 R423 R422 R435 R435 R435	0787-0183 0887-4741 0887-4741 0887-4741 0887-4741 0887-4741		RESISTER 34.6K [X ,1284 P TCm0+100 RESISTER 470K 108 .5W CC TCm0+852 RESISTER 470K 101 .5W CC TCm0+852 RESISTER 470K 101 .5W CC TCm0+852 RESISTER 470K 101 .5W CC TCm0+852	01403 01406 01406 01406 01406 01466	CC (3474 <u>)</u> E8474 <u>1</u> E8474 <u>1</u> E8474 <u>1</u>
A016 A017 A027 A020 R021 A022	0761-0099 0761-0099 0757-0676 0757-0139 0757-0139	2	NEGLATOR 430% BE 10 MG TERA-206 Reglator 430% BE 10 MG TERA-206 Reglator 430% IR .50 P Tera-206 Reglator 1.14 IR .50 P Tera-206 Reglator 1.14 IR .50 P Tera-206	03418 03418 02942 02942 02942	F#-32 FF-32 MF7C1/2-70-6393-F MF7C1/2-70-1104-F MF7C1/2-70-1104-F
4923 A924 A124 A129 A126 A127 A127	2100-0445 9757-0133 9757-0094 9757-0094 949-3240	· 1 3	ABBISTOR-VAR CONTROL CC IN 20% LIN Resistor 303x 13 .5W P 7080+-100 Resistor 31 15 .5W P 7080+-100 Resistor 11 15 .5W P 7080+-100 Resistor 464x 15 .12W P 7080+-100 Mfactory Selected Part	88850 39950 39950 39950 39950 80400	380 #7721/8-70-3833-# #7763/8-70-3004-# #7763/8-70-3004-# EC
MT201 81 8191	0037-0086 3101-1375 6188-178		THERMISTOR DISC 19-DHM TER-3,9%/C-DEG Enitem-PB drot-DB Altne 10,54 25946 Buitem Abbembly, Mod	38480 0100H 28480	9839+0996 83-67280-122/A1H 6168-198
0102 0103 0300 Tt	00618-628 3102-0001 3101-0033 9100-1703		BHITCH AGGEMELY, HOD BHITCH-BENG OPDT BTD 194 BEGVAC BHITCH-BL DPDT-NG ATD 54 18544C/OC TRANSPORMERIPCHER	25450 01937 65558	0061 <b>0-620</b> 82-226 114-1007A 9100-1703
TB1	0360-0004		BARRIER BLOCK 11-TERM BINDLE BOLDER LUG	04800	334-17-11-001
4103 4103	1932-0045 1200-0005 1220-0007 1930-0015 1200-0017	1	TUBE-ELECTRON IBATT TRIGDE-GUAL Bockey-Tube 9-60AT Brieloftube Tube-Electron SALW Digoe-Dual Bockey-Tube 9-60AT BLOR-EVE	24972 04936 7174E -33173 04908	ECC 81 181-31-18-104 191-11-33-013(101) ALS 111-39-11-015
A104 A104	1932-0046 1220-009 1200-009 1932-0046 1200-0903 1220-0903 1229-0007	;	TUBE-ELECYRON 13AUT TRICDE-DUAL BHIELD-TUBE Socket-Tube f-cony Tube-Elecynon 12Aut Tricde-Dual Socket-Tube f-cony Shield-Tube	33173 7178E 04508 33173 04508 7178E	12407 131=11=23=012 121=21=12=104 12407 121=21=12=104 121=21=12=104 121=21=23=012
ATCP ATCP ATCB	1932-0046 1200-0008 1220-0009 1230-0009 1930-0013 1200-0017		TUBELECTRON 12AUT TRICOS-DUAL Bockey-Tube 4-cont Bwield-Tube Tubi-Electron Sale Diods-Dual Bocket-Tube 7-cont Slor-Eye	33173 04808 71788 33173 04508	18407 121=31=13=184 151=13=018 6418 111=39=11=018
470 <b>2</b>	1932-0046 1200-0063 1220-0069 1930-0013 1200-0013		TUBE-ELECTRON SALUT TRIGOE-DUAL Bocket-Tube f-Cont Byikd-Tube Tube-Electron Salu Diode-Dual Bocket-Tube f-Cont Blor-Eye	33173 04506 71762 33173 04506	134U7 121-31-12-104 151-11-33-012 04L5 112-39-11-018
ASTO ASTO	1932-0044 1200-0003 1220-0009 1941-0005 1200-0057		TUBE-ELECTRON 12AUT TARODE-DUAL Bocket-Tube T-Cont Emirlo-Tube Tube-Electron 2021 Thyratacn Jocket-Tube T-Cont Blor-Eye	33173 04500 71766 33173 04500	124-7 121-31-12-104 191-11-23-012 2021 111-29-11-018
¥233 ¥234		ан <b>В</b> .	TUBE-BLECTRON 18AU7 TRIODE-DUAL Bocket-Tube f-Cont Bnicld-Dube Rlectrow Jube, 6kk 1810 klystron (For 6180 chly)	33173 04506 7178g 28480	' 44U7 _J1=51=12=104 151=11=23=012 6188=956
¥134 ¥158	620A=99C 1932=0046 1200=0063		ELECTRON TUBE, OKK 1315 KLYSTRON (708 6808 Only) Tube-Electron 12auy Triod2-dual Acchet-Tube 9-cont	28480 -33173 04806	620A+4#C 124U7 121-21-12-104
6208 MISC. ONLY	1220-000*		CHIELD-TUBE	7174 <u>8</u>	191-11-23-018
	00620-60039 620A-3488	L L	BUARD ABBEMBLY, REDISTUR Attenuator Abbembly	38480 26480	86084-056038
	00420-433 90420-424		ATTENDATOR ABBENGLY Bolometer Abbengly Probe Abbengly, Bample	28480 28480 28480	620A=1400 00620=623 00620=624
518C MISC. ONLY	6168-27 6383-3488 6188-38 6188-38 6188-368	1	FILTER, W.F. Aytonuator Assembly Drive Assembly, Attenuator Filter, Repeller Assembly	28480 26480 26480 28480 28480	6188-27 6188-34AA 6188-358 6188-35AK
	6160-36AP	8	CAPACIYOR/ATTENUATOR HOUBING	26480	6188-36AP

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#### Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
-	6148-368C 6148-47C 6148-408 CC618-024 CC618-622		PLUNGER ABBEMBLY GPACER, DIAL WINDOW Cover, pred Dial Bracket, modulator Poye Control Abbembly, freq.	28880 28880 28880 28880 28880 28880	6148-368C 6148-47C 8188-408 05618-624 06618-624
	00618-683 00618-640 00618-6010%		BOLOMETER ABBEMBLY Proee Abbenbly, Bample Board Abbembly, Tracking Redistor	28480 28480 28480	00618-683 . 66618-640 60618-60198
618C/620B MISC.	1251-0194 1251-0234 1251-1036 1251-1037 6168-928	8 1 8 1	CONNECTOR-PC ED8E 15-CONT/ROW 1-ROW Connector-PC ED8E 6-Cont/Row 1-Row Connector 7-PIN P Meraéonal Connector 7-PIN P Meraéonal Contector 7-PIN M Meraéonal Cover, Bocket Housing	03390 03390 05088 05088 29480	91=6915=1113=00 91=6906=8500=00 M78 M7P 6108=826
51	CC614-688 6188-60P 6188-52 6188-40M 6188-40M		DEFECTOR ABBENBLY, BOLOMETER DIAL, PREGUENCY VERNIER Bochet Abbenbly DIAL Abbenbly, Pulbe Width DIAL Abbenbly, Pulbe Rate	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	DG618-625 6188-60P 4189-83 6188-840M 6188-809
	6180-407 6180-40C 6180-402 0340-0020 0379-0028	1	DIAL ASSEMBLY, PULSE DELAY DIAL, ATTENUATOR DIAL, POMER SET Standoffering .75LB 6-32thg .375CD Sttt Hnobbrgund Black 1" DIA	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	6168-407 6188-402 6188-402 0180-4020 0370-0020 0370-0020
	0370-0029 0370-0035 0370-0038 0370-0038 0370-0050 00618-624	1	NAGBŞELACK WAARADW 14 DIA 1/4" SHAPY Kagelenirted bar 1" dia Madelecark 1=5/8" dia Pulser Assembly	88480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0370-0024 0378-0038 0370-0038 0370-0050 03018-024
	1200-0083 1200-0082 1200-0082 1200-0083 8020-0234	8 2	SOCKET-TUBE T-CONT DIP-BLDR Socket-Tube f-Cont Dip-BlDR Socket-Tube f-Cont Dip-BlDR Socket-Tube T-Cont Dip-BlDR Hub, Dial	04508 04508 04508 04508 04508 24480	111-81-11-044 121-81-11-940 121-81-11-040 111-81-11-049 8080-0234
	5020-0278 5040-0210 6188-35 00618-6077 00618-6078	1	GEAR, CPPEET TOOTH Mindow, Dial Attenuator Mrench, Bocket Board Assembly, Modulator Bgard Assembly, Modulator	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	9022-0278 5980-0226 6189-30 90618-677 99618-6078
	00618-638 00618-638 8120-1376 1291-8387 00618-00077	1	CABINET ABREMBLY RACK CABINET ABBENBLY Cable Abby Ibang B-cndct Jek-Jnt .25-00 Connecton-Ac PNR MP-Ф Rale Flg-MTB Bcreen, Cabinet	28480 28480 28480 05088 28480	00615-634 09610-538 8120-1378 88(-381 00618-00037
	7120-4162 7120-4163 7120-9087 00618-60107	- <b>3</b>	LABEL, WARNING-MAXARDOUS VOLTAGE"LARSE LABEL, WARNING-MAXARDOUS VOLTAGE"ANAL LABEL, WARNING-TO PREVENT ELECT, EMOCK- Voltage Divider Soand Assembly (Includer Ried-See,Rise,Rise Rist)	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	7120-4162 7120-4163 7120-8067 00618-60107
	6188-16L 00618-00078 0340-0878	1	CABLE, BHIGLDEO Bracket, 6.34 rebulator Ingulator-Xetr Thrm-Choct	28480 28480 28480	6188-164 00618-00075 0340-0875
				t.	
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See introduction to this section for ordering information

#### Section VI

Mfr Manufactu Gode	rer Name	Address	Zip Code
00000     U.S.A. COMMON       01000     U.S.A. COMMON       01004     ILLUMINATED PRODUCTS INC       01054     AEROVCK COPP       01065     AEROVCK COPP       01066     ALEM.BRADLEY CO       01067     ALEM.BRADLEY CO       01070     ALEM.BRADLEY CO       01070     ALEM.BRADLEY CO       01070     ARCA COMP BOLID BRATE DIV       01070     ARCA COMP BOLID BRATE DIV       01070     AIRCHILD BENICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS       01070     CAROSTAT MPG CO INC       01070     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       01070     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       01080     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       01080     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       01080     RATTHEON CO SPL U-WAYE DEVICES DIV       010800     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       010800     RATHEON CO SPL U-WAYE DEVICES DIV       010800     CLAROSTAT MPG CO INC       010800     RATHEON CO SPL U-WAYE DEVICES DIV       010800     CAROSTATA MPG CO INC       010900     CARNING GLASS MORMS (WILMINGTON)       010000		ANY SUPPLIER OF THE U.S. ANAMEIM CA NEW BEOFORD MA MIUMAUMEE MI BAUGENTIEB NY SOMENVILLE NJ PHOEMIX AZ MOUNTAIN VIEW CA BALA CYNMYD PA BALA CYNMYD PA BALA CYNMYD PA BALA CYNMYD PA BALA CYNMYD PA BALY NA DOVER NH MICHAVILLE NY MIMERAL WELLS TX BRADFORD PA ENGLEMOOD CLIFF NJ CHICAGO IL WILWINGTON NC PALC ALTO CA RIVENSIDE CA OWENSBORD NY BROMSVILLE IN NDRTH ADAMS MA ST LOUIS MO ELM GROUE VLGE IL WILLMANTIC CT HICHSVILLE LI NY NEFTURE NJ LES PLAINES IL OWVILLE CT HICAGO IL COLUMBUS FR	02741 19004 02154 07632 42301 06226 07753

#### Table 6-3. Code List of Manufacturers

# PARTS

LIST

#### APPENDIX I

#### ILLUSTRATED PARTS IDENTIFICATION

. . .

# MODELS 618C-620B

# SHF

# SIGNAL GENERATOR

1-1

Appendix I

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Parts List for Figure I-1

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5		See Figures 2 & 3 See Figure 4 See Figures 5, 6, 7 & 8 See Figure 9 See Figures 13, 14 & 15									
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Model 618C/620B

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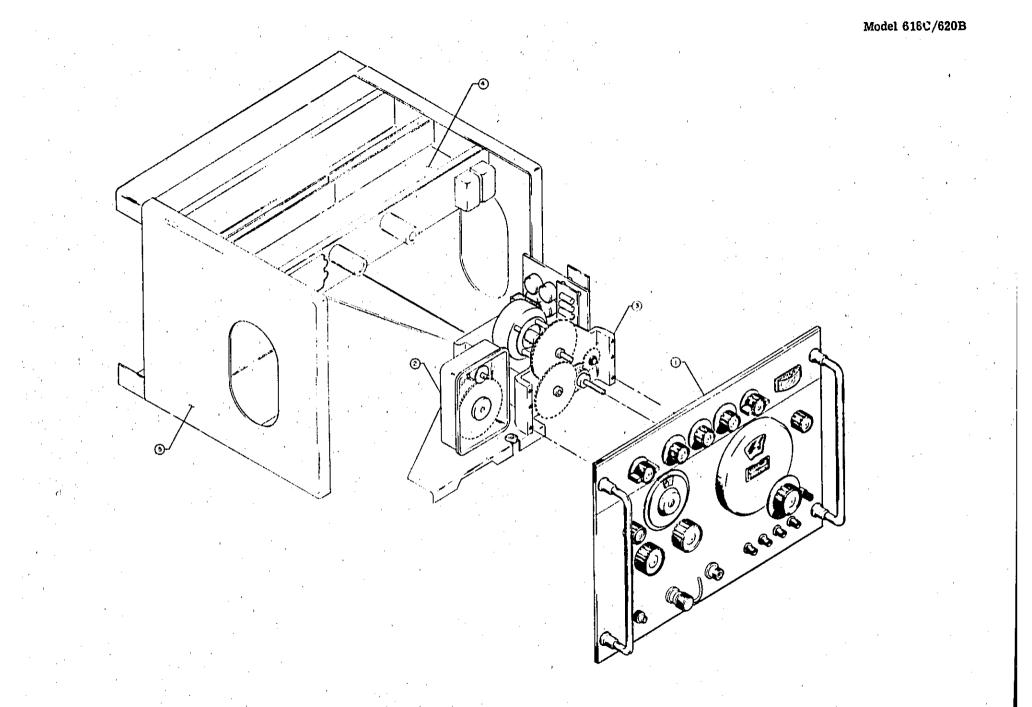


Figure I-1. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, General Arrangement

