#### **Errata**

### **Title & Document Type:** 626A SHF Signal Generator Operating and Service Manual

Manual Part Number: 00626-90005

**Revision Date:** August 1977

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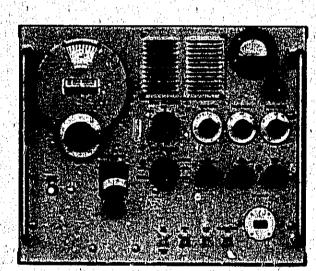
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# OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAI

# 626A Shf Signal Generator





HP 62

#### CERTIFICATION

The Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this instrument met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard Company further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

#### WARRANTY AND ASSISTANCE

This Hewlett-Packard product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment. Hewlett-Packard will, at its option, repair or replace products which prove to be defective during the warranty period provided they are returned to Hewlett-Packard, and provided the preventive maintenance procedures in the manual are followed. Repairs necessitated by misuse of the product are not covered by this warranty. NO OTHER WARRANTIES ARE EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WAR-RANTIES OF MERCHANTARILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTIC-ULAR PURPOSE. HEWLETT-PACKARD IS NOT LIABLE FOR CON-SEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

Service contracts or customer assistance agreements are available for Hewlett-Packard products.

For any assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. Addresses are provided at the back of this manual.

#### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL — This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with terminal for protective earthing).

**OPERATION** — BEFORE APPLYING POWER verify that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage, the correct fuze is installed, and Safety Precautions are taken (see the following warnings). In addition, note the instrument's external markings which are described under "Safety Symbols."

#### WARNINGS

Servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THE INSTRUMENT, the protective earth terminal of the instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the (mains) power cord. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding). Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal is likely to make this instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuseholders must be avoided. Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Any adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the opened instrument under voltage should be avoided as much as possible, and when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still te, charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

#### SAFETY SYMBOLS

Instruction manual symbol: the apparatus will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual in order to protect the apparatus against damage.



Indicates dangerous voltages.

Earth terminal (sometimes used in manual to indicate circuit common connected to grounded chassis).

WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a WARN-ING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

CAUTION

The CAUTION sign lenotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly rerformed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the equipment. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

#### OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

### MODEL 626A

SERIALS PREFIXED: 1210A

### SHF SIGNAL GENERATOR

This manute applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 1210A .

With changes described in the Eackdating Appendix, this manual also applies to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 1202A or lower.

Manual Part No. - 00626-90005 Microfiche Part No. - 00626-90006

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Printed: August 1977

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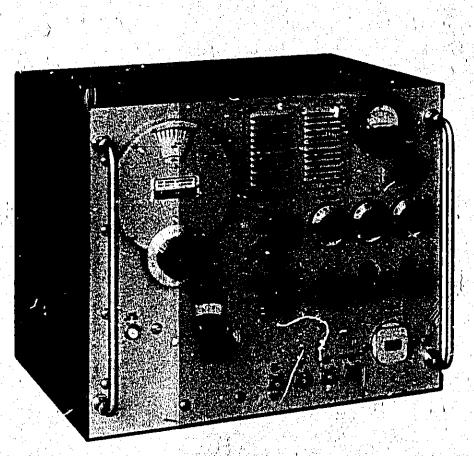


Figure 1-1. HP Model 626A SHF Signal Generator Table 1-1. Specifications

#### FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS Range: 10 - 15.5 GHz. Calibration $\pm 1\%$ .

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS Range:

Section I

- CAL Output: +10 dBm to -90 dBm. Continuously variable, directly calibrated in dBm.
- Output Monitor Accuracy: <±1 dB. Temperature compensated thermistor bridge circuit monitors RF oscillator power level.

Output Level Accuracy:  $< \pm 1$  dB  $\pm 2\%$  of attenuation in dB introduced by output attenuator.

Source SWR: <2.5 at +10 dBm; <1.35 at 0 dBm and below.

Output Connector: WR-75, waveguide, flat cover flange 21.6 x 12.0 mm (0.85 in. x 0.475 in.).

MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS Internal Pulse Modulation: 40 to 4000 Hz repetition rate; pulse width variable from 0.5 to 10 us. SYNC Out Signals: Simultaneous with RF pulse, positive. In advance of RF pulse, positive, variable from 5 to 300  $\mu$ s. (Better than 1  $\mu$ s rise time and 20 to 100V amplitude into 1000 $\alpha$  load).

Model 626A

EXT. SYNC:

- Sine Wave: 40 to 4000 Hz, 5 to 50V rms. Pulse: 40 to 4000 Hz, 5 to 50V peak, positive or negative, 0.5 to 5  $\mu$ s width, 0.1 to 1  $\mu$ s rise time.
- Internal Square-Wave: 40 to 4000 Hz, controlled by "pulse rate" control.
- Internal FM: Rate: Power line frequency Deviation: Up to 10 MHz per -to-peak, typically.
- External Pulse Modulation: 15 to 70V peak, positive or negative; width 1 to 2500  $\mu$ s.
- External FM: 10 MHz peak-to-peak/typically. (Front panel input is ac-coupled to klystron repeller).

#### SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

#### -1. DESCRIPTION

Model 626A

1-2. The HP Model 6.6A SHF Signal Generator (Figure 1-1) is a general purpose broadband signal generator which produces RF output voltages from 10 to 15.5 GHz. The output frequency is set with a single control and is directly read on a dial calibrated to an accuracy of 1% or better. The output power level is continuously adjustable from -90 dBm to +10 dBm (1 pW to above 10 milliwatts) over the full frequency range. The attenuator calibration is accurate within  $\pm 2\%$  of the attenuation in dB introduced by the attenuator.

1-3. The Model 626A is provided with versatile modulation characteristics. The output can be frequency modulated, square-wave modulated, or pulse modulated by internally or externally generated signals. The Model 626A also provides synchronizing pulses for external equipment being used.

1-4. In addition to producing an accurate and controllable radio-frequency test signal, the Model 626A is useful for the following:

a. Testing pulse systems.

b. Measuring sensitivity and selectivity of amplifiers, receivers, and other tuned systems.

c. Measuring signal-to-noise ratio of RF signals.

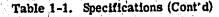
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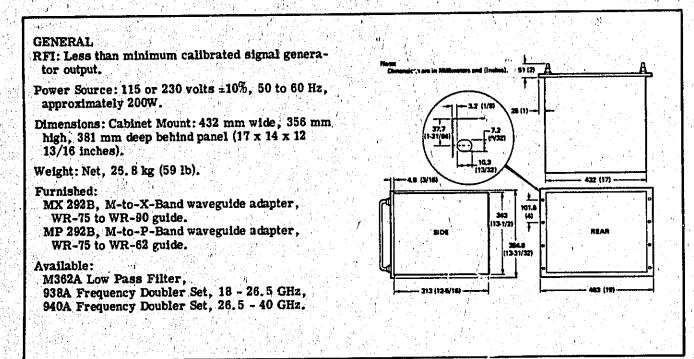
e. Investigation of microwave impedances and other transmission line characteristics.

f. Measuring frequency response of microwave systems.

g. Determining resonant frequency and Q of waveguide cavities.

1-5. The Model 626A has a self-contained modulator and power supply located on a deck at the rear of the instrument. The entire chassis and cabinet are fabricated from aluminum alloy. Guard rails are provided on the front panel to facilitate handling, and to protect the operating controls. Front panel connectors are of the BNC type except for the output connector which is rectangular waveguide. Etched circuit construction is used extensively, and circuit accessibility is very good.





1-2

#### 1-6. ACCESSORIES FURNISHED.

1-7. The Model 626A is supplied with two different waveguide adapters for connecting the rf output waveguide to either X- or P-band waveguide. The adapters are as follows: Model MX292B used to connect to Xband waveguide; and Model MP292B used to connect to P-band waveguide.

#### I-8. ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE.

1-9. To suppress second and third harmonics an additional 40dB, an HP Model M362A Low Pass Filter is recommended.

#### 1-10. INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION.

1-11. Hewlett-Packard uses a two-section eight-digit serial number (000-00000). If the first three digits of the serial number on your instrument do not agree with those on the title page of this manual, change sheets supplied with the manual will define differences between your instrument and the Model 626A described with this manual.

# SECTION II

#### 2-1. INSPECTION.

2-2. Unpack the instrument upon receipt and inspect it for signs of physical damage such as scratched panel surfaces, broken knobs, etc. If there is any apparent damage, file a claim with the carrier and refer to the warranty page in this manual.

2-3. An electrical inspection should be performed as soon as possible after receipt. See Section V, paragraph 5-62 for performance checks. These procedures make a good test as part of incoming qualitycontrol inspection.

#### 2-4. AIR FILTER.

2-5. This instrument is equipped with a renewable type air filter. When first placing the instrument into service, the filter must be coated with a dirt-gathering adhesive. We recommend a water-soluble adhesive such as Super Filter Coat from Research Products Corporation. This adhesive comes in a convenient spray can and is available from most heating supply stores or from your authorized Hewlett-Packard sales representative (HP Part No. 3150-0002). For preventive maintenance on the air filter, refer to paragraph 5-3.

#### 2-6. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-7. The Model 626A requires a power source of 115 or 230 volts  $\pm 10\%$ , 50 to 60 Hz, which can deliver approximately 200 watts.

#### 2-8. POWER CABLE.

2-9. This instrument is equipped with a three-prong conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset pin on the power cable three-prong connector is the ground pin.

2-10. To preserve the protection feature when operating the instrument from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter and connect the pigtail on the adapter to ground (HP Part No. 1251-0048).

#### 2-11. 235-VOLT OPERATION.

2-12. To operate the Model 626A from a 230-volt  $\pm 10\%$  source, proceed as follows:

a. Turn unit off.

b. Place 115/230 switchon rear to 230 volt position.

c. Change the line fuse to 2 ampere.

#### 2-13. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT.

2-14. The following list is a general guide for repackaging an instrument for shipment. If you have any questions, contact your authorized Heylett-Packard sales representative.

a. If possible, use the original container designed for the instrument.

b. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic before placing it in the shipping container.

c. Use plenty of packing material around all sides of the instrument and protect the panel with cardboard strips.

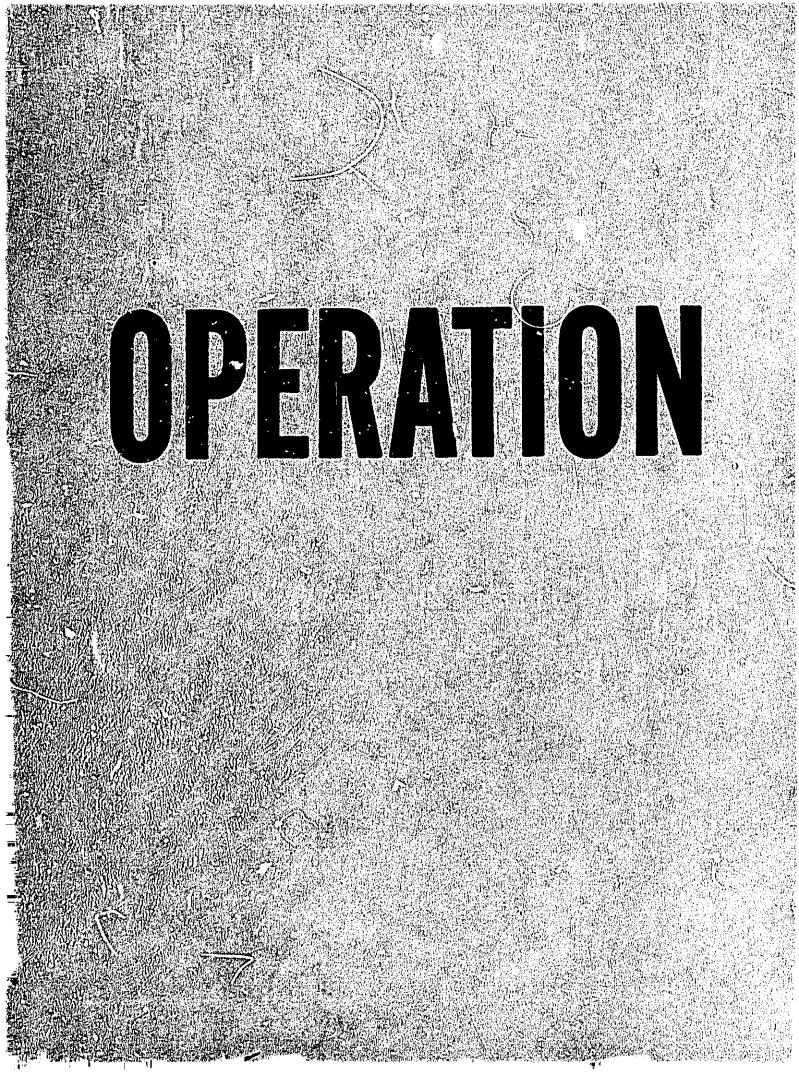
d. Use a heavy cardboard carton or wooden box to house the instrument and use heavy tape or metal bands to seal the container.

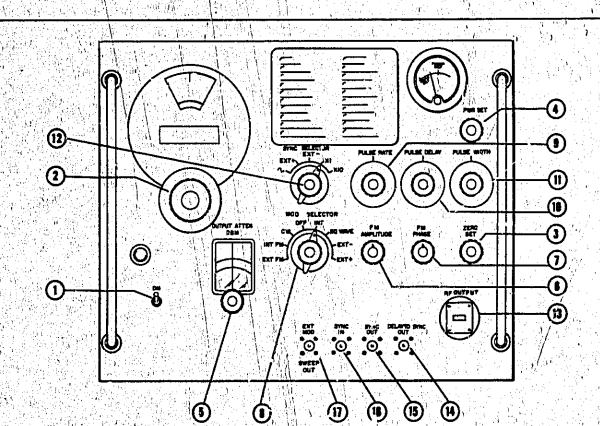
e. Mark the packing box with "Fraglie", "Delicate Instrument", etc.

#### Note

If the instrument is to be shipped to Hewlett-Packard Company for service or repair, attach to the instrument a tag identifying the owner and indicating the service or repair to be accomplished. In any correspondence be sure to identify the instrument by model number, serial prefix, and serial number.

2-1





1. Turns on line power to the instrument.

Section III

- 2. Frequency control (not labeled) is used to set to desire: RFoutput frequency. Frequency dial is lead directly in KILOHEGACYCLES (GHz).
- 3. ZERO SET control is used to zero-set the powermonitor meter.
- 4. IWR SET control is used to establish the correct power level fed to the output attenuators.
- 5. OUTPUT ATTEN control adjusts the RFoutput level from +10 dBm to -90 dBm (10 mW to 1 pW).
- 6. FM AMPLITUDE control adjusts the frequency deviation of the output signal when internal or external frequency modulation is employed.
- FM PHASE control adjusts the phase of frequency modulation from approximately +90 degrees to -90 degrees with respect to the SWEEP OUT signal only when internal frequency modulation is employed.
- 8. MOD SELECTOR switch is used to select the desired type of modulation to be applied to the RF output signal.
- 9. PULSE RATE control adjusts the repetition rate of the RFoutput pulse or square wave when the MOD SELECTOR is set to INT or SQ WAVE. The X1 or X10 positions of the SYNC SELECTCR determines the multiplying factor to be applied to the reading of the calibrated PULSE RATE dial.

3-0

- 10. PULSE DELAY control adjusts the time delay between the leading edge of the SYNC OUT pulse and the RFoutput pulse from 3 to 300 microseconds when the MOD SELECTOR is set to INT.
- 11. PULSE WIDTH control adjusts the width of the RF output pulse from 0.5 to 10 microseconds when the MOD SELECTOR is set to INT.
- 12.SYNC SELECTOR switch is used to select the type of synchronization to be employed by the signal generator during internal pulse modulation of the RFoutput signal.
- 13.RF OUTPUT: M band type WR-75 waveguide, cover type flange.
- 14.DELAYED SYNC OUT connector is the output for delayed sync pulses in either square-wave or pulse operation. These pulses are controlled by PULSE DELAY.
- 15.SYNC OUT connector is the output for sync pulses in either square-wave or pulse operation.
- 16.SYNC IN connector is the input for sync pulses. These pulses are used only when MOD SELEC-TOR is set to INT and SYNC SELECTOR to EXT-; EXT + or  $\diamond$ .
- 17. EXT MOD/SWEEP OUT: This connector is used as an input for external modulation signals when MOD SELECTOR is set to EXT FM, EXT- or EXT+. The connector is also used as an output for a sweep signal which occurs only when MOD SELECTOR is set to INT FM.

Figure 3-1. Operating Controls and Connecturs

#### SECTION III PERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section contains instructions for the various modes of operation; each is covered in the operating procedure, paragraph 3-6. Front panel controls and connectors and their uses are shown in Figure 3-1.

#### 3-3. HARMONICS.

3-4. At output levels between -50 and +:3 dBm, harmonics in the RF output are at least 20 dB below the fundamental frequency. Normally harmonics will not degrade measurements such as determining sensitivity of tuned receivers or tuned systems. However, when measuring standing wave ratios, accuracy can be increased by using a low-pass filter which suppresses second and third harmonics. A low-pass filter with a broad stop band, such as the HPModel M362A is recommended.

3-5. The signal generator attenuator will affect only the fundamental frequency, and therefore harmonics can be identified.

#### 3-6. OPERATING PROCEDURE.

3-7. The operation of the Model 626A consists of adjusting the two major sections: the RF section, and the modulator section. Adjust the RF section first, since this adjustment establishes the output power reference level, for the output attenuators.

3-8. After turning the instrument on, allow it at least 5 minutes to reach a stable operating temperature. If the ambient temperature is below  $10^{\circ}C(50^{\circ}F)$  a longer warmup period is necessary.

#### Note

The klystrop tube used in this instrument is expensive and has a shorter life than that of the conventional vacuum tube. When the MOD SELECTOR switch is set to OFF, filament and plate voltages are still present on the klystron tube, and therefore power should be removed from the instrument when it is not in use in order to increase the useful life of the tube. Average tube life approximates 1090 hours and the warranty period approximates 500 hours.

#### 3-9. CW OUTPUT.

a. Set frequency dial for desired frequency output.

b. Set MOD SELECTOR to OFF, and adjust ZERO SET to obtain a power-monitor meter indication exactly on the ZERO SET index.

c. Set MOD SELECTOR to CW, and adjust PWR SET to obtain a meter indication exactly on the POWER SET index (red line at center of scale). d. Set OUTPUT ATTEN for the desired RFoutput level in dBm as indicated on the calibrated attenuator scale.

#### 3-10. SQUARE-WAVE OUTPUT.

a. After obtaining the desired CW level as described in paragraph 3-9, set MOD SELECTOR to SQ WAVE.

b. Set SYNC SELECTOR to the X1 or X10 position, and adjust PULSE RATE to obtain the desired squarewave frequency.

c. A synchronizing pulse coincident with the rise of each cycle of square wave is available at the SYNC OUT connector on the front panel.

#### 3-11. INTERNAL PULSE MODULATION.

a. After obtaining the desired CW level as described in paragraph 3-9, set MOD SELECTOR to INT.

b. Set SYNC SELECTOR to X1 or X10, and adjust PULSE RATE to obtain the desired pulse repetition rate.

c. Adjust PULSE WIDTH to obtain the desired width of RF output pulse.

d. Adjust PULSE DELAY to obtain the desired delay between the leading edge of the RF output pulse and synchronizing pulse obtained at SYNC OUT.

e. To synchronize any external equipment, use the SYNC OUT and/or DELAYED SYNC OUT pulses.

#### 3-12. EXTERNAL PULSE MODULATION.

a. After obtaining the desired CW level as described in paragraph 3-9, set MOD SEL ECTOR to EXT + or EXT- to match the polarity of the external modulating pulse.

b. Connect the modulating pulse/to EXT MOD connector. The modulating pulse must have an amplitude of at least 15 volts peak.

#### 3-13. INTERNAL FM AT LINE FREQUENCY.

a. After obtaining the desired CW level as described in paragraph 3-9, set MOD SELECTOR to INT FM and SYNC SELECTOR to  $\gamma$ .

b. Set FM AMPLITUDE control to the full counterclockwise position, then advance it slowly to establish the desired degree of RF frequency deviation about the center frequency. If the control is advanced too far, the modulating voltage may drive the klystron out of the desired mode of oscillation.

3-1

#### Section III

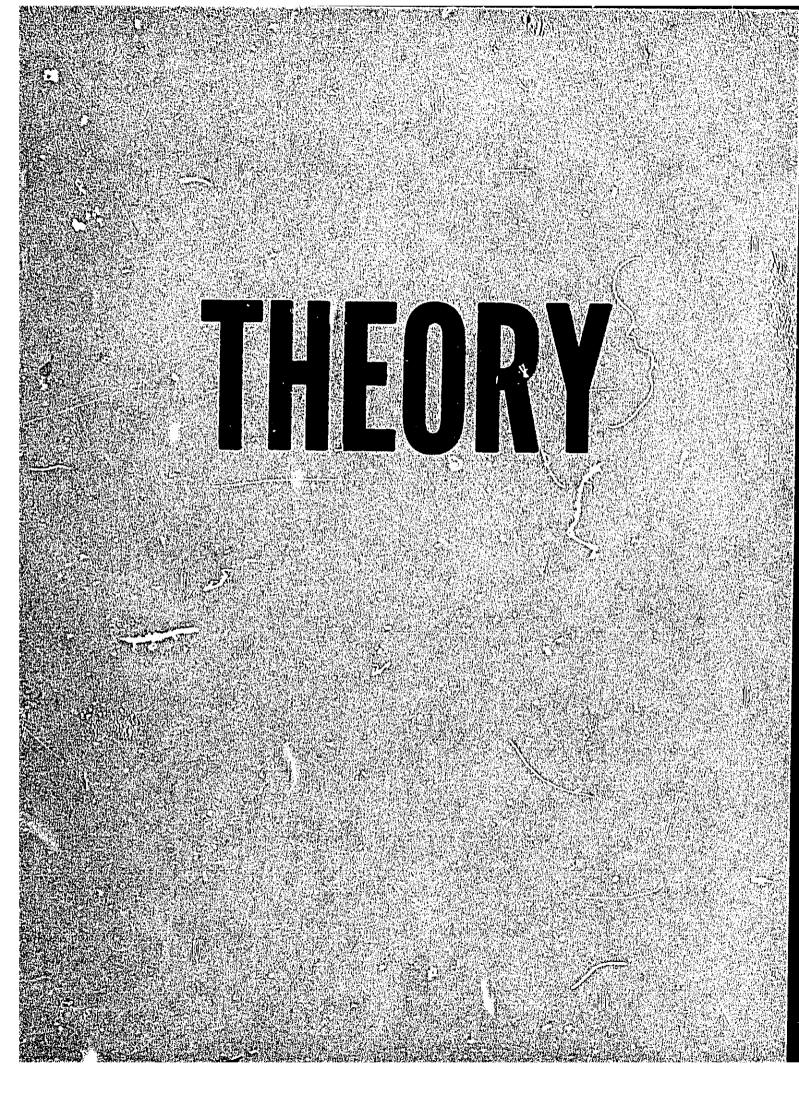
3-14. To observe a presentation of the mode pattern, connect the RF output through a detector to the vertical plates of an oscilloscope and the SWEEP OUT signal to the horizontal plates of the oscilloscope. This method of viewing the mode pattern is recommended when adjusting the reflector-tracking potentiometers.

#### 3-15. EXTERNAL FM.

a. After obtaining the desired CW level as described in paragraph 3-9, set MOD SELECTOR to EXT FM.

b, Connect the external frequency modulation signal to the EXT MOD connector. The modulating signal must have an amplitude of 20 to 30 volts rms. c. Set FM AMPLITUDE control to the full counterclockwise position, then advance it slowly to establish the desired degree of FM about the center frequency. If the control is advanced too far, the modulating voltage may drive the klystron out of the desired mode of oscillation. The FM PHASE control cannot be used to control the phase of modulating signals supplied from an external source.

3-16. To observe a presentation of the mode pattern, connect the RF output through a detector to the vertical plates of an oscilloscope and connect the external frequency modulation signal to the horizontal plates of the oscilloscope.



#### SECTION IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

#### 4-1. INTRODUCTION.

Model 626A

4-2. The Model 626A contains five main circuit sections and a reculated power supply. The five main circuit section, and all front panel controls and connectors are shown in block diagram, Figure 4-2. These circuits provide FM, CW, squarewave, and pulse modulated signals in the 10- to 15.5-GHz range.

#### 4-3. PULSE SECTION.

4-4. This section generates all pilses for internal modulation and synchronizing external equipment. The circuits of the pulse section are shown in Figure 4-3, and explained in the following parsgraphs. The time relationship between pulses is shown in Figure 4-1.

#### 4-5. INPUT AMPLIFIER AND PULSE RATE MULTIVIBRATOR.

4-6. The functions of input amplifier and pulse rate multivibrator V9 are dependent upon the position of the SYNC SELECTOR switch. Refer to Figure 4-4.

a. With SYNC SELECTOR switch S2 at position 1(1) or 2 (EXT+), V9 is an input amplifier for sine waves and positive pulses, and with S2 at position 3 (EXT-), V9 is an input inverter amplifier for negative pulses.

(1) In position 1 or 2, the input signal is applied to the grid of V9A and the grid of V9B is grounded through capacitor C22. The output signal, in phase with the input signal, is taken from the plate of V9B and couples to V10 which is arranged as a Schmitt Trigger.

(2) In position 3, the input signal is applied to the grid of V9B and the grid of V9A is grounded through capacitor C22. The output signal, 180<sup>o</sup> out of phase with the input signal, is taken from the plate of V9B and coupled to V10.

b. With S2 in positions 4 (X1) and 5 (X10), V9 becomes afree running multivibrator. The frequency of oscillation is determined by time constants of the RC networks and a variable positive voltage towards which the grids are returned.

(1) In position 4 (X1) frequency of oscillation is from 40 to 400 pps, and the RC network consists of C16-R35 and C20-R42.

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ìe) 	PULSE DELAY	- PULSE WIDTH -

OUTPUT OF SCHNITT TRIGGER

OUTPUT OF PULSE RATE MULTVIBRATOR V9

CUTPUT OF DIFFERENTIATING NETWORK AND INPUT TO SYNC-OUT THYRATRON VI

OUTPUT FROM VII CATHODE TO SYNC OUT CONNECTOR

OUTPUT FROM VII PLATE TO DELAY MULTIVICRATOR VI3

OUTPUT FROM DELAY MULTIVIBRATOR AND INPUT TO DIFFERENTIATING AND LINITING NETWORK

OUTPUT OF DIFFERENTIATING AND LIMITING NETWORK ANU INPUT TO DELAYED SYNC-OUT THYRATRON VIA

OUTPUT FROM VIA CATHODE TO DELAYED SYNC OUT CONNECTOR

OUTPUT FROM VIA PLATE TO PULSE WIDTH NULTIVIBRATOR

OUTPUT OF PULSE WIDTH MULTIVIERATOR TO MODULATOR VIS

Figure 4-1. Timing Sequence in Pulse Section

Model 626A

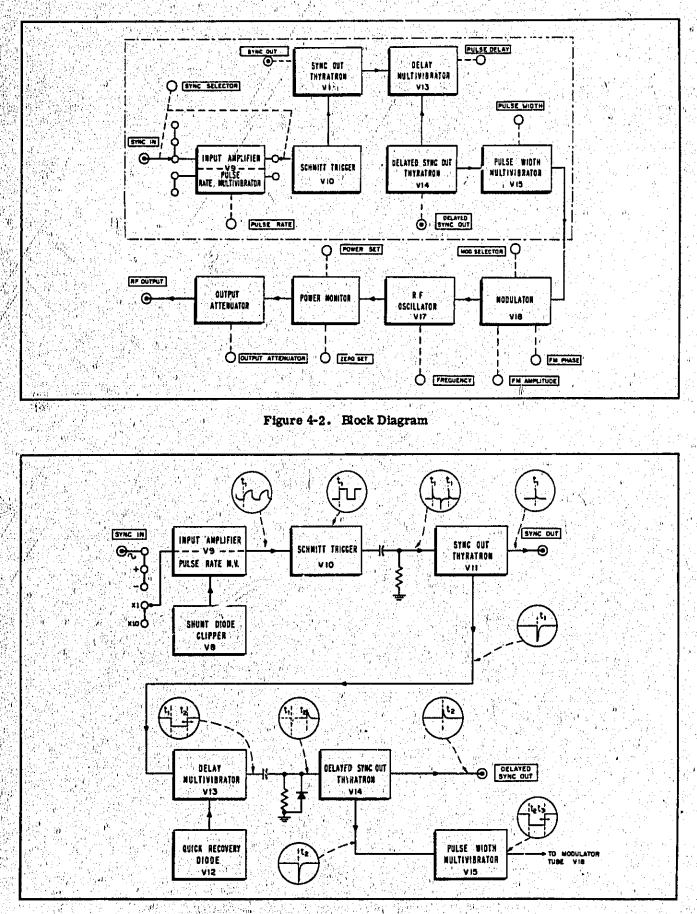
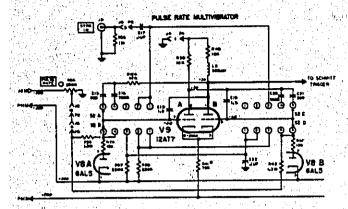


Figure 4-3. Block Diagram of Pulze Section Showing Waveforms

3

Section IV

#### Model 626A



#### Figure 4-4. Input Amplifier and Pulse Rate Multivibrator

(2) In position 5 (X10) frequency of oscillation is from 400 to 4000 pps and the RC network consists of C15-R35 and C21-R42. Note that C15 and C21 are one-tenth the capacity of C16 and C20, and thus the RC time in the X10 position is one-tenth of that in the X1 position, giving a frequency multiplication of ten.

4-7. PULSE RATE control, R34, varies the voltage towards which the timing capacitors tend to discharge, hence the time it takes the instantaneous grid voltage to reach cut off value in the discharge period of the RC networks.

4-8. The two sections of V8 act as clamping diodes which prevent V9 grids from drawing grid current on their positive swing. Both diodes are clamped to-300 volts and they conduct whenever the instantaneous grid voltages go positive with respect to -300V. This action prevents any transients from appearing in the plate circuits, thereby improving the output waveform.

4-9. The output signal taken from the plate of V9B is coupled, by capacitor C23, to the grid of V10A.

#### 4-10. SCHMITT TRIGGER.

4-11. A pulse of fast rise and decay time is required for triggering thyratron V11. Therefore the output from V9 is passed through a schmitt trigger circuit before being applied to sync out thyratron V11. The schmitt trigger circuit is shown in Figure 4-5.

4-12. Transition from one state to the other in a schmitt trigger circuit(a direct coupled multivibrator) is very fast, which results in a square wave output of sharp waveform. V10 reverses conduction when the rise of the input signal reaches an upper trigger level, and again when the decay of the input signal goes through a lower trigger level. These trigger levels are established by the change in potential in the common cathode circuit which results from the difference in conduction through two sections of V10. The upper trigger level is established when V10B is conducting and is approximately -223 volts. The hysteresis of the circuit is 10-11 volts which places the decaying trigger level at approximately -233 volts when V10A is conducting.

4-13. The voltage divider composed of R43, R44, R45, and R46 establishes the no-signal level on the V10A grid below the lower trigger level or at approximately -234 volts.

4-14. Maximum sensitivity of the schmitt trigger is obtained when the average DC level of the input signal is so set that the signal is symmetrical with respect to the two trigger levels. The average DC level at the input to V10 is raised or lowered by adjustment of Trigger Level Adj. (R44), which in turn adjusts the duty cycle of the square-wave output.

4-15. The signal which will be used for square-wave modulation is provided by the schmitt trigger. To avoid loading the output of V10B, the square-wave modulating voltage is taken from the plate of V10A, and is coupled to modulator V18 when MOD SELECTOR switch S3 is in SQ WAVE.

4-16. The output signal is taken from the plate of V10B for triggering thyratron V11.

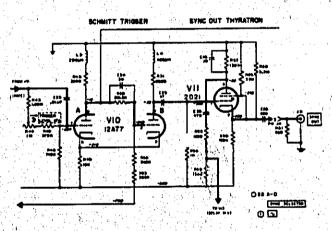


Figure 4-5. Schmitt Trigger and Sync Out Thyratron

#### 4-17. SYNC OUT THYRATRON.

4-18. The output of V10B is differentiated by C25 and R54. The sharp positive spike fires sync out thyratron V11 (Figure 4-5) by driving its grid positive. A large negative pulse (-130 volts peak) is developed in the plate circuit of V11 and is fed through C38 and R55 to delay multivibrator V13. A positive pulse (30 volts peak) appears at the cathode of V11 and is fed to the SYNC OUT connector through C26. This sync signal is simultaneous in time with the front of the original pulse established by the pulse rate multivibrator or by an external source of sync signals. The time relationships are indicated in Figure 4-1.

#### 4-19. DELAY MULTIVIBRATOR.

4-20. Delay multivibrator V13 (Figure 4-6) produces an output pulse whose width is variable from 3 to  $300 \mu s$  with respect to its leading edge  $t_1$ , see Figure 4-1. Its trailing edge establishes time reference  $t_2$ . The width of the output pulse is controlled by setting PULSE DELAY control, R80.

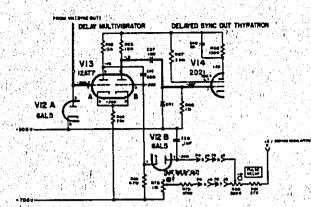


Figure 4-6. Delay Multivibrator

4-21. Delay multivibrator V13, is arranged as a oneshot multivibrator, with a diode clamp in each of its grid circuits. Diode V12A clamps V13A grid to prevent it from going more positive than -300 volts. Diode V12B clamps V13B grid to prevent it from going more negative than a level determined by the setting of the PULSE DELAY control, a level which is somewhere below cut-off. Under no-signal conditions V13A is conducting, V13B is cut off, and V12B is conducting. When the circuit is in the no-signal condition, the potential on V13B grid is established through V12B and is essentially the same as the potential on V12B plate.

4-22. When the large negative pulse from V11 is applied to the grid of V13A, conduction in V13A ceases, and the positive signal developed in the plate of V13A is coupled to the grid of V13B through timing capacitor C41. V13B conducts, V12B cuts off, and C41 discharges through R65 towards -650 volts, pulling the grid of V13B more negative until cutoff is reached. V13A then starts to conduct, and the negative signal developed in the plate of V13A is coupled to the grid of V13B, driving the V13B grid negative from cutoff by an amount equal to the plate swing of V13A. Dioce V12B starts to conduct, C41 discharges through V12B, and the V13B grid is returned to the no-signal condition in a very short time. Waveforms shown in Figure 4-7 illustrate the decrease in recovery time obtained by use of grid clamp V12B.

