### Errata

### Title & Document Type: 8414A Polar Display Operating and Service Manual

### Manual Part Number: 08414-90016

### **Revision Date: May 1973**

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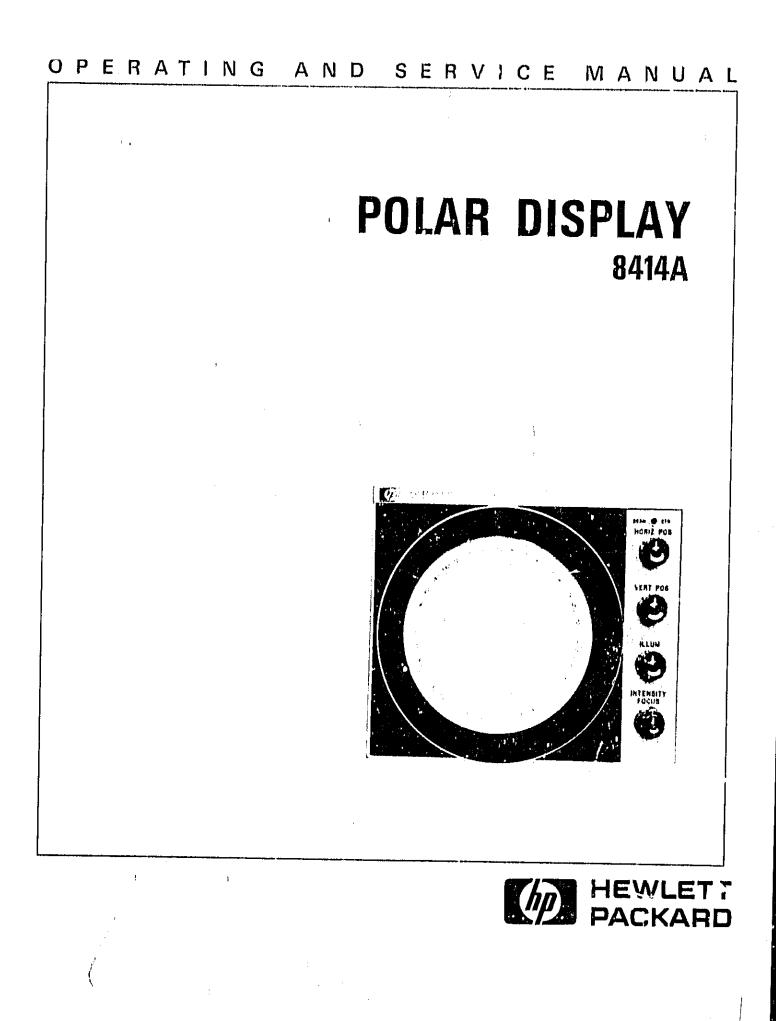
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# 8414A POLAR DISPLAY

# SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 981 and 1144A.

With changes described in Section VII, this manual also applies to instruments with cerial numbers prefixed 936 and 940.

For additional important information concerning serial numbers, see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I.

This manual does not apply to serial numbers prefixed 933 and below.

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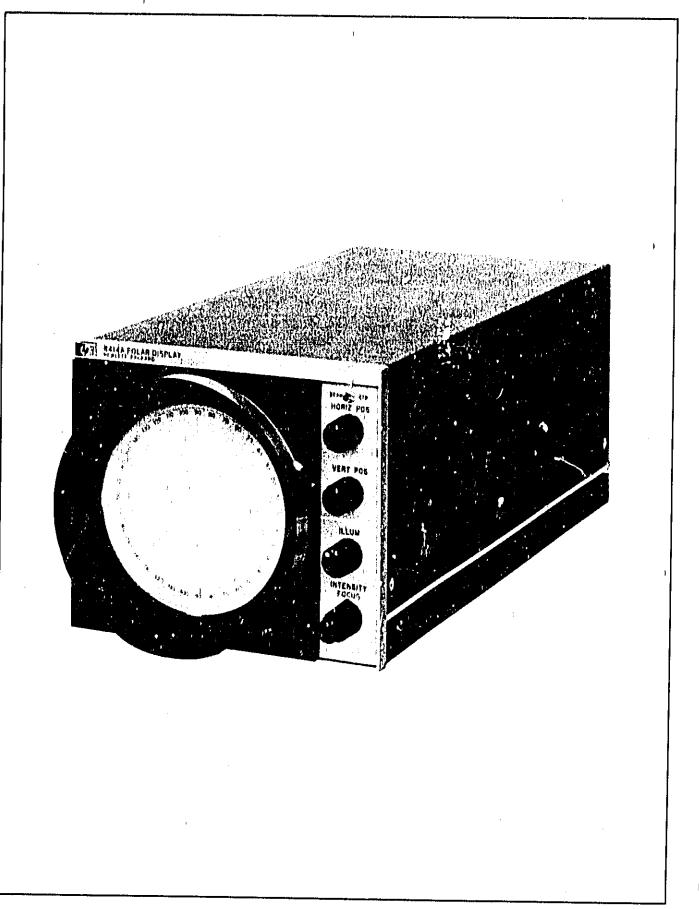
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Model 8414A



# Figure 1-1. Model 8414A Polar Display

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# SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1-1. DESCRIPTION,

1-2. The Hewlett-Packard Model 8414A Polar Display (Figure 1-1) is a plug-in display unit for Hewlett-Packard Model 8410A and Model 8407A Network Analyzers, It displays, in polar form on a five-i ch CRT, the relative phase and magnitude of the signals applied to the Network Analyzer.

1-3. The CRT's internal graticule has five circular magnitude divisions and 36 radial ten-degree phase divisions, Full scale magnitude calibration is determined by controls on the Network Analyzer. The internal graticule, augmented by a set of snap-on overlays, allows the display to be read directly in reflection coefficient, impedance or return loss for maximum convenience in viewing and photo-

graphing displays. An additional convenience for photographing displays is provided by panelcontrolled, internal graticule illumination eluminating the need for an ultraviolet light source in the camera, A beam centering pushbutton, in conjunction with continuous action positioning controls, permits easy initial calibration and accuracyimproving offset adjustments, Rear-panel blanking and marker inputs accept externally-generated signals for between sweep display blanking and for frequency marking by beam brightening. The horizontal and vertical components of the polar display are available at separate rear-panel outputs for driving external displays such as X-Y graphic recorders. The polar display is fully transistorized, except for the CRT, and is powered by the Network Analyzer mainframe: Complete specifications are given in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1, Specifications

- Range: Normalized polar coordinate display; magnitude calibration 20 percent of full scale per division. Scale factor is a function of gain setting on Network Analyzer. Maximum scale factor 10, minimum 0,0316. Phase is calibrated in ten-degree increments over 360-degree range.
- Accuracy: Error circle on CRT less than 3 mm radius.
- Output: Two de outputs provide horizontal and vertical components of polar quantity. For full scale deflection output is nominally ±2.5 volts, source impedance less than 100 ohms, minimum bandwidth (3 dB) 10 kHz.
- Drift: CRT,  $<\pm 0.2$  mm/°C; auxiliary outputs,  $<\pm 10$  mV/°C.
- Beam Center: Pressing BEAM CTR pushbutton simulates zero signal input to test channel and allows convenient beam position adjustment for reference.
- CRT: Five-inch, 5-kV post accelerator tube with P-2 phosphor and internal polar graticule.

- Marker Input (rear panel): Accepts frequency marker output pulse from HP 8690-series or 690-series Sweep Oscillators, -5 volts peak, Trace is brightened for duration of marker pulse.
- Blanking Input (rear panel): Accepts -4 volt blanking pulse from HP 8690-series and 690-series Sweep Oscillators to blank retrace during sweep operation.
- Background Illumination: Controls into sity of CRT background illumination for photography, Eliminates need for ultraviolet light source in oscilloscope camera when photographing internal graticule,
- Powert Additional 35 watts supplied by Network Analyzer,

Weight: Net, 11 lb (4,9 kg).

Dimensions: 6 in. high, 15.9/16 in. deep, 7.9/32 in. wide (15,2 x 39, 5 x 18, 6 cm), excluding front panel knobs.

### Section I General Information

### 1.4. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED,

1-5. The Polar Display has 16 chart overlays provided as accessories, 12 Smith Chart and four return loss overlays. These overlays are plastic sheets that snap onto the face of the CRT. Three different Smith Chart scale factors are used and four different styles of each scale are supplied for different applications (refer to Figure 3-5).

### 1-6. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL

1-7. This instrument has a two-part serial number. The first four digits and the letter comprise the serial number prefix. The last five digits form the sequential suffix that is unique to each instrument. The contents of this manual apply directly to instruments having the same serial number prefix(es) as listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.

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1.8. An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial prefix that is not listed on the title page. This unlisted serial prefix indicates that the instrument is different from those documented in this manual. The manual for this instrument is supplied with a yellow Manual Changes supplement that contains "change information" that documents the differences.

1-9. For information concerning a serial number prefix not listed on the title page or in the Manua.' Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

### 1-10, OPTION

1-11. The Option H26 modification to the standard 8414A Polar Display allows computerized control of magnitude and phase data in the 8542A series Automatic Network Analyzer systems, See Figure 3-12 for further information.

### Model 8414A

### SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

### GENERAL

This product and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation. This product has been designed and tested in accordance with interijational standards.

### **SAFETY SYMBOLS**



Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (refer to Table of Contents).



Indicates hazardous voltages.



Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

### WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

# CAUTION

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard, It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product. Do not proceed beyond a CAU-TION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

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### SAFETY EARTH GROUND

This is a Safety Class I product (provided with a protective earthing terminal). An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the product must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

### BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is configured to match the available main power source per the input power configuration instructions provided in this manual.

If this product is to be energized via an autotransformer make sure the common terminal is connected to the neutral (grounded side of mains supply).

### SERVICING

### WARNING

Any servicing, odjustment, maintenance, or repair of this product must be performed only by qualified personnel.

Adjustments described in this manual may be performed with power sapplied to the product while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside this product may still be charged even when disconnected from its power source.

To avoid a fire hazard, only fuses with the required current rating and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are to be used for replacement.

# SECTION II

### 2-1. INITIAL INSPECTION,

2-2. Inspect the instrument for shipping damage as soon as it is unpacked. Check for broken knobs and connectors; inspect enhinet and panel surfaces for dents and scratches. Check electrical performance using procedures in Section IV. If the instrument is damaged in any way, or fails to operate properly, notify the carrier and your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. In the event of mechanical damage, the packing miterial and carton should be held for carrier's inspection. For assistance of any kind, including instruments under warranty, contact the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales Office.

### 2-3. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT,

2-4. Using Original Packaging.

2-5. The same type containers and materials used in factory packaging can be obtained through any Hewlett-Packard office.

2-6. If the Model 8414A is being returned to Hewlett-Paekard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number and full serial number. Also, mark the container FRAGILE to assure careful handling.

2-7. In any correspondence refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.

2-8. Using Other Packaging.

2.9. The following general instructions should be used when repackaging with commercially-available materials:

a. Wrap the 8414A in heavy paper or plastia. (If shipping to a Hewlett-Paelard serivce office or center, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, the return address, model number and full serial number.)

b. Use a strong shipping container. A doublewall carton made of 350 pound test material is adequate.

e. Use enough shock-absorbing material (three to four inch layer) around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.

d. Scal the shipping container securely, and mark it FRAGILE to assure bareful handling.

e. In any correspondence refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.

2-10. PREPARATION FOR USE.

2-11. installation.

2-12. Instructions for installing the Polar/Display in the Network Analyzer mainframe are in the Network Analyzer Operating and Service manual.

2-13, Power Requirements.

2-14. The Polar Display obtains power from the Network Analyzer mainframe through the rear connector, when it is properly installed.

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# SECTION III OPERATION

### 3.1. INTHODUCTION,

3-2. Signals from the Network Analyzer containing phase and amplitude information are fed to the 8414A through a rear-panel connector. These signals are resolved into vertical and horizontal deflection signals and applied to the CRT, where they are displayed in polar form, Signals from the horizontal and vertical amplifiers are available at rear-panel output connectors for use with an external X-Y recorder or oscilloscope. Controls on the front panel provide centering, focus and intensity adjustments for  $\pm 2$  CRT display.



MECHANICAL SHOCK. Do not bump or jar the Polar Display as misalignment of the CRT gun may result.

MAGNETIC FIELDS. Do not place the Polar Display near a sweep generator containing a BWO which has an unshielded magnet or the CRT will be permanently magnetized, causing poor focus. Separate the 8414A from any magnetic source by at least two feet.

### 3.3, PANEL FEATURES,

3-4. Front and rear panel controls, connectors and indicators are described in Figure 3-1. In this figure the numbers on the illustrations match the description numbers.

### 3.5. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.

3-6. General measurement rocedures are given in Figures 3-9 and 3-10. Measurement procedures using a specific transducer are given in the Operating and Service Manual or Operating Note for the particular transducer.

### 3-7. OPERATING INFORMATION.

# 3-8, Polar Display of Reflection Coefficient and Phase Angle.

3-9. If the device under test has an impedance of 50 ohms at all frequencies in the range being

swept, the display of its complex reflection coefficient is a dot at the center of the graticule. If the device does not have an impedance of 50 ohms at all frequencies the display of complex reflection coefficient is an irregular pattern which represents at each point:

- n. A specific frequency.
- b. A reflection coefficient magnitude, and

 e. 1 use angle — The angle between the incident voltage and reflected voltage at the plane of measurement.

The magnitude of the reflection coefficient of the device under test may be read on the concentric circles, using the scale reflection coefficient  $\Gamma = 0.2/\text{division}$ , with zero at the center and 1.0 at the outer circle. The phase angle may be read directly in degrees by drawing a radial line through the point on the display that represents the frequency of interest and reading the angle off the outside ring of the graticule.

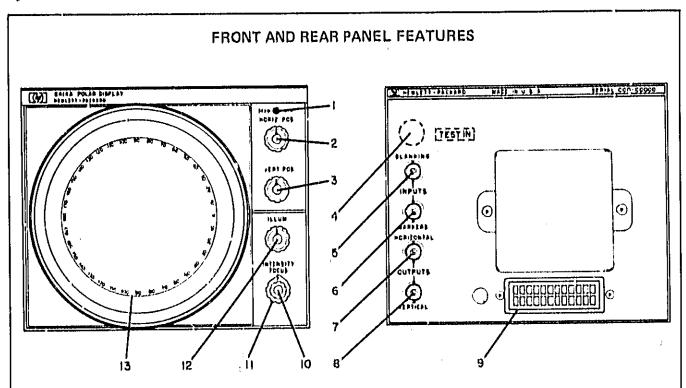
### 3-10. High Resolution Display of Reflection Coefficient Measurements.

3-11. A device under test which is close to 50ohms impedance produces a spot in the center of the CRT. This center section of the CRT may be expanded to give high resolution so that slight mismatch may be observed. To obtain higher resolution, add additional gain to the test channel by setting the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls to a higher value. For instance, adding 14 dB gives full scale calibration of 0.2 and adding 20 dB gives full scale calibration of 0.1. Since initially the system was calibrated for a reflection coefficient of 1.0, determine the *change* in test channel gain<sup>1</sup> required to expand the fall scale calibration to a desired reflection coefficient by:

### -20 log10 [1]

(which is equivalent to the Return Loss of the desired full scale reflection coefficient calibration).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Display reference for 8407A.



- 1. BEAM CTR. Simulates zero test channel signal so that beam can be moved to a reference position.
- 2. HORIZ POS. Moves trace horizontally.
- 3. VERT POS. Moves trace vertically.
- 4. TEST IN, Included on H2G-8414A. Test channel amplitude signal input. Connect to Network Analyzer mainframe TEST CHAN OUT with coaxial cable such as HP 11086A (refer to paragraph 3-37).
- 5. BLANKING, Input for between-sweep blanking pulse from HP 8690 and 690 series Sweep Oscillators, -4 to -10 volts blanks the CRT display, Input impedance: >20k ohms.
- 6, MARKERS, Input for frequency marker pulses from HP 8690 and 690 series Sweep Oscillators, -4 to -10 volts intensifies CRT display, Input impedancet >20k ohms.
- HORIZONTAL. For driving X-Y graphic recorders. Direct-coupled signal proportional to the horizontal deflection signal, ±2.5V, 100 ohms source impedance, 10 kHz

bandwidth. Output is not affected by the HORIZ POS control.

- 8. VERTICAL. For driving X-Y graphic recorders. Direct-coupled signal proportional to the vertical deflection signal, ±2,5V, 100 ohms source impedance, 10 kHz bandwidth. Output is not affected by the VERT POS control.
- 9. Connector, Makes all necessary connections with the Network Analyzer mainframe,
- 10. FOCUS, Controls sharpness of trace,
- 11, INTENSITY, Controls brightness of trace.
- 12. ILLUM. For photography, Brightens screen for contrast with the graticule. Eliminates the need for an ultraviolet light in the oscilloscope camera,
- 13. Graticule, Radial lines divide phase scale into ten degree parts, Circles divide amplitude scale into fiv - linear parts, Graticule center is amplitude zero. Amplitude scale calibration depends upon setting of the Network Analyzer controls.

Figure 3-1, Model 8414A Front and Rear Panel Features

### 3-12. Polar Display of Return Loss.

3-13. With the Network Analyzer test channel gain' set to the calibration value, giving an indication of l' = 1.0 full scale, a Return Loss overlay, such as the one shown in Figure 3-2 may be used on the CRT to convert reflection coefficient magnitude to return loss, The Return, Loss overlay has concentric circles calibrab.d in , B; with zero at the outer circle, 1-dB increments to 10 dB, and an inner circle representing 20 dB, For return loss measurements of greater than 10 dB, resolution can be improved by changing the full scale calibration, To obtain higher resolution, add additional gain to the test channel by setting the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls to a higher value, The outer or 0 dB circle will then equal the change in test channel gain<sup>1</sup>. The total return loss is the sum of the change in test channel gain<sup>4</sup> plus the value indicated on the return loss overlay, For example, if the initial display indicated a return loss greater than 10 dB and a 12 dB increase in Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>10</sup> moved the display indication to mid-point between the 0 and 1 dB graticule circles, the total return loss would be 12 dB plus 0.5 dB or 12,5 dB,

3-14. Four return-loss overlays are furnished with the Polar Display, two for viewing and two with parallax correction for photographing. There is a clear overlay and an opaque overlay for viewing, a

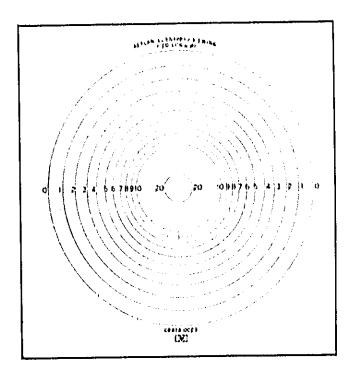


Figure 3-2. Return Loss Overlay

clear and an opaque overlay for photographing. The opaque overlays mask the internal graticule so only the overlay lines are visible.

### 3-15. Polar Display of Transmission Measurements.

3-16. A polar display of transmission measurements in dB or in transmission coefficient  $(\tau)$  and phase angle can be obtained using the test setup and procedures in Figure 3-10. During calibration the display's outer ring is calibrated for a gain of one (0 dB) or  $\tau = 1$ . Phase angle for all transmission measurements may be read directly in degrees by drawing a radial line through the point on the display that represents the frequency of interest and reading the angle off the outside ring of the graticule,

3-17. Transmission Measurements of Attenuation or Gain in Transmission Coefficient (r). If the unit under test is a passive device, producing attenuation of the test signal, the transmission coefficient magnitude can be determined in the same manner as reflection coefficient; i.e., the magnitude of the transmission coefficient may be read on the concentric circles, using the scale  $\tau = 0.2$ /division, with zero at the center and 1,0 at the outer circle. For high attenuation measurements, resolution can be improved by changing the full scale calibration. To obtain higher resolution, add additional gain to the test channel by setting the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls to a higher value. For instance, adding 14 dB gives full scale calibration of 0.2 and adding 20 dB gives full scale calibration of 0.1. If the device under test is an active device, producing gain of the test signal, the full scale calibration must be increased by seading the Network Analyzer test channel gain' controls to a lower value. For instance, removing 6 dB gives full scale calibration of two, removing 14 dB gives full scale calibration of five, and removing 20 dB gives full scale calibration of ten.

3-18. Transmission Measurements of Attenuation or Gain in dB, During calibration the display's outer ring is calibrated for 0 dB. The attenuation or gain of the device under test may be determined by noting the Network Analyzer's test channel gain' setting and changing the test channel gain' to return the display to the outer circle. The difference in test channel gain' settings is the magnitude of the attenuation or gain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Display reference for 8407A

### Section III Operation

3-19. Another way to determine attenuation or gain is to install a Return Loss overlay on the CRT. The Return Loss overlay has concentric circles in 1-dB increments to 10 dB. For attenuation of 10 dB or less, attenuation can be read directly from the overlay. For attenuation of greater than 10 dB, or for gain measurements, use a combination of change in Network Analyzer test channel gain and the Return Loss overlay. For example, if the initial display indicated an attenuation greater than 10 dB and a 12 dB increase in Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> moved the display indication to midpoint between the 0 and 1 dB graticule circles, the total attenuation would be 12 dB plus 0,5 dB or 12,5 dB.

3-20. Septering Parameters Measurement.

3-21. Measurement of scattering or s-parameters is possible using the Polar Display. With two swept tests for transmission and two for reflection, a complete set of s-parameters for any two-port device may be derived. The four parameters that must be obtained are:

a. S11, input reflection coefficient with the output port terminated by a matched load.

b. 822, output reflection coefficient with the input terminated by a matched load,

e. S21, forward transmission coefficient with the output port terminated in a matched load.

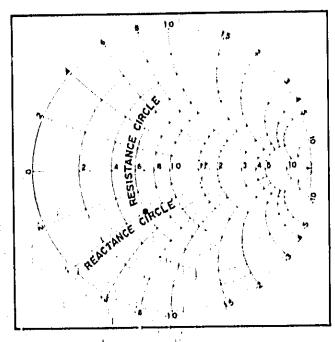


Figure 3-3. Typical Smith Chart Display of Normelized Impedance

3-4

d. S12, reverse transmission coefficient with the input port terminated in a matched load.

The input reflection coefficient  $(S_{11})$  and the output reflection coefficient  $(S_{22})$  may be obtained using the procedure and setup in Figure 3-9. The transmission coefficients  $(S_{21} \text{ and } S_{12})$  may be obtained using the procedure outlined in Figure 3-10. Paragraph 3-17 describes how to read attenuation or gain in transmission coefficient.

# 3-22. Polar Display of Normalized Impedance and Admittance.

3-23. With the Network Analyzer test channel gain' set to the calibrated value, giving an indication of  $\Gamma = 1.0$  full scale, a Smith Chart overlay may be used on the CRT to convert the reflection coefficient and phase angle directly to impedance or admittance, The standard Smith Chart overlay contains a horizontal line through the center representing the resistance component of the load impedance. The center of the resistance line is 1,0 corresponding to the normalized 50-ohm point. Circles passing through the horizontal resistance line are constant resistance lines, Numbers along the outer circle of the Smith Chart represent the reactive component of the impedance, inductive renctance is read in the upper half of the graph and capacitive reactance is read in the lower half of the graph. Lines of constant reactance originate from a point at the center right edge of the graph and extend to points along the outer circle. Figure 3-3 shows a spot on the graph representing a normalized impedance  $Z_{\rm B}$  = 0.6 -j0.4. The real part (0.6) is found by following the resistance circle up to the horizontal line through the center of the Smith Chart overlay. The real part is read from the resistance scale where the resistance circle crosses the horizontal line. The imaginary part (-j0,4) is found by following the reactance circle to the outer edge of the Smith Chart overlay, To determine the actual impedance multiply each part of the normalized impedance by Zo (50 ohms). In this case the actual impedance is (50 x 0,6) -j (50 x 0,4) or 30 -j20 ohms. To obtain the corresponding admittance value for a given impedance value, draw an admittance circle as shown in Figure 3-4, using the 1,0 point on the resistance line for the center, and the impedance point as the circle radius, Draw a diameter line from the impedance point, through the 1.0 resistance point (center) to the opposite side of the admittance circle, The admittance point is where the diameter line intersects the admittance circle opposite the impedance point. The normal-

Display reference for 8407A

Model 8414A

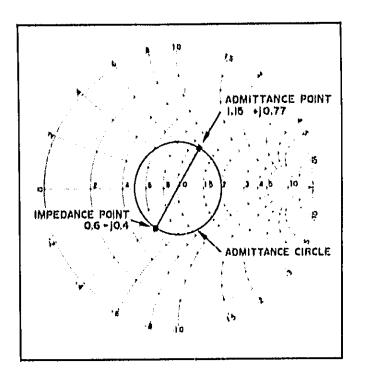


Figure 3-4. Smith Chart Plot of Admittance Point

ized admittance may be read directly from the graph. In Figure 3.4 the normalized admittance value is  $1.15 \pm j0.77$ .

### 3-24, Alternate Smith Chart Overlays,

3-25. Twelve different Smith Chart overlay graphs are furnished with the Polar Display. There are three graph styles in the Smith Chart overlays; a standard graph, an expanded graph and a compressed graph (refer to Figure 3-5). There are four overlays for cach of the graph styles, two for viewing and two with parallax correction for photographing. There is a clear overlay and an opaque overlay for viewing, a clear and an opaque overlay for photographing. The opaque overlays mask the internal graticule so only the overlay lines are visible.

**3-26.** Standard Smith Chart Overlay. When a standard Smith Chart overlay is installed on the face of the GRT, the standard calibration of the Polar Display provides the correct scaling factor for the Smith Chart. Scaling factors for the expanded and compressed chart overlays are computed from the standard calibration of the Polar Display. Adjustment of the test channel gain for the expanded and compressed graphs is explained in the following paragraphs.

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**3-27.** Expanded Smith Chart Overlay, The expanded Smith Chart enlarges the center of the standard Smith Chart to full scale so that the region close to 50 ohms can be analyzed in detail. When the expanded Smith Chart is installed on the CRT, the gain of the Network Analyzer test channel amplifier must be increased by 14 dB to match the scale of the overlay. This is accomplished by first noting the calibration setting of the test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls on the Network Analyzer for the standard Smith Chart. This calibration value is added to 14 dB and the total value is set at the test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls.

3-28, Compressed Smith Chart Overlay, The compressed Smith Chart overlay provides a display in the negative-real impedance region. When the compressed Smith Chart overlay is installed on the CRT, the gain of the Network Analyzer testchannel amplifier must be decreased by 10 dB to match the scale of the overlay, This is accomplished by first noting the calibration setting of the test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls on the Network Analyzer for the standard Smith Chart. Ten dB is then subtracted from this calibration value and the resultant number is set at the test channel gain controls<sup>1</sup>.

### 3-29. Marking Frequency on the Display.

3-30,  $A^{\dagger}$  rear-panel marker INPUT connector accepts de frequency-marker pulses from the Sweed Oscillator. Markers appear on the trace as bright spots. This allows measurements to be made at specific frequencies on a broadband display.

### 3-31, Display Blanking.

3-32. Blanking pulses from HP 690 and 8690 series Sweep Oscillators may be applied to a rearpanel blanking input connector blanking the CRT during sweeper retrace. A blanking signal is also obtained from the 8410A Network Analyzer mainframe. The 8410A Network Analyzer automatically produces a blanking signal whenever it is not tuned to its input signals. This blanking signal is fed internally to the 8414A. The 8407A mainframe does not produce this second form of blanking.

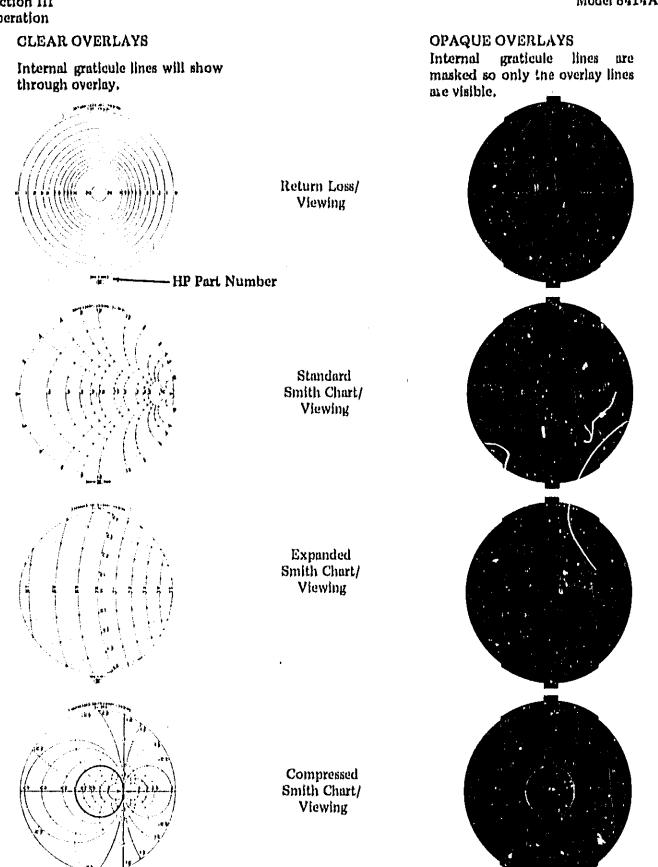
### 3-33. Increased Accuracy for Reflection Measurements by Minimizing Directivity Errors.

3-34. Directivity errors become significant in the measurement of small reflection coefficients, but the error can be calibrated out at single frequen-

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Display reference for 8407A

Section III Operation



Note

There is a photographic overlay similar to each overlay above. The photographic overlays correct for parallax,

Figure 3-5. CRT Overlays

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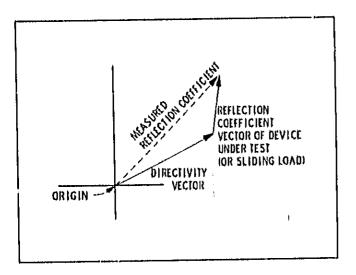


Figure 3-6. Measured Reflection Coefficient

cles. The measured reflection is the vector sum of the directivity vector plus the reflection coefficient of the device under test, or a sliding load (see Figure 3-6). The error can be calibrated out with a sliding load, Figure 3-7 depicts the sliding load in one position at a single frequency. As the sliding load is moved, the magnitude of its reflection coefficient remains constant but the phase of the coefficient changes. As the load is moved its reflection coefficient indication rotates in a circle of constant magnitude about the directivity vector, The center of this circle is the tip of the directivity vector. When the magnitude of the directivity vector is zero, the locus circle is centered about the origin as shown in Figure 3-8. When the location of the center of the circle is known, the directivity vector can. be subtracted from the measured reflection. The

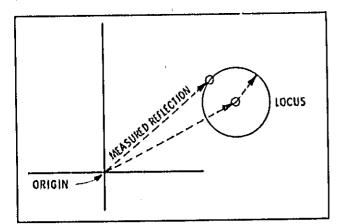
resultant is the reflection coefficient of the device under test.

3-35. The vector subtraction can be performed directly with the horizontal and vertical controls on the 8414A Polar Display. Increase the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> so full scale reflection on the polar display is suitable for the component you wish to measure. Attach a sliding load such as the HP 905A in place of the device under test, Slide the load and adjust the horizontal and vertical controls until the circle rotates about the center of the CRT. The effect of directivity is now cancelled for this frequency and this test channel gain<sup>1</sup> on the Network Analyzer. Remove the sliding load and connect the device under test, The 8414A display is now the reflection coefficient of the device under test.

### 3-36, H26-8414A POLAR DISPLAY,

3-37. The 1126 modification to the standard 8414A Polar Display controls the display of magnitude and phase data in the Hewlett-Packard 8542 series Automatic Network Analyzer systems. The H26-8414A contains circuits to achieve compatibility with the automatic system. The H26-8414A is also compatible with the standard Network Analyzer except for the test channel amplitude signal. For the standard Network Analyzer and 8414A the test channel amplitude signal is fed to the 8414A through a 24-contact rear-panel connector, For the H26-B414A the test channel amplitude signal input is through a rear-panel BNC connector (TEST IN). To use the H26-8414A in a standard Network Analyzer mainframe connect the Network Analyzer rear-panel test output to the H26-8414A TEST IN, See Figure 3-12 on page 3-12.

Display reference for 8407A



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Figure 3-7. Locus of Measured Reflection when Load is Moved

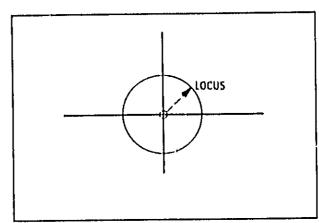


Figure 3-8, Locus of Measured Reflection with Directivity Cancelled

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Section III Operation Model 8414A

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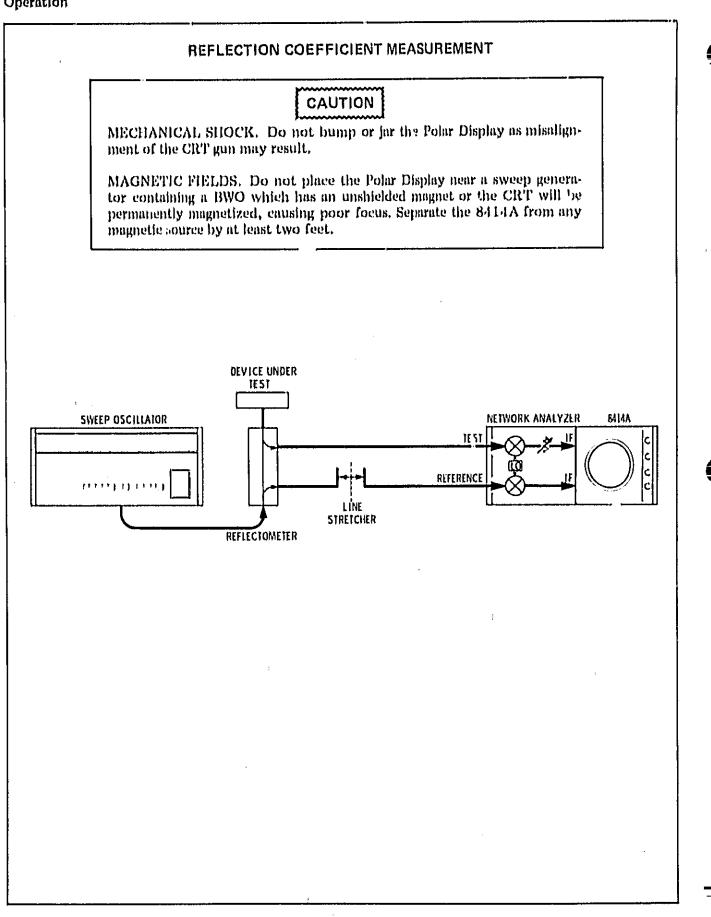
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## Figure 3-9. Reflection Coefficient Measurement (Sheet 1 of 2)

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### REFLECTION COEFFICIENT MEASUREMENT

### CALIBRATION

- 1. Connect equipment as shown in setup.
- 2. Connect a coaxial short such as the HP 11565A to the reflectometer unknown port.
- 3. Phase lock the Network Analyzer over the desired frequency hand.
- 4. Push and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust HORIZ POS and VERT POS controls to place the dot in the center of the graticule. To bring the dot cnto the display rotate each positioning control about five turns counterclockwise or until a slight increase in resistance to movement is encountered. Then turn each control about two and one-half turns clockwise.