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Appendix I

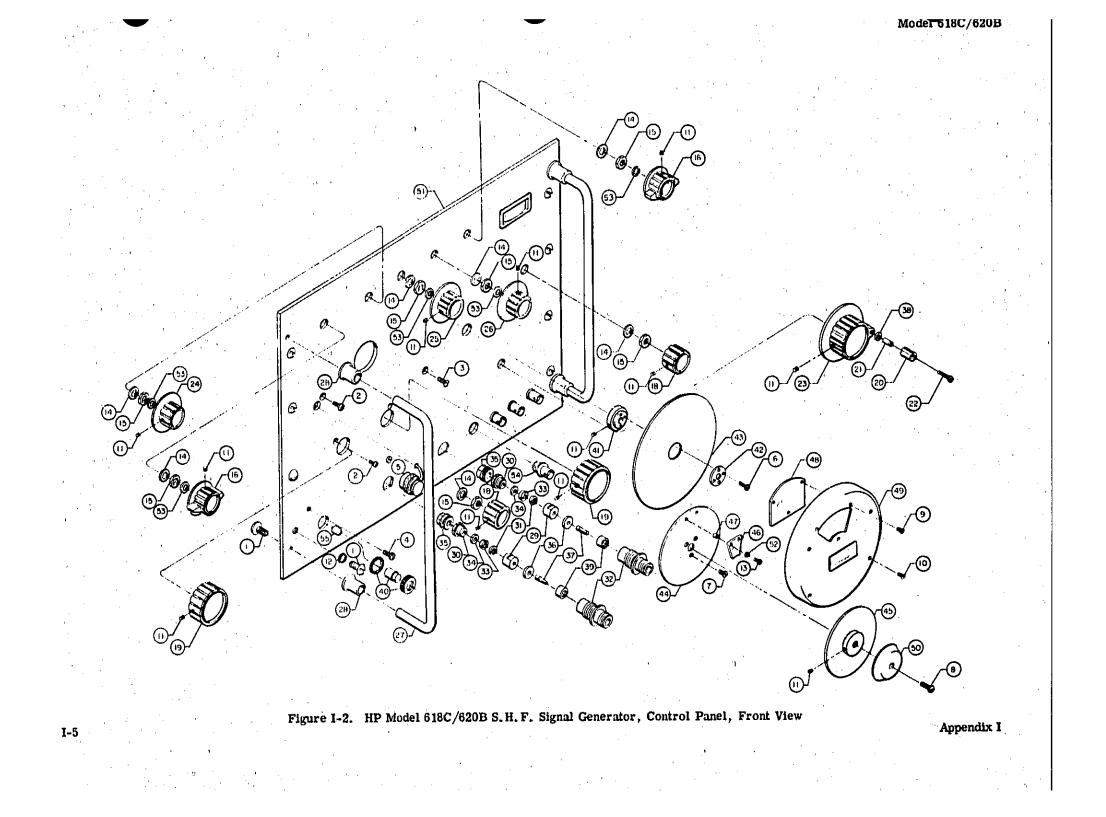
Appendix I

#### Parts List for Figure I-2

REF.	STOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION ,	QTY.	_ [	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	2990-0002	Screw, Truss head ss,	. 17	15	2950-0001	Nut, 1/2 in. wide,	7	· [	35	1250-0147	Nut, Connector	2
_		10-24 thd, 1/2 in. lg		1.0	0000 0005	3/8-32 thd, br	2		36 37	1250-0148 1250-0017	Washer, Insulating Contact, Female	2
2	2530-0003	Screw, Flat head ss,	4	16	0370-0035	Knob, 1 in. dia blk, 1/4 in. shaft, w/arrow	<b>4</b>		38	3050-0016	Washer, no. 6, 9/32 in.	1
•	2020-0004	8-32 thd, 1/2 in. lg	1	17	1 ·	Not assigned			00	5050-0010	od, nickel pl brass	
3	2930-0004	Screw, Flat head ss, 10-24 thd, 1/2 in. lg	<b>Å</b> .	18	0370-0029	Knob, 1 in. dia blk,	2		39	5040-0214	Bead A (618C)	2
4	2550-0009	Screw, Bind. head, ss,	3	10	0010-0025	1/4 in. shaft, w/arrow	i - I			5040-0215	Bead C (620B) (signal	1
7	2330-0008	with ext lock, 8/32 thd,	l ĭ l	19	0370-0038	Knob, $1-5/8$ in. dia blk,	2		1		side)	l
		1/2 in. lg				1/4 in. shaft			40	3101-1248	Switch, Push	1
5	08614-626	Cap Assy, RF Conn	1	20	0370-0050	Knob, 3/8 in. dia blk,	1	· 1	41	5020-0234	Hub, Dial 1 in. dia	1
6	2370-0001	Screw, Flat head ss,	4		1	crank handle			42	61B-40D-4	Plate, Freq dial	1
	· · · ·	6-32 thd, 1/4 in. lg	I I	21	1410-0033	Bushing, Knob 0.219 od,	1		43	00618-	Blank Dial, Freq	1
7	2210-0002	Screw, Flat head ss,	3			0, 140 id	1 1			00076		1
		4-40 thd, 1/4 in. lg		22	2410-0001	Screw, Oval Phillips,	1			618B-40E	Dial, Power set	1
· 8	2550-0007	Screw, Bind. head ss,	1			6-32 thd, 5/8 in. lg		· [	45	618B-40C	Dial, Attenuator (618C)	1
ана на 1		with ext lock, 8-32 thd,		23	618B-40P	Dial Assy, Vernier	1		40'	620A-40A	Dial, Atten. (620B)	1
		3/8 in. lg		24	618B-40H	Dial, Pulse width	1		46	5040-0216	Indicator, Dial marked atten	1
9	0520-0025	Screw, Round head ss,	· 2	25	618B-40F	Dial, Pulse delay	1		47	618B-47C	Spacer, Window	2
10	0000 0010	2-56 thd, 1/8 in. Ig		26	618B-40G	Dial, Pulse rate	1 2			61B-40D-1	Window, Dial (618C)	
10	2200-0010	Screw, Round head ss,	4	27 28	618B-3E 61B-3AT	Handle, Panel Ferrule, Panel handle	4		-10	620A-40B	Window, Dial (620B)	1
	3030-0001	4-40 thd, 3/4 in. lg	. 24	20	1250-0141	Body, Clamp	2		49	00618-	Cover, Dial	i
11	3030-0001	Screw, Allen dr set, 8-32 thd, $3/16$ in. lg	. 49	30	1250-0141	Nut, Clamp	2			00072		1
12	3050-0032	Washer, 5/16 in. od,	13	31	1250-0142	Washer, Shouldered	2		50	5001-0107	Cover, Attenuator dial	1
	0000-0002	0. 190 in. id, brass	1.0	32	1250-0144	Body, Connector	2		51		Panel, Front	1 1
13	0520-0015	Screw, Round head,	2	33	1250-0145	Gasket, V groove	2			00073		· .
		2-56 thd, 5/16 in. lg		34	1250-0146	Washer, Flat	2			00618-	Panel, Front (rack mtg)	1
14	2190-0016	Washer, Int lock,	7				!!			00074		
		1/2 in. od							52	2190-0014	Washer, Int lock $1/2$ in.	2
											od	1 _ ·
									53	3050-0017	Washer, 3/8 in. od,	5
	1				<b>.</b>				= +	610D 100	0,26 in. id, bronze	
					1				54	618B-16S- T-U-V	Cable Assy	4
!						· · ·			55	2140-0244	Lamp Clout	1
			1 1		1				00	2170-V244	Lamp, Glow	1
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Model 618C/620B



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#### Appendix I

#### Parts List for Figure I-3

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1 2	5020-0319 1410-0003	Shaft, 1/4 in. ss, 1–3/16 in. lg Bushing, Threaded	5	5	3030-0001 5020-0318	Screw, Allen dr set 8-32 thd, 3/16 in. lg Shaft	10 5	10	2190-0016 2100-0047	Washer, Int lock 1/2 in. od Resistor, Variable	2
3	5000-0206	3/8-32, 1/2 in. lg Washer, Spring 9/16 in. dia	5	7	2950-0042 2190-0051	Nut, 1 in. wide, 3/4-20 thd, br Washer, Int lock 1 in. od	2	12 13	3101-1395 2280-0012	Switch, Push Screw, Round head, 4-40 thd, 3/4 in. lg	2 1 2
4	5020-0238	Head Coupler 3/4 in. dia	5	9	618B-16S- T-U-V	Cable Assy	4	14	1120-1277	Meter	1
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Model 618C/620B

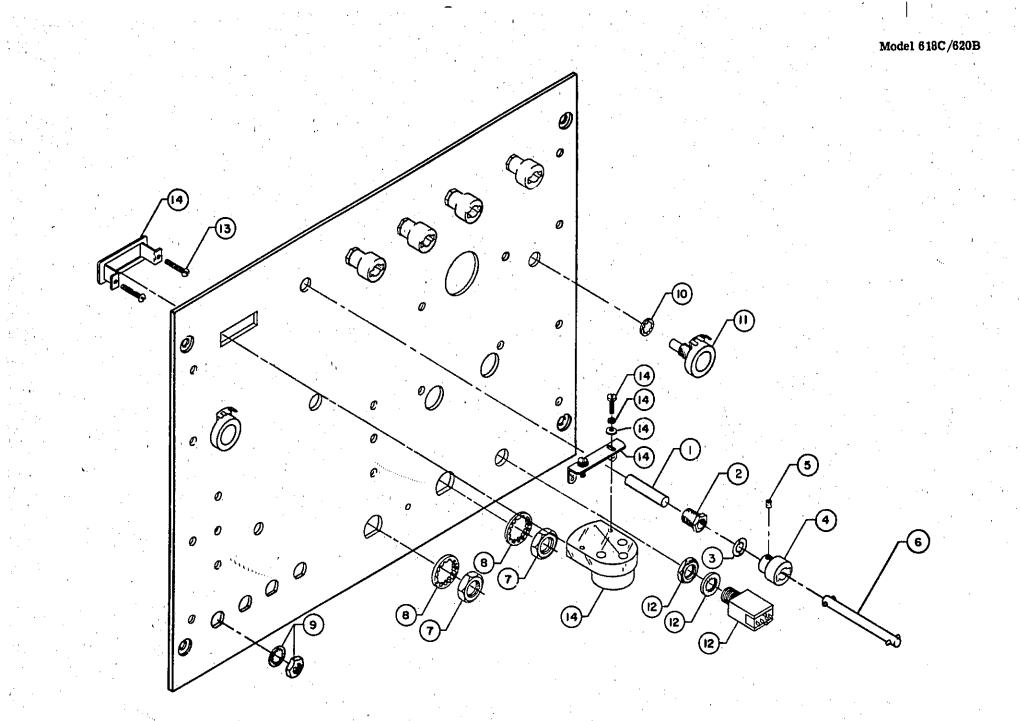


Figure I-3. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Control Panel, Rear View

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Appendix I

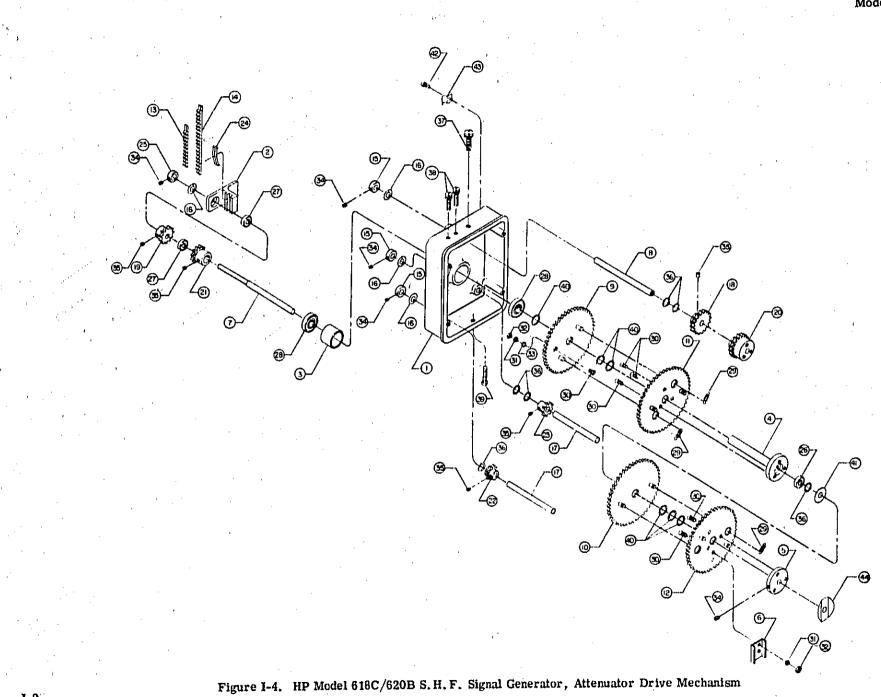
Appendix I

Model 618C/620B

# Parts List for Figure I-4

	-	, ,			, Part	s List for Figure I-4				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	STOCK NO. \$18B-35A 618B-35B 618B-35B 618B-35E 618B-35G 618B-35H 618B-35H 618B-35H 618B-35K 618B-35K 618B-35F -S 618B-35P -S 618B-35P -L 5020-0233 5000-0206 5020-0256 618B-35R 618B-35R	DESCRIPTION Housing Guide, Rack Spacer, Bearing Tube, Drive Hub, Gear Bracket, Gear Shaft, Monitor Shaft, Attenuator Gear, Idler Gear, Idler Gear, Idler Gear, Jriven Gear, Rack Gear, Rack Collar, 1/4 in. shaft 1/2 in. dia Washer, Spring, 9/16 in. dia Shaft Gear, Attenuator dial Gear, Monitor	QTY. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 21 22			QTY. 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 9 3 3 1 13	35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	STOCK NO. 3030-0007 3050-0017 2550-0007 2420-0001 2380-0004 3050-0106 3050-0074 3030-0003 1400-0015 3050-0025	DESCRIPTION Screw, Allen dr set 4-40 thd, 1/8 in. lg Washer, 3/8 in. od 0.26 in. id, bronze Screw, Bind. head ss, 8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg, $\forall$ / ext lock Screw, Bind. head ss, 6-32 thd, 5/16 in. lg, $\forall$ / ext lock Screw, Fil head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/4 in. lg Washer, Brass .48 od, .338 id Washer, Be Cu .75 od .255 id Screw, Allen dr cap 6/32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Clamp, Cable 1/4 in. dia, steel Washer, Be Cu 1.25 od, .2812 id	

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Appendix I

' Appendix I

#### Parts List for Figure 1-5

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
		Conseiler Erd nanor	1	34	1250-0005	Nut, Connector	1	62	618B-68A	Ring, Seating	1
1	0160-0088	Capacitor, Fxd paper 0.25 uf 10% 1.5K vdcw		35	1250-0006	Washer, Connector	1	63	1250-0146	Washer, Flat	1 1
2	1400-0525	Bracket, Mtg footed	2	36	1250-0007	Gasket, Connector	1	64	1250-0147	Nut, Retainer	1
2	1400-0525	Bracket, Mig Iooleu		37	1250-0008	Clamp, Connector	<b>i</b>	65	1250-0148	Washer, Insulating	1 1
3	1410-0009	Bearing, Ball .75 od .25 bore	2	38	1250-0141	Clamping Body, RF connector	1	66	1950-0004	Klystron	1
4	1460-0048	Spring, Extension .688	4	39	1250-0142	Nut, Clamp	1	68	620A-90C	Nut, Tube collet	1
	1100 0010			40	620A-34A	Stop, Attenuator	1	69	2360-0018	Screw, Round head ss	5
5	2100-0127	Resistor, Variable 100K			-1			1		6-32 thd, 1-1/2 in. lg	
•	2100 0101	ohms 10%, 8w	· ~	41	620A-28C	Stop, Plunger	1	70	2190-0007	Washer, Int lock for	7
6		Switch, SPDT		42	618B-3A	Clamp, Guide	1			no. 6 screw	
7		Lever, Switch actuator		43	618B-35B	Guide, Rack	1	71	3050-0066	Washer, 3/8 in. od	20
8	5020-0233	Collar, 1/4 in. shaft	2	44	620A-91A	Spring, Rack load	1			0.147 in. id, brass	
9		1/2 in. dia Gear, Offset tooth	1	45	618B-35P -L	Gear, Rack	1	72	3030-0064	Screw, Cap sh 6-32 x .625	6
10	5020-0340	Shaft, $1/4$ in. ss 1-5/16 in. long	Ī	46	618B-35P -S	Gear, Rack	1	73	2680-0246	Screw, Hex Head ss 10-24 Thd, 7/8 in. lg	1 <b>1</b>
	5020-0349	Shaft, $2-3/4$ in. long		47	00618-6070	Socket Assembly	1	74	2190-0011	Washer, Int lock for	1
11 12		Spacer, Stop gear	î	48	1200-0014	Socket, 4 Pin tube ring	1	1	•	no. 10 screw	1
13		Filter Assy	l i l	~~		mounting		75	3050-0019	Washer, Flat brass	1
14	618B-36P	Gear, Idler	1 i	49	8160-0008	Braid, RF . 25 dia	6"			1/2 in. od	
15	618B-36L	Retainer, Freq	2	1		aluminum		76	3050-0005	Washer, 3/8 in. od for	4
16	618B-36Q	Gear Freq		50	1250-0143	Washer, Shouldered	1			no. 6 screw fiber	Ι.
17		Gear, Freq NOT ASSIGNED		51	1250-0145	Gasket	1	77		NOT ASSIGNED	1
18		Pot Mounting Assembly	1 1	52	00618-00078	Bracket	1				
19	618B-36AX	Gear, Freq drive	1 1	53	618B-52B	Cover, Housing	1	78	2580-0003	Nut, 11/32 in. wide	1.1
20	618B-36N	Gear, Pot drive		54	5020-0621	Nut, 11/32 in. gland	1			8-32 thd, w/lock	Ι.
21		Gear, Freq				9/16 in. dia		79	2390-0007	Screw, Bind. head ss	1
22	00618-242	Coupler, Potentiometer	1	55	3050-0022	Washer, 7/16 in. od	2			6-32 thd, 5/16 in. lg	
23	00618-2061	Cavity Assy			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	5/16 in. id brass		80	2550-0009	Screw, Bind. head ss	5
24	620A-36AA	Housing	1	56	0890-0002	Rubber, Tubing	1/4"			8-32 thd, 1/2 in. lg	Ι.
25	618B-3D	Shield, Tube	1	57		NOT ASSIGNED		81	618B-47A	Support, Bracket	
26	618B-3G	Contact, Tube	2	ł		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		82	3030-0016	Screw, Allen dr cap	
27	618B-3C	Nut, Tube		58		NOT ASSIGNED				6-32 thd, 1/2 in. lg	2
28	00618-240	Board, Terminal						83	0520-0004		<b>4</b>
29	2100-0028	Resistor, Variable 50K	4	59	2950-0033	Nut, $1/2$ in. wide	4		00010 000	x 3/16 fil hd sd ni-p	1
		ohms 10% 2.25 w				3/8-32 thd, br		84	00618-628		1
30		Attenuator Assy	1	60	3030-0001	Screw, Allen dr set	13	85	1251-0234		1
31	618B-3F	Spring, Tube				8-32 thd, 3/16 in. lg				6 pin	
32	00618-226	Probe, Bolometer	11	61	3030-0007	Screw, Allen dr set	1	86	l	NOT ASSIGNED	1
33	620A-34D	Sleeve, Dielectric	1 1	1		4-40 thd, 1/8 in. lg				1	1

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QTY.