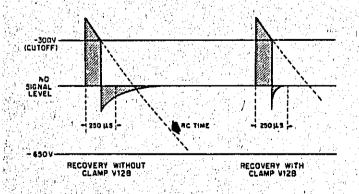
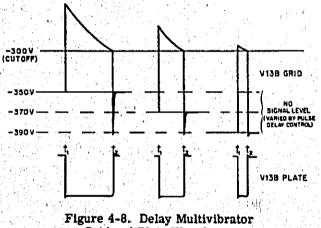


Figure 4-7. Waveform Comparison

4-4

4-23. Rapid return of V13B grid to the no-signal level is required so that the delay multivibrator will be prepared to receive the next pulse incoming from V11. Since at high pulse repetition rates the period between pulses is short (250 µs at 4000 pps), interaction would occur if grid recovery time is short.

4-24. The relation between changes in grid level and pulse width is indicated in the waveform diagram Figure 4-8. The width of the output pulse is dependent upon two things: the RC time constant of C41-R65 and the level of potential on the V13B grid when the delay multivibrator is in the no-signal condition. While the RC time can not be varied, the level of potential on the V13B grid can be raised or lowered by changing PULSE DELAY control. For example, when PULSE DELAY is set so that the no-signal level on V13B grid is approximately - 390 volts, the positive pulse from V13A will drive V13B grid very little above cutoff, conduction time of V13B will be brief, and therefore the width of the output pulse will be greatly shortened.



Grid and Plate Waveforms

4-25. With PULSE DELAY at minimum, variable resistor R78 adjusts the minimum interval between the leading  $(t_1)$  and trailing $(t_2)$  edges of the output pulse, thus effecting minimum delay of the RF output pulse with respect to  $t_1$ .

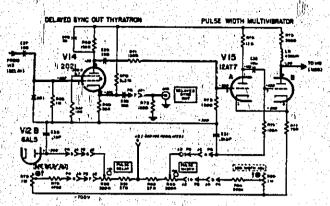
4-26. The output of V13B is differentiated by C27 and R66, and the negative spike, corresponding to  $t_1$ , is eliminated through diode CR1. The positive spike, representing time reference  $t_2$ , is passed to delayed sync out thyratron V14.

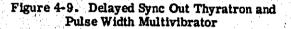
#### 4-27. DELAYED SYNC OUT THYRATRON.

4-28. The action of delayed sync out thyratron V14 (Figure 4-9) is similar to that described for sync out thyratron V11 (paragraph 4-17). The positive differentiated spike from V13 fires the thyratron. The positive pulse (30-volt peak) developed in the V14 cathode circuit is fed to the DELAYED SYNC OUT connector, and the large negative pulse developed in the V14 plate circuit is coupled to width multivibrator V15.

#### 4-29. PULSE WIDTH MULTIVIBRATOR.

4-30. The action of pulse width multivibrator V15 (Figure 4-9) is similar to that of delay multivibrator





V13 (paragraph 4-19) except that there is no diode in the V15B grid circuit to shorten recovery time. Normal recovery time is adequate to return the circuit to the no-signal condition before the next pulse is received from V14.

4-31. Bias for the V15B grid is applied through a voltage divider, R82-R85, which includes variable resistor R83, brought out to the front panel as the PULSE WIDTH control. The relation between level of grid potential and width of output pulse was discussed in Section IV

4-5

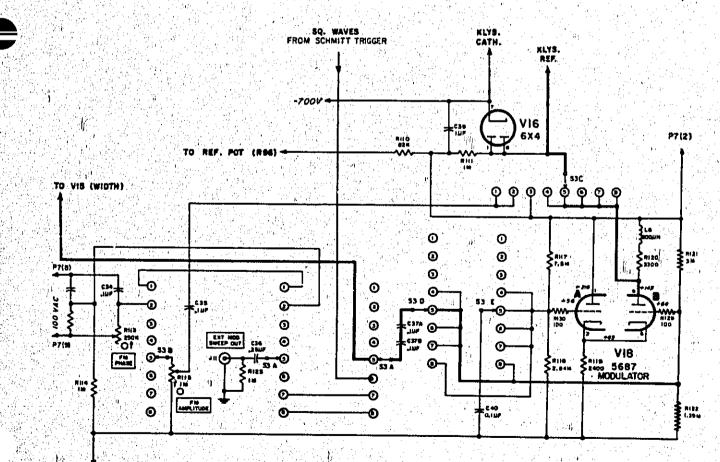
paragraph 4-24. The pulse width multivibrator provides an output pulse whose width is variable from 0.5 to 10  $\mu$ s. The trailing edge of the V15B output pulse establishes time reference t<sub>3</sub>, see figure 4-1. With pulse width at minimum, variable resistor R85 adjusts the minimum interval between the leading (t<sub>2</sub>) and trailing (t<sub>3</sub>) edges of the output pulse, thus effecting minimum width of the RF output pulse with respect to t<sub>2</sub>.

4-32. The V15B output pulse is coupled to the grid of V18B in the modulator section when the MOD SELEC-TOR switch is set to INT.

#### 4-33. MODULATOR SECTION.

4-34. The modulator section (Figure 4-10) includes modulator (30) V18 and MOD SELECTOR switch S3. This section receives all pulse and square-wave modulation signals to be applied to the RF oscillator section. The modulator tube functions only in positions 4, 5, 6, and 7 of S3. In positions 1 and 2 FM signals are applied to the klystron reflector. In position 3 no modulation signal is applied to the klystron, thus the RF output signal is a continuous wave. Circuit conditions at each position of S3 are as follows:

a. Position 1 (EXT FM) -- An externally-supplied FM signal, applied at the EXT MOD/SWEEP OUT connector, is placed across variable resistor R115 (FM.



P7 (4) (MOD B-)

Figure 4-10. Modulator V18 and MOD SELECTOR Switch S3

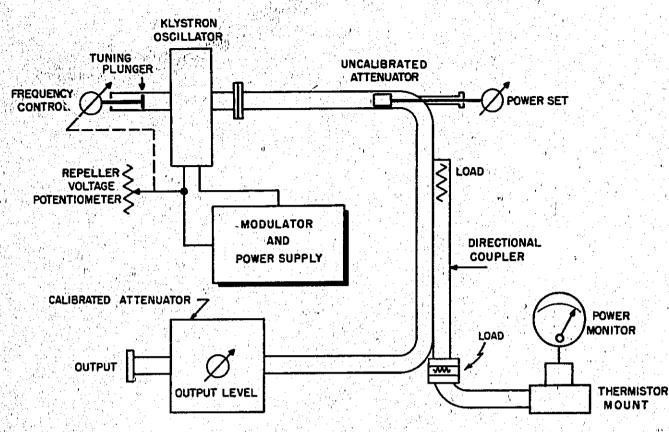


Figure 4-11. RF Oscillator and Waveguide System

AMPLITUDE control), and then coupled by capacitor C35 to the klystron reflector.

b. Position 2 (INT FM) -- An internally-supplied FM signal of the same frequency as the line voltage is placed across R115 (FM AMPLITUDE control), and then coupled to the klystron reflector. This signal, taken from secondary winding B of power-supply transformer T2 by leads P7 (8) and P7 (7), is applied to the modulator section through a phase-determining network which includes the FM PHASE control. The FM signal voltage is also supplied to the EXT MOD/ SWEEP OUT connector.

c. Position 3 (CW) -- In this position modulation is not applied to the klystron reflector and the RFoutput signal generated by the RFoscillator is a continuous wave.

d. Position 4 (OFF) -- In this position the klystron reflector is tied to the plate of V18B. With the modulator section in the no-signal condition, V18A is cut off and V18B is conducting. The drop across the V18B plateload resistor (approximately 60 volts) drives the reflector outside the operating mode, and there is no oscillation.

e. Position 5 (INT) -- In this position, modulating voltage is supplied from width multivibrator V15. In the no-signal condition the circuit is as described for position 4. When a negative pulse from V15 is placed on its grid, V18B cuts cif. Potential on the V18B plate rises, returning the klystron reflector to the operating level, and the klystron oscillates. Oscillation continues for the duration of the pulse, and then the V18 circuit returns to the no-signal condition, again driving the klystron reflector outside the operating mode.

f. Position 6 (SQ WAVE) -- The square-wave signal, from the V10A section of the schmitt trigger is placed on the V18B grid. As described for position 5, the resulting action alternately changes the klystron reflector voltage so that the klystron moves in and out of oscillation.

g. Position 7 (EXT-) -- The action in this position is identical to that described for position 5 except that the negative pulses that are applied to the modulator section are supplied from an external source at the EXT MOD/SWEEP OUT connector.

h. Position 8 (EXT+) -- The action in this position is similar to that described for position 7 except that externally-supplied pulses are applied to V18A grid. V18A conducts, V18B cuts off and allows the klystron to oscillate. In the EXT+ position V18 acts as a pulse inverter.

4-35. The action of diode V16 protects the klystron from drawing reflector current. V16 is connected across the cathode and the reflector, and conducts in the event the klystron reflector goes positive with respect to the klystron cathode.

#### 4-36. RF OSCILLATOR SECTION.

4-37. The RF oscillator section (Figure 4-11) of the Model 626A is essentially an all waveguide system,

#### Model 626A

employing a reflex klystron tube mounted in a plunger tuned cavity for generation of the RF energy. The energy from the cavity is coupled to a power set attenuator (uncalibrated) which adjusts the power level applied to the calibrated attenuator. The level at the input of the calibrated attenuator is monitored by a compensated thermistor bridge which operates a front panel meter. Monitoring is accomplished by sampling the RF energy through a waveguide directional coupler which feeds the sampled RF energy to a thermistor located in one leg of the bridge. The calibrated attenuator is a rotary type, operating in circular waveguide with a transition to rectangular waveguide at its output.

#### 4-38. REFLEX KLYSTRON OPERATION.

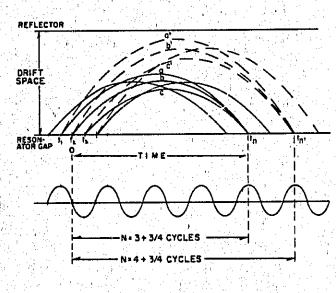
4-39. The resonant circuit of the RF oscillator includes klystron resonator-grid capacitance, beam admittance, and the primarily inductive impedance of the external cavity. The cavity is fitted with a movable plunger which changes cavity dimensions, thereby varying the impedance of the oscillator resonant circuit. With a change in impedance, the frequency of oscillation is changed.

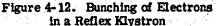
4-40. Figures 4-13a and 4-13b show equivalent circuits of a reflex klystron oscillator. In the following discussion of how oscillations are sustained in a reflex klystron oscillator, the presence of a low amplitude RF voltage across the resonator grids is assumed. As in any oscillator, this initial voltage is supplied by the thermal agitation noise.

4-41. Electrons emitted from the cathode toward the resonator grids are velocity modulated, i.e., the electrons are accelerated or decelerated according to the phase of the RF voltage existing across the resonator grids. After leaving the resonator grids, the electrons encounter a retarding electric field set up by the negative reflector voltage and are repelled back toward the grids. Since the electrons have been velocity modulated they tend to form in bunches when they arrive at the grids.

4-42. This bunching of electrons is illustrated in Figure 4-12, which shows the transit time relationship of electrons while in the drift space between the resonator grids and the reflector. Consider an electron (a) leaving the grids at time t1. The voltage of the RF signal on the grids is such that the electron receives energy and is accelerated into the drift space. It arrives back at the grids at time  $t_n$ . An electron (b) leaving at time t2 receives no acceleration because the RF signal is now at zero volts. Thus electron (b) does not travel as far into the drift space and arrives back at the grids at the same time as electron (a). Electron (c) leaving at time t<sub>3</sub> is decelerated since the RFsignal has reversed voltage polarity since time t1. Electron (c) travels a shorter distance into the drift space and arrives back at the grids at the same time as electrons (a) and (b).

4-43. When bunched electrons arrive backat the grids at a time when the RF signal tends to retard their return, they deliver energy to the grids and sustain oscillations in the resonant cavity.





4-44. The time that the electrons spend in the drift space is adjusted by changing the reflector voltage. As reflector voltage is increased in the negative direction, electrons a, b, and c spend less time in the drift space. As reflector voltage is decreased electrons  $a^1$ ,  $b^1$ , and  $c^1$  (Figure 4-12) travel farther into the drift space and take a lorger time  $(t_n 1)$  to return to the grids. At the low end of the frequency band (10.0 to 12.8 GHz.), the reflector voltage is adjusted so that the number of oscillations (N) that occur at the grid while the electrons are in the drift space is equal to 3-3/4 cycles. At the high end of the frequency band (12.8 to 15.5 GHz.), the reflector voltage is adjusted so that the number of oscillations equals 4-3/4 cycles. When the oscillator is operating with 3-3/4 cycles drift time it is known as operating in the 3-3/4 reflecfor mode. A plot of reflector modes with respect to frequency and reflector voltage is given in Figure 4-14.

#### 4-45. RF OSCILLATOR TUBE.

4-46. The RF oscillator tube is a Varian type V39B reflex klystron operating in a tunable cavity resonator. The klystron and cavity assembly are shown in Figures 5-4a and 5-4b. The klystron is constructed with two irises located opposite each other and near the resonator grids. One iris looks into the external cavity and the other into the output system.

4-47. The klystron cavity system in the Model 626A operates on the 3/4 wavelength cavity mode, and oscillation of both the 3-3/4 and 4-3/4 reflector modes are employed to cover the frequency band from 10.0 to 15.5 GHz. The 3-3/4 mode is used from 10.0 GHz to approximately 12.8 GHz. At this frequency the tuning mechanism actuates mode switch S4 to decrease the voltage applied to the reflector by approximately 250 volts. This action places the system on the 4-3/4 mode for the remainder of the band from approximately 12.8 to 15.5 GHz.

4-7

4-8

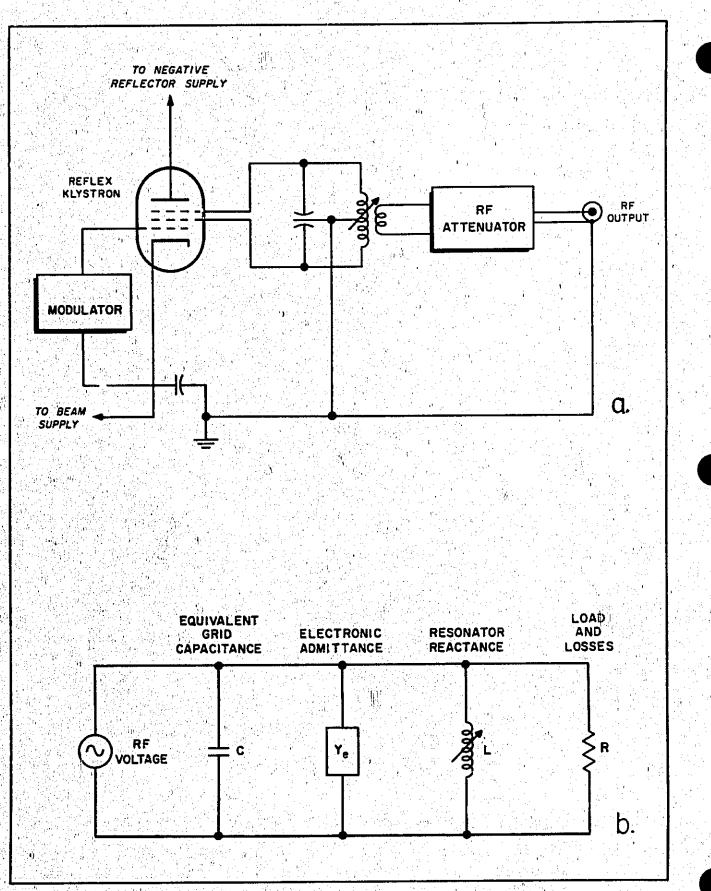


Figure 4-13. Equivalent Circuits of RF Oscillator

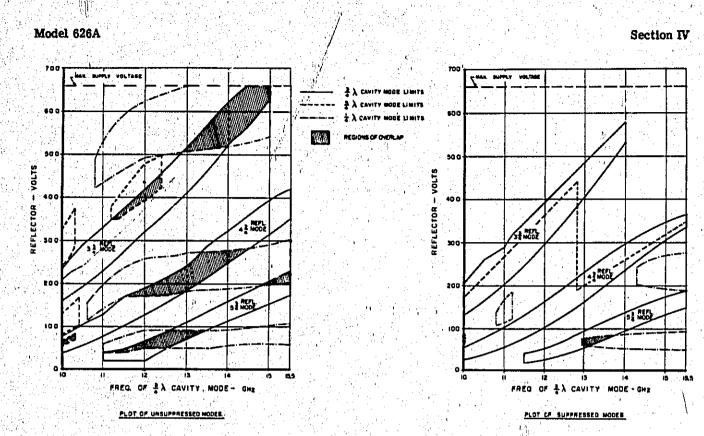


Figure 4-14. Graph Showing Klystron Oscillation Modes

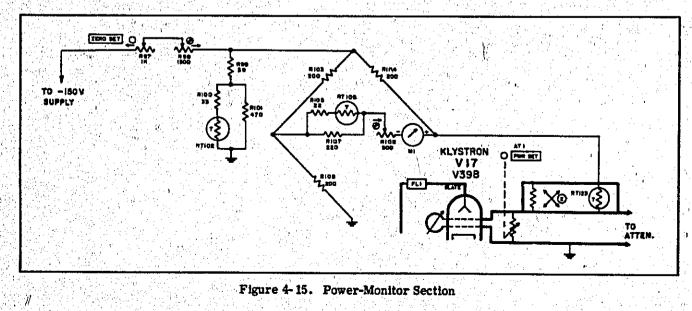
4-48. As shown in the plot of modes, Figure 4-14, the 5/4 wavelength cavity mode interferes with the 3-3/4 reflector mode at the lower end of the band. This mode is suppressed by means of two tapered loads adjoining the cavity, parallel to the plunger, and by an adjustable load in the klystron cavity. The mode suppressors are shown in Figure 5-13. Since klystrons possess a natural tendency to oscillate on the 1/4 wavelength cavity mode, and since this mode is undesirable, it is suppressed by the use of a small cylindrical load coupled to the cavity; a small screw matches the cavity to this load. The matching screw is effectively shorted out of the circuit at approximately 11 GHz and below by a shorting switch actuated by a cam on the frequency-drive shaft (Figure 5-13).

4-49. Voltage is applied to the klystron reflector from variable resistor R96. The movable arm of R96 is ganged to the frequency drive in such manner that voltage on the reflector is automatically tracked with frequency in the desired reflector mode.

#### 4-50. POWER-MONITOR SECTION.

4-51. The power-monitor section monitors the RF power level at the input to the calibrated attenuator (OUTPUT ATTEN DBM). The power-monitor section includes an uncalibrated attenuator (PWR SET) which adjusts the level of power applied to the calibrated attenuator, and a thermistor bridge which monitors the power applied to the calibrated attenuator. Refer to Figure 4-15.

4-9



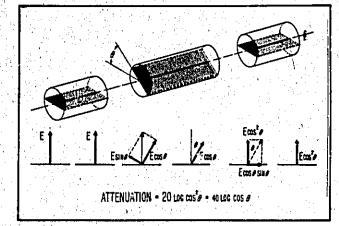
4-52. RF power from the klystron is coupled to the uncalibrated attenuator which is brought out to the front panel as the PWR SET control. Power from the uncalibrated attenuator is coupled directly to the calibrated attenuator. Power delivered to the calibrated attenuator is sampled by a specially - designed directional coupler and applied to one leg of the temperaturecompensated thermistor bridge (RT123). Power-monitor meter M1 is connected across the bridge and when the bridge is balanced the meter reads ZERO SET. To bring the bridge into balance adjust the ZERO SET control. If the bridge is balanced before the power is sampled and when the sampled power causes the meter to read 0dBm, the power level at the input to the calibrated attenuator is +10 dBm (10 mW).

4-53. Thermistor RT106 connected in series with the meter acts as a sensitivity-regulating device, necessary because of the characteristic of thermistor bridges to increase in sensitivity as the ambient temperature increases. Thermistor RT102 in the network, shunted across the bridge is a temperature-compensating device. Since RT123 is temperature sensitive, the bridge could drift appreciably from its zero setting with changes in ambient temperature. RT102 compensates for this tendency. With changes in the voltage across the bridge, current through thermistor RT102 also changes, and its resistance varies in such manner as to regulate the current through RT123. The regulation of current through RT123 tends to keep the bridge in balance by counteracting any change in current through RT123 due to ambient temperature changes. Thus the bridge can be zero-set and will remain in balance to a relatively high degree.

#### 4-54. OUTPUT ATTENUATOR SECTION.

4-55. The output attenuator section consists essentially of two broadband, precision waveguide attenuators operating in series and ganged to the OUTPUT ATTEN DBM control. The OUTPUT ATTEN is calibrated to read the output in dBm.

4-56. Each attenuator consists of three sections of waveguide in tandem. In each section a resistive film is placed across the guide as shown in Figure 4-16. The middle section is a short length of round guide which is free to rotate axially with respect to the two



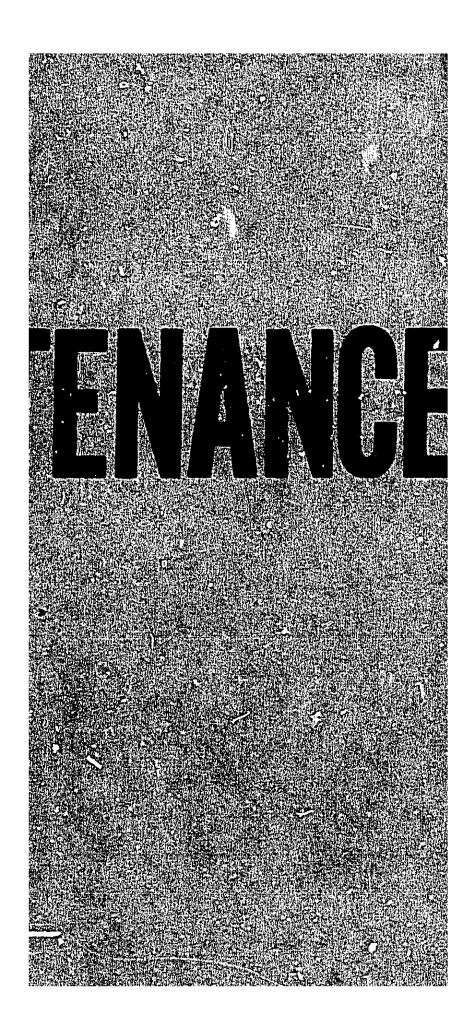


fixed end sections. The end sections are rectangularto-round waveguide transitions in which the resistive films are normal to the E field of the applied wave. The construction is symmetrical.

4-57. When all films are aligned, the E field of the applied wave is normal to all films and no attenuation occurs. When the center section is rotated through an angle  $\theta$ , the E field may be considered as resolved into two components: E sin  $\theta$  in the plane of the film and E cos  $\theta$  normal to the plane. The E sin  $\theta$  component will be absorbed by the film while the E cos  $\theta$  component, now oriented at an angle  $\theta$  with respect to the applied wave, will be passed unattenuated to the third section. When it encounters the third film, the E cos  $\theta$  component will be split into two components: the E cos  $\theta$  sin  $\theta$  component which will be absorbed by the film, and the E cos<sup>2</sup>  $\theta$  component which will emerge with orientation identical to the original wave.

4-58. The attenuation is thus a function only of the angle to which the center section is rotated and is almost completely independent of frequency. In terms of dB the attenuation is equal to 40 log  $\cos \theta$ . Attenuation through both attenuator sections in series is twice the attenuation through one of them, i.e. [2 (40 log  $\cos \theta$ )], and attenuation up to 100 dB may be introduced.





Model 626A

#### Section V

## SECTION V

#### 5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section provides maintenance and service information for the Model 626A SHF Signal Generator. The section includes recommended test equipment, replacement procedures for tubes, repair and adjustment procedures, and troubleshooting charts. Also included are performance checks which verify proper instrument operation.

#### 5-3. CLEANING THE AIR FILTER.

5-4. The airfilter for the Model 626A is located behind the louver on the front panel. Inspect the air filter regularly, and clean it before it becomes dirty enough to restrict air flow. To remove and clean the air filter, proceed as follows:

a. Removefilter from instrument front panel by removing the four machine screws at the corners.

b. Wash filter in warm water and detergent.

c. Dry filter thoroughly and coat it with filter adhesive. We recommend Super Filter Coat from Research Products Corporation. This adhesive comes in a convenient spray can and is available from most heating supply stores or from your authorized Hewlett-Packard sales representative HP Part No 3150-0002).

#### 5-5. TIST EQUIPMENT.

5-6. Test equipment required for use in maintaining and checking performance of the Model 626A is listed in Table 5-1. Equipment having similar characteristics can be substituted for the equipment listed.

#### 5.7. TROUBLESHOOTING.

#### 5-8. LOCATING TROUBLE.

5-9. Always start locating trouble with a thorough visual inspection for burned-out or loose components, loose connections, or any condition which suggests a source of trouble. Check tubes for open filaments by touching tubes and replace all that are cold. Replacing a cold tube, in most cases, will restore the generator to normal operation. Check the fuse to see that it's not open.

5-10. If trouble cannot be isolated to a bad component by a visual inspection or a cold tube, the trouble should then be isolated to a circuit section. Isolation to a circuit section can best be accomplished by using block diagram, Figure 4-2.

#### 5-11. TROUBLESHOOTING CHARTS.

5-12. Troubleshooting charts, Tables 5-2, 5-3, and 5-4, list checks and symptomy, possible causes, and remedies of various troubles. The power supply should be checked first; refer to paragraph 5-14.

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5-13. For simplification, only tubes are referenced in the troubleshooting charts, but it should be remembered that components associated with referenced tubes are also failure possibilities. When testing the signal generator it is recommended that line voltage be applied through a variable transformer, and that the transformer be adjusted to deliver a voltage at the low end of the rated 105- to 127-volt range. An instrument in good condition should operate satisfactorily from any line voltage within the rated range, but where there is marginal operation (from weak tubes, etc), weaknesses become easier to trace at low line voltages.

#### 5-14. POWER SUPPLY.

5-15. Correct operation of the power supply is vital to proper operation of the signal generator. Noise or variation in the regulated voltages causes other circuits to operate in a random or erratic manner. It is advisable to make a voltage check of the power supply whenever the instrument is suspected of marginal operation. This eliminates factors such as low voltages or poor regulation which cause unsat sfactory performance in other sections of the instrument.

5-16. The power supply section consists of three interdependent electronically-regulated voltage supplies, furnishing -300, -700, and -1250 volts as measured from chassis ground and an unregulated supply furnishing - 210 volts.

a. The - 300 volt regulated supply furnishes voltage for operation of the pulse generator. It also furnishes a regulated - 150 volts for the power-monitor bridge. This voltage is taken from an additional voltage regulator tube (V3), included between chassis ground and the - 300 volt supply.

b. The -400 volt regulated supply, stacked with the -300 volt supply, furnishes -700 volts (beam supply) to the klystron cathode and pulse circuits.

c. The -550 volt regulated supply, stacked with the -300 and -400 volt supplies, furnishes -1250 volts(reflector supply) to the klystron reflector.

5-17. The separate supplies and their relationships are shown in a block diagram, Figure 5-1. The regulated supplies are stacked, and voltage regulator tube V7 in the -550 volt supply furnishes the reference voltage for the whole supply.

5-18. After the instrument is turned on, there is a 30-second delay before the -300 and -400 volt supplies are energized, which permits tube filaments to heat before klystron beam voltage and tube potentials are applied. Thermal relay K1 in the power supply input holds the transformer T1 primary circuit open for 30 seconds after power is applied.

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	Table 5-1. Required Te	est Equipment	
Instrument Type	Required Characteristics	Use	Recommended Model
Oscilloscope	Internal Sweep: 0.5 µsec/cm to 100 µsec/cm	Signal tracing, calibration and performance checks	HP Model 160B
Audio Oscillator	Frequency Output: 1000 Hz	Calibration	HP Model 200AB
Pulse Generator	Pulse Duration: 5µsec Output Voltage: 5 volts peak Repetition Rate: 4000 pps	Adjustments	HP Model 212A
Vacuum Tube Voltmeter	AC Voltage Range: 1 mV to 10 volts DC Voltage Range: to 700 volts positive and negative	General purpose and adjustments	HPModels 400D/H and 410B
Microwave Power Meter	Power Range: to 10 mW Scale to read in dBm and milliwatts	Adjustments and performanc checks	eHP Model 430C
Crystal Detector	Sensitivity: 0.05 V/mW Frequency Response: ±2 dB Frequency Range: 10 to 15.5 GHz	Signal tracing, calibration and performance checks	HPModels M421A and P421A
Thermistor Mount	Power Range: to 10 mW Frequency Range: 10 to 15.5 GHz	Adjustments, calibration	HPModels M487B and P487B
Frequency Meter	Dial Calibration Accuracy: 0.07% Frequency Range: 10 to 15.5 GHz	Calibration and performance checks	HPModels M532A and P532A
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Table 5-2. Power Supply Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
- 550 VOLT SUPPLY		
With voltmeter common lead co - 1250 vol; terminal to read -	onnected to -700 volt terminal, connect p	ositive lead to
Small deviation	Out of adjustment	Adjust R28 (Fig.5-2) to-550 vol
Low voltage	Defective series regulator V5 Defective rectifier diode	Replace V5; adjust R28 above Replace CR12, 13, 14, or 15; adjust R28 above
High voltage	Defective control tube V6	Replace V6; adjust R28 above
Erratic voltage	Defective reference tube V7	Replace V7; adjust R23 above
-400 VOLT SUPPLY		
With voltmeter common lead co -300 volt terminal to read +4	onnected to -700 volt terminal, connect p 00 volts.	
Low voltage	Defective series regulator V1 Defective rectifier diode	Replace V1 Replace CR6, 7, 8, or 9
High voltage	Defective control tube V4	Replace V4
ender seiter Freiheiten Marine in der eine seiter eine eine Bereihenen eine Bereihenen eine Bereihenen eine Ber	the sector of th	The second se
-300 VOLT SUPPLY		
With voltmeter common lead co	onnected to -700 volt terminal, connect p	ositive lead to
With voltmeter common lead co chassis ground to read + 700 to	rolts.	
With voltmeter common lead co		Replace V1 Replace CR2, 3, 4, or 5
With voltmeter common lead co chassis ground to read + 700 to	Defective series regulator V1	Replace V1
With voltmeter common lead co chassis ground to read + 700 y Low voltage	volts. Defective series regulator V1 Defective rectifier diode	Replace V1 Replace CR2, 3, 4, or 5
With voltmeter common lead co chassis ground to read + 700 y Low voltage High voltage - 150 VOLT BRIDGE SUPPLY	volts. Defective series regulator V1 Defective rectifier diode	Replace V1 Replace CR2, 3, 4, or 5 Replace V2

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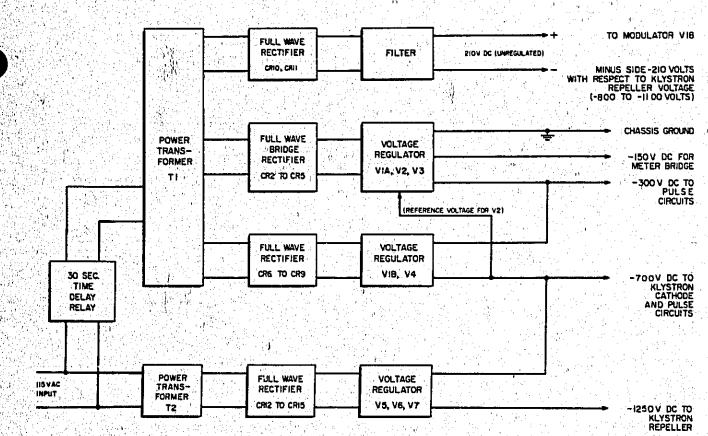


Figure 5-1. Block Diagram of Power Supply

5-19. It will be noticed in the schematic diagram of the power supply, Figure 5-20, that V6, the control tube for the -700 volt supply, has a divided plate load consisting of R21 and R25-R26. R21 acts as the plate load before the thermal relay is actuated while R25-R26 act as the plate load after the relay trips.

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5-20. When measuring voltages in power supply, the procedure given in Table 5-2 should be followed. This permits the voltmeter common to be attached to -700 volt bus at all times, while the dc probe is moved from point to point. Use of polarity switch on the voltmeter will be required only when measuring +700 and +400 volts to chassis ground.

#### WARNING

When measuring voltages from points on the regulator card which have dc potential to ground, use a plastic encased multimeter. When using metal case vtvm's exercise great care since metal cabinets will be at high negative potentials.

5-21. Adjust line voltage from 103 to 127 volts while measuring output voltages from the regulated supply. The regulated voltages may vary  $\pm 1\%$  with this line voltage change.

#### 5-22. REPAIR.

#### 5-23. CABINET REMOVAL.

5-24. To remove Model 626A from its cabinet proceed as follows:

a. Position instrument so that it is resting on front panel guard rail handles.

b. Remove four screws on the back of the cabinet, and lift the cabinet from instrument chassis.

#### 5-25. TUBE REPLACEMENT CHART.

5-26. Tubes used in Model 626A are listed in Table 5-5. Any tube may be replaced with a tube having corresponding RETMA standard characteristics. When tube replacement requires that an adjustment be performed, Table 5-5 references paragraph or table where pertinent adjustment information is given. It is recommended that tubes be checked by substituting new tubes of the same type; if no improvement in performance is noted, return original tube to the socket.

#### 5-27. SERVICING ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARDS.

5-28. To service etched circuit boards the following steps are recommended.