### NOTE

If an input signal does not deflect the CRT beam, S1, the TEST-NORMAL switch, may be in the TEST position. Refer to Figure 8-24 (last foldout) for location of S1 and set S1 to NORMAL.

5. Obtain equal reference and test channel electrical lengths by adjusting the Line Stretcher to collapse the trace to a dot or smallest cluster.

6. Adjust the Network Analyzer phase vernier, test channel gain<sup>1</sup> and amplitude vernier controls to place the dot or cluster for a reference indication of  $\Gamma = 1 \ 180^{\circ}$  (see Figure 3-11, Display B).

### MEASUREMENT

- 1. Remove the conxint short and connect the device under test to the reflectometer unknown port.
- 2. Read the reflection coefficient, magnitude and phase (or impedance using a Smith Chart overlay) from the display.

### NOTE

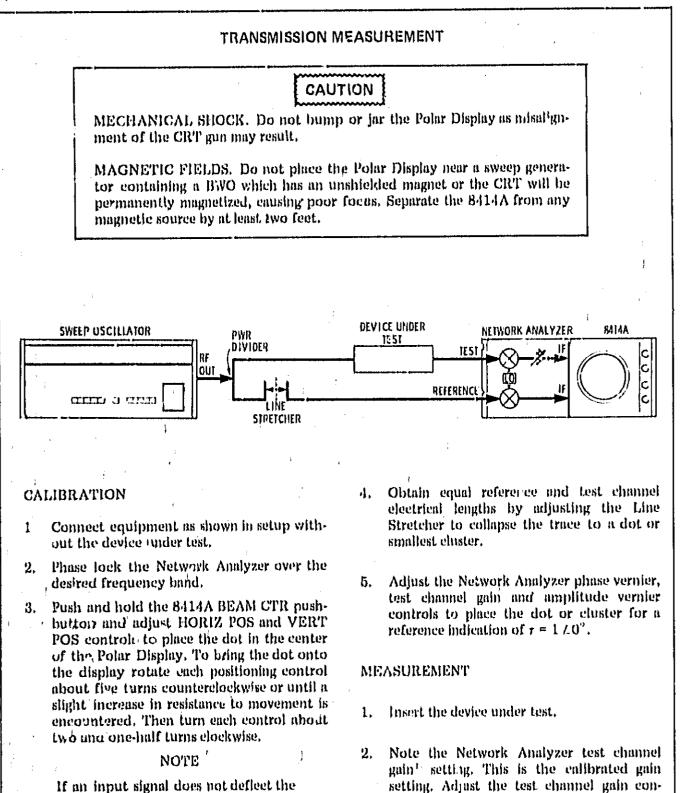
For small reflection coefficients the 8414A resolution can be improved by increasing the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup>. For example, increasing the test channel gain<sup>1</sup> by 20 dl3 changes the full scale calibration from 1,0 to 0,1 at the outer circle (see paragraph 3-10). For increased accuracy by minimizing directivity errors, see paragraph 3-33.

Display reference for 8407A.

Figure 3-9. Reflection Coefficient Measurement (Sheet 2 of 2)

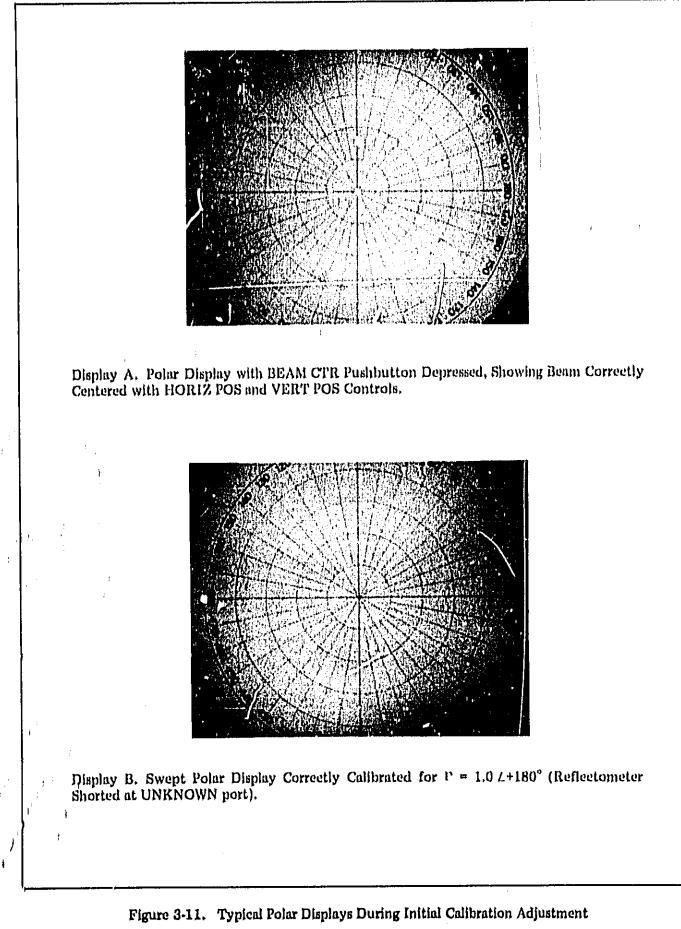
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### Section III Operation



If an input signal does not deflect the ORT beam, S1, the 'TEST-NORMAL switch, may be in the TEST position. Refer to Figure 8-24 (last foldout) for location of S1 and set S1 to NORMAL.  Note the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> setting. This is the calibrated gain setting. Adjust the test channel gain controls<sup>1</sup> to locate the CRT display on the outside ring. The difference in test channel gain<sup>1</sup> settings is the magnitude of the transmission gain or loss of the device under test.
 <sup>1</sup>Display (decrease for 8407A).

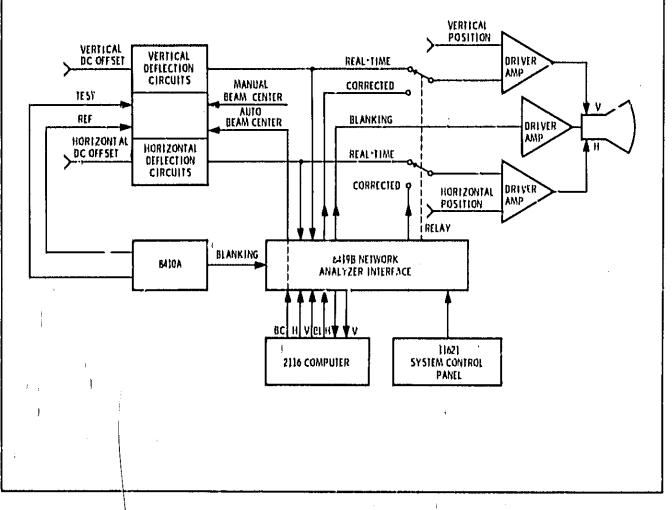
Figure 3-10. Transmission Me graent

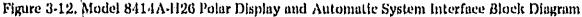


3-11

The 1126 modification to the standard 8414A Polar Display allows computerized control of magnitude and phase data in the 8542A series Automatic Network Analyzer systems. The 1126-8414A contains additional circuits as follows to achieve compatibility with the automatic system.

- a, Automatic beam centering; programmable via 84 193
- b. Manual offset adjusts for zeroing vertical/horizontal outputs
- e, Corrected or real-time data display control; programmable via 8410B,
- a. The sutomatic beam centering circuit permits the display spot to be centered on the screen by nulling the test channel signal under program control, A +5-volt control signal from the B410B activates the auto beam circuit, producing the same result as depression of the manual beam center switch on the front panel, Refer to the block diagram.
- b. The dc offset adjustments allow zeroing of the vertical and horizontal buffer amplifier outputs when in the beam centering mode, Manual adjustment of vertical and horizontal potentiometers reduces the output voltages at the rear panel BNG connectors to zero when a 0-yolt test channel input or beam center signal is applied. The front panel vertical and horizontal position controls can then be used to center the beam spot as desired.
- c. The corrected/real-time display circuit contains a relay switch actuated by a ground-level control signal from the 0410B. With the relay set in the manual position, vertical and horizontal data outputs are displayed on the screen in real time. With the relay set to the auto position, vertical and horizontal data outputs are outputs are routed through the 8410B to the computer and returned as corrected data for display.







### Model 8414A

Section IV Performance Tests

# SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TESTS

### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section provides instructions for performance testing the 8414A. If the serial prefix of your instrument is different from that listed on the title page of this manual, there are differences between your instrument and the instrument described in this manual. See Paragraphs 1-7 and 1-8,

4-3. Figure 4-1 is the equipment setup for all performance tests. The procedures in Paragraphs 4-8 through 4-10 check the 8414A performance for incoming inspection and periodic evaluation. The tests can be performed without access to the instrument interior. The specifications in Table 1-1 are the performance standards. Before starting the performance tests, allow 30 minutes warm-up time for the 8414A and Network Analyzer.

#### 4.4. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED,

4-5. The test instruments and accessories required to make the performance tests are listed in Table 4-1, Test instruments other than the ones listed can he used provided their performance equals or exceeds the Critical Specifications listed,

### 4-6. TEST RECORD.

4-7. Table 4-2 is a performance test record. This table may be used during the test to record the test values obtained, and it provides a permanent record of the test values for use at a later time during calibration or periodic evaluation,

Item	Critical Specifications	Recommended HP Model
Oscillator	Frequency Range: 280 (±50) kHz Output Level: variable from 0 to 3.0 Vrms Output Impedance: 50 to 600 ohms	200CD, 651A
DC Power Supply	Output: -5 Vde	6213A
Oscilloscope	Vertical: Minimum bandwidth: 5 MHz Minimum sensitivity: 10 mV/em Input: de and ac Horizontal: Range: 1 µsee/em to 5 µsee/em	180A with 1801A and 1821A
Network Analyzer	No Substitute may be used.	8410A with 8411A or 8407A
Sweep Oscillator	Frequency Range: any frequency within the operating range of the Network Analyzer.	8690A with RF unit as required (see Note 1)
20-dB Attenuator	Impedance: 50 ohms nominal Attenuation: 20 dB ±8 dB SWR: 1,3 max (280 kHz) Connector: BNC	8491A with N to BNC adapters (see Note 2)

Table 4-1. Recommended Test Equipment

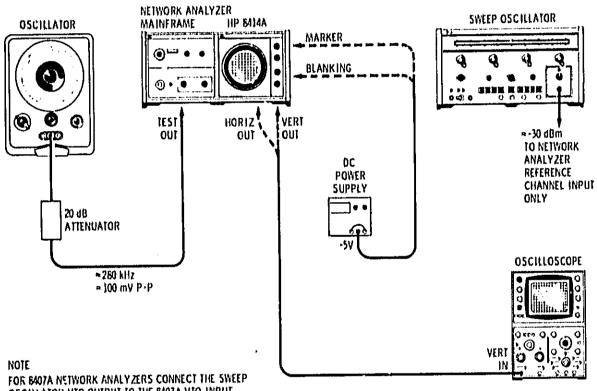
<sup>2</sup>Oscilloscope 10:1 divider probe, such as HP Model 10003A may be used in place of 20-dB attenuator,

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### **OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

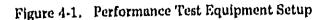
MECHANICAL SHOCK, Do not hump of far the Polar Display as misalignment of the CRT gun may result.

MAGNETIC FIELDS. Do not place the Polar Display near a sweep generator containing a BWO which has an unshielded magnet or the CRT will be permanently magnetized, causing poor focus. Separate the 8414A from any magnetic source by at least two feet.



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Model 8414A

Section IV Performance Tests ī

PERFORMANCE TEST

### 4-8. ACCURACY TEST.

SPECIFICATION: Error circle on CRT less than 3mm radius.

### DESCRIPTION

A CW signal is applied to the Network Analyzer to provide a reference channel input signal to the 8414A. A 280 kHz signal is applied to the 8414A amplitude channel through the Network Analyzer test channel output connector. By adjusting the frequency difference between these two signals, a circle can be displayed on the 8414A. The radius of this circle is adjusted to the radius of the outer graticule circle by adjusting the amplitude of the 280 kHz signal. The trace must be less than 3 mm from the outer graticule circle circle around the entire circle.

### PROCEDURE:

n. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-1.

b. Set the sweep oscillator for single-frequency operation at any frequency within the frequency range of the Network Analyzer.

e. Set the Network Analyzer to phase lock to the applied signal and adjust the sweep oscillator RF amplitude for a Network Analyzer reference channel level meter indication in the middle of the operate region.

d. Press and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust the HOR1Z and VERT POS controls to locate the dot in the center of the Polar Display's CRT. To bring the dot onto the display, rotate each positioning control about 5 turns counterclockwise or until a slight increase in resistance to movement is encountered. Then turn each control about 2½ turns clockwise.

e. Set the Network Analyzer test channel gain controls for 00 dB. For 8407A Network Analyzers set display reference controls to bottom position.

f. Adjust the oscillator connected to the Network Analyzer test channel output as follows:

- 1) Adjust the frequency to obtain the best circle. The best circle will occur when the trace has a slight flicker.
- 2) Adjust the output amplitude to obtain a circle whose radius is equal to the radius of the CRT's outer graticule circle,

### NOTE

It may be necessary to adjust the HORIZ and VERT POS controls to locate the average of the trace over the outer graticule circle.

g. The trace must be less than 3 mm from the outer graticule circle around the entire circle (3 mm is about the center of the numbers on the CRT's graticule).

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Section IV Performance Tests

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### PERFORMANCE TEST

### 4-9, HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL OUTPUT TESTS (Rear Panel)

### SPECIFICATION:

Bandwidth of rear-panel horizontal and vertical outputs at 3-dB points, 10 kHz minimum.

#### DESCRIPTION:

The rear-panel HORIZONTAL and VERTIAL output amplitude is observed on an oscilloscope, the test channel input frequency is varied, and the upper and lower frequencies at which the output amplitude decreases 3 dB is determined. The difference between the upper and lower 3 dB points must be greater than 10 kHz.

### **PROCEDURE:**

a, If equipment was altered from paragraph 4-8, repeat procedures in Paragraph 4-8 to obtain a trace on the CRT's outer graticule circle,

Connect oscilloscope to 8414A rear-panel VERTICAL output and note peak-to-peak amplitude, b. |

e, Increase frequency of the oscillator connected to the Network Analyzer test channel output connector, until the oscilloscope presentation decreases to 0,707 of the amplitude noted in step b. Note the oscillator frequency,

d. Decrease the oscillator frequency through 278 kHz until the oscilloscope presentation is again 0,707 of the amplitude noted in step b. Note the oscillator frequency.

The difference in frequency noted in steps c and d must be greater than 10 kHz. e.

Return the oscillator frequency to 280 kHz, connect oscilloscope to the 8414A rear-panel ٢, HORIZONTAL output and note the peak-to-peak amplitude.

Repeat steps c through e. К.

### 4-10. MARKER AND BLANKING INPUT TESTS (Rear Panel)

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#### SPECIFICATION:

-5 volt marker input intensifies the CRT display. -5 volt blanking input blanks the CRT display.

#### DESCRIPTION:

-5 volts de is applied to the rear-panel MARKER input. The intensity of the CRT trace should increase, -5volts is connected to the rear-panel BLANKING input. The CRT trace should be blanked,

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### PROCEDURE:

I.

a. If equipment was altered from previous test, repeat procedures in Paragraph 4-8 to obtain a trace on the CRTr's outer graticule circle.

b. Adjust the power supply to -5 volts. Apply -5 volts to MARKER input connector on Polar Display and -5 volt return to chassis ground. Connect and disconnect -5 volts several times. Intensity of CRT trace should brighten when -5 volts is applied.

e. Disconnect -5 volts from MARKER input connector and connect it to BLANKING input connector. The trace should be blanked.

Hewlett-Pr	Date:	
Polar Disp	med by:	
Serial No.		
Para Number	Specification Tested	Mensured
4.8	Error circle on CRT less than 3 mm radius.	Max. Error
4-9	Horizontal and Vertical output minimum bandwidth (3 dB) 10 kHz.	Horiz. Bandwidth
		Vert. Bandwidth
4-10	-5V marker input intensifies CRT display.	
	.5V blanking input blanks CRT display.	

Table 4-2. Performance Test Record

# ADJUSTMENTS

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# SECTION V ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

### **5-1, INTRODUCTION.**

5-2. This section provides instructions for adjusting the 8414A. If the serial prefix of your instrument is different from that listed on the title page of this manual, there are differences between your instrument and the instrument described in this manual, See paragraphs 1-7 and 1-8.

5-3. Paragraphs 5-9 through 5-15 contain the complete adjustment procedures for the 8414A. Adjustments in paragraphs 5-9 and 5-10 interact and should be performed sequentially, Adjustments in paragraphs 5-11 through 5-15 do not interact and need not be performed sequentially. These procedures should not be performed as part of routine maintenance but should be used only after replacement of a part or component, or when the performance test shows that the specifications of Table 1-1 cannot be met. Before attempting any adjustment, allow 30 minutes warm-up time for the 8414A and Network Analyzer. 5-4. The location of all adjustment controls is shown in Figure 8-24 (last foldout), Table 5-2 lists the adjustment controls and the function of each control.

### 5-5. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS.

5-6. A2C51 is the only factory-selected component. It is selected (see paragraph 5-15) to obtain the proper phase balance between the reference and test channels; however the Network Analyzer mainframe phase vernier control has sufficient range to obtain the proper phase balance for most applications.

### 5-7, EQUIPMENT REQUIRED,

5-8. The test instruments and accessories required to perform the adjustment procedures are listed in Table 5-1. Test instruments other than the ones listed can be used provided their performance equals or exceeds the Critical Specifications listed.

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ltem	Critical Specifications	Recommended HP Model
Oscillator	Frequency Range: 280 (±50) kHz and 1 (±0,1) kHz Output Level: Variable from 0 to 3,0 Vrms Output Impedance: 50 to 600 ohms	200 CD, 651A
DC Power Supply	Output: -5 Vde	6231A
Oscilloscope (Dual Trace)	Vertical: Minimum handwidth 5 MHz Minimum Sensitivity 10 mV/em Input: de and ae Horizontal: Range: 1 µsec/em to 5 µsec/em	180A with 1801A and 1821A
Network Annly- zer	No substitute may be used	8410A with 8411A or 8407A
Transducer	Frequency Range: Same as Sweep Oscillator	8740A, 8741A, 8742A 8743A or 8745A (see Note 1)
Sweep Oseillator	Frequence Range: Any frequency within the operating range of the Network Analyzer	8690A with RF unit as required (see Note 2)
20-dB Attenuator	Impedance: 50 ohms nominal Attenuation: 20 dB ±3 dB SWR: 1.3 max (1 kHz and 280 kHz) Connector: BNC	8419A with N to BNC adapters (see Note 3)
Termination	Impedance: 50 ohms ±10% at 278 kHz Connector: Male BNC	10100A or HP Part No. 1250-0839 with adapter 1250-0831.

### Table 5-1. Recommended Test Equipment

 $^2\mathrm{For}\,8407\mathrm{A}$  Network Analyzers Model 8601A Sweep Oscillator may be used

 $^{\rm B}$ Oscilloscope 10:1 divider probe, such as HP Model 10003A may be used in place of 20 dB attenuator.

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Model 8414A

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Section V Adjustment Procedures

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Control	Function Affected
Phase Adjust A2R21.	Adjust phase shift of -90° phase shifter.
Recorder Gain Adjust A2R37.	Adjusts horizontal and vertical amplitude balance by adjust ing gain of vertical buffer amplifier.
CRT Gain Adj A2R57	Adjust horizontal and vertical deflection balance by adjust ing gain of vertical deflection driver.
Intensity Limit A3R20.	Sets brightness range of INTENSITY control.
Pattern Shape A3R10.	Provides grid accelerator voltage for pattern shaping.
Illumination Limit A3R9.	Adjusts uniformity of illumination from flood gun.
Asugmatism A3R11.	Adjusts uniformity of focus.
Trace Align R5.	Calibration of trace to CRT graticule.
Manual Beam Centering Horiz Zero Adj A1R32,	Sets horizontal output voltage to zero when the BEAM CTI pushbutton is pressed.
Manual Peam Centering Vert Zero Adj A1R33.	Sets vertical output voltage to zero when the BEAM CTI pushbutton is pressed.
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Table 5-2. Adjustment Controls and Functions

2. Adjustment locations are shown on the last foldout.

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### ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

# CAUTION

MECHANICAL SHOCK. Do not bump or jar the Polar Display as misalignment of the CRT gun may result.

MAGNETIC FIELDS. Do not place the Polar Display near a sweep generator containing a BWO which has an unshielded magnet or the CRT will be permanently magnetized, causing poor focus. Separate the 8414A from any magnetic source by at least two feet.

### 5-9, TRACE ALIGNMENT AND VERTICAL GAIN ADJUSTMENT.

### DESCRIPTION:

For 8410A Network Analyzers a CW signal is applied to the Network Analyzer and a phase locked condition is set up so that the Network Analyzer unblanks the 8414A display, 8407A Network Analyzers unblank the 8414A display without an input signal. Function switch S1 is switched to the TEST position which isolates the deflection circuits from the input circuits so that only signals applied to the 8414A rear-panel HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL outputs will be displayed on the CRT. A 1.0 kHz deflection signal is applied to the 8414A HORIZONTAL output to display a horizontal trace on the CRT. The TRACE ALIGN control is adjusted to align the trace with the horizontal graticule line.

The vertical amplifier gain is matched to the horizontal amplifier gain by applying the 1.0 kHz signal to the VERTICAL output and adjusting the vertical gain control (CRT Gain Adj) for a vertical trace equal to the magnitude of the horizontal trace.

### PROCEDURE:

a. Remove top covers from both the Network Analyzer and the 8414A. All adjustments should be made with the 8414A installed in the mainframe.

b. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 5-1.

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e. Set the sweep oscillator for single frequency operation at any frequency within the frequency range of the Network Analyzer.

d. Set the Network Analyzer to phase lock to the applied signal and adjust the sweep oscillator RF amplitude for a Network Analyzer reference channel level meter indication in the middle of the operate region.

e. Set the 8414A function switch A2S1 to the TEST position.

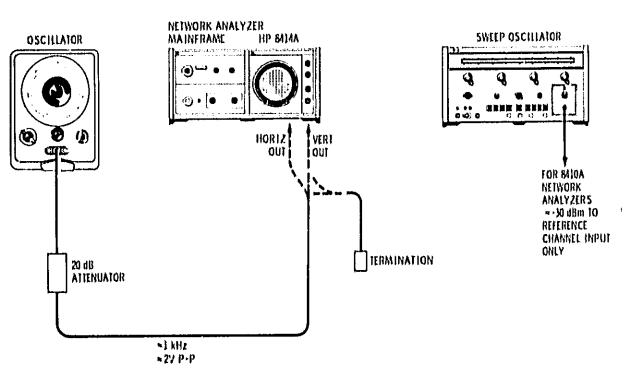
f. Terminate the 8414A rear-panel VERTICAL output connector with a 50-ohm load.

g. Adjust front-panel VERT POS and HORIZ POS controls to locate dot in center of the CRT.

h. Adjust front-panel INTENSITY control for medium heam intensity on CRT. Adjust front-panel FOCUS control for a small round dot on CRT.

i. Connect oscillator set for 1.0 kHz to the rear-panel HOR1ZONTAL output. Adjust oscillator signal level for a 10-cm deflection on CRT (diameter of outer graticule circle).

j. Adjust R5 (Trace Align control) and VERT POS control to superimpose the trace on the horizontal graticule line.



NOTE

SWEEP OSCILLATOR NOT REQUIRED FOR \$407A NETWORK ANALYZER5

EQUIPMENT

OSCILLATOR	,			, ,		,			,		,	,		,	,	•			•		,		,	,		,	,	,	,		,		•	• •	•	• •		•	,		H	IP	χ	))(	CD	)
NETWORK ANALYZER												,	,		•	,		,	•	,	,	,	•	•		,	,	,	,		Н	p	B	1)(	JA	ήB	4)	u)/	A I	OF	21	HP	98	40	11	4
SWEEP OSCILLATOR	,	•			•		•	•	٠				,			,	٠	•	,		•	Ħ	P	5	69	0.	5	EĦ		E 5	1	YI	11		łF	U	N	11	Å	5	R	EC	ງມ	IR	Ē	)
20 JB ATTENUATOR .		•			۲	F.	•	٠	۲	•	٠		,	•	٠	•	٠	٠	,		•	٠	•	٠	٠	•		ŧ.		•	•	•	2			•				•		IP	6	49	'n	1
TERMINATION,	•	•	1	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	,	٠	•	,	٠	•	•	٠	H	P	1	51	00	A	0	R		9  }	P7 A	D	RI Af	21 N	U, Er	1	12	N N	01	;) ;)	í

Figure 5-1. Setup for Trace Alignment and Vertical Gain Adjustment

k. Without changing oscillator signal level, connect the oscillator to the VERTICAL output and terminate the HORIZONTAL output.

m. Adjust A2R57 (CRT Gain Adj) for a 10-em vertical deflection.

n. Disconnect the oscillator and termination from VERTICAL and HORIZONTAL outputs and set function switch S1 to NORMAL position.

Section V Adjustment Procedures Model B414A

IIE

# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

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# 5-10. PHASE, RECORDER GAIN, AND PATTERN SHAPE ADJUSTMENTS.

# DESCRIPTION:

A CW signal is applied to the Network Analyzer to provide a reference channel input signal to the 8414A and for 8410A Network Analyzers so that the Network Analyzer unblanks the 8414A display, A 280-kHz signal is applied to the 8414A amplitude channel through the Network Analyzer test channel output connector. These two signals cause a circle to be displayed on the 8414A. The radius of this circle is adjusted to the radius of the outer graticule circle by adjusting the amplitude of the 280-kHz signal. The 8414A PHASE ADJUST control, RECORDER GAIN ADJUST control and PATTERN SHAPE control are adjusted for the best circle.

# PROCEDURE:

### NOTE

# Perform paragraph 5-9, TRACE ALIGNMENT AND VERTICAL GAIN ADJUSTMENT before performing this adjustment.

a. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 5-2.

b. Set the sweep oscillator for single frequency operation at any frequency within the frequency range of the Network Analyzer.

e. Set the Network Analyzer to phase lock to the applied signal and adjust the sweep oscillator RF amplitude for a Network Analyzer reference channel level meter indication in the middle of the operate region.

d. Press and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust the HORIZ POS and VERT POS controls to locate the dot in the center of the Polar Display.

e. Set the Network Analyzer test channel gain controls for *minimum* gain. For 8407A Network Analyzers set display reference control switches down.

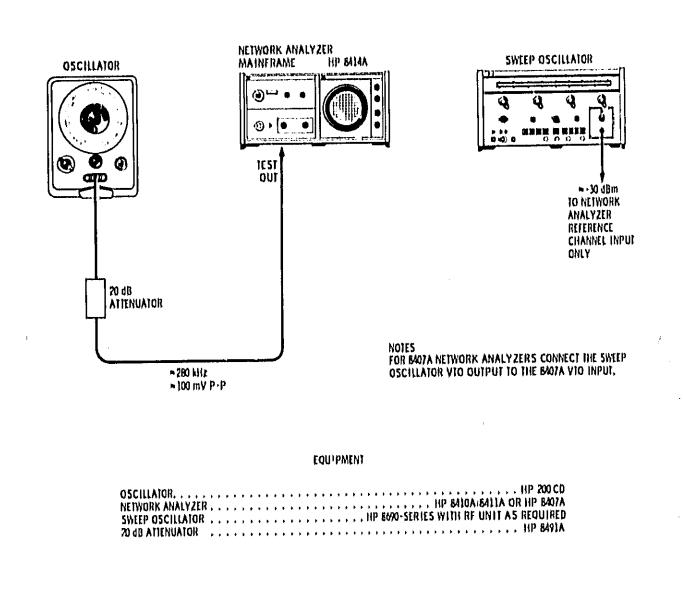
f. Adjust the oscillator connected to the Network Analyzer test channel output as follows:

- 1. Adjust the frequency to obtain the best circle (slight flicker in 8414A display),
- 2. Adjust the output amplitude to obtain a circle whose radius is equal to the radius of the CRT's outer graticule circle.

### NOTE

It may be necessary to adjust the HORIZ POS and VERT POS controls to locate the average of the trace over the outer graticule circle,

g. Adjust A2R21 (Phase Adjust), A1R37 (Recorder Gain Adjust) and A3R20 (Pattern Shape) for the best circle. The trace must be less than 3 mm from the outer graticule circle around the entire circle.





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# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

# 5-11. ASTIGMATISM ADJUSTMENT.

# DESCRIPTION:

Without changing the equipment from the previous setup, the Astigmatism control and FOCUS are adjusted with and without the BEAM CTR pushbutton pressed for the sharpest focus at both the center and the outside edge of the CRT.

# EQUIPMENT SETUP:

Same as Figure 5-2.

# PROCEDURE

n. If equipment was altered from Paragraph 5-10, repeat procedure in Paragraph 5-10.

b. Adjust front-panel FOCUS control and ABR11 (Astigmatism control) alternately, with and without the BEAM CTR pushbutton pressed, until sharp focus is obtained at both the center and outside edge of the CRT.

# 5-12. ILLUMINATION ADJUSTMENT,

# DESCRIPTION:

Without changing the equipment from the previous setup, the front-panel ILLUMINATION control is adjusted for maximum CRT illumination and the Illumination Limit control is adjusted for the brightest possible *uniform* illumination.

# EQUIPMENT SETUP:

Same as Figure 5-2.

# PROCEDURE:

a. If equipment was altered from previous test, repeat procedures in Paragraph 5-10.

b. Shield the face of the CRT from ambient light (oscilloscope viewing hood, HP Model 10175A/B may be used).

e. Turn front-panel ILLUMINATION control fully clockwise.

d. Adjust A3R9 (Illumination Limit control) until brightest possible *uniform* illumination is obtained on the CRT.

# 5-13, INTENSITY ADJUSTMENT.

# DESCRIPTION:

A spot is obtained in the center of the CRT, the front-panel INTENSITY control is set to mid-range and the Intensity Limit control is adjusted to make the spot just visible,

# EQUIPMENT SETUP:

Same as Figure 5-2.

# PROCEDURE:

- n. Disconnect oscillator from the Network Analyzer test channel output connector.
- b. Set the 8414A front-panel INTENSITY control to mid-range (12 o'clock position).

.

e. Adjust A3R10 (Intensity Limit control) until the spot is just visible.

# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

# 5-14. MANUAL BEAM CENTERING ZERO ADJUSTMENT.

### DESCRIPTION:

A de coupled oseilloscope is connected to the 8414A HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL output connectors. The 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton is pressed and the horizontal and vertical Manual Beam Centering Zero Adj controls are adjusted for  $0 \pm 10$  mV.

# PROCEDURE:

a. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 5-3.

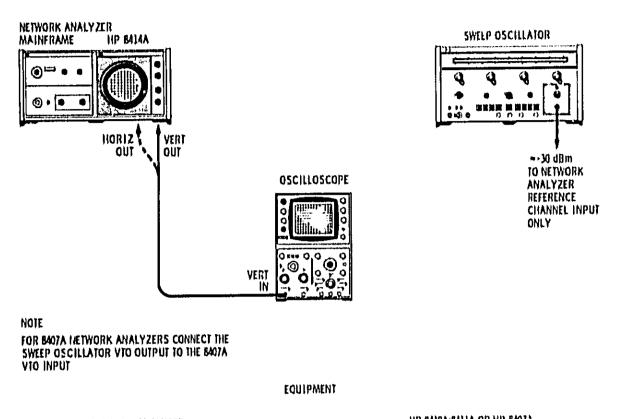
b. Connect the oscilloscope vertical input to the 8414A rear-panel HORIZONTAL output connector, de couple and de balance the oscilloscope.

e. Press and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust A1R32 (Manual Beam Centering Horiz Zero Adj) for 0 ±10 mVde.

d. Connect the oscilloscope vertical input to the 8414A VERTICAL output connector, press and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust A1R33 (Manual Beam Centering Vert Zero Adj) for 0 ±10 mV.

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# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE



NETWORK ANALYZER.	 		 	 HP 8410A/8411A OR HP 8407A
SWEEP OSCILLATOR	 	• •	 	 . HP 8690-SERIES WITH RF UNIT AS REQUIRED
OSCILLOSCOPE	 	• •	 	 

Figure 5-3. Setup for Manual Beam Centering Zero Aujustment

5-11

# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

# 5-15. PHASE ZERO ADJUSTMENT (Select A2C51).

## DESCRIPTION:

The Network Analyzer mainframe phase vernier control has sufficient range to set the 8414A for a zero phase reference for most applications; however, in some applications it is desirable to adjust the 8414A phase indication close to zero with the input signals in-phase. This can be accomplished by selecting a value for A2C51 that produces the desired indication. Normal single-frequency test and reference channel signals are applied to the Network Analyzer. The mainframe 278-kHz test and reference channel output signals, which are also the 8414A input signals, are connected to a dual trace oscilloscope. The Network Analyzer phase vernier control is adjusted to superimpose the two signals on the oscilloscope and A2C51 is selected for a 0  $\pm 5$  degree indication on the Polar Display.

# PROCEDURE:

a. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 5-4,

b. Set the sweep oscillator for single-frequency operation and adjust the Network Analyzer to phase lock to the applied signal.

c. Connect the oscilloscope vertical inputs to the Network Analyzer rear-panel reference and test channel outputs.

d. Adjust the Network Analyzer phase vernier, test channel gain<sup>1</sup> and amplitude vernier controls to obtain two sine waves on the oscilloscope exactly superimposed on one another. To ensure oscilloscope and oscilloscope cables give a true in-phase indication, reverse the oscilloscope cables at the Network Analyzer. The two sine waves should still be superimposed on one another.

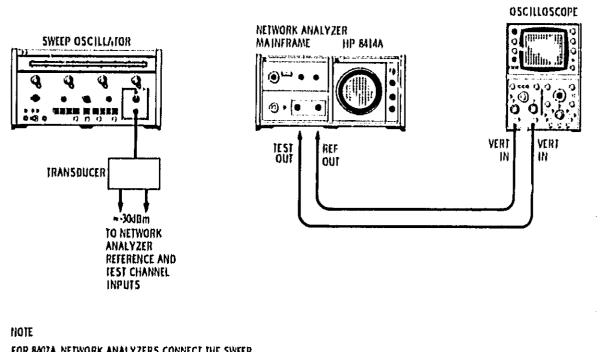
e. Select a value for A2CE1 to obtain a 0 ±5 degree 8414A indication. Typical range of values for A2C51 is 150 pF to 250 pF.