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Parts List for Figure I-5 (Cont'd)

R	EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	RE	F. STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION
	87	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NOT ASSIGNED		97	00618-632	Board Assy, Bolometer amplifier	1	10	8	NOT ASSIGNED
	88 89	2190-0004 2550-0007	Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw Screw, Bind. head ss	2 6	98 99	00618-640 2370-0003	Sample Probe Assy Screw, Flat head ss	1 6	10	9 2190-0496	Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .85 ID, .975 OD,
	90	2190-0009	8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Washer, Int lock for	2		0400-0001	6-32 thd, $1/2$ in. lg Grommet, Rubber for 3/4 in. hole	. 1	11	0 2190-0006	,06 thick Washer, Split lock for
1	91	0380-0003	no. 8 screw Spacer, 1/4 in. od., 1/8 in. lg	1		0360-0064 2520-0002	Board, Terminal Screw, Round head ss 8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg	1 2	11	1 2390-0010	no. 6 screw Screw, Bind. head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/2 in. 1g
	92 ·	2390-0009	Screw, Bind. head ss 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg	6		3050-0014	Washer, 3/8 in. od 0.26 in. id, bronze	4	11	a da ser a ser estas	Clamp, Cable 1/4 in. dia cad pl s
1.	93 <u>.</u> 94 .	2220-0003 3050-0229	Screw, Fil head ss 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg Washer, 0.250 in. od,	3 1	104 105		NOT ASSIGNED		11		Nut, 6-32 thd x 5/16 in. ss Washer, no. 6, 9/32 in.
	95	2190-0061	0.117 in. id, ss Washer, Split lock for no. 4 screw	1	i	00618-034	Plate, Guard	1	11	5 2360-0205	od, nickel pl brass Screw: Machine 6-32 x 0, 75''
•	96	2200-0006	Screw, Round head, ss, 4-40 thd, 3/8 in. lg	• 3	107	2360-0138	Screw, machine 6-32 x 1.75", pan head, Pozi	2		5 2360-0135 7 00618-2059	Screw, pan head, ss 6-32 x 1.5"
									11	B 00618-2046	Board, Insulator Board, Vlt. divider
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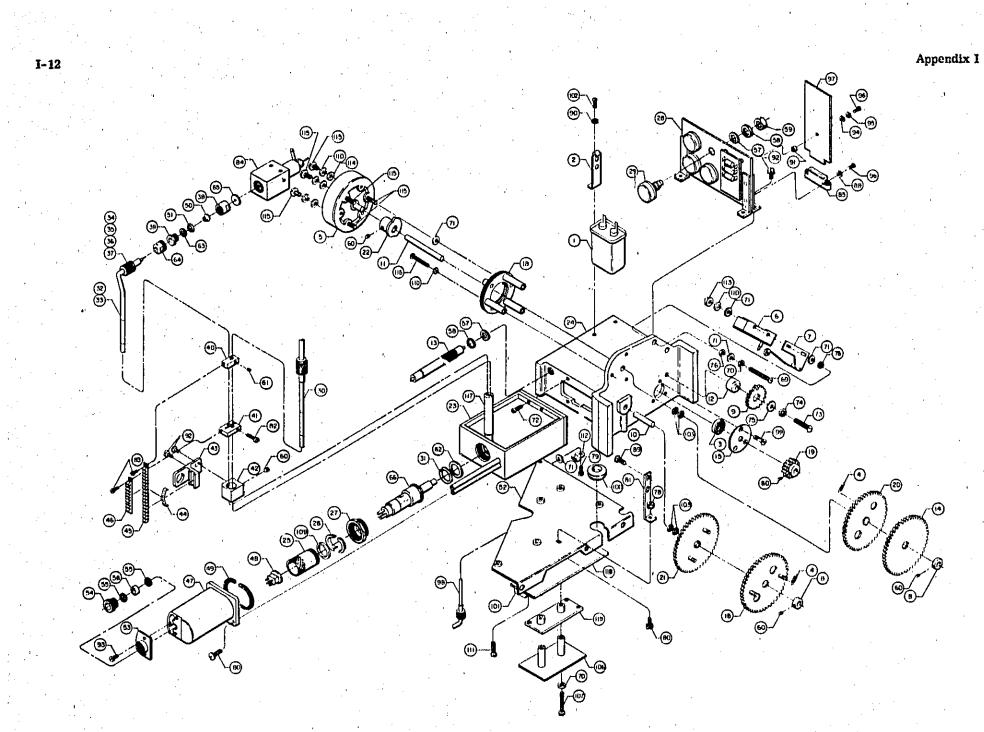


Figure 1-5. HP Model 618C S.H.F. Signal Generator, Klystron Assembly and Drive Mechanism

Model 618C/620B

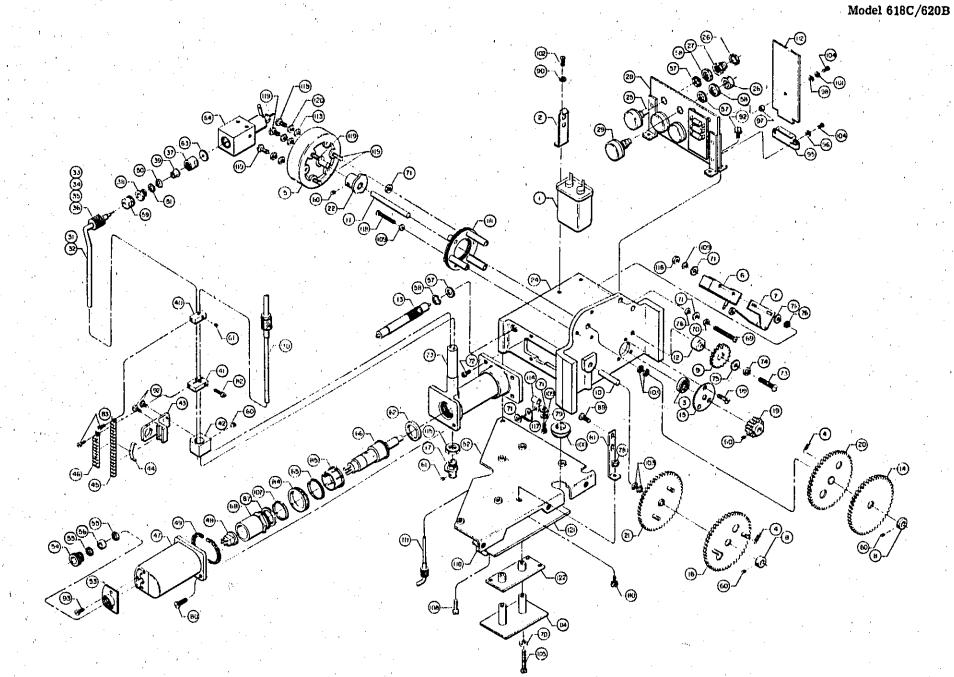


Figure I-6. HP Model 620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Klystron Assembly and Drive Mechanism

Appendix I

Appendix I

#### Parts List for Figure I-6

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REI	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
				32	620A-34D	Sleeve, Dielectric		61	3030-0007	Screw, Allen dr set	2
1	0160-0088	Capacitor, Fxd paper		32	1250-0005	Nut, Connector				4-40 thd, 1/8 in. lg	
		0.25 uf 10% 1.5K vdcw			1250-0005	Washer, Connector		62	618B-88A	Ring, Seating	1
2	1400-0525	Bracket, Mtg footed	2	34		Gasket, Connector	lil	63	1250-0148	Washer, Insulating	1
	· · · · ·			35	1250-0007	Clamp, Connector	l i l	64	00618-628	Bolometer Detector	1
3	1410-0009	Bearing, Ball .75 od	2	36	1250-0008	Clamping Body, RF	l i l			Assy	
		. 25 bore		37	1250-0141	connector	•	65	0510-0779	Ring, Lock	1
4	1460-0048	Spring, Extension .688	4		Loro aria		1	66	1950-0017	Tube, Klystron	1
		lg		38	1250-0142	Nut, Clamp Washer, Shouldered		67	620A-90D	Ring, Washer Telion	1
5	2100-0120	Resistor, Variable 100K	1	39	1250-0143	wasner, Shouldered		68	620A-90C	Nut, Tube collet	1
		ohms 5%, 8 w		.40	620A-34A	Stop, Attenuator	1 1	69	2360-0018	Screw, Round head ss	5
6	3102-0001	Switch, SPDT	1		-1	Diana Diana an			2000 0010	6-32 thd, 1-1/2 in. lg	
7	3102-0002	Lever, Switch actuator	1	41	620A-28C	Stop, Plunger		70	2190-0007	Washer, Int lock for	7
.8	5020-0233	Collar, 1/4 in. shaft	2	42	618B-3A	Clamp, Guide			2130 0001	no. 6 screw	
		1/2 in. dia		43	618B-35B	Guide, Rack		71	3050-0066	Washer, 3/8 in. od	20
9	5020-0277	Gear, Offset tooth	1	44	620A-91A	Spring, Rack load		111	3000 0000	0.147 in. id, brass	
10	5020-0340	Shaft, 1/4 in. ss	1	45	618B-35P	Gear, Rack		72	3030-0064	Screw, Cap sh 6-32 x	4
1. A.		1-5/16 in. long			-L	Deale		1.	1010-0004	.625	
11		Shaft, 2-3/4 in. long	1	- 46	618B-35P	Gear, Rack		73	2680-0246		1
12	608D-47J	Spacer, Stop gear	1		-S	Contrast A anomalia			2000-0240	10-24 Thd, 7/8 in. lg.	
13	618B-27	Filter Assy	1	47		Socket Assembly		74	2190-0011	Washer, Int lock for	1
14	618B-35L	Gear, Idler	1	48	1200-0014	Socket, 4 Pin tube ring	1 1	1.4	A190-0011	no. 10 screw	
15	618B-36L	Retainer, Freq	2			mounting	6"	75	3050-0019		1 1
16	618B-36Q	Gear, Freq	1 1	49	8160-0008	Braid, RF . 25 dia		10	2020-0013	1/2 in. od	
17	00620-224	Adapter	1			aluminum		76	3050-0005		• 4
18	00618-20067	Pot Mounting Assy	1 1	50		Gasket		110	3030-0003	ro. 6 screw fiber	-
19	618B-36AX	Gear, Freq drive	1	51		Washer, Flat		77		NOT ASSIGNED	1
20	620A-36P	Gear, Pot drive	1	52				1		NOT ASSIGNED	
21	620A-36R	Gear, Freq	1	53		Cover, Housing		78	2580-0003	Nut, 11/32 in. wide	1 1
22	00620-242	Coupler, Potentiometer	1	54	5020-0621	Nut, 11/32 in. gland		. 10	2000-0005	8-32 thd, w/lock	-
23	00620-243	Cavity Assy	1.			9/16 in. dia	2	79	2390-0010	Screw, Bind, head ss	1 1
24	620A-36AA	Housing	1	55	3050-0022	Washer, 7/16 in. od	4	119	2390-0010	6-32 thd, $1/2$ in. lg	1
25	2100-0045	Resistor, Variable 100K	1			5/16 in. id brass	1/4"	80	2550-0009		5
	1	ohms, 10%, 1.12 w		56		Rubber, Tubing		80	2000-0009	8-32 thd, $1/2$ in. lg	ľ
. 26	0590-0035	Nut, for locking bush.	4	57	2190-0016	Washer, Int lock $1/2$ in.	5		010D 47A	Support, Bracket	1
27	0590-0036	Bushing, Locking	1			od		81	618B-47A	Screw, Allen dr cap	li
28	00618-240	Board, Terminal	1	51	2950-0001	Nut, 1/2 in. wide	5	82	3030-0016	6-32 thd, $1/2$ in. lg	1
29	2100-0028	Resistor, Variable 50K	3			3/8-32 thd, br	1.1		0500 0004	Screw, Mach brs 2-56	2
<b>1</b>		ohms 10%, 2.25 w	1	51		Nut, Retainer		83	0520-0004	x $3/16$ fil hd sd ni-p	<b>~</b>
30	620A-34BB	Attenuator Assy	1 1	6	3030-0001	Screw, Allen dr set	13		00000 001		1
31	620A-28N	Bolometer Plunger	. 1			8-32 thd, 3/16 in. lg		84	00620-201	Ring, Collet	
		Assy				A state of the	1		· ·		

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### Parts List for Figure I-6 (Cont'd)