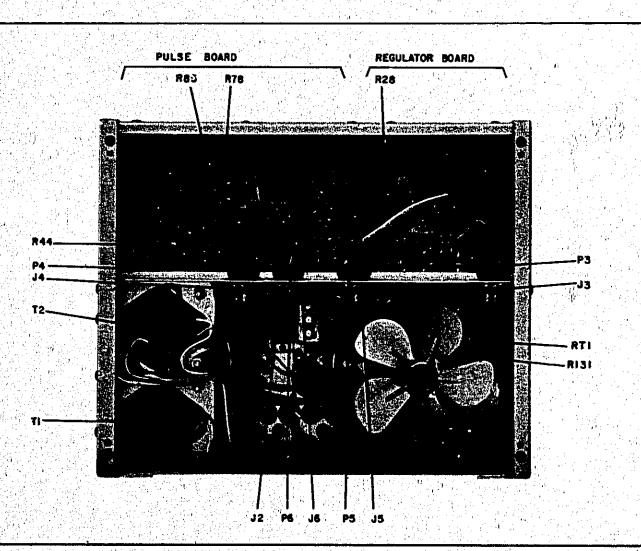


Figure 5-2. Rear View of Instrument Showing Power Supply and Pulse Sections

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
With MOD SELECTOR set to O	FF	
Power-monitor meter not indicating	No supply voltage	Measure bridge supply voltage across end tap (orange lead) R98(Figure 5-7) and ground; should be approximately 2 to 3 volts. Check -150 volt supply.
	Defective VR tube V3	Replace V3; readjust ZERO SET (para 5-41)
	Open meter	Disconnect meter; check continuity. Caution: 200µA movement
Power-monitor meter pins upscale or downscale	Shorted or open component on one side of bridge causing unbalance	Disconnect one side of meter. Measure bridge supply voltage at R98 (see remedy step above for 2 to 30 volts. Measure voltage between each side of bridge and ground to determine side at fault. The voltage at both midpoints on each side of the bridge should be 1/2 voltage applied to bridge from R98.
Power-monitor meter pins to left below zero	Open thermistor RT123	Replace thermistor mount. Recalibrate power-monitor meter (para 5-59)

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Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
With MOD SELECTOR set to	<u>DFF</u> (cont'd)	
Power-monitor meter pins to right upscale	High bridge voltage; defective VR tube V3	Replace V3
	Shorted thermistor mounting- post insulator. (One post is insulated from mounting by mica washer which also acts as bypass capacitance.)	It is recommended that entire mount be re- placed because of difficulties in adjusting mount frequency response after reinsulating post (para 5-59)
With MOD SELECTOR set to	<b>w</b>	
Power-monitor meter indicates weak output	Incorrect tracking adjustments	Check reflector tracking adjustments (para 5-50). Observe mode patterns.
	Defective klystron	Replace klystron, cavity, and frequency drive mechanism (para 5-29)
	Extraneous material in cavity (braid, filings, polyiron chips, etc)	Remove foreign matter

Table 5-3. RF Generator Troubleshooting (cont'd)

a. Do not apply excessive heat.

b. Remove a damaged component by clipping leads near component.

c. Apply heat to component lead and remove lead with a straight upward pull.

d. Use a toothpick or wooden splinter to clean holes.

e. Solder replacement components from the conductor side.

5-29. KLYSTRON TUBE REPLACEMENT.

5-30. If it is necessary to replace the klystron tube, the klystron cavity and frequency drive mechanism must be replaced as a unit. Replacement unit(HP Part No. 626A-95A) consists of a new klystron installed in

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
No RFoutput with MOD SELECTOR set to INT or SQ WAVE. INT FM and CW positions satisfactory	Defective V8, V9, or V10 Schmitt trigger sensitivity out of adjustment	Replace; see Table 5-5 Adjust R44; see para 5-43
NoRFoutput with MOD SELECTOR set to INT and no SYNC OUT or DELAY SYNC OUT pulses. SQ WAVE position satisfactory	Defective V11	Replace; see Table 5-5
NoRF output with MOD SELECTOR set to INT and no DELAY SYNC OUT pulse. SYNC OUT pulse and SQ WAVE positions satisfactory	Defective V12, V13, V14 Min. delay adj. misadjusted	Replace; see Table 5-5 Adjust R78; see para 5-57
NoRFoutput with MOD SELECTOR set to INT. SYNC OUT pulse, DELAY SYNC OUT pulse and SQ WAVE positions satisfactory	Defective V15 Min. width adj. misadjusted	Replace; see Table 5-5 Adjust R85; see para 5-58
NoRFoutput with MOD SELECTOR set to INT or SQ WAVE. SYNC OUT pulse, DELAY SYNC OUT pulse and INT FM and CW positions satisfactory	Defective V18	Replace; see Table 5~5

Table 5-4. Pulse Section Troubleshooting

 $f_{i}^{*}$ 

Tube	Туре	Function	Adjustment Reference
<b>V1</b>	6080	Series Regulator (-300 volt supply and -400 volt supply)	Table 5-2
V2	6AU6	Control Tube (-300 volt supply)	Table 5-2
<b>V3</b>	OA2	Voltage Reference Tube (-150 volts) PWR SET bridge supply	Paragraph 5-59
<b>V4</b>	6AU6	Control Tube (-350 volt supply)	Table 5-2
V5	6AQ5	Series Regulator (-550 volt supply)	Table 5-2
<b>V</b> 6	6AU6	Control Tube (-550 volt supply)	Table 5-2
V7	5651	Reference Tube (-550 volt supply)	Table 5-2
<b>V8</b>	6AL5	Clamping Diode	No adjustment required
<b>V9</b>	12AT7	Pulse Rate Multivibrator and Input Squaring Amplifier	Paragraph 555
V10	12AT7	Schmitt Trigger	Paragraph 5-43
V11	2D21	Sync Out Thyratron	No adjustment required; selection may be neces- sary, however.
V12	6AL5	Clamping Diode	No adjustment required
V13	12AT7	Pulse Delay Multivibrator	Paragraph 5-57
V14	2D21	Delayed Sync Out Thyratron	No adjustment required
V15	12AT7	Pulse Width Multivibrator	Paragraph 5-58
V16	<b>6X4</b>	Limiting Diode	No adjustment required
V17	<b>V39B</b>	Klystron Oscillator	Paragraph 5-45
V18	5687	Modulator	No adjustment required

a cavity which is attached to the associated frequency drive mechanism. A new calibrated frequency dial is also included with the unit. Units are completely pretested and adjusted at the factory. Field installation of the replacement unit is simple and requires no extensive readjustment procedure. Units can be obtained from the factory on an exchange basis by contacting the nearest Hewlett-Packard field representative or factory service department.

#### CAUTION

THE STOPS FOR THE FREQUENCY DRIVE MECHANISM ARE INOPERATIVE WHEN FREQUENCY DIAL IS NOT IN PLACE. RO-TATING THE SHAFT FOR THE FREQUENCY DIAL AND FREQUENCY DRIVE CAM TO ONE EXTREME OR THE OTHER WITHOUT THESE STOPS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS AND PER-MANENT L. MAGE TO PLUNGER ON INNER END OF FREQUENCY DRIVE ROD. HANDLE WITH CARE.

5-31. PRIOR TO REMOVAL. Before removing klystroncavity and frequency drive mechanism, the PWR SET attenuator must be withdrawn from klystron cavity; failure to do this will result in a broken attenuator. To prevent damage to attenuator, proceed as follows:

#### a. Rotate PWR SET maximum clockwise.

b. In Figure 5-10, locate power set atten. drive in upper left hand corner of picture. Loosen allen setscrews that hold large gear in attenuator drive.

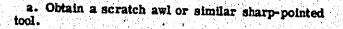
c. Locate collar on attenuator drive shaft(parallel with panel) and gently pull this collar away from large attenuator drive gear until it stops. Power set attenuator card will now be clear of klystron cavity and you may proceed with klystron removal.

d. After klystron assembly has been installed, slide attenuator shaft back toward large drive gear making sure setscrew on collar is on top.

e. With PWRSET maximum clockwise, press large gear and collar together with your fingers and tighten setscrews on gear.

f. Check operation of PWR SET to make sure it operates smoothly.

5-32. REMOVAL. Refer to Figure 5-3 and proceed as follows:



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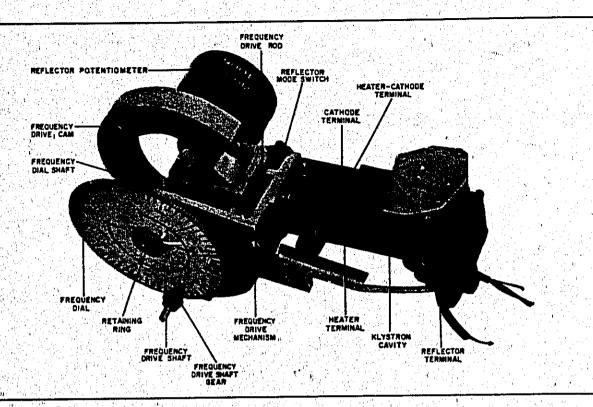


Figure 5-3. View of Klystron Cavity and Frequency Drive Mechanism

b. Rotate frequency control full counterclockwise to stop. Normally a small dot just to the left of 10 GHz. dial point will be under the hair line.

c. Remove and save frequency control knob and cover overfrequency dial. This cover is held in place by four screws.

d. With awl, mark a valley on the frequency drive shaftgear and the tooth of frequency dial which meshes in this valley.

e. The dial is held on frequency dial shaft by a retaining ring with four screws. Remove all four screws without permitting frequency dial to rotate with respect to shaft and hub on which it is mounted. Place a short scratch mark across shaft end, dial hub, and a short way onto dial so that all three can be replaced later in exactly the same position. This scratch mark will be found on shaft, dial hub, and dial supplied in the replacement assembly (HP Part No. 626A-95A).

1. Remove dial hub and spring washer over frequency dial shaft. Save spring washer for use in stepf under paragraph 5-33, Installation.

g.<sup>1</sup>Note connections to reflector potentiometer by drawing a sketch before disconnecting leads. Disconnect leads.

h. Remove and save three front panel screws that hold frequency drive mechanism onto rear of panel. Tip instrument forward onto guard rail handles at each end of the panel. i. Remove and save tubes V16 and V18. Note connections for the four wires from klystron cavity and disconnect at terminals adjacent to V16 tube socket.

j. Remove and savefour screws holding waveguide section to klystron cavity. Support cavity as last screw is removed to prevent damage to waveguide.

k. Slide klystron cavity and frequency drive assembly to left and lift cavity upward. The entire assembly will now swing to one side to expose the connections to reflector mode switch.

m. Note connections to reflector mode switch by drawing a sketch before disconnecting leads. Disconnect leads.

n. Lift entire assembly from instrument. Observe the CAUTION following paragraph 5-30.

5-33. INSTALLATION. Refer to Figure 5-3, and proceed as follows:

a. Reconnectleads to reflector mode switch. Refer to the sketch made in step m under paragraph 5-32, Removal.

b. Swing klystron cavity and frequency drive mechanism in place on instrument and replace the four screws (removed in stepj under Removal) that fasten klystron cavity to waveguide section. Tighten all screws firmly.

c. Reconnect klystron leads. Refer to notes made in step i under Removal. Check connections carefully as an error may result in a burned out klystron. Replace tubes V16 and V18.

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d. Holdfrequency drive mechanism against back of front panel and turn instrument upright. Insert and tighten one of three screws (saved in step h under Removal) that holdfrequency drive mechanism. Insert and tighten remaining two screws.

e. Reconnectleads to reflector potentiometer. Refer to the sketch made in step g under Removal.

f. Replace spring washer (saved in stepf under Removal) over end of frequency dial shaft.

g. Install frequency dial hub supplied with new assembly. Align scratch marks on end of shaft and dial hub, push hub back until end of shaft and surface of hub are approximately flush. Tighten setscrews in hub. The shaft must not protrude beyond the front surface of hub.

h. Turn frequency drive shaft gear full counterclockwise. Replace frequency dial and align the mark on gear with the marked tooth on dial. Align scratch mark across dial hub and dial before replacing retaining ring and tightening the four screws.

i. Replace frequency dial cover.

j. Replace frequency control knob on frequency drive shaft.

k. Rotate frequency drive shaft full counterclockwise and hold against stop. Check that the dot on frequency dial is under the hair line.

5-34. ADJUSTMENTS. After replacing the klystron cavity the following adjustments are necessary. Refer to Figure 5-3 and proceed as follows:

a. Conjust an ac voltmeter such as an HP Model 400D/H between the heater-cathode terminal and heater terminal.

#### WARNING

Use an insulated voltmeter. This is necessary due to high voltages applied to the klystrontube. If the voltmeter has a groundlead be sure it is isolated by using a three-prong to two-prong adapter and leave the pigtail floating. Extreme care must be taken to insulate the metal instrument case as it will be at the same potential as the ground cliplead.

b. Connect power cord to proper source and turn Model 626A on.

c. The heater voltage should be 6.3 Vac. If heater voltage is not 6.3 Vac refer to paragraph 5-39.

d. Set Model 626A MOD SELECTOR switch to INT FM.

e. Connectan HP Model 410B VTVM positive lead to the reflector terminal and negative or common lead to the cathode terminal. Voltmeter SELECTOR switch should be set to -.

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f. Set potentiometers R89 and R95 (Figure 5-10) to approximate center of range over which they can be rotated. These two controls are located on an insulated bracket mounted on the bottom edge of modulator assembly.

g. Set frequency dial to 10 GHz and adjust control R92 for a voltmeter reading of <u>volts</u>. Slowly increase frequency setting until the point is reached where reflector mode switch just operates as can be determined by an audible click. At this point adjust R87 for a voltmeter reading of <u>volts</u>. If either R92 or R87 have insufficient range, adjust control R95 beyond point where desired reading is obtained and then readjust the particular control that originally had insufficient range.

h. Decrease frequency dial setting slightly as required to cause reflector mode switch to operate. At this point, adjust control R88 for a voltmeter reading of \* volts. Set frequency dial to 15.5 GHz and adjust control R93 for a voltmeter reading of \* volts. If either R88 or R93 have insufficient range, adjust control R89 beyond point where the desired reading is obtained and then readjust the particular control that criginally had insufficient range.

i. Repeat steps g and h several times as necessary. These controls all interact but if steps g and h are repeated enough times a point will be reached where additional adjustment will not be necessary.

j. If reflector voltages are carefully set, no additional adjustments will normally be required. To check instrument performance refer to paragraph 5-62

5-35. To better understand the relationship of parts in the klystron cavity and drive mechanism refer to Figures 5-4 and 5-5.

5-36. REFLECTOR POTENTIOMETER REPLACEMENT.

5-37. To replace reflector potentiometer, R96, refer to Figure 5-6 and proceed as follows:

a. Remove power to instrument.

b. Draw a sketch of reflector potentiometer, R96, noting color and location of leads.

c. Remove leads from potentiometer.

d. Remove retaining ring and back of potentiometer. Remove screw holding potentiometer to supporting bracket.

e. Loosen setscrews on mode-switch cam located between cam and potentiometer. DO NOT LOOSEN setscrews between mode-switch cam and frequency drive casting (see Figure 5-6).

\*These voltages vary from one klystron to another. Correct voltages will be specified in the instructions sent with each replacement unit.

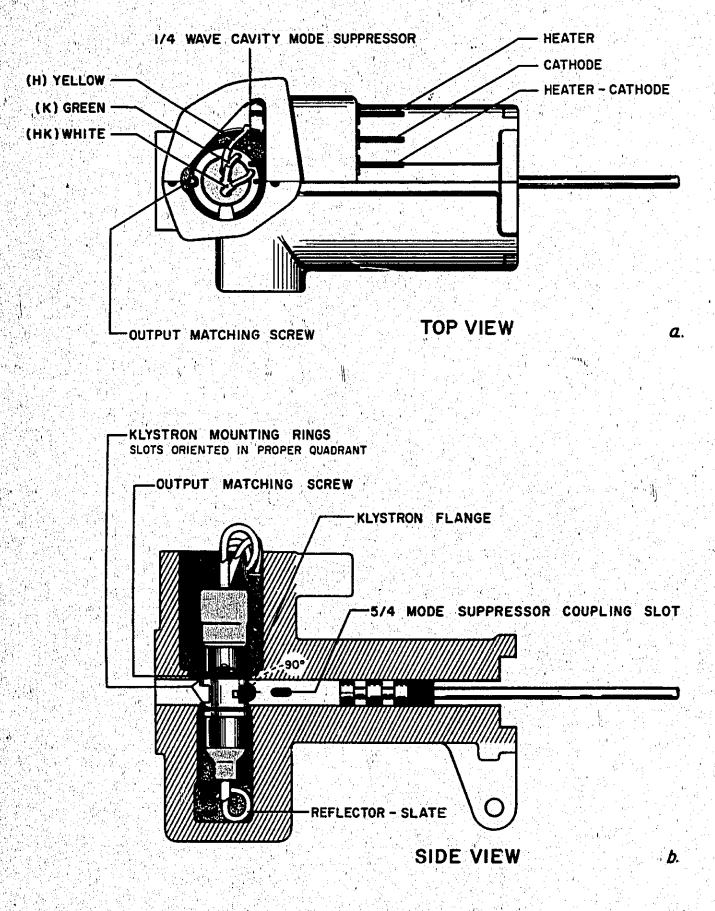


Figure 5-4. Cutaway Views of Klystron Cavity

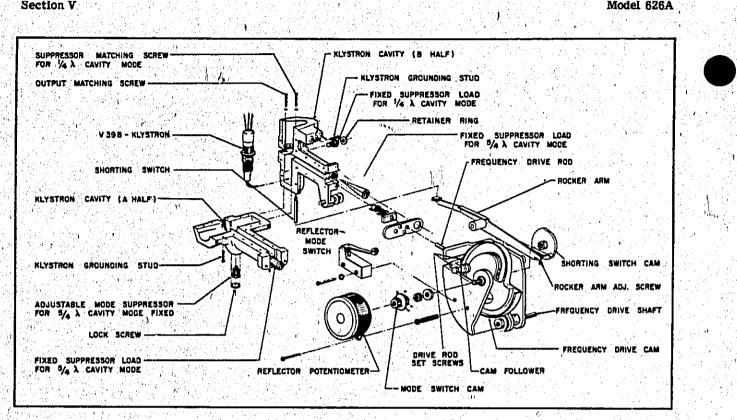


Figure 5-5. Exploded View of Klystron Cavity and Plunger Drive Mechanism

f. Remove reflector potentiometer.

g. Remove back from replacement potentiometer and connect it to supporting bracket with the screw removed in step d.

h. Do not tighten mode-switch cam setscrews at this time.

i. Refer to sketch made in step b and reconnect leads to potentiometer.

j. Connect an ohmmeter set on the X1000 range between the center tap and wiper arm of potentiometer.

k. Position frequency dial to point of mode-switch actuation. Movefrequency dial back and forth through the mode-switch lag distance to determine mid-point. Place frequency dial at this mid-point.

m. Hold frequency dial in place and adjust position of wiper arm inside potentiometer until ohmmeter reads minimum resistance.

n. Tighten mode-switch cam setscrews and replace back of potentiometer.

p. If necessary, perform reflector tracking adjustment as described in paragraph 5-51k.

#### 5-38. REPLACING RT1.

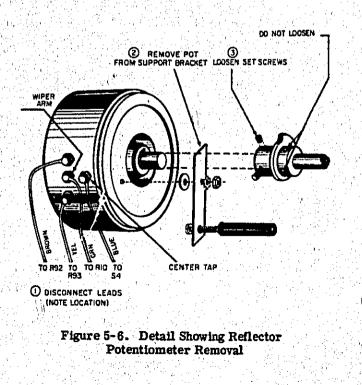
5-39. After replacing RT1 the klystron heater voltage should be checked and adjusted if necessary. Refer to Figures 5-2, 5-3, and proceed as follows:

a. Connect an ac voltmeter such as an HP Model 400D/H between the heater-cathode terminal and heater terminal.

b. Voltmeter reading should be 6.3 Vac.

c. If voltmeter reads high, decrease shunt resistance (R131). Increase this resistance if reading is low. Continue to change this resistance until the heater voltage reads 6.3 Vac.

d. Wait 10 minutes and repeat steps a and b. If voltmeter reading is not 6.3 Vac, repeat step c.



### 5-40. ADJUSTMENTS

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#### 5-41. ZERO SET CONTROL ADJUSTMENT.

5-42. When front panel ZERO SET control will not zero-set the power-monitor meter, the range of this control needs to be extended. To extend its range, refer to Figure 5-7 and proceed as follows:

a. Set MOD SELECTOR to OFF and position ZERO SET control to its mechanical center.

b. Adjust R98 until power-monitor meter indicates Zero Set.

5-43. SCHMITT TRIGGER LEVEL ADJUSTMENT.

5-44. To adjust schmitt trigger level, refer to Figures 5-2, 5-10, and proceed as follows:

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-8. Oscilloscope vertical input is to be connected to terminal B GRN on modulator board.

b. Adjust calibrated pulse generator output for 4000 pps. Pulses should be 5  $\mu$ sec duration and 5 volts peak. For maximum accuracy, calibrate pulse generator with oscilloscope.

c. Set Model 626A MOD SELECTOR to OFF and SYNC SELECTOR to polarity of external sync pulses uses. d. Adjust oscilloscope so that it is calibrated to  $1 \,\mu$ sec/cm.

- e. Adjust R44 until pulse duration is 5 µsec.
- 5-45. ADJUSTMENTS FOLLOWING KLYSTRON REPLACEMENT.

5-46. Following replacement of a new klystren (tube only) certain adjustments must be made before the instrument will operate in a satisfactory manner. The general steps in the overall procedure are as follows:

a. Establish initial reflector tracking voltages.

b. Partial reset of frequency dial.

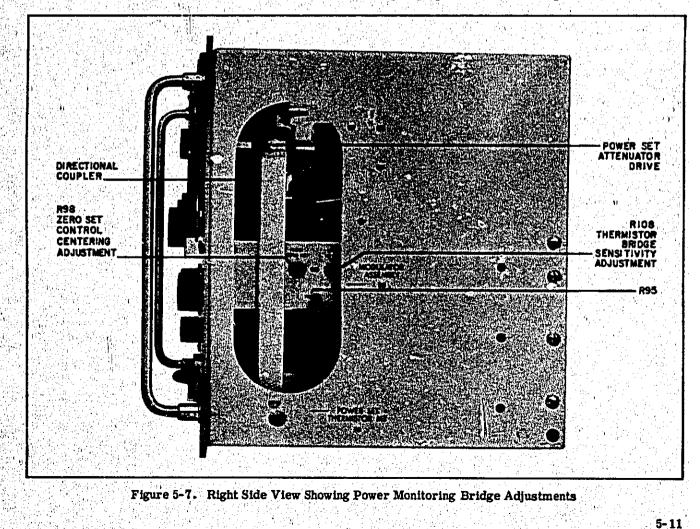
c. Suppress undesired modes of oscillation, fineadjust frequency dial and fine-adjust reflector tracking.

d. Output power response adjustment.

#### 5-47. INITIAL REFLECTOR-VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENTS.

a. Check all power supply voltages as indicated in Table 5-2.

b. Reflector voltages can now be set, as described in paragraph 5-48, to values given on the data sheet



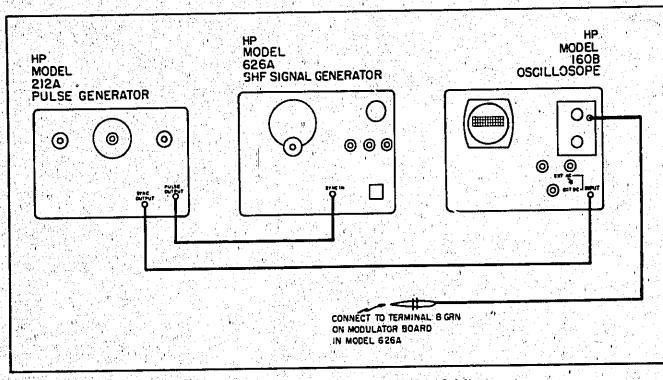


Figure 5-8. Test Setup for Schmitt Trigger Level Adjustment

supplied with the replacement klystron. Voltages are most easily measured at klystron terminal strip located on the modulator deck. There are four terminals marked K, H, H, R. Cathode-to-reflector voltage is measured between terminals K and R. The frequency at which each reflector tracking potentiometer is adjusted is shown in Figure 5-9.

#### Note

A data sheet supplied with the replacement klystron tabulates reflector (reflector-tocathode) voltage vs frequency. The klystron manufacturer tests the tube under slightly different operating conditions from those in the instrument, but voltages are close enough to be useful when making tracking adjustments. It should be mentioned that while voltages given at 10 GHz and 15.5 GHz are directly applicable; the klystron manufacturer switches from 3-3/4 reflector mode to 4-3/4 reflector at a frequency (generally 13.5 GHz) which varies slightly from that at which the instrument switches (generally 12.8 GHz). Voltages specified in the data sheet should be used, however, and (R87 or R88) adjusted above and below the instrument mode switching point. (This is proper practice since adjustment pots are designed to adjust voltages at the high and low frequency sides of specific modes rather than at specific frequencies.) The setting obtained this way will be close enough for initial tracking.

5-48. INITIAL TRACKING PROCEDURE. Refer to Figure 5-10 and proceed as follows:

#### WARNING

When measuring reflector-to-cathode voltage the reflector should be negative with respect to the cathode by the voltage shown in the data sheet. Use <u>extreme care</u> when measuring this voltage since it is 1200 volts negative with respect to instrument chassis.

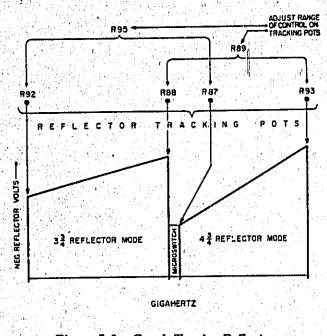


Figure 5-9. Graph Showing Reflector Tracking Voltage vs Frequency



a. Set R95 and R89 to mechanical center of rotation.

b. Connect voltmeter commonto klystron terminal K, and connect positive lead to klystron terminal R. Set frequency dial to 10 GHz and adjust R52 (and R95if necessary) to read tabulated voltage for 10 GHz point.

c. Set frequency dial to point near 12.8 GHz just before microswitch actuates. Adjust R88 (and R89 if necessary) to read tabulated voltage for 3-3/4 reflector mode high frequency point.

d. Set frequency dial to point near 12.8 GHz just after microswitch actuates. Adjust R87 to read tabulated voltage for low frequency point of 4-3/4 reflector mode.

e. Set frequency dial to 15.5 GHz and adjust R93 to read tabulated voltage for 15.5-GHz point.

f. When voltages are correct, remove power from instrument and connect klystron heater and cathode leads as shown in Figure 5-4a.

#### 5-49. INITIAL FREQUENCY SETTING.

a. Turn Model 626A on and check klystron heater voltage (paragraph 5-39).

b. Set Model 626A controls as follows:

MOD SELECTOR .			. INT FM
OUTPUT ATTEN.			+10 DBM
FM AMPLITUDE.	i e e e.	full	clockwise
frequency dial			

c. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-11, and check for output.

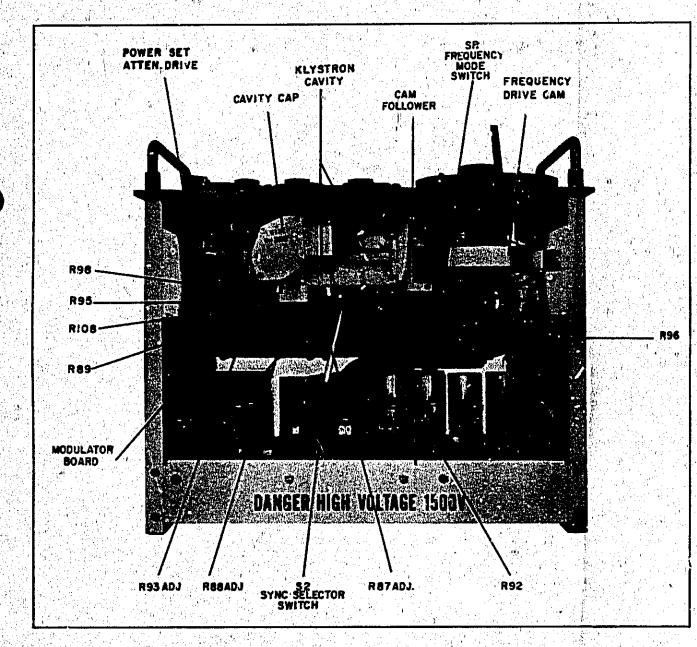
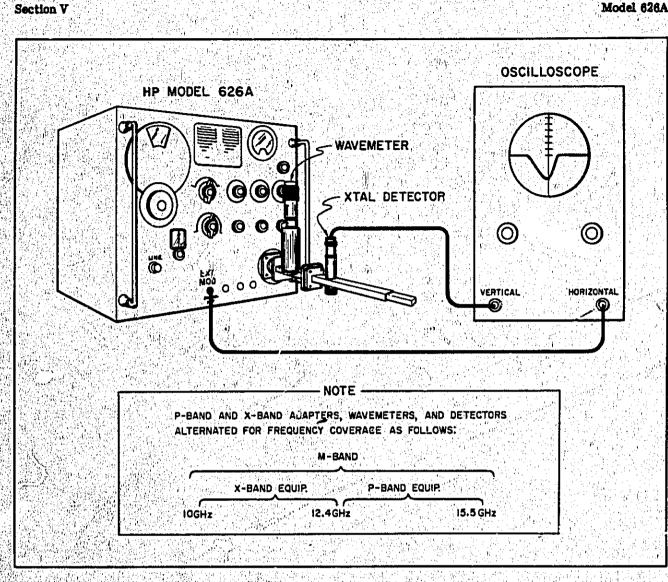
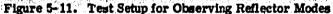


Figure 5-10. Top View Showing Location of Reflector Tracking Pots





#### Note

The test setup shown in figure 5-11 with control settings on the signal generator described in step b permits the Model 326A to internally FM the klystron with a 60-Hz sine wave of sufficient amplitude to drive the klystron in and out of oscillation (see paragraph 3-13). When an oscilloscope is connected, its horizontal sweep circuit is driven by 60 Hz synchronized with the 60-Hz sine wave frequency modulating the reflector. Vertical trace is driven by detected output from klystron. As klystron passes in and out of oscillation a humped waveform will appear on the oscilloscope. The hump is an indication of klystron output amplitude vs reflector voltage and may be construed as the reflector mode for frequency of oscillation. Typical mode pattern oscillograms appear in Figure 5-12.

d. Adjust oscilloscope to center horizontal trace for equal deflection on each side of vertical scale center.

e. Adjust FM PHASE for optimum presentation of mode-pattern at 15.5 GHz. It may be necessary to bring crest of the mode pattern closer to the oscilloscope vertical center line with R93 in order to produce satisfactory output, but such a tracking adjustment is not critical at this stage of alignment as long as significant output is available at extremes of the band. If voltages have been set according to klystron manufacturer's data sheet, adequate output should be available, barring such considerations as a weak klystron or improper seating in cavity.

1. Set frequency dial near high frequency end. Where plunger rod is accessible, loosen setscrews holding plunger rod to cam follower (refer to Figure 5-5).

### WARNING

When loosening setscrews ho'ding plunger rod to cam follower, extreme care should be used as microswitch (located near cam follower) has <u>high negative voltages</u> on it.



g. Pull plunger rod out of cavity until it hits frequency drive cam. Tighten lightly side setscrew holding plunger rod to cam follower.

h. Set frequency dial to 15.5 GHz (changing wavemeters and detector mounts if necessary) and set wavemeter to 15.5 GHz. Loosen setscrew holding plunger rod.

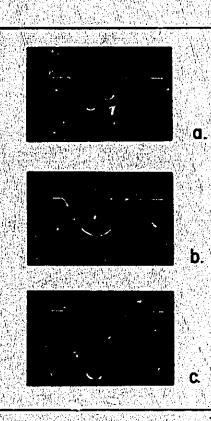
i. With a thin-cointed tool, push plunger rod slightly into the cavity until wavemeter notch appears on mode pattern. Tighten one setscrew lightly which holds plunger rod to cam follower.

#### Note

The purpose of adjustments in step i (adjusting plunger rod) and in step m (adjusting cam) is to adjust the length of plunger travel against length of dial travel from the low end of the band to high end of the band. These adjustments interact, but by repeated adjustments of the cam at 10 GHz and plunger rod at 15.5 GHz, the ends of the dial may be brought into calibration. DO NOT loosen frequency dial hub-screws or otherwise attempt to calibrate the dial by slipping it at the hub.

j. Repeat steps e through h to obtain approximate dial calibration at the end of the band. Final calibration is made between mode suppression and fine tracking adjustments.

k. Set 10 GHz on wavemeter and also on Model 626A frequency dial. If wavemeter notch is present on mode



pattern, proceed with paragraph 5-50. If notch is not present, proceed with step m.

Section V

m. Loosen setscrews on frequency drive cam. Hold frequency dial in position and adjust the cam (thus moving cam follower, plunger rod, and plunger) until wavemeter notch appears on mode pattern. Tighten setscrews on frequency drive cam.

5-50. MODE SUPPRESSION AND REFLECTOR TRACKING. Mode suppression in Model 626A consists of reducing effects of the 1/4 wave cavity mode and, in case of vigorous tubes, the 5/4 wave cavity mode. These unwanted modes create most problems around the 12.8 GHz mode switch point and it is here that suppression is conducted.

5-51. Unwanted modes are suppressed before fine reflector tracking adjustments are made, and in rare cases the fine tracking adjustments may interact with the 1/4 wave cavity mode suppression. When this happens the 1/4 wave mode suppression. When this happens the 1/4 wave mode suppression. When this happens the 1/4 wave mode suppression. Trouble with the 5/4 wave cavity mode is remote; however, proper techniques for suppressing both unwanted modes are described.

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-11.

b. Set frequency to the high frequency side of mode switching point and look for evidence of the 1/4 wave cavity mode. At this point on the frequency dial the 1/4 wave mode will appear on the high frequency (high

4-3/4  $\lambda$  reflector mode (3/4  $\lambda$  cavity mode) at high frequency side of mode switch (just above 12.8 GHz). Undesired 1/4 $\lambda$  cavity mode at right inadequately suppressed.

Same as (a) except that  $1/4\lambda$  cavity mode adequately suppressed, and  $4-3/4\lambda$  reflector mode ( $3/4\lambda$  cavity mode) is centered properly.  $3-3/4\lambda$  reflector, mode should have the same appearance as this when unwanted modes are properly suppressed.

3-3/4  $\lambda$  reflector mode (3/4 $\lambda$  cavity mode) at 10.8 GHz. Undesired 5/4 $\lambda$  cavity mode, shown as slight bulge at left, inadequately suppressed.

Figure 5-12. Typical Mode Patterns

voltage) side of the desired mode. Under worst conditions two similar modes can be present. Modes can be identified with a wavemeter if doubt exists as to which side of the modes is the high frequency (high voltage) side.

#### Note

Desired and undesired modes are most easily identified by using a wavemeter. Frequency of the 1/4 wave cavity mode will be from 9.7 to 10.7 GHz while that of the desired mode will correspond closely to that shown on the frequency dial, approximately 12 to 13 GHz. Frequency of the 5/4 wave cavity mode will probably be above 15.5 GHz.