## Display reference for 8407A

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# ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE



FOR 8407A NETWORK ANALYZERS CONNECT THE SWEEP OSCILLATOR VIO OUTPUT TO THE 8407A VIO INPUT,

### EQUIPMENT

NETWORK ANALYZER			,		•		•		, ,	•	, ,	•		,							•	HP	64	IOAI	ы	417	N OR	HP	6407	A
SWEEP OSCILLATOR																														
OSCILLOSCOPE	, ,	٠	÷	• •	•	• •	٠	• 1	• •	•	• •		•	٠	• 1	• •	• •	٠	• •	•		•	• •	• Н	P	1.80	Aill	XIX	1821	X.

Figure 5-4. Setup for Phase Zero Adjustment (Select A2C51)

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# PARTS. IST

# SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

### 6-1. INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-2 lists parts in alphanumerical order of their reference designators and indicates the description and HP stock number of each part, together with any applicable notes. Miscellaneous parts are listed at the end of Table 6-2. Table 6-3 lists parts in alpha-numerical order of their HP stock number and provides the following information on each part.

n. Description.

b. Manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code; see list of manufacturers in Table 6-4.

- e. Manufacturer's part number.
- d. Total quantity used (TQ column).

# 6-3. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-4. To obtain replacement parts, address order or inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard Field Office. Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard stock numbers.

6-5. To obtain a part that is not listed, include:

- a. Instrument model number.
- b. Instrument serial number.
- e. Description of the part.
- d. Function and location of the part.

Table 6-1,	Reference	Designations and	Abbreviations
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			REFERENCE DI	raiotavi	U)	ក្រុង			
A B B C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C P C C C C C P C	<ul> <li>nssembly</li> <li>motor</li> <li>hattery</li> <li>capacitor</li> <li>coupler</li> <li>diode</li> <li>delay line</li> <li>delay line</li> <li>delay capaciting (lamp)</li> <li>mise electronic part</li> </ul>	FI. J K L.B M M M M M M	<ul> <li>fuae</li> <li>Filter</li> <li>jack</li> <li>relay</li> <li>inductor</li> <li>load speaker</li> <li>meter</li> <li>meterophone</li> <li>mechanical part</li> </ul>	P Q B RT S T T B T T U U V V N S		plug transistor relator thermistor switch transformer terminal board test point integrated circuit	V VR W X Y Z		vacuum tube, neun bulb, photocell, etc. voltage regulator cable socket crystal tuned cavity, network
A Afc Ampl	<ul> <li>amperes</li> <li>auton Alle frequency control</li> <li>amplifier</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>henries</li> <li>herdware</li> <li>hexagonal</li> <li>mercury</li> </ul>	N/O NOM N° O	=	normally open nominat negative positive rero (rero tem-	RMO RMS RWV	٠	rack mount only rank-mean oppare reverse working voltage
		)IR	= hourts)			beiginie coep	5-B		nitewold
BFO	<ul> <li>best frequency oscillas</li> </ul>	117	= flerte	NPN	_	(icient)	sen	1	Refress Automatican
	tor	***		NPS	•	negative-positive-	SE SECT		selenium section(s)
ne cu Bh	<ul> <li>heryllium copper</li> <li>bladab gaad</li> </ul>	IF IMPG	<ul> <li>intermediate freq</li> <li>impregnated</li> </ul>	NRFR	-	negative not recommended	SEMICON	-	semiconductor
an Au	⇒ binder nend ≖ bandpass	INCD	<ul> <li>incandescent</li> </ul>			for field tex	SI		allicon
ins	······································	INCL	include(s)			placement	SIL.	-	Allver
iiwo	<ul> <li>backward wave oscilla-</li> </ul>	INS	• insulation(ed)	NSR	-	not separately	SL.	-	alide
	lor	INT	<ul> <li>internal</li> </ul>			replaceable	5190		ADDA TITUR
				onb	-	order by	SPL	-	merial
CCW	<ul> <li>counterclockwise</li> </ul>	к	* kilo * 1000	чни	-	description	SST	=	Stainless steel
CER	= ceramie			110		oval head	SR STL		split ring steel
CMO	cabinet mount only coefficient			öx		oxthe	011		PPC.C.1
COEF Com	= coefficient = common	LII LIN	⇒ feft hand ≖ linear taper						
COMP	= composition	LKWASH	<ul> <li>orar taper</li> <li>lock washer</li> </ul>	p PC		peak	TA	*	tantalum
COMPL		LOL	<ul> <li>logarithmic taper</li> </ul>	PC PF		printed circuit picofarads = 10·12	TD		time delay
CONN	= connector	LPF	· low pass filter		-	farada	TGL THD	-	toggle thread
CP	<ul> <li>cadmium plate</li> </ul>		,	PH BRZ		phosphorbronyc	TI		titanium
CRT	# enthode-ray tube	М	$= milli = 10^{-3}$	- PHD.		Phillips	rot.		tolerance
ĊŴ	= clockwise	MEG	= meg = 10 <sup>0</sup>	PIV		peak inverse	TRÍM	۰.	trimmer
DEPC	- Antonia International	METILM	= metal film			village	TWT	18	traveling wave
DR	= deposited carbon = drive	MET O.	= metallic oxide	PNP	•	positive-negative-			tube
hir	- 11142	MFR	<ul> <li>manufacturer</li> </ul>	N		positive			
ELECT	electrolytic	Mile	🖛 mega Hertz	р/о Рогу		part of polystrene	μ	#	micro • 10 <sup>-6</sup>
ENCAP		MINAT	= miniature	PORC		porcelain			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
EXT	🗕 external	MOM	= momentary	POS		position(s)	VAR	-	wart dit.
		MOS	<ul> <li>metalized</li> </ul>	POT		potentiometer	Vnew		variable de working volts
E.	= farada	MTG	mbatrate • mountlog	- PP	=	peak-to-peak	ATICH	-	de wolkligt solts
ÉU	<ul> <li>Ilat head</li> </ul>	MY	= "inylar"	- PT		point			
H JJA	= Fillister head		,,	PWV	•	peak working volte	W/		with
FXD	= fixed		a same conth			age	W		watts
G	= giga (10 <sup>0</sup> )	N	= nano (10 <sup>.9</sup> )	RECT	*	rectifier	WIN	-	working inverse
GE	e gennanium	N/C NE	<ul> <li>normally closed</li> <li>ncon</li> </ul>	ÎLÊ Î		radio frequency	ww		voltage wirewound
ថ័រ៍	- glass	NIPL	<ul> <li>nickel plate</li> </ul>	ĥĤ		round head or	w/o		without
ฉ์มือ	= ground(ed)	117 F M	titelise h films-			right hand			

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Section VI Replaceable Parts

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Table 6-2. Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation

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Model 8414A

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Reference Designation	Port No,	Description #	Note
<u>Al</u>	08414-6029	ASSYLZ-AXIS MOD & INTERCONNECTION (STANDARD) ASSYLZ-AXIS MOD & INTERCONNECTION (OPT H26)	
ÁÍ	08414-61003		
AICI	0180-0269	CIFXD ELECT 1+0 UF +50-10% L50VDCH	
A1C2	0150-0121	CLEXD CER O.L UF +80-20% 50VDCW	
AICRI	1901-0040	DIODEISTLICON JOHA JOWV	
ALCR2	1902-0041	DIDDEIBREAKDOWN 5,11V 5%	
ALCR3	1901-0040	DIDDEISILICON JOHA JOWY	
ALCR4 ALCR5	1901-0040	DIODEISILICON JOHA JOHV	1
AICR6	1901-0025	DIODEISILICON 30HA 30WV Dicdeisilicon 100HA/1V	
ALCR7	1901-0025	DIDDEFSILICON LOOMA/LV	
ALCRB	1901-0025	DICDEISILICON LOOHA/LV	
111A		NOT ASSIGNED	
ALJ2	1251-1378	CONNE.TORIPC 9 CONTACTS	
8113		NDT ASSIGNED	
ALK1	0490-0739	RELAYIDPDT 2A Installed in H26-8414A only	
AILI	9100-1430	CDIL/CHOKE 51.0 UH 5%	
ALOL	1853-0020	QIST PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3702)	
ALO2	1854-0071	0151 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N37041	
A103	1854-0232	QEST NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
A104	1853-0020	QISI PNPISELECTED FRON 2N3702)	
A105 A106	1854-0071	OFST NENTSELECTED FROM 2N3704) OFST NENTSELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
	LNJ4 GRJE	arar hematiceted ends 2034901	
AL07	1854-0232	QISI NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
ALQB	1854-0071	QIST NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704)	
AL09	1853-0051	INSTALLED IN H26-8414A ONLY QISI PNP	
ALW7	1022-0021	INSTALLED IN H26-B414A ONLY	
A1010	1852-0051	OISI PNP	
		INSTALLED IN H26-8414A DNLY	
A1011	1854-0071	QISI NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3704) Installed in H26-8414A only	
AIRI	0698-3157	R:FXD HET FLN 19.6K 1% 1788	
ALR2	0698-3157	REFXD HET FLH 19.6K 1% L/BW	
ALR3	0698-3157	RIFXD HET FLH 19.6K 1% 1/BH	
ALRA	0696-0063	RIFXD HET FLH L.96K OHN 12 1/8H	
ALR5	0757-9290	RIFXD HET FLH 6, 19K OHN 1% 1/8W	
AIR6	0757-0438	REFXD HET FLN 5.11K 1% 1/8H	
A1R7	0757-0280	REFXD NET FLN 1K DHN 1% 178W	
AIRB	0698-3157	REFXD HET FLH 19,6K 1% 1/8H	1
ALR9	0757-0280	RIFXD HET FLH LK OHN 1% L/0W	
AIRIO	0757-0442	REFXD MET FLA 10.0K 1% 1/8W	

# See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Reference Designation	HPart No.	Description #	Note
AIRII	0757-0442	RIFKD NET FLM LO.OK LX LVBH	
A1R12 A1R13	0698-3154	REFXD HET FLH 4.22K DHM 14 170M Refxd het flh 3.83k 14 170W	
AIRIA	0698-3159	RIFXD HET FLH 26, LK OHN 18 1/0W	
AIRIS	0757-0853	REFXD HET FLH 51.LK OHN 14 1/2W	
A1816 A1817	0698-0083	REFXD HET FLH 1.96K DHH 18 178W Refxd het fln 1.96k dhh 18 178W	
AIRIG	0696-0083	REFXD NET FLH 1.96K OHN 1% 1/8W	
A1819	0696-0063	REFED HET FLH 1.96K DHH 1% 1/8H	
A1R20	0498-0083	RIFXD HET FLH 1.96K DHH 1X 1/8H	
A1R21	0698-0063	REFXD HET FLM 1.96K OHN 14 1/8H Refxd Het Flm 19.6K 14 1/PM	
A1R22 A1R23	0690-3157	REFXD HET FLM 19.6K 18 170M	
A1R24	0698-3157	RIFXD HET FLH 19.6K 1% 1/DW	
A1R25		NOT ASSIGNED	
ALR26	0698-0083	REFXD NET FLM 1.96K OHN 14 1/8W	1
A1827	0698-0063	REFRO HET FLH 1,96K DHH 1% 1/8W	
A1R26	0698-0083	REFXD NET FLN 1,96K OHN 14 1/6H Refxd Net Fln 1,96K ohn 14 1/6H	
A1R29 A1R30	0698-0083	REFXD HET FLH 34.0K DHH 14 L/0H	
1		FACTORY SELECTED PART	
ALR31	0757-0123	REFXD HET FLH 34,0K DHN 1% 1/0W Factory selected part	
A1R32	2100-1770	REVAR WH LOG DHN 5% TYPE H LW	
ALR33	2100-1770	REVAR WE LOO DHN BE TYPE H LW	
A1R34	0698-0083	RIFXD HET FLH 1.96K DHN 1% L/BH	
A1R35	0698-3156	REFXD HET FLH 14.7K DIN 17 1/8W	
ALR36	0698-0085	REFXD HET FLH 2.61K DHN 17 1/68	
A1R37 A1R36	0757-0279	RIFXD HET FLM 3.16K OHN 1% 1/8H Rifxd het flm 6.81k ohn 1% 1/8H	
A1R39	0698-3157	RIFXD HET FLN 19.6K LX 1/0H	
ALR40	0698-3157	RIFXD HET FLH 19.6K 14 1/8H	4
A1R41	0898-3154	RIFXD HET FLM 4.22K CHH 1% 1/6H	
AIXAI		NOT ASSIGNED	
A1XA2 A1XA3	1251-0458 1251-0458	CONNECTORIPC 22 CONTACTS CUNNECTORIPC 22 CONTACTS	
A2	08414-6028	AS SYLCOORD INATE CONVERTER	
A2C1	0160-2917	C:FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCW	
A2C2 A2C3	0160-0168	C:FXD NY 0.1 UF 10% 200VDCW C:FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-27% 100VDCW	
A2C4	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% 100VDCW	
A2C5 A2C6	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCW Not Assigned	
	014.0-301.7		
A2C7 A2C8	0160-2917 0160-2930	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% 100VDCH CIFXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% 100VDCH	· ·
A2C9	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0,05 UF +80-20% .00VDCW	
A2C10	0140-0156	CEFXD HICA 150 PF 5%	
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Table 6-2, Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Cont)

# See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-2,	Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Cont)
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Reference Designation	Hert No,	Description #	Note
		·	
A2C11	0160-2717	CI FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% 100VDCW	
A2C12 A2C13	0160-2/117	CIFXD CER 0,05 UF +80-201 100VDCH	
A2C14	0160-1930	CIFXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% LOOVDCH CIFXD HICA LOOPF 5%	
A2C15	0160-0939	CI FXD HICA 430 PF 5% 300 VDCH	
A2C16 A2C17	0160-0139	CI FXD HICA 430 PF 5% 300 VDCW	
A2C18	0160-2210	CIFXD HICA 470 PF 5% CIFXD HICA 330 PF 5% 300VDCW	
A2C19	0160-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF LOX 35VDCH	
A2C20	0100-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10X 35VDCW	
A2C21	0140-0157	CIFXD HICA 1057 PF 1X	
A2C22 A2C23	0140+0157 0180-0116	CIFXD HICA 1857 PF 1X	
A2C24	0100-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10% 35VDCW CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10% 35VDCW	
A2C25	0160-2208	CIFXD HICA 330 PF BE 300VDCW	
A2C26	0140-0157	CIFXD HICA 1857 PF 14	
A2C27 A2C28	0150-0082 0160-2917	CIFXD CER 8200 PF BOOVDCW CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCW	l
A2C29	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCW	Ì
A2C30	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOUVDCH	
A2C31	0160-2930	CIFXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% LODVDCH	
A2C32 A2C33	0160-2930 0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% LONVDCH	
A2C34	0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20X 100VDCH CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20X 100VDCH	
A2C35	0160-29 10	CIFXD CER 0.01 UF +80-20% LOOVDCH	
A2C36	0160-2204	CLEXD HICA LOUPE SX	
A2C37 A2C38	0160-0939	CI FYD HICA 430 PF 5% 300 VDCW	
A2C39	0160-0939 0160-2210	CI FXO HICA 430 PF 5% 300 VDCH CIFXD HICA 470 PF 5%	
A2C40	0160-2208	CIFXD HICA 330 PF 5% 300VDCH	
A2C41	0180-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF LOX 35VDCH	
A2C42	0180-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10% 35VDCH	
A2C43 A2C44	0140-0157 0140-0157	CIFXD HICA 1857 PF 1x CifXD HICA 1857 PF 1x	
A2C45	0180-0116	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10X 35VDCW	
A2C46	0180- 10	CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF 10% 35VDCW	[
A2C47	014 1-2208	CIFXD HICA 330 PF 5% 300VDCW	
A2C48 A2C49	010-0157	CLEXD HICA 1857 PF 13	
A2C50	0160-2917	C+FXD CER 8200 PF BOOVDCH C+FXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCH	
A2C51	0140-0156	CIFXD HICA 200 PF 5%	
		FACTORY SELECTED PART	
AZCR1	1901-0040	DIOD";SILICON 30HA 30KV	
A2CR2 A2CR3	1901-0040	DIODEISILICON JOHA JOHV	ļ
A2CR4	1701-0040	DIODEISILICON JONA JONY Not Assigned	[
AZCR5	1902-0025	DIDDE, BREAKDOWN: LO. OV 5% 400 Nh	
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# See introduction to this section for ordering information

Reference Designation	HPart No.	Dascription #	Nute
A2CR6 A2CR7	1901-0040 1901-0040	DICDEISILICAN JOHA JOWY Diddeisilican Joha Jowy	
A2J1	1250-0835	CONNECTORIRE PC HOUNT	
AZL1	9100-1664	CO1L/CHOKE 1000 UH 5%	
A2L2 A2L3 A2L4 A2L5 A2L6	9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641	COLLEMBLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH COLLEMBLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH COLLEMBLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH COLLEMBLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH COLLEMBLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH	
A7L7 A7L8 A7L9 A2L10 A7L11	9100-1684 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641 9100-1641	CDIL/CHOKE 3000 UH 5% GOILINDLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH CDILINDLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH CDILINDLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH CDILINDLDED CHOKE 240,0 UH	
A201	1853-0020	OFST PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3702)	
A 202 A 203 A 204 A 205 A 206	1854-0071 1853-0020 1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0071 1854-0071	OF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) OF51 PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3702) OF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) OF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) OF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704)	
A207 A208 A209 A2010 A2011	1854-0475 1854-0475 1855-0020 1854-0071 1854-0475	Q15] NPN Q15] NPN Q15, PNP(Selected From 2N3702) Q15] NPN(Selected From 2N3704) Q15] NPN	
A2012 A2013 A2014 A2015 A2015	1 85 4 - 44 7 5 1 85 2 - 90 20 1 85 4 - 90 7 1 1 85 3 - 90 20 1 85 4 - 92 7 2	OFSENDN OFSENDESELECTED FROM 2N3702) OFSENDNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) OFSENDESELECTED FROM 2N3702) OFSENDNISELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
A2017 A7018 A2019 A7020 A2021	1 85 3-01 20 1 85 4-02 22 1 85 2-00 20 1 85 4-00 71 1 85 4-00 71	QF51 PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3702) QF51 NPNISFLECTED FROM 2N3440) QF51 PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3702) QF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704) QF51 NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3704)	
A 2077 A 7023 A 2074 A 2075 A 7026	1854-0475 1854-0221 1853-5020 1854-0071 1854-0221	QISI NPN QISI NPNIREPLACEABLE B. 2N4Q44) QISI PNPISELECTED FROM 2N37Q2) QISI NPNISELECTED FROM 2N37Q4) QISI NPNIREPLACEABLE BY 2N4Q44)	
A2027 A2028 A2029 A2029 A2030 A2031	1 854-0475 1 853-0020 1 854-0071 1 853-0020 1 853-0020	OISI NPN OISI PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3TO2) CISI NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3TO4) OISI PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3TO2) OISI PNPISELECTED FROM 2N3TO2)	
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- Monthe W. M Marka Mine Mine Merel MA Merel Chick Devide Mine Manual Constant	Table 6-2,	Parts List Indexed by	y Reference Designation (Cont)
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# Section VI Replaceable Parts

Model 8414A

Table 6-2,	Parts List Indexed by	Reference Designation (Cont)

Reference Designation	HPart No.	Description #	Note
A 2032	1854-0222	QI 61 NPN (SELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
A2C33	1054-0212	QISI NPHISELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
A2R1	0757-0442	REFED HET FLH LODOK 18 178H	
A2R2 A2R3	0757-0438 0757-0443	REFXD HET FLM 5.11K 18 170H REFXD HET FLM 11.0K DHN 18 170H	
AZRA	0757-0443	RIFXD HET FLH LLLOK ONH LK L/OW	
A2R5	0678-3440	REFXD HET FLH 196 DHH 18 1788	
A286	0691-3157	REPED HET FLH 1956K 18 1780	
A2R7 A2R8	0757-0460	RIFED HET FLH OLIGK DIN LT LAN	
AZR9	0698-3136 0757-0123	RIFXD HET FLH 17.8K DHN 14 178W Rifxd Het Flh 34.8K dhm 18 178W	
A2010	0757-0416	RIFKD HET FLH 511 OHH 18 1788	
AZRIL	0757-0444	REFED NET FLH 12+1K DHH 18 1/8H	
A2B12	0757-0442	REFER HET FLN 10,08 LT 1/88	
A2R13 A2R14	0757-0442	REFXD HET FLH 1050K 1% 178H Refxd het flh 6159k din 1% 178H	
A2815	0757-0471	RIFKD HET FLN 825 OHN 1x 1/8W	
A2016	0698-3157	REFED HET FLH 1936K 18 178W	
A2B17	0698-0084	REFED HET FLH 2. LOK 18 1/84	
A2R18 A2R19	0 69 8-00 P3 0 69 8-3 6 4 9	REFKD HET FLN 1.96K DHN 13 1/8H	
A 2 R 20	0698-0004	REFXD HET FLH 196 DHH 1% L/DH Refxd het flh 2515k 1% L/DH	
		FACTORY SELECTED PART	
A2R21	2100-1759	REVAR HW 2K DHH 5% TYPE V LW	
A2R22 A2R23	0757-0460	RIFXD MET FLN 61,9K DHN 14 1/8W	
AZRZA	0757-0421 0698-3157	REFXD HET FLH 825 DHH 18 1700 Refxd het flh 19.6k 18 1780	
A2025	0698-3440	RIFXD HET FLH 196 DHH 1% 170H	
A2R26	0698-0083	REFRO HET FLH 1+96K OHN 14 178N	
A2R27	0678-0083	PEFRD HET FLH 1,96K OHH 1% L/BH	
A2R2B A2R29	0757-0442	TEFXD HET FLH 10+0K 14 L78H Refxd het flh 10+0K 14 L78H	
A2R30	0698-3445	RIFRD HET FLH 348 OHN LX LINH	
A2R31	0757-0458	REFRO HET FLH 51.1K OHH 14 1708	
A2R32 A2R33	0757-0465 0757-0424	REFXD HET FLH 190K 1% 17HW Refxd het flh 1510k ohn 1% 17HW	
A2R34	0757-0440	REFAD HET FUH TIJDE UNH DI DAW REFID HET FUH 7,50K II LANW	
A2R35	0678-3450	RIFXD NET FLN 42,7K DIH 1% 170W	
A 2R 36	0698-3156	REFED HET FLH 14.7K OHN 18 178W	
A2R37	2100-1760	REVAR HW 5K DHH 5% TYPE V LW	
A2R3A A2R39	0698-3154	REFXD HET FLH 4.22K DHH 14 178W Refxd het flh 10.0K 14 178W	
A2840	0757-0442	REFED NET FLM 10.0K 1% 1/0H	
AZRAL	0698-3151	REFXD HET FLH 2.87K DHH 1x 1/0W	
A2R42	0757-0450	REFXD HET FLR 51.1K OHN 12 170W	
A 2 R 4 3 A 2 R 4 4	0757-0465 0698-3491	RIFXD HET FLN 100K 14 1784 Rifxd het fln 1k dnn 0.14 1784	
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 $\pi$  . See introduction to this section for ordering information

# Model 8414A

# Section VI Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	se Part Nu.	Dasariptian #	Note
A2845	0698-3491	REFED NET FLH 1K OHN OFTE LZEN	
\$2846	0691-3445	RIFXD HET FLH 348 OHN 1% 178W	
1. A2848	0757+0440 0698-3450	REFED HET FLN 7. BOK 18 1/04	
A2844	0698-0083	REFER HET FLN 42,28 DIN 18 1700 REFED HET FLN 1,968 DIN 18 1700	
A2R50	0678-3154	REFEAD HET FLH 4,22K OHH 14 170H	
A2R51 A2R52	0757-0442 0757-0465	REFXD HET FLH 10.0K 1% 1780 Refxd het flh 100k 1% 1780	
A2R53	0690-3157	RIFXD HET FLH 19.6K 1X 1/0H	
A2R54	0698-3440	REFXD HET FLH 196 OHN 18 1700	ļ
A2R55	0757+0853	REFXD HET FLH 51.1K OHH 1# 1/2H	
A2R56 A2R57	0757-0438	REFER HET FLH BELLK 18 1700	
APRSN	2100-176C 0757-0279	REVAR HH 5K DHH 5K TYPE V 1H Refexd het flh 3516k dhn 14 178h	
A2R59	0757-0053	REFXD HET FLH 51.1K OHN 1X 1/2H	
A2R60	0757-0465	REFEAD HET FLH LOOK LE 1/84	
A2R6L A2R62	0678-3157	REFAD HET FLH 19,6K 18 L/BH	
A2R63	0698-3440 0757-0421	REFXD HET FLH 196 DHN 18 LZPH Refxd het flh 825 dhn 18 1784	
A2R64	0696-0683	RIFAD HET FLH 1.96K DHH 14 178H	
A2865	0698-0083	RIFED HET FLH 1.96K DHH 13 1784	
A2R66	0757-0421	REFXD HET FLH 025 DHN LX L/AW	
A2R67 A2R68	0698-3440	REFXD HET FLN 196 DHA 1X 1784 REFXD HET FLN 1,96K DHA 1X 1788	
A2869	0698-3154	REFXD HET FLH 4.22K DHH LT LYDH	
A2R70	0690-3154	REFXD HET FLN 4.22K DHN LX 1/HH	
A2R71 A2R72	0698-3440	REFXD HET FLH 196 DHH 13 1/8W	
A2R72	0757-0460 0698-3157	REFXD HEY FLH 61.9K DHH 18 178H REFXD HEY FLH 19.6K 18 178H	
A2R74	0698-0083	REFXD HET FLM 1.96K DHM 1X 1/8W	
A2875	0698-0083	REFXD HET FLH L.96K DHN LX L/BW	
A2R76	0757-3442	RIFXD HET FLH 10.0K 1% L/BH	
A2R77 A2R78	0757-0442 0698-3445	RIFXD HET FLM 10.0K 1X 1/1H RIFXD HET FLM 348 DHM 1X 1/1H	
A2R79	0757-045E	RIFXD HET FLH 51.1K OHN 1% 1/8W	
APRIO	0757-0465	RIFXD HET FLH LOOK LX L/AH	
A2R81 A2082	0757-0424	REFXD HET FLH LEIOK DHH IX 170W	
A2862 A2863	0757-0440	RIFXD HET FLN 7.50K 1X 1/8W RIFXD HET FLN 42.2K OHN 1X 1/8W	
A2R84	0757-0447	RIFKD HET FLN 16.2K ONN 13 1/0H	
A2865	0698-3154	REFED HET FLH 4.22K OHN 14 1/8W	
A2R66 A2R67	0757-0442	RIFXD HET FLH LO.OK 1% L/UW	1
AZR65	0757-0442 0698-3151	RIFXD HET FLH 10.0K 1% 1/0W RIFXD HET FLH 2.07K OHH 1% 1/0W	
AZR89	0757-0458	RIFKD HET FEN SLILK DHN LY LJAN	
A2890	0757-0465	RIFXD HET FLH LOOK LX L/BH	
A2R91	0698-3491	REFED HET FLN IK OHN O, LE LINN	
A2R52 A2R93	0698-3491 0698-3445	RIFXD HET FLH 1K OHN OLIX 178H Rifxd het Flh 348 ohn 1x 178h	
	ατου β. 14 : Μ. Δ. β. β.	DELVE DET LED 348 NUD 19 1400	
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# Table 6-2. Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Cont.)

# See Introduction to this section for ordering information

Section VI **Replaceable** Parts

A2R94

A2895

12196

A2R97

A2898

A2899

A2R100

A2R101 A2R102

A2RL03

A2R104

A2R105

A2R106

A2R107

AZRION

A28109

A2R110 A2R111

A2R112

A251

A2A1

A2A2

A3C1

A3C2

A3C3

A3C4

A3C5

A3C6

A3C7

ABCB

A3C9

ABCRI

A3CR2

A3CR3

A3CR4

A3CR5

ABCRA

ABCR7

A3L1

A301

1901-0050

1901-0632

1901-0632

9140-0051

1854-02?2

A3

Reference Designation Description # DPart No. Note REFED HET FLH 7.50K 18 1/8W 0757-0440 RIFXD HET FLH 42.2K DIH LX 1/8W RIFXD HET FLH 1.96K DIH LX 1/8W RIFXD HET FLH 4.22K DIH LX 1/8W 0678-3450 0698-0083 0698-3154 0757-0442 REFXD HET FLH LO.OK 12 L/OW RIFXD NET FLH 100K 1X 1/8H RIFXD NET FLH 19.6K 1X 1/8H RIFXD NET FLH 196 DHH 1X 1/8H RIFXD HET FLH 51.1K DHH 1X 1/2H 0757-0465 0698-3157 0698-3440 0757-0853 0757-0290 REFXD HET FLH 6.19K OHH 1X L/BH 0757-0279 REFED HET FLH 3.16K OHH 1% 1/8H 0757-0853 REFXD HET FLH BLALK DHN 1x 1/2H REFXD HET FLH 100K 1x 1/8H 0757-0465 0698-3157 RIFXD HET FLH 19.6K 1% 1/8H 0698-3440 REFED HET FLH 196 OHH 11 1/8W 0757-0421 REFXD HET FLN 825 OHN 1% 1/8W REFXD HET FLN 825 OHN 1% 1/8W 0757-0421 0757-0442 REFXO HET FLH 10,0K 18 1/BH 0757-0442 RIFXD HET FLH 10,0K 1% 1/8H 3101-0973 SWITCHISLIDE DPDT 0.5A L25V AC/DC 1901-0557 DIODE (NULTIPLE 1901-0557 DICOETHULTIPLE 08414-6003 AS SY # POWER SUPPLY 0180-0361 CIFXD ELECT 10 UF +50-10% 350VDCH CLEAD HY 0.1 UF 10% 200VDCH CLEAD HY LUF 5% 200VDCH 0160-0168 0170-0011 0180-0013 CLEXD ELECT LOOUF LOOVDCH 0150-0121 CIFXD CER 0.1 UF +80-20% 50VDCW CLEXD HY 0.015 UF 10% 3000VDCH 0160-2054 0160-2054 CIFXD HY 0.015 UF LOX 3000VDCH CLEAD CER 4700 PF +80-20% 40COVDCH SUPPORTICAPACITOR 0160-0151 5040-0401 0160-2054 CIFXD HY 0.015 UF 10% 3000VDCH 1901-0029 DIODEISILICON 600 PIV DIODEISTLICON LOOHA LOOHY 1901-0032 DICOF BREAKDOWNISILICON LOOV 5% 1902-3428 1902-3119 DI DDE I BREAKDEWN 61499 2%

Table 6-2, Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Cont)

# See introduction to this section for ordering information

OFST NPNISELECTED FROM 2N34401

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DIDDEISILICON

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CDIL:FXD 400 UHY

# Model 8414A

Table 6-2. Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Co
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Reference Designation	h Part No.	Description #	Nute
A 302	1854-0232	DIST NPNISELECTED FROM 2N3440)	
A3R1	0698-3639	REFXD HET DX 1.2K DHH 5% 2H	
A 3 R 2 A 3 R 3 A 3 R 4 A 3 R 5 A 3 R 6	0757-0367 0757-0853 0698-3422 0698-0683 0757-0401	RIFXD HET FLM 100K DHN 1X 1/2H RIFXD NET FLM 51,1K DHN 1X 1/2H RIFXD NET FLM 42,2K DHN 1X 1/2H RIFXD NET FLM 1,96K DHN 1X 1/0H RIFXD NET FLM 100 DHN 1X 1/8W	
A3R7 A3R8 A3R9 A3R10 A3R11	0757-0196 0698-3440 2100-1910 2100-1910 2100-1910 2100-1969	REFXD NET FLN 6,19K UHN 1X 1/2W REFXD NET FLM 196 OHN 1X 1/3W REVAR 100K OHN 20X 3/4W REVAR 100K OHN 20X 3/4W REVAR 1 NEGOHN 20X 3/4W	
A 3R 1 2 A 3R 1 3 A 3R 14 A 3R 15 A 3R 16	0836-0002 0686-2055 0687-1031 0686-1055	RIFXD CARBON 20 MEGOHH 10% 1W RIFXD COMP 2 MEGOHH 5% 1/2W RIFXD COMP 10K DHH 10% 1/2W NOT ASSIGNED RIFXD COMP 1 MEGOHH 5% 1/2W	
A 3 R 1 7 A 3 R 1 B A 3 R 1 9 A 3 R 20 A 3 R 21	0836-0002 0757-0442 0698-3453 2100-0542 0761-0021	REFXD CARBON 20 HEGOHH LOX LW REFXD HET FLH 19.0K LX L/HW REFXD HET FLH 196K OHH LX L/HH REFXD HET FLH 50K OHH 20X 3/4W REFXD HET OX 1000 OHH 5% LW	
A 3R 22 A 3R 23	0761-0021 0761-0021	RIFXD HET DX 1000 DHM 5% 1W Rifxd het dx 1000 dhm 5% 1W	
A3A1	08414-6004	ASSY:+ 5100 V STAND DFF	
AJAICI	0160-01#1	CIFXD CER 4700 PF +80-20% 4000VDCH	
A3A1C2 A3A1C3	0150-0036 0150-0036	CIFXD CER 470 PF 20% 6KV CIFXD CER 470 PF 20% 6KV	
ABAICRI	1901-0632	DIDDEISILICON	
ABALCR2	1901-0632	DIDDELSILICON	
AJAIR1	0698-3456	REFXD NET FLN 207K OHN 1% 1706	
λ4	08414-6030	ASSY: PLUG-IN CONNECTION	
A4J1		NOT SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE	
A4J2	1250-0835	CONNECTOR #RF PC HOUNT	
A4P1		NUT SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE	
JI	1250-0083	CONNECTOREBNG	
J2 J3 J4 J5 J5	1250-0C83 1257-0C83 125C-0C83 1251-1016 0340-0CC5	CONNECTORIBNC Connectoribnc Connectoribnc Connectori2 Pin In Sul Atoribushing Cerahic	
15 16	0520-0118 1250-0CE3 5040-0702	SCREWINYLON RD HD SLOT DR 2-56" Connectoribnc(installed in H2G-8414A only) Washer:insulating (2 EA.)	
L1	5060-0409	COLLEALIGNMENT	
P1 THRU P3 P4	1251-1017	NDT ASSIGNED CONNECTUR:2 PIN, MATES W/1251-1016	