85       00520-200       Collet, Tube NOT ASSIGNED       1         87       NOT ASSIGNED       1         88       NOT ASSIGNED       98         89       2370-0003       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 532 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 632 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 64       100         89       2370-0003       Screw, Jint head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 532 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 632 thd, 1/3 in. ld, ss, 64       100         90       2190-0004       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/3 in. ld, 2190-0004       6         91       2190-0005       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/3 in. ld, 2190-0004       6         92       2300-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/3 in. ld, 2300-0010       Screw, Round head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/3 in. ld, 0.52 thd, 3/6 in. ld, 0.52 thd, 3/6 in. ld, 0.25 in. id, bronze       1         92       2300-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/6 in. ld, 0.3050-0014       6       1         93       2200-0003       Screw, Round head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/6 in. ld, 0.25 in. id, bronze       1       1       15         94       00618-034       Plate, Guard       1       1       1       1       1         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for mo, 4 screw       1       1       1       1       1       1         96       1210-	ΈF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
87       NOT ASSIGNED       98       3050-0229       Washer, 0.200 in. od., 0.117 in. id., ss., 6       1       169       2190-0006       Washer, Split lock for mo. 4 screw       8         38       NOT ASSIGNED       99       2370-0003       Screw, Flat head ss., 6-32 thd., 1/2 in. ig       6       110       0380-0064       Board, Terminal       1         39       2550-0007       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/6 in. lg       6       100       0400-0011       Grommet, Rubber for 3/4 in. hole       111       00818-632       Board, Arsay, Bolometer 1         90       2190-0069       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       1       102       2520-0002       Screw, Round head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/6 in. lg       113       3050-0016       Washer, Anole       114       1400-0016       Clamp, Cable 9/16 in. dia nylon.         92       2390-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-6       103       3050-0014       Washer, 3/8 in. od, 4       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 1       11         92       2200-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6       6       103       3050-014       Washer, Anole 4       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 1       1         93       2220-0003       Screw, Round head ss, 3       116       2420-00015       Screw, Round head ss, 4		00520-200		1	97	0380-0003	Spacer, 1/4 in. od, 1/8 in. lg	1	108	2390-0010	Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd 1/2 in lg	2
38       NOT ASSIGNED       -32 thd, 1/2 in. lg       111       00520-524       Sample Probe Assy, Bolometer Ing, Somet, Rubber for Ing, A in hole         69       2550-0007       Screw, Bind, head ss, end tock for no. 8 screw       6       101       2190-0061       Washer, Split lock for no. 4 screw       1         90       2190-0009       Washer, Int lock for no. 8 screw       101       2190-0061       Washer, Split lock for no. 4 screw       1       113       3050-0016       Washer, no, 6, 9/32 in. 9         91       NOT ASSIGNED       4       102       2520-0002       Screw, Round head ss, 8       2       114       1400-0016       Clamp, Cable 9/16 in. 1       1         92       2390-0009       Screw, Filh head ss, 6       6       103       3050-0014       Washer, 3/8 in. 1g       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-32 thd, 1       1         93       2220-0003       Screw, Filh head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. 1g       104       2200-0005       Screw, Round head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. 1g       1       118       2420-0002       Nut, 6-32 thd, 1/4 in. 1         94       06618-054       Piate, Guard       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       1       1       1         95       2190-0004       Masher, 1 thock for no, 4 screw       1       106       NOT	87						Washer, 0.250 in. od, 0.117 in. id, ss,	1		11 A.	Washer, Split lock for	8
39       2550-0007       Screw, Bind, head ss, 8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg       6       101       2190-0061       Washer, Split lock for no. 4 screw       1       113       3050-0016       Washer, no. 6, 9/32 in. 0d, nickel pl brass       5         91       NOT ASSIGNET       4       102       2520-0002       Screw, Round head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg       2       114       1400-0016       Clamp, Cable 9/16 in. 1400-0016       1       1         92       2390-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg       6       103       3050-0014       Washer, 3/8 in. od, 0.26 in. id, bronze       4       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, nickel pl brass       1         93       2220-0003       Screw, Fill head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg       3       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x 4-40 thd, 3/8 in. lg       3       116       2420-0002       Nut, 6-32 thd, 5/16 in. 28       2         94       00618-034       Plate, Guard       1       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x 4-40 thd, 3/8 in. lg       2       117       1400-0015       Clamp, Cable 1/4 in. 163 cad pl s       1         95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       1       118       2360-0205       Screw, machine; 6-32 x 1       1	38		NOT ASSIGNED				6-32 thd, $1/2$ in. lg		111	00620-624	Sample Probe Assy	
90       2190-0009       Washer, Int lock for no. 8 screw       2       no. 4 screw       no. 4 screw, Round head ss, 8-3       2       114       1400-0016       Clamp, Cable 9/16 in. 1       1         91       NOT ASSIGNET       4       103       3050-0014       Washer, 3/8 in. od, 0.26 in. 1d, bronze       4       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 1       1         92       2390-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. 1g       3       050-0014       Washer, 3/8 in. od, 0.26 in. 1d, bronze       4       115       2950-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 1       1         93       2220-0003       Screw, Fil head ss, 4-40 thd, 3/6 in. 1g       3       104       2200-0006       Screw Round head ss, 4-40 thd, 3/6 in. 1g       3       116       2420-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 1       1         94       00618-034       Plate, Guard       1       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x       2       117       1400-0016       Clamp, Cable 1/4 in. 1       1         95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       1       118       2360-0135       Screw, machine 6-32 x       3       1.5, 58         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107	89	2550-0007		6		ant de la service de la servic	3/4 in. hole	i l			amplifier	1
91       NOT ASSIGNEP       4         92       2390-0009       Screw, Bind, head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg       6         93       2220-0003       Screw, Fil head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg       104       2200-0006       Screw, Round head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x 1.5 <sup>+</sup> as.       116       2420-0002       Nut, 7/16-20 thd, 116       1         94       00618-034       Plate, Guard       1       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x 1.5 <sup>+</sup> as.       2       117       1400-0015       Cliamp, Cable 1/4 in. 1       1         95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       118       2360-0135       Screw, pan head 6-32 x 1.5 <sup>+</sup> as.       3         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107       2190-0496       Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .65 ID, .975 OD, .06 thick       1       119       2360-0205       Screw, rnachine; 6-32 x 1.5 <sup>+</sup> as.       1         122       00618-60107       Board, 'Nt. divider       1       122       00618-60107       Board, 'Nt. divider       1		2190-0009	Washer, Int lock for no. 8 screw		· .	n an th	no. 4 screw				od, nickel pl brass	
93       2220-0003       6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Screw, Fil head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg       3       104       2200-0006       Screw, Round head ss, 4-40 thd, 3/8 in. lg       3       116       2420-0002       Nut, 6-32 thd x 5/16 in.       2         94       00618-034       00618-034       1       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x 1.75" pan head, Pozi       2       117       1400-0015       Clamp, Cable 1/4 in.       1         95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       118       2360-0135       Screw, machine 6-32 x 1.5, Bs.       1       16       2420-0002       Nut, 6-32 thd x 5/16 in.       2         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107       2190-0496       Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .85 ID, .975 OD, .06 thick       1       119       2360-0205       Screw, machine; 6-32 x 1.07       1         121       00618-2046       Board, insulator       1       121       00618-2046       Board, Vit. divider       1	17 - 1 1		· · · · · · · ·				8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Washer, 3/8 in. od,	4			dia nylon Nut, 7/16–20 thd,	
94       00618-034       4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg       1       105       2360-0138       Screw Machine 6-32 x       2       117       1400-0015       Clamp, Cable 1/4 in.       1         95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       1       118       2360-0135       Screw, pan head 6-32 x       3         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107       2190-0496       Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .85 ID, .975 OD, .06 thick       1       119       2360-0135       Screw, machine; 6-32 x       1         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107       2190-0496       Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .85 ID, .975 OD, .06 thick       1       119       2360-0205       Screw, machine; 6-32 x       1         97       00618-2046       Board, insulator       1       1       106       1       1       1         97       00618-60107       Board, Vit. divider       1       1       1       1       1			6-32 thd, 3/8 in, 1g		104	2200-0006	Screw, Round head ss,	3	116	2420-0002	Nut, 6-32 thd x 5/16 in.	2
95       1251-0234       Connector, P.C. board       1       106       NOT ASSIGNED       1       118       2360-0135       Screw, pan head 6-32 x       3         96       2190-0004       Washer, Int lock for no. 4 screw       2       107       2190-0496       Washer, Flat Silicone Rubber; .85 ID,			4-40 thd, 5/16 in. lg		105	2360-0138	Screw Machine 6-32 🛪	2	117	1400-0015	Clamp, Cable 1/4 in.	1
no. 4 screw       Rubber; . 85 ID, .975 OD, .06 thick       120       2190-0018       Washer, split lock, No. 6       3         121       00618-2046       Board, insulator       1         122       00618-60107       Board, VIt. divider       1		1251-0234	Connector, P.C. board 6 pin	1			NOT ASSIGNED				Screw, pan head 6-32 x 1.5, ss.	( <b>3</b>
1 121 00618-2046 Board, insulator 1 122 00618-60107 Board, VII. divider 1	96			2	107	2190-0496	Rubber; .85 ID,	1			0,75	
	· ,	) }					.975 OD, .06 thick		121	00618-2046	Board, insulator	3 1
	2	05 107					l.		144	00018-00101	board, vit. divider	1
			n an an Albert an Alb Albert an Albert an A					Ţ.				
		to part of	n a fairte ann an 1980. Na thrainn an 1980 anns an 1980 a	$g^{\mu} r^{\nu}$								
		· .			a An		$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} + 1$				en en standige en so Normen en son de la son	
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Appendix I

#### Parts List for Figure 1-7

REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	RE	F. STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	I	ÆF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	620A-36AA 00618-204 618B-36D 618B-36F 618B-36L 618B-36AD 618B-36AE 618B-36AE 618B-36G 618B-36G 618B-36AJ 620A-36BB	Housing Drive Screw and Nut Guide, Frequency Spacer, Rod Retainer, Frequency Bar, Stop Spacer, Stop Rod, Connecting Bar, Plunger	1 1 2 6 2 1 3 4 1 2 1 1 2 2	14 10 11 11 12 2	3       3050-0066         7       3050-0014         8       2680-0176         9       2190-0034         1       0360-0036	Screw, Bind. head ss 6-32 thd, 5/16 in. lg Washer, 3/8 in. od 0. 147 in. id, brass Washer, 3/8 in. od 0. 26 in. id, bronze Screw, Hex head ss Washer Terminal, Lug, brass angle type Screw, Flat head ss 6-32 thd, 1/2 in. lg	11 8 4 2 2 4 6			618B-36AK	Clamp, Cable 1/4 in. dia, steel Screw, Round head ss 6-32 thd, 3/4 in. lg Screw, Bind. head ss 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Washer, Int lock for no. 6 screw Braid, RF.25 dia aluminum Screw, Allen dr set 8-32 thd, 3/16 in. lg Conductor, Center Plate, Back Filter, Repeller assy Plunger Assy Ring, Teflon insert	1 3 4 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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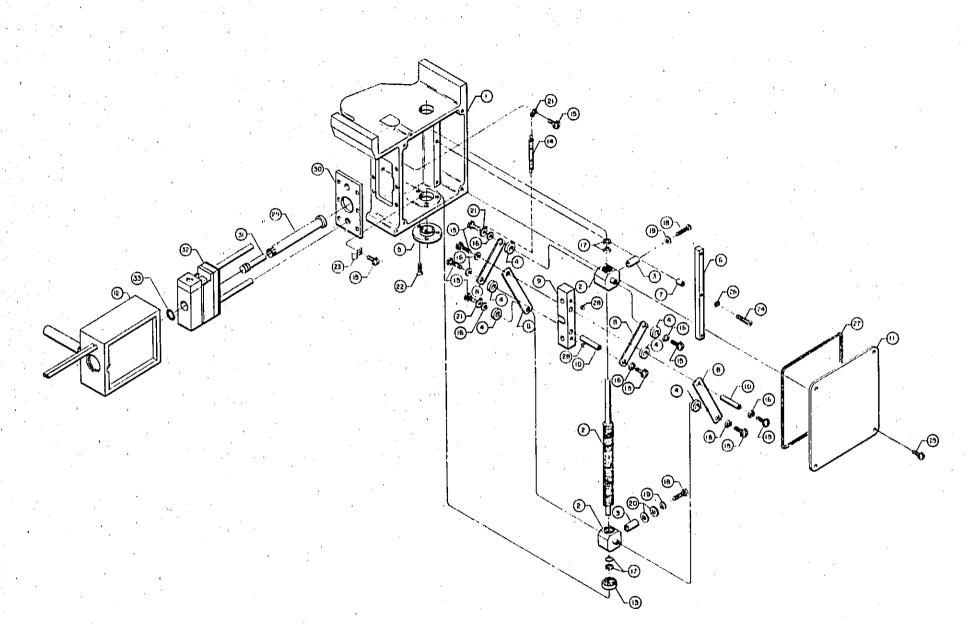


Figure I-7. HP Model 618C S. H. F. Signal Generator, Frequency Drive Mechanism

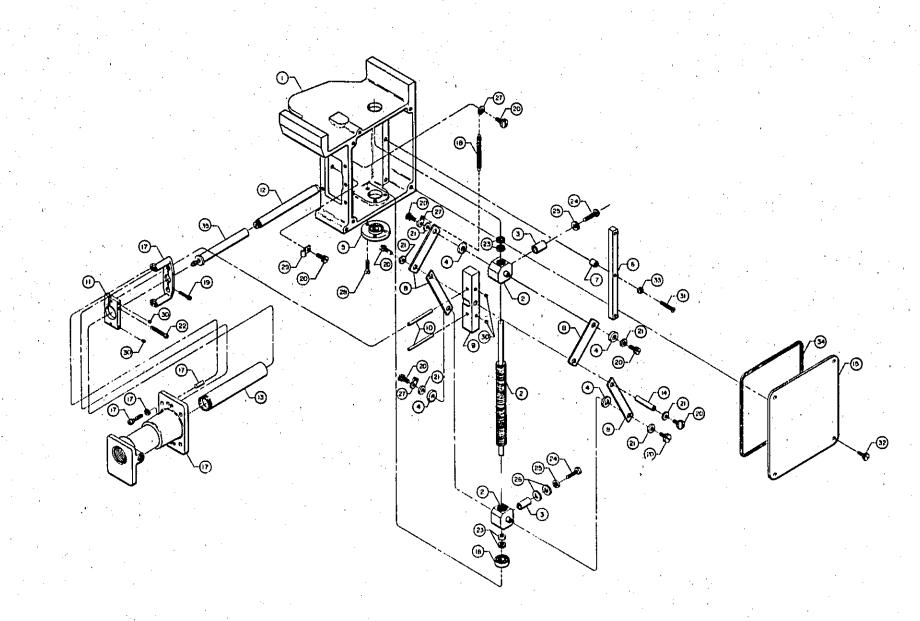
Appendix I

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# Parts List for Figure I-8

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	620A-36AA 00618-204 618B-36D 618B-36F 618B-36L 618B-36AD 618B-36AD 618B-36AE 620A-36C 620A-36D 620A-36F 620A-36G 00620-20049 620A-36J 620A-36B	Housing Drive Screw and Nut Guide, Frequency Spacer, Rod Retainer, Frequency Bar, Stop Spacer, Stop Rod, Connecting Bar, Plunger Pin, Plunger Plate, Drive Conductor, Center Plunger Assy Pin, Link Plate, Cover Bearing, Ball .75 od	1 1 2 4 2 1 3 4 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	1460-0041 2220-0005 2390-0007 3050-0066 3030-0030 3050-0014 00620-0176 2190-0034	Spring, Extension 1. 875 lg Screw, Fil head ss, 4-40 thd, 5/8 in. lg Screw, Bind. head ss, 6-32 thd, 5/16 in. lg Washer, 3/8 in. od 0. 147 in. id, brass Screw, Allen dr cap 6-32 thd, 1 in. lg Washer, 3/8 in. od 0. 26 in. id, bronze Screw, Hex head ss, 10-24 thd, 3/4 in. lg Washer	2 2 9 6 1 4 2 2	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	0360-0036 2370-0003 1400-0054 3030-0007 2360-0011 2390-0009 2190-0007 8160-0008 620A-36M	Terminal lug brass angle type Screw, Flat head ss, 6-32 thd, 1/2 in. lg Clamp, Cable 1/8 in. dia, steel Screw, Allen dr set 4-40 thd, 1/8 in. lg Screw, Round head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/4 in. lg Screw, Bind. head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Washer, Int lock for no. 6 screw. Braid, RF.25 dia aluminum Filter, Repeller	4 6 1 4 3 4 3 1 1
17		. 25 bore Cavity Assy	1						020A-30M	riner, nepence	1
									•		. • •
		ана 1944 — Полански страна 1954 — Полански страна									



REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY,	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	1	QTY
1 2 3		See Figure 10 See Figure 11 See Figure 12										
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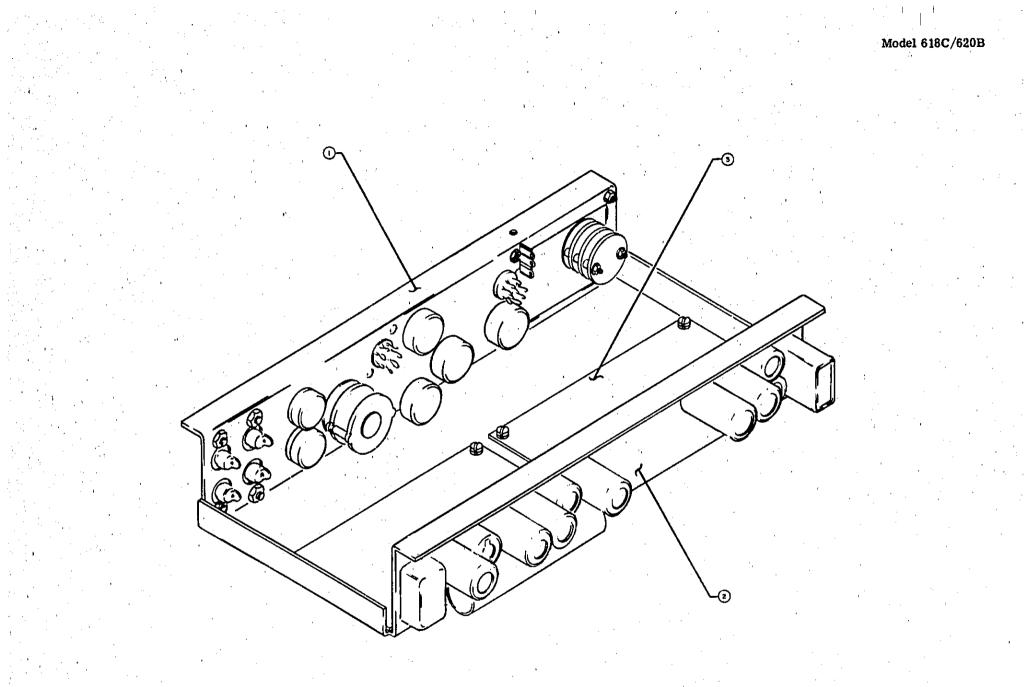


Figure I-9. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Pulser Section Index

Appendix I

Appendix I

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# Parts List for Figure I-10

1.

