## Hewlett-Packard to Agilent Technologies Transition

This documentation supports a product that previously shipped under the HewlettPackard company brand name. The brand name has now been changed to Agilent Technologies. The two products are functionally identical, only our name has changed. The document still includes references to Hewlett-Packard products, some of which have been transitioned to Agilent Technologies.

## Transition de Hewlett-Packard vers Agilent Technologies

La présente documentation se réfère à un produit qui était auparavant livré sous la marque Hewlett-Packard. Cette marque a été remplacée par Agilent Technologies. D'un point de vue fonctionnel, les deux produits sont identiques et seuls leurs noms les différencient. La documentation comprend toujours des références aux produits Hewlett-Packard, même si certains possèdent déjà l'appelation Agilent Technologies.

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## Transición de Hewlett-Packard a Agilent Technologies

Esta documentación proporciona información técnica sobre un producto que anteriormente se distribuía bajo el nombre de marca de la compañía Hewlett-Packard. Dicho nombre de marca ha cambiado ahora a Agilent Technologies. Los dos productos son funcionalmente idénticos, sólo ha cambiado nuestro nombre. Este documento aún incluye referencias a productos de Hewlett-Packard, algunos de los cuales han pasado a Agilent Technologies.

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## 关于惠普公司更名为安捷伦科技公司的事宜

此文档支持先前以惠普公司（Hewlett－Packard）商标名称交付的产品。此商标名称现已更名为安捷伦科技公司（Agilent Technologies）。两个商标名称的产品在功能上完全相同，只是更改了名称。文档中仍然会提到惠普产品，但其中一些产品名称已改为安捷伦科技公司。

關於惠普公司更名爲安捷倫科技事宜
本資料支持先前以惠普公司（Hewlett－Packard）品牌交付的產品，而該品牌現已改名爲安捷倫科技（Agilent Technologies）。兩個品牌的產品功能相同，僅名稱更換而已。本資料仍含有惠普公司產品參數，但其中的一些產品名稱已改爲安捷倫科技。

# HP 8901A MODULATION ANALYZER Service Manual 

SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual provides complete information for instruments with serial-number prefixes: 1836A to 2916A and all major change that occur to your instrument.
rev.06NOV92

For additional important information about serial numbers, refer to "INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY THIS MANUAL" in section 1.

Fourth Edition

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EAST 24001 MISSION AVENUE, TAF C-34, SPOKANE, WASHINGTON, U.S.A. 99220

## Service Manual HP Pat 08901-90136

## Other Documents Avaliatle:

Operation and Cellbration Manual HP Part 08901-90135
microfiche Operation and Calibration Manual HP Part 08901-90137
Wicrofiche Service Manual HP Part 09901-90138

## CERTIFICATION

Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

## WARRANTY

This Hewlett-Packard instrument product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of shipment. During the warranty period, Hewlett-Packard Company will at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective.
For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to a service facility designated by HP. Buyer shall prepay shipping charges to HP and HP shall pay shipping charges to return the product to the Buyer. However, Buyer shall pay all shipping charges, duties, and taxes for products returned to HP from another country.

HP warrants that its software and firmware designated by HP for use with an instrument will execute its programming instructions when properly installed on that instrument. HP does not warrant that the operation of the instrument, or software, or firmware will be uninterrupted or error free.

## LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by Buyer, Buyer-supplied software or interfacing, unauthorized modification or misuse, operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product, or improper site preparation or maintenance.
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## EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

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[^0]
## SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

## CENERAL

This product and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation.
This product is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal).

## BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is set to match the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed.

## SAFETY EARTH GROUND

An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

## SAFETY SYMBOLS



Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (refer to Table of Contents.)

4
Indicates hazardous voltages.

Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

## WARNing

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

## CAUTION

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

## WAPINING

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could resulting personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection).

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Servicing instructions are for use by service trained personnel only. To woid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy awailable at may points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source os supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250 V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.) Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.


This instrument was constructed in an ESD (electro-static discharge) protected environment. This is because most of the semi-conductor devices used in this instrument are susceptible to damage by static discharge.
Depending on the magnitude of the charge, device substrates can be punctured or destroyed by contact or mere proximity of a static charge. The results can cause degradation of device performance, early failure, or immediate destruction.

These charges are generated in numerous ways such as simple contact, separation of materials, and normal motions of persons working with static sensitive devices.

When handling or servicing equipment containing static sensitive devices, adequate precautions must be taken to prevent device damage or destruction.

Only those who are thoroughly familiar with industry accepted techniques for handling static sensitive devices should attempt to service circuitry with these devices.
In all instances, measures must be taken to prevent static charge build-up on work surfaces and persons handling the devices.

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## Section 6 <br> REPLACEABLE PARTS

## 6-1. INTRODUCTION TO THIS SECTION

This section contains information for ordering parts. Table 6-1 lists reference designations, and Table 6-2 lists abbreviations that are used in the Replaceable Parts List. Table 6-3 lists all replaceable parts in the instrument. Table 6-4 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers listed in Table 6-3. Also included in this section are photographs and drawings to aid in identifying and ordering chassis mounted parts and mechanical parts.

## 6-2. REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Table 6-1 lists the reference designation letters for electrical parts in the instrument. The letter designations found in Table 6-1 are coupled with numeric designations to provide a unique reference designation for each part in the instrument. For example A17R1 is the reference designation of a particular resistor R1 on assembly A17.
Table 6-2 lists abbreviations used in the parts list and on schematics.

## 6-3. MECHANICAL AND CHȦSSIS PART LOCATIONS AND REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

Most mechanical parts are identified in Figures 6-1 to 6-5. These figures are located at the end of this section. Major mechanical parts have reference designations that begin with the letters MP. To find the part number and description of a mechanical part, find the part in one of the photographs or drawings, and then look up the reference designation in Table 6-3. Mechanical hardware not shown in the figures, such as screws, are listed under the part which they attach. For example, the screws that attach the fan (B1) to the rear panel are listed under B1.