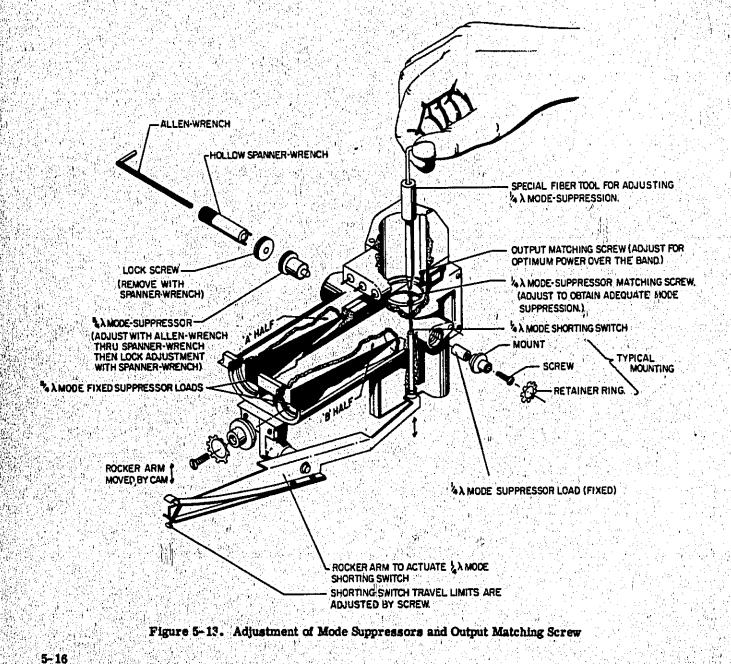
c. Adjust the 1/4 wave mode suppressor matching screw to eliminate interference. Use the special fiber tool supplied with the instrument and refer to Figure 5-13.

Model 626A

#### WARNING

To reach the 1/4 wave suppressor matching screw the tool must pass between klystron heater and cathode connections. USE CARE due to high negative voltages at these points. The best way to use the special tool is to insert the fiber tube (suppressor locknut wrench) first; then insert the metal suppressor wrench through the fiber tube to adjust the suppressor. Lock down the suppressor matching screw when adjustment is completed. Remove metal wrench, then remove fiber wrench.

d. Tune up the band to 15.5 GHz observing oscilloscope pattern as you go. At higher frequencies the 1/4 wave mode may reappear, but it will be on the low irequency side of the desired mode at these frequencies and will cause no interference. If actual interference



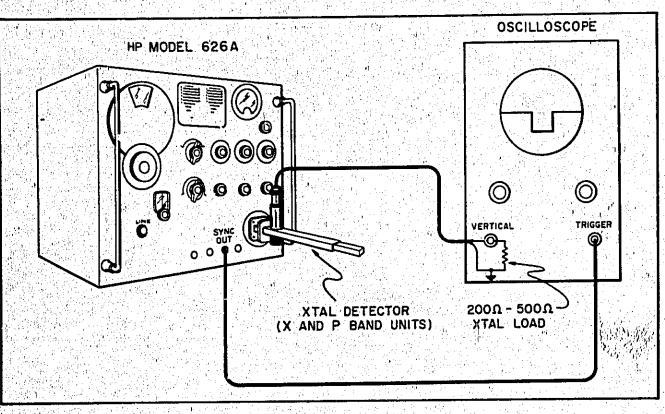


Figure 5-14. Calibration Test Setup

occurs between 12.8 and 15.5 GHz, readjust 1/4 wave mode suppressor matching screw.

e. Tune the frequency dial across the low end of the band from stop to mode switch point. The 5/4 wave mode, if present, will normally appear somewhere bolow 10, 2 GHz. Its presence is revealed as a slight outward bulge on the high frequency side of the desired mode at the base line as shown in Figure 5-12c.

1. To suppress this mode, adjust the 5/4 wave mode suppressor shown in Figure 5-13. Another special tool is provided to assist you in this adjustment; it is the small hollow spanner wrench secured inside the chassis. After unthreading lock screw insert a No. 10 allen wrench through it to adjust suppressor. After achieving the desired suppression, lock suppressor in place.

g. Check across entire frequency band to make sure that all mode suppression is effective.

h. Perform paragraph 5-49, steps f through m, except dial should be set to within 100 MHz of 10 GHz and within 155 MHz of 15.5 GHz. Check points between 10 15.5 GHz. If these points are out of specifications (1%) a compromise of the extremes will correct the dial.

i. Afterfinal dial calibration tighten all setscrews.

j. Once undesired modes have been suppressed and final dial calibration performed, the reflector tracking must be fine adjusted. Center the oscilloscope horizontal trace.

k. Set frequency dial to 10 GHz and adjust R92 so that the vertical centerline of oscilloscope graticule divides the mode pattern about 1/3 of the way from the high frequency side into the mode. Verify high frequency side, if necessary, with wavemeter.

#### Note

When MOD SELECTOR is placed in OFF position, voltage applied to reflector should bias the hystron off. If mode pattern is centered on oscilloscope the reflector voltage may not be adequate to bias the klystron off. Pulse and square-wave operation may be deteriorated by failure of klystron to cut off during "off" portion of modulation. If mode pattern is positioned so that the high frequency side is too close to oscilloscope vertical centerline, a weak output is obtained.

m. Set frequency dial to point just before microswitch actuation and adjust mode pattern with R87 as described in step k.

n. Set frequency dial to point just past microswitch actuation and adjust mode pattern with R87 as described in step k.

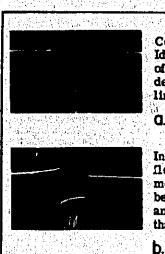
p. Set frequency dial to 15.5 GHz and adjust mode tern with R93 as described in step k.

q. Since adjustments are somewhat interacting, tune through frequency range of Model 626A observing tracking behavior. Readjust pots as necessary to produce satisfactory tracking.

# 5-52. TRACKING CHECK, PULSE AND SQUARE WAVE.

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-14.

Section'V



Correct tracking adjustments. Ideal RF pulse. Note absence of overshoot, good rise and decay, flat crest and base lines.

Incorrect tracking voltage. Reflector voltage pulses beyond mode crest. Pulse crest should be from 90%-100% of initial rise amplitude and overshoot no more than 10% of initial rise.



Tracking voltage nearly correct but small pulse to left indicates oscillation taking place during pulse "off" time.

High base line at right indicates that tracking adjustment prevents klystron from biasing "off" during pulse off time.



Reflector tracking voltage incorrect. Instrument pulsing "off" when actually "on" and vice-versa.

#### Figure 5-15. Typical Pulse and Square Wave Oscillograms

e;

b. Set Model 626A controls as follows:

SYNC SELECTOR			X10
MOD SELECTOR .			
PULSE RATE		аларанан артанан артана Солоно артанан а	. 100
PULSE DELAY .	S Qui y	3	usec
PULSE WIDTH	NA 201 N. 12	1	

c. Adjust oscilloscope for a 1 µsec/cm sweep.

d. Tune frequency dial on signal generator slowly from 10 to 15.5 GHz while observing pulse shape and pulse base line appearance on oscilloscope. Various pulse waveforms are shown in Figure 5-15. If pulses have sharp overshoot, the reflector tracking potentiometer for that frequency has been adjusted beyond the crest of the mode pattern. A ragged base line indicates that oscillation is taking place when klystron should be cut off. If either of these troubles are present, readjust tracking potentiometer applicable to reflector mode and frequency under examination.

e. Set MOD SELECTOR to OFF and PWR SET to full clockwise position. Tune across the band while observing power-monitor meter for any indication of RF power. Where power is present the reflector tracking voltage for the particular frequency is not properly adjusted and does not bias klystron out of oscillation mode. Adjust appropriate tracking potentiometer to eliminate indication.

5-53. OUTPUT POWER RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT. After satisfactory tracking has been obtained and undesired modes suppressed, the output matching screw must be adjusted as shown in Figure 5-13. a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-16.

C.

**d**:

b. Set signal generator frequency dial to 10 GHz and PWR SET for maximum output power as indicated on Model 430C. Record reading obtained.

c. Set signal generator frequency dial to 15.5 GHz and record reading obtained.

d. Adjust output matching screw for a reading approximately midway between readings obtained in steps band c. This adjustment is interacting so repeat it at 10 and 15.5 GHz until maximum output power is approximately equal at both ends of frequency band.

e. Check across frequency band to see that powermonitor meter can be POWER SET.

#### 5-54. CALIBRATION.

### 5-55. CALIBRATING PULSE RATE DIAL.

5-56. Replacing V9 may change calibration of the pulse rate dial but will not otherwise affect the signal generator performance. If the replacement tube triode sections are too far out of balance, try another tube. Recalibration procedure is as follows:

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-14. DE-LAYED SYNC OUT signal may be used instead of the RF pulse.

b. In series with the output of a calibrated audio oscillator, connecta 10K resistor and then connect the oscillator to the vertical input of oscilloscope.



c. Zero-set and power-set the power-monitor meter. Refer to paragraphs 3-9b and 3-9c. Model 626A

d.	Set Mod	el 626	A co	itrols	as fo	llows	•	
<u>,</u>	NOD ST					$\{r_{ij}, i, j\}$		
	MOD SE			* * *		f∎it∎ st Januar	•	•

INT

e. Set audio oscillator frequency to 1000 Hz.

f. Adjust PULSE RATE until sync pulses zero-beat with signal from audio oscillator.

g. Without changing PULSE RATE control position, slip dial so that 100 is located under index on front panel.

h. Check PULSE RATE dial calibration at 40 and 400. If dial is in error, slip dial to average error across range.

5-57. CALIBRATING PULSE DELAY DIAL.

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-14.

b. Zero-set and power-set the power-monitor meter. Refer to paragraphs 3-9b and 3-9c.

c. Set Model 626A controls as follows:

MOD SELECTOR	• • •	 	INT
SYNC SELECTOR		 (. XI	l or X10
PULSE DELAY		 п	inimum

d. Adjust R78 (Figure 5-2) so that delay between SYNC OUT(start of horizontal trace) and leading edge of RF pulse is <3 microseconds on calibrated oscilloscope.

e. Set PULSE DELAY so that 50 microseconds delay exists between SYNC OUT and leading edge of RF pulse.

f. Without changing PULSE RATE control position, slip dial so that 50 is located under index on front panel. g. Check PULSE DELAY dial calibration at 5 and 200. If necessary repeat steps c through f.

#### 5-58. CALIBRATING PULSE WIDTH DIAL.

a, Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-14 except that DELAYED SYNC OUT signal is to be used for triggering oscilloscope.

b. Zero-set and power-set the power-monitor meter. Refer to paragraphs 3-9b and 3-9c.

c. Set Model 626A MOD SELECTOR to INT and PULSE WIDTH to minimum.

d. Adjust R85(Figure 5-2) for a pulse width of just less than 0.5 microseconds as observed on a calibrated oscilloscope.

e. Locate within frequency band of generator the point of maximum pulse width.

f. At frequency of maximum pulse width, readjust R85 for a pulse width of just less than 0.5 microseconds.

g. Set PULSE WIDTH for a 10-microsecond pulse as observed on calibrated oscilloscope.

h. Without changing PULSE WIDTH control position, slip dial so that 10 is located under index on front panel.

5-59. POWER-MONITOR METER CALIBRATION.

5-60. Replacement of power-set monitoring thermistor (RT123) requires considerable skill and equipment. If facilities are not available consult your Hewlett-Packard field sales engineer or write Customer Service Department at the factory concerning repair.

5-61. If facilities are available, and the replacement is to be made in the field, the entire thermistor mount may be procured as a unit under HP Stock No. 626A-28.

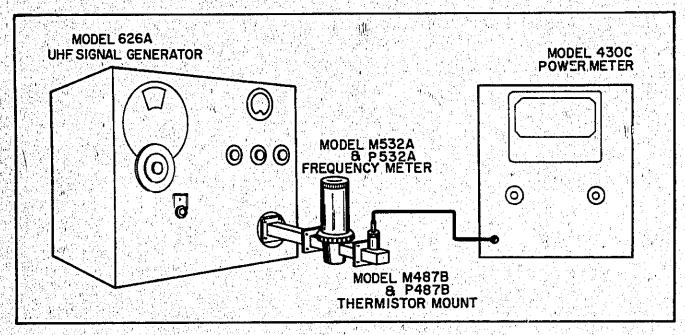


Figure 5-16. Test Setup for Adjusting Output Power

5-19

Recalibration procedure for the power-monitor meter is as follows:

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-16.

b. Set Model 626A MOD SELECTOR to CW and frequency dial to center of band (12.75 GHz).

c. Set OUTPUT ATTEN to-2 dBm and adjust PWR SET for a -2 dBm reading on Model 430C.

d. Adjust R108 (Figure 5-7) so that power-monitor meter indicates 0 dBm (red line at center of scale).

Note

To increase accuracy of power output calibration at a particular frequency follow the above procedure at that frequency.

## 5-62. PERFORMANCE CHECKS.

5-63. Performance checks are included to verify proper operation of the Model 626A. They may be used by incoming quality control for the electrical inspection.

5-64. FREQUENCY CALIBRATION CHECK.

a. Connecttest setup as shown in Figure 5-16 using M-band equipment.

b. Set signal generator frequency dial to 10 GHz.

c. Zero-set and power-set the power-monitor meter. Refer to paragraphs 3-9b and 3-9c.

d. Set MOD SELECTOR to CW and OUTPUT ATTEN to 0 dBm.

e. Adjust power meter to read 0 dBm(1 mW).

1. Adjust frequency meter to locate a dip in power around the frequency output of signal generator. Frequency meter should read 10 GHz ±100 MHz. g. Set signal generator frequency dial to 12.5 GHz, and repeat steps c through f. Frequency meter should read 12.5 GHz  $\pm 125$  MHz.

h. Remove M-band equipment from test setup, and replace with P-band equipment using the Model MP292B Adapter. Adapter is to be connected between frequency meter and RF OUTPUT of signal generator.

i. Set signal generator frequency dial to 15.5 GHz, and repeatsteps c through f. Frequency meter should read 15.5 GHz ±155 MHz.

#### 5-65. OUTPUT POWER CHECK.

a. Connect test setup as shown in Figure 5-16 using P-band equipment and the Model MP292B Adapter.

b. Using a calibrated frequency meter, set signal generator output for 15.5 GHz.

c. Zero-set and power-set the power-monitor meter. Refer to paragraphs 3-9b and 3-9c.

d. Set MOD SELECTOR to OFF and OUTPUT AT-TEN to -1 dBm.

e. Zero-set a power meter such as a Model 430C as per its instruction manual, and set RANGE switch to 0 dBm.

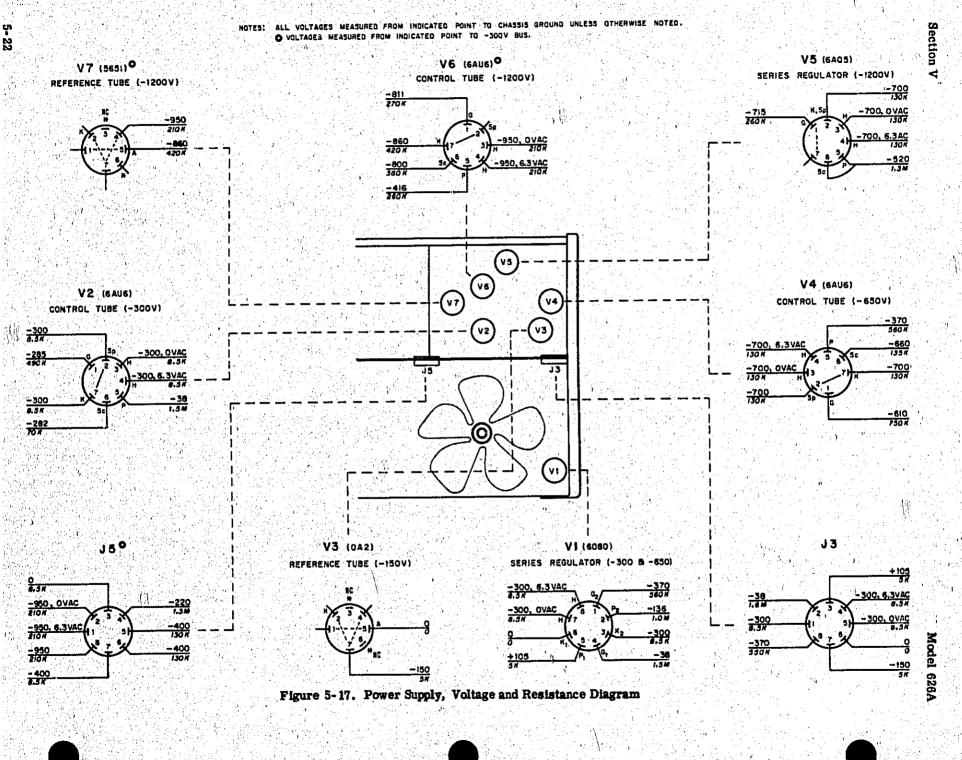
f. Set signal generator MOD SELECTOR to CW.

g. With Model 430C properly zero-set, the meter should read  $-1 \text{ dBm} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$ .

h. Repeat steps b through g except set signal generator output for 12.5 GHz.

i. Remove P-band equipment and adapter from test setup and replace with M-band equipment.

j. Repeat steps b through g except set signal generator output for 10 GHz.



2 .

W.

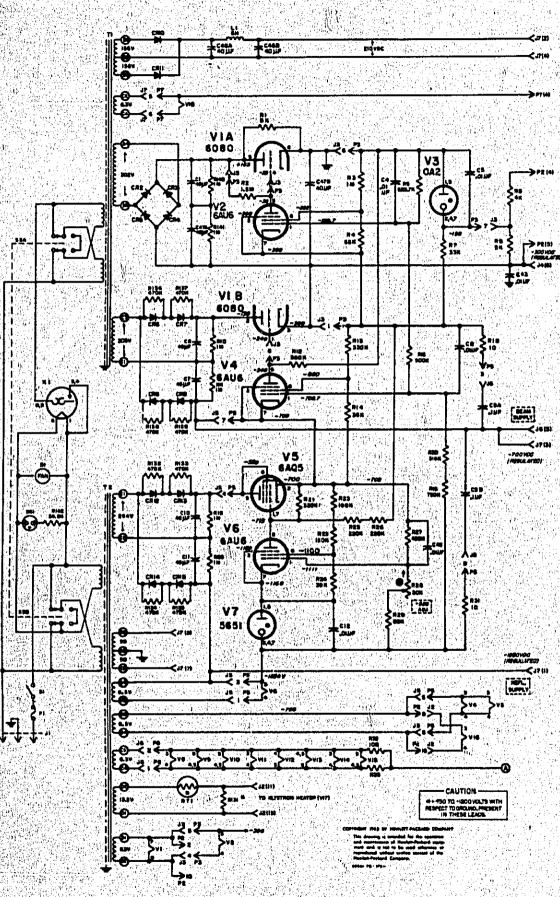
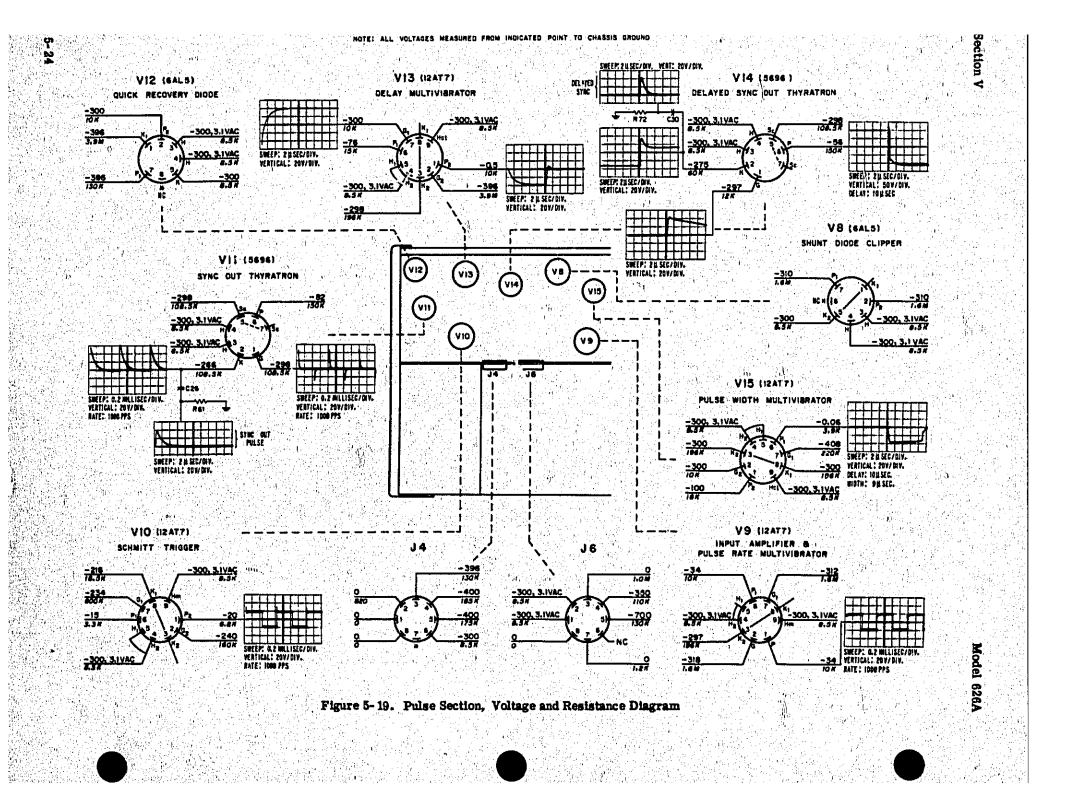


Figure 5-18. Power Supply



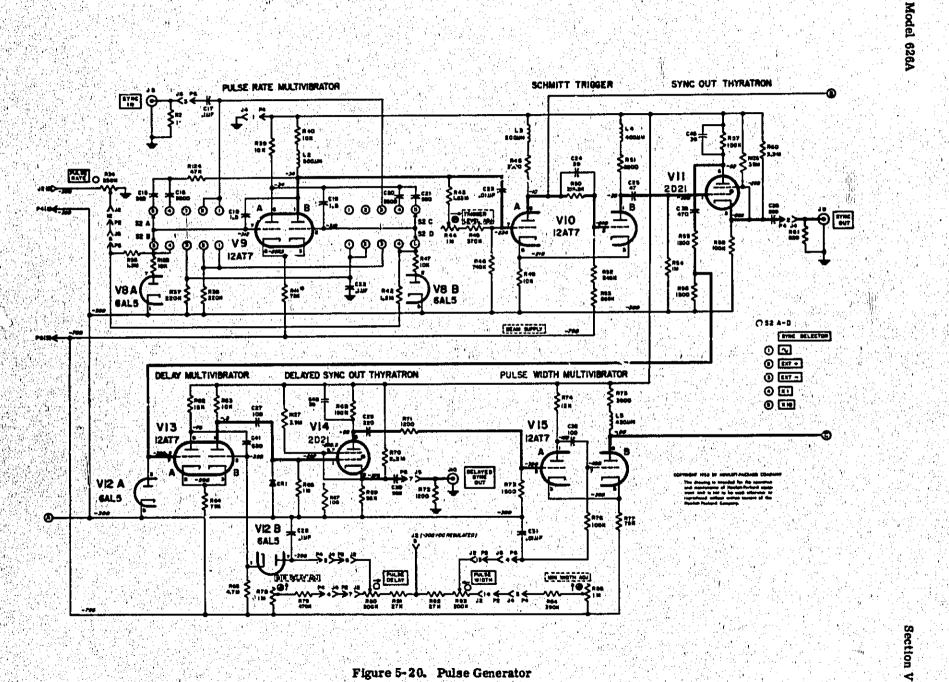


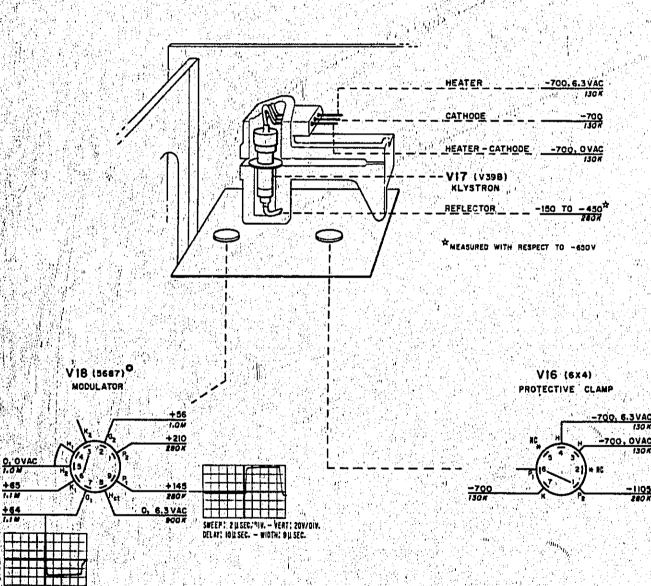
Figure 5-20. Pulse Generator

 $(1,1) \in \mathbb{R}$ 

#### Model 826A

NOTEL WHEN TWO VOLTAGES ARE SHOWN THE FIRST IS DC; THE SECOND IS AC. ALL VOLTAGES AND RESISTANCES ARE MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO CHASSIS GROUND UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

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Section V

• VELTAGES MEASURED FROM PT (4)

Figure 5-21. Modulator and RF Generator Sections, Voltage and Resistance Diagram

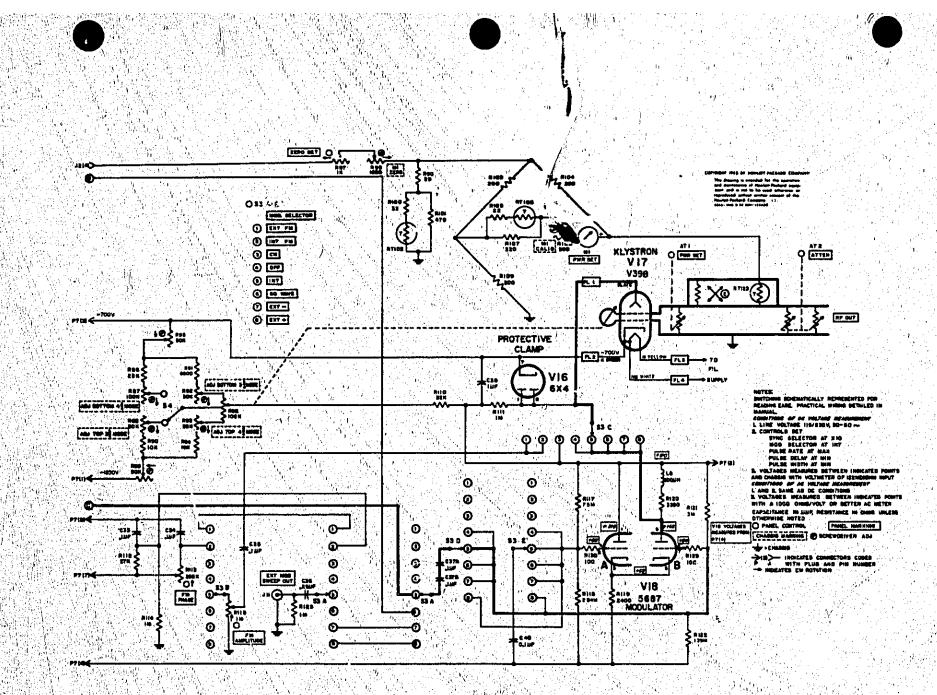
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•• >

+65

+64

1



5-27/5-28

Model 626A



## CTION V REPLACEABLE PARTS

#### INTRODUCTION

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-1 lists parts in alphanumerical order of their reference designators and indicates the description and stock number of each part, together with any applicable notes. Table 6-2 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their stock numbers and provides the following information on each part:

a. Description of the part (see list of abbreviations below).

b. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code; see list of manufacturers in appendix.

c. Manufacturer's stock number.

Я,

bo

be

Ċ CE CI co co co ca cı d i E

d. Total quantity used in the instrument (TQ col.).

e Recommended spare part quantity for complete maintenance during one year of isolated service (RS column).

6-3, Miscellaneous parts not indexed in table 6-1 are Itated at the end of Table 6-2.

#### DERING INFORM

6-5. To order a replacement part, address order or inquiry either to your authorized Hewlett- Packard sales representative or to

> CUSTOMER SERVICE **Hewlett-Packard** Company 333 Logue Avenue Mountain View, California

or, in Western Europe, to

Hewlett-Packard S. A. 1217 Meyrin Geneva, Stritzerland

- 6-6. Specify the following information for each part:
- a. Model and complete serial number of instrument.
- b. Hewlett-Packard stock number.
- c. Circuit reference designator.
- d. Description.

8-7. To order a part notlisted in Tables 6-1 and 6-2. give a complete description of the part and include its runction and location.

			REFERENCE	DESIGNATO	RS S		
<b>ن</b> ا	assemily	<b>F</b> •	: luse	er de Pild	= plug	V	vacuum tube, neon
8	= nixtor		- filter	Q	= travelstor		bulb, photocell, etc.
	• capacitor		<b>jack</b>	R	= resistor		• cable
	• diode		relay	RT	= thermistor		socket
	delay line		inductor	8	= switch		fuseholder
	device signaling (lamp)		meter	e fue e 🛖 🖓 Eé	= transformer		• lampholder
	• misc electronic part	DUP	• mechanical part	er e se <b>f</b> ise,		Z '	= network
			ABBRE	VIATIONS			
	Amperas	elect -	electrolytic	mtg	= mounting	rot	· rotary
		: encap-	encapsulated	nry	= mylar	rms •	root-mean-square
	<ul> <li>bandpass</li> <li>backward wave</li> </ul>			은 눈을 이내 것	영국 가지 않는 것이다.	rmo	rack mount only
	oscillator		farads		* normally closed	s-b	alow-blow
	a n <u>a a a ang s</u> a bata gila antas a	fxd	• fixed	Ne	reon		selanium
	• carbon	신간 문화	2月1日日秋日日日(1944年) 1月1日日	NO	= normally open		section(s)
	• ceramic	2 C	germanium	NPO	= negative positive zero		silicon
	<ul> <li>cabinet mount only</li> </ul>	i grd i •	• ground (ed)		(zero temperature	sil •	diver
	• coefficient	$(p_{i}) \in \mathcal{F}_{i}$		se de <u>la la</u> g	coefficient)	sl •	slide
	COMMON		• henries • mercury	nst	= not separately replaceable	td •	time delay
	<ul> <li>composition</li> <li>connection</li> </ul>	Laff.	- marcury		Lehingening		titanium dioxide
	connection cathode-ray tube	impg	- impregnated	bdo	- order by de-	1102	· LIMITUTE COMPLE
6.1	- CRUDOS-INY CUDS	incd	• incandescent		scription	tog	toggle
ho -	- deposited		insulation (ed)	an a			tolerance
				, p	- peak	trim .	trimmer
EIA 🖯	= Tubes or transistors	K	kilo = 1000	DC .	= printed circuit	twt -	traveling wave tube
1.5	meeting Electronic		an an Arthread an Arthread and Ar		board		variable
	Industries' Associa-		· linear taper	pf	= picofarads =		with
	tion standards will	log	logarithmic taper		10-12 farads		watta
speli -	normally result in		s de la companya de l	<b>PP</b>	* peak-to-peak	••	wirewound
	instrument operating	m	- milli = 10 <sup>-3</sup>	piv	- peak inverse		without
	within specifications;		megohms		voltage		
9. C	tubes and transistors selected for best		milliamperes		= position(s)	· · · · ·	optimum value
	performance will be		= micro = 10 <sup>-0</sup> = miniature		= polystyrene = potentiometer		selected at factory,
	supplied if ordered		• miniature • metal film on glass	por	- potentiomater	1. State 1.	average value shown (part may
Ŋ.,	by HP stock numbers.		menulacturer		+ rectifier	t t e jes	be omitted)
41. N.	will still mention tratitions at			1066	- A WOLLE IVE	·	ve umment

## Model 626A

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description#	Note
AT1	$10^{-1}$	PWR SET attenuator assembly (not field	
		replaceable)	
AT2		RF attenuator assembly (not field replaceable)	
31	3140-0052	Motor, fan	
<b>71</b>	3160-0012	Blade, fan	
	3100-0012	Diaue, iaii	
21	0180-0019	C: fxd, elect, 45µf -1.0% +50%, 450 vdcw	
<b>52, 3</b>		Not Assigned	an a
C4, 5	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01µf ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
C6, 7	0180-0019	C: fxd, elect, 45µf -10% +50%, 450 vdcw	
C8	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01µf ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
С9А,В	0160-0089	C: fxd, paper, 2 sect., 0.1µf/sect, -10%+20%, 1000 vdcw	· · ·
<b>C10, 11</b>	0180-0019	C: fxd, elect, 45µf -10% +50%, 450 vdcw	
	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01µf ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
C13, 14		Not Assigned	
C15	0140-0028	C: fxd, mica, 560pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
<b>C16</b>	0140-0071	C: fxd, sil mica, 5600pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
217	0160-0050	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 400 vdcw	-1
218, 19	0150-0011	C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 1.5pf ±20%, 500 vdcw	· · ·
C20	0140-0071	C: fxd, sil mica, 5600pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
<b>C21</b>	0140-0028	C: fxd, mica, 560pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
			5 - S S.
C22	0160-0050	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 400 vdcw	
C23	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, $0.01\mu f \pm 20\%$ , 1000 vdcw	
C24	0140-0035	C: fxd, mica, 39pf ±5%, 500 vdcw	
C25	0140-0032	C: fxd, mica, 47pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
<b>C26</b>	0140-0044	C: fxd, mica, 560pf ±10%	
227	0140-0041	C: fxd, mica, 100pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
C28	0160-0050	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 400 vdcw	
C29	0140-0031	C: fxd, mica, 220pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	
C30	0140-0044	C: fxd, mica, 560pf ±10%	$\mathbb{R}^{n}$
C31	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01µf ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
	(b) The second secon	2017년 1월 1917년 1월 19	
C32	0140-0041	C: fxd, mica, 100pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	e e e
C33, 34,	0160-0050	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 400 vdcw	
C35	0160-3192	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 1200 vdcw	
C36	0160-0088	C: fxd, paper, 0.25µf ±10%, 1500 vdcw	100