# See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Section VI Replaceable Parts

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Table 6-2,	Parts List	Indexed by	Reference	Designation (	Cont)
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Reference Designation	h Part No,	Description #	Note
01	1854-0072	OISI NPN	
01	0340-0162	IN SULATOR   TRANS   STOR	
07	1854-0072	DISI NPN	
02	0340-0162	IN SULATOR FTRANS I STOR	1
03 03	1854-0237 0340-0162	OI SI NPN IN SULATOR FTRANS I STOR	
R1	2100-2415	REVAR COMP IN OHN 20% LIN 1/2W	
R.2	2100-2415	REVAR COMP 1K ONH 20% LIN 1/2H	
R3	2100-27CB	RIVAR COMP 5K-5 HEGOHH 20-30% LIN 1H	
R4	2100-1808	RI VAR 100 DHH 20% LIN 1/2H	1
<b>Ң</b> 5	2100-0150	REVAR GANGED 2X10K DHH 20% LIN 1/4H	
51	3101-0044	SWITCHIPUSHBUTTON SPST NO	
<b>F1</b>	9100-2471	TRANSFURMER	
T 2	7100-2422	TR ANSFORMER	
VL	08414-6016	ELECTRON TUBE FORT	
R1	08414-6014	CABLE ASSYSTEST CHANNEL INPUT	
HI	08410-61007	CABLE ASSYSTEST CHANNEL INPUT (FOR H2G-8414A ONLY)	
H1 H2	08410-6020	CABLE ASSYLFOR H26-8414A ONLY CABLEICRT	
		NISCELL ANEOUS	
	1200-0408	COVER PLATESCRT SOCKET	
	1200-0037	SOCKETICRT TUBE	
	08414-0009	STANDARD SNITH CHART SETEVIEWING	
	08414-0021	COMPRESSED SHITH CHART SETIVIEWING	
	08414-0022	CONPRESSED SHITH CHART SETEPHOTO	
	08414-0024	RETURN LOSSIPHOTO	1
	08414-0023	RETUPN LOSSIVIEWING	
	08414-0010	STANDARD SNITH CHART SET PHOTO	
	08414-0012	FXPANDED SMITH CHART SET:VIEWING Expanded Smith Chart Set:Photographic	
	5740-0421	IN SULATORIFOR R3B FOCUS	
	0340-0005	IN SULATOR (BUSHING CERANIC	
	C 370-0CE4	KNCBERDUND BLK 5/8 DIA	
	0370-0107	KNCBIPOINTER BLK 5/8 DIA KNCBIRDUND FOR 0.125" DIA SHAFT	
	0520-0118	SCREWINYLON RD HD SLOT DR 2-56"	
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# Model 8414A

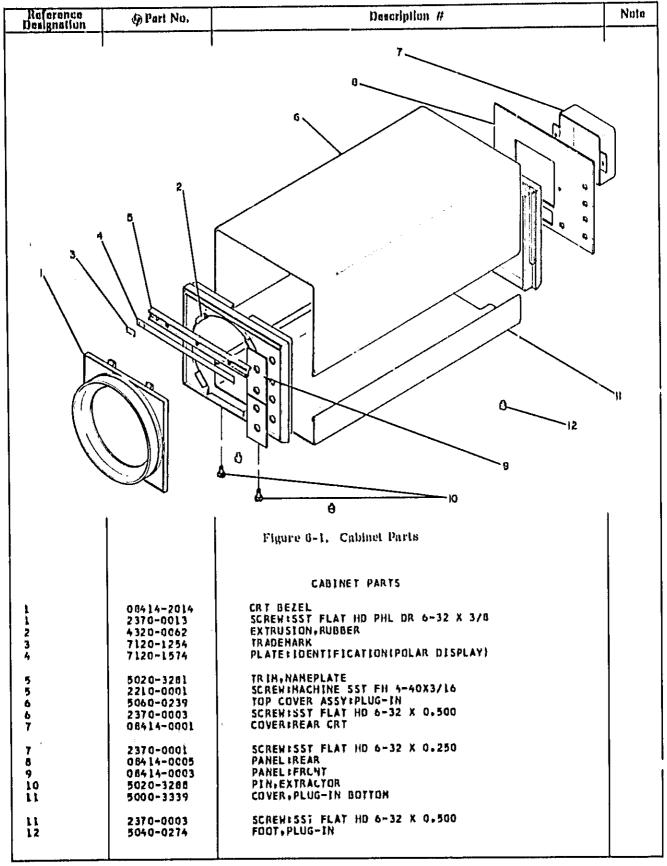


Table 6-2. Parts List Indexed by Reference Designation (Cont)

# Bee introduction to this section for ordering information

Part No,	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ
0140-0157	CIFXD HIGA 1857 PF 18	28480	0140-0157	6
0140-0196	CIFXD NICA 150 PF 51	28480	0140-0196	1
0140-0198	CIFXD NICA 200 PF 5X CIFXD CER 470 PF 20X 6KV	72136	RDH15F201J3C 6KV470 20X	1
0150-0082	CIFXD CER 6200 PF BOOVDCW	44222	TYPE D1-4	2
0150-0121 0160-0151	CIFXD CER 0.1 UF +80-20% 50VDCH CIFXD CEN 4700 PF +80-20% 4000VDCH	56209 71590	5C50BIS-CHL	22
0160-0168	CIFXD NY 0.1 UF 10X 200VDCN	20400	DA045-040CD 0160-0168	2
0160-0939	CE FXD NICA 430 PF 5% 300 VDGW	20480	0160-0739	4
0160-2054	CIFXD HY 0.015 UF LUX 3000VDCW	71436	PH5153-3H5	3
0160-2204	CIFXD NICA 100PF 5%	72136	RDH15F101J3C	2
0160-2208	CIFXD NICA 330 PF 5% 300VDCH CIFXD NICA 470 PF 5%	28480	0160-2208	4
0160-2917	CIFXD CER 0.05 UF +80-20% LOOVDCW	84411	TYPE TA	13
0160-2930	C #FXD CER 0.01 UF +80-202 100VDCW	91418	TA	6
0170-0018	CIFXD NY LUF 5% 200VDCH	84411	TYPE 621H 10552	1
0180-0013	CIFXD ELECT 100UF 100VDCW CIFXD ELECT 6.8 UF LOX 35VDCW	56289 28480	D 33067   0180-0116	1
0180-0269	CIFXD ELECT 1.0 UF +50-10T L50VDCW	54289	30D105F150DA2~D5H	1
0180-0361	CIFXD ELECT 10 UF +50-10% 350VDCH	28480	0180-0361	i
0340-0005	INSULATOR DUSHING CERANIC	28480	0340-0005	2
0340-0162	INSULATOR FTRANSISTOR	28480	0340-0162	3
0370-0684 0370-0107	KN98+ROUND BLK 5/8 DIA Knobepointer blk 5/8 dia	28480	0370-0084 0370-0107	
0370-0134	KNCB FROUND FOR 0. 125" DIA SHAFT	28480	0370-0134	li
0490-0739	RELAYIDPDT 2A	77342	HPLLD-24V	1
0520-0118	SCREWINYLON RD HO SLOT DR 2-56" Rifxd Comp 1 Negohn 5x 1/2W	28480	0520-0118	2
0086-2055	RIFIND CONPIL FEGORA DA 1728	01121	EB 1055 EB 2055	1
0687-1031	RIFXD COHP 10K DHH 10% 1/2W	01121	EB 1031	i
0698-0083	REFAD HET FLH 1.96K OHH 13 1/0H	14674	C4	23
0692-0084 0698-0085	RIFXD MET FLH 2.15K 1X 1/0W RIFXD MET FLH 2.61K DNH 1X 1/0W	14674	C.4   C.4	2
0698-3136	RIFXD NET FLN 17.8K DHN 1% L/BW	14674	C4 C4	
0698-3151	REFED HET FLH 2.87K OHH 13 1/6H	28480	0698-3151	2
0698-3153	RIFXD MET FLH 3.03K 1X 1/8W	51637	HFF-1/10-32	1
0690-3154 0698-3156	RIFXD MET FLM 4.22K DHM LT 1/0H RIFXD MET FLM 14.7K DHM LT 1/0H	28480	0698-3154 C4	02
0690-3157	REFEAD MET FLN 19.6K 1% 1/8W	14674	C4	17
0698-3159	REFXD MET *LN 26.1K OHN 1% 1/8W	75042	CEA	i i
0698-3422	RIFKD NET FLN 42.2K JHN 12 1/2H	51637	HFF-1/2-10	
0698-3440 0698-3445	RIFXD HET FLH 196 OHN LX 1/8W RIFXD HET FLH 348 OHN 1X 1/8W	91637	HF-1/10-32	10
0698-3450	RIFXD AET FLH 42.2K OHH LT 1/8H	14674 28480	C4 0698-3450	4
0698-3453	R FED HET FLN 196K OHH 1X 1/8W	28480	0698-3453	Î
0698-3456	REFRO HET FLH 207K OHH LX 1/8H	28480	0698-3456	1
0698-3491 0698-3639	RIFXD HET FLH 1K OHN 0.1% 1/DW RIFXD NET OX 1.2K OHN 5% 2K	28480	0698-3491	4
0757-0123	REFEAD NET FLH 34.8K DHM 1% 1/8W	28480	0698-3639 NF-1/10-32	1
0757-0196	REFED HET FLH 6-19K OHH IN 1/2H	14074	C4	1
0757-0279	RIFXD HET FLH 3.16K OHH 13 1/0H	14674	C4	3
0757-0280 0757-0290	REFXD HET FLH 1K DHH 1X 170W REFXD HET FLH 6.19K DHH 1X 170W		C4	2
0757-0367	RIFAD HET FLH 100K DHH 1% 1/2W	28480	0757-0290 0757-0367	2
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# Table 6-3. Parts List Indexed by HP Part Number

#. See introduction to this section for ordering information

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0757-0401	R#FXD HET FLH 100 DHH 1# 1/0W	14674	54	1
0757-0416	RIFXD HET FLN BIL DHH LX 1/8W	14674	LCA	i
0757-0421	R FXD MET FLH 825 DHM LX 1/8W	28480	0757-0421	6
0757-0424	REFXD PET FLH 1.LOK DIH LT 1/0W	26460	0757-0424	2
0757-0438	RIFXD MET FLN 5.11K 1% 1/AW	14674	C4	3
0757-0419	RIFXD NET FLH 6-BIK OHH 14 1/8H	28480	0757-0439	L
0757-0440 0757-0442	REFXD HET FLH 7.50K 1% 1/0W REFXD MET FLM 10.0K 1% 1/0W	14674		4
0757-0443	RIFAD FET FLH LLOK ONN IX LYNN	14674	C4  HF-1/11-32	1.8
0757-0444	REFAD MET FLM 12.1K DHH LX 1/8W	28480	0757-0444	2
0757-0447	REFXD HET FLH 16.2K DHH 1X 178W	28480	0 75 7-0447	1
0757-0458	RIFXD KET FLH 51.1K OHH 1% 1/8H	51637	HF-1/10-32	4
0757-0460	RIFXD HET FLH 61.9K OHH 1X 1/8W	28480	0757-0400	4
0757-0465	RIFXD HET FLH 100K 1% L/BW	14674	C4	6
0757-0853	REFXD HET FLH 51.1K OHH LX 1/2W	28480	0757-0853	6
0761-0021	REFED HET DX 1000 DHH ST IN	14674	C-32 080	3
0836-0002	RIFXD CARBON 20 HEGDIN 10% 1W	28460	0836-0002	2
1200-0037 1200-0085	SOCKETICRT TUBE	72825	97097	
1250-0083	COVER PLATESCRT SOCKET Connectorsonc	72825	9709-1	1
FF 24-0003		2070.	1 1 4 3 9 - 9 9 9 9	5
250-0835	CONNECTORIRE PC HOUNT	98291	50-051-0000	2
1251-0498	CONNECTORIPC 22 CONTACTS	28480	1251-0498	2
1251-1016 1251-1017	CONNECTORIZ PIN	81312	JF2P-25-AB	
1251-1378	CONNECTORIZ PIN, HATES W/1251-1016 Connectoripc 9 contacts	B1312 C2660	JF2P-25-AB   64-l7	1
1853-0020 1853-0051	QISI PNP(SELECTED FROM 2N3702) QISI PNP	28480	1853-0020	13
1854-0071	QIST PRP QIST NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N2704)	02735	2N4037	2
1854-0072	QIST NPN	28480	L054-0071 2N3054	14
1854-0221	OFST NENTREPLACEABLE BY 2N4044)	18460	1854-0221	2
1854-0232	QIST NPN(SELECTED FROM 2N3440)	28880	1 854-0232	9
1854-0237	QESI NPN	04713		Í
1901-0025	DIODE:SILICON 100HA/1V		FD 2367	3
1901-0029	DIQUEISILICON 600 PIV	28480	1901-0029	i
1901-0033	DIUDEISILICON LOOMA LUONV	07263	FD3369	L
1901-0040	DIODEISILICON JOHA JOHV	07263	FDGLOOB	9
1901-0050	DINDEISILICON 759		5270	1
1901-0473 1901-0557	DIODE ASSYISILICON 50 HA 7500PIV		1901-0473	4
1902-0025	DIODE:KULTIPLE DIODE,BREAKDOWN:10.0V 5% 400 MW	28480	1901-0557 1902-3025	
1902-0041	DIDDETBREAKDOWN 5.119 53			
1902-3119	DIODEIBREAKDOWN 6.49V 2%	04713	5210939-98 5210539-129	
902-3428	DIGDE BREAKDOWNISILICON LOOV 51	28480	1902-3428	
100-0150	REVAR GANGED 2XLOK DHH 20% LIN 1/4W	26480	2100-0150	
2100-0942	R VAR FLN BOK ONN 20% 3/4W	28410	2100-0947	l i
2100-1759	RIVAR WW 2K OHH 5% TYPE V 1W	28480	2100-1759	1
2100-1760	RIVAR WW SK OHN MI TYPE V LW	28480	2100-1740	2
2100-1770	RIVAR WW 100 OHH 5% TYPE H 1W	28460	2100-17 0	2
2100-1608	REVAR 100 OHN 201 LIN 1/2W	28480	2100-1008	1
2100-1910	REVAR 100K DHM 20% 3/4W	26460	2100-1910	2
2100-1969	RIVAR 1 HEGCHH 20X 3/4W	28480	2100-1969	1
	RIVAR COMP IN DHH 20% LIN 1/2W	28480	2100-2415	2
2100-2415				
2100-2415 2100-2708 2210-0001	RIVAR COMP 5K-5 HEGOIM 20-30% LIN IW SCREWIMACHINE SST FH 4-40X3/16	28480 97934	2100-2704 0MD	

# Table 6-3. Parts List Indexed by HP Part Number (Cont)

# See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Table 6-3,	Parts List Indexed by HP Part Number (Cont)

h Parl No.	Description #	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No,	rq
2370-0001	SCREHISST FLAT IN 6-32 X 0.200	28400	2370-0001	1
2370-0003 2370-0013	SCREWISST FLAT HD 6-32 X 0,800	28480	2370-0003	2
3101-0044	SCREWISST FLAT IN PHL DR 6-32 X 3/H Switchipushbutton SPST ND	28480	2370-0013	1
3101-0973	SWITCHISLIDE DODT 0.5A 128V AC/DC	01073 75727	37- N.O. 6120-0010	
4320-0062 5000-3339	EXTRUSION, RUBBER	28480	4320-0062	1
5020-3281	GOVER,PLUG-IN BOYTON TRIN,NAHEPLATE	28400	5000-3339	1
5020-3200	PINJEXTRACTOR	28480	5020-3281 5020-3281	
5040-0274	FOOT, PLUG-IN	26480	5040-0274	1
5040-0401	SUPPORTICAPACITOR	28480	5040-0401	1
5040-0421 5060-0239	INSULATOR (FOR R3B FOCUS	20410	5040-0421	1
5060-0409	TOP COVER A55Y1PLUG-IN COILIALIGNHENT	20400	5060-0239   5060-0409	!
120-1254	TRADENARK	28480	7120-1254	
1120-1574	PLATERIDENTIFICATION (POLAR DISPLAY)	28480	7120-1574	1
9100-1630 9100-1641	COLL/CHOKE 51.0 UH 5%	28480	9100-1630	1
100-1664	CDILINGLDED CHORE 240.0 UH CDIL/CHORE 3000 UH 5%	20400	9100-1641	9
100-2421	TRANSFORMER	28480	9100-1664 9100-2421	2
100-2422	TRANSFORMER	28480	9100-2422	
7140-0051 10140-61606	COLLIFXD 400 UNY	28480	7140-0051	í
11410-61007	CABLEFCRT CABLE ASSYFTEST CHANNEL INPUT	20480	00140-61606 08410-61007	1 1
18414-0001	COVERTREAR CRT	28480	08414-0001	
08414-0003	PANEL FRONT	28480	08414-0003	1
18414-0005 18414-0009	PANELIBEAR Standard Shith Chart Seteviehing	28480	08414-0005	
0010	STANDARD SHITH CHART SETTPHOTO	28480	08414-0009 08414-0010	
8414-0011	EXPANDED SHITH CHART SETEVIEWING	28480	08414-0011	
0012	EXPANDED SHITH CHART SET PHOTOGRAPHIC	25460	08414-0012	1
18414-0021 18414-0022	COMPRESSED SHITH CHAP' SETEVLEWING COMPRESSED SHITH CHART SETEPHOTO	28480	08414-0021	1
0414-0023	RETURN LOSSIVIEWING	28480	08414-0022 08414-0023	
18414-0024	RETURN LOSSIPHOTO	28480	08414-0024	
414-2014    414-6003	CRT BEZEL	28480	08414-2014	1
18/114-6004	ASSYLPOHER SUPPLY ASSYL+ BIOO V STAND OFF		08414-6003	1 1
18414-6014	GABLE ASSYLTEST CHANNEL INPUT		08414-6004 08414-6014	
0414-6016	ELECTION TUBEICRT	26480	00414-6016	
8414-6028 8414-6029	ASSY:COURDINATE CONVERTER ASSY:Z-AXIS HOD & INTERCONNECTION	28480	08414-6028	1
0414-4030	ASSTICANTS RUL & INTERCONNECTION		08414-6029 08414-6030	

# Bee introduction to this section for ordering information

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Model 8414A

**Section VI Replaceable** Parts

Address

# Table 6-4. Code List of Manufacturers

The following code numbers are from the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers Cataloging Handbooks 114-1 (Name to Code) a w. H4-2 (Code to Name) and their latest supplements. The date of ravision and the date of the supplements used appear at the bottom of each page. Alphabetical codes have been arbitrarily assigned to suppliers not appearing in the H4 Handbooks.

> Code No.

No.	Manufacturar Addr
00000	U.S.A Commun Any supplier of U
00136	Mettoy Electronics , Mount Holly Springs,
00213	Sage Electronics Corp Rochester, N
00287	Cemen, Inc Danjelson, Co
00334	Humblel Colton, Ca
00348	Mictron, Co., Inc Valley Stream, N.
00373	Garlack Inc
00666	Activity Corp New Bedford, Ma
00779	Amp. Inc
00781	Alteraft Railin Corp Boonton, N
00800	Ancraft Radio Corp Boonton, N Croven, Edd Whitby, Ontario, Cana
00815	Northern Engineering Laboratories, Inc. Inclington, W
00855	Sangamo Electric Co., Picaena Div Pickens, S
00866	Goe Engineering Co City of Industry, C
00801	Carl E, Holmes Corp Los Angeles, C
00020	Microlab Inc, Livingston, N
01002	General Electric Co., Capacitor Dept. Hudson Falls, N.
01009	Alden Producta Co Bror don, Ma
01121	Allen Bradley Co.
01255	Litton Industries, Inc.
01281	TRW Semiconductors, Inc Lawadale, C
	Texas Instruments, Inc., Transistor Products Div,
01205	
<b>A1 8 10</b>	na sa ballan, Tel
01349	The Alliance Mig. Co Alliance, Of
01538	Sinal Parts Inc Los Angeles, C.
DIDBU	Pacific Relays, Inc Van Nuys, C Gudebrod Bros, Silk Co New York, N
01670	Charmen a little and con the state of the st
01030	Americk Corp Boekford,
01010	Pulae Engineering Co Santa Clara, C
02114	Ferroxcube Corp. of America Saugerties, N
02116	Wheelock Signals, Inc Long Branch, N
02286	Cole Rubber and Plastics Inc Sunnyvale, C
02660	Amphenol-Borg Electronics Corp Brogdview,
02736	Itadio Corp. of America, Semiconductor and Materials
	Division
02771	Vocaline Co. of America, Inc Old Saylmok, Co.
02777	Hopkins Engineering Co San Fernando, C
02875	Hudson Tool & Die and a state of a state of the Newark, N
03508	G.E. Semiconductor Prod. Dept Syracuse, N.
03705	Apex Machine & Tool Co Dayton, Ol
03707	Eldema Corp Compton, Ca
O2B1B	Parker Seal Co Los Angeles, C
03877	Transitron Electric Corp Wakefleid, Ma
ознав	- Pyrofilm Redstor Co., Inc Celar Knolls, N
03954	Singer Co., Dicht Div., Finderne Plant . Sumerville, N
04000	Arrow, Bart and Hegeman Elect, Co Hartford, Co.
04012	Tarma Corp Lambertville, N
04062	Aren Electronic Inc Great Neck, N
04217	- Essex Wire ( , , , , , , , , , , , , , Los Angelos, C
04222	HEQ Division of Actovok Myrtle Beach, S
04354	Precision Paper Tube Co Wheeling,
04404	Precision Paper Tube Co Wheeling, Dymee Division of Hewlett-Packard Co. Palo Alto, C
04051	Sylvania Electric Products, Microwave Device Div.
	a sa a sa a a a a a a a a a a a Mountain View, C
04673	Dakota Engr. Inc Culver City, C Motornia Inc, Semiconductor Prod. Div.
04713	Motorola Inc, Semiconductor Prod, Div.
	Filtron Co., Inc. Western Div Culver City, C
04732	Filtron Co., Inc. Western Div Culver City, C
04773	Automatic Electric Co Northlake,
04706	Sequoja Wire Co Redwood City, C
04811	Precision Coll Spring Co El Monte, C
04870	P. M. Mator Company Westchester.
04910	Component Mfg. Service Co W. Bridgewater, Ma
	Twentieth Century Plastics, Inc Los Angeles, C
06006	the set of
06000 06277	Westinghouse Electric Com, bemiconductor Debt.
	Westinghouse Electric Corp. Semiconductor Dept.

05347	Ultronix, Inc
05397	Union Cathine Corp., Elect. Div New York, N.Y
	Manual Contrary Contrary Contrary (1987) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1
05574	Viking Ind. Inc Cannga Park, Cat.
00000	tenre Electro-Plastics Inc Sumryvale, Cal.
05616	Couno Plastic (c)o Electrical Spec. Co.)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
05624	Barber Cohnan Co Rockford, III.
	Tillen Optical Co Roslyn Heights, Long Island, N.Y.
05728	Finen infrigation - Fineran Traikure Proble istatut 2.4.
05728	Metro-Tel Corp Westhury, N.Y.
05783	Stewart Engineering Co Santa Cruz, Cal.
00820	Wakeftely Engineering Inc Wakefteld, Mass.
00004	Bassick Co., Div. of Stewart Warner Corp.
	and the second s
06090	Raychem Corp Redwood City, Cal.
03175	Hausch and Lomb Optical Co Rochester, N.Y.
06402	E.T.A. Products Co. of America Chicago, III.
06540	Amatom Electronic Hardware Co., Inc.
	New Rochelle, N.Y.
06555	Beede Electrical Instrument Co., Inc Penacook, N.H.
	presse spectrum production with some price of perperiods, p. 1.
08086	General Devices Co., Inc Indianapolis, Ind.
06761	Components Inc., Ariz, Div Phoenix, Arizona
05812	Torrington Mig. Co., West Div Van Nuys, Cal.
06680	Valian Assoc, Etmor Div San Carlos, Cal.
07088	Retvin Electric Co. Van Nuvs Cat
07126	Belvin Electric Co Van Nuys, Cal. Digitran Co Pasadena, Cal.
071.87	Departments in the second sec second second sec
	Transistor Electronics Corp Minneapolis, Minn.
07138	Westinghouse Electric Corp., Electronic Tube Div.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
07140	Filmohm Corp. (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997)
07233	Cinch-Graphik Co City of Industry, Cal.
07256	Bilicon Transistor Corp Carle Place, N.Y.
07261	Avitet Corp
	Avnet Corp
07265	Fairshild Camera & Inst. Corp., Semiconductor Div.
	s a s s s s s s s s s s s s s s Mountain View, Cal.
07822	Minecota Bubber Co Minneapolis, Minn.
07387	Blacher Corp. The Monterey Park, Cal.
07307	Sylvania Elect, Prod. Inc., Mt. View Operations
	manhatak manangka kanangka ka
07700	Technical Wire Products Inc
07820	Bodine Elect. Co Chicago, Ill.
07910	Continental Device Corp
07033	Raytheon Mig. Co., Semiconductor Div,
07080	Heiner M. Backard Co., Boonton Radio Div.
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	and the second second second second Huckaway, Nat.
08140	U.S. Engineering Co 1 08 Angeles, Cal.
08280	Blinn, Delbert Co Pomona, Cal.
онльн	Blinn, Delbert Co Pomona, Cal. Burgess Hattery Co
08824	Drutsch Fastener Com
08664	Dentral Phys. Theorem 1 and 1
08717	Deutsch Fastener Corp
	contracompany as a second second valley, Cal.
08718	FUE Cannon Electric Inc., Phoenix Div. Phoenix, Arizona
08727	riational itanto habi inci si si si si si si paramus, N.J.
08702	CBS Electronics Semiconductor Operations, Div. of CBS
	these shares a start share share howell, Mana,
	the second se
ANNRAA	- Cannobal Flowbin Cas - Ministras Lasurs David
ONBOG	Ceneral Electric Co., Miniature Lamp Dept.
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
08084	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Bahcock Relays Div , , , , , , , , , Costa Mesa, Cal. Texas Capacitor Co , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145	Mel-Rain
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Bahcock Relays Div. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Costa Mesa, Cal. Texas Capacitor Co. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Houston, Texas Tech. Ind. Ine. Atohin Efect. , , , , , , , Burbank, Cal. Electro Assemblics, Inc. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , Cleveland, Ohio Bahcock Relays Div Costa Mesa, Cat. Texas Capacitor Co Boubank, Cat. Tech. Ind. Ine. Atolun Efect Burbank, Cat. Electro Assemblics, Inc
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353 09353 09569 09022	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09250 09353 09569	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353 09353 09569 09022	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
08084 08026 09134 09145 09145 09353 09353 09569 09022	Mel-Rain , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Manufacturar

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# Section VI Replaceable Parts

# Table B-1, Cade List of Manufacturers (Cont)

Cri¦a N⊎,	Manufacturar Aik-1-466	Suda No.
10411	Were have the second	
10046	TieTai, line, a statistica a statistica a Berketey, Cat. Carborumium Co Niagara Palla, N.Y.	10689 19644
11236	CTS of Berne, Inc.	19701
11237	Chicago Tylephone of California, Inc.	20183
	Bay State Electronics Corp Waltham, Mass.	21226
13242	Bay State Electronics Corp Waltham, Mass.	21300
11112	Teledyne Inc., Microware Div Palo Atto, Cal.	21620
1001	National Seat Downey, Cal.	20042
11458	Precision Connector Corp	20780
11711	Duncan Electronics Inc Costa Mesa, Cal. General Instrument Corp., Semiconductor Division, Prod-	24605
	uets Group Newark, N.J.	24681
11717	Imperial Electronic, Inc	26365
11870	Melalas, Inc Pato Alto, Cal.	26462
12136	Philadelphia Handle Co Conden, N.J.	26861
12061	Bany & Mfg. Co., Inc	26002
12674 12607	Bulton Ind. Inc., Data System Div. Albuqu'nque, S.M.	28480
12720	Clarostat Mfg. Co Dover, N.H. Elmar Filter Corp W. Baven, Conn.	28620 36817
12860	Nippon Electric Co., Ltd	33153
12881	Metex Electronics Corp.	35434
12030	Metex Electronics Corp	46106
12054	- Dickion Ricetronics Corp Scottidale, Arizona	
13010	Airco Supply Co., Inc Witchita, Baissas	16267
13103	Thermolloy Dallas, Texas	<b>10 m</b>
13306 13635	Telefunken (Ombil) Hanover, Germany Midland-Wright Div. of Pacific Industries, Inc.	47842
14040	anomany right free of racial transfiles, the,	30543 40920
14000	Sem-Tech Newhury Park, Cal.	42180
14195	Calif. Benintor Corp Santa Monica, Cal.	13990
14208	American Componenti, Inc. 👝 🦕 Conshohneken, Pa. 👘	44665
14488	ITT Semiconductor, A Div, of Int. Telephone &	46884
	Telegraph Corporation West Palm Beach, Fla.	47004
14498	Hewlett-Packard Company (1999) Loveland, Colo,	48620
14674	Cornell Dublier Electric Corp Newark, N.J. Corning Glass Works Commg. N.Y.	40856 52000
14762	Effective Cube lines	62083
14060	Willia, - Mfg. Co	64204
15106	The Sphere Co., Inc. 1999 The Sphere Co., Inc. 1999	55026
15200	Webster Electronics Co New York, N.Y.	bbbaa
15287	Scionics Corp Northridge, Cal.	ббилн
10201	Adjustable Bushing Co N. Hollywood, Cal. Micron Electronics Garden City, Long Island, N.Y.	8. at 1. 15 M
15566	Anaprobe Inst. Corp Lynbrook, N.Y.	66187 66289
15631	Cabletroniew – C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. Conta Mesa, Pal	69446
15772	Twentieth Century Coll Spring Co	507.00
16801	Twentieth Century Coll Spring Co. Santa Clara, Col. Fenwal Reet. Inc. Strain Context Promingham, Mass,	60741
10816	Ameleo Inc Mountain View, Cal.	61775
16037 16179	Spruce Pine Mics Co Spruce Pine, N.C.	
10770	Omni-Spectra Inc Detroit, Ill. Computer Diode Corp	$62110 \\ 63743$
16585	Boots Aircraft Nut Corp	64050
IGGBB	Ideal Pres, Meter Co., Inc., De Jur Meter Div,	65092
	and the second second second second second Brooklyn, N.Y.	66295
16768	Delco Radio Div. of G.M. Corp	66346
17100	Thermometics (new second	Bababa.
17675	Tranes Company Mountain View, Cal. Bamlin Metal Products Corp Akion, Ohio	70276 70300
17740	Angatrahm Prec. Inc No. Hollywood, Cal.	70318
17850	Siliconia Inc Sunnyvale, Cal.	70417
17870	McGraw-Edition Co Manchester, N.H.	70486
16042	Power Design Pacific Inc. A state of the Palo Alto, Cal.	70563 /
18083	Clevite Corp., Semiconductor Div Palo Alto, Cal.	70674
18324 18324	Signetics Corp	70903 1
18476 18486	Ty-Car Mfg. Co., Inc Hollinton, Mans, TRW Elect. Comp. Div Des Plaines, Ill.	70998 1 71002 1
16083	Curtis Instrument, Inc.	71002   71034
18612	Vishay Instruments Inc.	71041 1
18873	E.I. DuPont and Co., Inc	
18011	Durant Mfg. Co Milwaukee, Wis.	71218 B
19315	The Bendly Corp., Navigation & Control Div,	71270 C
10844	and a state of the	71286 0
19200	Thomas A. Edison Industries, Div. of McGraw-Edison Co	71313 C 71400 B
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	LAD?	(MAILUTAETUTE)	Aditrata
	10580	Сонска за се	Bubby in Dash 29at
	18644	- LHC Electronics - C. C. C. C. C.	Hurscheads N.V.
	19701	Flettra Mill, Co.	Intracintence Ramas
	20183	— General Atronics Corp	Diiladelubia, Da
	21226	Executione, the	tanna latanat zhira. Al Al-
	21300	Fallin Brating Co., The	New Initian Come
	21020	Panhari Melaliyangal Comp.	N Chienan III
	20042	Texsean Corp. British Radio Electromes Ltd.	. Indianatualis, Ind
	20783	British Radio Electromes Ltd.	. Washington, h.C.
i	24405	— O.E. LAMP HIMMOD Nela	Park, Cleveland, Ohm
	24600	General Radio Co.	West Property Mars
	24681	Mement Inc., Comm. Div.	Huntington hol
	20365	KARIN'N KUNISTANANIN'N'N' C'ANDA	NYATSA IPANARIA NY KIA
	26462	<ul> <li>GOUDTEFILE CO. OF AMERICA, INC.</li> </ul>	Carbialt, N.J.
	26861	- COMPACTIONNAL CO	Hollister Col
	20002	Hemilton Watch Co	Lansactes Da
	28480	TRADUCE CONTO	Data Alba atal
	28620	Reymon Mig. Co	Kenilworth, N.J.
	10817	Instrument Specialties Co., Inc	Lattle Falls, N.J.
	83153	Heyman Mtg. Co. Bistrument Specialties Co., Inc. G.E. Receiving Tube Dept. Lectiohin Inc.	Owenshino, Ry.
	35434	Bestiohin Inc. A statistical statistics	Chicago, III.
	46106	oronwere con runners, l'm'	
		A CALE A CALE A CALE A HAWKEN	MIN, Ontario, Canada
	16287	Commingham, W.H. & Hill, Ltd.	
		Tob	mb), Ontario, Canada
	17142	P.R. Mallury & Co. Las	hadd as a subar back
	90049	Merhanical Industris & Prof. Co. Miniature Precision Bearings, Inc.	Akron, Ohio
	40920	Miniature Precision Bearings, Inc.	Krew NH
	42180	- MMMPT COL	Chicaga 10
	13990	VA DURING CO	Finites and that
	44665	Olimite Mfg. Co. Penn Eng. & Mfg. Corp.	Staline 11
	46884	Penn Eng. & Mig. Com.	Doviestowa Pa
	47004	Polamid Corp. Preciden Thermometer & Inst. Co.	Cambridge, Mass
	48620	Precision Thermometer & Inst. Co.	Southannation Da
	40056	Microwave & Power Tube Div.	Waltham Mass
	52000	WUMON CONTINUES CO.	Wasshannianshim Mul
	02083	Sanborn Company	Waltham Max
	64204	Shallenna Mig. Co.	Salara N et
	66026	Simpson Electric Co.	Plainana III
	ббраа	SUBBLORE COM	Indexes it as the back of
	ббилн	Roytheon Co, Commercial Apparatus	A System Div
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ka Nama dle Paris
	66137	Spaulding Fibre Co., Inc.	Tonawanda N V
	00386	Spaulding Fibre Co., Inc. Spragoe Electric Co.	North Adams, Mass
	01144		111 1 1 1 1
	60730	I IPPITIAN & BUILD CO	1 Mizalatis N 1
	00741		
	61776	- Copput Switch and Signal, Div. of We	Almhanise Ane Deales
		1 · • •	Dirachassan, inc
	62110	Whitehal Electric Ca	Physics Adv. 5
	63743	Ward-Leonard Electric Co.	. Mt. Verann, N.Y.
	64050	Western Electric Co., Inc.	New York, N.Y.
	660992	Ward-Loonand Electric Co. Western Electric Co., Inc. Weston Inst. Inc. Weston-Newark Witted Miss Co.	Newark, N.J.
	66295		C history (1)
	01340	- minimum anappik is ank, Co. Reven-	Milleration (1)s
			<ul> <li>St. Paul, Minn.</li> </ul>
	70276	AIPH STR. CO	Barren and Alaman
	70300	Alled Control	Name March At Mr
	70318	Augustal acrew Product Co. Too	Alasilian attain he he
	70417	Amplex, Div, of Chrysler Corp.	· · · Detroit, Mich.
	70486 70563	Amplex, Day, of Chrysler Corp. Atlantic India Rubber Works, Inc.	<ul> <li>Chicago, 10.</li> </ul>
		mapping co., inc.	Union Pite N.F
	70674	ADC Products Inc.	Atomassis Atoms
	70903 70998	nemen ang. Co,	t'hisan Hi
	IVUUD	and cherme com.	Charaland Maa
	11002	131F114J4F73 (CA116) C 15	Name Market Market
	111114	HIMPY FARAME CO., Inc.	Exta Da
	11041	poston dear works Div. of Mutray Co.	af Texas
	****		- Quincey, Mass.
	71218	nna kado luc.	Will and the Phone
		Somoriake incrinomex Com	Panalakislas Mass
	1.1.2.12.13	Campor Pangeber Colla.	. Parannis Not
		GHUWEU CHIMENNEY COM	المنفلات المنفلات
	71400	Busamann Mfg, Div, of McGraw-Edison	Co. St.Louis, Mo.
		From: Han	Book Supplements