## 6-4. RECOMMENDED SPARES LIST

Stocking spare parts for an instrument is often done to ensure quick return to service after a malfunction occurs. Hewlett-Packard has prepared a "Recommended Spares" list for this instrument. The contents of the list are based on failure reports and repair data. Quantities given are for one year of parts support. You can request a complimentary copy of the "Recommended Spares" list from your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.
When stocking parts to support more than one instrument or to support a variety of Hewlett-Packard instruments, it may be more economical to work from one consolidated list rather than simply adding together stocking quantities from the individual instrument lists. Hewlett-Packard will prepare consolidated "Recommended Spares" lists for any number or combination of instruments. Contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office for details.

## 6-5. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-3 is a list of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:
a. Electrical assemblies and their components with reference designations in alphanumeric order.
b. Chassis-Mounted parts with reference designations in alphanumeric order.
c. Mechanical parts with reference designations in alphanumeric order.

## Ordering Parts.

## Instrument Serial Numbers.

Attached to the rear of the instrument is a serial-number plate. The first four digits and the letter are the instrument serial-number prefix. The last five digits (serial-number suffix) are unique to each instrument. When parts in the instrument are changed, the serial-number prefix of the instrument may also change. This means that sometimes a part will be listed more than once in the the replaceable parts list along with a serial-number prefix or range of serial-number prefixes. Find the serial-number prefix on the serial plate of your instrument and order the part listed under the corresponding prefix in the table. If no serial prefix information is listed, the part is compatible in instruments of all serial numbers.

## NOTE

It is possible that some assemblies in your instrument have been updated (through service or retrofitting) to reflect changes made to instruments with serial-number prefixes later than that shown on your instrument serialnumber tag. Be sure to note the board number of the assembly being repaired or replaced when ordering parts for your instrument.

## How to Order

To order a part in the Replaceable Parts List, call or write the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales Office. Have the following information ready to speed the ordering process:

1. The Hewlett-Packard part number with the check digit. (The check digit will ensure accurate and timely processing of your order.)
2. The quantity required.
3. An approved purchase order number. (Sometimes required.)

NOTE
Within the USA, it is better to order directly from the HP Support Materials Organization, Roseville, California. Ask your nearest HP office for information and forms for the "Direct Order System".

## Replaceable Parts List Updating (Manual Updates)

A "MANUAL UPDATES" packet is shipped with the manual, when necessary, to provide the most current information available at the time of shipment. These packets consist of replacement and addition pages which should be incorporated into the manual to bring it up to date.

Hewlett-Packard offers a Documentation Update Service that will provide you with further updates as they become available. If you operate or service instruments of different serial prefixes, we strongly recommend that you join this service immediately to ensure that you manual is kept current. For more information, refer to the Documentation Update Service reply card included in this manal, or call: Learning Products Department (509) 921-4001, or write:

Hewlett-Packard Company Learning Products Department
24001 E. Mission - TAF C-34
Spokane, WA 99220

Table 6-1. Reference Designations
REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS


Table 6-2. Abbreviations (1 of 2)

| ABBREVIATIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A........... ampors ac .........aternating current | COEF $\ldots \ldots \ldots$..........erficient COM $\ldots \ldots . . . .$. common | EDP ......... electronic data |  |
| ACCEss ......... mocossory | comp .........composition | ELECT ......... electroytic | kHz . ............... kiloherz |
| AD A...........eiliog-to-digital | CONN ............ comme | ENT ............... oxtornal |  |
| AFFC......... audio troquency | ${ }_{\text {CPI }}^{\text {CRT }}$...........cadmium plate | FET ...................farad | \$1................. Pound |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABC .....................omatric gain } \\ & \text { control } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CTL ......... omplementary } \\ & \text { CW ........ continuous wele } \end{aligned}$ |  | LED ..... cipitumeminting diode |
| AL ............... aluminum | Cw <br> m . . . . . . clock |  |  |
| AM C....... | D/ . ........... digital-to-enalog | FREQ .............. trequency |  |
|  | $\mathrm{dB} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ decibe dBm $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ decibel referred | FXD $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ fixed $\boldsymbol{g}, \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ gram GE $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ gormanium | LIN . . . . . . . tinear taper (used in parts list) <br> LK WASH . . . . . lock washar |
|  | dc........... dircet current |  | LO ....... Bow; bocal oscillator |
|  | deg ..... degree (temperature | GL $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ glass GRD $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ grounded) H | LOG ....... loganthmic taper 109 ........... parts list) |
|  | ancoio |  | LPF ............ low pass fither |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BAL ............... belance } \\ & \text { BCD ....... binary codod } \\ & \text { docimal } \end{aligned}$ | .ingiogre) | HEX ……....... hetersagynal | m ................er (distances) |
|  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$................ dogrogreo Kolvin |  | max .................titiampere |
| BD .................... . board <br> BECU <br> berylium copper <br> BFO.. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ ocectlator beat trequercy | DEPC ..... copositod carbon | HF .......... high trequency | M . ................megohm |
|  |  |  | MEG ......... meg (109) (used in parts list) |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | DPDT .............. double-pole. | Hz $\ldots \ldots \ldots$.....................tz IC IC | MFR ........... manutacturer |
|  |  | If .......... insidide diumetar | MHz .............. meganertz |
|  |  | IF .............. intermediate IMPG trequency impregnated |  |
|  | DVM ....... digital voltmoter ECL ....... eminter coupled EMF ..... electromotive torce |  |  |
| NOTE |  |  |  |
|  | All abbrevintions in the per | lat will be in upper-case. |  |

Thble 6-2. Abbreviations (2 of 2)


# Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts 

| Reference | MP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cy. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desigration | Mumber | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mfr. Min. Part Number |