# See introduction to this section

Model 626A 

Section VI

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Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description#	1
C37A, B	0160-0089	C: fxd, paper, 2 sect., 0.1µf/sect, -10%+20%,	
		1000 vdcw	
C38	0140-0027	C: fxd, mica, 470pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
C39	0160-0079	C: fxd, paper, $1\mu f \pm 10\%$ , 600 vdcw	
C40	0170-0055	C: fxd, cer, $0.1\mu f \pm 20\%$ , 1000 vdcw	
C41	0140-0007	C: fxd, mica, 680pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	ŀ
<b>VII</b>			
C42, 43	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01µf ±20%, 1000 vdcw	ľ
C44		Not Assigned	
C45	0140-0021	C: fxd, mica, 39pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
C46A/B, 47A/B	0180-0125	C: fxd, elect, 4 sect., 20µf/sect, 450 vdcw	ŀ
C48	10140-0021	C: fxd, mica, 39pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	
			Ľ
CR1	1910-0016	Diode, Ge	1
CR2 thru CR15	1901-0029	Diode, Si	ľ
DS1	2140-0244	Lamp: Glow	l
F1	2110-0055	Fuse, cartridge: 4 amp, (For 115 V operation)	
	2110-0002	Fuse, cartridge: 2 amp, (For 230 V operation)'	
			1:
	n Allen and Statistics a the Constant	$Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$ , where $Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$ , where $Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$ , where $Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$ , $Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$ , $Z^{N_{\mathrm{B}}}$	
	(a,b,b) = (a,b,b) = (b,b,b) = (b,b,b) = (b,b,b,b) = (b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,b,		· .
<b>J1</b>	1251-2357	Connector: AC Receptacle 3 pin male	94.)
J2	1251-0007	Connector, female: 16 contact	
J3 thru J6	1200-0005	Socket, tube: octal	. *
<b>57</b>	1250-0035	Socket, tube	•
J8 thru J10	1250-0075	Connector: BNC panel jack	
		e en estado en la constante de la constante de La constante de la constante de	2
<b>711</b> - 1996 - 1997 - 1	1250-0074	Connector, iemale: BNC	ľ
<b>K1</b>	0490-0009	Relay: time delay, SPST	1
	0110 0011	Denote in filters Ch	·
	9110-0011	Reactor, filter: 6 h	ľ
	9140-0022	Inductor, RF: 500 µh	
	9140-0019	Inductor, RF: 200 µh	
	9140-0020	Inductor, RF: 400 µh	
L5	9140-0021	Inductor, RF: 430 µh	
	9140-0019	Inductor, RF: 200 µh	
<b>L6</b>	31-10-0013	manowi, this way has	1
<b>M1</b>	1120-0037	Meter, PWR SET	
			· ·
		[10] S. Sandara, M. S. Sandara, S. Sandara, "International control of the state	
Martin - Shariya Martin - Aris Ang Barang			L
والأرباب والمتعاقب والمراكب	$\sum_{i \in X}  a_i ^2 = \sum_{i \in Y}  a_i ^2 + \sum_{i \in Y}  a_i ^2 + \sum_{i \in Y}  a_i ^2$	$\phi$ , we define the product of the second seco	

Model 626A

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description#	Note
<b>P1</b>	8120-1348	Power cable: Detachable	
P2	1251-0006	Connector, male: 16 contact	
P3 thru P6	1251-0026	Connector, male: octal	
P7	1251-0052	Connector, male: 11 pin	
n - Marias - A.7 <b>R1</b> Second - A.	<b>, 0816-0006</b>	R: fxd, ww, 5K ohms ±10%, 10 W	
R2	0687-1551	R: fxd, comp, $1.5M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	
R3	0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	·
R4	0687-6831	R: fxd, comp, 68K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R5	0730-0096	R: fxd, dep c, 683.7K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1 W	
ω.	0130-0050	$\mathbf{R}$ in the $\mathbf{U}$ is the $\mathbf{U}$ is the $\mathbf{U}$ is the $\mathbf{U}$	
De la			
R6	0.000 0001	Not Assigned	
R7	0693-3331	R: fxd, comp, 33K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	- 10-
<b>R8</b>	0815-0003	R: fxd, ww, 4K ohms ±5%, 10 W	54 - S
<b>R9</b>	0816-0006	$R^3$ fxd, ww, 5K ohms ±10%, 10 W	
R10, 11	0690-1051	R: fxd, comp, $1M \pm 10\%$ , $1 W$	
		$\mathbf{U}_{i}$ , $U$	
R12	0690-5641	R: fxd, comp, 560K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W	
<b>113</b>	0693-3341	R: fxd, comp, $2.5$ K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	
<b>R14</b>	0686-3635	R: fxd, comp, 36K ohms $\pm 5\%$ , $1/2$ W	·
215	0730-0103	R: fxd, dep c, 900K ohms ±1%, 1 W	
R16	0727-0253	R: fxd, dep c, 750K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/2 W	
	(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,		
<b>217</b>		Not Assigned	•
118	0690-1001	R: fxd, comp, 10 ohms ±10%, 1 W	• •
R19, 20	0690-1051	R: fxd, comp, $1M \pm 10\%$ , $1 W$	
221	0690-3341	R: fxd, comp, 330K ohms ±10%, 1 W	: • 1 .
 122	0693-1541	R: fxd, comp, 150K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	ite a La
			· ·
223	0690-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms ±10%, 1 W	n ti Filia de la composición
123 124	0687-3931	그는 그는 그는 것 같아요. 특히 지난 것 같아요. 이번 것 같아요.	
		R: fxd, comp, 39K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
<b>125, 26</b>	0690-2241	R: fxd, comp, 220K ohms ±10%, 1 W	
227	0730-0092	R: fxd, dep c, 490K ohms ±1%, 1 W	
228	2100-0098	R: var, comp, lin, 20K ohms ±20%	
229	0730-0062	R: fxd, dep c, 80K ohms ±1%, 1 W	5. 1
 130	0730-0093	R: fxd, dep c, 516K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1W	12. 12.
231	0690-1001	R: fxd, comp, 10 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W	an An an an
132, 33	0687-1011		· · · ·
	1	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
134	2100-0034	R: var, comp, lin, 250K ohms $\pm 10\%$	

# See introduction to this section

## Model 626A

Section VI

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description#	Note
R35	0686-1555	R: fxd, comp, 1.5M ±5%, 1/2 W	
R36	0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
R37, 38	0687-2241	R: fxd, comp, 220K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R39, 40	0690-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W	
R41*	0777-0002	<ul> <li>R: fxd, mfgl, 75K ohms ±5%, 7W</li> <li>(Factory Selected Part, Typical Value Given)</li> </ul>	
R42	0686-1555	R: fxd, comp, $1.5M \pm 5\%$ , $1/2 W$	
R43	9730-0110	R: fxd, dep c, 1.63M ±1%, 1 W	
R44	2100-0096	R: var, comp, lin, 1M ±30%, 1/4 W	• .
R45	0730-0087	R: fxd, dep c, 370K ohms ±1%, 1 W	
R46	0727-0252	R: fxd, dep c, 740K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/2 W	er tille E
1640	0.20 0.00		. •
R47	0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1 W	
R48	0687-3321	R: fxd, comp, 3.3K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R49	0770-0004	R: fxd, mfgl, 10K ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 4 W	
R50	0727-0223	R: fxd, dep c, 216.3K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/2 W	
R51	0693-6821	R: fxd, comp, 6.8K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	
R52	0730-0080	R: fxd, dep c, 245K ohms, ±1%, 1W	
R53	0730-0082	R: fxd, dep c, 265K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1W	1
R54	0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	. <sup>.</sup> .
R55	0690-1221	R: fxd, comp, 1.2K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W	'
R56	0687-1521	R: fxd, comp, 1.5K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R57	0687-1541	R: fxd, comp, 150K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
	0001-1011		
R58	0687-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	• •
R60	0687-3951	R: fxd, comp, $3.9M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	•
R61	0687-8211	R: fxd, comp, 820 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R62	0693-1531	R: fxd, comp, 15K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	
R62	0690-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W	
UO9	0030-1031		
R64	0777-0002	R: fxd, mfgl, 75K ohms ±5%, 7 W	·
R65	0690-4751	R: fxd, comp, $4.7M \pm 10\%$ , 1 W	
R66	0687-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	- 1
R68	0687-1541	R: fxd, comp, 150K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R69	0687-5631	R: fxd, comp, 56K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
<b>R70</b>	0687-2251	R: fxd, comp, 2.2M ±10%, 1/2 W	:
R71, 72	0687-1221	R: fxd, comp, $1.2$ K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	. <sup>1</sup> т.
R73	0687-1221	R: fxd, comp, 1.5K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	,
	0693-1231	R: fxd, comp, 12K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 172 W	
R74		R: fxd, comp, $3.9$ K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R75	0687-3921	<b>R</b> ; IAU, CUIIIP, 3.3K UIIIIS ∓IV/0, I/ 2 W	

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Model 626A

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Table 6-1	Dafe		Deel			Tradition	1041-1
-rans o-r	. REIL	erence.	Deg	isuari	юп	index.	(Cont.a)
				0			<b>\</b>

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description #	Note
<b>R76</b>	0687-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	•
R77	0777-0002	R: fxd, mfgl, 75K ohms ±5%, 7 W	
R78	2100-0096	R: var, comp, lin, 1M ±30%, 1/4 W	
R79	0687-4741	R: fxd, comp, 470K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	- 19
R80	2100-0014	R: var, comp, 220K ohms ±20%	
R81, 82	0687-2731	R: fxd, comp, 27K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
R83	2100-0014	R: var, comp, 220K ohms $\pm 20\%$	
<b>R84</b>	0687-3941	R: fxd, comr, 390Kohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
R85	2100-0096	E: var, com	
<b>R86</b>	0690-2231	R: fxd, comp./22K ohms ±10%, 1 W	
<b>R87</b>	2100-0045	R: var, comp, 100K ohms ±10%	
R88, 89	2100-0028	R: var, comp, 50K ohms ±10%	
<b>290</b>	0690-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1 W	
291	0690-6821	R: fxd, comp, 6800 ohms, 10%, 1W	
192, 93	2100-0028	R: var, comp, 50K ohms ±10%	5. 1
<b>194</b>	0693-1831	R: fxd, comp, 18K ohms ±10%, 2 W	
<b>195</b>	2100-0028	R: var, comp, 50K ohms ±10%	
<b>196</b>	2100-0120	R: var, ww, 100K ohms tapped at 50K ohms, ±5%, 8 W	
297	2100-0036	R: var, comp, lin, 1K ohms	· · ·
<b>198</b>	2100-0025	R: var, comp, lin, 1.5K ohms ±10%	
299	0687-3901	R: fxd, comp, 39 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
8100	0587-3301	R: fxd, comp, 33 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
2101	0087-4711	R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
2102		Not Assigned	
2103, 104	628A-67A	R: fxd, ww, 200 ohms	
105	0687-2201	R: fxd, comp, 22 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
106		Not Assigned	
107	0687-2211	R: fxd, comp, 220 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	1.1
108	2100-0068	R: var, comp, lin, 500 ohms	
109	628A-67A	R: fxd, ww, 200 ohms	
110	0687-8231	R: fxu, comp, 82K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
<b>111</b>	0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, $1M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	
112	0687-2731	R: fxd, comp, 27K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
113	2100-0034	R: var, comp, lin, 250K ohms ±10%	

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Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description#	Note
<b>R114</b>	0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M ±10%, 1/2 W	
R115	2100-0047	R: var, 1M ±20%, 2 W	
R116		Not Assigned	E.S.
R117	0730-0131	R: fxd, dep c; $7.5M \pm 10\%$ , 1 W	1 · · · ·
R118 -	0727-0291	R: fxd, dep c, 2.84M ±10%, 1/2 W	
R119	0770-0002	R: fxd, mfgl, 2.4 ohms ±5%, 4 W	
R120	0770-0003	R: fxd, mfgl, 3.3 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 4 W	
<b>R121</b>	0727-0292	R: fxd, dep c, $3M \pm 1\%$ , $1/2 W$	
R122	0727-0281	R: fxd, dep c, 1.39M ±1%, 1/2 W	
R123		Not Assigned	
R124	0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
R125	0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, $1M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	
R126, 127	0687-3951	R: fxd, comp, 3.9M ±10% 1/2 W	
R1 28	0687-1051	P.: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
R129, 130	0687-1011	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
R131*	0693-1801	R: fxd, comp, 18 ohms ±10%, 2 W (2 per)	1
R132 thru 139	0690-4741	R: fxd, comp, 470K ohms ±10%, 1 W	
R140, 141	0690-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M ±10%, 1 W	
R142	0757-0123	R: fxd, met flm, 34.8K ohm, 1%, 1/8 W	
RT1	0852-0007	Tube, ballast, No. 13-4	
RT2 thru 101		Not Assigned	
RT102	0839-0003	Thermistor, disc	÷ .
RT103 thru 105		Not Assigned	1
RT106	0839-0003	Thermistor, disc	1 1 - 1 1 - 1
RT107 thru 122		Not Assigned	
RT123	0839-0022	Thermistor,	
1	3101-1248	Switch, Push button	
2A, B, C, D	3100-0121	Switch, rot: (SYNC SEL.) 2 sect	
3	3100-0111	Switch, rot: (MOD, SEL.) 3 sect	
4	3102-0001	Switch, micro: SPST, 10 amp	
	3102-0002	S4 Actuator	- / j
5	3101-1272	Switch: 4PDT slide	an an A
<b>n</b>	9100-0114	Transformer, power	·
[2	9100-0115	Transformer, power	

# See introduction to this section

## Model 626A

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index (Cont'd)

Circuit Reference	HP Stock No.	Description #	Note
V1	1932-0010	Tube, electron: 6080	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
V2	19/13-0021	Tube, electron: 6AU6	5. C
V 2 V 3	1940-0004	Tube, electron: OA2	
V3	1923-0021	Tube, electron: 6AU6	
and the second	1923-0021	Tube, electron: 6AQ5	
V5	1923-0010	Tube, electron. orago	
	1923-0021	Tube, electron: 6AU6	
V6	1923-0021 1940-0001	Tube, electron: 5651	
V7		Tube, electron: 6AL5	
V8	1930-0013		
V9, 10	1032-0027	Tube, electron: 12AT7	
<b>V11</b>	1941-0005	Tube, electron: 2D21	
V12	1930-0013	Tube, electron: GAL5	
V13	1932-0027	Tube, electron: 12AT7	
<b>V14</b>	1941-0005	Tube, electron: 2D21	M 1.
V15	1932-0027	Tube, electron: 12AT7	
V16	1930-0016	Tube, electron: 6X4	
			i
V17		Tube, klystron: (nsr)	
		Part of klystron cavity assembly.)	
V18	1932-0002	Tube, electron: 5687	
n an Araba An Araba an Araba an Angelan an Araba			
Barra a la presenta da Desente de la compositione de la co			
		$(A_{1},A_{2},A_{3})$ is the set of the set of the set $[\Phi_{1},A_{3}]$ . The set $[\Phi_{1},A_{3}]$	
		n en la fina de la constante d La constante de la constante de	,
		$(1, \dots, 1, 2^{N_{1}}) = (1, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots,$	
			1.1
			1 1
na san sa			
		$   _{\mathcal{M}} = \left\{ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 $	
		$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \left[$	
			<b>i</b> .

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## Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

HP Stock No.	Description #	Mír.	Mir. Part No.	ΤQ	RS	۱.	
628A-67A	R: fxd, ww, 200 ohms	28480	628A-67A	3	1	- - -	
0140-0003	C: fxd, mica, 1000pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	76433	RCM30B10ZK	2	1		
0140-0007	C: fxd, mica, 680pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	00853	K1368B10	1	1		
0140-0021	C: fxd, mica, 39pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	00853	DR1439B10	1	1	<u> </u>	
0140-0027	C: fxd, mica, 470pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	11711	CM20B471KN3	1	1		ľ
0140-0028	C: fxd, mica, 560pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	72136	CM308561K	2	1		
0140-0031	C: fxd, mica, 220pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	76433	RCM20B221K,	1	1		Ľ.
0140-0032	C: fxd, mica, $47pf \pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	76433	RCM20B470K	11	1		
0140-0035	C: fxd, mica, 39pf ±5%, 500 vdcw	76433	RCM15E390J	1	1		
0140-0041	C: fxd, mica, 100pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	76433	RCM15E101J	2	1		
0140-0071	C: fxd, sil mica, 5600pf ±1%,	00656	1464TTMC24345	2	1		
0140-0011	560 vdcw						,
0150-0011	C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 1.5pf ±20%, 500 vdcw	78488	Type GA	2	1	÷.	Ľ
0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, $0.01\mu f \pm 20\%$ , $1000 v dcw$	56289	29С214А-3-Н- 1038	9		2	
0160-0050	C: fxd, paper, 0.1µf ±10%, 400 vdcw	00656	V161D	5	2		
0160-0079	C: fxd, paper, 1µf ±10%, 600 vdcw	24446	23F467	1	1		
0160-0088	C: fxd, paper, $0.25\mu f \pm 10\%$ ,	24446	22F21	1 1	1		ŀ
0100-0090	1500 vdcw						l
0160-0089	C: fxd, paper, 2 sect, 0.1 $\mu$ f/sect,	00853	obd#	2	1	2	
0160-3192	C: fxd, paper, $0.1 \mu f \pm 20\%$ , 1200 vdcw	01884	LP 104 18M	1	1		
0180-0019	C: fxd, elect, 45µf -10% +50%, 450 vdcw	14655	CE41F450R	5	2		
0180-0125	C: fxd, elect, 4 sect., 20µf/sect, 450 vdcw	00853	type PL1	2	1		
					:		
0490-0009	Relay: time delay, SPST	70563	115N030T				
0686-1555	R: fxd, comp, $1.5M \pm 5\%$ , $1/2 W$	01121	EB 1555	2	1		
0686-3635	R: fxd, comp, 36K ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1/2 W	01121	EB 3635	1	1		
0687-1011	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	01121	EB 1011	4	1		1
0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	01121	EB 1031	2	1	· .	ŀ
0687-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	01121	EB 1041	5	2		
0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	01121	EB 1051	5	2		ľ
0687-1221	R: fxd, comp, 1.2K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W		EB 1221		L L		
0687-1521	R: fxd, comp, 1.5K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W		EB 1521	2		[	
0687-1541	R: fxd, comp, 150K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W		EB 1541	1 2			ł
0687-1551	R: fxd, comp, $1.5M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	01121	EB 1551	11			

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Model 626A

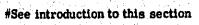
Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

HP Stock No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mír. Part No.	ΤQ	RS		1
0687-2201	R: fxd, comp, 22 ohms ±10%, 1/2 V	V 01121	EB 2201	<b>,</b>	1		
0687-2211	R: fxd, comp, 220 ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 2211	11	_		
0687-2241	R: fxd, comp, 220K ohms ±10%, 1/		EB 2241		- 1		× 1
0687-2251	R: fxd, comp, $2.2M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	01121	EB 2251	Ĩ	1		
0687-2731	R: fxd, comp, 27K ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 2731		1		
0687-3301	R: fxd, comp, 33 ohms ±10%, 1/2 V		EB 3301	1	1		
0687-3321	R: fxd, comp, 3.3K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2		EB 3321	1	1		
0687-3341	R: fxd, comp, 330K ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 3341	1	1		
0687-3901	R: fxd, comp, 39 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W		EB 3901	1	1		
0687-3921	R: fxd, comp, 3.9K ohms ±10%, 1/2	2 W 01121	EB 3921	1	1		
0687-3931,	R: fxd, comp, 39K ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB3931	1	1	, <sup>т</sup>	
0687-3941	R: fxd, comp, 390K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$	W 01121	EB 3941	ī	1		
0687-3951	R: fxd, comp, $3.9M \pm 10\%$ , $1/2 W$	01121	EB 3951	1	i		۰.
0687-4711	R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 4711	1	1		
0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2		EB 4731	2	1		
0687-5631	R: fxd, comp, 56K ohms ±10%, 1/2	W 01121	EB 5631	1	1		
0687-6831	R: fxd, comp, 68K ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 6831	1	1		
0687-8211	R: fxd, comp, 820 ohms ±10%, 1/2		EB 8211	1	1	5	1
0687-8231	R: fxd, comp, 82K ohms ±10%, 1/2	W   01121	EB 8231	1	1		
0690-1001	R: fxd, comp, 10 ohms ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 1001	2	1	- [	•
0690-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 1031	3	1	'	
0690-1041	R: fxd, comp, 100K ohms ±10%, 1 W	7 01121	GB 1041	1	1		
0690-1051	R: fxd, comp, 1M ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 1051	6	2		
0690-1221	R: fxd, comp, 1.2K ohms ±10%, 1 W	7   01121	GB 1.221	1	1		"
0690-2231	R: fxd, comp, $22K$ ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W		GB 2231	1	1		
0690-2241	R: fxd, comp, 220K ohms ±10%, 1 W	01121	GE- 2241	2	1		
0690-3341	R: fxd, comp, 330K ohms ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 3341	1	1		
0690-4751	R: fxd, comp, 3.9M ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 4751	1	1	•	
0690-4741	R: fxd, comp, 470K ohms ±10%, 1 W		GB 4741	8	3		
0690-5641	R: fxd, comp, 560K ohms ±10%, 1 W	01121	GB 5641	1	il		
0693-1231	R: fxa, comp, 12K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 2 W	01121	HB 1231	1	1		
0693-1531	R: fxd, comp, 15K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 1531	1	1		
0693-1541	R: fxd, comp, 150K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 1541	1	1		Ì
0693-1831	R: fxd, comp, 18K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 1831	1	īľ		
0693-3331	R: fxd, comp, 33K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 3331	1	1		
0693-3341	R: fxd, comp, 330K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	GB 3341	ī	1		
					<i>.</i>		

#See introduction to this section

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

HP Stock No.	Description #	Mír.	Mír. Part No.	τQ	RS		
0693-6801	R: fxd, comp, 68 ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 6801	1	1		
0693-6821	R: fxd, comp, 6.8K ohms ±10%, 2 W	01121	HB 6821	1	1		1
0727-0223	R: fxd, dep c, 216.3K ohms ±1%,	19701	DC1/2BR5 obd#	11	` <b>1</b>		
	1/2 W	a the grad	na an a				
0727-0244	R: fxd, dep c, 500K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	19701	DC1/2AR5 obd#	1	1	• •	
C727-0252	R: fxd, dep c, 740K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/2 W	19701	DC1/2AR5 obd#	1	1		
0727-0253	R: fxd, dep c, 750K ohms ±1%, 1/2 W	19701	DC1/2AR5 obd#	1			
0727-0281	R: fxd, dep c, 1.39M ±1%, 1/2 W	19701	DC1/2AR5 obd#	1	- 1		
0727-0291	R: fxd, dep c, 2.84M ±1%, 1/2 W	19701	DC1/2R5 obd#	1	: 1		•
0727-0292	R: fxd, dep c, $3M \pm 1\%$ , $1/2 W$	19701	DC1/2CR5 obd#	1	1		
0730-0062	R: fxd, dep c, 80K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	1	1		
0730-0079	R: fxd, dep c, 216.3K ohms ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC125 obd#	1			
0730-0087	R: fxd, dep c, 370K ohms ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	11	1		
0730-0092	R: fxd, dep c, 490K ohms ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	1	1		ĺ
0730-0096	R: fxd, dep c, 683.7K ohms ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC125 obd#	1	1		Ŀ
0730-0100	R: fxd, dep c, 800K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	1	1		
0730-0110	R: fxd, dep c, 1.63M ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	1	1		
0730-0131	R: fxd, dep c, 7.5M ±1%, 1 W	19701	DC1R5 obd#	1	1		Í
0770-0002	R: fxd, mfgl, 2.4 ohms ±5%, 4 W	07115	type LP1-4 obd#	1	1	. 1	
0770-0003	R: fxd, mfgl, 3.3 ohms ±5%, 4 W	07115	LP1-4 obd#	1	1		
0770-0004	R: fxd, mfgl, 10K ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 4 W	07115	LP1-4 obd#	1	1		٩.
773-0009	R: fxd, mfgl, 66K ohms ±5%, 5 W	07115	type LP1-5 obd#	3	1		
815-0003	R: fxd, ww, 4K ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 10 W	75042	type 1-3/4A	1	-1		
816-0006	<b>R:</b> fxd, ww, 5K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 10 W //	35434	type C-10	2	1		
0839-0003	Thermistor, disc	83186	27D1	2	2		
0839-0022	Thermistor,	83186	32A504	1	0		
)852-0007	Tube, ballast, No. 13-4	70563	13-4	1	1		
120-0037	Meter, PWR SET	65092	Model 506	1	: <b>1</b>		
L200-0005	Socket, tube: octal	71785	101-29-11-024	4	1		
1200-0035	Socket, tube	02660	77M1P-11T		1		
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1250-0074	Connector, female: BNC	91737	UG-290/U	1	1		
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Model 626A

Table	6-2	Ret	Jacophio	Darte	(Cont'd)
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HP Stock No.	Description #	Mír.	Mfr. Part No.	ΤQ	RS		
1250-0075	Connector: BNC panel jack	91737	UG-291/U	3	1		
1251-0006	Connector, male: 16 contact	02660	26-4100-116P	1			
1251-0007	Connector, female: 16 contact	02660	26-4200-165	1	-	1.5	
1251-0026	Connector, male: octal	02660	86CP11T-041-2 obd#	4			
1251-0052	Connector, male: 11 pin	02660	86CP11T-041-2	1	1		
			obd#		1		
1901-0029	Diode, Si	02735	obd#	14	14		
1910-0016	Diode, Ge	73293	HD2135A		1	Ľ.,	
						en. The second	
1923-0018	Tube, electron: 6AQ5	82219	obd#	1	1		1. N.
1923-0021	Tube, electron: 6AU6	82219	obd#	3			
1930-0013	Tube, electron: 6AL5	33173	obd#	2			
L930-0016	Tube, electron: 6X4	33173	obd#	1	1		
1932-0002	Tube, electron: 5687	33173	obd#	1	1		
1932-0010	Tube, electron: 6080	86684	obd#	1	1		
1932-0027	Tube, electron: 12AT7	0000I	12AT7	4			·
940-0001	Tube, electron: 5651	86684	5651	11	1		
L940-0004	Tube, electron: OA2	86684	obd#	1	1		
L941-0003	Tube, electron: 5696	86684	5696	2	2		8 4 
2100-0014	R: var, comp, $200$ K ohms $\pm 20\%$	11237	obd#	2	1		
2100-0025	R: var, comp. lin, 1.5K ohms ±10%	01121	JA1L0405152Z	1	1		
2100-0028	R: var, comp, 50K obms ±10%	01121	JAZL0485503UC	5	2		
2100-0034	R: var, comp, in, 250K ohins ±10%	11237	type 35	2	1		
2100-0036	R: var, comp, lin, 1K ohms	71590	obd#	1	1		
2100-0045	R: var, comp, 100K ohms ±10%	01121	JA1N056S104AA	1	1		
2100-0047	R: var, 1M ±20%, 2 W	01121	JA1N056S105RZ	1	1		
2100-0068	R: var, comp, lin, 500 ohms	01121	JA1L048S501UC	1	1		
2100-0096	R: var, comp, lin, 1M ±30%, 1/4 W	11237	UPE-70 special	3	2	,	· .
2100-0098	R: var, comp, lin, 20K ohms ±20%	11237	UPM-45	1	1	5	
2100-0120	R: var, ww, 100K ohms tapped at 50K ohms, ±5%, 8 W	98734	obd#	1	1		
2110-0015	Fuse, cartridge: 2.5 amp, s-b (For 115 V oparation)	75915	31302.5	1	10		
110-0021	Fuse, cartridge: 1.25 amp, s-b	71400	MDL 1.25				

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Section VI

HP Stock No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mír. Part No.	тә	RS	1
2140-0009	Lamp, incd: 6-8V type 47	24455	47	1	1	4
41-10 0000				• • •		
<b>3100-0111</b>	Switch, rot: (MOD SEL, 3 sect	76854	68732-F3	1	1	
3100-0121	Switch, rot: (SYNC SEL.) 2 sect	76854	68731-F2	1	1	•
\$101-0030	Switch, tog: SPST	04009	82601	1	11	
3102-0001	Switch, micro SPDT, 10 amp	91929	BZ-2RS	1	1	1
	S4 Actuator	91929	JR			• • *
3102-0002	S4 Actuator	51525	ou			
		73793	G5-CW	1	1	
3140-0010	Motor, fan	19199	ER-6667			( 14 ) 
		0.001.0		1.		
3160-0012	Elade, fan	06812	0-5527-5		'±	4
		f.				
8120-0015	Power cable	70903	KH3981/PH7C/	<b>_</b>	1	
		÷	7.5fi.	1.1	Í .	2
9100-0114	Transformer, power	98734	9018	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
9100-0115	Transformer, power	98734	9017	1		
		1. 18 <sup>10</sup> 1				
9110-0011	Reactor, filter: 6 h	98734	1009	1	1	
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9140-6019	Inductor, RF: 200 µh	99848	1200-15-201	2	1	
9140-0020	Inductor, RF: 400 µh	99848	1400-15-401	1	1	
9140-0021	Inductor, RF: 430 µh	,99848	3430-15-431	1	1	
9140-0022	Inductor, RF: 500 µh	99848	150-15-501	1	1	
					Ċ	
	MISCELLANEOUS					
G-32H	Coupler, plastic, control shaft	28480	G-32H	2	1	· ·
	(FM AMP, PHASE MOD SEL)			4		
				1		
G-74F	Knob: ZERO SET, OUTPUT ATTEN	28480	G-74F	2	1	
G-74G	Knob: PWR SET, FM AMP, FM PHASE	and the second second	G-74G	3	1	
G-74H	Knob: PULSE RATE, PULSE DELAY,	28480	G-74H	3		
	PULSE WIDTH(stake on)					
G-74N	Knob: SYNC SELECTOR, MOD	28480	G-74N	2	1	
•••	SELECTOR	~~-~~	· · · · · · · · ·	1	<b>[</b> ]	
					ŀ	
626A-28	Thermistor mount assy	28480	626A-28	1	1	
				<b>.</b>		
626A-32C	Output connector, waveguide	28480	626A-32C	1	1	
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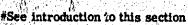
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Model 626A

## Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

HP Stock No.	Description #	Mír.	Mfr. Part No.	ro	RS		
626A-38A	Wrench, spanner	28430	626A-38A	1	1		
626A-38B-1	Screwdriver	1 1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	626A-38B-1	1	1		
626A-38B-2	Wrench Assembly: Tube	28480		1			
626A-95A	Klystron cavity assy complete w/	28480	626A-95A	1	1		12
	klystron (V17)						
W33M-2	Cap, waveguide, plastic molding	28480	4133-0005	1	1		
W34M-1 )	Plug, waveguide (low dielectric loss)	28480	4054-0003	2	1		
1400-0084	Fuseholder	75915	342014	1	1		
8150-0002	Air Filter Adhesiye	82866	obd#	0	1		
	, water soluble; 16.5 fl oz can						
	equipped with sprayer applicator.						
							ł
26 <b>1-65</b> D	Printed circuit board, pulse section	28480		1	$\mathbb{D}$		,
	, complete with components				а. 1 А. 4		
26A-65E	Printed circuit board, power supply	28480		1	: 		:
	section, complete with components				- 4 1. g		
6A-65F	Printed circuit board, modulator	28430		1			
	section, complete with components						/
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### WARRANTY CLAIM AND ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

for microwave tubes supplied by the HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY for use in Hewlett-Packard instruments

The procedure described below is for use within the United States. For warranty claims arising butside the U.S.A., before returning the tube, fill out the form on the reverse side and send it with a request for shipping instructions to your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or to:

(in Western Europe) Hewlett-Packard S.A. 1217 Meyrin Geneva, Switzerland Telephone: (022) 41 54 00 Telex: 2.24.86 Cable: HEWPACKSA

#### (Rest of World)

Hewlet<sup>1</sup>-Packard Co. International Marketing Dept. 1501 Page Mill Road Palo Alto, California, 94304, U.S.A. Telephone: (415) 326-7000 Telex: 053811 Cable: HEWPACK

Microwave tubes supplied by the Hewlett-Packard Company, either as original or replacement, for use in Hawlett-Packard instruments are actually warranted by the tube manufacturer and not by Hewlett-Packard. However, all warranty claims on tubes obtained from us either as original or replacement will be processed by Hewlett-Packard.

In the event of failure you should purchase a new tube and return your old tube immediately to Hewlett-Packard. Credit allowances will be passed on the propriet of the defective tube.

For your convenience, warranty claims by all microwive tubes supplied by the Hewlett-Packard Company may be made on this single form; mirely fill out the information on the reverse jude and return this form, along with the defective tube, to your Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or to Hewlett-Packard. Please be sure each space on the form is filled in-lack of complete information may delay processing of your claim.

Each tube manufachirer has his own warranty policy. Copies of individual Conditions of Warranty are available from your Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or from the Hewlett-Packard Company.

#### SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Carefully wrap tube in 1/4-inch thick cellulosic cushioning, cotton batting, or other soft padding material. Cable assemblies and other accessories not rigidly mounted to the tube should be padded and wrapped separately to prevent damage to the tube during shipment.
- 2. Wrap the above in heavy kraft paper.
- 3. Pack in a rigid container which is at least 4 inches larger than the tube in each dimension.
- 4. Surround the tube with at least 2 inches of shock absorbing material. Be certain that the packing is tight all around the tube.
- 5. Tubes returned from outside the continental United States should be packed in a wooden box.
- 8. Mark container FRAGILE and ship prepaid via Airfreight or Railway Express. Do not ship via Parcel Post or Air Parcel Post since experience has shown that fragile items are more apt to be damaged when shipped by these means.

Note

Tubes with permanent magnets can interfere with magnetic compasses. For air shipment plainly mark container: "MAGNETIZED MATERIAL"

In warranty tubes purchased from Hewlett-Packard may be returned, with a completed warranty Claim Form, to your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office, or to:

Hewlett-Packard Company Customer Service Center 333 Logue Avenue Mountain View, California 94040

Rev 12/16/69

## MICROWAVE TUBE WARRANTY CLAIM

MPORTANT:	Please answer a	Il questions	fully ins	ufficient informa	tion may delay	v processing
	of your claim.			+ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$		
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	Instrument	serial No.					+	i.
		ginal ( ) or Repl	acement (	<b>)</b>		5		•
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5.5 ۱ <u>i</u> Total hours filament operation ...

SYMPTOMS: (Please describe conditions prior to and at time of failure, along with description of tube's defect, if known)

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IMPORTANT: Replacement (new) tube serial No.