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REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.		REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	F	ÆF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	2950-0001	Nut, 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd, br	8	i i National	$t = \frac{t}{2}$	2100-0051	Resistor, Variable 20K ohms, 10%, 1.12 w	1			618B-16S 618B-52	Cable Assy Socket Assy	1
2 3	2190-0006// 3050-0066	Washer, Split lock for no. 6 screw Washer, 3/8 in. od	5		14 15	2100-0047 2100-0029	Resistor, Variable 1 meg ohm 20% 1.12 w Resistor, Variable 250K	1 2		28	1400-0031	Clamp, Cable 3/8 in.	1
4	2190-0022	0.147 in. id, brass Washer, Int. lock 11/16 in. od	8	4	16	2190-0008	ohms, 10%, 2.25 w Washer, Ext lock for no. 6 zcrew	6 2		29	0360-0015	dia nylon Strip, 3 terminal 2 ins 1 gnd	1
5 6	3100-0076 <sub>/</sub> 00618-0055	Switch, Rotary 4/sect, 8 pos / ( / / Plate, switch	1		17	0160-0081 2350-0009	Capacitor, Fxd paper 0.25 uf 10% 1K vdcw Screw, Bind. head ss, 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg	5. 1		31 -	5040-0224/	Head, Coupler	1
7 8	1200-0003 3100-0075	Socket, 9 pin tube Switch Rotary 2 sect, 5 pos	2 1 4		19 20	2950-0033 5020-0238	Nut, $1/2$ in. wide, 3/8-32 thd, br Head, Coupler $3/4$ in.	3		1 :			
9 10	2390-0010 2420-0001	Screw, B. H. ss 6-32 x , 5 Nut, 5/16 in./wide ss 6-32 thd, w/lock	9		21	3030-0001	dia Screw, Allen dr set 8-32 thd, 3/16 in. lg	10					
11 12	2100-0025 2100-0059	Resistor, Variable 1.5K ohms, 10%, 2.25 w Resistor, Variable 3 x 1	[] = []		22 23	1932-0046 1220-0009	Tube, Electron 12AU7 Shield, Tube 9 pin 1-15/16 in. h	22		36	0360-0031	Lug, Terminal for no. 6 screw	1
		meg ohms 10% 2 w		1. 					1.				
			197 <sup>00</sup>										
				<i>4</i> .,	4.17		$\left\{ \left  \left\langle \left\langle e^{-i\theta} \right\rangle \right\rangle \right\} > \left\{ \left\langle e^{-i\theta} \right\rangle \right\rangle > \left\langle e^{-i\theta} \right\rangle > \left\langle e^{-$						
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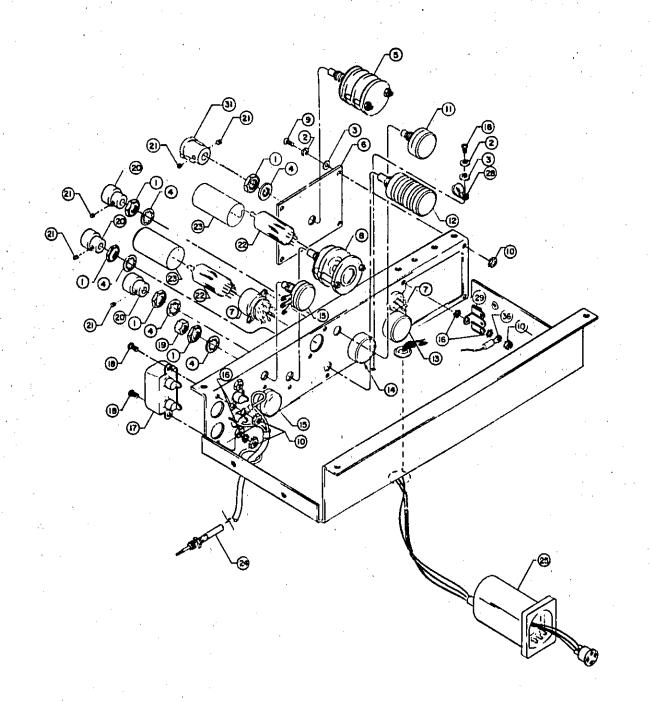


Figure I-10. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Partial Rear View, Pulser Section

Appendix I

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# Parts List for Figure I-11

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	00618-00071 2360-0020 2390-0007 2100-0025 2740-0003 3050-0066 0360-0009 0340-0020	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2 2 2 6 1 1 2 6	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	1220-0011 1200-0003 0160-0088 2190-0022 2950-0001 2950-0033 0160-0081 2390-0009 1932-0046 1210-0007	Shield, Tube, 7 pin 1-3/8 in. h Socket, 9 pin tube Capacitor, Fxd. paper 0.25 uf 10% 1.5K vdcw Washer, Int lock 11/16 in. od Nut, 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd, br Locknut, 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd, br Capacitor, Fxd paper 0.25 uf 10% 1K vdcw Screw, Bind. head ss 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg w/ext lock Tube, Electron 12AU7 Bracket, Mtg Sing. Spado Lug	3 6 1 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 5 2	21 22	0380-0002 2190-0006 2420-0002 1200-0017 1930-0013 618B-38 0510-0109 0361-0008 1220-0010 1932-0045 1941-0005	Spacer, 1/4 in. lg 1/4 in. od Washer, Split lock for no. 6 screw Nut, 5/16 in. wide 6-32 thd, ss Socket, 7 pin, tube shield base Tube, Electron 6AL5 Wrench, Tube Nut, Wing, 6-32 thread Rivet, Semitublar ch 1/8 L Shield, Tube 7 pin 1-3/4 in. h Tube, Electron 12AT7 Tube, Electron 5727 or 2D21W	2 4 2 4 3 1 2 20 1 1 1 1

Model 618C/620B

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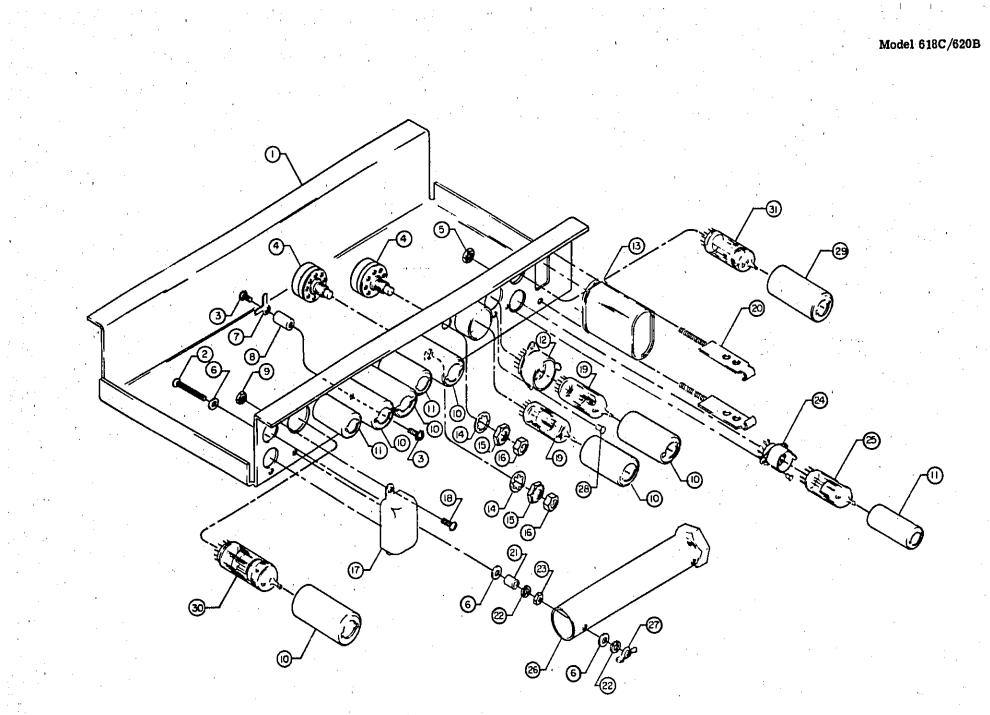


Figure I-11. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Partial Rear View, Pulser Section

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Appendix I

Appendix I 💡

# Parts List for Figure I-12

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1 2 3 4 5	0160-0090	Screw, Bind. head ss 6-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg Lug, Terminal 90° angle Washer, Ext lock for no. 6 screw Capacitor, Fxd paper 0.1 uf 10%, 1K vdcw Board Assembly	5 2 4 1 1	6 7 8 9 10	00618-6078 618B-4A 0160-0089 0160-0087 2360-0205	Board Assembly Chassis Capacitor, Fxd paper 2 x 0. 1 uf 1000 vdcw Capacitor, Fxd paper 0. 5 uf 10% 600 vdcw Screw, pan hd. 6-32 thd., 3/4 "lg	1 1 1 9	11 15	2190-0006 2390-0007	Washer, Split lock for no. 6 screw Screw, Bind, head ss 6-32 thd, 5/16 in. 1g	9 5

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Model 618C/620B

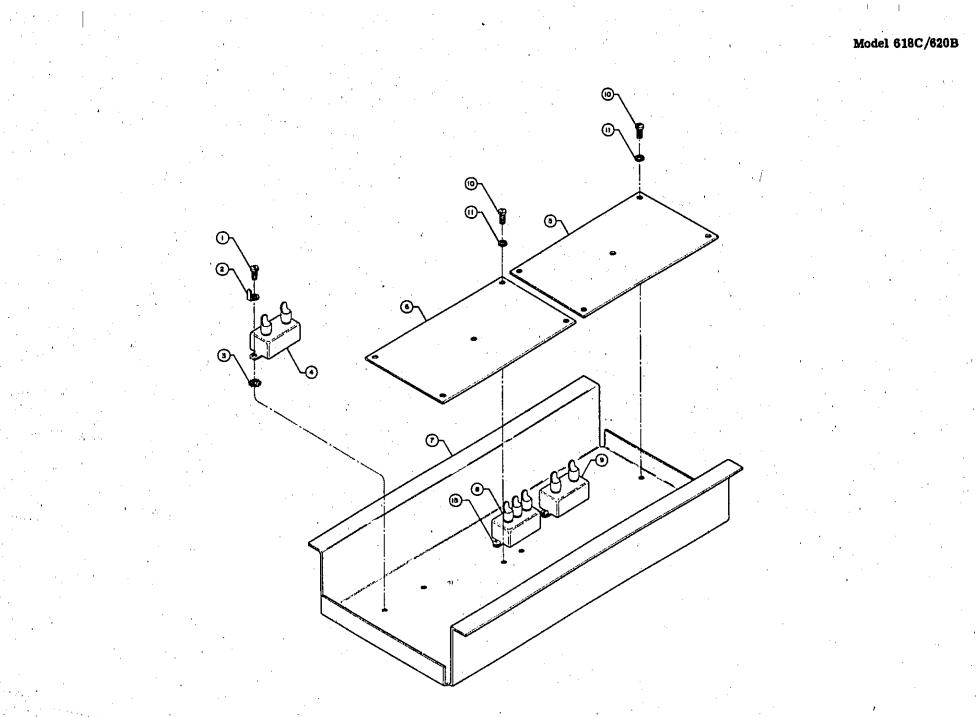


Figure I-12. HP Model 618C/620B S. H. F. Signal Generator, Partial Rear View, Pulser Section

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Appendix I

Appendix I

# Parts List for Figure I-13

नः	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
			3	.							
10	0160-0102	Capacitor, Fxd paper 4 uf 10% 1K vdcw									
2	0180-0128	Capacitor, Fxd electro- lytic 2800 uf 30 vdcw Capacitor, Fxd electro- lytic 40 uf 450 vdcw Chassis, Power	1								
	0180-0024	lytic 2800 uf 30 vdcw Canacitor Exd electro-	5								
3	0100-0024	lytic 40 uf 450 vdcw							۱.		
4	00618-022	Chassis, Power	1								
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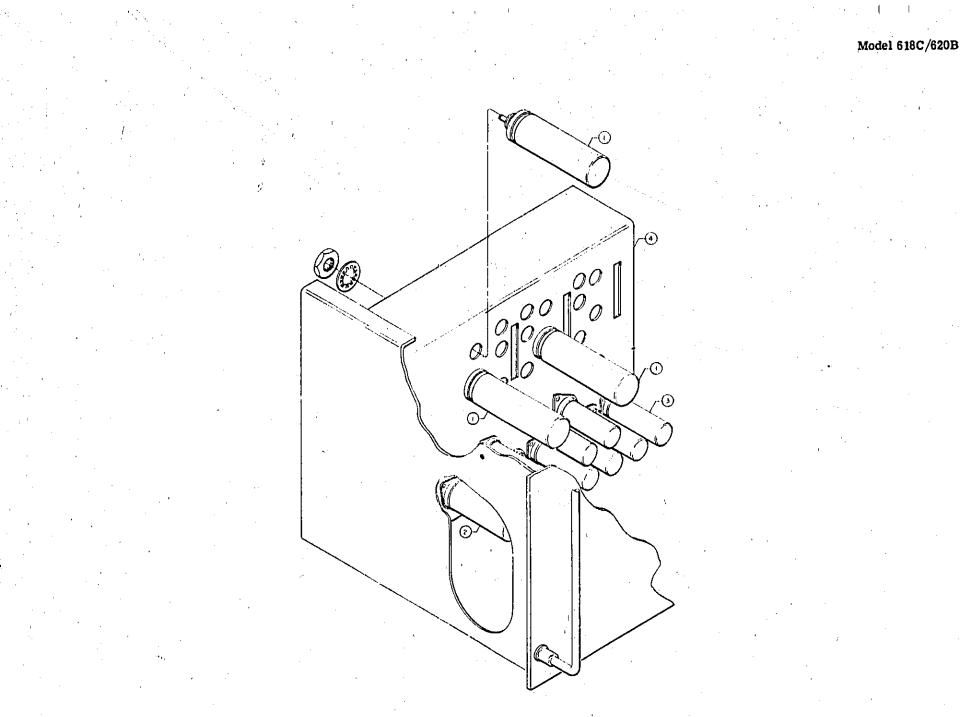