## A1

| 19834 200 2443A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 00901 -00034 | 8 | 1 | KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY ASSEMBLY <br> EECEST OPTIO OTO-DOES NOT MCL AIWI | 28480 | 06801-60034 |
| A1 | 0e801-6001 | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | KCEYEOARD ANO DISPLAY ASSEMBLY GOPT. 010 ONLY. DOES NOT WCL A1W1 | 29480 | 08901-60001 |
| 2447A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI | 08301-60275 | 0 | 1 | KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY ASSEMBLY <br> (EXCEPT OPTION O1O)DOES NOT WCL AIW1 | 28460 | 08901-60275 |
| A1 | $00001-60251$ | 3 | 1 | KEYBOARD ANO DISFLAY ASSEMBLY (OPT. OIO ONEY) DOES NOT WCL AIWI | 28480 | 08s01-60261 |
| Alct | 0180-0209 | 7 | 5 | CAPACTIORFXD SEUF+ $10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 56289 | $1500338 \times 001082$ |
| 2933A to 34A4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIC2 | 0160-2055 | 9 | 71 | CAPACTIOR-XD .01UF + +0-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0106NWB302Y5Vioszioov |
| AIC3 | 01802055 | 9 |  | CAPMCTIOR-XD .01UF +e0-20\% 100VDC CER | 09089 | D0105NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| AIC4 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTION-XD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0108NWE302Y5Vi03zi00V |
| 2477 and chove |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIC2 | 0160-4632 | 4 |  | CAPACTORFXD .01LF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4332 |
| AIC3 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTTORFXO . D1LF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| AICH | 0100-4032 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTTORFXD .01LF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1C5 | 0100-2291 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD .18UF + $10 \%$ 80VOC POLYE | 19701 | 70801MV184PK800ax |
| 1933A 50 2643A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AJCS | 0160-2055 | 0 |  | CAPACTIOP-FXD .01UF + $00-20 \%$ 100VVC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AIC7 | 0160-2055 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD .01UF +e0-20\% 100VVC CER | 09969 | D0108NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AlCs | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-XD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DDIOENWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A1C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPMCTORF- XD $^{\text {.01UF }}+\mathbf{8 0 - 2 0 \% ~ 1 0 0 V O C ~ C E R ~}$ | 09969 | D0103NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A1C10 | 0160-2055 | - |  | CAPACTIOR-XD .01UF +60-20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | DD109NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AICII | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD . $011 \mathrm{LF}+800-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09899 | DD10ENWESO2YSV1032100V |
| AJC12 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD . 01 UF + +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | DD106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AIC13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXO .OTLF + | 09869 | DD106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| 2447A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AICS | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPMCTIORFXD .OTUF + -10\% 100VDC CER | 29460 | 0160-4832 |
| AIC7 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTIORFXD .01UF +10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| AICS | 0160-4332 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTIOR-FXD .OIUF $+10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1C9 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACITOAFXD .01LF + -10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| AICIO | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPMOTTORFXD .01UF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28400 | 0160-4832 |
| AlC11 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01LF + -10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1CI2 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTORFFXD .01LF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 24480 | 0160-4832 |
| A1C33 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 3 | CAPACTIORFXD .OTUF $+10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| 2933A to 2443A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AICI4 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXO . OTLF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 00969 | D0108NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A1C15 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPMCTIORFXD .01LF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | DD106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AlCi6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITORFXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 03969 | D010enwese2Y5V1032100V |
| ${ }^{17 C 17}$ | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .OIVF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DDIOONWB302Y5vi03z100V |
| AICI8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXO .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 08969 | DD108NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| AlC19 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXO .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 00969 | D010ENWE302Y5vi03z100V |
| Aiceo | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 09068 | D010ENWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A1C21 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD . O1LF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09869 | Dotoenw |
| AIC22 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXO .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09808 | D010enwa302Y5V1032100V |
| A1C23 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-PD . O1LF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD10enwescersviczzio0v |
| 2478 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Min. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1CR1 $\triangle$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 4 | DIOOE-SWTCTMNG INA150 50V 200 Ma ANS | 80171 | INa150 |
| A1CR2 $\triangle$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 4 | DNODE-SWITCHMNG 1N4150 50V 200MA ANS | ¢N171 | 1N4150 |
| AICR3 $\triangle$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 4 | DOODESWITCHMNG 1 M 15050 V 200 MA ANS | ON171 | 1Nat50 |
| AICR4 $\triangle$ | 1801-1098 | 1 | 4 | DODESWTCHMG 1NE 15050 V 200 MA ans | $0 \times 171$ | $1 \mathrm{Na150}$ |
| AIDS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1890.0547 | 0 | 33 | LED-LANP LMMNT -2MCD F=-20MA-MAX EVR 5 5V | 28480 | 5082-4684. SEL N |