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00015-46 Revised: October 1969

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rom: Handbook Supplements 114-1 Dated AUGUST 1966

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# Table 6-4, Code List of Manufacturers (Cont)

Code No.	Manufacturer A	idrass	Code No.	Manufacturer Andross
71436	Chicago Condenser Corp	(o, <u>41</u> 1.	777114	Resistance Products Co Harr shore, Pa.
71447	Calif. Spring Co., Inc Piero-River	ց, Ըցի. Հայուն	77000 78180	Bubbercraft Corp. of Calif
71480 71468	CTS Corp Eddiar PTT Cannon Electric Inc Los Angele	1, 1001. 1. Pal	78977	Suma Statute, Mass. So. Walnurg, Mass.
71471	Cinema, Div. Aerovox Corp Burban	k, Cal	78283	Signal Indice or Company, and a start of New York, N.Y.
71482	C.P. Chare & Co. And Annual Annua	80, III.	78200	Struthers Durin Inc. Pitman, N.J. Thompson-Bremer & Co
71600	Centralah Div. of Globe Union Inc Milwauker Commercial Plastics Co	r, Wis. 10	78452 78171	Thingson-permet & Co
71616 71700	Comita Wire Co., The analysis and a set of the Work	. N.Y.	78488	Stacknole Carbon Co St. Marys, Pa.
71707	Cuto Coil Co., Irean and a single and a Providence	e, B.I.	78403	Standard Thomson Corp. 7, 777, 777, Wallham, Mass.
71744	Chicago Minjature Lamp Works	90, III.	78653 78780	Tinnerman Products, Inc Cleveland, Orbo Transformer Engineers San Golpfel, Col-
71780 71984	Clinch Mfg. Co., Howard B. Jones Div Chica Dow Corning Corp Midland,	Mich.	78047	Beinne Po Newtonville, Mass
72136	Electro Motive Mfg. Co., Inc Williambbr.	Conn.	78336	Wantes Kohimour Inc Long Island City, N.Y.
72610	Dialight Corp Brooklyn	), N.Y.	70142 70251	Vecder Root, Inc Hartford, Cont. Wenco Mfg. Co
72666 72608	Initiana General Corp., Electronics Div	y, 1151. k. N.J.	70727	Continental-Wirt Electronics Corp. 1, 1, Philadeoptics, Pro-
72765	Drake Mfg. Co Harwood Heigh	146, III.	70063	Ziersch Mig. Corp New Rochelle, N.Y.
72826	High H. Eby Inc Philadelph	161, Par 111 - 111	80031 80033	Megeo Division of Sessions Clock Co. – Monristown, S.J. Prestole Corp. –
72028 72062	Budeman Co	695 m. 6. N.J.	80120	Schutzer Alloy Postuch Co. A state and Elizabeth, Not-
72044	Robert M. Hadley Co. Analysis and a standard	n, Cal.	80131	Electronic Industries Association, Any Brand Tube
72082	Erie Technological Products, Inc.	rte, Pa.	80207	meeting EIA Standards-Washington, D.C. Unimax Switch, Div, Maxon Electronics Corp.
74061 74076	Hansen Mfg. Co., Inc Princetor B.M. Barner Co	po, 111.	111,411,1	Wallingford, Com.
73138	Helipot Div, of Beckman Inst. Inc Fullerto		80223	United Transformer Corp New York, N.Y. Oxford Electric Corp Chrongo, W.
73203	- Hughes Products Distaion of Hughes Aircraft Co. A statistic statistic statistics of the Newport Brac	ls rat	80248 80204	BOORD ENGLISH CORP. C. S.
73445	Amprices Elect, Co.	N.Y.	80411	Area Div. of Robertshaw Controls Co , Columbus, Obb
73506	Bradley Semiconductor Corp New Haven,	Совр. —	80486	All Star Products Inc Definites Ohio Avery Label Co Monrovia, Col.
73669 73686	Carling Electric, Inc	COBB, a N.I	80500 80583	Hammarhand Co., Inc Mars Hill, N.C.
73682	George R. Garrett Co., Div. MSL Industries Inc.		E0040	Stevens, Arnold, Co., Inc. and a state of the Boston, Mass.
	and a start sta	da, Pa.	80813 81030	Dimen Grav Co. (1997), a statistication of Davion, Obio- International Instruments Inc. (1997), a statinge, Conn. (1997)
73734 73743	Federal Screw Products Inc Chika Fischer Special Mfg. Co Chicianati		61073	- Orayhill Co Latimine, III
73703	General Industries Co., The A. S. S. S. S. S. Elyria	, Ohio	81005	Trian Transformer Corp. A state and a state Venter, Cal.
73846	Goshen Stamping & Tool Co Goshe	n, Ind.	81812	Winchester Elec, Dis, Litton Ind., Inc. – Oakville, Comb. – Military Specification – ,
73890 73995	- JFD Electronics Corp Broodlyn - Jennings Radio Mfg. Corp San Jos	1, 1875 as. Cal.	81049 81483	Anternational Rechtfer Corp El Sugundo, Cal.
73967	Ginnye Pin Corp.		81041	Airpax Electronics, Inc. 1999 Cambridge, Maryland
74276	Signalite Inc		81860	Barry Controls, Div. Barry Wight Corp.
74460 74861	J.H. Winns, and Sons Winchester Industrial Condenser Corp	, 31485 Rot. 111.	82042	Carter Precision Electric Co
74868	It.F. Products Division of Amphenol-Borg Electroni	1. P	82047	Sperti Faraday Inc., Conner Hewitt Electric Div.
	Corp Danhury. E.F. Johnson Co	Conn. Minn	82116	Electric Regulator Corp Norwalk, Conn.
74070 75042	International Resistance Co.	, orinn. 114, Pø.	82142	Jeffers Electronics Division of Speer Carbon Co.
75263	- Reystone Cathon Co., Inc St. Mar	ya, Pu.		A standard by the standard by
70378	CTS Knights Inc	ich, III. NA	82170	Fanchild Camera & Inst. Corp., Space & Defense Systems Div
75382 75818	Lenz Electric Mip, Co.	1, 19, 19, 1995, 111,	82209	Magazie Industries, Inc. 1997 Constant Chremwich, Conu.
76915	<ul> <li>Littlefuse, Inc. 1999 (1999)</li> <li>Littlefuse, Inc. 1999 (1999)</li> </ul>	186, <u>1</u> 11	82210	- Sylvania Electric Prod. Inc., Electronic Tube Division
76008	Loni Mfg. Co En - C.W. Marwedel San Francisc	rte, Pal. 55. Cat	82376	Astron Corp
76210 76433	- C, w, Biarweiter (1997), a construction of the production General Instrument Corp., Micamold Division	• * <sub>5</sub> × 11 is	82380	Switcherall, Inc. Statistics of the state of the Chicago, Ill.
	Newar	k, N.J.	82647	Metals & Controls Inc., Spencer Products
78487 78403	James Millen Mfg. Co., Inc Malden J.W. Miller Co Jos Angel	r Digan. es. Cal	82768	Phillips-Advance Control Co Johnt, Ill.
76403	CincleMonadnock, Div. of United Cerr Fastener Co	тр.	82866	Research Products Corp Mulison, Wis-
	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a Ban Leandr	ro, Cal.	82877	Rollron Mlg. Co., Inc Woodstock, N.Y. Vector Electronic Co Glendate, Cal.
76545	Mueller Electric Co Cleveland National Union	1, Oha) 4 N J	82893 83058	Carr Fastener Co Cambrilge, Mass.
76703 76884	Dak Manufacturing Co.	ike, 111.	BBOBB	New Hampshire Ball Bearing, Inc Peterborough, N.H.
77068	The Bendix Corp., Electrodynamics Div.		83125	General Instrument Corp., Capacitor Div.
77075	Pacific Metals Co	10, CAL 30, Cal.	83148	TTT Wire and Cable Div Los Angeles, Cal.
77221	Phanmitran Instrument and Electronic Co.	1	83186	Victory Eng. Corp. 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 8 pringheld, N.J.
	But the second and With Press. So, Pasade	ja, Cal,	83208 83315	Bendix Corp., Red Bank Div Red Bank, Nol. Hubbell Corp Mumbelein, BL
77262 77342	<ul> <li>Philadelphia Steel and Wire Corp Philadelph</li> <li>American Machine &amp; Foundry Co. Potter &amp; Brumii</li> </ul>		83324	Rosan Inc
11111	Div, a construction of a construction of the Princeto	n, Ind.	83330	- Smith, Berman R., Pieler, A. C. C. C. J. Brooklyn, N.Y
77630	TRW Electronic Components Div Camde	m, N.J.	83332 85385	Tech Labs Palisades Park, N.J. Central Screw Co Chicago, III
77638	General Instrument Corp., Rectifier Div. Brookly	11. 14. 1.	04480	
00015-				From: Handbook Supplements 114-1 Dated AUGUST 1006
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# Section VI Replaceable Parts

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# Table 6-4. Code List of Manufacturers (Cont)

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Code			Cude		
Nø,	Manufacturar	Address	No,	Manufacturar	Address
варот	<ul> <li>Gavits Wire and Cable Co., Div. of Americae Co.</li> </ul>		94144		rattorn.
83594	- Burrought Corp Electronic Tube Div	ntield, N.J.	1741 AN	Sets nuffle Electronics Products, Inc 1,	Quincy, Mars.
88740	Union Carbide Corp. Consumer Prod. Div.			🗉 WERDER EDEL, COLD., TUDRASH HIV. 👘 🔬 👘	Newarle, N.J.
83777	<ul> <li>Model England Mfg., Inc. 11, 11, 11, 11</li> </ul>	nation, Ind.	94107	Curtine Wright Curp. Electronics Div.	
- 80621 80642	Loyd Seniggs Co	čenturi, Mire, 👘	04222	South Chester Com	Christian Da
84171	Areo Electronics inc.	Neck, N.Y.	04000 04075		Bellwood, DL
84400 84411	<ul> <li>A.J. Olevener Co., Inc.</li> <li>A.J. Olevener Co., Inc.</li> <li>A.J. Olevener Co., Inc.</li> </ul>	ichard, Cal.	94682	WORCENTER PRESSED A hominum Cross	abouting Black
84970	TRW Capacitor Div	illála, Neh. aitan, Ind.	94606 05023	Magneeralt Electric Co.	Chicago III
нрчрч	<ul> <li>Boonton Molding Company</li> <li>Low Line</li> </ul>	inton, N.J.	95236	George A. Philbrick Researchers, Inc. Allies Products Corp.	HOMDIN, MANN.
88471 88474	A.B. Boyd Co	iriari), Cal. mixen Pal	05238	— Continental Connector Cont. 🔍 🔍 🤍	modado, S.V
врцео	Kolled Konda, Inc. A statistical statistics and the state of the state	ien, Conn.	95263 95265	Loveralt Mfg. Co., Inc. And Annual Coll Co., Social Sciences of Sciences (Sciences) (Sci	at Island, N.Y.
- 88913 - 86174	Seamless Rubber Co	hicano, ill.	00270	Villamon, Inc	history for the second
80107	– Cliffon Pochion Products Co., Inc. – Cliffon h	aights, Pa.	95348 95354	- Complex Complete a construction of the construction of the complex of the construction of the constructi	aandicht N.J
86670	<ul> <li>Presion Rubber Products Corp.</li> <li>, , , , Date</li> </ul>	vion. Ohlo	85566	Methode Mfg. Co	Makadana tit
86084	Radio Corp. of America, Electronic Comp. & D	evices Div. Ekon Not	86712 05083	Dape Election Co., Inc.	Franklin Ind
86028	- Seastrom Mfg. Co.	infale. Cat	05883 85987	Siemon Mfg. Co	Wayne, III.
87034 87216	Marco Industries	heim, Cal.	96067	BURTOWAVE A MORE WEST THE CONTRACT SALES SA	unnyyalo rtal
87478	<ul> <li>Western Filmous Glass Printpets Co</li></ul>	ciari, Cal.	06095 96256	DEQ DIVERTALIANON Com.	, Dhean N.M
87664	Van Waters & Rogers L.C. San Fran	elico, Cal.	96296	Thordarson deissner Inc	Angeles Pat
87000 88140	Tower Mfg. Corp Provid Cutlep Hammer, Inc	bence, R.J.	06306 96300	aspronawited, Div. of Mine Alignmean effects	Freeman HL
88220	– Good- National Batteries, Inc. 77, 77, 78, 9	aut. Minn.	86341	Carllon Screw Co. Microwave Associates, Inc.	Chirago, III
88698 80231	General Mills, Inc	Tabo, N.Y.	96601	Excel Transbarmer Co.	Oakland, Cal
80473	Braybar Electric Co	lady, N.Y.	86508 86733	- Ascring the provident of the contract of the	ad Park - N M
N9605	- United Trainformer Co. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	nicano, 40.	DUBRI	San Fernando Elect. Mig. Co San F Thomson Int. Inc Long	a Islandi N M
90030 90170	United Shoe Machinery Corp	9195 Mass. 1945	07464 07640	- PROPERTIES REPORTED IN THE PROPERTY OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A D	minutua N.I
	a service service a service ser	Mate, N.J.	07070	Automatic & Precision Mig	descoud Not
00763 00070	United Carr Fastener Corp Bearing Engineering Co	vicago, III.	07084	- DHUUD DYNUM DRE, AddebWeiliek Commun.	This
91148	- ITT Cannon Elect, Inc., Salem Div	lein, Mass.	98141	Refronce, Inc.	nchelle, N.Y.
91200 91345	Connor Spring Mig. Co San Fran	riaco, Cal.	98150	ANDDER FEER, THE,	Cambridge (20.4)
01040	Miller Diat & Nameplate Co	OBIE, Cal. Means III	88220 98278	- HEWPEPPERBOR COL MANIES DR. D	analena Pal
91606	- Augul Due, a cara a cara a cara a cara Attleh	oro, Muss.	01211	Microdot, Inc	asadeina (Pal
91637 91562	Dale Electronics, Inc Colum Eleo Corp	nu, Rebr.	08376	- KERD BIRLED	เมษิกรมโก สวนจิ
01737	- Gremer Mig. Co., Inc	ehd. Mass.	98410 08731	Ete free General Mills Inc., Electronics Div. Minner	koland rilin
01827 01886	R F Development Co Redwood Malco Mfg. Co., Inc Cl	City, Cal.	06734	-PAPED DAV. OF New Jeff Parkant Part - Da	dia Alias Mal
91929	- Roneywell Inc., Micro Switch Div. 🚬 👘 🖓	enort, 10.	08821 08078	DOMAD HOUS Electronics, Die	n this of NAM
9196) 92180	- Nahim Brok, Spring Co	laml, Cal	001400	International Electronic Research Corp. B Colombia Technical Corp. New	Vial NY
92367	Tru-Connector Corp Pealo Elgert Optical Co., Inc	HIY, MANK MOR. N.Y	00312 00378	VIIIII AMPLALM 5	ala khia ayak
02607	- Tennomie Innofated Whe Co., Inc	IND. N.Y.	80616	Atles Corp. Wine Morshall Ind., Capacitor Div. Ma	левіте, Макь.
02702 02066	MC Magnetics Corp Westbury, Long M Hudson Lamp Co	and, N.Y.	00707	A COMPANY SWITCH DIVIDION, CONTROL CO. OF ANY	Rhea
93532	<ul> <li>Siyvahia Electric Prod. Inc., Temiconductor Div.</li> </ul>			NIN STREET	consister Plat
95369	Wohn we wanted a state of the Wohn	im, Mass.	ponyn	Delevan Electronics Corp Fast A Wilco Corporation	and a second
93410	Robbins & Myers Inc Pallisades   Stemeo Controls, Div. of Essex Wire Corp.	Park, N.J.	0.0020		hanana we k
	A State of the sta	eld, Ohlo	******	Rembrandt, Inc	and and the second
03632 93929	Waters Mfg. Co	Pity, Pat		Experience and the second s	s. Monte, Cal.
94137	General Cable Corp.	onie, N.J.	00067	TECHNOLOGY INMUSIMENT COMP. of Calif.	
The foll	owing HP Vendors have no number assigned to the		nent to the l	Provident Supply Could for Manufactures of the	y Path, Cal,
onone	Martines Presest and the			a consideration water the product destruction (190001)	лня <b>к</b> ,

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From: Handbook Supplements H4-1 Dated AUGUST 1066



# SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

# 7-1, INTRODUCTION

7.2. This section contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. In addition, information about recommended modifications for improvements to the instruments is provided.

# 7.3, MANUAL CHANGES

7-4. To adapt this manual to your instrument, refer to Table 7-1 and make all of the manual changes listed opposite your instrument serial number,

7-F. If your instrument and serial number is not listed on the title page of this manual or in Table 7-1 below, 6 may be documented in a yellow MANUAL CHANGES supplement, For additional important information concerning serial number coverage refer to INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section 1.

7.6. Some schematic diagrams may contain a "dagger" symbol near components which have changes or have been added during the life of the instrument. The "dagger" refers to Table 7.2, Summary of Changes by Component, beformation from this table in conjunction with ' formation from Table 7.1 may be used to determine if the change applies to the ' istrument being serviced,

Table 7-1,	Manual	Changes I	JУ	Serial	I	amher
------------	--------	-----------	----	--------	---	-------

Berial Prefix or Nur	niter	naliges
936-	А, В	
940-	13	

► NEW ITEM

# CHANGE A

Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

Change A2C14 and A2C36 to HP Part No. 0160 2204, C: FXD MICA 100PF 5%,

Page 6-5, Table 6-2: Change A2L1 and A2L7 to HP Part No. 9100-1664, COIL/CHOKE 3000 UH 5%.

Page 8-13, Figure 8-14t Change A2C14 and A2C36 to 100 pF. Change A2L1 and A2L7 to 3 mH.

# CHANGE B

Page 6-3, Table 6-2: Delete A1R42 through A1R44.

Page 8-17, Figure 8-18: Delete A1R42 through A1R44. Section VII Manual Changes

Model 8414A

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AL	A2	AB	A-i	Chassis (No Prefix)
	C14 @ C36 L1, 7			
R42-44	Q7, 8, 11, ① 12, 22, 23, 26, 27			
• with new part,	- <del>I</del>			
	R42-44	$\begin{array}{c} C14 & \textcircled{0}\\ C36\\ L1, 7\\ R42-44 & \fbox{0}7, 8, 11, \textcircled{0}\\ 12, 22, 23, \\ 26, 27 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C14     ②       C36     L1, 7       R42-44     Q7, 8, 11, ①       12, 22, 23, 26, 27

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# Table 7-2. Summary of Changes by Component

<sup>2</sup>Replace with original part,

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Section VIII Service

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Item	Critical Specifications	Recommended HP Model
Oscillator	Frequency Range: 280 (±50) kHz and 1 (±0.1) kHz Output Level: variable from 0 to 3.0 Vrms Output Impedance: 50 to 600 ohms	200CD, 651A
DC Power Supply	Output: -5 Vde	6213A
Oscilloscope	Vertical: Minimum bandwidth 5 MHz Minimum sensitivity 10 mV/em Input: de and ne Horizontal: Range: 1 µsec/em to 5 µsec/em	180A with 1801A and 1821A
Network Analyzer	No Substitute May be Used.	8410A with 8411A or 8407A
Sweep Oscillator	Frequency Range: Any frequency within the operating range of the Network Analyzer.	8690A with RF unit as required (see Note 1)
20-dB Attenuator	Impedance: 50 ohms nominal Attenuation: 20 dB ±3 dB SWR: 1.3 max (1 kHz and 280 kHz) Connector: BNC	8491A with N to BNC adapters (see Note 2)
Transducer	Frequency Range: Same as Sweep Oscillator	8740A, 8741A, 8742A, 8743A or 8745A (see Note 3)
Service Cable (sup- plied with 8410A or 8407A)	No Substitute May he Used	HP Part No. 08410-6032
High Voltage DCVM	Range: 0 to 6 kV Accuracy: ±10% of reading Input Impedance: ≥12G ohms	410B with 11044A volt- age divider probe.

# Table 8-1. Recommended Test Equipment

1.1.11111111

<sup>1</sup>For 8407A Networi: Analyzers Model 86017 (oweep Oscillator may be used,

<sup>2</sup>Oscilluscope 10:1 divider probe, such as HP Model 10003A may be used in place of 20-dB attenuator.

3For 8407A Network Analyzers use HP Model 11561A or BNC Tee.

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# SECTION VIII SERVICE

# **B-1. INTRODUCTION.**

8-2. This section contains principles of operation, circuit descriptions, troubleshooting procedures, schematic diagrams and repair procedures.

## 8-3, PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION,

8-4. A description of the simplified block diagram and general principles of operation are presented on the first foldout. A detailed block diagram description is presented on the back of the foldout preceding the diagram. Schematic circuit descriptions are given on the back of the foldout preceding each schematic diagram.

# 8-5. TROUBLESHOOTING.

8-6. An equipment setup and preliminary instructions for all troubleshooting procedures are given in Figure 8-4. Troubleshooting procedures for the block diagram and each schematic are on the back of the foldout preceding the block diagram and each schematic.

## 8-7. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT,

8-8. The test instruments and accessories required for troubleshooting are listed in Taple 8-1. Test instruments other than those listed can be used provided their performance equals or exceeds the Critical Specifications listed.

8-9, REPAIR.

8-10. Part Location Aids.

8-11. The locations of adjustments, chassismounted parts and major assemblies are shown on the last foldout. The locations of individual components mounted on a printed circuit board are shown opposite the related schematic diagram. The part reference designator may be found from the schematic diagram, then located on the board.

8-12. Circuit Board Repair,

8-13. The printed circuit boards in the 8414A are of the plated-through type consisting of metallic

conductors bonded to both sides of insulating material. Soldering can be done from either side of the board with equally good results. Table 8-2 lists required tools and materials. Following are recommendations and precautions pertinent to printed eircuit repair work.

a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit hoard and adjacent components.

b. Do not use a high-power soldering iron. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.

c. Use a suction device (Table 8-2) or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes. Do not use a sharp metal object such as an awl or twist drill for this purpose. Sharp objects may damage the plated-through conductor.

d. After soldering, remove excess flux from the soldered area and apply a protective coating to prevent contamination and corrosion. See Table 8-2 for recommendations.

8-14. A broken or burned section of conductor can be repaired by bridging the dameged section with a length of tinned copper wire, Allow adequate overlap and remove any varnish from the conductor before soldering wire into place.

## 8-15. Component Replacement.

8-16. A general procedure for replacing a component is as follows:

a. Remove defective component from circuit board.

b. Remove solder from mounting holes using a suction desoldering aid (Table 8-2) or wooden toothpick.

c. Shape leads or replacement component to match mounting hole spacing.

d. Insert component leads into mounting holes and position component as original was posi-

Item	ประ	Specification	Item Recommended
Soldering Too)	Soldering Unsoldering	Wattage Ratings: 37.5 Tip Temp: 750 800°F Tip Size: 1/8'' OD	Ungar #776 Handle with Ungar #1237 Heating Unit
Soldering Tip general pur- pose	Soldering Unsoldering	Shape: chisel Size: 1/8**	Ungar #PL113
De-soldering nid	Unsoldering multiconnec- tion components (e.g., sockets)	Suction device to remove molten solder from connection	Soldapullt by the Edsyn Company, Arleta, California
Resin (flux) solvent	Remove excess flux from soldered area hefore appli- cation of protective conting	Must not dissolve etched circuit base board material or conductor bonding agent	Freon Acetone Lacquer Thinner Isopropyl Aleohol (1003 dry)
Solder	Component Replacement Circuit Board repair Wiring	Resix (flux) core, high tin content (60/40 tin/lend), 18 gauge (SWG) preferred	
Protective Coating	Contamination, corrosion protection after soldering	Good electrical insulation, corrosion prevention prop- erties	GE DR1 FILM 88, General Electric Co., Silicone Products Dept., Waterford, New York

Table 8-2,	Printed	Circuit	Soldering	Equipment
------------	---------	---------	-----------	-----------

tioned, Do not force leads of replacement component into mounting holes, Sharp lead ends may damage plated-through conductor.

# Note

Axial lead components, such as resistors and tubular capacitors, can be replaced without unsoldering. Clip leads near body of defective component, remove component and straighten leads left in board. Wrap leads of replacement component one turn around original leads. Solder wrapped connection and clip off excess lead.

# 8-17. Transistor Replacement.

8-18. A general procedure for replacing a transistor is as follows:

a. Do not apply excessive heat. See Table 8-2 for soldering tool specifications.

b. Use a heat sink such as pliers or hemostat between transistor body and hot soldering iron.

c. When installing a replacement transistor, ensure sufficient lead length to dissipate heat of soldering by maintaining about the same length of exposed lead as and for original transistor.

# 8-19. Diode Replacement.

8-20. Solid state diodes are in many physical forms. This sometimes results in confusion as to which lead or connection is for the cathode (negative) or anode (positive), since not all diodes are marked with the standard symbols. Figure 8-1 shows examples of some diode marking methods. If doubt exists as to polarity, an ohmmeter may be used to determine the proper connection. It is necessary to know the polarity of the ohms lead with respect to the common lead for the ohmmeter used. Ohms lead polarities for some common ohmmeters are shown in Table 8-3. When the ohm-

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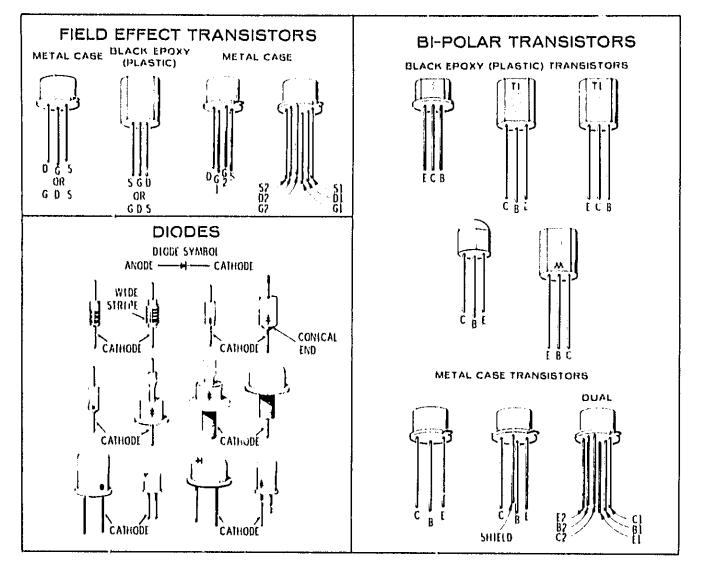


Figure 8-1. Examples of Diode and Transistor Marking Methods

meter indicates the least diode resistance, the cathode of the diode is connected to the ohmmeter lead which is negative with respect to the other lead.

# Note

Diode replacement instructions are the same as those for transistor replacement.

# 8-21. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS,

8-22. The schematic diagrams in this section represent the circuits electrically. They are not wiring diagrams, though wire colors are given where practical. 8-23. The circuits are arranged according to signal flow; consequently, some switch and eircuit assemblies may be shown in part on more than one diagram. If so, the reference designation is preceded by P/O, for "Part of", and is followed by a notation of the number of parts into which the assembly has been divided.

8-24. The large numbers in the lower right corners of the schematics are the schematic numbers. These numbers are used to cross reference connections between schematics.

8-25. Some of the general information obtainable from the schematics is shown in Figure 8-2. Notes

# Section VIII Service

				Le	nd
Ohmmeter	Range(s) Open Circuit Short Circuit Current		Color	Polarity	
HP 412A HP 427A	R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100 R x 1M R x 10M	1.0V 1.0V 1.0V 1.0V 1.0V	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Red Black	<b>+</b> 
HP 410C	R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100 R x 1M R x 10M	1 . 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V 1.3V	0.57 mA 57 μA 5.7 μA 0.5 μA 0.05 μA	Red Black	+
HP 410B	K x 100 R x 1K R x 10K R x 100K R x 100K R x 1M	1.1V 1.1V 1.1V 1.1V 1.1V 1.1V	1.1 mA 110 μA 11 μA 1.1 μA 0.11 μA	Black Red	+
Simpson 260	R x 100	1.5V	1 mA	Red Black	÷
Simpson 269	Rx 1K	1,5V	0.82 mA	Black Red	· · ·
Triplett 630	R x 100 R x 1K	1.5V 1.5V	3.25 mA 325 µA		
Triplett 310	R x 10 R x 100	1.5V 1.5V	750 μΑ 75 μΑ	varies with S	ierial Number

Table 8-3. Ohnmeters Used for Transistor Testing

and explanations of symbols pertaining to all the diagrams are contained in Figure 8-3. Notes about specific components, circuits or conditions are given on the diagram to which they apply. 8-26. As an aid to finding components and assemblies in the set of diagrams, each diagram has a box labelled "Reference Designations" that contains all the reference designations appearing on the diagram.

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	,	Connect Ohmmeter		
Transistor Type		Positive Lead to	Negative Lend to	Mensure Resistance (Ohms)
PNP Germanium	Small Signal	emitter	base*	200250
		emitter	collector	10K-100K
	Power	emitter	bnse*	3050
		emitter	collector	several hundred
PNP Silicon	Small Signal	emitter	base*	10K-100K
		emitter	collector	Very high (might read open)
NPN Silicon	Small Signal	base	emitter	1K-3K
		collector	emitter	Very high (might read open)
	Power	base	emitter	200-1000
		collector	emitter	High, often greater than 1M

Table 8-4. Out-of-Circuit Transistor Testing

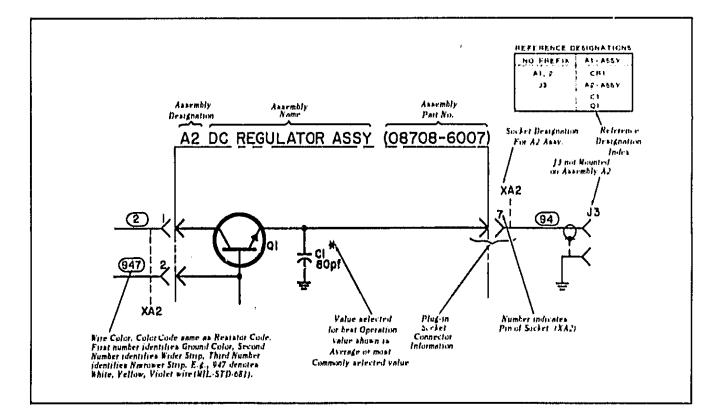


Figure 8-2. General Information on Schematic Diagrams



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	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES					
	Refer to MIL Std 15B for Symbols Not Shown					
	Resistance is in ohms and capacitance is in microfarads unless otherwise noted, $P/O = part of$ ,					
	*Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical. Capacitors may be omitted or resistors jumpered.					
9	Serewdriver adjustment. O Panel control.					
	Encloses front panel designations. [[]]] Encloses rear panel designation.					
, ) 	Circuit assembly borderline.					
	Other assembly borderline.					
	Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal.					
	Heavy dashed line with arrows indicates path and direction of main feedback.					
<b>}</b>	Wiper moves toward CW with clockwise rotation of control as viewed from shaft or knob.					
0	Numbers in circles on circuit assemblies show locations of test points.					
	Encloses wire color code. Code used (MIL-STD-681) is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe. E.g., $(947)$ denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe.					
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Ð	Denotes Field Effect transistor (FET) with N-type base,					
Ð	Denotes FET with P-type base.					
	Denotes Capacitive diode (Varicap, varactor).					
	Denotes Silicon Controlled Rectifier.					
	P-Type Metal Oxide Substrate FET (MOSFET)					
	N-Type Metal Oxide Substrate FET (MOSFET)					

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# Figure 8-3. Schematic Diagram Notes

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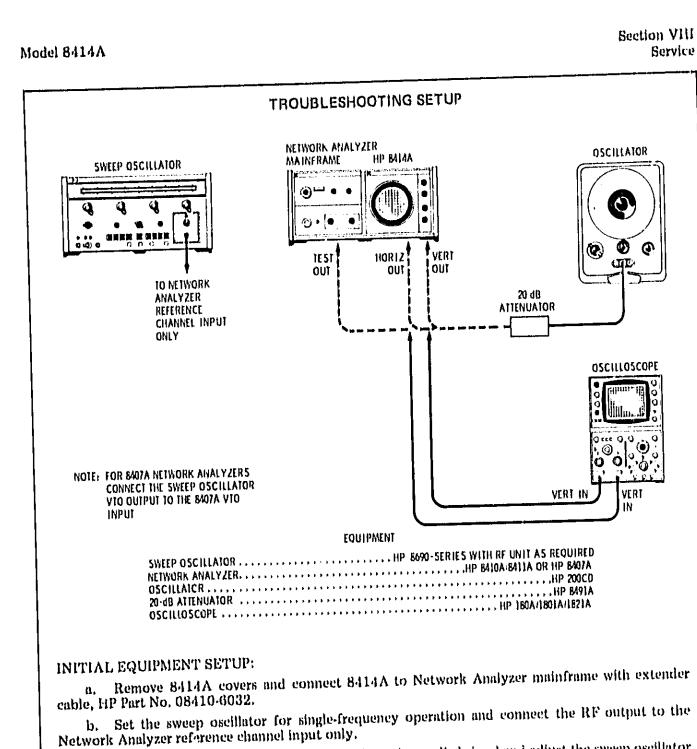
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c. Set the Network Analyzer to phase lock to the applied signal and adjust the sweep oscillator RF output level for a Network Analyzer reference channel level meter indication in the middle of the operate region.

d. Set the Network Analyzer test channel gain<sup>1</sup> controls for minimum gain.

e. Set the 8414A INTENSITY control fully clockwise.

f. Press and hold the 8414A BEAM CTR pushbutton and adjust the HORIZONTAL and VERTICAL POS controls to locate the dot in the center of the Polar Display.

Note

Perform block diagram troubleshooting.

<sup>1</sup>Display reference for 8407A.