Figure I-13. HP Model 618C/620B S.H.F. Signal Generator, Chassis, Front View

Appendix I

# Parts List for Figure I-14

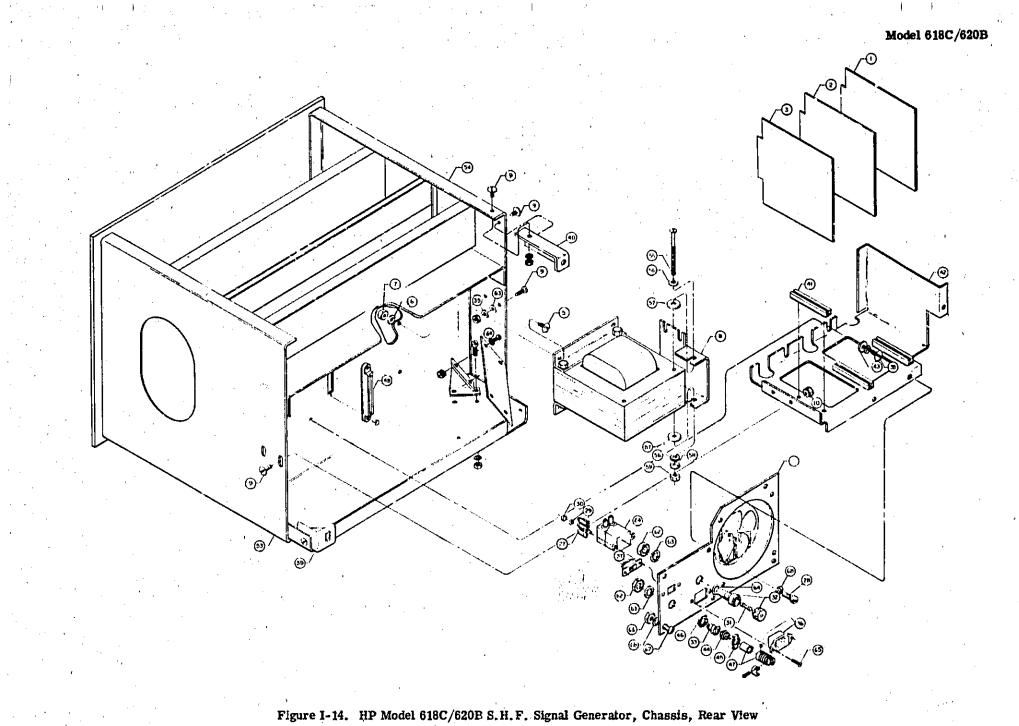
REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	00618-6060	Board Assy, -300 VPS	1	23	2420-0003	Nut, 1/4 in. wide,	2	44	1251-1037		1
2	00618-6061	Board Assy, -1000 VPS	1 1 1		1	6-32 thd				male cable plug	
3	00618 6062		1	24	9100-2887	Filter, Line	1	45	1251-1039	Ring, Lock	1
4	9100-1703	Transformer, Power		25	2550-0007	Screw, Bind. head ss,	2	46	1251-1040	Spring, Lock	1
5	2940-0005	Screw, Truss head ss,	4		· ·	8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg	1. I	47	1251-1041	Hood, Insulating	1
		1/4-20 thd, 3/4 in. lg			.4	w/ext lock		48	1251-0194	Connector, 15 contact	3
6	2190-0032	Washer, Split lock for 1/4-20 screw	4	26	2580-0003	Nut, 11/32 in. wide, 8-32 thd, w/lock	2			printed circuit type	, .
. 7	2950-0004	Nut, 7/16 in. wide,	4	27	0360-0015	Strip, 3 terminal,	1	-			- L.
• .		1/4-20 thd ss	<b>I</b> I.	1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	2 ins, 1 gnd		•			
8	00618-030	Bracket, Transformer	1 1	28	2270-0001	Screw, Bind. head ss,	1		. 1		
		support				6-32 thd, 5/16 in. lg	1				
9	2990-0002	Screw, Truss head ss,	31	29	2190-0004		2		í	· · · · · ·	, <sup>1</sup>
		10-24 thd; 1/2 in. lg			· · .	no. 4 screw					
10	2980-0002	Nut, 3/8 in. wide,	10	30	2260-0002	Nut, 3/16 in. wide,					
		10-24 thd, w/lock				4-40 thd		53	00618-031		
				31	2110-0003	Fuse, Cartridge	1	54	00618-0053		1
						3.0 amp		55	2520-0017		1 1
12	2550-0007	Screw, Bind. head ss,	1 1		2110-0338	Fuse, Cartridge	1			6-32 thd, 2-3/4 in. lg	
		8-32 thd, 3/8 in. lg				1.6 amp		56	3050-0071	Washer, no. 8, 7/16 in.	2
		w/lock		32	1400-0084	Fuseholder, Post type	1			od, cad pl brass	
13	2190-0010	Washer, Ext lock for				2-5/64 in. lg		57	3050-0006	Washer, no. 10, 1/2 in.	2
		no. 8 screw, .851 in. od		33	1251-1036	Connector, 7 contact	1			od, fibre	
14	2580~0003	Nut, 11/32 in wide,				female		58	2190-0017	Washer, Split lock for	1
		8-32 thd, w/ext lock	1	34	00618-00070	Bracket, Fan				no. 8 screw	Ι.
15	2520-0019	Screw, Round head ss,						59	2580-0004	Nut, $8-32$ thd x $11/32$	1 1
		8-32 thd, $4-1/2$ in. Ig		35	2190-0034	Washer, Split lock for	21			in. ss	
						no. 10 screw		60	3050-0019	Washer, no. 10, 1/2 in.	4
17	2580-0003	Nut, 11/32 in. wide,		36	1251-2357	Connector, 3 contact				od, nickel pl brass	
		8-32 thd, $w/c$ at lock				ac power receptacle		61	2980-0001	· ·	4
		•		37	3101-1234	Switch, Slide DPDT	1			55	
			1 · 1	38	618B-12D	Bracket, Cabinet	2	62	2950-0038	Nut, $1/2-24$ thd x $11/16$	2
	1 · · · ·			39	618B-12E	Bracket, Cabinet	2			in., cad pl s	
20	2360-0011		2	40	00618-0056		2	63	2190-0037	Washer, Int lock for	2
		6-32 thd, 3/4 in. lg		41	5040-0601	Guide, Circuit board	6		0000 0010	1/2 in. screw	
21	2190-0006	Washer, Split lock for	2			2-1/2 in. lg		64	0900-0016	O-ring, Rubber 1/2 in.	
	· ·	no. 6 screw		42	00618-0050	Deck, Voltage Regulator	1			id, 11/16 in. od	
22	3050-0016	Washer, no. 6, 9/32 in. od, brass	2	43	3050-0226	Washer, 0.458 in. od, 0.195 in. id, ss	4				
											<b>i</b> .
						1	1 1		1	· · · ·	

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Model 618C/620B

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Appendix I

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# Appendix I

# Parts List for Figure I-15

ΈF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	• [	REF.	STOCK NO.	. DESCRIPTION	QTY.	្រុក	EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1 2 3	00618-60099 00618-6063	Cabinet Assembly Cabinet Assembly, Rack Captive Screw Assy (Cabinet Model only) Filter, Air Screw, Pozidrive (Not shown. Rack Models only.)	1 1 4 1 4										
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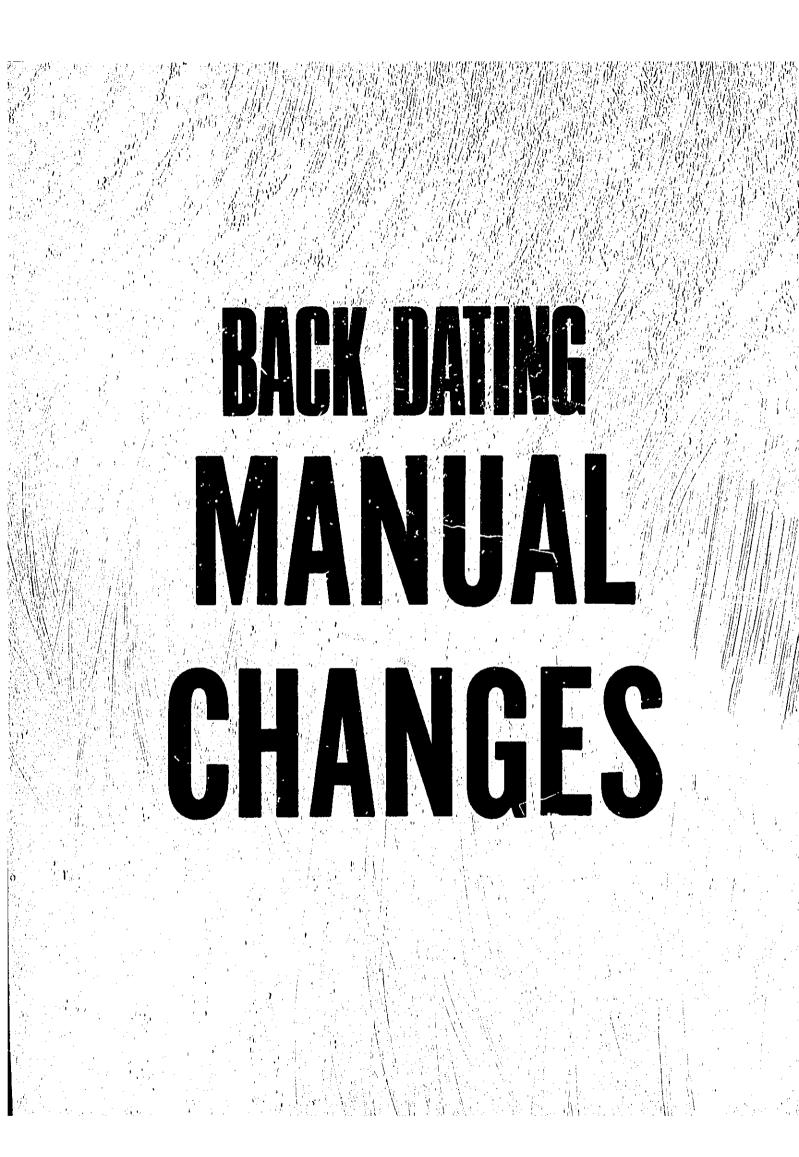
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Model 618C/620B



# APPENDIX II MANIJAL CHANGES

# INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. In addition, information about recommended modifications for improvements to the instrument is provided.

## MANUAL CHANGES

To adapt this manual to your instrument, refer to Trble II-1 (618C) or Table II-2 (620B) and make all of the manual changes listed opposite your instrument serial number or prefix. Perform these changes in reversealphabetical order (for example, change C/then/B/then A).

If your instrument serial number or prefix is/not listed on the title page of this manual, or in Tables II-1 pr/11-2, it may

Table II-1: 618C Manual Changes By Serial Number

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes
<b>630.</b>	A-T.V
645-00176 to 645-00200	<b>B−'T</b> , <b>V</b>
702-00201 to 702-00210	··· (CT,V
// 702-00211/to 702-00278	D <b>−′</b> Γ,V
716 11 11 2. 17	$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{T}, \mathbf{V} \in \mathcal{N}_{1} \setminus \mathbb{N}_{2}$
//740-00701 to 740-00725	F-T,VSERVer
740-00726 to /740-01250	<b>G−T,V</b> (1)
915- // // //////////////////////////////	H-T.V
934-01376 to 934-01500	I-T,V
934-01501 to 934-01525	JT,V
963-	<b>X-T,V</b> ()
975-, and	
0979A to 01765	L-T,V
0979A01766 and above	M-T,V
1133A ,	N-T,V
1201A	0- <b>T</b> ,V
1228A01991 to 02080	P-/T,V /
1228A02081 to 02110	Q'T,V
1311A	R-T,V
1441A, 1448A	S,T,V
1518A	<b>T,V</b>
1546A	<b>V</b> . 7

be documented in a yellow M/111 JAL CHANGES supplement. For additional information about serial number coverage refer to INSTRUMEN? IDENTIFICATION in Section I of this manual.

# INSTRUMENT/IMPROVEMENT MODIFICATIONS

Some instrument modifications are recommended in this section (for example, for improved performance, reliability, or parts availability). These instrument, modifications are not the same as manual changes that change this manual to apply directly to your instrument. He aware also, that instrument modifications lessen the significance of the serial number perfix and nullify the series for corresponding manual changes.

# Table II-2. 620B Manual Changes By Serial Number,

Serial Prefix or Number	Mike Manual Changes
1. 6331. / // //////////////////////////////	ALY ALY
645-00151 to 645-00175*/	时间的任何( <b>出于</b> Y)// ····
645-00176 to 645-00200**	V/JDLV/
718	1.4 E-V
740-	》(
911 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	H-V
935-01151 to 935-01225	${\bf e} V_V = {\bf I} - {\bf V}$
935-01226 to 935-01250	J-V
2 963- 8 1 Mg. 1	K—V
985-, and 0985A	LV
1134A	M—V
1201A	0V
1231A01786 to 01860	P-V
1231A01861 to 01890	Q—V
1312A	R-V
1443A, 1447A	S-V
1517A	T-V
1546A	$\mathbf{v}_{i}$

\*Excluding 645-00156, 645-00163, and 645-00165. \*\*Including 645-00156, 645-00163, and 645-00156

Manual Changes

# CHANGE A

Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31: Change R513 to 562K.

Page 6-4, Table 6-2: Change R513 to 0757-0790 RESISTOR 562K 1% 0.25W F TC-0±100.

CHANGE B

Page 6-8, Table 6-2: Change S1 to 3101-0107 SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON.

CHANGE C

Change CR401 and CR402 to 1901-0036 DIODE-HV RECT 1 KV 600 MA DO-29.

NOTE

The recommended replacement for CR401 and CR402, however, is diode 1901-0487 (not 1901-0036).

CHANGE D

Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31: Change R360 to 18 ohms. Change R372 to 15K.

Page 6-3, Table 6-2:

Change R360 to 0693-1801 RESISTOR 18 OHMS 10% 2W CC TC-0+412. Change R372 to 0693-1533, RESISTOR 15K 10% 2W CC TC-0+765.

# CHANGE E

Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31: Change R374 to 1.21M.

Page 6-3, Table 6-2: Change R374 to 0757-0871 RESISTOR 1.2M 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100.

## CHANGE F

Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28:

Delete asterisk (\*) from R701 (not a factory selected part; the value shown is the acutal value).

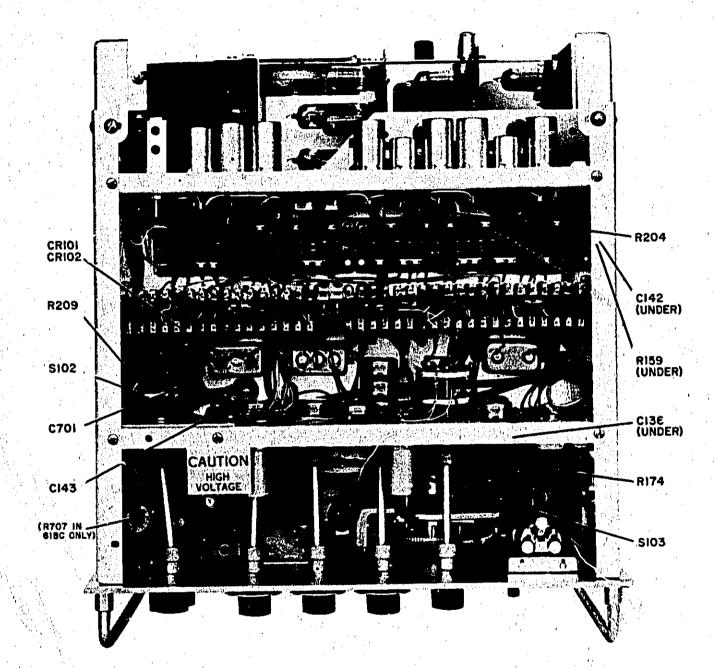
# **CHANGE G**

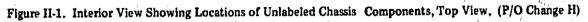
Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

```
Change the part numbers for A700 and A800 as shown below:
A700 (618C) 00618-6059
A700 (620B) 00620-6027
A800 (both) 00618-6058
```

# CHANGE H

Page 5-26, Figure 5-23: Replace figure with attached photo.





# CHANGE I

Page 6-8, Table 6-2: Change S1 to 3101-0100 SWITCH-PB SPDT ALTNG 5A 115 VAC.