| Alds2 4 | $1090-0547$ | 0 |  | LED-AMP LUM-ATT EMMCD F=20MA-MAX BVR $=5 \mathrm{VV}$ | 28480 | 5092-4684. SEL N |
| Aldss $\triangle$ | 1890-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5032-468, SEL. N |
| A10S4 $\triangle$ | 19900547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5032-4684, SEL N |
| 19334 to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIDSS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 198000547 | 0 |  | LEP-LAMP UM-WTTE2NCD H-20MA-MAX BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIDS5 |  |  |  | MOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A10s6 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1880-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | S082-4604, SEL N |
| A10S7 4 | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28400 | $5082-4684$. SEL N |
| Aldse 4 | 1890.0547 | 0 |  | LEP-UNP UMWT | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A1059 4 | 1980.0547 | 0 | 24 |  | 28480 | 5082468 , SEL IN |
| Alosio ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A10S11 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1890-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A10S12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 6082-4684, SEL IV |
| A10S13 4 | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5032-4684, SEL IN |
| Alosid $\triangle$ | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5002-468, SEL N |
| A1DS15 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5092-4684, SEL N |
| Aldsi6 A | 1990.0547 | 0 |  | LED-LAMP LUAWTT $=2 M C D$ FF $=20 M \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{MAX}$ EVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL IN |
| Alosit ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| Aldisi8 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 18900547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5002-4684, SEL IV |
| A1DS49 $\triangle$ | 19000547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| Alds20 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 18000547 | 0 |  | LPD-LAMP UMANT $=2 N C D$ FF=20MA-WAX BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A1Ds21 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5002-4684, SEL N |
| A1Ds22 4 | 19900547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| Aldses ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 19900547 | 0 |  | LED-LANP UM-WNT $=2 M C D$ FF $=20 \mathrm{MA}$-MAX 8 VR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4884, SEL N |
| Alds24 $\triangle$ | 18900547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A1DS25 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL. NV |
| A1DS26 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $1890-0547$ | 0 |  | LED-LAMP UM-WT $=2$ MCD FF=2OMA-MAX BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 29400 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| A1ds27 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1890-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5092-4684, SEL N |
| A1ds28 $\Delta$ | 1890-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL N |
| Alds29 A | 1980.0547 | 0 |  | LED-LAWP UMANT $=2 M C D$ F= $=20 \mathrm{MA}-\mathrm{MaX} B V R=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4684. SEL IV |
| Alds30 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684, SEL IV |
| A1DS31 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1980.0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684. SEL IV |
| Aldss2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684. SEL IV |
| A1DS33 4 | 1980-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-46e4. SEL IV |
| Alds34 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1990-0547 | 0 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4684. SEL IV |
| A1J1 | 12515169 | 6 | 4 | COMUPOST TYPE .156-PN-SPCE 6-CONT | 28480 | 1251-5169 |
|  | 1251-4460 | 8 | 7 | CLP-CABLE PLUG RTNG-DUAL MLINE 16 CONT | 06776 | RC-74 |
| A132 | 1200-0507 | 9 | 10 | SOCNETHC 16-CONT DP-SLDR | 06776 | CNC-1638-53-630 |
|  | 1251-4460 | 8 |  | CLP-CABLE PUGG RTNG-DUAL MLINE 16-CONT | 06776 | RC.74 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1MPI | $5041-0368$ | 8 | 5 | KEY CAP, FULL, DARK, LED | 29480 | 5041-0386 |
| A1MP2 | 5041-0306 | 8 |  | MEY CAP, FULL, DARK, LED | 28460 | 5041-0396 |
| AIMP3 | 5041.0887 | 8 | 1 | KEY CAP, FULL, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0287 |
| Almpa | 8041-0319 | 7 | 7 | KEY CAP, HALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0319 |
| Almpes | 5041-0836 | 3 | 1 | KEY CAP, ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 28400 | 5041-0836 |
| A1mep | 5041-0832 | - | 1 | KEEY CAP,4* | 28480 | 5041-0032 |
| A1MP7 | 5041-0838 | 5 | 1 | KEY CAP.'0 | 20480 | 5041-0838 |
| Almpr | 5041-0386 | 8 |  | KEY CAP, FUL, DARK, LED | 28480 | 5041-0385 |
| A1MP9 | 5011-0319 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, HALF, GREY, LED | 20480 | 5041-0319 |
| ATMPIO | 5041-0747 | 5 | 2 | KEY CAPFULL, ARROW | 28480 | 5041-0747 |
| A1mpl1 | 5041-1671 | 6 | 1 | KEY CAP, FLCL MHE | 28480 | 5041-1671 |
| A1MP12 | 5041.0319 | 7 |  | MEY CAP, HALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0319 |
| A1MP13 | 5041-0837 | 4 | 1 | KEY CAP, FuL, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 29400 | 5041-0837 |
| A1MPP4 | 5041-0033 | 0 | 1 | KEY CAP, FULL ${ }^{\circ}$ | 23460 | 5041-0833 |
| A1MP15 | 6011-0029 | 4 | 1 | KEY CAP,FUL, ${ }^{\text {-1 }}$ | 28480 | 5041-0829 |
| AIMP16 | 5041-0386 | 8 |  | KEY CAP, FUL, DARK, LED | 28480 | 5041-0396 |
| A1MP17 | 5041 -0252 | 7 | 11 | KEY CAP. QUARTER. LED | 28400 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP18 | 5041-0839 | 6 | 1 | KEY CAP, FUL, DECMAL | 28480 | 5041-0839 |
| A1MP19 | 5041-0747 | 5 |  | KEY CAP, FUL, ARRROW | 28480 | 5041-0747 |
| A1mp20 | 5041-0319 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, MALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0319 |
| A1MP21 | 5041-0319 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, MALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0319 |
| A1mpe2 | 6041-0034 | 1 | 1 | KEY CAP, FUL ${ }^{\text {Co }}$ | 28480 | 5041-0834 |
| A1MPP23 | 5041-0830 | 7 | 1 | KEY CAP, FULL, ${ }^{2}$ | 28480 | 5041-0830 |
| A1MP24 | 5041-0386 | 8 |  | KEY CAP. FULL OARK, LED | 28480 | 5041-0386 |
| A1MP25 | 5041-0508 | 6 | 1 | KEY CAP, HALF, GREEN | 28460 | 5041-0508 |
| ATMP26 | 5041-1672 | 7 | 1 | KEY CAP, FULL, CLEAR | 28480 | 5041-1672 |
| A1MPP27 | 5041-0319 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, HALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041-0319 |
| Aimpres | 5041-0319 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, HALF, GREY, LED | 28480 | 5041.0319 |