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# Figure 8-4. Setup for Troubleshooting

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#### Section VIII Service

HOW TWO SINE WAVES ARE CONVERTED TO A POLAR DISPLAY

The Model 8414A Polar Display provides a polar plot of the relative magnitude and phase of the signals applied to the Network Analyzer, Two signals from the Network Analyzer mainframe, a test signal and a phase reference signal, are applied to the 8414A. The phase reference signal alternately gates on two bridge detectors a sin  $\phi$  detector and a simals. One of these signals is shifted in phase by 180 degrees and fed to the  $\cos \phi$  detector. The other signal is shifted in phase by .90 degrees and fed to the sin  $\phi$  detector. Each detector produces an output proportional to the test signal amplitude and phase relationship between the test signal and phase reference signal. The detector output signals are converted to deflection signals which are anplied to the CRT, producing a polar display.

An understanding of the signal processing may be obtained by discussing the trigonometric relationship between signals, Begin by assuming two sinewave signals, a reference signal, and a test signal which leads the reference signal by some phase angle  $\phi$ . (See figure 8-5.) For this discussion we will assume that the angle  $\phi$  is approximately 45 degrees; however, it may be any angle.

The sine-wave relationship in Figure 8-5 may be converted to a polar relationship as shown in Figure 8-6 by laying out the 360 degrees in a circle and projecting the amplitude. The reference and

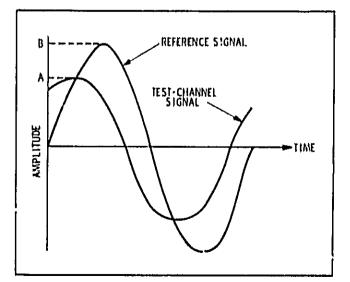


Figure 8-5. Phase and Amplitude Relationship of Typical Reference and Test Signals

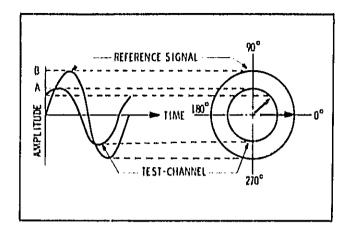


Figure 8-6. Conversion of Typical Time-Amplitude Graph to Polar Graph

test signal vectors are shown on the polar graph at zero time.

Note that the reference signal starts at zero and the test signal leads it by an angle  $\phi$ . As time progresses, the two polar vectors rotate in the counterclockwise direction. Since both the reference and the test signals are at the same frequency, their vectors rotate at the same rate, always separated by an angle  $\phi$ ; therefore, angle  $\phi$  or phase is measured with respect to the reference signal.

The Polar Display must resolve the vector of the test signal shown in Figure 8-7 into a similar form

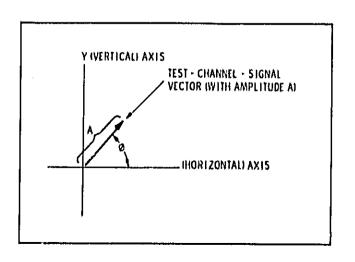


Figure 8-7. Polar Vector of Test Signal

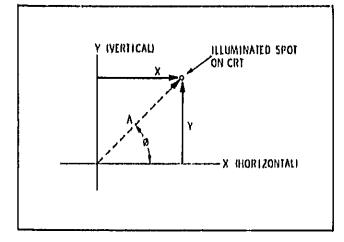


Figure 8-8. Horizontal and Vertical Vectors Required to Deflect CRT Beam

that can be displayed on the CRT. This is done by producing an illuminated spot on the CRT where the arrowhead of the vector would appear, (See Figure 8-8.) This can be interpreted into amplitude (A) and phase  $(\phi)$  by the use of the built-in polar graph on the face of the CRT,

To produce the illuminated snot on the CRT, the amplitude and phase of the polar signal must be resolved into X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) rectangular components as shown in Figure 8-8. These X and Y signals are applied to the horizontal and vertical deflection plates producing a spot on the CRT representing the arrowhead of the vector.

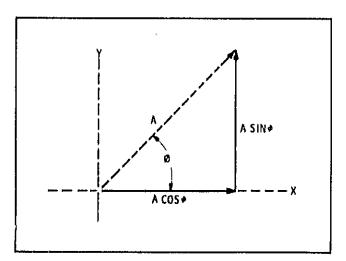


Figure 8-9. Vector Graph of a Typical Test Signal

Conversion from the two signals applied to the input of the Polar Display to the rectangular X-Y signal is accomplished by a 90 degree phase-shifter and two phase-detector circuits. To understand the operation of these circuits a brief discussion of the trigonometry used is presented. Figure 8-9 shows a vector diagram in the form of a right triangle of the signals discussed. From trigonometric relationships in a right triangle:

$$\cos \phi = \frac{\text{Adjacent Side}}{\text{Hypotenuse}} = \frac{\text{X Component}}{\text{A}};$$

therefore;

X Component 🐃 A Cos 
$$\phi$$
.

Also,

annen antitititites a fars antitititites antit

$$\sin \phi = \frac{Opposite Side}{Hypotenuse} = \frac{Y Component;}{A}$$

therefore,

The sin  $\phi$  detector circuit produces a voltage with the value of A sin  $\phi$ . This voltage is amplified and applied to the Y-axis or vertical deflection plates. The  $\cos \phi$  detector similarly produces a voltage that corresponds to the value of A  $\cos \phi$  which is amplified and applied to the X-axis or horizontal deflection plates.

The foregoing discussion explains the method of developing a spot on the CRT that represents the behavior of a device under test at one frequency, During swept-frequency operation, the device under test reacts differently as the frequency is changed. This causes a continuous trace to be produced on the CRT. This trace may be interpreted as follows. Amplitude is proportional to distance from the center of the CRT, phase can be read directly from the built-in graticule and frequency is indicated by marker pips superimposed on the trace through the intensity-modulator circuit. Marker signals applied to this circuit from a Sweep Oscillator cause a bright pip on the trace. In this manner specific frequencies may be located on the CRT display.

# SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

Test-Channel Amplitude and Phase Reference Signal Inputs.

A 278-kHz test-channel amplitude signal and a 278-kH<sup>2</sup> phase-reference signal are obtained from the Network Analyzer mainframe. The test-channel signal passes through a preamplifier and divides into two signal paths. One signal is shifted by 90 degrees and fed to the sine  $\phi$  detector. The other signal is fed to a cosine  $\phi$  detector. The 278-kHz phase-reference signal is fed to a phase splitterlimiter which produces two signals 180 degrees apart. These two signals are fed to both the sine  $\phi$ detector and the cosine  $\phi$  detector.

# Sin $\phi$ and Cos $\phi$ Detectors.

The sine  $\phi$  and cosine  $\phi$  detectors are balanced modulator phase detectors. The signals from the phase splitter-limiter turn the detectors on one at a time during alternate half cycles of the turn-onsignal. Any signal appearing at a detector's input when it is turned on will be passed through the detector and the detector's output canacitor will charge to the average of the signal passed through the detector. When the input signal is in-phase with the turn-on signal the detector's output is maximum positive. When the input signal is 180 degrees out of phase with the turn-on signal the detector's output is maximum negative. When the input signal is exactly ±90 degrees with respect to the turn-on signal the average of the detector's output signal is zero. Therefore, a detector's output can vary from a maximum positive (zero degree phase difference) to a maximum negative (180 degree phase difference) and back to a maximum positive (360 degree phase difference). The magnitude of the maximum positive and negative detector output voltages is directly proportional to the amplitude of the input signal. Because the signal to the sine  $\phi$  detector is shifted -90 degrees, the output of the sine  $\phi$  detector is equal to the amplitude of its input signal times the sine of the angle between the reference and test channel input signals (A sine  $\phi$ ), and the

output of the cosine & detector is equal to the amplitude of its input signal times the cosine of the angle between the reference and test channel input signals (A cos \$).

# Vertical and Horizontal Deflection Amplifiers.

The sine  $\phi$  detector's output is amplified and fed to the CRT's vertical deflection plates. The signals applied to the deflection plates produce a polar display of the relative magnitude and phase of the signals applied to the Network Analyzer.

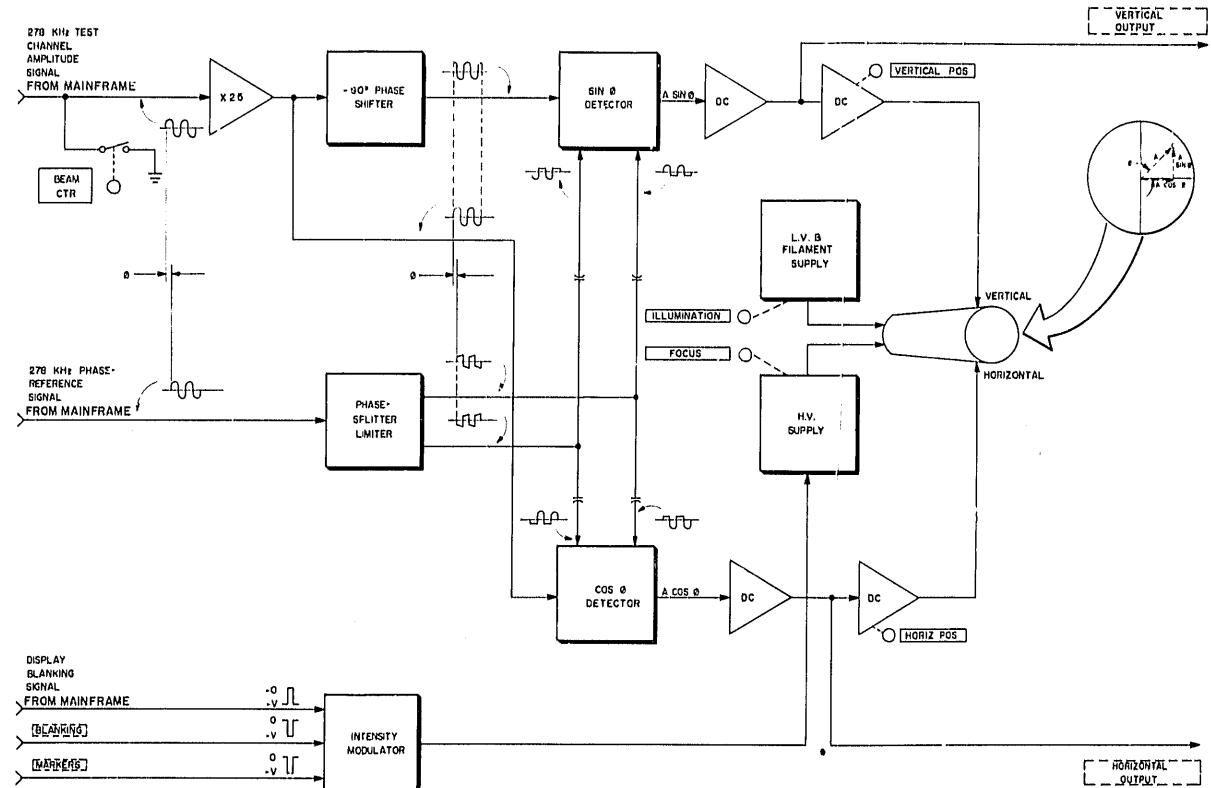
#### Intensity Modulator.

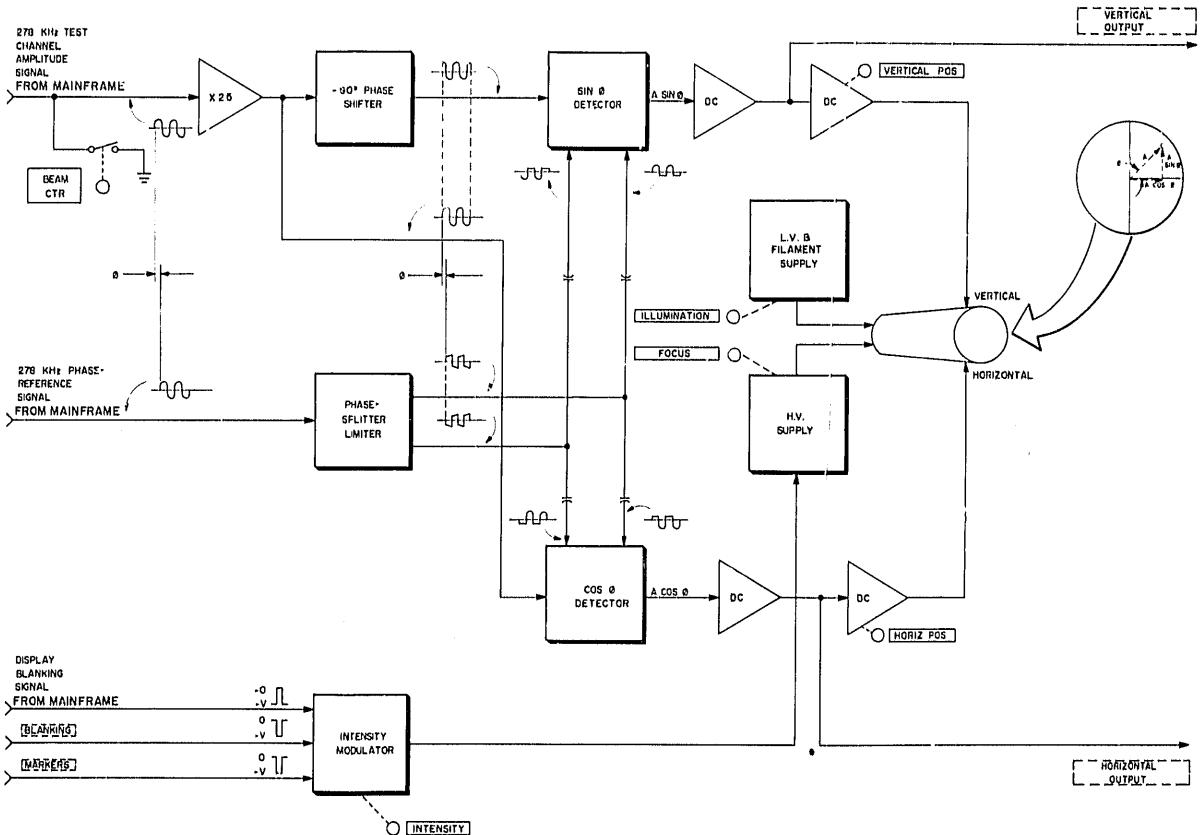
The Intensity Modulator controls the CRT grid to cathode bias, Intensity Modulator input signals cause the CRT's electron hearn to be turned off for blanking or intensified for frequency markers.

There are three signal inputs to the intensity modulator: one from the Network Analyzer mainframe which unblanks the CRT (8410A Network Analyzers unblank the CRT only when the Network Analyzer is phase locked); the second, a rear-panel connector which may be connected to the sweep oscillator blanking output to blank the display during sweep retrace; the third, another rear-panel connector which may be connected to a sweep oscillator frequency marker output to display frequency marks on the display by brightening the display at the point which represents the frequency of interest.

#### **Power Supplies**,

The 8414A obtains power from the Network Analyzer mainframe through the rear connector. The mainframe furnishes +20 volts and -20 volts regulated which is used for low voltage stages and which provides primary power for the 8414A high voltage power supply. The mainframe also furnishes 175 Vae which provides primary no ger for the low voltage (250 Vde) and filament supply.





Section VIII Service

Figure 8-10. Simplified Overall Block Diagram

8.9

# DETAILED BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

# HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL AMPLIFIERS

### Test Channel Amplitude Input

The test channel signal is applied to the Polar Display Unit from either the Network Analyzer mainframe for the standard 8414A or from a rear namet BNC connector for the H26-8414A. The amplitude of this signal and phase relationship with respect to the phase reference signal contains the information that is displayed on the CRT.

# Switch, Beam Center

The test channel input signal is grounded when the Beam Center pushbutton is pressed or for the 1126-8414A when the Auto Beam Centering circuit is netivated. With the mout signal grounded there is to vertical or horizontal deflection voltage to the CRT, the CRT display is a dot and the front-panel centering controls may be used to locate the dot in the center of the CRT.

### Presmplifier

The preamplifier is a feedback-pair amplifier with a voltage gain of about 25. At the output of the preamplifier the test channel signal path divides into two branches. The signal in one branch is fed through a -90 degree phase shifter and driver to the sine detector. The signal in the other branch is fed through a driver to the cosine detector.

#### Phase Shifter

The phase shifter retards the phase of one output of the preamplifier 90 degrees. The test channel input signal is then two signals separated in phase by 90 degrees or sine and cosine signals.

# Drivers

The sine detector driver and cosine detector driver isolate the sine and cosine detectors preventing interaction with the .90 degree phase mifter and preamplifier. The gain through each driver is about unity.

#### Phase Splitter-Limiter

The phase splitter-limiter amplifies the phase reference signal from the mainframe. Its two output signals are limited to about 5V p-p and fed to the  $\sin \phi$  and  $\cos \phi$  detectors. These signals turn the detectors on one at a time.

8-10

#### Sin 5 and Cos 5 Detectors

The sine  $\phi$  and cosine  $\phi$  detectors are halanced modulator phase detectors. The signals from the phase splitter-limiter turn the detectors on one at a time during alternate half cycles of the turn-on signal. When the turn-on signal from the phase solitter limiter causes the voltage at A2TP6 to be positive and A2TP7 to be negative the cosine of detector is turned on. During the next half eyele of the turn-on signal the sine o detector is turned on. Any signal appearing at the input, A2TP3 or TP15, when a detector is turned on will be passed through the detector and the detector's output capacitor will charge to the average of the signal passed through the detector. When the input signal (A2TP3 or TP15) is in-phase with the turn-on signal the detector's output is maximum positive. When the input signal is 180 degrees out of phase with the turn on signal the detector's output is maximum negative. When the input signal is exactly ±90 degrees with respect to the turn-onsignal the average of the detector's output signal is zero. Therefore, a detector's output can vary from a maximum positive (0 degrees phase difference) to a maximum negative (180 degrees phase difference) and back to a maximum positive (360 degrees phase difference). The magnitude of the maximum positive and negative detector output voltages is directly proportional to the amplitude of the input signal. Because the signal to the sine o detector is slufted 400 degrees, the output of the sme o detector is equal to the amplitude of the signal at A2TP1, times the sine of the angle hetween the reference and test channel input signals. (A sine  $\phi$ ), and the output of the cosine  $\phi$  detector is equal to the amplitude of the signal at A2TP14 times the cosine of the angle between the reference. and test channel input signals (A cos o).

#### **Buffer Amplifiers**

The Buffer Amplifiers are differential amplifiers with a voltage gain of about ten. Phase shift through these amplifiers is negligible.

#### Low Pass Filter

The low pass filters filter out frequencies above 10 kllz with a canacitor to ground and a feedback loop which couples high frequency signals from the output back to the input 180 degrees out of phase. The low frequency voltage gain through these filters is about two.

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Switch S1, in the test position, opens the signal nath from the filter output so that an external voltage can be applied at the rear-panel horizontal and vertical output connectors for troubleshooting the deflection circuits.

# Vertical and Horizontal Deflaction Drivers

The deflection drivers are differential amplifiers with push-pull outputs, Both output voltages of each driver are at about +55 Vde with no input signal applied. A 1V change at either driver's input should provide about a 10V change in each of its outputs, one output going 10V more positive the other IOV less positive. The front-panel horizontal and vertical centering controls vary a de bias to the associated driver producing the same effect as an input signal.

# Intensity Modulator Inputs

The Intensity Modulator controls the CRT grid to cathode bigs. Intensity Modulator input signals cause the CRT's electron beam to be turned off for blanking or intensified for frequency markers.

There are three signal inputs to the intensity modulator: one from the Network Analyzer mainframe which unblanks the CRT (8410A Network Analyzers unblank the CRT only when the Network Analyzer is phase locked); the second, a rear-panel connector which may be connected to the sweep oseillator blanking output to blank the display during sweep retrace; the third, another rear-namel connector which may be connected to a sweep oscillator frequency marker output to display frequency marks on the display by brightening the display at the point which represents the frequency of interest.

## Switches

Switch A1Q2 is turned off by an unblanking signal from the Network Analyzer. Although the output of A1Q2 at A1TP8 is always a negative voltage, when A1Q2 is turned off its output appears positive-going to the following stage and the CRT is unblanked. Switch A1Q1 is normally off. When a positive blanking pulse is applied to its input, Q1 conducts, AIQ2 turns on, the voltage at AITP8

goes more negative, and the CRT is blanked. A negative marker pulse to switch A1Q4 turns Q4 on. Its output voltage at A1TP8 approaches ground and appears as a positive-going input signal to the following stage. This signal is more positive than the unblanking signal, therefore, the  $t \neq m$ 's electron beam is intensified.

# Differential Amplifier

A1Q3 and Q6 form a differential amplifier. The amplifier gain varies with position of the intensity control; however, with the intensity control set for normal intensity (about -3.6V at A1TP5) and the intensity limit set for about +110V at A1TP2 the simplifier gain is about seven or eight. For example, if the voltage at AITP8 changes from -5V (Q2 and Q4 off) to -0.1V (Q2 off Q4 on), a change of about 5V, the output at A1TP3 should change from about +70 to about +105V, a change of about 35V.

# Emitter Follower

The output of emitter follower (AIQ7) should be about +65V for a blanked condition, about +70V for an unblanked condition, and about +105V for a marker condition.

# CRT. CRT Power Supplies

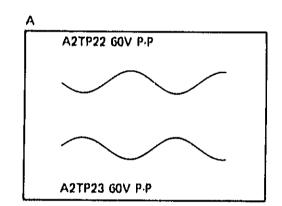
+150V Power Supply. The +150V power supply is a regulated supply. Its output provides collector voltage for the deflection drivers.

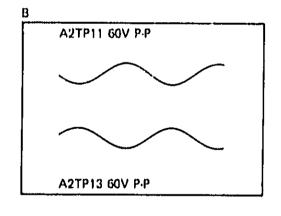
High Voltage Oscillator. The high voltage oscillator is a free-running multivibrator whose frequency, 20 kHz ±2 kHz, is determined by the L and C of T1's primary winding.

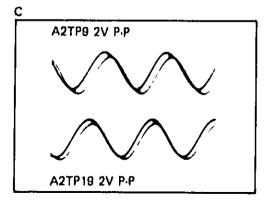
CRT Cathode Supply, One of T1's secondary windings supplies power to both the CRT's cathode supply and anode supply. The cathode supply consists of a half wave rectifier and pi section filter. Its output voltage is about -2450 Vde. In addition to providing de bias to the CRT eathode. the cathode supply's output voltage is used in a voltage divider to +150V to provide about -2000 Vde to the focus control.

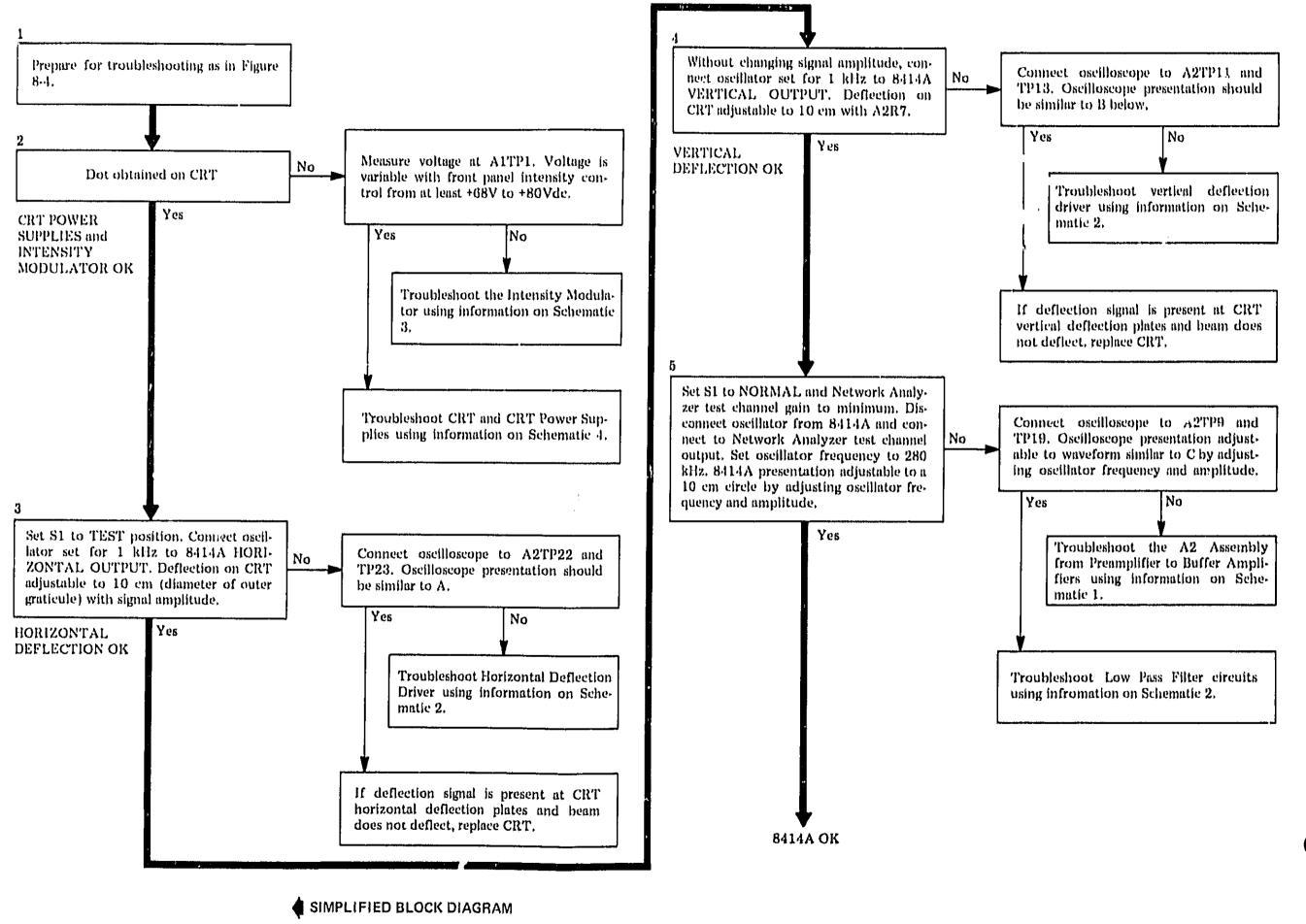
CRT Anode Supply. The anode supply consists of a voltage doubler and pi section filter. Its output voltage is about +5100 Vdc.

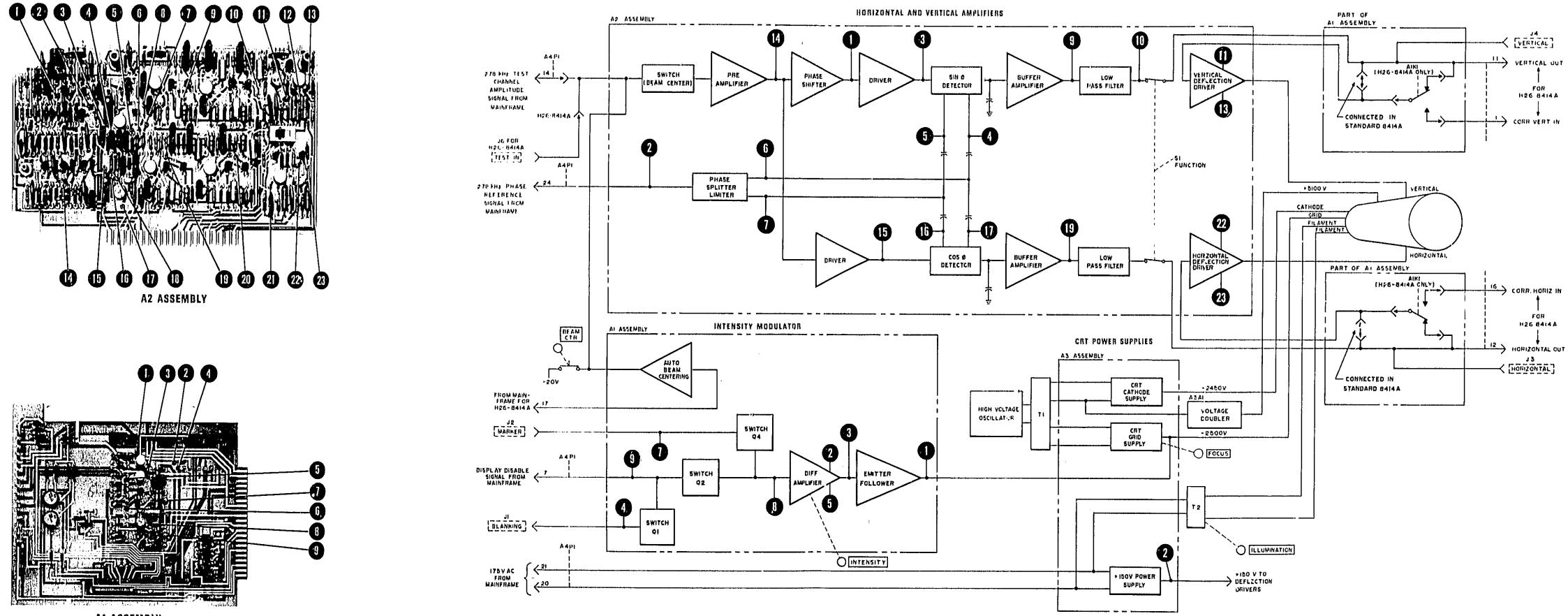
CRT Grid Supply, The grid supply consists of a half wave rectifier. Its output voltage is about -2500 Vde with the CRT unblanked. With zero volts input from the intensity modulator, the grid supply is referenced to ground; however, an input voltage from the intensity modulator becomes the reference voltage for the grid supply. A change in the intensity modulator output voltage causes the grid supply voltage to change, which changes the CRT's grid to eathode bias and intensity modulates the heam.











A1 ASSEMBLY Figure 8-11, Test Point Locations

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Figure 8-12. Detailed Block Diagram

# Section VIII Service

8-11

# TEST CHANNEL AMPLITUDE

### Input

The test channel signal is applied to the Polar Display Unit from either the Network Analyzer mainframe for the standard 8414A or from a rear-panel BNC connector for the H26-8414A.

## Switch, Beam Center

The test channel input is fed to switch A2CR1. CR2, which grounds the input when the beam center pushbutton is pressed, or for the H26-8414A, when the Auto Beam Centering circuit is activated. During non-beam center operation a positive voltage is applied to the junction of CR1 and CR2, CR1 is biased on, CR2 is biased off and the input signal is applied to the preamplifier at A2Q19. When the beam center pushbutton is pressed or, for the H26-8414A, when the Auto Beam Centering circuit is activated the voltage at the junction of CR1 and CR2 is negative, CR2 is blased on, and the input signal is grounded through CR2.

# Preamplifier

The preamplifier, A2Q19-Q20, is a feedback-pair amplifier with a voltage gain of about 25. The output of the preamplifier divides into two signal paths,

#### -90 Degree Phase Shifter

The .90 Degree Phase Shifter A2Q1 shifts the phase of one output of the preamplifier .90 degrees. The test channel signal is then two signals separated in phase by 90 degrees or sine and cosine signuls.

### Drivers

The sine detector's driver A2Q2, Q3 and the cosine detector's driver A2Q21 prevent the detectors from loading the phase shifter and preamplifier output circuits. The gain through each driver is about unity.

#### Phase Splitter-Limiter

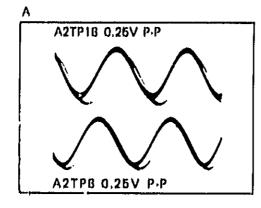
The phase splitter-limiter, A2Q4, Q6, amplifies the phase reference signal from the mainframe. Its two output signals are 180 degrees apart and limited to

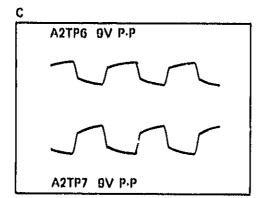
# Sin a and Cos a Detectors

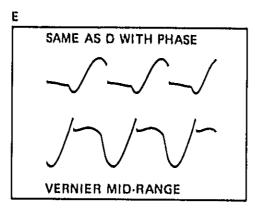
The Sin  $\phi$  and Cos  $\phi$  Detectors, A2A1 and A2A2, are halanced modulator phase detectors. The signals from the phase splitter-limiter turn the deteetors on one at a time during alternate half cycles of the turn-on signal. When the turn-on signal from the phase splitter limiter causes the voltage at A2TP6 to be positive and A2TP7 to be negative, the Cos o detector is turned on. During the next half cycle of the turn on signal the Sin o detector is turned on. Any signal appearing at the input, A1TP3 or TP15, when a detector is turned on will he passed through the detector and the detector's output enpacitor will charge to the average of the signal passed through the detector. When the input signal (A2TP3 or TP15) is in-phase with the turnon signal the detector's output is maximum positive. When the input signal is 180 degrees out of phase with the turn on signal the detector's output is maximum negative. When the input signal is exactly ±90 degrees with respect to the turn-on signal the average of the detector's output signal is zero. Therefore, a detector's output can vary from a maximum positive (zero degree phase difference) to a maximum negative (180 degrees phase difference) and back to a maximum positive (300 degrees phase difference). The magnitude of the maximum positive and negative detector output voltages is directly proportional to the amplitude of the input signal. Because the signal to the Sin  $\phi$ detector is shifted -90 degrees, the output of the Sin  $\phi$  detector is equal to the amplitude of the signal at A2TP14 times the sine of the angle hetween the reference and test channel input signals (A sin  $\phi$ ), and the output of the Cos  $\phi$  detector is equal to the amplitude of the signal at A2TP14 times the cosine of the angle between the reference and test channel input signals (A  $\cos \phi$ ),

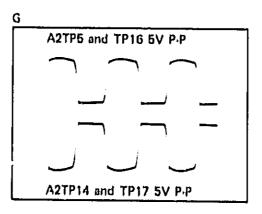
## Buffer Amplifiers

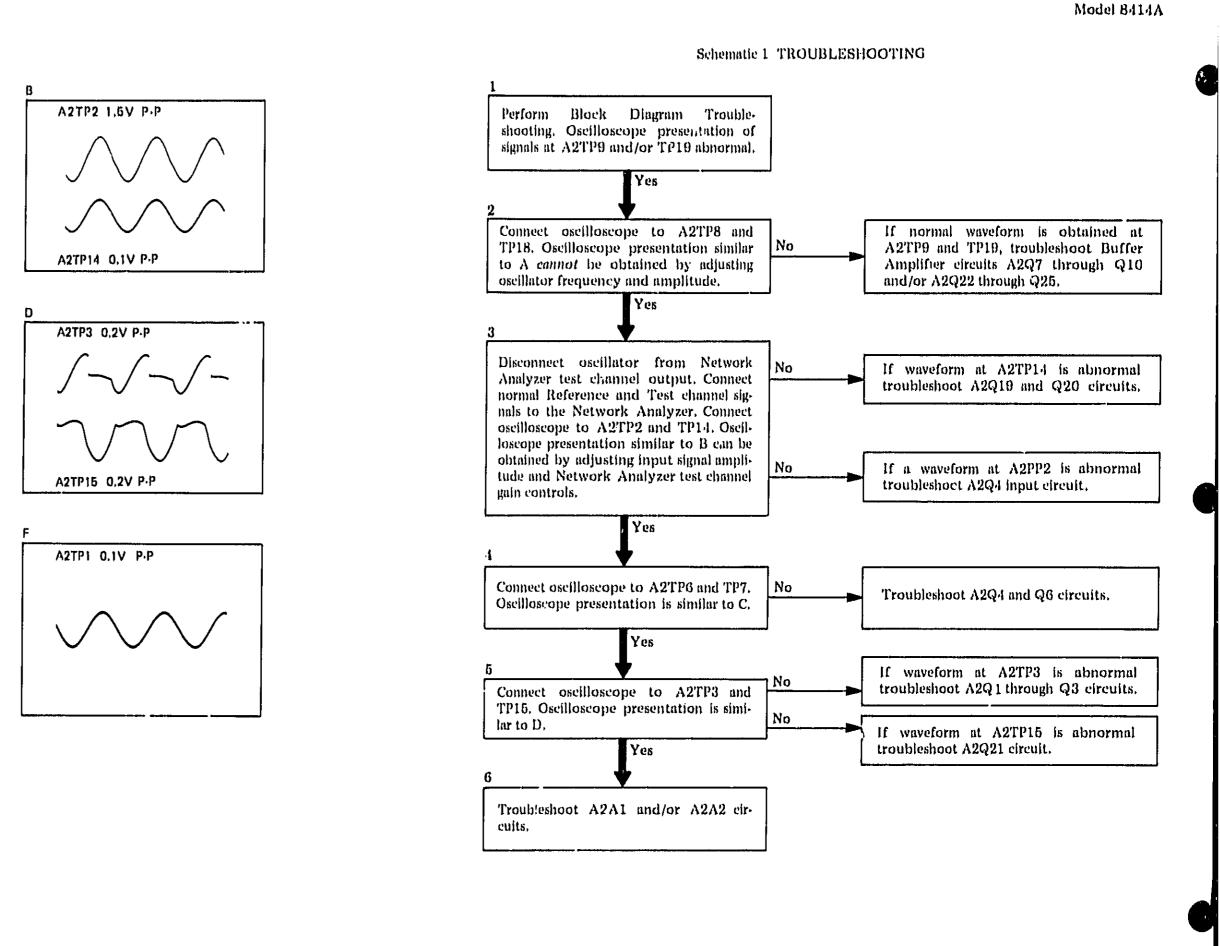
A2Q7 through Q10 and A2Q22 through Q25 are differential amplifiers with voltage gains of about ten. Phase shift through these amplifiers is negligible. An adjustable bias voltage is provided (A2R32, R33) to set the rear-panel horizontal and vertical output voltages to zero with no test channel input signal (Beam Center pressed).