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For HP use only Repair order #

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Date of failure

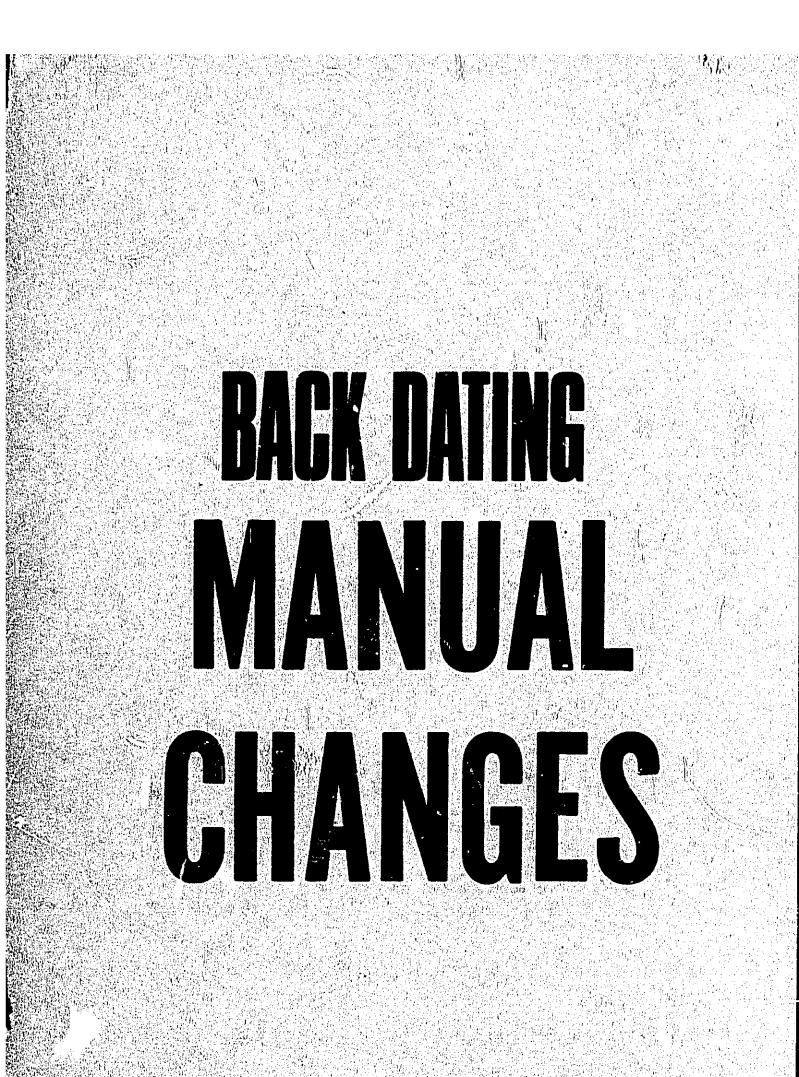
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Serial Prefix	Make Changes	Serial Prefix	Make Changes
Serials 176 & below	A thru Q	019-	E thru Q
Serials 201 & below	B thru Q	134-	F thru Q
Serials 261 & below	C thris Q	229-	G thru Q
003-	D thru Q	250-	H thru Q
Serial Prefix	Make Changes	Serial Prefix	Make Changes
609-	I thru Q	978-01461 to 976-01470	M thru Q
651-	J thru Q	976-01471 to 976-01480	N thru Q
651-01561 to 651-01400	K thru Q	975-01481 to 976-01520	0, P, Q
651-01401 to 651-01460	L thru Q	1101A	<b>P,Q</b>
CHANGE A		1202A	<b>Q</b>

## BACKDATING APPENDIX MODEL 626A

Change paragraph 2-2, page 2-1, to read as follows:

Normally, the Model 626A is shipped from the factory with the power transformers (T1 and T2), wired for 115V 50/60 cycle power line operation. The instrument may be easily converted, however, to operate from a 230V 50/60 cycle power line source by changing the wiring of the primary windings from a parallel to a series arrangement, as shown in the schematic. The conversion procedure is as follows:

- 1. On T1 and T2, remove the bare wire jumpers between terminals 2A and 5A; and terminals 1A and 4A.
- 2. Connect new jumpers between terminals 4A and 5A, on T1 and T2.
- 3. Replace the 2.5-ampere Slo-Blo line fuse for use with 115-volt power with a 1.25-ampere Slo-Blo iuse.

Change R74 from 18,000 ohms to: resistor, fixed, composition, 12,000 ohms, ±10%, 2 W; -hp-Stock No. 25-23K; Mfr., B, HB 1231.

Change R74 on the schematic to read 12K.

#### CHANGE B

Page 2 make the following changes:

V17 heater wire to FL3 should be yellow V17 heater-cathode wire to FL4 should be white

Change Modulator and RF Generator Schematic as follows:

Voltage on P7 pin 3 should be -650V

Add the following information on page 4-11 in paragraph 4-9:

### -CAUTION-

Before removing the klystron, of the klystron cavity and frequency drive mechanism, you must withdraw the PWR. SET attenuator from the klystron cavity. Failure to do this will result in a broken power set attenuator. The following steps should be followed to protect the power set attenuator when changing the klystron:

### **Backdating Appendix**

### CHANGE B Continued

- 1. Rotate the PWR. SET control maximum clockwise,
- 2. In Figure 4-8, locate the POWER SET ATTEN. DRIVE in the upper left hand corner of the picture. Loosen the Allen set screws that hold the large gear in the attenuator drive.

Model 626A

- 3. Locate the collar on the attenuator drive shaft (parallel with the panel) and gently pull this collar away from the large attenuator drive gear until it stops. The power set attenuator card will now be clear of the klystron cavity and you may proceed with the klystron removal.
  - After the klystron assembly has been installed, slide the attenuator shaft back toward the large drive gear making sure the set screw on the collar is on top.
  - With the PWR. SET knob maximum clockwise, press the large gear and collar together with your fingers and tighten the set screws on the gear.
  - Check the operation of the PWR. SET control to make sure it operates smoothly.

### CHANGE C

### **Parts** List:

Change S1 to switch, toggle HP 310-11. Change R117 to resistor, fixed 750K  $\pm 1\%$ , HP 33-750K. Change R118 to resistor, fixed 284K  $\pm 1\%$ , HP 33-284K. Change R121 to resistor, fixed 900K,  $\pm 1\%$ , HP 31-900K. Change R122 to resistor, fixed 405K,  $\pm 1\%$ , HP 33-450K. Under miscellaneous change fuseholder to HP 140-16.

### CHANGE D

Parts List:

Delete CR2 through CR15. Delete C46 A/B and C47A/B. Delete R142. Delete R132 through R239. Delete R132 through R239. Delete R140 and R141. Delete RT1, ballast tube. Change T1 to HP 910-141. Change T2 to HP 910-140. Add C2, C3, C13 and C14; capacitor fixed electrolytic,  $45 \mu$ f.,  $450 \nu$ .d.c.w. Add SR1 and SR2; Rectifier, metallic HP 212-110. Add SR3; Rectifier, metallic HP 212-111. Add SR4; Rectifier, metallic HP 212-111. Add SR5; Rectifier, metallic HP 212-113.

CHANGE E

Parts List:

Delete C48. Change R115 to HP 210-211. Miscellaneous: Mechanical modification in the RF Output connector changes the appearance of the front pannel from that shown in the manual. The plastic cover is replaced by a metal captive cap for the flange.

**Backdating Appendix** 

CHANGE F

Model 326A

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Figure 5-18:

Change connection on T1 from C3 to C2.

Figure 5-18 and Parts List:

Change R15 to HP 0730-0100, 800K ohms, ±1%, 1W. Change R30 to HP 0727-0244, 516K ohms, ±1%, 1/2W.

Figure 5-20 and Parts List:

Change R41 to HP 0773-0009, 66K ohms,  $\pm 5\%$ , 5W. Change R52 and R53 to HP 0730-0079, 216.3K ohms,  $\pm 1\%$ , 1W. Change R64 to HP 0773-0009 66K ohms,  $\pm 5\%$ , 5W. Change R65 to HP 0690-4751, 4.7 Megohm. Change R79 to HP 0687-4741, 33K ohms,  $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W.

Figure 5-22 and Parts List:

Delete R91

**Parts List:** 

Change L3 and L6 to  $200\mu$ H, same part number. Change RT123 to HP 0839-0005 thermistor, WE 170575.

Table 6-2:

```
Delete reference to HP Part No. 626A-38B.
Add Screwdriver, HP Part No. 626A-38B-1, and Wrench Assembly Tube, HP Part No. 626A-38B-2.
Change HP Part No. 626A-650D to 626A-65A.
Change HP Part No. 626A-65E to 626A-65B.
Change HP Part No. 626A-65F to 626A-65C.
```

### CHANGE G

Figure 5-22 and Parts List:

Change C40 to HP 0150-0012, 0.01µf ±20% 1000 v.d.c.w.

### CHANGE H

Table 1-1, Under "Output Range".

Change to read, "- - - SWR less than 2.5 at +10dBm; 1.2 at 0dBm and lower".

### CHANGE I

Figure 5-20 and Parts List:

Delete the asterisk (\*) adjacent to R41. This was not a factory selected value.

CHANGE J

Parts List:

Change B1 fan motor to HP 3140-0010,

Backdating Appendix

### CHANGE K

Figure 5-18 and Parts List:

Change R131 \* to HP 0693-6801, 68\* ohms, ±10%, 2W.

### CHANGE L

I-4

Page 2-1, paragraph 2-11:

Delete paragraph 2-12 and replace with the following:

2-12. To operate the Model 626A from a 230-volt  $\pm 10\%$  source, change the primary windings of T1 and T2 from a parallel to a series arrangement. Refer to the schematic diagram and proceed as follows:

Model 626A

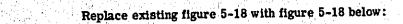
a. Remove the two bare wire jumpers from the terminals on T1 and T2. These jumpers connect terminal A1 to A4 and A2 to A5 on the primary winding.

b. Connect a new jumpar between terminal A4 and A5.

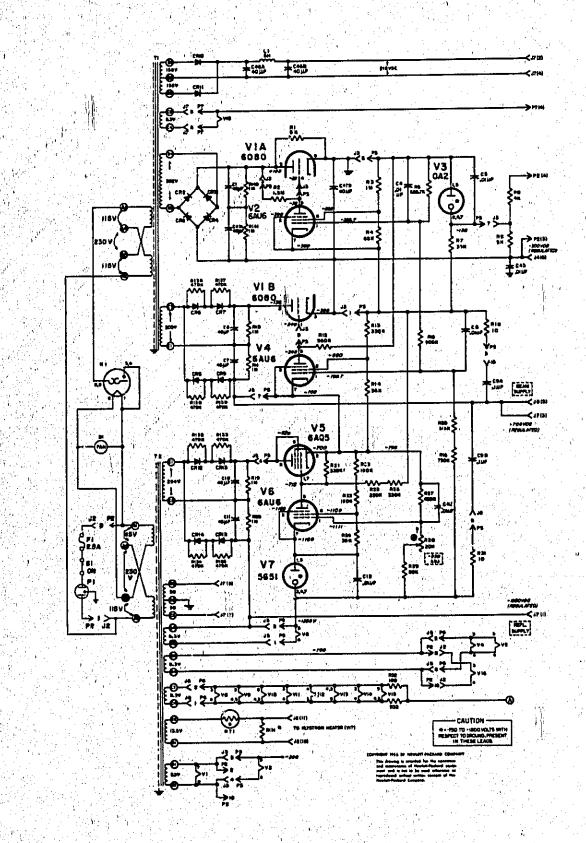
c. Change the line fuse to a 1.25 amp slow-blow.

### CHANGE L Continued

### Page 5-23, Figure 5-18:



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### **CHANGE L** Continued

### Parts List:

Delete DS1, glow lamp, HP Part No. 2140-0244. Add II, Lamp, incd: 6-8v. type 47, HP 2140-0009. Delete J1 connector: AC receptacle, 3 pin male, HP Part No. 1251-2357, Delete R142, R: Fxd, met. flm., 34.8K ohm, 1%, 1/2W, HP Part No. 9757-0123. Delete S5, switch: slide 4PDT, HP Part No. 3101-1272. Change P1, Power Cable to HP 8120-0015. The power cord is not detachable. Change S1, Pushbutton switch to HP 3101-0030. Switch, toggle SPST

### CHANGE M

Page 6-8; Table 6-1:

Change V11 HP Stock No. and Description to 1941-0003 Tube, electron: 5696.

Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Delete R126, R127, the HP Stock No. and Description.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1:

- Change R54 HP Stock No. and Description to 0687-4731 R: Fxd. comp. 47K ohm 10%, 1/2W.
- Page 6-2, Table 6-1:

Change C26 and C30 HP Stock No. and Description to 0140-0003 C: Fxd. mica 1000pf  $\pm 10\%$ , 500 udc W.

### Page 5-25, Figure 5-20:

Change V11 description to 5696. Delete R126, R127. Change R54 description to 47K. Change C26 and C30 description to 1000pf.

### CHANGE N

Page 6-8, Table C-1:

Change V14 HP Stock No. and Description to 1941-0003 tube, electron: 5696.

### Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Add R126, 127 0687-3951 R: Fxd., comp. 3.9M ±10%, 1/2W.

### Page 6-5, Table 6-1:

Change R54 HP Stock No. and Description to 0687-1051 R: Fxd., comp. 1 MEG ohm, 10%, 1/2W.

### Page 6-5, Table 6-1:

Add R59 & R67 HP Stock No. and Description 0687-1041 R: Fxd. comp. 100K chm 10%, 1/2W.

### Page 5-25, Figure 5-20:

Change V14 description to 5696.

Show R137 3.9M resistor connected between V14 pins 5,7 and the junction of R63 and C48.

Show R126 3.9M resistor connected between V11 pin 5,7 and the junction of R57 and R60.

Change R54 description to 1M.

Show R59 100K resistor connected between the -300V buss line and V11 pins 5,7. Show R67 100K resistor connected between the -300V buss line and V14 pins 5,7. Show no connection from V14 pin 2 and pin 5,7 Show no connection from V11 pin 2 and pin 5,7

### CHANGE O

Change all references in manual, pertaining to Sync Out Pulse Delay, from "5 to 300 microseconds" to "3 to 300 microseconds". Table 1-1, Sync Out Signal, change to read, "- - variable 3 to 300 microseconds".

### CHANGE P

Parts List and Illustrated Parts Identification:

. . . . .

These instruments manufactured with Blue-Gray Panel and Cabinet parts only.

### CHANGE Q

### Parts List :

Change C35 from HP 0160-3192, 0.1µf. 1200v., to HP 0160-0050, 0.1µf., 400v.

i.



# ILLUSTRATED PARTS IDENTIFICATION

# MODEL 626A

# SUPER HIGH FREQUENCY SIGNAL GENERATOR

Copyright HEWLETT-PACKAND COMPANY ISON PAGE MILL BOAD, PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

PRINTED: JAN 1965

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# Model 626A

EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	Sub.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	RÉI	F. STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	<u>: QT</u>
1		See Figures'8 and 9										
2	a na shi Galar	See Figure 5						54.5				1. E.
3.		See Figure 8					1)					
<b>,4</b>		See Figure 8										
5		See Figure 4							10			÷ [ .
6		See Figure 6										
7		See Figures 2 and 3										
8		Sec. Figure 7							8		n de service de la contra de la service. En la contra de la	
9		See Figure 10										
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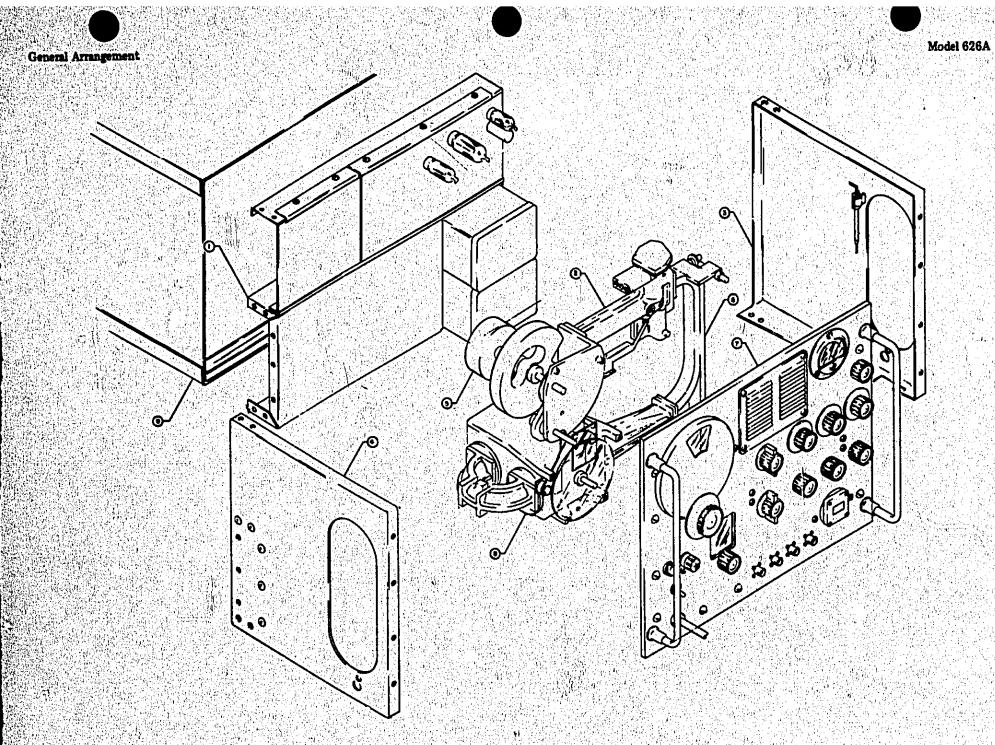


Figure 1. -hp- Model 626A, S.H.F. Signal Generator, General Arrangement

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SF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	628A-2	Panel: Cabinet Model	<b>1</b> 75	16	2390-0001	Screw: Bind head ss 6-32		32	628A-36A-	Dial: Frequency	<b>1</b>
2	2190-0034	Washer: Split lock for	1995			thd 1/2 in. lg	<b>1</b>	<u>金。</u> 1994年	S <b>- 9</b> S - S - S - S		1.077
	的時間的時間	#10 screw	<b>44</b>	17	3050-0032	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d.		33	2190-0016	The second second state of the second s second second s second second s second second se	
3	2990-0002	Screw: Truss head ss				0.172 in. i.d.	16		0070 0001	o.d.	8
ь q.		10-24 thd 3/8 in. lg	19		5000-0202	Dial: Blank 1-3/4 in, dia	3	34	2950-0001	Nut: 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32	8
	2950-0038	Nut: 11/16 in. wide 1/2-			618B-3E	Handle: Panel	2	35	0270 0020	thd Knob: 1 in. dia, blk	
	aliter (Andrew	24 thd				Grommet: Nylon Cable: R. F. R-G58U		N 30	0310-0030	1/4 in. shaft	3
	2190-0037	Washer: Int. lock 0.78	<b>新修</b> 社 (1	21	8120-0015	per it	34 - 21 A. 1 - 1	36	628A-3C	Bezel: Air filter	344
	夏季 建合体型 常体的	( <b>0.d.</b> )))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	1	22	1400-0084	Fuseholder: Post type		37	1120-0037	Meter: 200µA dbm	10
		Switch: Toggle s.p.s.t. Nut: 9/16 in. wide 15/32-		<b>~</b> ~	1100-0001	-2-5/64 in. lg		38	2280-0005		
5.00	COU-UCEA	thd	1993年1月 1911年日第二日	23	2110-0015	Fuse: Cartridge 2.5 amp				4-40 thd 5/8 in. lg	3
	0590-0037	E14777777777777777777777777777777777777		na an a		125 volt	1	39	628A-41A	Plate: Panel	1
R	0300-0031	11/16-27 thd		. 24)	1450-0004	Light: Red indicator	Sector 1	40		Screw: Bind head br 6-32	1990) 1990)
	2190-0002	Washer: Int. lock 61/64	Ser St.	2 1983年	1999	1/2 in. dia	1		- 安美教教会教育法	thd 1/4 in. lg	94 I
	中的过去时的新闻	in. G.d.	19 <b>1</b> 9	25	2140-0009	Lamp: Incandescent		41	2550-0009	Screw: Bind head ss 8-32	
	J382A-17	Mount: Gear	1\$ <b>1</b> \$1\$	8 X X X	日期的中心之	clear no. 47 6-8v	1			thd 1/2 in. lg	6
<u>iy</u>		Screw: Allen dr set 8-32	ingan Tanan a	26	0370-0029	Knob: 1 in. dia, blk 1/4		42	61B-40D-2	Cover: Freq. dial	1
		thd 3/16 in. lg	26			in. shaft with arrow	3	43		Dial: Vernier	1
	61B-3AT	Ferrule, Panel handle	義義素	27	3050-0117	Washer: 1 in o.d. 5/16		44	2200-0010	Screw: Round head ss	
	0525-0002	Screw: Round head ss	滚动 治	連續這些		in. i.d.	1		的现在分词	4-40 thd 3/4 in. Ig.	4
S.	的基本的基本	3-56 thd 3/8 in. Ig	16			Hub: Frequency dial	3 <b>1</b>	45	0520-0025	Screw: Round head 2-56	in strift i
1	0900-0016	O-Ring: 1/2 in. i.d.	황종을 것			Plate: Frequency dial	1	승규는 물건을 물건을 받는 것이 좋아하는 것이 좋아하는 것이 좋아하는 것이 같이 많이 좋아하는 것이 같이 많이 좋아하는 것이 같이 많이 좋아하는 것이 않아 않는 것이 좋아하는 것이 좋아하는 것이 않아		thd 1/8 in. lg	3
	化使动性实际分子	11/16 in. o.d.	<b>21</b>	30	2370-0001	Screw: Flat head ss 6-32	1998 - A.	48	0370-0035	Knob: 3/4 in. dia, blk	7. <b>2</b>
	0590-0012	Nut: . 60 in. dia 15/32-		器 [1]的东部 南于南京		thd 1/4 in. lg		47	0070 0010	1/4 in, shaft	14 <b>4</b> 1915 -
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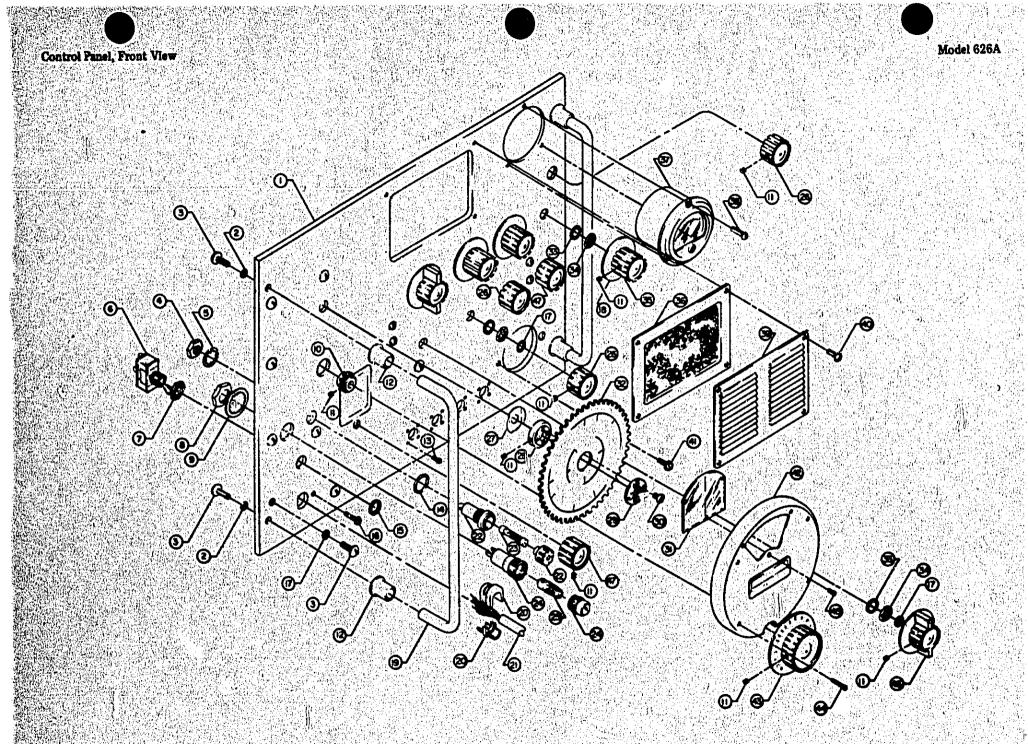


Figure 2. -hp- Model 626A, S.H.F. Signal Generator, Control Panel, Front View

# Model 626A

STOCK NO. DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF. ST	TOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
<ul> <li>STOCK NO. DESCRIPTION</li> <li>O00525-50018</li> <li>Panel: Cabinst Model</li> <li>2190-0016</li> <li>Washer: Int. lock 1/2 in. o.d.</li> <li>See Operating and Service Manual</li> <li>1410-0003</li> <li>Bushing: Threaded 3/8 32 thd 1/2 in lg</li> <li>5000-0206</li> <li>Washer: Spring 9/16 in dia</li> <li>5020-0233</li> <li>Collar: 1/4 in. shaft 1/2 in. dia</li> <li>5020-0233</li> <li>Collar: 1/4 in. shaft 1/2 in. dia</li> <li>3030-0001</li> <li>Screw: Allen dr set 8-4 thd 3/16 in. lg</li> <li>2360-0002</li> <li>Screw: Round head ss</li> <li>6-32 thd 1/4 in. lg</li> <li>1360-0011</li> <li>Strip: 1 Terminal</li> <li>5020-0319</li> <li>Shaft: 1/4 in. dia 1-3/ in. lg</li> <li>2360-0007</li> <li>Screw: Phillips as 6-32 thd 1/2 in. lg</li> <li>2360-0005</li> <li>Screw: Round head ss</li> <li>6-32 thd 3/8 in. lg</li> <li>21900-0007</li> <li>Washer: Split lock for +6 screw</li> <li>See Operating and Service Manual</li> </ul>	1 15 4 4 4 1 2 14 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	18       12         19       12         20       23         21       23         22       62         23       50         24       30         27       28         29       09         31       12         33       22         34       21	200-0053 200-0059 950-0033 950-0001 28A-65C 020-0238 050-0080 020-0341 040-0212 550-0009 590-0035	Socket: 7 Pin tube printed circuit mtg Socket: 9 Pin tube shield base printed circuit mtg Nut: 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd Nut: 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd Board: Modulator Head: Coupler 3/4 in. dia Washer: Bakelite 1/4 in. dia Shaft: 1/4 in. ss 1-5/8 in. lg Insulator: Coupler 1 in. dia See Operating and Service Manual Screw: Bind head ss 8-32 thd 1/2 in. lg Nut: For locking bushing Bushing: Locking Bracket: Capacitor mtg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	628A-12C 2190-0005 2260-0001 2420-0003 2190-0008 0360-0018 2550-0007 628A-12D 2190-0009 0360-0005 628A-41D 0360-0005 628A-41D	DESCRIPTION Bracket: Right Washer: Ext lock for #4 screw Nut: 1/4 in. wide 4-40 thd ss Nut: 1/4 in. wide 6-32 thd ss Washer: Ext lock for #6 screw Lug: Terminal 3/4 in. 1g Screw: Bind head ss 8-32 thd 3/8 in. 1g See Operating and Service Manual Bracket: Right Washer: Int. lock for #8 screw Lug: Terminal 11/16 in. 1g Insulator: Capacitor See Operating and Service Manual See Operating and Service Manual See Operating and Service Manual Bracket: Capacitor mtg Screw: Round head ss 4-40,thd 7/16 in. 1g Board: Thermistor	1 8 4 1

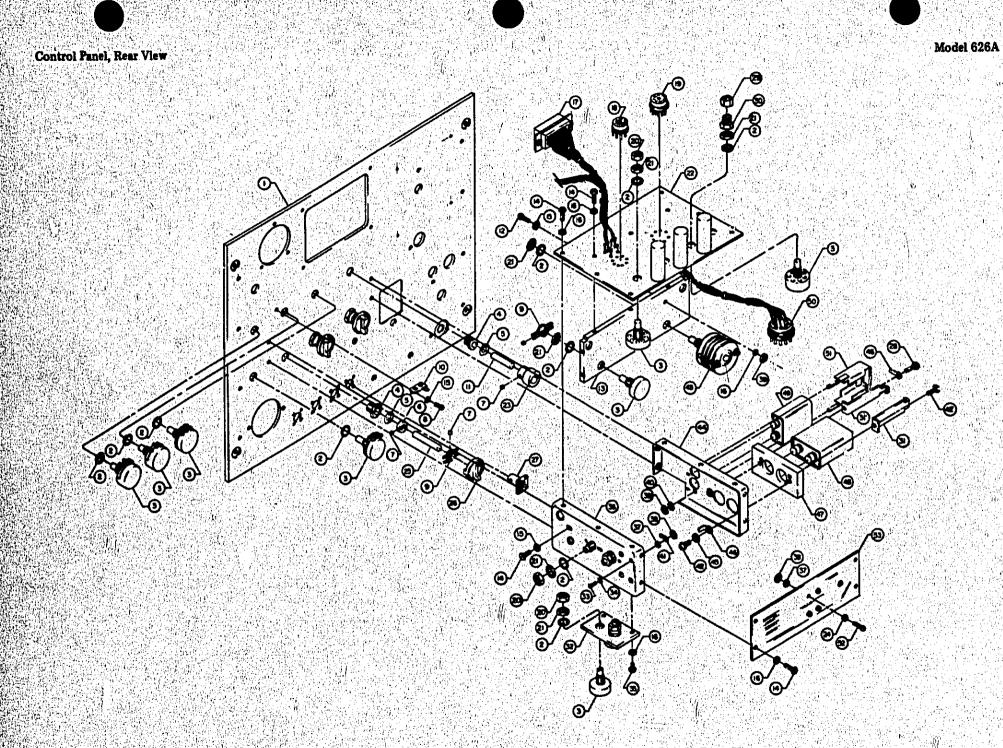
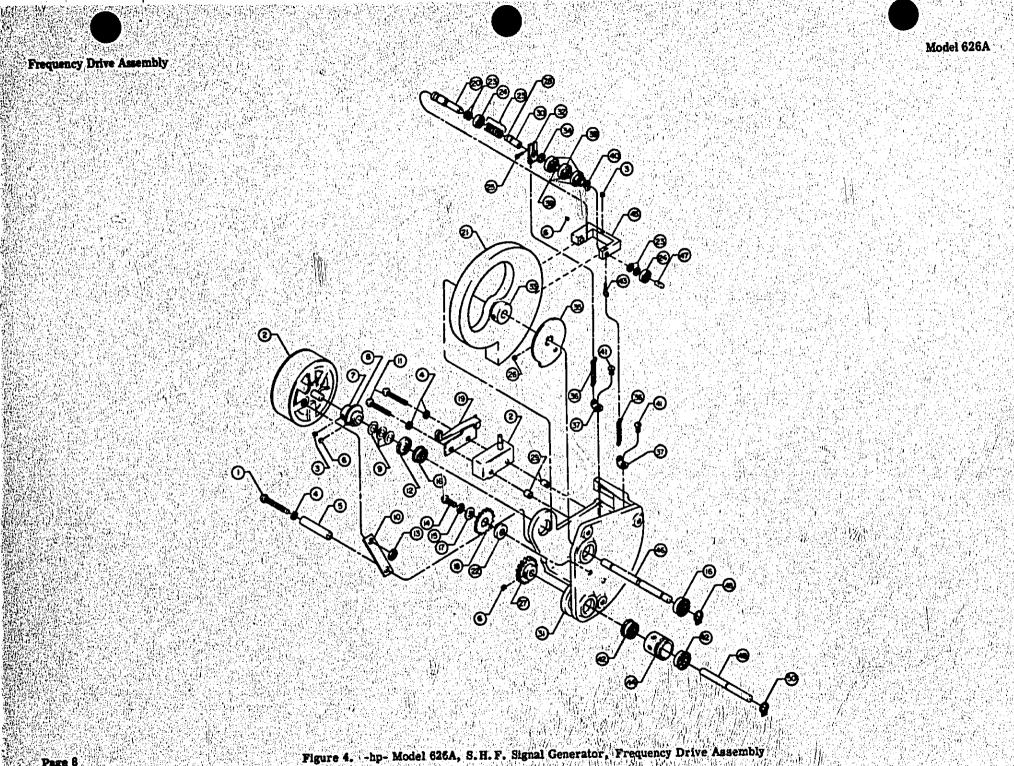


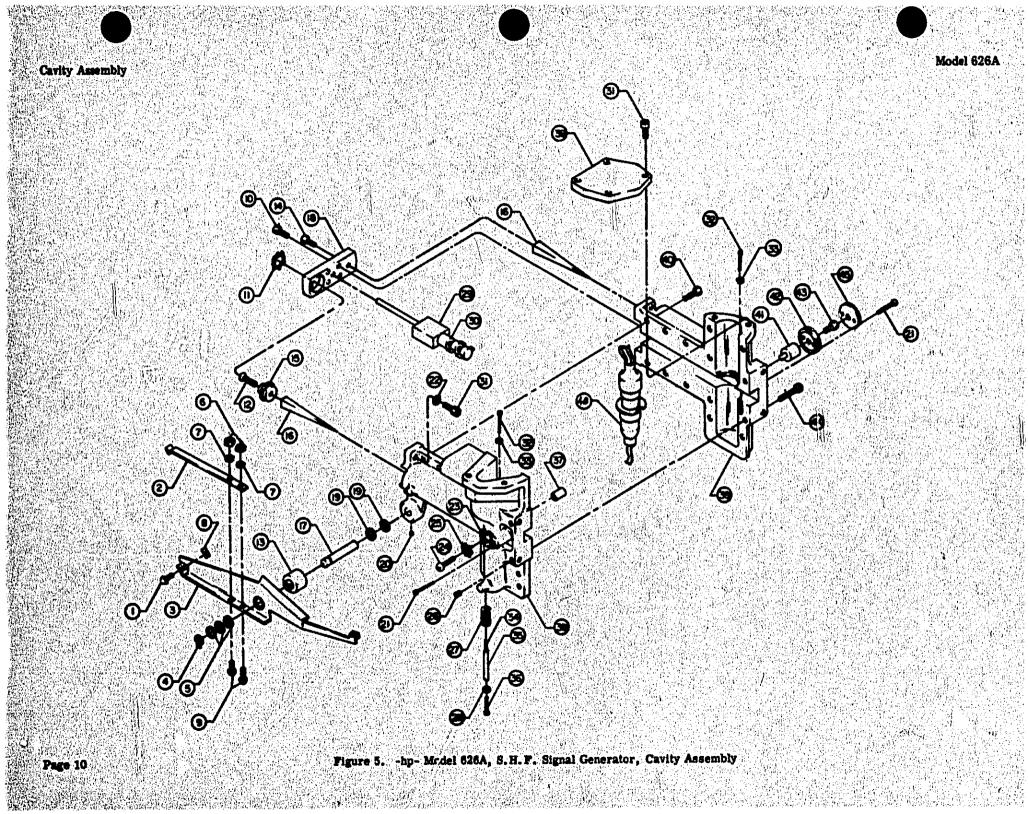
Figure 3. -hp- Model 626A, S.H.F. Signal Generator, Control Panel, Rear View