| A1mplis | 5041-0835 | 2 | 1 | KEY CAP, PULL, 7 | 28480 | 5041-0835 |
| A1Mmp30 | 5041-0831 | 8 | 1 | KEY CAP, FULLer | 29480 | 5041-0831 |
| A1mpe31 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 26480 | 5041-0252 |
| Ainmps2 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, QUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP33 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28400 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP34 | $5041-0252$ | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5011-0252 |
| A1MP35 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1mpes | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 29480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP37 | 5011-1685 | 8 | 1 | KEY CAP, QUARTER, LCL* | 28480 | 5041-1665 |
| A1mp38 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP39 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, QUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP40 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28480 | 5041-0252 |
| A1MP41 | 5041-0252 | 7 |  | KEY CAP, OUARTER, LED | 28460 | 5041-0252 |
| A1R1 | 1810-0208 | 0 | 2 | METWORK-RES E-SLP 68.OK OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | 750-81 |
| A1R2 | 1810-0205 | 7 | 2 | NETWORK-RES E-SIP 4.7K OTM $\times 7$ | C1433 | 75081 |
| A1R3 | 1810-0205 | 7 |  | NETWORK-RES 8-SP 4.7 K OWM $\times 7$ | C1433 | $750-81$ |
| AlRa | 1810-0207 | 9 | 1 | METWORK-RES B-SP 22.0 K OHW $\times 7$ | C1433 | $750-1$ |
| A1R5 | 0757-0199 | 3 | 14 | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12488 | CT4-1/R-T0-2152-f |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1R6 |  |  |  | not assicned |  |  |
| A1R7 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| AlRa | 1810.0208 | 0 |  | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP E8.OK OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | $750-81$ |
| A1R9 | 0090-0092 | 7 | 23 | RESISTOA $464+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| Alrio | 0980-3453 | 2 | 2 | RESSTOR 196K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1963-F |
| A1R11 | 0757-047 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 16.2K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1622-F |
| AlR12 | 0000-3444 | 8 | 18 | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-215R-F |
| A1R13 | 0epe-3411 | 8 |  | PESISTOR 215 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| AlR14 | 0090-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$, 125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-215R-F |
| A1R15 | Depe-3441 | 8 |  | RESSTOR $215+1 \%$, 125W TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A1R16 | 000e-3441 | 8 |  | RESESTOR $215+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| AlR17 | 0epers41 | 8 |  | RESESTOR $215+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| Ath18 | 0800-3441 | 8 |  | RESTSTOR $215+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R + |
| AlR19 | 0688-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A1R20 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1810-0229 | 5 | 5 | NETWORK-RES \&-SIP 330 OHM X 7 | 28400 | 1810.0289 |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1R21 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $0800-3445$ | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR 348 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0348R-F |
| 22121 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alf21 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A1r22 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1610-0229 | 5 | 5 | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP 330 OHM $\times 7$ | 28480 | 1810-0229 |
| A1prs $\triangle$ | 1810-0229 | 5 | 5 | NETWORK-RES B-SIP 330 OHM $\times 7$ | 28480 | 1810-0229 |
| A1R24 $\triangle$ | 0850-3445 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR $348+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| AIR25 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 0098-3445 | 2 | 3 | RESISTOR $348+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+$-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A1R26 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1810-0229 | 5 | 5 | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP 330 OHM $\times 7$ | 28480 | 1810-0229 |
| A1R27 $\triangle$ | 1810-0229 | 5 | 5 | NETWORKRES 8-SPP 330 OHM $\times 7$ | 28480 | 1810-0229 |
| 1933A to 2443A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlROS-R35 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2447A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1P28 | 1810-0402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810.0402 |
| A1R29 | 18100402 | 6 | 8 | METWORK-RES 16-DP330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0402 |
| AlR30 | 1810-0402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16 -DIP 330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0402 |
| AlR31 | 1810-0402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0402 |
| A1R32 | 18100402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP 330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28480 | 1810-0402 |
| AlR33 | 18100402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORKKRES 16-DP3330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28460 | 1810-0402 |
| AlR34 | 1810-0402 | 6 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16 -DP33 30.0 OHM X 8 | 28480 | 1810-0402 |
| AlR35 | 1810-0402 | 8 | 8 | NETWORK-RES 16-DIP330.0 OHM $\times 8$ | 28460 | 1810-0402 |
| A1S1 | 5060-8436 | 7 | 41 | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH. PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A152 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28460 | 5050-9436 |
| A153 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1S4 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A155 | $5080-8436$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A156 | 50609436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH. PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A157 | 5050-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A158 | 5050-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A159 | 50609436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWTTCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1510 | 5080-9438 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathrm{C}$ | Cty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aisil | 5050-0436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUITON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28400 | 5060-9436 |
| ${ }^{1512}$ | 5050-9436 | 7 |  | PLSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| Alsi3 | 5000.0436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28460 | 5060-9436 |