#### s. . . . .

Manual Changes

CHANGE J

Page 6-7, Table 6-2: Change FL301 to 9110-0014 FILTER, LINE. Change J301 to 1251-0148 CONNECTOR-AC PWR HP-8 MALE FLG-MTG.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Change the power cable, 8120-1378, to 8120-0078 CABLE ASSEMBLY 18 AWG 3-CNDCT BLK-JKT 0.25-OD.

# CHANGE K

Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28: Delete diode CR103.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2: Delete CR103.

## CHANGE L

Page 6-4, Table 6-2: Change R612 to 2100-0898.

# CHANGE M

Page 5-33/5-34, Figure 5-29: At the junction R159-C143, delete the reference "-300V FROM A800 . . . "; replace it with (-300V).

Page 5-35, Figure 5-30:

Delete C145, R211, and the reference to -300V from A800, etc. On S102E, connect switch position 7 to a corresponding position 7 on S102G.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2: Delete C145.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2: Delete R211.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2: Delete cable 618B-16L.

#### **CHANGE N**

Page I-4, Parts List for Figure I-2:

Change items 49, 50, and 51 as follows:

49. 618B-40B Cover, Frequency Dial

50. 61B-40B-1 Cover, Attenuator Dial

51. 00618-020 Panel, Front

00618-021 Panel, Front (rack mtg).

## NOTE

These parts are no longer stocked by Hewle'.t-Packard but can be special ordered. The corresponding parts, listed in the manual and currently stocked, differ only in color.

# CHANGE N (Cont'd)

# Page I-32, Parts List for Figure I-15:

Change the stock number for item 1 to 00618-6056.

# CHANGE O

,

# Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31:

Replace appropriate portion of schematic with the attached partial schematic:

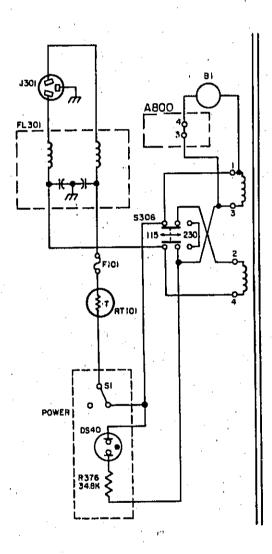


Figure II-2. Partial Schematic for Power Supply Section (P/O Change O)

### **CHANGE P**

Page 5-33/5-34, Figure 5-29:

Change R134\* to 3900 $\Omega$  (typical value only).

### Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change R134 to 0690-3921 R:FXD COMP 3900 OHM 10% 1W (typical value only).

Manual Changes

# Manual Changes

#### CHANGE Q

### Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

Change C142 to 0160-0088 C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF 10% 1500 VDCW.

### Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

Change C136 to 0160-0083 C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF 10% 1500 VDCW. Change C407, C508, and C509 to 0160-0102 C:FXD PAPER 4 UF 10% 1000 VDCW.

# CHANGE R

#### Page 5-5 (Adjustments):

Replace the filament voltage adjustment with the following instruction.

# 6.3 Vdc FILAMENT VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

#### WARNING

**HIGH VOLTAGE.** Measurement points used in this procedure (pins 23 through 28) have 1000 volts potential to chassis. Use extreme care when making the filament voltage measurement. The use of a battery powered voltmeter with a plastic case (such as a Simpson 260) is recommended for this measurement. Do not use an ac powered instrument unless the common can be floated at 1000 Vdc and is isolated from the external chassis.

Adjust potentiometer R801 for 6.3 Vdc between pins 25 and 26 (not that pins 23, 24, and 25 are common; pins 26, 27 and 28 are common).

#### Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28:

Change the pin references for "-300V from A800" to pins 9-12 (3 places). Change the pin references for "-1550V from A800" to pins 13-15 (2 places).

#### Page 5-35, Figure 5-30:

Change the pin references for "--300V from A800" to pins 9-12 (2 places).

### Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31:

1 in

Replace component identification photo for A800 with the following photo:

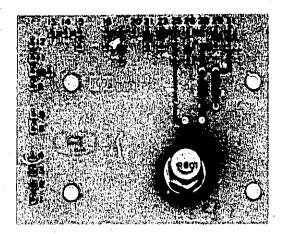
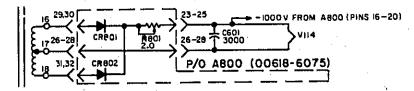


Figure II-3. Component Identification, A800 (P/O Change R)

#### CHANGE R (Cont'd)

Make the following changes to the schematic:

- a. Add the filament for V701 across pins 3 and 4 of A500.
- b. Change the pin references for "--300V to A800" to pins 9-12 (at test point 2).
- c. Change pin references for "-1550V to A800" to pins 13-15 (at test point 9).
- d. Replace appropriate portion of the schematic with the attached partial schematic.





#### Pages 6-4 and 6-5, Table 6-2:

Delete the entire A800 assembly parts 115t; add the following parts in its place. A800 00618-6075 BOARD ASSEMBLY, INTERCONNECTION CR801, CR802 1901-0026 DIODE SILICON, 0.75A 200 PIV R801 2100-0308 R:VAR 2 OHM 10% LIN 5W

Page 6-7, Table 6-2: Delete Q1.

Page 6-9, Table L 2:

Delete bracket 00618-00075, and insulator 0340-0875.

# **CHANGE S**

#### Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31:

Replace component identification photo for A800 with the following photo.

On the schematic, delete diode CR804; connect CR803 to VR801.

On the schematic, delete diode CR805; connect together VR801, R802, and the base of Q802.

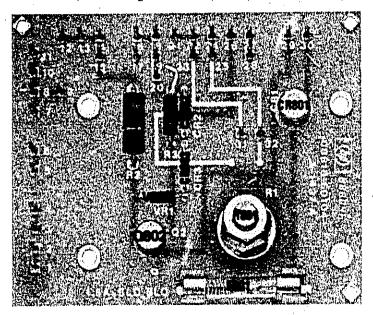


Figure II-5. Component Identification, A800 (P/O Change S)

# **Manual Changes**

# CHANGE S (Cont'd)

Page 6-4, Table 6-2; Delete CR804 and CR805.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Delete the following parts under F101:

2110-0470 1400-0090

2110-0465 2110-0467

Add the following part number in their place:

1400-0084

#### NOTE

If any part of the old fuseholder (1400-0084) needs replacing, all four parts of the new fuseholder must be ordered. The old fuseholder can be identified by a straight solder lug to which the whiteblack-gray wire attaches. On the new fuseholder the solder lug is at a right angle to the body.

# Page I-10, Parts List for Figure I-5:

Add the following items:

17.	00618-238	Adapter
57.	2190-0016	Washer, Int lock, $1/2$ in. od
58.	2950-0001	Nut, 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd, br.

### Page I-12, Figure I-5:

Replace appropriate portion of figure with the attached partial view.

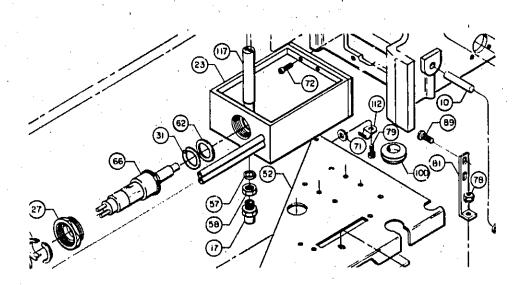


Figure II-6. HP Model 618C S.H.F. Signal Generator, Klystron Assembly and Drive Mechanism (partial view, P/O Change S)

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### CHANGE T

#### Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31:

Replace appropriate portion of schematic with the attached partial schematic.

J301 FL 301 

Figure II-7. Partial Schematic for Power Supply Section (P/O Change T)

#### Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change S1 to 3101-1248 SWITCH: PUSHBU'TTON SPST ILLUMINATED.

Page I-6, Parts List for Figure I-3:

Change stock number for item 12 to 3101-1248.

Pages I-10 and I-11, Parts List for Figure I-5:

Change item 18 to 618B-36AT Ring, Pot Mounting. Change part number for item 52 to 00618-0041. Add the following items:

- 86. 08412-20022 Spacer HVRS Rec.
- 87. 0380-0046 Spacer, rnd, 0.375 in. lg.
- 104. 0360-0023 Strip, 7 terminal, 5 ins, 2 gnd.
- 105. 2190-0010 Washer, Ext lock for no.8 screw
- 108. 0380-0013 Spacer, 1/4 in. od, 1 in. lg.

Delete item 119.

Change item 107 to 2380-0007 Screw, Fillister head, 6-32 thd, 1-1/4 in. lg. Change item 116 to 2360-0207 Screw: Machine  $6-32 \ge 0.87$ .

Manual Changes

#### CHANGE T (Cont'd)

Page I-12, Figure I-5: Replace the entire figure with Figure II-8.

Page I-13, Figure I-6: Replace the entire figure with Figure II-9.

Pages I-14 and I-15, Parts List for Figure I-6:

Change item 18 to 618B-36AT Ring, pot mounting. Change the part number for item 52 to 00618-0041. Add the following items:

86. 08412-20022 Spacer:HVRS Rec

87. 0380-0046, Spacer: Rnd. 0.375 in. lg.

88. 0360-0023 Strip, 7 terminal, 5 ins, 2 gnd

91. 2190-0010 Washer, Ext lock for no.8 screw

106. 0380-0013 Spacer, 1/4 in. od, 1 in. lg.

Change item 105 to 2380-0007 Screw, Fillister head, 6-32 thd, 1-1/4 in lg. Change item 118 to 2360-0207 Screw: Machine  $6-32 \ge 0.87$ .

Change item 110 to 1000 buot Below, method

Delete items 120 and 122.

#### **CHANGE U**

Page I-18, Parts List for Figure I-8: Change item 12 to 620A-36H.

#### CHANGE V

Page 5-37/5-38, Figure 5-31: Change potentiometers R412 and R512 to 25K. Change VR801 to 7.15V. Change Q1 to 1850-0098.

Page 6-3 and 6-4, Table 6-2:

Change R412 and R512 to 2100-1472 R:VAR COMP 25K OHM 30% LIN 1/8W.

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change VR801 to 1902-0074 DIODE ZNR 7.15V 5% DP-7 PD=0.4W.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change Q1 to 1850-0098 TRANSISTOR PNP GE CHIP TO-3 PD-90W.

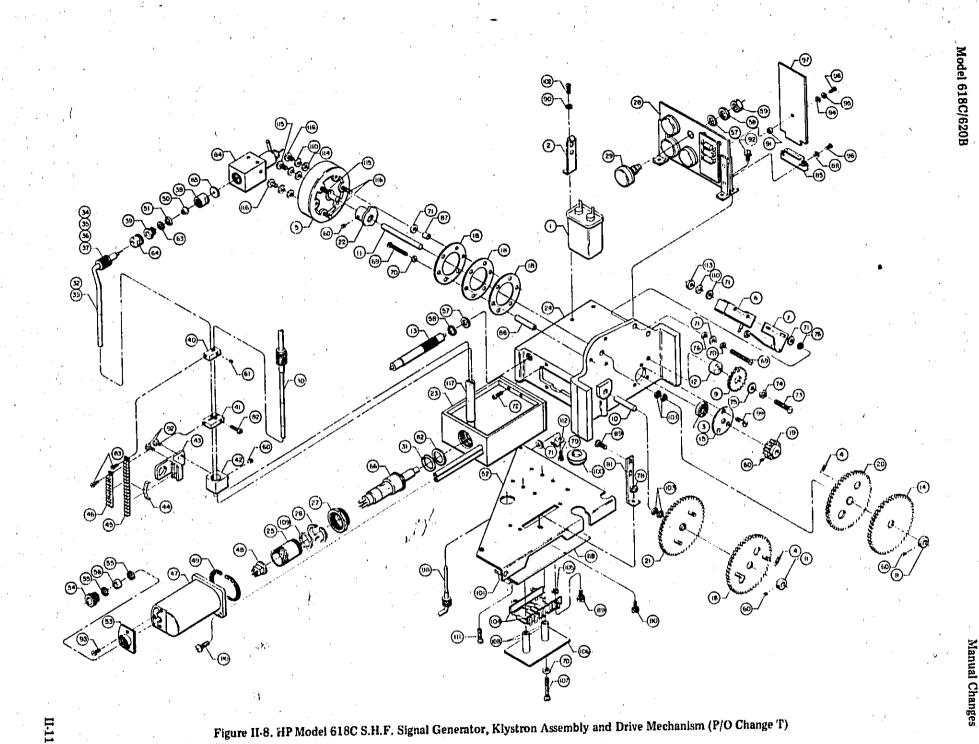
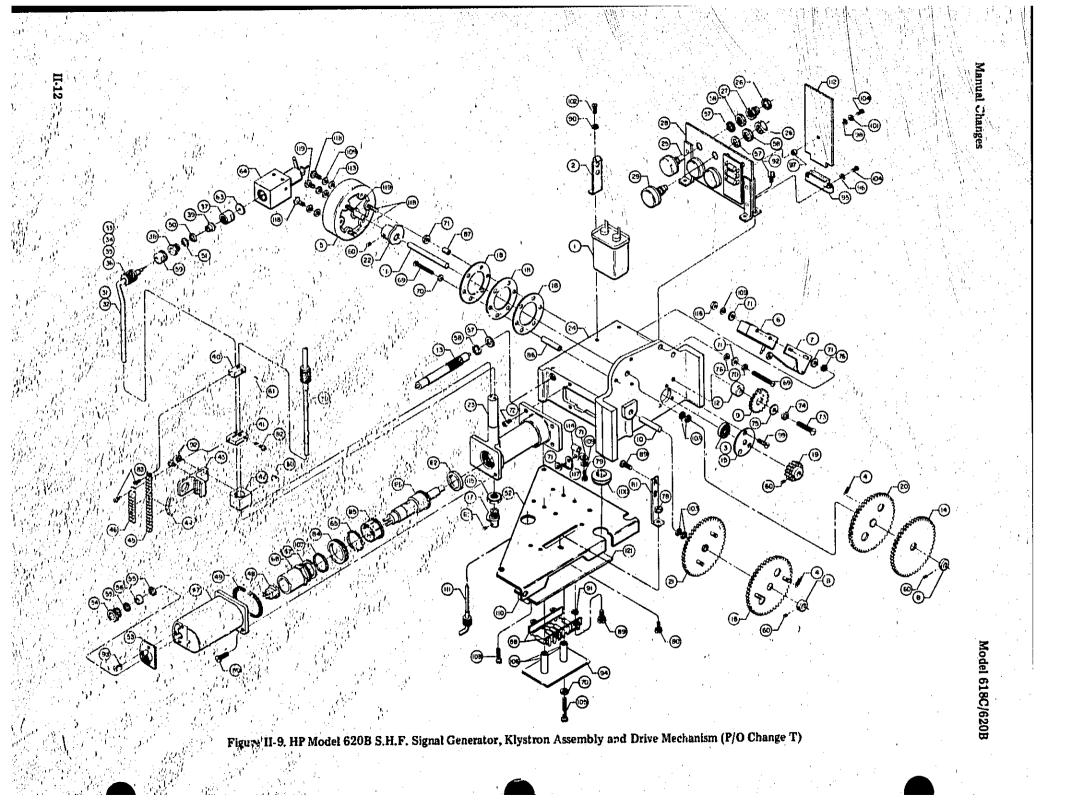


Figure II-8. HP Model 618C S.H.F. Signal Generator, Klystron Assembly and Drive Mechanism (P/O Change T)

Manual Changes



**MANUAL CHANGES** 

# MANUAL CHANGES

# MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

Model Number: 618C/620B' Date Printed: April 1980 Part Number: 00618-90029

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

SHF SIGNAL GENERA

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

Serial Prefix or Number <b>D</b> 1740A 1824A	1 1 1, 2		UB Make Manual Changes
1911A 2031A	1-3 1-4	1914A 2040A	1-3 1-4

NEW ITEM

#### ERRATA

Page 3-7, Figure 3-5: '

Add the following note:

SYNC. IN should not be used when the MOD. SELECTOR is in the + EXT. position. Spurious output may result.

Page 5-2, First table:

Change 5.653-5.7057 GHz to 5.643-5.757 GHz

Page 5-3, Figure 5-3:

Add a 20 dB attenuator at the input of the frequency counter.