### Model 626A

EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	<b>Q</b> 7
1	2360-0018	Screw: Round head ss		16	1410-0017	Bearing: Ball	2	34	3050-0014	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d.	
		6-32 thd 1-3/8 in. lg	1	17	3050-0019		1 1			0.26 in. i.d. bronze	
2		See Operating and		18		Gear: Offset tooth	【第1 【5	35	626A-77A-	Follower: Cam	
		Service Manual		19	3102 9002		1.1		2		
34x	3030-0005	Screw: Allen dr set 8-32		20	628A-36A-	Shaft	$\frac{Q_{I}}{Q_{I}} = 1$	36	1460-0022	Spring: Tension 1/8 o.d.	
$\hat{\gamma}$	建的保护情况的	thd 1/8 in. lg	5	41 - <sup>24</sup> - 57	30		1 1			1-1/2 in. lg	۱. ji
4	2190-0007	Washer: Int lock for #6	80.0	21	628A-36A-	Cam: Drive	1997 - 1997 -	37 -	0360-0036	Lug: Terminal	1
	0000 0014	SCREW	34 <b>3</b> - 19	22	23		1	<u>ୁ</u> ଅନ୍	1410-0004	Bearing: Ball 5/8 in.	, 🗌
5	0380-0014	Spacer: 1-3/16 in. lg		23	J382A-17	Mount: Gear Washer: 5/16 in. o.d.		39	3050-0017	o.d. 1/4 in. i.d.	
6	3030-0001	1/4 in. o.d. Screw: Allen dr set 8-32	19 <b>1</b> 9 1	<b>4</b> 3 (	3030-0034	0. 190 in. 1/d. brass	111	38	3030-0011	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d. 0.26 in. i.d. bronze	
•	3030-0001	thd 3/16 in. lg		24	1410 0007	Bearing: Ball 1/2 in.		ំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំំ	0510-0052	Ring: Grip for 1/8 in.	
7	628A-36A-				1210-0001	o.d. 3/16 in. i.d.	2		0010-0004	shaft	
	22			25	0570-0022	Screw: 3/8 in. lg	l ī l	41	2470-0001	Screw: Bind head br 6-	12
8	628A-36A-	Cam: Microswitch		26	3030-0033	Screw: Allen dr set 6-32			SHE STOLL	32 thc 1/4 in. lg	
	Set 5 To Table V.		1 P		1983 (J. 1983)	thd 3/16 in. Ig	2	42	1410-0015	Bearing: Ball 5/8 in.	: 5
9	5020-0389	Washer: Spring	3	27	628A-36A-	Gear: Stop				o.d. 1/4 in. i.d.	
) 🗄	628A-36A-				6 6 19 June			43	1480-0001	Pin: Cotter 1/2 in. lg	
	S13 (1997)		1	28	628A-36A-	Sleeve		44	628A-36A-	Bushing: Eccentric	5
	2360-0016	Screw: Round head ss			28		111		<b>14</b>		
	》第一部一次,当年后, 1976年7月1日 - 1976年5月	6-32 thd 1-1/4 in. lg	2	29	0380-0018	Spacer: 1/4 in. lg 1/4		45	628A-36A-	Bracket: Cam follower	
2	628A-36A-	Washer	3 <b>1</b>			in. 0.d.	. (2.)		24		i fai
孩们	·····································			30	the second s	Eccentric		46	028A-36A-	Shaft: Cam	
3	2420-0001	Nut: 5/16 in. wide ss	1299-14	100	27		1	2	3 <b>12</b> 365 (* 1996)		
9£		6-32 thd 1/2 in. lg	[編]) [注	31	628A-36A-	Chassis		47	628A-36A-	Shaft: Cam roller	
	2990-0002	Screw: Truss head ss							16		
3 <u>6</u> .	2190-0011	10-24 thd 1/2 in. lg		32		Clamp		48	0510-0040	Ring: Retaining for 5/16	1
5	31A0-0011	Washer: Int lock for #10	的際人的	33	29 628A-36A-	이 같은 것은 것을 하는 것을 수가 있다. 이렇게 말 하는 것을 수가 있다. 이렇게 말 하는 것을 하는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있다. 이렇게 말 하는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 않는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 있는 것을 것을 수가 않았다. 것을 것을 것 같이 않는 것을 것 같이 않는 것을 것 같이 않는 것을 것 같이 않았다. 것 같이 않는 것 같이 않았다. 것 같이 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 것 같이 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 않았는 것 같이 않았다. 않았는 것 않았다. 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 같이 않았는 것 않았다. 않았다. 않았는 것 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았는 것 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다. 않았다.				in. shaft	1
	动的重要量	Screw		33	040A-J0A-	Hub: Cam		49	628A-36A-	Shaft: Dial	13
$\mathbb{N}$		[26] 121 - 제공의 가지 2017 중심하는 이상의 - 전문의 공격적인 제가 관광하는 것 같아요. 관광하는	的成书的	计时间	10 an 10	가장 1441년 1월 1978년 2월 19일 - 영화하 일반 2월 2일 - 1월 19일 - 1월 2일 - 1일 - 1일 - 1일 일반 2월 2일 - 1일 -		50	0510-0005	Ring: Retaining for 1/4	
15 4 (m) 14 - 14				이 같은 말				1	0310-0003	in. shaft	
1							化金属 袋				
AL.	A MESSAGE		2491 3		N Participation and		い感覚 み				12
5 - C		·加利率率等的。201			法国际内在历		的 医胃炎		$A_{2,2} = A^{2} A_{2,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{$		
	情况的高兴	<b>计算机的 计算机 计算机</b> 化乙基									
			<b>以該科科</b>							가지는 가지가 있지? 것을 물었는 것을 물었다. 같은 것 같은 것은 것은 것을 같은 것 같이 있는 것	
							[홍종] 8				
1				9 6 6 C	1224年1月			5 - 25, 5		"你们和你们的你们和你们。"	
福建	他的自己的	<b>大教学教师</b> 。他们这些问题,在1996年代,199	14:39 日子	1.12		带的复数形式生态中的		$(A_{i},A_{i}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$	乙酸胆己酸的	的影響。這個的影響的影響。	25



F.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	R
DÊ.	2200-0010	Screw: Round head ss	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{2^{4}}{2^{2}} \frac{3}{2^{4}}$	17	626A-37A	Shaft: Lever arm	1	32	0570-0023	Screw: 0-80 thd	14
i i i	思想能够	4-40 thd 3/4 in. lg	1.	18	626A-59A-	Plate: Bearing	1995年 日本	33	0590-0026	Nut: 3/32 in. wide 0-80	
	626A-77A-	Follower: Cam	1. 1. 5.	이지도 가지지 같은 것이다. 같은 것이 같은 것이 않 같은 것이 같은 것이 않 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다.	10 3 3 3	自己的现在分词是这些问题。	1. <b>1</b>	n san fir		thd br	
	878 A -77 A	Arm: Lever		19	3050-0014	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d. 0.26 in. i.d. bronze	へたち (A) 21月 長	34	626A-77A-	Pin: Suppressor	
NY	4			20 20	3030-0001			35	626A-77A-	Pin: Guide	
$\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{T}}^{\mathrm{id}}$	0510-0005	Ring: Retaining for 1/4		·徐 · · · · ·		thd 3/16 in. lg	1		669388-98		
$q_{i}$	的问题是是自己的	in. shaft	·酒业	21		Screw: 1-72 thd	2 8	36	0570-0007	Screw: Fil head br 0-80	
	3050-0017	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d.		22		Washer: 5/16 in. o.d.	4			thd 3/16 in. lg	
So.		0.26 in. i.d. bronze	<b>3</b> 3	23	626A-77E-	Holder: Load	39 m h.	37	626A-77E-	Load: 1/4 wave	
	<b>3200-0001</b>	Nut: 1/4 in. wide 4-40	2	运行。 第4243	200 0000	Screw: Round head ss		38	1		
	2190-0004	Washer: Int lock for #4			<b>4400-0009</b>	4-40 thd 1/2 in. lg		30	626A-59A-	Casting	
<b>L</b> .	行行的制度	SCREW	2	25	0510-0039	Ring: Retaining for 1/2		39	626A-59A-	Cap: Tube	
	626A-77A-	Nut: Elastic	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1, j \in \{0, 0\} \\ j \in \{0, 1\} \\ j \in \{1, 1\} \\ 0 \\ j \in \{1, 1\} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ $		金融123月1日	in. hsg	181	6.5	2.4.1.1		
þ.	13 读出人名法		21篇	前[26]	3030-0033	Screw: Allen dr set 6-32	动物主	40 %	3030-0003	Screw: Allen dr set cap	
		Screw: 4-40 thd	2		對和自己的公	thd 3/16 in. lg	2			6-32 thd 3/8 in. 1g	
		Screw: 2-56 thd	8 <b>4</b> .8	大部 谷 <b>27</b> 第 第全 - 港に応す	1400-0036	Spring: Compression 6		41	626A-77B-	Load: 3/4 wave	
		Ring: Retaining Screw: Flat head ss 4-40	191 191	28	678 A 77 A	turns x 9/32 in, lg Spring: End plate	1	42	400 N 700	Holder: #1	1
4	分析的自然和正式	thd 1/2 in. 1g	2 <b>1</b> 8		2. B. 1947 25 5 5				626A-77B-		
	626A-77A-	Hub: Lever arm	Mary R.	29	626A-59A-	Load: Plunger		43	3030-0028	Screw: Allen dr set cap	
	5		1	入院 月空東部 後の 287 第三日	\$983 W 3		1	目気読	n a freedorf en freedorf d' 19 event d'antievents d'al	6-32 thd 1/4 in. lg	
		Screw: Cap	<b>1</b> s	30	626A-59A-	Phunger Assy		44	3030-0030	Screw: Allen dr set cap	
	26A-77C-1		<b>.</b>	透過的	2 <b>.3</b> (2.9 %) (9)		14	4.1	$= \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} +$	6-32 thd 1 in. ig	
1911 141	026A-J2A-	Load: Coupler	्क्षाः (व <b>2</b> द्व	198 <b>31</b> 4	3030-0016	Screw: Allen ilr cap 6-32		45	626A-77B-	Screw: Lock	j ľ
ю. 						thd 1/2 in. Ig	2013 (C) 2013 (C) 2013 (C)	46	141 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
たた	化化相关设备					这些"你们的"。 第二章		10		See Operating and Service Manual	1
3		<b>主要的现在分词,如何</b> 未少	6.6.5.			<b>的现在分词</b> 的问题。在1993年					
				行い (体化化 第三条 第一条	13.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.1						N.
1								i i grada Galacia			
							新加速				
Zi.	物的目的世界。	制造的制度的资源和公司。								A CARLES AND A CARLES	5
	的時間的時間。										
			、蘭葉					1泡湿			d s
		是你的关系是不能不能有些不能。	禰愈	家議院						<b>我就是这些问题的能力。</b>	
1	的最高端信息			調整劑	特门管理的公司		2012年	目示器	的复数	全國國際部務各部局部各部局部的第三方。 	
1	的行行投资。			國憲黨				1000月			l
81								100	Contraction of a state of the		2



## Model 626A

REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
EF. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	3050-0103 628A-32A- 4 5000-0206 626A-34B- 1 5020-0233	Washer: 9/16 in. o.d. 1/4 in. i.d. ss Shaft: Pinion Washer: Spring 9/16 in. 1g Tube: Screwdriver Collar: 1/4 in. shaft 1/2 in. dia Washer: 5/16 in. o.d. 0,190 in. i.d. brass Filter Assembly Screw: Allen dr set 8-32 thd 3/16 in. 1g	1	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	2200-0003 3030-0016 2950-0001 2190-0016 2210-0004 626A-32A- 2 628A-32A- 3 0510-0053	Screw: Round head ss '4-40 thd, 1/4 in. Ig Screw: Allen head ss 4-40 thd 1/2 in. Ig Nut: 1/2 in. wide 3/8-32 thd br	QTY. 1 1 1 1 1	19           20           21           22           23           24           25           26           27           20	STOCK NO. 626A-27A 626A-28 3030-0013 628A-24C 1480-0008 629A-32A- 6 626A-37B 3030-0060 3030-0007 626A-71A 628A-24D	DESCRIPTION Filter Mount: Thermistor Screw: Allen dr cap 6-32 thd 3/4 in. 1g Pinion: Power set Pin: 1/16 in. dia 1/2 in. 1g Shaft: Bevel gear Shaft Screw: Allen head set 2-56 thd Screw: Allen dr set 4-40 thd 1/8 in. 1g Coupler: Power set Gear: Bevel	1

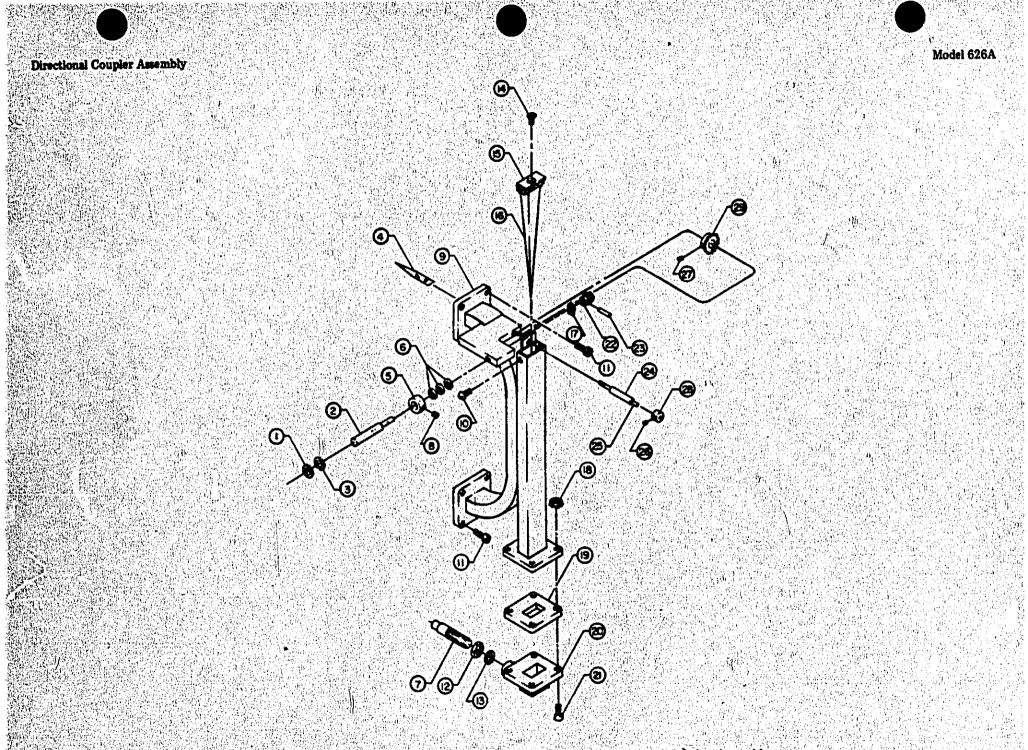


Figure 6. -hp- Model 626A, S.H.F. Signal Generator, Directional Coupler Assembly

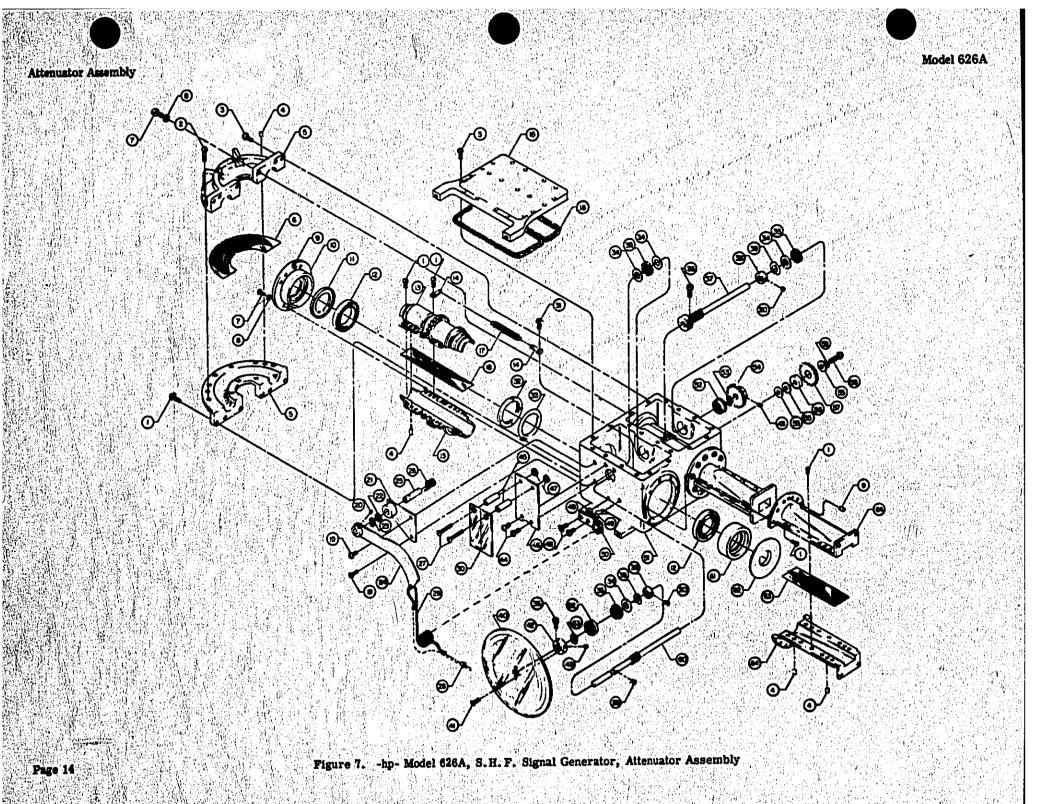
がいたのである。

### Model 626A

QTY.

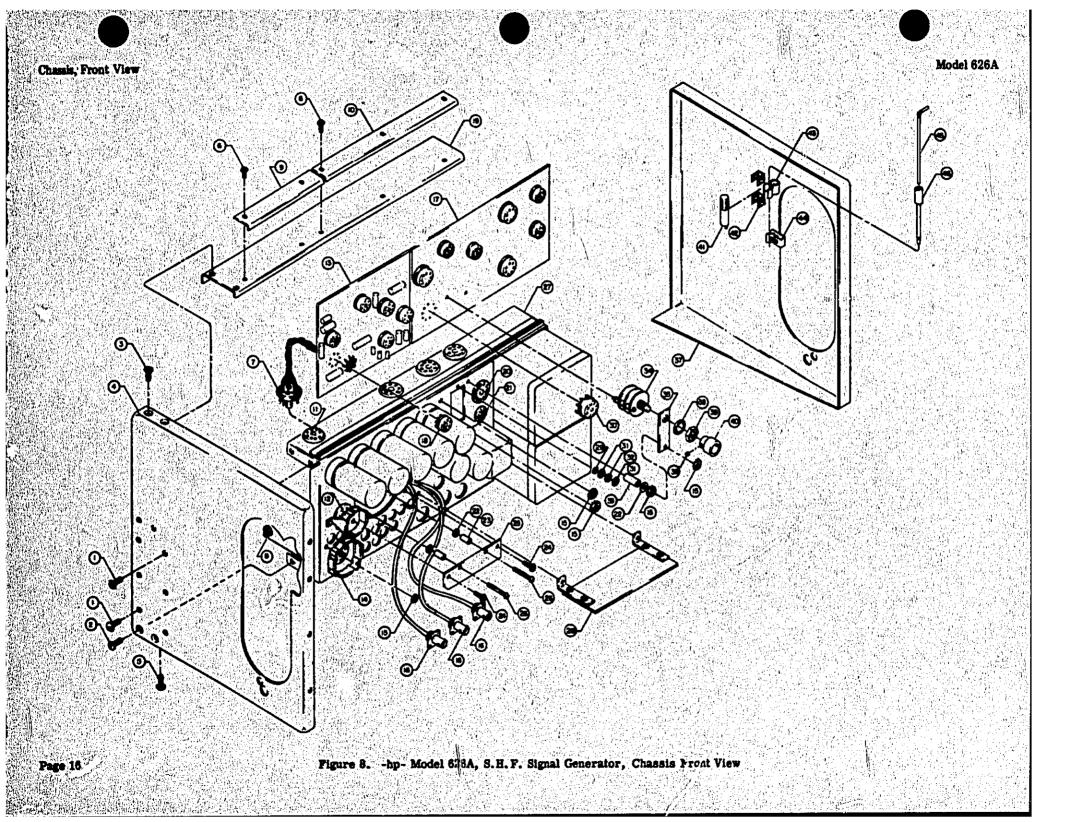
 

REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	R	F. STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	þ
韵1韵	2360-0012	Screw: Round head ss	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	21	628A-34A-	Bracket: Flag mounting		4	3030-0021		
- 10 NA 1	这些新教会。 2013年	6-32 thd 7/8 in. 1g	4		19 😒 🖄	公司的 <u>新闻的</u> 在1993年中,1993年1993年1993年1993年1993年1993年1993年1993	成工法		아는 아이라는 영상에 있다.	thd 3/16 in. lg	ľ
2	2390-0001	Screw: Bind head ss		22	3050-0017	Washer: 3/8 in. o.d.		4	2460-0003	Screw: Phillips br 6-32	ļ
AP4 13 45		6-32 thd 1/2 in. lg	27		- 建酸锂 4倍	0,26 i.d. bronze				thd 5/16 in. lg	P
3 <b>3</b> 6	2360-0008	Screw: Round head ss		23		Ring: Retaining	$\{1,1,2,1,2\}$	4	6 0380-0011	Spacer: 3/4 in. lg 1/4 in.	Ľ
		6-32 thd 1/2 in. lg	12	한 관관	28		4		그 같아? 그는 것	o.d.	ľ
累 <b>4</b> 得。		Pin: Dowel 1/4 in. lg	2	24	628A-34A-	Flag: Assembly		4		Shield	k
5	626A-34A-	Connector 180°			6		$ \mathbf{I} $		29	2. 1993年1月1日日本市民業	
a desa	<b>7</b>				X382A-5	Shaft: Flag	法1公	4	2420-0003	Nut: 1/4 in. wide 6-32	Ě
6	62/3 <b>A-34A</b> -	Card: Bent			X382A-4	Spring: Flag	3 <b>1</b> 34			thd	Ŷ
3. Th	<b>14</b> (1996)	的建筑推进有限的建立	2	27	2370-0007	Screw: Flat head ss 6-32		4	2390-0009	Screw: Bind head ss 6-32	
- <b>7</b>	2360-0008	Screw: Round head ss		<u>人</u> 同時	Section (Section)	thd 1 in. lg	2	(1,1)		thd 3/8 in. 1g	ľ
8.003	是是自己的问题。	6-32 thd 7/8 in. lg	8	28	0361-0032	Eyelet: Flat Il type .084		<b>4</b>	0380-0003	Spacer 1/8 in. lg 1/4 in.	Ľ.
8	3190-0007	Washer: Int lock for #6	[19] 新聞			o.d.	2		말을 실려하는 방송한	. o.d.	4
	QC 9 - 2012 - 202	screw	8	29	9300-0015	Spring: Braided nylon		5		Pulley Assembly	12
]2 <b>.9</b> °≦	1480-0015	Pin: Dowel 1/4 in. dia		집 신원		45 lb test	A/R		31		Ŀ
	当時での学行	3/8 in. lg	4		X885-29	Window	10	5	626A-34A-	Housing: Attenuator	
10	630A-34A-	Adapter		31	2390-0007	Screw: Bind head ss 6-32			48 9 <b>4</b> 99 99 99		14
	16	的复数形式的 电影为的语言	2			thd 5/16 in. lg	2	5	1410-0015	Bearing: Ball 5/8 in.	
11	626A-34A-	Insert: Attenuator		32	526A-34A-	Adapter		94j - 5	les processines, cont	o.d. 1/4 in. i.d.	
$\sum_{i=1}^{n}  A_i  \leq 1$	<b></b>	计可能的 网络马克尔马马克马克	. 2	2 A B B B B	16		2	5	0510-0005	Ring: Retaining for 1/4	þ
12.	1410-0021	Bearing: Ball 2-1/4 in.		33 -	8000-0008	O-Ring: 1.188 i.d.	$(A_{i})_{i\in I}$	12 P.	医自己的联合病	in. shaft	
1995 - S	國際資源的開始	o.d. 1.813 i.d.	<b>4</b> .4	5 NO 3	心。這些時間這些	1.438 o.d.	2	5		Gear: Stop	17
13	626A-34A-	Center: Section		34		Washer: 5/8 in. o.d.	4	5	3050-0019	Washer: Brass 1/2 in.	Ľ
			2	<b>  3</b> 5	216C-0008	Braid: R. F. 1/4 in, dia				o.d. 2 in. i.d.	15
14	0360-0005	Lug: Terminal 11/16 in.				alum	A/R	5		End: Section	
		18	44	36	3030-0003	Screw: Allen dr cap 6-32		5'	5020-0248	Gear: Offset tooth 1.218	
15	020A-J4A-	Cover: Attenuz.or	高調する			thd 3/8 in. lg	2		김 영화가 문제하는	in, dia	Ê
	A.D.公司。第123			37	628A-34A-	Shaft: Lock		51	2190-0011	Washer: Int lock for #10	
16	8100-000a	Braid: R.F. 1/4 in. dia	的建设	1000	3.7. Saraka			- 13 - 13		screw	
國的制度		alum	A/R	<b>1-1 38</b> 1	5020-0233	Collar: 1/4 in. shaft	59.56	5	2920-0003	Screw: Round head ss-	
17	1400-0022	Spring: Tension 1/8 in.	· 친구가 (*)		地国民族的民族民族	1/2 in. dia	<b>:2</b> 2	88 B.I	時,不能保護保護	10-24 thd 5/8 in. lg	Ŕ
建动物合成	(19) 年代和1943年1	o.d. 1-1/2 in. lg	2 <b>2</b> 4,	39	5000-0206	Washer: Spring 9/16 in.		6		Shaft: Worm	
18	626A-34A-	Card: Center	[문화]]		2.001603.362	dia	2	6		Mount: Bearing	Ê
	國12 國法總統	物理的研究的自己的研究	2	40	628A-34A-	Dial: Attenuator			法一般17月1日的		l n
19	4100-0001	Screw: Phillips br 6-32	18880					6		Choke: End section	Ľ.
		thd 1/4 in. lg	2	41	052.1-0009	Screw: Flut head ss 2-56	[( <u>)</u> ]]]		22		
20	3030-0022	Screw: Allen dr set				thd 1/4 in. lg	2	6		Card: End	Ê
		6-32 thd 1"8 in. lg	1	42	X382A-18	Hub: Dinl			13		
			認識的 的				1 ( <u>1</u>	6		End: Section	   10
$\mathcal{T} = \{ \mathcal{T}_{i} \}_{i \in \mathcal{I}_{i}}^{T}$	de de la compañía	<b>的复数形式的复数形式</b>		5 BAR		网络海洋学校的复数形式			23		



 $\{ x_i \}_{i=1}^{N}$ 

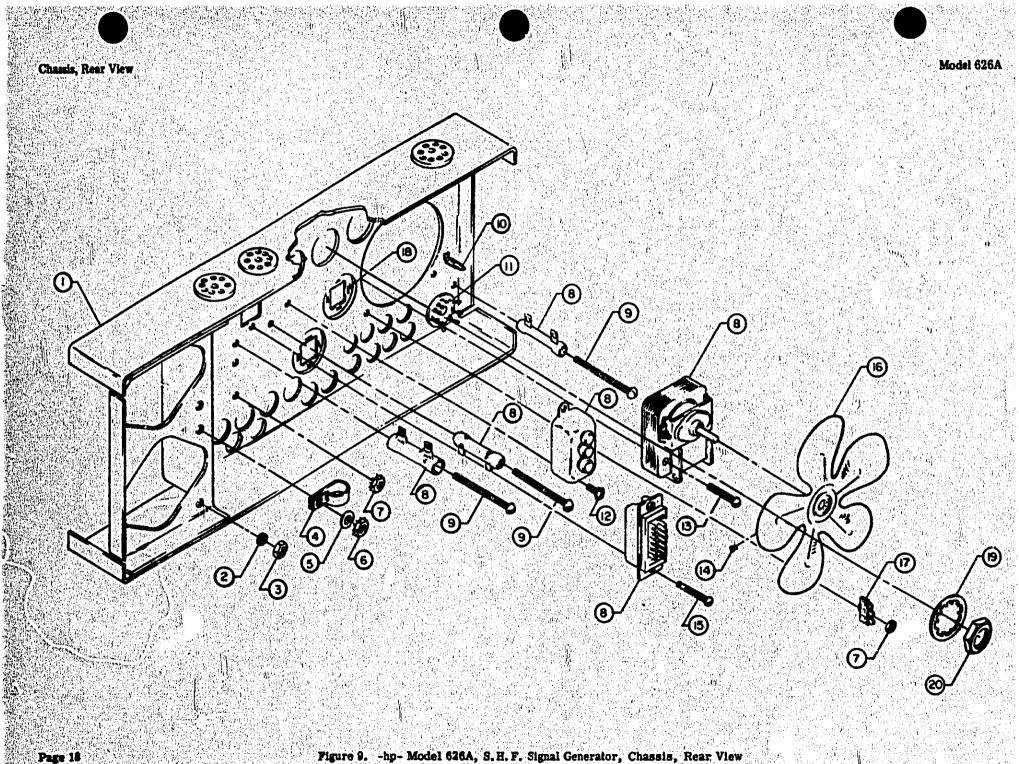
F.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	RZF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	Q'TY.	REF	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION
	2990-0001	Screw: Truss head ss	認識意	17	626A-65D	Attenuator Assy: Power		33	0380-0014	Spacer: 1-3, 16 in. lg
		10-24 thd 3/8 in. Ig	11		中国法国法国	set	11			1/4 ind.
N.,	2930-0004	Screw: Flat head ss 10-		18	1200-0053	Socket: 7 pin tube printed	비율소, 영		3100-0121	Switch: Rotary
$d^{2}$	的國際自由國際	24 thd 1/2 in, lg	3			circuit mtg	11		628A-12K	Bracket
	2370-0002	Screw: Flat head ss			628A-12F	Bracket	1.1	36	3030-0020	Screw: Allen dr set 8-32
	<b>家語為著 傳影</b>	6-32 thd 3/8 in. lg	4			Socket: 11 pin tube				thd 3/16 in. ig
		Gusset: Left	2 <b>1</b> /		1200-0008	Socket: 9 pin tube			628A-1AR	Gusset: Right
t^	2900-0002	Screw: Truss head 10-24		22	3050-0100	Washer: 7/16 in. o.d.		30 1937 - S	2190-0016	Washer: Int lock 0.185 in. o.d.
λ.	Carps Zoorchor	thd 1/2 in. lg	医机能		a land and the second	0.147 i.d. brass	2	39	2950-0001	Nut: $1/2$ in, wide $3/8-32$
11-14 12-14 11-14	2550-0007		國際調整	23	0380-0008	이 특히 이번 것이 있어서 이 이상 특히 가격하는 것이 같이 있다.	2	- 38	2930-0001	athd br
		thd 3/8 in, lg	⊴ D () 2 4 2 ≷	4 18:22	2360-0005	o.d. Screw: Round head ss	4	40	5020-0233	Collar
		Connector: Male 8 pin Nut: 3/8 in. wide 10-24			4300-0003	6-32 thd $3/8$ in. lg	2		626A-38A	Wrench: Spanner
	2900-0004	thd w/lock	調整量	25	628A-12P	Bracket			1400-0010	Clip: Fuse 0.406 in. lg
	628A-12N			26	2360-0018		1. 1. <sup>13</sup>			x .375 in. w
ž v	628A-12G		<b>温</b> ·波 靈			6-32 thd 1-1/2 in. lg	2	43	1400-0011	Clip: Fuse 0.438 in. lg
		Socket: Octal tube	444	27	628A-1	Chassis		1		<b>x</b> 0.75 in. h -
d.	1400-0033	Clamp: Tube 1-1/4 in.		28	628A-65D	Board Assy: Circuit	1	44	1400-0044	Clip
	2.6.8.1.93	dia	1	29	2190-0005	Washer: Ext lock for #4		45	626A-38B-	Screwdriver
Ч. Чар	626A-65E	Board Assy: Voltage	112 A 12			screw	2			
Ye.		Gregulator William	R. 1.6 W	30	1200-0062	Socket: 9 pin tube mtg		46	626A-38B-	Wrench
16	1400-0032	Clamp: Tube 1-5/8 in.	$\mathbb{R}^{n} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n}$		马的马尔的马	printed circuit	3 <b>4</b> 5	2 82 A	2	
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	2420-0001	Nut: 5/16 in. wide ss				thd ss	i3 <b>4</b> 33 ≤			
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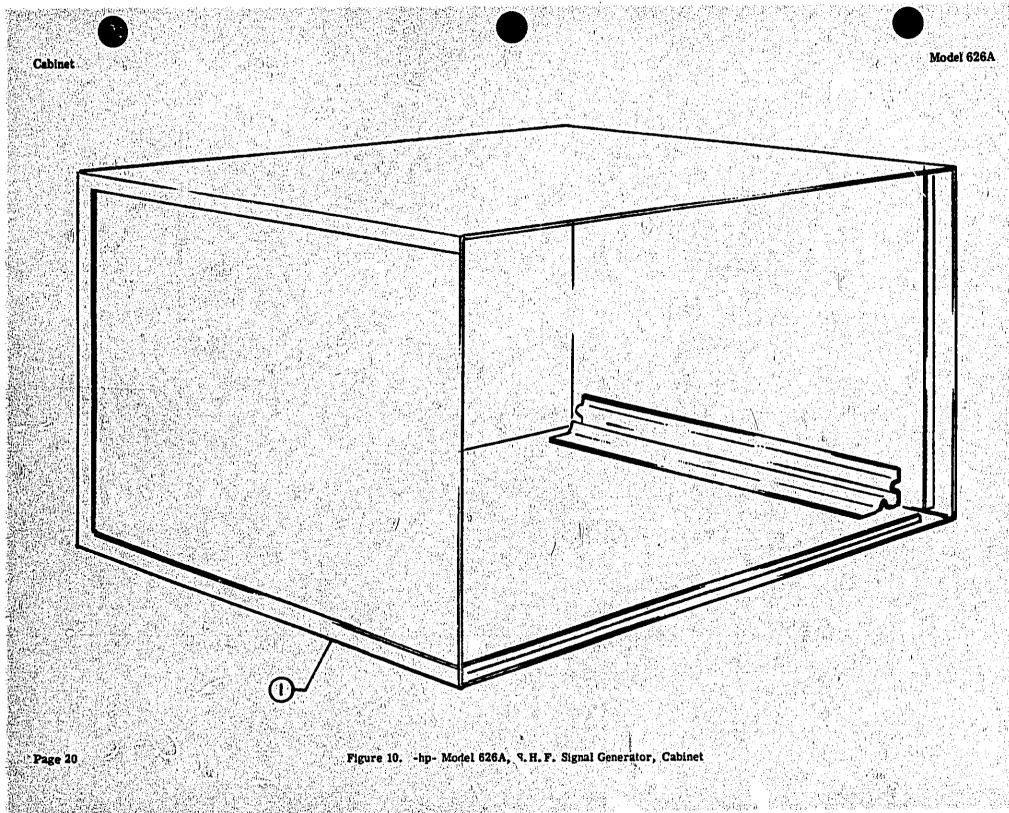
REF. STOCK NO. DESCRIPTION ОТУ DESCRIPTION STOCK NO DESCRIPTION QTY. STOCK NO. OTY. REF REF. 2360-0013 Screw: Round head ss 子》 See Operating and 15 828A-1 Chassis ្ប 8 1 2 2190-0034 Washer: Int lock for #4 Service Manual 6-32 thd 1 in. lg 2 16 3160-0012 Fan Blade: 4 blades 4.5 7 2360-0020 Screw: Round head ss SCLEW 9 2740-0002 Nut: 5/16 in. wide 10-32 6-32 thd 2 in. lg 3 In dia 1 3 17 0360-0015 Strip: 3 terminal 2 in. 1 thd ss 7 10 0360-0012 Strip: 1 terminal Clamp: Cable 3/8 in. dia 1200-0005 Socket: Octal tube 6 1 gnd 1 1400-0031 11 4 Plate: Capacitor mtg 2360-0005 Screw: Round head ss 18 1520-0001 nylon 1 12 2 1-17/32 x 2-3/16 in. 5 3050-0002 Washer: 7/16 in. o.d. 6-32 thd 3/8 in. Ig 2 Washer: Int lock for #4 0.203 in. i.d. steel 13 2440-0007 Screw: Round head br. 19 2190-0021 1. 5 6-32 thd 2-1/2 in. lg 2 screw 2740-0003 Nut: 3/8 in. wide 10-32 6 Screw: Allen dr set 8-32 Nut: 1 in. wide 3/4-20 3030-0001 20 2950-0042 thd w/lock 14 1 thd 3/16 in. 1g thd br 2 7 2420-0001 Nut: 5/16 in. wide ss 6-32 thd w/lock 4

Page 17



# Model 626A

EF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF	STOCK NO	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	REF.	STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QT
	628A-44A	Dust: Cover	<b>1</b>								
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# **CHANGES**

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# MANUAL CHANGES

### - MANUAL IDENTIFICATION -

Model Number: 626A Date Printed: August, 1977 Part Number: 00626-90005

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

_ Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manu	al Changes
1210A01731 to		
01800	1	
1308A01801 to 01850	1, 2	
1308A01851 to 01920	1-3	

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes
1410A	14
1547A	1-5
1607A	1-6
1642A	1-7
1728A	1-8
1741A	1-9
1824A	1-10
1832A	1-11
1942A	1-12

### ERRATA

▶ Page 1-2, Paragraph 1-11:

Change to: "This instrument has a two-part serial number. This two-part serial number has two forms (000-00000 and 0000A00000). If the first three digits or the first four digits of the serial number on your instrument do not agree with the serial number on the title page they will be described either with a yellow MANUAL CHANGES supplement or in the APPENDIX BACKDATING section of this manual."