| Ais14 | $5050-9438$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTION SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-8436 |
| A1S15 | 5060.9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MROUNT | 28400 | 5060-9436 |
| A1S16 | 50800406 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1517 | 5050-9436 | 7 |  | PUSFBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A1518 | 5050-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUITON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| ${ }^{\text {A }} 1518$ | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1520 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSFEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1521 | 50808435 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1s22 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH. PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1523 | $5060-9436$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5080-9436 |
| A1s24 | 8030-9438 | 7 |  | PLSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28460 | 5050-9436 |
| A1525 | 50609456 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A1596 | 5800.9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH. PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1527 | 5080-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5080-9436 |
| A1528 | $5060-936$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28400 | 5050-9436 |
| A1529 | $5060-9436$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A 3530 | 50609436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTION SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1531 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWTTCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1532 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A1533 | 5080-9436 | 7 |  | PLSHBUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1534 | $5060-936$ | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A1535 | 50609436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUSTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1536 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSMEUTTON SWTTCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1537 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5060-9436 |
| A1538 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5050-9436 |
| A1539 | 5080-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWITCH, PC MOUNT | 28460 | 5050-9436 |
| A1540 | 5060-9436 | 7 |  | PUSHEUTTON SWTTCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 50508436 |
| A1S41 | 5080.9436 | 7 |  | PUSHBUTTON SWTTCH, PC MOUNT | 28480 | 5080-9436 |
| A1TP9 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 83 | COWECTOASEL CONT PMN 1.14-MABSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 24-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| AltP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14 -ma-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A1TP3 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COWECTOR-SEL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 24-155-101001-03-00 |
| Altpa | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTORSGL CONT PN $1.14 \mathrm{MAM-BSC} 2 \mathrm{SO}$ | 12380 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| AITPS | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14 MM MSCSE SO | 12360 | 94-155-101001-03-00 |
| 1933A to 2433A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1UL-U8 |  | 7 | $8$ | DLSPLAYAUMESEG 1-CHAR .43H | 28480 | 5092-7751 |
|  | 12000000 | 8 | $8$ | SOCKETHC 14CONT DP DIPSUDR | 06776 | $1 \mathrm{CN} 143-52$ |
| 2447 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIUI | $1090-0574$ | 3 |  | DSPLAYAMMSEG 1-CHAR .43-H | 29480 | 1990-0574 |
|  | 12000008 | 8 |  | SOCKETHC 14-CONT OP DIP-SLDA | 06776 | 1 CN -143-52 |
| AIU2 | 1990-0574 | 3 |  | DSPLAY AMMESEG 1-CHAR .43-H | 28480 | 1890-0574 |
|  | 12000003 | 8 |  | SOCKETHC 14-CONT DPP DP-SLDR | 06776 | $120 \times 143-52$ |
| AIU3 | 1900-0574 | 3 |  | OUSPLAY HMASEE 1-CHAR .43-H | 28460 | 1990-0574 |
|  | 12000003 | 8 |  | SOCKETHC 14CONT DIP DP-SLDR | 05776 | 1CNH43-52 |
| AlU4 | 19000574 | 3 |  | DISPLAYAMMESEG 1-CHAR A3-H | 23460 | 1990-0574 |
|  | 12000003 | 8 |  | SOCKETHC 14CONT DIP DPPSLDR | 08776 | 16n+143-52 |
| AIUS | 1930-0574 | 3 |  | DSPPAYMLMSEE 1-CHAR .43-1 | 28460 | 1990-0574 |
|  | 1200-0603 | 8 |  | SOCXETCC 14CONT DPP DP-SLDA | 05776 | 1CN+143-52 |
| AlU6 | 1890-0574 | 3 |  | DSPLAYHUMEEE 1-CHAR . 43 H | 28480 | 1990-0574 |
|  | 1200-0003 | 8 |  | SOCKETHC 14CONT DPP DP-SLDA | 00776 | $1 \mathrm{CN} 143-52$ |
| AIU7 | $1090-6574$ | 3 |  | CSSPLAYHMMSEG 1-CHAR .43H | 28480 | 1890.0574 |
|  | 12000800 | 8 |  | SOCXETHC 14-CONT DP DP-SIDA | 06776 | $1 \mathrm{CN}+143-52$ |
| A1U8 | 1990-0574 | 3 |  | DISPLAYHMMSEG 1-CHUR .43H | 28480 | $1980-0574$ |
|  | 1200-0803 | 8 |  | SOCXET+C 14CONT DPP DPPSLDR | 05776 | $1 \mathrm{CN}+143-52$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cly. | Description | Mir. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1u9 | 1820-0839 | 4 | 2 | IC FF TIL D-TYPE POSEDCE-THG CLEAR | 01295 | EN74175N |
| Alvio | 1820-1361 | 0 | 8 | IC DCOR TIL BCD-TO-7-SEG 4-TO.7-INE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alvil | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | IC DCDR TTL BCD-TO-7-SEG 4-TO-7-LNE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alu12 | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | $\triangle$ DCDA TIL 8CD-T0-7-SEG 4-TO-7LIEE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alu13 | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | C DCDR TTL BCD-TO-7-SEC 4-TO-7-LNE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alvis | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | IC DCOR TIL BCD-TO-7-SEG 4TO-74NE | 07263 | 8374PC |
| Alu15 | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | 1C DCDR TIL BCD-T0.7-SEG 4-TO-74NE | 07263 | 8374PC |
| A1016 | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | IC DCDR TIL BCD-T0-7-SEG 4-TO.7-LNE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alvit | 1820-1361 | 9 |  | IC DCOR TTL BCD-T0-7SEG 4-T0.7-LINE | 07263 | 9374PC |
| Alvis | 1820-0339 | 4 |  | $1 C$ FF TIL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR | 01295 | SN74175N |
| Alu19 | 1820-1411 | 0 | 20 | IC LCH TIL LS D.TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LSTSN |
| Alueo | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-ET | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A1421 | 1820-1144 | 6 | 1 | IC CATE TTL LS AOR CUAD 2HPP | 01295 | SNTALSOZN |
| A1ve2 | 1820-1198 | 0 | 10 | CC GATE TIL LS NAND CUAD 2-AP | 01295 | SN74LSOSN |
| Alves | 1820-1198 | 0 |  | IC GATE TTL LS MND OUAD 2-ANP | 01295 | SN74LSOSN |