Page 5-19, Paragraph h (column one):

Change information inside the first set of parentheses to (approximately 8.9 GHz for the 620B and 4.2 GHz for the 618C).

Page 5-23:

Add the following paragraphs:

5-104. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS

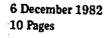
5-105. The following paragraphs explain how to choose the values of selected components. These components are designated by an asterisk (\*) on the schematic and parts list.

#### 5-106. SELECTING R157

5-107. Selected for minimum detected pulse width measured at the RF OUTPUTS when pulse modulating the Generator. If a minimum pulse width of 0.5  $\mu$ s cannot be obtained, change R157 to a lower value. The value should be between 1000Ω and 2200Ω.

NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.





# ERRATA (Cont'd)

Page 5-23 (cont'd):

5-10B. SELECTING CR701

5-109. The zener voltage of CR701 is selected so that the voltage on the plate of VR701 is more negative than -1020 Vdc with the MOD SELECTOR set to OFF. The range of CR701 is 100 to 120 volts (120 volts nominal).

NOTE

CR701 should be selected each time VR701 is replaced.

Page 5-31, Figure 5-28:

Add CR103 to the R167 connection for the 620B as follows:

CR103 Anode — junction of TB1(1) and R169.

/CR103 Cathode --- connection to the TB1 side of R177.

Change R603 to 1470.

Delete the R523 ( $\Delta$ F) wiper connection to ground. Connect the wiper to the junction of R523 and R527. Add R527 to Reference Designators table.

When the changing of R523 is necessary the recommended replacement is listed in Change 4.

(620B Only) Page 5-31/5-32; Figure 5-28:

Change the color code of the wire connected to the wiper of R168 from green (5) to brown (1).

Page 5-33/5-34, Figure 5-29 (Schematic and Component Identification):

Change voltage on V101 pin 6 to -240V. Change (on Component Identification, A1000) C142 to C143.

Change (on Component Identification, A900) C142 to C143 and C143 to C144.

Page 5-35, Figure 5-30 (Schematic and Component Identification):

Change R157 to R157\*.

Add the following note at the bottom of the page:

\*Selected value. See paragraph 5-106 for selection procedure.

Change (on Component Identification, A900) C142 to C143 and C143 to C144.

Page 5-37, Figure 5-31 (Component Identification):

Show (on Component Identification A800) the wire colors attached to the pins as listed in the following table:

Change (on Component Identification A900) C142 to C143 and C143 to C144).

Pin Number	Wire Color	Pin Number	Wire Color
1		16	violet
2	· · ·	17	violet
3	yellow	18	violet
4	yellow	19	violet
5	pink	20	
6	pink	21	white/green
7	white/red	22	white
8	red	23	white/violet
9 '	<u> </u>	24	green
10	red	25	brown
11	red	26	white/yellow
12	orange	27	green
13	orange	28	white/black/grey
14	,	29	white
15		30	grey

#### 00618-90029

# ERRATA (Cont'd)

Page 5-37, Figure 5-31 (Schematic): Add pin 5 to the filament lower pin numbers of V401 and V405.

Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

Change CR701 to CR701\*, 1902-1370, Check Digit 4, 1, DIODE-ZNR 120V. Change R603 to 0698-3438 RESISTOR  $147\Omega \ 1\%$ . 125W F TC=0±100 03292 C4-1/8-TO-147R-F. Change the HP part number for A700 (620B) to 00620-6030.

#### NOTE

The part number shown above correctly identifies the A700 assembly for 620B's with serial number prefixes 911 through 1621A. However, if this assembly needs replacement, order the new assembly shown below. Also shown below is the recommended replacement for 618C's. See CHANGE 1 for complete documentation on the new assemblies.

618C	A700	00618-60111
620B	A700	00620-60036

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change R157 to R157\* (selected part nominal value given).

Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

Under C142, add 1400-0526 CLAMP-CABLE .177-DIA .5-WD NYL.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change B1 to 3140-0701 MOTOR-AC-IND SHADED-P 115V 3470-RPM 03923 1AD5000.

Under C136, add 1400-0525 BRACKET-CAP .62-WD STL.

Change J106 part number to 5021-0810.

Add the following parts under Q1:

0340-0875 (Qty=1) INSULATOR-XSTR THRM CNDCT.

1200-0081 (Qty=2) INSULATOR-FLG-BSHG NYLON.

Add (following B1), 00618-6073, Check Digit 5, MAGNETIC SHIELD ASSEMBLY, 28480, 00618-6073.

► Change R174 to 00618-80003, same description, except add: (618C only).

Add R174 to 5180-0950, same description, except add: (620B only).

Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

When the changing of R523 is necessary the recommended replacement is listed in Change 4.

Page I-10:

Change the stock number for item 5 to 5180-0950.

#### Page I-14:

Change the stock number for item 5 to 00618-80003.

#### Page I-24:

Change the stock number for item 20 to 1400-0526.

# ERRATA (Cont'd)

# (620B only) Page II-1, Table II-2:

Add the following serial number and change:

Serial Prelix or Number	Make Manual Change	
1621A02965 and below	W	

Change last serial number listed with \*\* footnote to 645-00165.

(620B Only) Page II-10:

4

Add the following change: CHANGE W.

# Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28:

Change the color code of the wire connected to the wiper of R168 from brown  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$  to green

Continued . . .

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#### Model 618C/620B

# **CHANGE 1**

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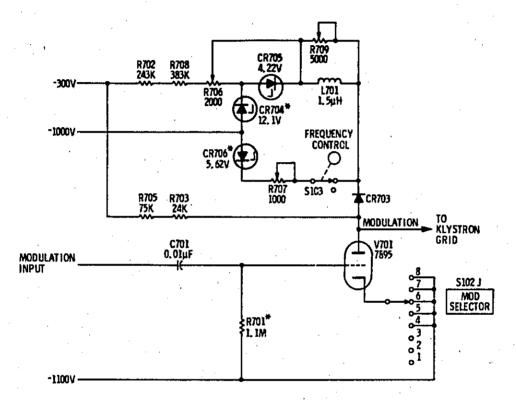
# Page 4-7, paragraph 4-36:

Add the following information.

CR704 is selected for optimum tuning range of R706. CR706 is selected for optimum tuning range of R707. R709 adjusts the leading edge of the modulation pulse.

#### Page 4-7:

Replace Figure 4-11 with the following figure.





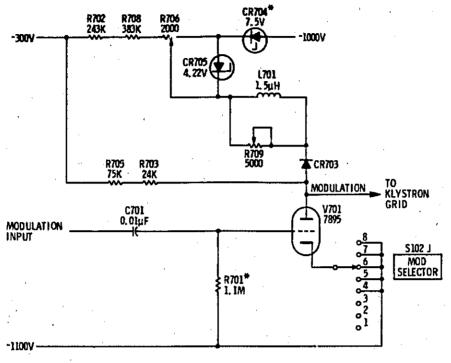
#### Pages 4-7 and 4-8, paragraph 4-37:

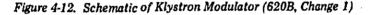
Add the following information.

Zener diode CR704 is selected for optimum tuning range of R706. R709 adjusts the leading edge of the modulation pulse.

Replace Figure 4-12 with the following figure.

# CHANGE 1 (Cont'd)





#### Pages 5-6 and 5-7, paragraph 5-30:

In step c, change "approximately 15 mA" to "nominally 15 mA"

Add the following instructions after step c.

Select the value of CR706 as high as possible to obtain proper cathode current. A 4.22V zener diode is typical. Adjust R707 almost fully counterclockwise. This will generally result in the best pulse shape (refer to Figure 5-8a). Increasing zener voltage will raise the range of current adjustment. Refer to Table 5-2a for the HP part number for various zener voltages within the allowable range.

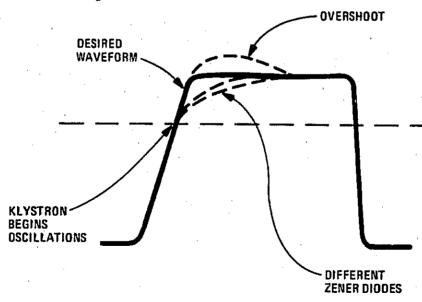


Figure 5-8a. Klystron Modulation Pulse Waveform (Change 1)

7

# CHANGE 1 (Cont'd)

Pages 5-6 and 5-7, paragraph 5-30 (cont'd):

To select the value of CR704, tune the 618C above the frequency where the microswitch is actuated. Measure kiystron beam current with R706 and R709 set fully counterclockwise. The minimum current should be about 25mA. If the minimum current is not correct, change the value of CR704 to obtain proper minimum current. A 7.5V zener is typical. Decreasing zener voltage will decrease klystron beam current. Use Table 5-2a to find the HP part number for various zener voltages within the allowable range. Adjust the beam current to get minimum pulse jitter consistent with best pulse shape. Beam current should be kept below 28mA. If necessary, rotate R709 clockwise to reduce jitter. Keep R709 as far counterclockwise as possible to maintain the best possible pulse shape.

Zener Voltage	HP Part Number	
3.16V	1902-3036	
3.48V	1902-3048	
3.83V	1902-3059	
4.22V	1902-3070	
4.64V	1902-3082	
5.11V	1902-0041	
5.62V	1902-3104	
6.19V	1902-0049	
6.81V	1902-0048	
7.50V	1902-0064	
8.25V	1902-3139	
9.09V	1902-3149	
10.0V	1902-0025	
11.0V	1902-3171	
12.1V	1902-3182	
13.3V	1902-3193	
14.7V	1902-3203	
16.2V	1902-0184	

Table 5-2a.	CR704 and	CR706	Selection	Guide
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Pages 5-6 and 5-7, paragraph 5-30 (cont'd):

Change step f to read as follows:

Adjust R170 and R709 for best compromise between pulse shape and jitter. The best pulse shape generally occurs with R709 adjusted fully ccw.

Add the following instruction to step m.

If necessary, readjust R709 for optimum pulse shape and minimum acceptable jitter.

#### Pages 5-7 to 5-9, paragraph 5-32:

Add the following instructions to step d.

To select the value of CR704 the 620B can be tuned anywhere in the frequency band. Measure klystron beam current with R706 and R709 set fully counterclockwise. The minimum current should be about 25mA. If the minimum current is not correct, change the value of CR704 to obtain proper minimum current. A 7.5V zener is typical. Decreasing zener voltage will decrease klystron beam current. Use Table 5-2a to find the HP part number for various zener voltages within the allowable range. Adjust the beam current to get minimum pulse jitter consistent with best pulse shape. Beam current should be kept below 28mA. If necessary, rotate R709 clockwise to reduce jitter. Keep R709 as far counterclockwise as possible to maintain the best possible pulse shape.

#### 00618-90029

# CHANGE 1 (Cont'd)

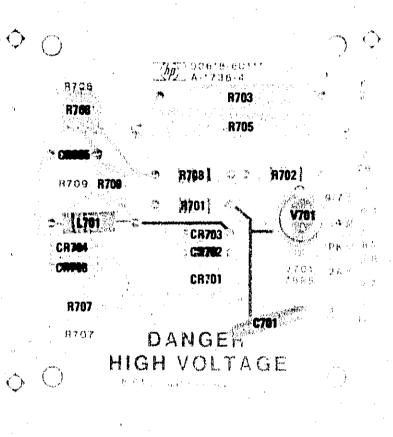
Page 5-7 to 5-9, paragraph 5-32 (continued):

Add the following instructions to step q.

Adjust R709 to obtain optimum pulse shape with minimum acceptable litter. In some cases to minimize litter. it might be necessary to allow slight overshoot of the leading edge (see Figure 5-8a). The best pulse shape generally occurs with R709 adjusted fully ccw.

# Page 5-31, Figure 5-28:

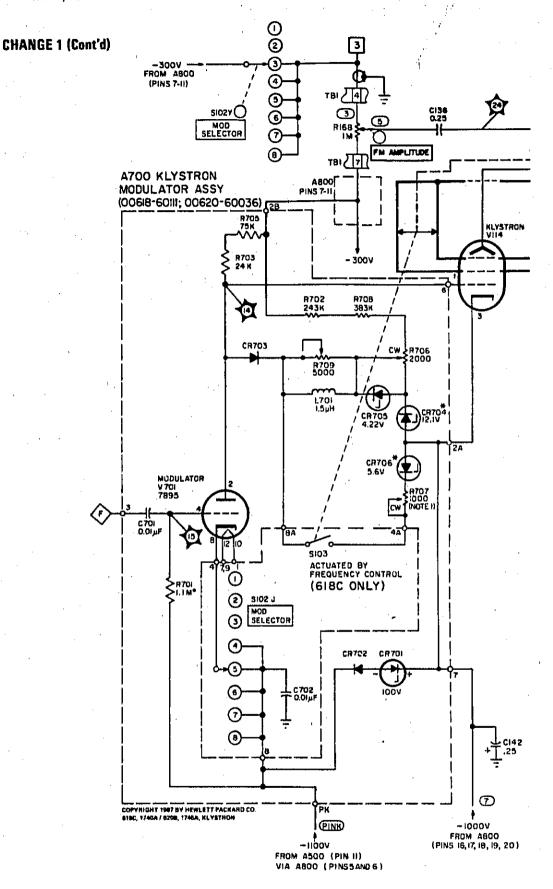
Replace component identification photograph for A700 with the following photograph.



### **Component Identification, A700**

Replace appropriate parts of schematic with the following partial schematic. Also on schematic, change note 1 and the asterisk note (\*) to read as follows.

- 1. R707, CR706, and S103 are included in 618C's only; omitted in 620B's.
- \* Factory selected part; typical value shown (typical value for CR704 on 620B's is 7.5V).



P/O Figure 5-28. Klystron Section (Change 1)

9

### CHANGE 1 (Cont'd)

(618C Only) Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28:

Change the color code of the wire connected to the wiper of R168 from green (5) to brown

rown 🗂

00618-90029

Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

Add CR704 1902-3182 CD0 DIODE ZENER 12.1V 5% DO-35 PD = 0,4W. Add CR705 1902-3070 CD5 DIODE ZENER 4.22V 5% DO-35 PD = 0.4W. Add CR706 1902-3104 CD6 DIODE ZENER 5.62V 5% DO-35 PD = 0.4W. Add L701 9100-1657 CD8 INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 1.5 MH 5% .23D x .57 LG. Change R706 to 2100-0567 CD0 RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN. Change R707 to 2100-3211 CD7 RESISTOR-TRMR 1K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN.

Add R709 2100-3252 CD6 RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN.

CHANGE 2

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Replace the fuseholder listing (below F101) with the following: 2110-0564 FUSHEHOLDER BODY 12A MAX; 250V MAX 28480 2110-0564 2110-0565 FUSEHOLDER CAP BAYONET; 12A 250V MAX 28480 2110-0565 2110-0569 NUT-HEX, PLASTIC 28480 2110-0569 1400-0090 WASHER: RUBBER 5/8" OD 00000 OBD

# **CHANGE 3**

Page 1-2, Table 1-1:

Replace the Sync Out Signals, and External Pulse Modulation specifications with the following:

- Sync Out Signals: Simultaneous with RF pulse, positive. In advance of RF pulse, positive, variable 3 to 300 microseconds. (Better than 1 microsecond rise time and 20 to 100 volts amplitude into 1,000-ohm load.)
- External Pulse Modulation: Pulse requirements: amplitude from 15 to 70 volts peak positive or negative, width 0.5 to 2,500 microseconds.

Page 5-3, Paragraph 5-19:

Replace steps c and h with the following:

- c. Adjust Pulse Generator for a +15V peak, 1000-Hz output with a pulse width of 0.5  $\mu$ s.
- h. Adjust Pulse Generator for +15V peak output. Display should be the same as in step g.

#### **CHANGE 4**

Page 5-31/5-32, Figure 5-28: Change R523 to 500K.

Page 5-33/34, Figure 5-29:

Add C150 56 pF connected from V101-pin 7 to pin 8.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Add C150, 0140-0191, Check Digit 8, CAPACITOR-FXD 56 PF ±5% 300VDC.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change R523 to 2100-2736 CD9 RESISTOR-VAR CONTROL C 500K 20% LIN.