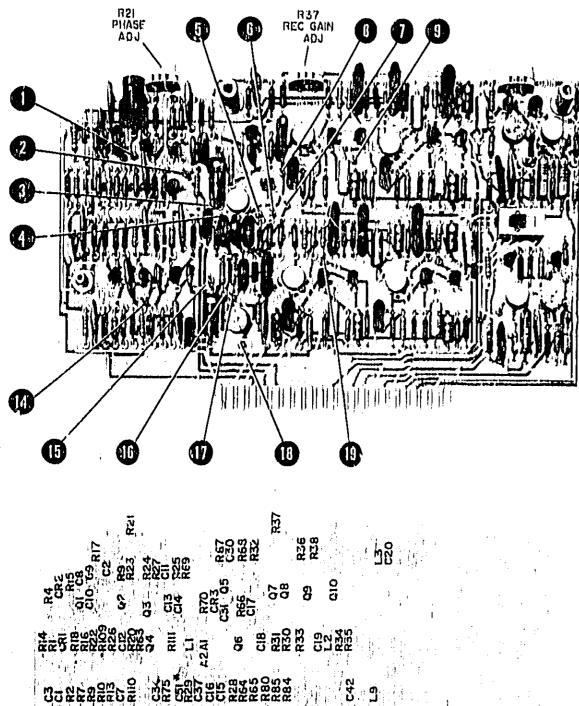


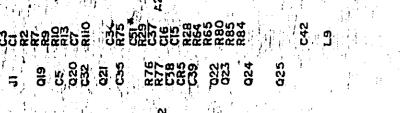






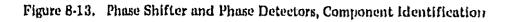


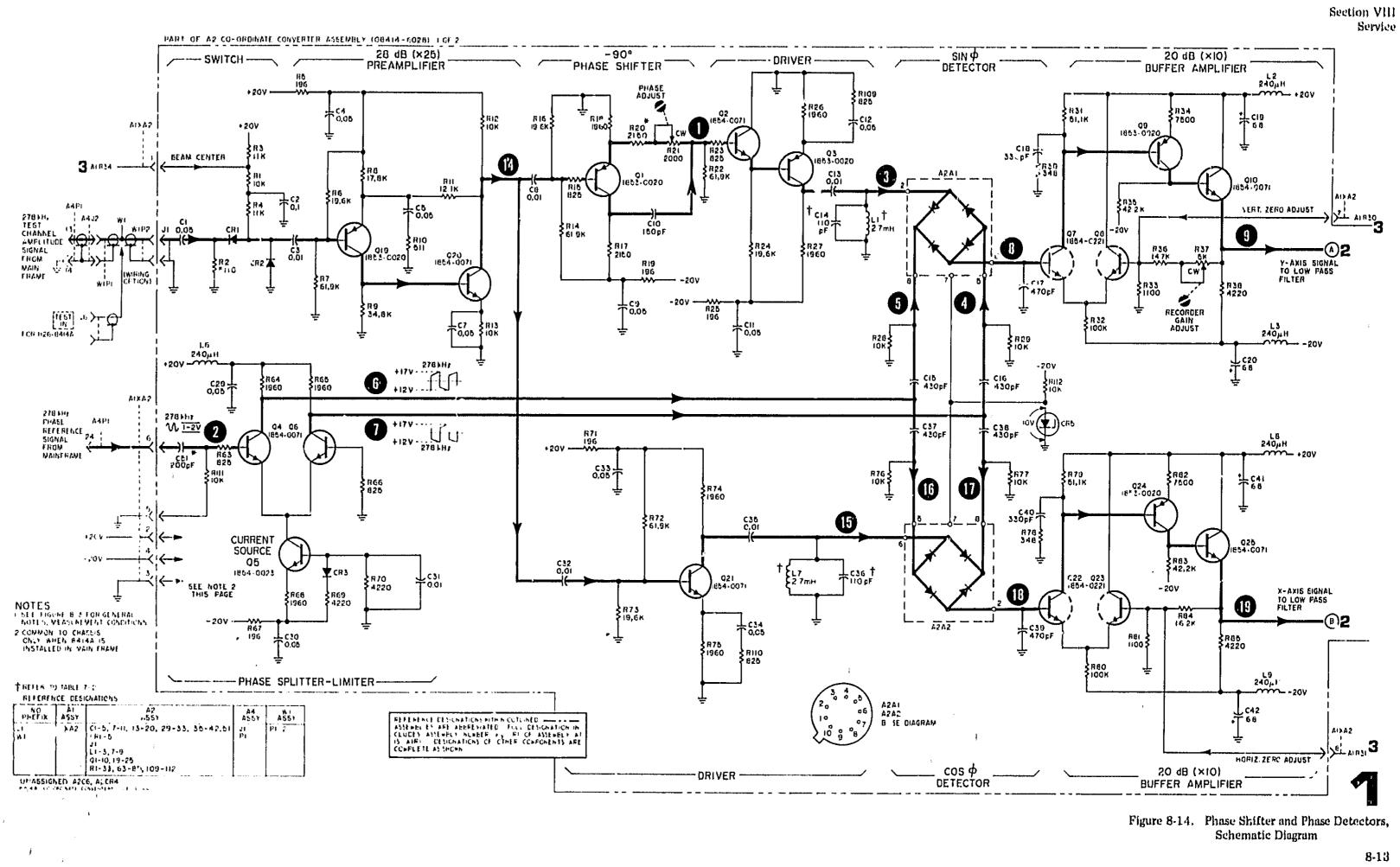




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**Beetion VIII** Service

# SCHEMATIC 2. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

# Low Pass Filter

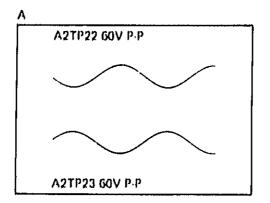
The low pass filters A2Q11 through Q14 and A2Q26 through Q29 filter out frequencies about 10 kHz with a capacitor to ground and a feedback loop which couples high frequency signals from the output back to the input 180 degrees out of phase, The low frequency voltage gain through these filters is about two.

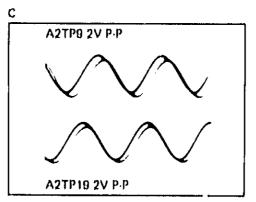
# 51

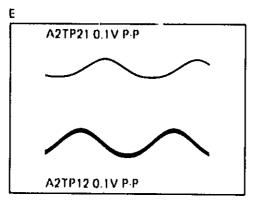
Switch 51, in the test position, opens the signal path from the filter output so that an external voltage can be applied at the rear-panel horizontal and vertical output connectors for troubleshooting the deflection circuits.

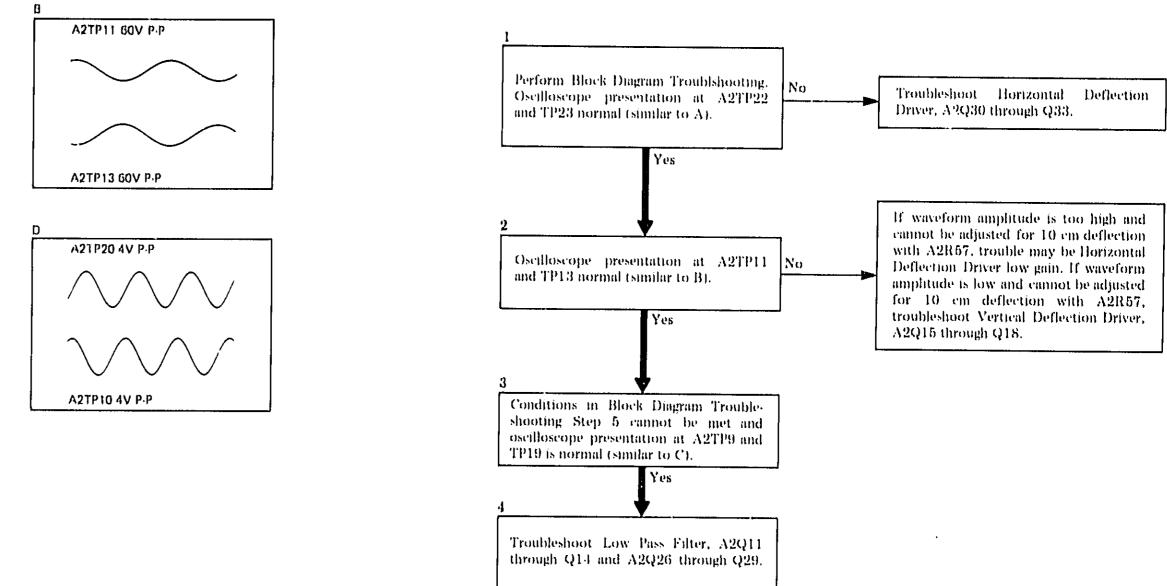
# Vertical and Horizontal Deflection Drivers

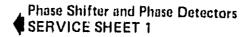
The deflection drivers A2Q15 through Q18 and A2Q30 through Q33 are differential amplifiers with push-pull outputs, Both output voltages of each driver are at about +55 Vde with no input signal applied (beam in center of CRT), A IV change at either driver's input should produce about a 10V change in such of its outputs, one output going 10V more pair we the other 10V less positive. The front-panel horizontal and vertical centering controls vary a de reference voltage to the associated driver producing the same effect as an input signal.













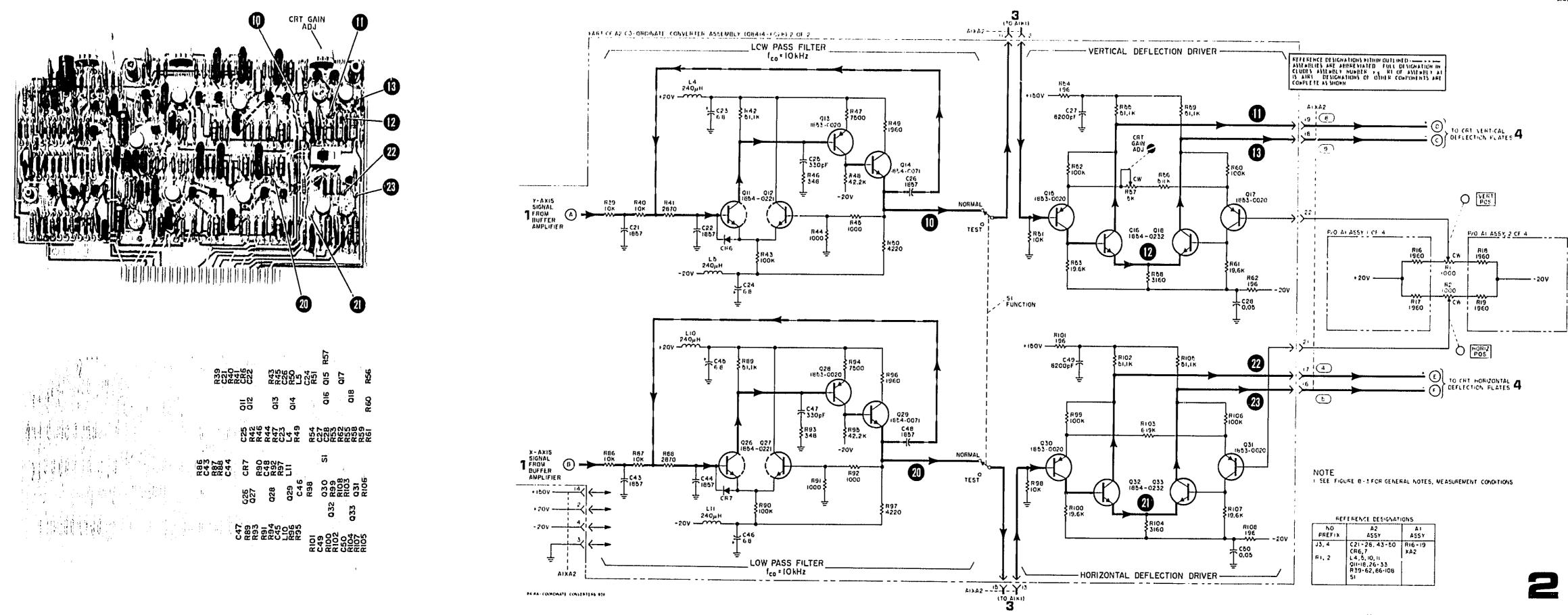


Figure 8-15. Low Pass Filters and Horizontal and Vertical Drivers, Component Identification

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Figure 8-16. Low Pass Filters and Horizontal and Vertical Drivers, Schematic Diagram

Section VIII Service

8-15

## Inputs

The Intensity Modulator controls the CRT grid to eathode bias, Intensity Modulator input signals cause the CP,T's electron beam to be turned off for blanking or intensified for frequency markers. There are three signal inputs to the intensity modulator: one from the Network Analyzer mainframe which unblanks the CRT (8410A Network Analyzers unblank the CRT only when the Network Analyzer is phase locked); the second, a rear-panel connector, which may be connected to the sweep oscillator blanking output to blank the display during sweep retrace; the third, another rear-panel connector, which may be connected to the sweep oscillator frequency marker output to display frequency marks on the display by brightening the display at the point which represents the frequency of interest.

# Switches

Switch A1Q2 is turned off when the Network Analyzer is phase locked. Although the output of A1Q2 at A1TP8 is always a negative voltage, when A1Q2 is turned off its output appears positivegoing to the following stage and the CRT is unblanked.

Switch A1Q1 is normally off, When a positive blanking pulse is applied to its input, A1Q1 conducts which turns A1Q2 on. The voltage at A1TP8 goes more negative and the CRT is blanked.

A negative marker pulse turns switch A1Q4 on, its output voltage at A1TP8 approaches ground and appears as a positive-going input signal to the following stage. This signal is more positive than the unblanking signal; therefore, the CRT's electron beam is intensified.

# Differential Amplifier

A1Q3 and Q6 form a differential amplifier. The amplifier gain varies with position of the frontpanel intensity control; however, with the intensity control set for normal intensity (about -3.6V at ATTP5) and the intensity limit set for about +110V at A1TP2, the amplifier gain is about seven or eight. For example, if the voltage at A1TP8 changes from -5V (Q2 and Q4 off) to -0.1V (Q2 off Q4 on), a change of about 5V, the output at ATTP3 should change from about +70 to about +105V, a change of about 35V.

# Emitter Follower

The output of emitter follower A1Q7 at A1TP7 should be about +65V for a blanked condition. about +70V for an unblanked condition, and about +105V for a marker condition.

Table 8-5. Intensity Modulator DC Voltage Measurements

	Voltage Measurement Polat								
Condition <sup>4</sup>	ATTP2	ATTP5	ATTP9	АТТРВ	A1Q2B	A1Q2E	AIQ3E	A1Q6E	AITPI and AITP3
l (8410A only)	+11075	-3.6V*	-3 1 I V	-14 51V	+13.5 ±1V	-14 ±1V	-6.5 ±0.5V	-4,2 ±0,5	<u>+65¥ ±3¥</u> none <sup>4</sup>
11	+110V <sup>2</sup>	-31.6 V <sup>1</sup>	+18 ±2V	-4.8 ±0.5V	-18 -£2V	-15 ±1V	-5.5 ±0.5V	-4.2 ±0,1V	+70 ±3V +65 to +85V <sup>4</sup>
111	+110V	-3.4 ±0.2V	-18 ±2V	-0.7 ±0.1 V	-18 ±2V	-15 ±1V	-0,6 ±0,1V	-3,5 ±0,1V	$\frac{\pm 108 \pm 4 \text{V}}{\pm 102 \text{ to } \pm 108 \text{V}^4}$
١٧	+110V	-3.5 ±0.1 V	-18 ±2V	-13,5 ±1V	-13 ±1V	+13.5 ±1V	.7 ±1V	-4.2 20.1V	<u>+65 ±3V</u> none <sup>4</sup>

 $^{-4}$ L. No RF signal to 8410A Network Analyzer (No unblanking signal) flows not apply for 8407A Network Analyzer. D. Urblanking signal from Network Analyzer (Network Analyzer phase locked for B410A).

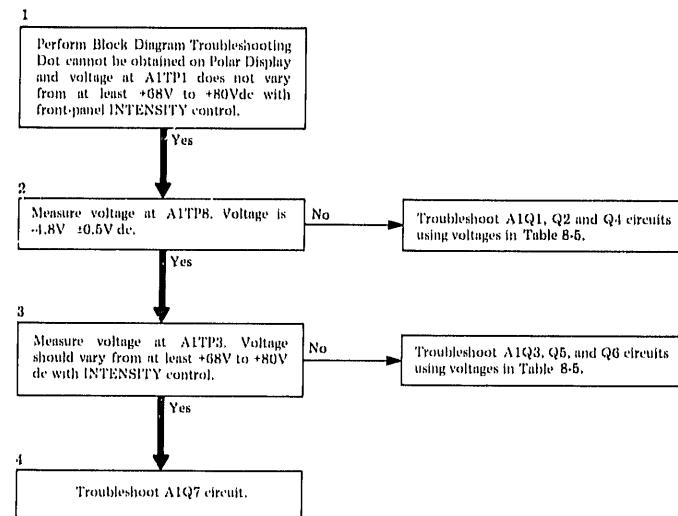
III. Unbfanking signal from Network Analyzer and 55V applied to 32 MARKER INPUT.

IV. Unblanking signal from Network Analyzer and (5V applied to J1 BLANKING INPUT,

<sup>2</sup>Adjust R204ntensity Limit control for +110V at A4TP2.

<sup>3</sup>Adjust fromt-panel INTENSITY control for silieV at ATTP5 (INTENSITY control will vary voltage from about \$2.5V to \$1.8-Viter

<sup>-4</sup>Amount voltage will vary with front-panel INTENSITY control.



Model 8414A







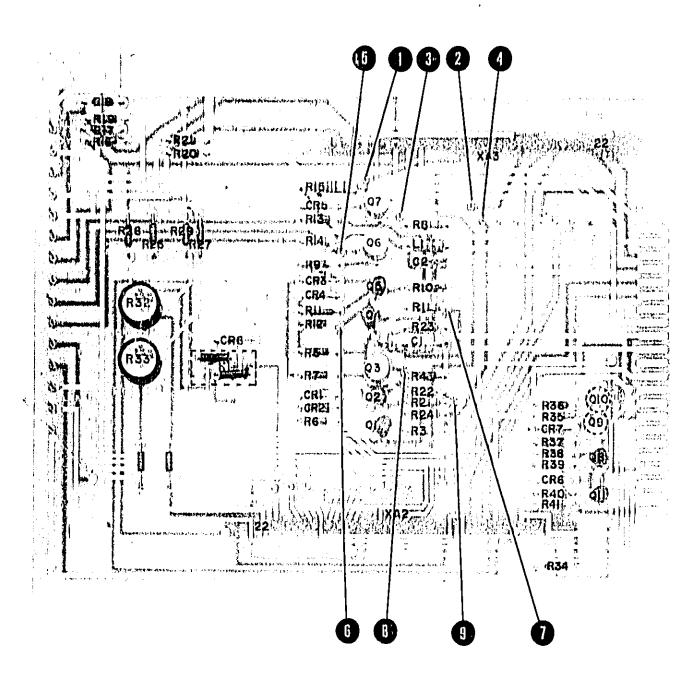
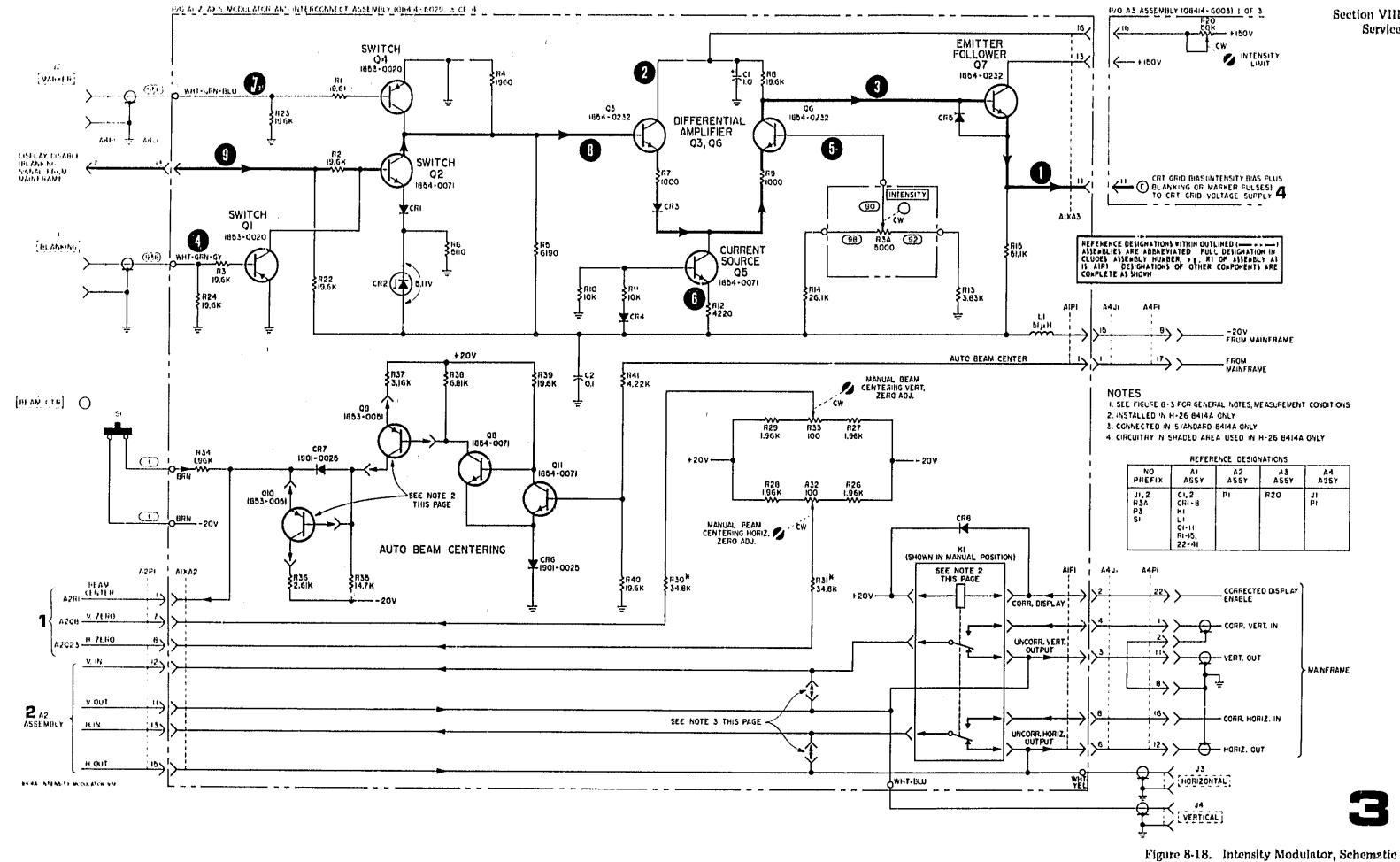
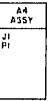


Figure 8-17. Intensity Modulator, Component Identification



Diagram

# Section VIII Service



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8-17

Section VIII Service

# SCHEMATIC 4. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

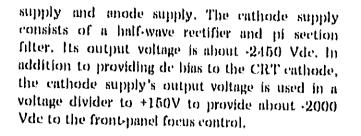
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# CRT, CRT POWER SUPPLIES

+150V Power Supply. 'The +150V power supply is a regulated supply. Reference Amplifier, A3Q2 senses a change in output voltage, amplifies that change and inverts the polarity of the change. The output of the reference amplifier changes the conduction of Driver A3Q1, which changes the conduction of Series Regulator A3Q3. The series regulator acts as a variable resistor whose resistance varies inversely with collector current; i.e., if the series regulator's base voltage goes in a negative direction, its collector current decreases, dropping more voltage across the regulator, decreasing output voltage,

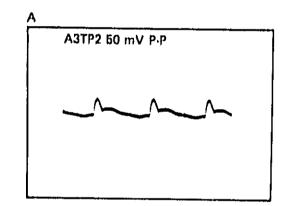
High Voltage Oscillator. High Voltage Oscillator Q1, Q2 is a free-running multivibrator whose frequency, 20 kHz ±2 kHz, is determined by the L and C of T1's primary.

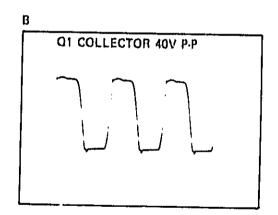
CRT Cathode Supply. One of T1's secondary windings supplies power to the CRT's enthode



**CRT Anode Supply.** The anode supply consists of a voltage doubler and pi section filter. Its output voltage is about +5100 Vde,

**CRT Grid Supply.** The grid supply consists of a half-wave rectifier or peak detector. Its output voltage is about -2500 Vde with the CRT unblanked. With no input from the intensity modulator, the grid supply is referenced to ground; however, an input voltage from the intensity modulator becomes the reference voltage for the grid supply. A change in this input voltage causes the grid supply's output voltage to change, which changes the CRT's grid to cathode bias,





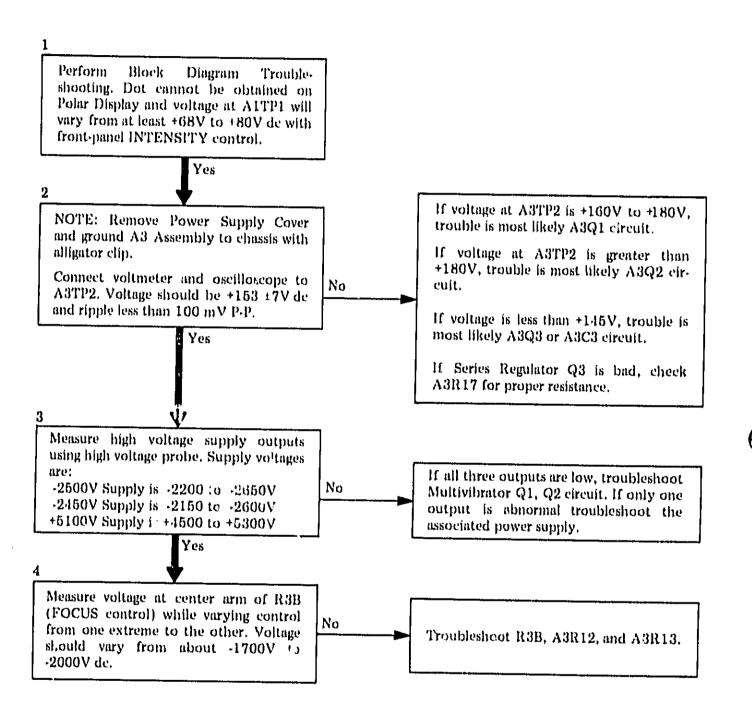
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### Model 8414A

# Schematic 4 TROUBLESHOOTING



NO	A3	A3A1	A1
PREFIX	A557	A55Y	1554
P1, 2, 4	C1-9	C1-3	11,2
Q1 - 3	CR1-7	CR1, 2	
R3-6 T1, 2	01-2	191	XAS
V1 W2	21-23	9	



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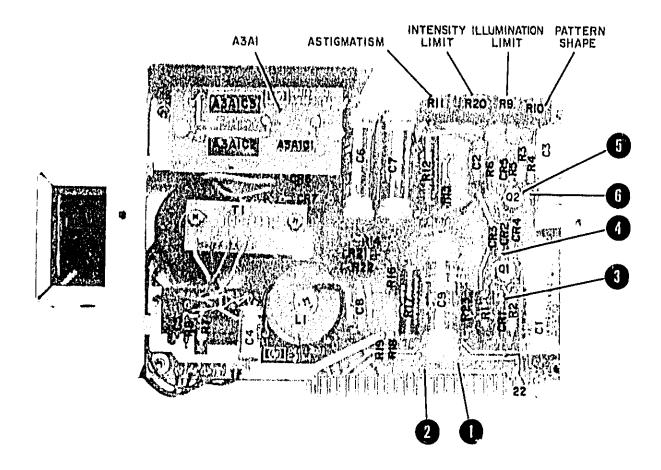


Figure 8-19. CRT High and Low Voltage Supplies and +150 Volt Supply, Component Identification

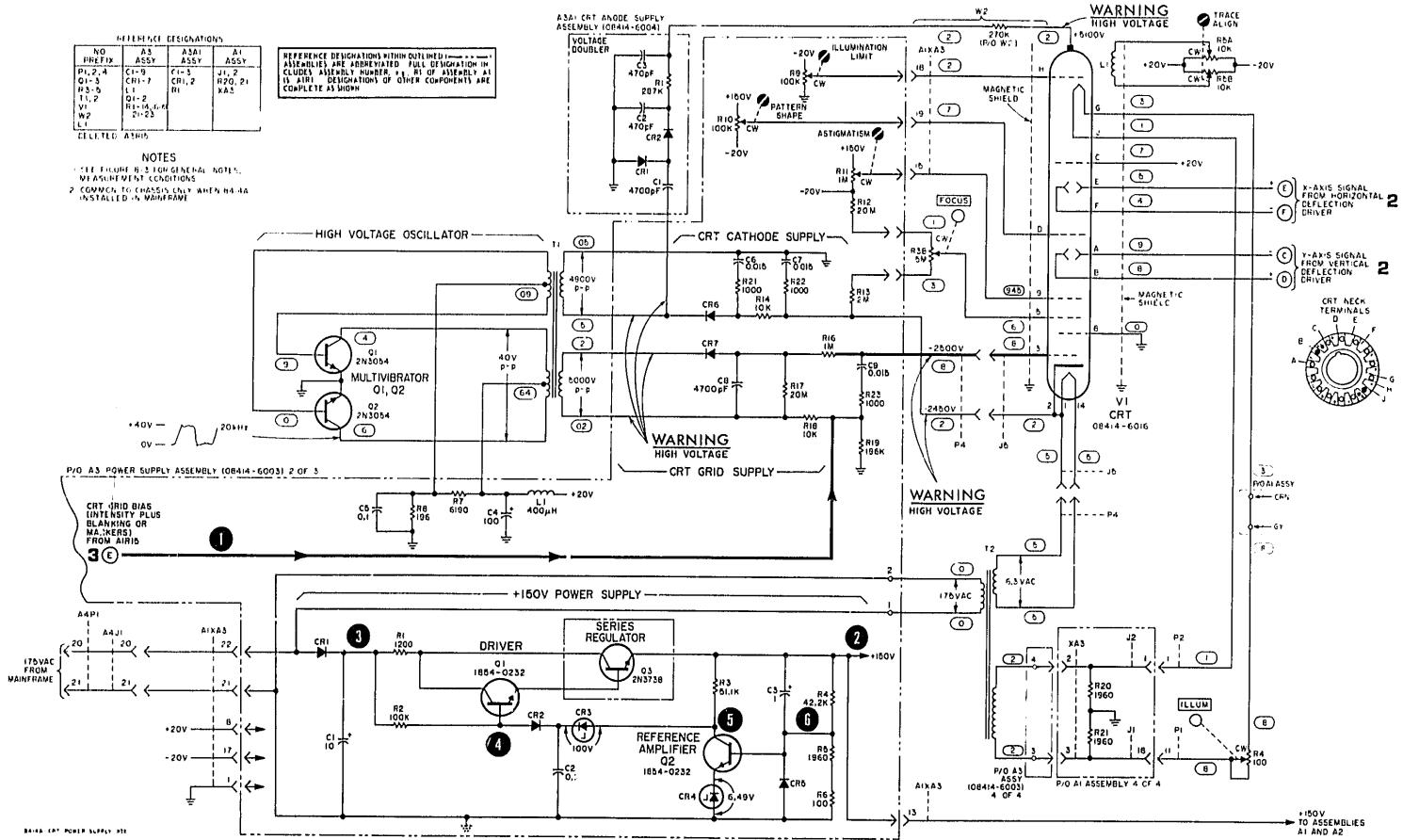


Figure 8-20. CRT High and Low Voltage Supplies and +150 Volt Supply, Schematic Diagram