| Alues | 1620-1216 | 3 | 13 | C DCOR TTL LS 3-TO-LNE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A1L25 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCDR TIL LS 3-TO-LINE 3-NP | 01295 | SNT4LS138N |
| A1426 | 1820-1199 | 1 | 7 | IC MV TTL LS HEX 1-mp | 01295 | SNTALSOAN |
| A1U27 | 1820-1287 | 8 | 2 | CC BFR TTLLS MAND OUAD 2HNP | 01295 | SNTALS37N |
| Aluzs | 1820-1189 | 1 |  | IC NV TIL LS HEX I-WNP | 01295 | SN74LSOAN |
| Alu29 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | K LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-ETT | 01295 | SN74L575N |
| Aluso | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TTL LS D-TYPE 4-8T | 01295 | SNT4LS75N |
| Aluas | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | C LCH TTL LS D-TYPE 4-8T | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A1432 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TTL LS D-TYPE 4-EIT | 01295 | SNT4LS75N |
| A1433 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | $X$ LCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| Alust | 1820-1481 | 0 |  | CCLCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| Alues | 1850-1411 | 0 |  | C LCH TIL LS D-TVPE 4BM | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A1435 | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | IC MNTIL LS HEX 1HNP | 01295 | SN74LSOMN |
| A1437 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCDR TIL LS 3-TO-BLANE 3-NP | 01295 | SNT4LST38N |
| A1438 | 1820-1427 | 8 | 1 | KC DCDR TTL LS 2-TO-HME DUAL 2-HMP | 01295 | SN74LSISEN |
| A1439 | 1826-0412 | 1 | 2 | IC COMPARATOR PRCN DUAL B-DPPP PKG | 27014 | LM393N |
|  | 8450.047 | 6 |  | Wire 24AWG BK 300V PVC $7 \times 32800$ | 28480 | 8150-0477 |
|  | 0362-0277 | 1 | 2 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ | 27264 | 02-05-5216 |
| 1933A to 2483A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1U40-U48 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 2887A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlU40 | 0090180074 | 8 | 1 | PPOCRRAMAMED ROM | 28480 | $00501-40074$ |
| AlU4 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TIL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDEE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS574N |
| AIU42 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TIL ALS D-TYPE POSEDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS574N |
| AlU43 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TIL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS574N |
| AIU4 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRXS OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS574N |
| A1U45 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TIL ALS D-TYPE POS-EDEE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SNV4LS574N |
| A1U46 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYPE POSEDCE-TRUG OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS57AN |
| AlU47 | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | 1 CFF TIL ALS D-TYPE POSEDEE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SNT4LS574N |
| Alues | 1820-2757 | 9 |  | IC FF TTL ALS D-TYFE POS-EDEE-TRIG OCTL | 01295 | SN74LS57AN |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | hP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2 | 00001-80008 | 8 | 1 | ALDIO FLIER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00001-80008 |
| A2C1 | 0180-1746 | 5 | 23 | CAPACTIOR+XD 15UF+10\% 2OVDC TA | 58289 | $1500156 \times 902032$ |
| A2C2 | 0780-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A2C3 | 0160-4650 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR+XD 1360PF + +1\% 500VDC MMCA | 29480 | 0160-4650 |
| A2C4 | 0160-4650 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR + XO 1380PF $+1 \%$ 500VDC MACA | 29480 | D160-4650 |
| A2C5 | 0160-2055 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD . O1UF + $+0.20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 08969 | D0108NWE302Y5VI03Z100V |
| A2C6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-XD . OIUF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A2C7 | 0160-4648 | 0 | 2 | CAPACTIOR + XD 1650PF + $1 \%$ 500VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-4648 |
| A2C8 | 0160-4648 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR- CXD $^{\text {1650PF }+1 \% ~ 500 V D C ~ M M C A ~}$ | 28480 | 0160-4648 |
| A2Cs | 0160-0134 | 1 | 4 | CAPACTTOR + XD 220PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MMCA}$ | 29460 | 0160-0134 |
| A2C10 | 0160-4649 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTOR-XD 214PF +1\% 500VDC MMCA | 28460 | 0160-4649 |
| 02612 | 0140-0200 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTIOR+XD 300PF +-8\% 300VDC MCA | 26480 | 0840-0200 |
| 220613 | 0180-2206 | 4 | 10 | CAPACTIOR-XD SOUFF- $10 \%$ EVOC TA | 56289 | 1500608×900682 |
| A2C14 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 01603539 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 820PF +-5\% 100VOC MMCA | 28480 | 01603539 |
| A2C15 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 600F+10\% 6VDC TA | 56239 | $1500606 \times 900682$ |
| A2C16 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTOP-XD 60UF+ $10 \%$ EVDC TA | 56289 | 1500606x900682 |
| ${ }^{2} \mathbf{C C 1 7}$ | 0140-0194 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 110PF +5\% 300VDC MMCA | 28480 | 0140-0194 |
| $22 \mathrm{CT8}$ |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A2C19 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTORF-XD . 01 UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V103z100V |
| A2C20 | 0180-2141 | 6 | 2 | CAPACTIOA+XD 3 3 3 F $+10 \%$ 50VDC TA | 56289 | $1500335 \times 805082$ |
| A2C21 | 0160-4084 | 8 | 37 | CAPACTIOR+XD . TUF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A2CO2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGIED |  |  |
| A2C23 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD OILF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DDIOGNWB302Y5Vi032100V |
| 28204 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  | - |
| A2C25 | 0180-1714 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTTOR $F$ (XD 3SOUF+ $10 \%$ 6VDC TA | 56289 | $1500337 \times 800652$ |
| A2C26 | 0160-4849 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTOR - XD 9100PF $+1 \%$ 100VOC | 8411 | HEW-517 |
| 120627 | 0160-2302 | 9 | 3 | CAPACTIOA + OD 4000PF + $1 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 28480 | 0160-2302 |
| A2C28 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A2C29 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0150-6606 | 4 | 1. | CAP-FXD 0.02UF + 1\% POLY WET | 28480 | 0160-6606 |
| A2C30 | 0140-0154 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTOP ${ }^{\text {CXD }} 1300 \mathrm{PF}+5 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC}$ IECA | 29480 | 0140-0154 |