### Page 4-5, Figure 4-9: Change R66 to 100 kΩ.

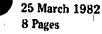
Page 5-19, paragraph 5-57:

In step d, change "< 3 microseconds" to "< 5 microseconds".

Continued . . .

### NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.





### ERRATA (cont'd)

### Page 5-20/21:

Model 626A

Add the following paragraphs:

### 5-66. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS

5-67. The following paragraphs explain how to choose the values of selected components. These components are designated by an asterisk (\*) on the schematic and parts list.

### 5-68. SELECTING R122

5-69. Selected for correct shape of detected square wave when using EXT-modulation. Value should be 750K to 825K.

### 5-70. SELECTING R131

5-71. Selected for correct filament voltage.

Page 5-23, Figure 5-18: Delete C43.

Page 5-25; Figure 5-20:

Change R54 to 47K.

Delete R127.

Change R66 to 100 kQ.

Change the connection of R78 to the following:

### Change the connection of R85 to the following:

### Page 5-27, Figure 5-22: Change R122 to R122\* 750K.

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: ...

Under B1, change the stock number for the fan blade to 3160.0044.

► Change the stock number for C29 to 0140-0038 (CD2) C: EXD MICA, 220 pF ±5%, 500 VDCW. The recommended replacement for the fan motor of B1 is 3140-0701.

Change the stock number for C15 and C21 to 0140-0044 (CD0), same description.

Fage 6-3, Table 6-1:

Delete C43.

► Change the stock number for J11 to 1250-0189 (CD8) CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM 4-HOLE-FLG-RR.

Change the stock number for C38 to 0140-0167 (CD8) C: FXD, MICA, 470 pF ±5% 500 VDCW.

### Page 6-4, Table 6-1:

2

Change the stock number for P1 to 8120-1378.

### ERRATA (cont'd)

### Page 6-6, Table 6-1:

Change the description of R83 to read: "R: var control 200K ohms ±20%." Change R96 stock number to 5180-0950 (CD6).

### Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Change R122 to R122\* 750K (selected part, typical value given). ► Change R132 through R139 to 0692-4745 (CD5) RESISTOR 470K 5% 2W CC TC-0+882.

### Page 6-8, Table 6-1:

Change HP stock number for V9 and V10 to 1932-0027.

Page 6-10, Table 6-2:

The recommended replacement for 3140-0010 is 3140-0701.

### Page 6-12, Table 6-2:

Change stock number 2100-0120 to 5180-0950 (CD6).

Delete 2110-0015 and 2110-0021.

Add the following parts:

2110-0002, FUSE, 2A (for 230V operation) 250V FAST-BLO 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC, 04703, 312002, 1, 10. 2110-0055, FUSE 4A (for 115V operation) 250V FAST-BLO 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC, 04703, 312004, 1, 10.

Page 6-13, Table 6-2:

Change 3101-0030 to 3101-1248 Switch, Pushbutton. Change 3160-0012 to 3160-0044. Change 8120-0015 to 8120-1378.

Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Change 626A-95A to 00626-6003.

Delete 1400-0084 Fuseholder, and add the following items in its place.

- 1400-0090
   Washer, neoprene

   2110-0465
   Cap, fuseholder

   2110-0467
   Nut, hex
- 2110-0470 Fuseholder

### NOTE

If any part of the old fuseholder (1400-0084) needs replacing all four parts of the new fuseholder must be ordered. The old fuseholder can be identified by a straight solder lug to which the white-black-gray wire attaches. On the new fuseholder the solder lug is at a right angle to the body.

Add 7120-4162 Label, warning, large (3 each) "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE" (Large). Add 7120-4163 Label, warning, small (2 each) "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE" (Small). Add 7120-4295 Label, warning "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE ALWAYS PRESENT ....." Add 7120-5087 Label, warning "TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK ....."

Illustrated Parts Identification, page 5:

Change item 1 from 00626-60018 to 00528-20047 and 00626-60019 to 00628-20048.

Illustrated Parts Identification, page 15:

Change item 1 to 2680-0129 Screw, Machine 10-32 0.312 inch long, pan head, Pozidriv. Change item 2 to 2680-0211 Screw, Machine 10-32 0.312 inch long, Flat head, Pozidriv.

Illustrated Parts Identification, page 17:

Change the stock number for item 16 to 3160-0044.

00626-90005

4

### **CHANGE 1**

Page 4-3, Figure 4-5: Change R43 to 1.23M.

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R43 to 1.23M.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1: Change R43 to 0730-0108 R:FXD, DEP C, 1.23M 1% 1W, 28480, 0730-0108.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Delete 0730-0110. Add 0730-0108 R:FXD, DEP C, 1.23M 1% 1W, 28480, 0730-0108.

### **CHANGE 2**

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: Change C36 to 0160-0595, C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF ± 10% 1500 VDCW.

Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Change C39 to 0160-0593, C:FXD PAPER, 1UF ± 10% 600 VDCW.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Delete 0160-0079 and 0160-0088.

Add:

0160-0593, C:FXD PAPER 1 UF ± 10% 600 VDCW, 56289, P34315. 0160-0595, C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF ± 10% 1500 VDCW, 56289, P52789.

### NOTES

1. When 0160-0593 first replaces 0160-0079, a new mounting bracket, HP Purt Number 1400-0512, must also be ordered.

2. When 0160-0595 first replaces vi G0-0088, a new mounting bracket, HP Part Number 1400-0525 must also be ordered.

### CHANGE 3

Page 4-5, Figure 4-9: Change 1269 to 75K.

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R69 to 75K.

Page 6-5. Table 6-1: Change R69 to 0686-7535, R:FXD COMP 75K OHM 5% 1/2W.

Page 6-9. Table 6-2: Add 0686-7535, R:FXD COMP 75K OHM 5% 1/2W, 01121, EB 7525, 1, 1.

Page 6-10, Table 6-2: Delete 0687-5631.

### **CHANGE 4**

Page 4-9, Figure 4-15: Change R98 to 2500 ohms.

Page 5-27, Figure 5-22: Change R98 to 2500 ohms.

### CHANGE 4 (Cont'd)

Page 6-6, Table 6-1:

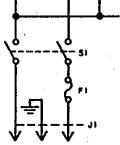
Change R98 to 2100-0207, R: VAR, CONT, 2.5K OHM 20% MC.

### Page 6-12, Table 6-2: Delete 2100-0025.

Add 2100-0207, R: VAR, CCNT, 2.5K OHM, 20% MC.

### **CHANGE 5**

Page 5-23, Figure 5-18: Change line switch as shown in the following illustration.



Page 6-7, Table 6-1: Change S1 to 3101-1395 SWITCH-PB DPDT-DB ALTNG 10.5A 250 VAC.

Page 6-13, Table 6-2:

Change 3101-1248 (see Errata) to 3101-1395 SWITCH-PB DPDT-DB ALTNG 10.5A 250 VAC.

### **CHANGE 6**

Page 4-3, Figure 4-5:

Change C25 to 100 pF, R54 to 100 k\Omega, and R58 to 47 k\Omega.

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change C25 to 100 pF, R54 to 100 kΩ, and R58 to 47 kΩ

Page 6-2, Table 6-1:

Change C25 to 0140-0041 C: fxd, mica 100pF 5% 500 wvdc.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1:

Change R54 to 0687-1041 R: fxd comp 100k ohm 10% 1/2w. Change R58 to 0687-4731 R: fxd comp 47k ohm 10% 1/2w.

### CHANGE 7

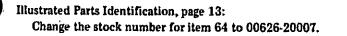
Page 4-3, Figure 4-5: Change R58 to 75 kΩ-

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R58 to 75 kΩ.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1: Change R58 to 0686-7535 Resistor 75K 5% 0.5W CC TC - 0 ± 765.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Add 0686-7535, Resistor 75K 5% 0.5W CC TC-0 ±765, 01607, EB7535, 1,1.



### **CHANGE 8**

Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Change F1 (for 115V operation) to 2110-0003 Fuse 3A 250V Fast Blow 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC.

### Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Add 0360-1665, Terminal strip 3-term (for line voltage) phen 1.13-in-L, 28480, 0360-1665, 1.1.

### **CHANGE 9**

### Page 4-5, paragraph 4-34:

Add the following text to paragraph 4-34.

Q1 and Q2 supply current only during the rise and fall times of pulses or square waves (this is because the klystron repeller represents a capacitive load which draws no dc). The low impedance output of this circuit decreases rise and fall times by decreasing the charge-discharge times of the repeller and filter capacitances.

### Page 4-5, Figure 4-10:

Replace Figure 4-10 with the following figure.

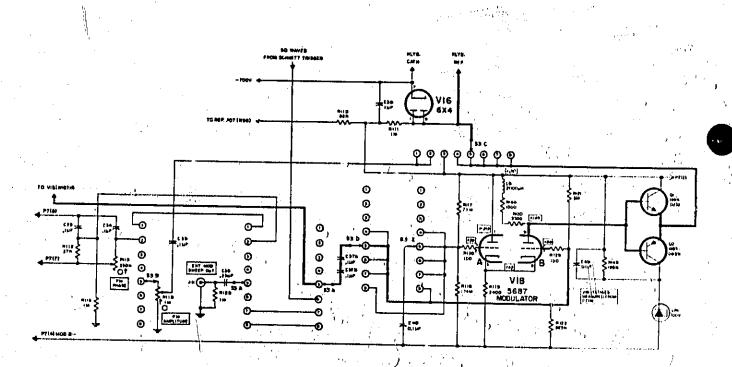
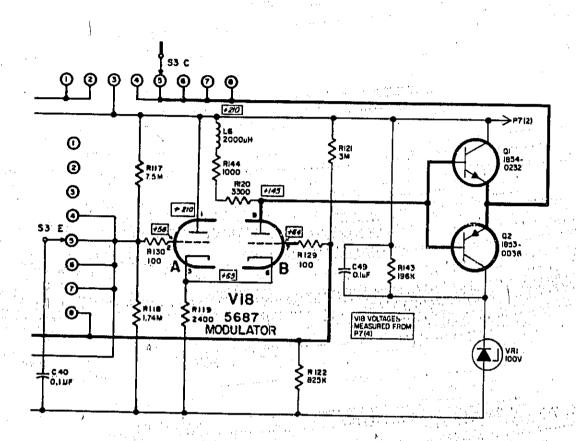


Figure 4-10. Modulator V18 and MOD SELECTOR Switch S3 (P/O Change 9)

### CHANGE 9 (Cont')

### Page 5-27, Figure 5-22:

Replace the appropriate part of Figure 5-22 with the following partial schematic.



P/O Figure 5-22. Modulator and RF Generator (P/O Change 9)

1 March

Page 6-2, Table 6-1:

, Change C33 and C34 to 0170-0022, CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu$ F ±20% 600 VDC POLYE

### Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Add C49, 0170-0055, CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1 μF ±20% 200 VDC POLYE. Change L6 to 9100-1660, COIL MLD 2 μH 5% Q-65 0.215 DX 0.56 LG.

### Page 6-4, Table 6-1:

Add the following parts after P7

Q1, 1854-0232, TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD-1W FT-15 MHz. Q2, 1853-0038, TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-39 PD-1W FT-100 MHz.

### Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Change R118 to 0698-8086 RESISTOR 1.74M 0.5% 0.5W F TC-0±100. Change R122 to 0757-0870, RESISTOR 825K 1% 0.5W F TC-0±100. Add R143, 0757-0063, RESISTOR 196K 1% 0.5W F TC-0±100. Add R144, 0757-0159, RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC-0±100.

### CHANGE 9 (Cont')

#### Page 6-8, Table 6-1:

Add VR1, 1902-0175, DIODE-ZNR 100V 5% D0-15 PD-1W TC-+0.083%.

Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Add the following parts:

0170-0022 CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu$ F ±20% 600 VDC POLYE, 28480, 0170-0022, 2, 1 0170-0055 CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu$ F ±20% 200 VDC POLYE, 04200, 292P10402, 1, 1 0698-8086, RESISTOR 1.74M 0.5% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF 7C1/8-T0-1744-D, 1, 1 0757-0063 RESISTOR 196K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-1963-F, 1, 1 0757-0159 RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-1963-F, 1, 1 0757-0870 RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-8253-F, 1, 1 1853-0038 TRANSISTOR 825K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-8253-F, 1, 1 1854-0232 TRANSISTOR PNP SI T0-39 PD=1W FT=100 MHz, 28480, 1853-0038, 1, 1 1854-0232 TRANSISTOR NPN SI T0-39 PD=1W FT=15 MHz, 28480, 1854-0232, 1, 1 1902-0175 DIODE-ZNR 100V 5% D0-15 PD=1W TC=+0.083%, 02037, SZ11213-428, 1, 1 9100-1660 COIL MLD 2  $\mu$ H 5% Q=65 0.215 DX 0.56 LG, 02172, 22-1312-26J, 1, 1

### CHANGE 10

Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Replace the 2110-0470 Fuseholder with the following parts: 2110-0564 FUSEHOLDER BODY 12A MAX; 250V MAX 28480 2110-0564 2110-0565 FUSEHOLDER CAP BAYONET; 12A, 250V MAX 28480 2110-0565 2110-0569 NUT-HEX, PLASTIC 28480 2110-0569 1400-0090 WASHER: RUBBER 5/8" 00000 OBD

# **CHANGE 11**

Page 5-27, Figure 5-22: Draw in C50, 100 pf, across R125.

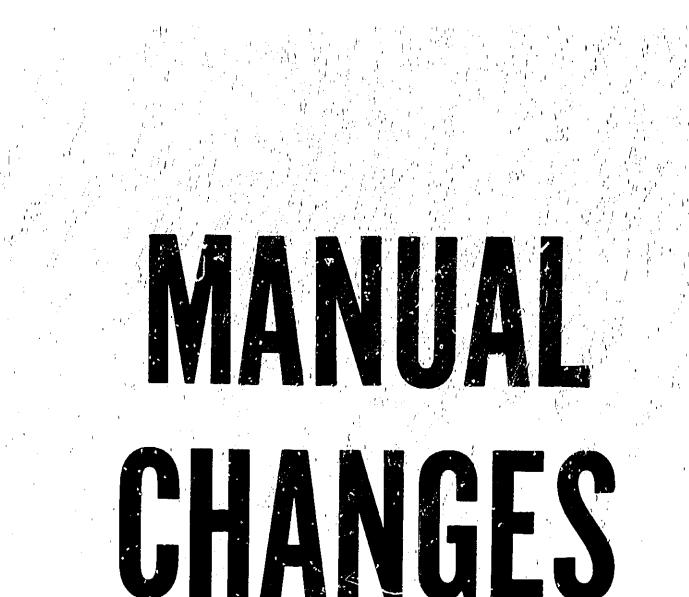
Page 6-3, Table 6-1: Add the following part: C50 0160-3467 CAPACITOR-7XD, CER, 100 PF ±10%, 1000 VDCW.

# CHANGE 12

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: Change B1 to 3140-0701 MOTOR-AC IND SHADED-P 115V 3470 RPM.

#### Page 6-13, Table 6-2:

Change 3140-0010 to 3140-0701 MOTOR-AC IND SHADED-P 115V 3470 RPM.



# MANUAL CHANGES

### - MANUAL IDENTIFICATION ---

Model Number: 626A Date Printed: August, 1977 Part Number: 00626-90005

# SHF SIGNAL GENERATOR

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

Make Manual Changes
1.
1, 2
1-3

Serial Prefix or Numb	er
1410A	1-4
1542A	1-5
1607A	1-6
1642A	1-7
1728A	1-8
1741A	1-9
1824A	1-10
1832A	1-11
1942A	1-12
► 2328A	1-13

Page 1-2, Paragraph 1-11:

ERRATA

Change to: "This instrument has a two-part serial number. This two-part serial number has two forms (000-00000 and 0000A00000). If the first three digits or the first four digits of the serial number on your instrument do not agree with the serial number on the title page they will be described either with a yellow MANUAL CHANGES supplement or in the APPENDIX BACKDATING section of this manual."

Page 4-5, Figure 4-9: Change R66 to 100 k $\Omega$ .

Page 5-19, paragraph 5-57:

In step d, change "< 3 microseconds" to "< 5 microseconds".

Continued . . . .

NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.



Printed in U.S.A.

29 June 1983

**10 Pages** 

.....

### ERRATA (cont'd)

#### Page 5-20/21:

Add the following paragraphs:

# 5-66. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS

5-67. The following paragraphs explain how to choose the values of selected components. These components are designated by an asterisk (\*) on the schematic and parts list.

### 5-68. SELECTING R122

5-69. Selected for correct shape of detected square wave when using EXT-modulation. Value should be 750K to 825K.

# 5-70. SELECTING R131

5-71. Selected for correct filament voltage.

Page 5-23, Figure 5-18: Delete C43.

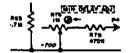
Page 5-25, Figure 5-20:

Change R54 to 47K.

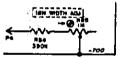
Delete R127.

Change R66 to 100 k $\Omega$ .

Change the connection of R78 to the following:



Change the connection of R85 to the following:



Page 5-27, Figure 5-22:

Change R122 to R122\* 750K.

Page 6-2, Table 6-1:

Under B1, change the stock number for the fan blade to 3160-0044.

Change the stock number for C29 to 0140-0038 (CD2) C: FXD MICA, 220 pF  $\pm 5\%$ , 500 VDCW. The recommended replacement for the fan motor of B1 is 3140-0701.

Change the stock number for C15 and C21 to 0140-0044 (CD0), same description.

# Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Delete C43.

Change the stock number for J11 to 1250-0189 (CD8) CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM 4-HOLE-FLG-RR. Change the stock number for C38 to 0140-0167 (CD8) C: FXD, MICA, 470 pF ±5% 500 VDCW.

### Fage 6-4, Table 6-1:

Change the stock number for P1 to 8120-1378.

Page 6-6, Table 6-1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ription of R83 to read: "R: var control 200K ohms ±20%." :k number to 5180-0950 (CD6).
Page 6-7, Table 6-1	
	R122* 750K (selected part, typical value given). rough R139 to 0692-4745 (CD5) RESISTOR 470K 5% 2W CC TC=0+882.
Page 6-8, Table 6-1:	
Change HP stock	number for V9 and V10 to 1932-0027.
Page 6-10, Table 6-2	
The recommende	ed replacement for 3140-0010 is 3140-0701.
Page 6-12, Table 6-2	
	mber 2100-0120 to 5180-0950 (CD6).
	5 and 2110-0021.
Add the followin	
2110-0002, F 2110-0055, F	USE, 2A (for 230V operation) 250V FAST-BLO 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC, 04703, 312002, 1, 1 USE 4A (for 115V operation) 250V FAST-BLO 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC, 04703, 312004, 1, 16
Page 6-13, Table 6	2:
	30 to 3101-1248 Switch, Pushbutton.
	12 to 3160-0044.
Change 8120-00	15 to 8120-1378.
Page 6-14, Table 6-	<b>9</b> •
	5A to 00626-6003.
	34 Fuseholder, and add the following items in its place.
1400-0090	Washer, neoprene
2110-0465	Cap, fuseholder
2110-0467	Nut, hex
2110-0470	Fuseholder
	NOTE
	If any part of the old fuscholder (1400-0084) needs replacing all four parts of
	the new fuscholder must be ordered. The old fuseholder can be identified by
	a straight solder lug to which the white-black-gray wire attaches. On the new
	fuseholder the solder lug is at a right angle to the body.
Add 7120-4162	Label, warning, large (3 each) "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE" (Large).
Add 7120-4163	Label, warning, small (2 each) "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE" (Small).
Add 7120-4295	Label, warning "HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE ALWAYS PRESENT"
Add 1120-5081	Label, warning "TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL SHOCK"
Illustrated Parts Ide	
Change item 1 fr	om 00626-60018 to 00628-20047 and 00626-60019 to 00628-20048.
Illustrated Parts Ide	
Change item 1 to	2680-0129 Screw, Machine 10-32 0.312 inch long, pan head, Pozidriv.
Change item 2 to	2680-0211 Screw, Machine 10-32 0.312 inch long, Flat head, Pozidriv.
Illustrated Parts Ide	
Change the stock	number for item 16 to 3160-0044.

### **CHANGE 1**

Page 4-3, Figure 4-5: Change R43 to 1.23M.

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R43 to 1.23M.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1: Change R43 to 0730-0108 R:FXD, DEP C, 1.23M 1% 1W, 28480, 0730-0108.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Delete 0730-0110. Add 0730-0108 R:FXD, DEP C, 1.23M 1% 1W, 28480, 0730-0108.

**CHANGE 2** 

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: Change C36 to 0160-0595, C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF ± 10% 1500 VDCW.

Page 6-3, Table 6-1: Change C39 to 0160-0593, C:FXD PAPER, 1UF ± 10% 600 VDCW.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Delete 0160-0079 and 0160-0088.

Add:

0160-0593, C:FXD PAPER 1 UF ± 10% 600 VDCW, 56289, P34315. 0160-0595, C:FXD PAPER 0.25 UF ± 10% 1500 VDCW, 56289, P52789.

# NOTES

1. When 0160-0593 first replaces 0160-0079, a new mounting bracket, HP Part Number 1400-0512, must also be ordered.

2. When 0160-0595 first replaces 0160-0088, a new mounting bracket, HP Part Number 1400-0525 must also be ordered.

# **CHANGE 3**

Page 4-5, Figure 4-9: Change R69 to 75K.

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R69 to 75K.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1: Change R69 to 0686-7535, R:FXD COMP 75K OHM 5% 1/2W.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2: Add 0686-7535, R: FXD COMP 75K OHM 5% 1/2W, 01121, EB 7525, 1, 1.

Page 6-10, Table 6-2: Delete 0687-5631.

# **CHANGE 4**

Page 4-9, Figure 4-15: Change R98 to 2500 ohms.

Page 5-27, Figure 5-22: Change R98 to 2500 ohms.

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#### 00626-90005



# CHANGE 4 (cont'd)

Page 6-6, Table 6-1:

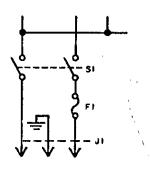
Change R98 to 2100-0207, R: VAR, CONT, 2.5K OHM 20% MC.

Page 6-12, Table 6-2: Delete 2100-0025.

Add 2100-0207, R: VAR, CONT, 2.5K OHM, 20% MC.

# **CHANGE 5**

Page 5-23, Figure 5-18: Change line switch as shown in the following illustration.



Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Change S1 to 3101-1395 SWITCH-PB DPDT-DB ALTNG 10.5A 250 VAC.

Page 6-13, Table 6-2:

Change 3101-1248 (see Errata) to 3101-1395 SWITCH-PB DPDT-DB ALTNG 10.5A 250 VAC.

# **CHANGE 6**

Page 4-3, Figure 4-5: Change C25 to 100 pF, R54 to 100 k $\Omega$ , and R58 to 47 k $\Omega$ .

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change C25 to 100 pF, R54 to 100 k $\Omega$ , and R58 to 47 k $\Omega$ 

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: Change C25 to 0140-0041 C: fxd, mica 100pF 5% 500 wvdc.

Page 6-5, Table 6-1:

Change R54 to 0687-1041 R: fxd comp 100k ohm 10% 1/2w. Change R58 to 0687-4731 R: fxd comp 47k ohm 10% 1/2w.

### **CHANGE 7**

Page 4-3, Figure 4-5: Change R58 to 75 kΩ-

Page 5-25, Figure 5-20: Change R58 to 75 k $\Omega$ .

Page 6-5, Table 6-1: Change R58 to 0686-7535 Resistor 75K 5% 0.5W CC TC = 0 ± 765.

Page 6-9, Table 6-2: Add 0686-7535, Resistor 75K 5% 0.5W CC TC-0 ±765, 01607, EB7535, 1,1.

Illustrated Parts Identification, page 13: Change the stock number for item 64 to 00626-20007.

#### 00626-90005

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## **CHANGE 8**

#### Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Change F1 (for 115V operation) to 2110-0003 Fuse 3A 250V Fast Blow 1.25 x 0.25 UL IEC.

### Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Add 0360-1665, Terminal strip 3-term (for line voltage) phen 1.13-in-L, 28480, 0360-1665, 1.1.

# **CHANGE 9**

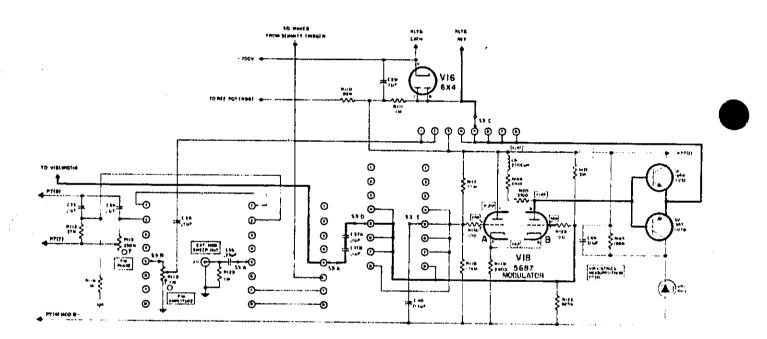
### Page 4-5, paragraph 4-34:

Add the following text to paragraph 4-34.

Q1 and Q2 supply current only during the rise and fall  $\frac{1}{2}$  are so f pulses or square waves (this is because the klystron repeller represents a capacitive load which draws no dc). The low impedance output of this circuit decreases rise and fall times by decreasing the charge-discharge times of the repeller and filter capacitances.

## Page 4-5, Figure 4-10:

Replace Figure 4-10 with the following figure.

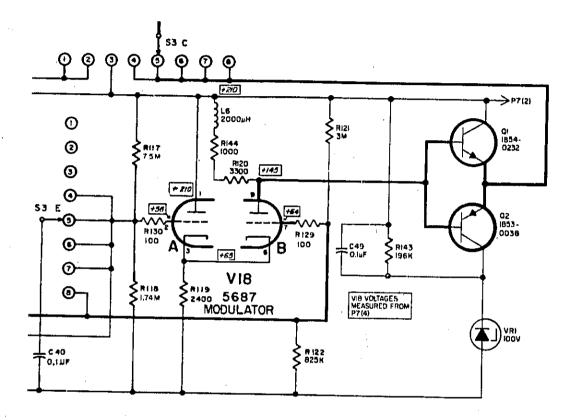


# Figure 4-10. Modulator V18 and MOD SELECTOR Switch S3 (P/O Change 9)

# CHANGE 9 (cont'd)

# Page 5-27, Figure 5-22:

Replace the appropriate part of Figure 5-22 with the following partial schematic.



P/O Figure 5-22. Modulator and RF Generator (P/O Change 9)

### Page 6-2, 'Table 6-1:

Change C33 and C34 to 0170-0022, CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu F$   $\pm 20\%$  600 VDC POLYE.

# Page 6-3, Table 6-1:

Add C49, 0170-0055, CAPACITOR-FXD 0.7 µF ±20% 200 VDC POLYE.

Change L6 to 9100-1660, COIL MLD 2 µH 5% Q=65 0.215 DX 0.56 LG.

# Page 6-4, Table 6-1:

Add the following parts after P7

Q1, 1854-0232, TRANSISTOR NPN SI T0-39 PD-1W FT-15 MHz.

Q2, 1853-0038, TRANSISTOR PNP SI T0-39 PD-1W FT-100 MHz.

# Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Change R118 to 0698-8086 RESISTOR 1.74M 0.5% 0.5W F TC=0±100. Change R122 to 0757-0870, RESISTOR 825K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100. Add R143, 0757-0063, RESISTOR 196K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100. Add R144, 0757-0159, RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100.

7

### CHANGE 9 (cont'd)

1. ,

Page 6-8, Table 6-1:

Add VR1, 1902-0175, DIODE-ZNR 100V 5% D0-15 PD-1W TC-+0.083%.

### Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Add the following parts:

0170-0022 CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu$ F ±20% 600 VDC POLYE, 28480, 0170-0022, 2, 1 0170-0055 CAPACITOR-FXD 0.1  $\mu$ F ±20% 200 VDC POLYE, 04200, 292P10402, 1, 1 0698-8086, RESISTOR 1.74M 0.5% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF 7C1/8-T0-1744-D, 1, 1 0757-0063 RESISTOR 196K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-1963-F, 1, 1 0757-0159 RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-180-F, 1, 1 0757-0870 RESISTOR 1K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-8253-F, 1, 1 1853-0038 TRANSISTOR 825K 1% 0.5W F TC=0±100, 02995, MF7C1/2-T0-8253-F, 1, 1 1854-0232 TRANSISTOR PNP SI T0-39 PD=1W FT=100 MHz, 28480, 1853-0038, 1, 1 1854-0232 TRANSISTOR NPN SI T0-39 PD=1W FT=15 MHz, 28480, 1854-0232, 1, 1 1902-0175 DIODE-ZNR 100V 5% D0-15 PD=1W TC=+0.083%, 02037, SZ11213-428, 1, 1 9100-1660 COIL MLD 2  $\mu$ H 5% Q=65 0.215 DX 0.56 LG, 02172, 22-1312-26J, 1, 1

### **CHANGE 10**

Page 6-14, Table 6-2:

Replace the 2110-0470 Fuseholder with the following parts: 2110-0564 FUSEHOLDER BODY 12A MAX; 250V MAX 28480 2110-0564 2110-0565 FUSEHOLDER CAP BAYONET; 12A, 250V MAX 28480 2110-0565 2110-0569 NUT-HEX, PLASTIC 28480 2110-0569 1400-0090 WASHER: RUBBER 5/8" 00000 OBD

# **CHANGE 11**

Page 5-27, Figure 5-22: Draw in C50, 100 pf, across R125.

Page 6-3, Table 6-1: Add the following part: C50 0160-3467 CAPACITOR-FXD, CER, 100 PF ±10%, 1000 VDCW.

# CHANGE 12

Page 6-2, Table 6-1: Change B1 to 3140-0701 MOTOR-AC IND SHADED-P 115V 3470 RPM.

Page 6-13, Table 6-2:

Change 3140-0010 to 3140-0701 MOTOR-AC IND SHADED-P 115V 3470 RPM.

### CHANGE 13

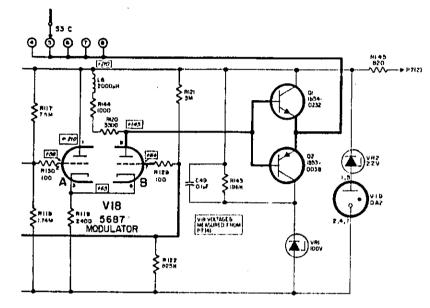
Page 4-5, paragraph 4-34:

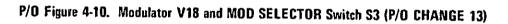
Add the following text to paragraph 4-34. A voltage regulator circuit consisting of R145, VR2 and V19 regulates the 210V supply. The regulator provides a more consistent pulsing performance when the line voltage is changed to its high and low limit.

# CHANGE 13 (cont'd)

Page 4-5, Figure 4-10:

Add the following partial schematic. Figure 4-10 has a previous change (P/O CHANGE 9) in this Manual Changes Supplement.

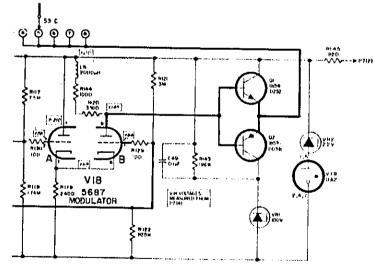




### Page 5-27, Figure 5-22:

1

Add the following partial schematic. Figure 5-22 has a previous change (P/O CHANGE 9) in this Manual Changes Supplement.





### Page 6-7, Table 6-1:

Add R145 0698-3637 RESISTOR 820 5% 2W MO TC=0.±200. Add V19 1940-0004 TUBE ELECTRON OA2 DIODE V RGLTR. Add VR2 1902-0562 DIODE-ZNR 22V 5% PD=1W IR=5UA.

# CHANGE 13 (cont'd)

Page 6-14, Table 6-2: Add 00626-60025 Modulator printed circuit board assembly.

1.5

# Page 5, Illustrated Parts Identification:

Change REF. 22 to 00626-60025, Board Modulator.