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Section VIII Service

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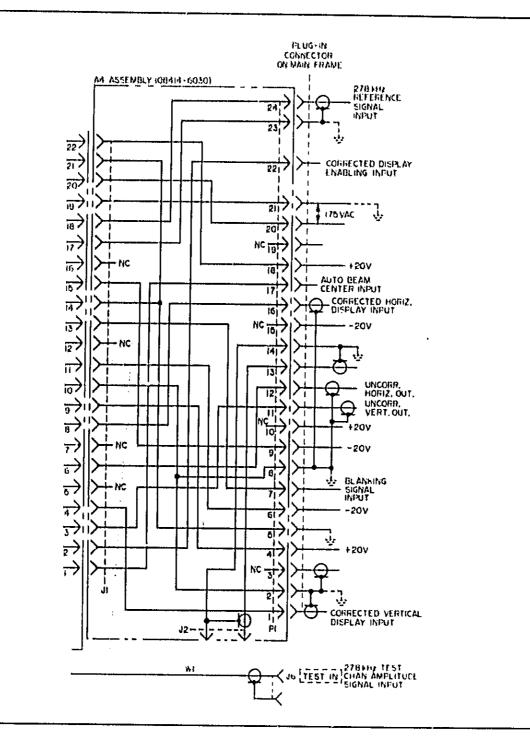
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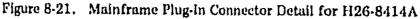
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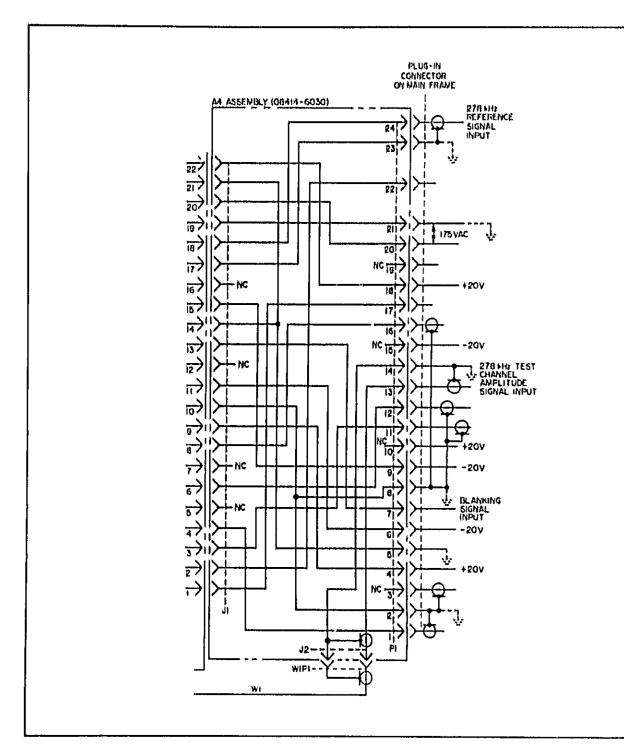
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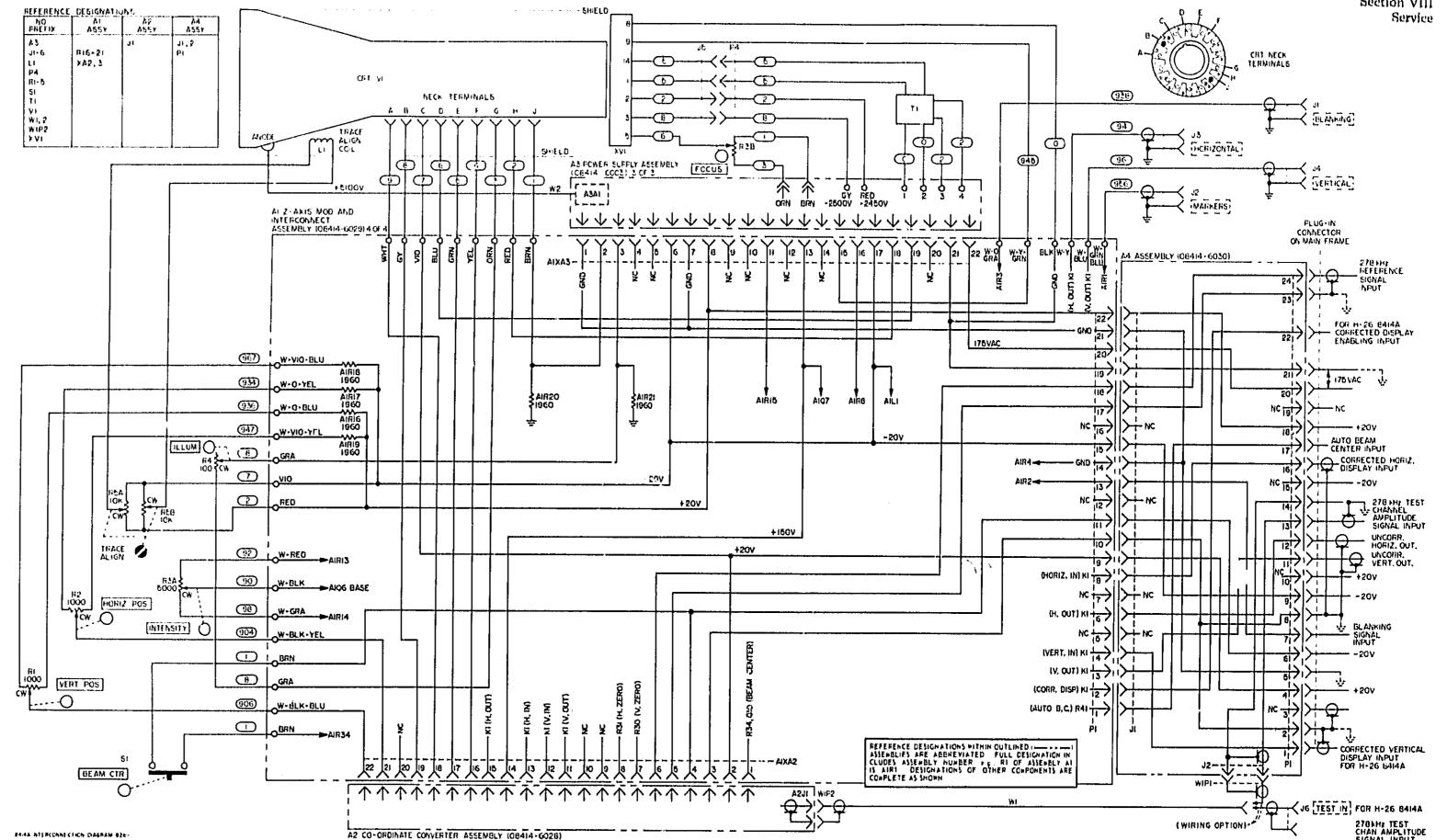
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Figure 8-23. Interconnection Diagram

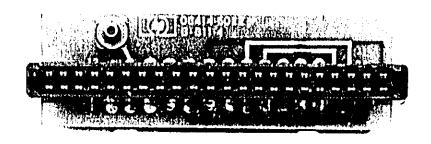
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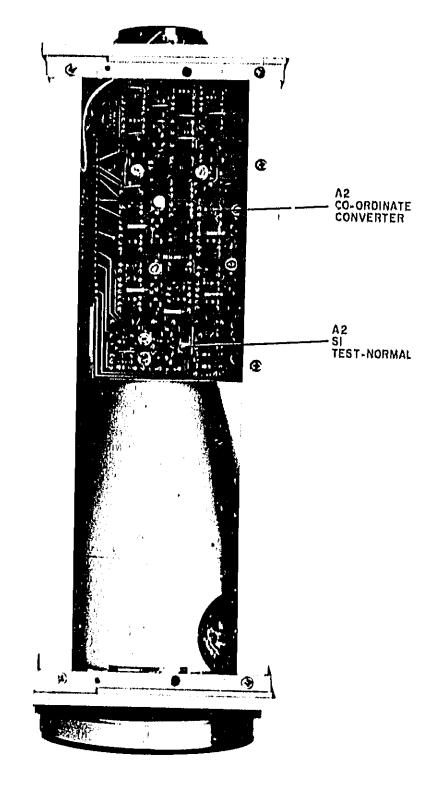
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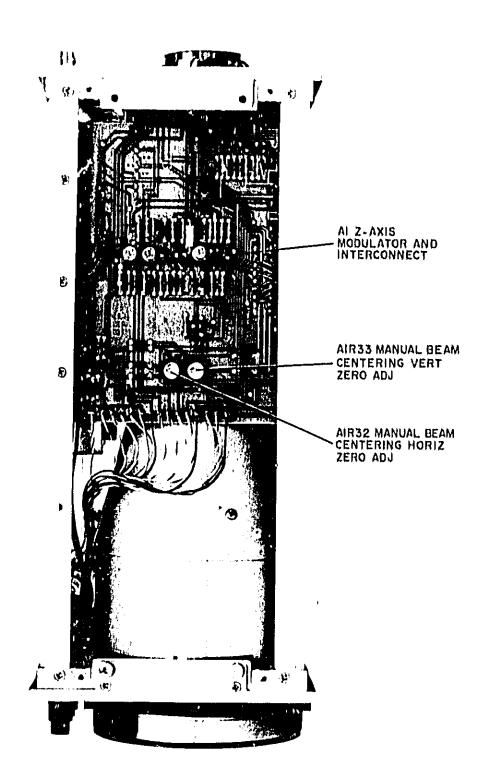
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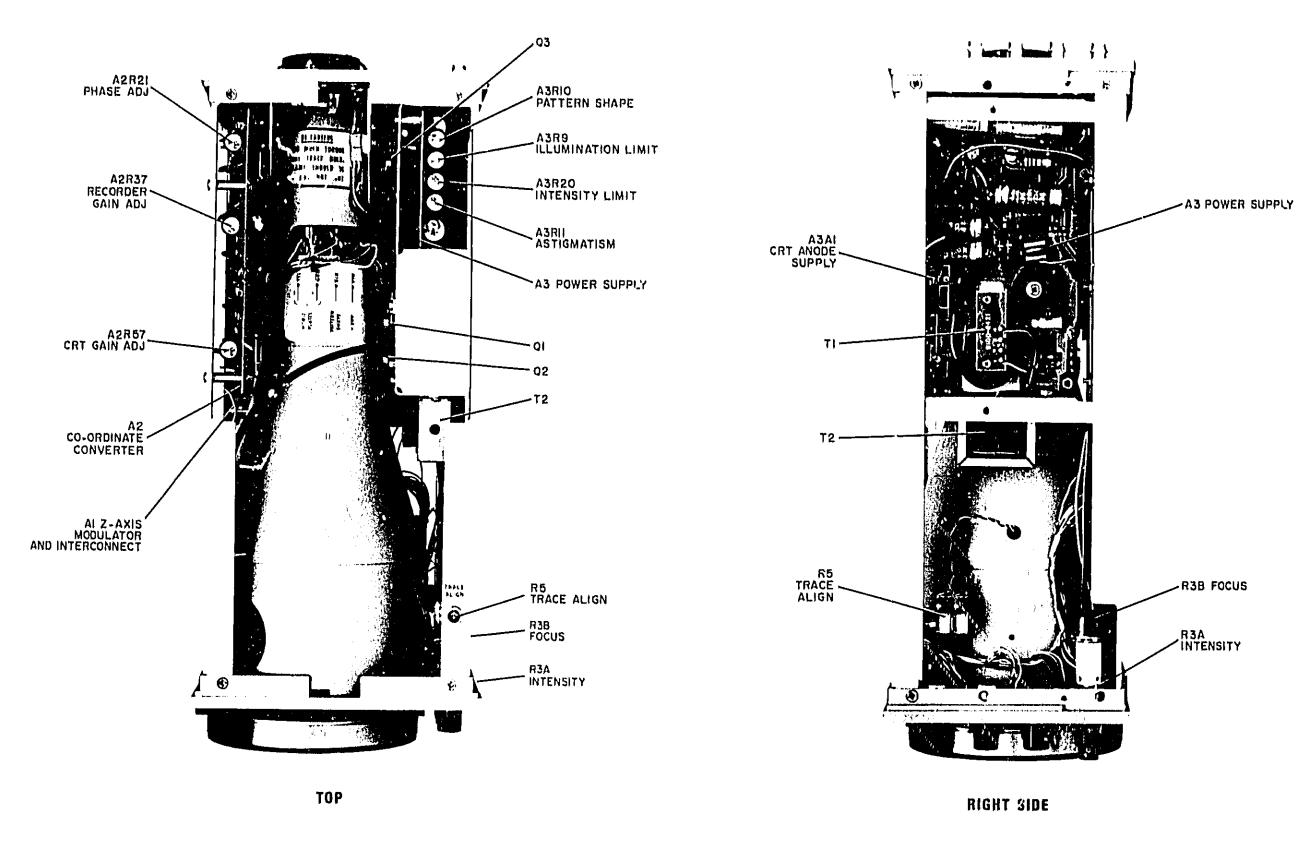


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Figure 8-24. Location of Adjustments, Chassis-mounted Parts and Major Assemblies



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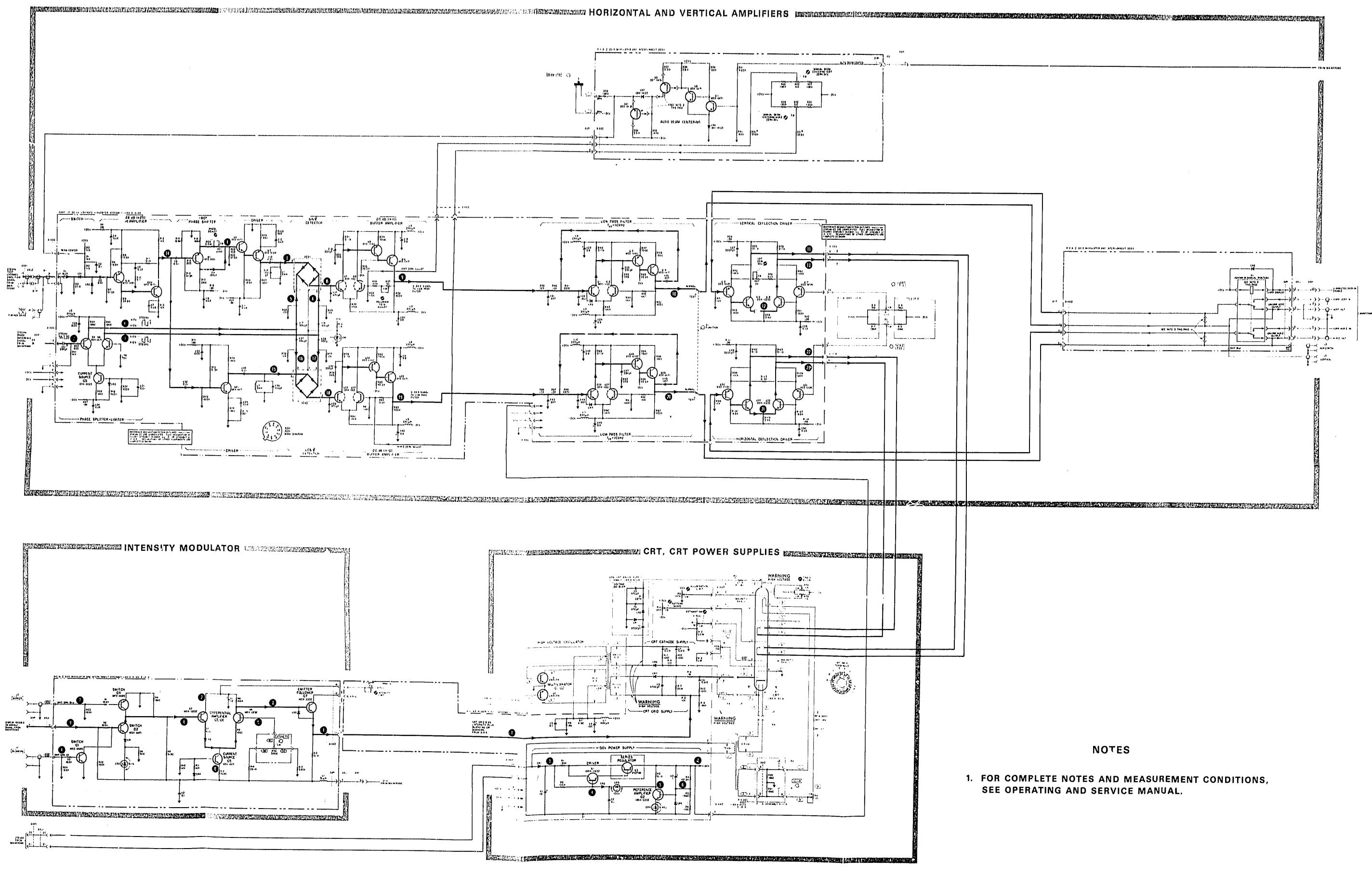
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Section VIII Service

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8414A POLAR DISPLAY OVERALL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

FOR SERIAL PREFIX 036.

# MANUAL CHANGES

# NOTE

Manual change supplements are ruvised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewiett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies, quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the modul number and print date from the Utile page of the manual.

# MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

Model Number: 8414A Date Printed: Sept. 1973 Part Number: 08414-90016

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement, make all ERRATA corrections and all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes		
1144A02836 thru 1144A Prefix	1		
153IA	1, 2		
1545A	I, 2, 3		
1601A	1, 2, 3, 4		
1607A	172		
1616A	1-6		
2030A	1-7		
2145A00101 thru 2145A00272	, <b>I-8</b>		

Make Manual Changes
1-9
1-10
1-11
J-12
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• - NEW ITEM

# ERRATA

Page 5-6, Paragraph 5-10;

In step g, change A1R37 to A2R37, and change A3R20 to A3R10,

Page 6-3, Table 6-2:

Add A1R42 HP Part No. 0698-3151 R: FXD MET FLM 2.87K OHM 1% 1/8W, A1R43 HP Part No. 0698-0090 R: FXD MET F1.M 464 OHM 1% 1/2W. A1R44 HP Part No. 0698-0084 R: FXD MET FLM 2.15K OHM 1% 1/8W.

19 DECEMBER 1984 18 pages





Printed in U.S.A.

#### 08414-90016

# ERRATA (Cont'd)

#### Page 6-3, Table 6-2:

# Change A2C3 and A2C8 to HP Part Number, 0160-2055.

# Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

- Change A2C13 to HP Purt Number 0160-2055,
- Change A2CI4 to HP Part Number 0140-0194, CIFXD MICA 110 PF 5%.
  - Change A2C28 to HP Part Number 0160-4300, CER ,047 uf 100V,
  - Change A2C31, A2C32, and A2C35 to HP Part Number 0160-2055,
  - Change A2C36 to HP Part Number 0140-0194, C:FXD MICA 110 PF 5%,
- Change A2C50 to HP Part Number 0160-4300, CER ,047 uf 100V,
  - Change A2C51 to HP Part Number 0140-0199, C:FXD MICA 240 PF 5% 300V.

#### Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change A2L1 and A2L7 to HP Part Number 9100-2578, COIL/CHOKE 2.00 UH 5%. Change A2Q23 and A2Q26 to HP Part Number 1854-0475.

#### Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

Add the following:

Reference DesignationHP Part NumberA3 Assembly (See Description)08414-60031		Description		
		H.V. POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY INCLUDES: A3 BOARD ASSY (08414-60037)		
		W2 CABLE ASSY (00140-61606) MOUNTING BRACKET (08414-0006) HV INSULATOR (08414-0020)		

# Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

Change A3C4 to HP Part Number 0180-3455, CD7, CAPACITOR-FXD 220 UF +100 -10% 63 VDC AL (Recommended Replacement).

Page 6-10, Table 6-2;

Change QI to HP Part Number 1854-0814, X-N 2N3054A (Recommenced Replacement). Change Q2 to HP Part Number 1854-0814, X-N 2N3054A (Recommended Replacement). Change RI and R2 to HP Part Number 2100-3935, RtVAR COMP IK OHM 5% 5T.

#### Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

2

Change Item 1, first entry, HP Parc Number, to 08414-20031.

Change Item 6 to HP Part Number 08414-00025,

Change Item 8 to HP Part Number 08414-00030,

Add after Item 8 the following with Item Number "P/O 8," HP Part Number 6960-0001, Hole Plug, .500D, Change Item 9 to HP Part Number 08 114-00026.

Change Item 10 to HP Part Number 08414-29020,

Change Item 11 to HP Part Number 5000-9140.

Add Item 13, HP Part Number 08414-2033, Prnel-Rear Sub.

Add Item 13 callout to the rear subpanel on the drawing.

Add Item 14, HP Part Number 08414-2007. Panel, Front Sub.

Add Item 14 callout to the front subpanel on the drawing.

#### 08414-90016

## Model 8414A

ERRATA (Cont'd)

Page 6-12, Table 6-3; Add HP Part No. 0698-0090 R:FXD MET FLM 464 OHM 1% 1/2W; Mfr. 28480, 0693-0090, 1. Change HP Part No. 0698-3151 TQ to 3.

Page 6-14, Table 6-3; Change 08414-2014 to 08414-20031,

Page 8-0, Table 8-1: Change Service Cable to HP Part No.08410-60067.

Page 8-13, Figure 8-13: Add "R73" between C34 and R110,

Page 8-13, Figure 8-14: Change Part Number of A2Q5 Current Source to 1854-0071. Change A2Q7, A2Q8, A2Q22, A2Q23 to HP Part Number 1854-0475.

Page 8-15, Figure 8-16; Change A2Q11, A2Q12, A2Q26, and A2Q27 to HP Part Number 1854-0475. Change A2C28 and A2C50 to .047 uf.

Page 8-17, Figure 8-18, in Assembly Alt

Add A1R42, a 2.87K ohm resistor from AIQ1 emitter to ground. Add A1R43, a 464 ohm resistor from A1CR2 to junction of A1CR1 and A1R6. Add A1R44, a 2.15K ohm resistor from A1Q4 collector to junction of AIQ2 collector and A1Q3 base.

Page 8-19, Figure 8-20;

Change A3C4 to 120UF,

On potentiometer R5B (TRACE ALIGN), place "CW" on the other side of the control symbol so that in the fully clockwise position, the bottom of L1 is connected to -20V,

# **CHANGE 1**

Page 6-9, Table 6-2;

Change A3R8 to HP Part No. 0698-3441 R:FXD MET FLM 215 OHM 1% 1/8W,

Page 8-19, Figure 8-20;

Change A3R8 to 215 Ohms.

CHANGE 2

Page 6-10, Table 6-2: Change VI to HP Part No. 5083-1670.

CHANGE 3

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Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

Change A3C6, A3C7, and A3C9 to HP Part No. 0160-0062 CF .015UF ±10% 4000VDC,

# CHANGE 4

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

Change item I, first entry to HP Part Number 08414-20034.

Page 6-14, Table 6-3; Change 08414-20031 to 08414-20034,

CHANGE 5

Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Change item 1, first entry to HP Part Number 08414-20031.

Page 6-14, Table 6-3: Change 08414-20034 to 08414-20031. 08414-90016

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#### **CHANGE 6**

Puge 6-10, Table 6-2;

Change VI to HP Part Number 5083-1622,

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CHANGE 7

Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

Change A3 to HP Part Number 08414-60037 (Recommended Replacement).

Change A3C4 to HP Part Number 0180-3455, CD7, CAPACITOR-FXD 220 UF +100 -10% 63 VDC AL (Recommended Replacement).

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Model 8414A

Change A3C5 to HP Part Number 0160-0127, CD2, CAPACITOR-FXD I UF ±20% 25 VDC CER.

Add A3CR8 HP Part Number 1901-0050, CD3, DIODE:SILICON 75V,

Pige 6-9, Table 6-2:

Delete A3R8,

Add A3R15 and A3424 HP Part Number 0757-0401, CD0, R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1% 1/8W,

Pege 6-10, Table 6-2;

Add CRI and CR2 HP Part No. 1901-0039, CD8, DIODE SWITCHING 50V 300MA 8NS,

Page 8-19, Figure 8-20;

Change high voltage oscillator circuit as shown in attached partial schematic (Figure 8-20b).

#### CHANGE 8

Change Model 8414A to Model 8414B and incorporate 08414-90028 8414B Manual Supplement as part of this manual package.

### CHANGE 9

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Change A3R15 and A3R24 to HP Part Number 0698-3441 CD8 RESISTOR 215 1% .125W F TC=0±100.

Page 8-19, Figure 8-20;

Change A3R15 and A3R24 to 215 (Refer to Figure 8-20b in Change 7 of this Change Sheet.)

### **CHANGE 10**

Page 6-9, Table 6-2:

Change A3R15 and A3R24 to HP Part Number 0698-3441, CD8, RESISTOR 215 1% .125W F TC=0±100 (Factory Selected Value).

Page 8-19, Figure 8-20;

Change A3R15 and A3R24 to 215 and add "\*" for Factory Selected Value. (Refer to Figure 8-20b in Change 7 of this Change Sheet.)

#### **CHANGE 11**

Page 6-3, Table 6-2:

Change A2 to HP Part Number 08414-60041, CD7, ASSY; COORDINATE CONVERTER - PREFERRED REPLACEMENT FOR THE 08414-6028 COORDINATE CONVERTER.

Page 6-4, Table 6-2:

Add A2C52 and A2C53, HI' Part Number 0160-4834, CD6, CAPACITOR-FXD ,047UF ± 10% 100VDC CER.

Page 6-6, Table 6-2:

Add A2Q34, HP Part Number 1854-0477, CD7, TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18PD- 500MW,

Pag / 6-8, Table 6-2,

Add A2R113, Hr Part Number 0698-3440, CD7, RESISTOR 196 1% ,125W F TC=0±100.

Add A2R114, F/P Part Number 0757-0438, CD3, RESISTOR 5.11K 1%,125W F TC=0±100.

Add A2R115 and A2R116, HP Part Number 0757-0442, CD9, RESISTOR 10K 1% ,125W F TC-0±100.

# CHANGE 11 (Cont'd)

Page 8-13, Figure 8-13;

Replace the existing Phase Shifter and Phase Detectors Component Identification diagram with the one supplied in this change sheet.

Page 8-13, Figure 8-14;

Insert the partial Phase Shifter and Phase Detectors Schematic diagram (supplied in this Change Sheet) onto the existing Figure 8-14,

Page 8-15, Figure 8-15;

Replace the existing Low Pass Filters and Horizontal and Vertical Drivers Component Identification diagram with the one supplied in this Change Sheet.

Page 8-15, Figure 8-16;

Change A2 in the upper left-hand corner of the schematic to HP Pert Number 08414-60041, CD7,

CHANGE 12

Page 6-8, Table 6-2;

Change A3 to HP Part Number 08414-60042, CDB. (Recommended Replacement).

Page 6-9, Table 6-2;

Change A3R15 and A3424 to HP Part Number 0757-0401 CD0, R:FXD MET FLM 100 OHM 1% I/8W, Add A3R25 and A3R26, HP Part Number 2100-0554 CD5, RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN.

Page 8-19, Figure 8-19;

Replace the A3 Component Identification diagram with the one supplied in this Change Sheet (Figure 8-19, Change 12).

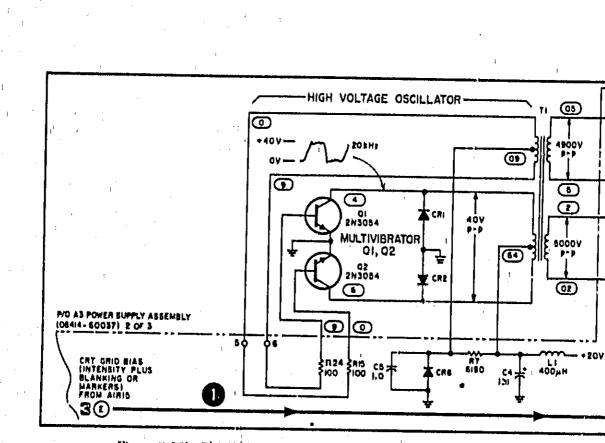
Page 8-19, Figure 8-20:

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Change the High Voltage Oscillator circuit as shown in the attached partial schematic (Figure 8-20c, Change 12).

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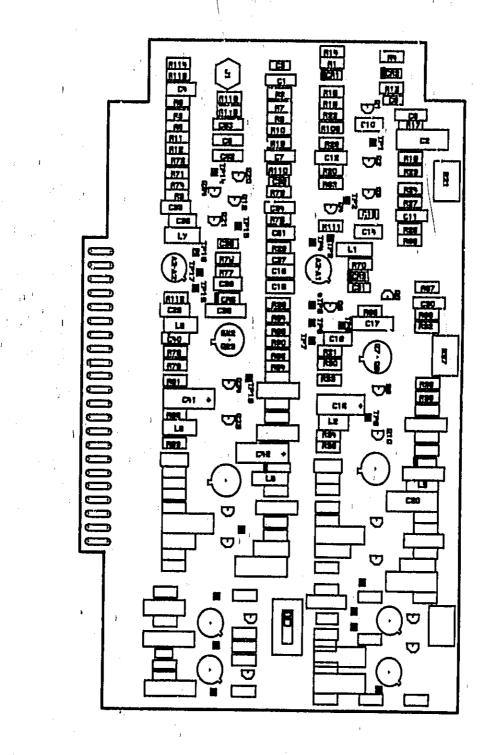
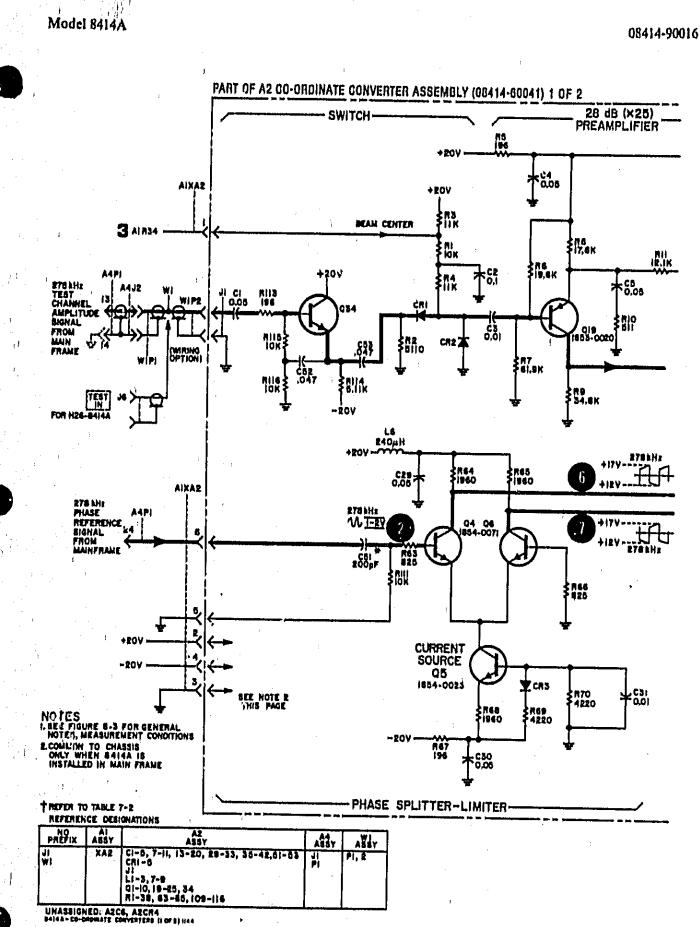


Figure 8-13. Phase Shifter and Phase Detectors, Component Identification (CHANGE 11)

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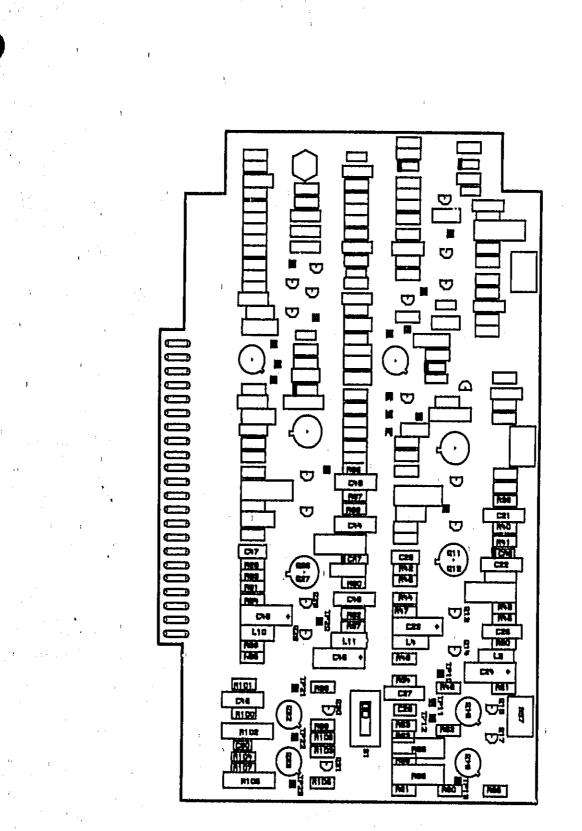


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Part of Figure 8-14. Phase Shifter and Phase Detectors, Schematic Diagram (CHANGE 11)



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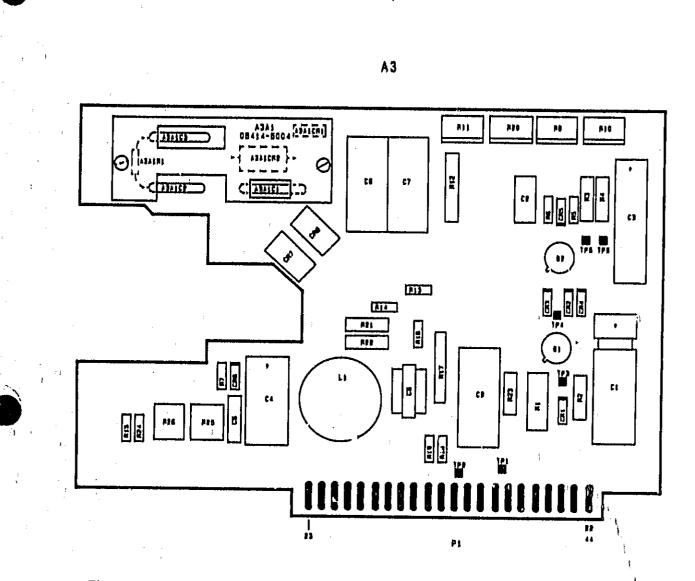
Model 8414A

Figure 8-15, Low Pass Filters and Horizontal and Vertical Drivers, Component Identification (CHANGE 11)

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# Figure 8-19.

CRT High and Low Voltage Supplies and +150 Volt Supply, Component Identification (CHANGE 12)

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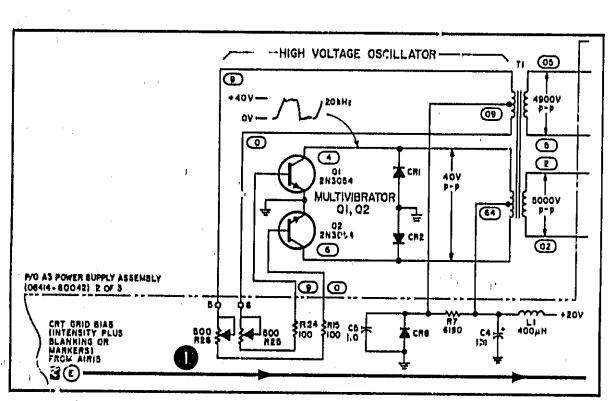


Figure 8-20c. P/O High Voltage Power Supply Schematic (CHANGE 12)

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