| A2CSI | 0160-4759 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTIOA+XD 6800PF $+1 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 04411 | HEW-592 |
| 19334 to 1935A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2C32 | 01600945 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTIOR+XO 910PF +-5\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 01600945 |
| A2C33 | 01603539 | 6 | 2 | CAPACTTOR + KD P20PF $+5 \% 100 \mathrm{VOC}$ MICA | 28460 | 0180-3539 |
| 20091 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 C 32 | $0100-3538$ | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR + XD 750PF +5\% 100VDC MUCA | 20480 | 01603538 |
| $12 \mathrm{Cl3}$ | 01603536 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTOR FXD 620PF +5\% 100VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160.3536 |
| 22034 | 0140-0198 | 5 | 4 | CAPACTOR-FXD 200PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0198 |
| A2c35 |  |  |  | MOT ASSUENED |  |  |
| A2C36 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| 12037 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .OIUF +00-20\% 100VDC CER | 09960 | DD108NWE302Y5V103z100V |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2C38 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0180-3068 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTTOP-FXD 1500PF + $5 \%$ 300VDC MMCA | 28480 | 0160-3068 |
| A2CR1 | 1907-0040 | 1 | 38 | DIODESWITCHMG 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | INA148 |
| A2CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DNODE-SWITCHMS SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 9N871 | 1N4148 |
| A211 | 1250-1220 | 0 | 26 | COMMECTORRF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SmC-50-03/111 |
|  | 2150-0124 | 4 | 32 | WHSHER-LK WTL T NO. $10.195-\mathrm{NH}$-1D | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 | 32 | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-HHTTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| 2212 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SNC M PC 50-0tM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK WTL T NO. $10.195-W H D$ | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHM 10-32-THD .087-HNTTKK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A211 | 91400137 | 1 | 6 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMML 1MH + -5\% | 91637 | Ma6-1000u( 5\% |
| 1212 | 9140-0137 | 1 |  | MDUCTOR PF-CHMLD 1 MH $+5 \%$ | 91637 | Ma6-1000ur 5\% |
| ${ }^{1} 213$ | 91400293 | 0 | 2 | WDUCTOR PF-CHMMD SOSUH +-2\% | 24226 | 19nmeosc-1 |
| Aras | 91400293 | 0 |  | WDUCTOR RF-CHMLD EOGUH + $2 \%$ | 24226 | 18MP03G-1 |
| A2LS | 0100-1653 | 4 | 1 | MDUCTOR PF-CHMLD 910UH +-5\% | 24226 | tem913J |
| A246 | 9140-0291 | 8 | 1 | MDUCTOR PF-CHMLD 82UHH +-2\% | 32159 | 6.02739 |
| A217 | 9100-1645 | 4 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMMD 390UH +-5\% | 91837 | W-6 390UH 5\% |
| A218 | 9140-0292 | 9 | 1 | MDUCTOR PF-CHMLD 375UH +2\% | 24226 | 1813373G-1 |
| A219 | 9140-0280 | 5 | 1 | MOUCTOR 13MH +-2\% 25D-NX.7LG-W | 06560 | 10247-46 |
| 1933A to 1935A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2L10 | 9100-1654 | 5 | 1 | MSUCTOR RF-CHMMD 1.1MH +-5\% | 32159 | 911000M-5\% |
| 2009A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2L10 | 9100-1660 | 3 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMLD 2 MH +5\% 20x.57LG. | 28480 | 9100-1660 |
| A2Cl1 | 9140-0281 | 6 | 1 | MOUCTOR 16MH + $2 \%$ 250-ANX.7LGW | 23480 | 9140-0281 |
| 1933A to 1935A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2L12 | $8140-0137$ | 1 |  | WOUCTOR RF-CHMLD 1MH +-5\% | 91637 | M66-1000uH 5\% |
| A2L13 | 91400137 | 1 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHMED 1MH +5\% | 91637 | M6-1000uH 5\% |
| A2L14 | 9100-1850 | 1 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMLD $680 \mathrm{HH}+5 \%$ | 91637 | m-5 600UH 5\% |
| 2009A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2L12 | 9100-1654 | 5 | 1 | NDUCTOR RF-CHMMD 1.1NH $+5 \%$ | 32159 | 9110004-5\% |
| A2L13 | 9100-1651 | 2 |  | WDUCTOA RF-CHMED $750 \mathrm{UH}+5 \% .20 \times 57 \mathrm{LG}$. | 28480 | 9100-1651 |
| A2L14 | 9100-1848 | 7 |  | NDUCTOR RF-CHMMD $560 \mathrm{UH}+5 \%$.20X.45LG. | 28480 | 9100-1648 |
| ARMP1 | 06901-00022 | 8 | , | COVER, AUOIO FULER (NCLUDES EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 00901-00022 |
|  | 2960-0113 | 2 | 28 | SCPEW-MACH 6-32 $25-\mathrm{NLLG}$ PANHDPOZ | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A2MP2 | 06801-00014 | 8 | 1 | DNIDER. ENCLOSED SHELUD | 28480 | 00901-00014 |
| A2MP3 | 06801-00015 | 9 | 1 | COVER, ENCLOSED SHIELD | 28480 | 00901-00015 |
| A2MP4 | $06801-00050$ | 2 | 1 | SPACER, \#1 (FOR L2, 3, 5) | 28480 | 00901.00050 |
| A2MP5 | $06001-00051$ | 3 | 1 | SPACER, \#2 (FOR L4, 6, 8) | 28480 | 08901-00051 |
| A2MP6 | 00s01-00052 | 4 | 1 | SPACER, \#3 (FOR L10, 12-14) | 28480 | 00901-00052 |
| A2MiP7 | 08501-00053 | 5 | 1 | SPACER, *4 (FOR LS, 11) | 28480 | 08901-00053 |
| A2MP8 | 5021-0817 | 8 | 6 | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mtr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N2014 | 18540830 | 6 | 1 | TRANSISTOR-DUAL MPN PD=500MW X -ND LMEP4-OS | 28480 | 1854-0030 |
| A209 | 1254-0071 | 7 | 20 | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD=300wW | 24687 | CP4071 |
| A203 | 1853-0007 | 7 | 24 | TRANSSTOR PAP 2NR251 SI TO-18 PD=380MW | 04713 | $2 \times 15251$ |
| A204 | 1054047 | 7 | 18 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2nPPP2A SI T0-18 PD $=500 \mathrm{WW}$ | 04713 | $2 \mathrm{ar222a}$ |
| A205 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSSTIOR NPN SI TO92 PD=300NW | 24687 | CP4071 |
| 1206 | 1853-0012 | 4 | 5 | TRANSISTOR PNP ZNESOMA SI TO-39 PD 000 NW | 0.473 | 2N2904A |
| 1207 | 1854-0013 | 7 | 6 | TRAWSESTOR NPN 2NERT8A SI TO-5 PD=800WW | 07253 | 2N02184 |
| 1333A 400 2121A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ARR1 | 0757-0442 | - | 50 | RESSTOR 10K $+1 \% .1207 \mathrm{TF}$ TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C74-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A282 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESSTOR HOK 4 -1\%.125w TF TCmot-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| 2cesi and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AR21 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESTSTOR 6.1\%K +1\% .12SW F TC=0 100 | 10701 | MF4 CT/R-TO-6191F |
| A2R2 | $0757-0290$ | 5 |  | MESISTOR 6.19K $+1 \%$. 126W F TC=0 -100 | 19707 | MF4 C1/B-TO-6191f |
| A2R3 | 0e09-0140 | 0 | 2 | PESISTOR $524+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC=0+15 | 09464 | P91/10 |
| ARP4 | 0009-0139 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 680 +0.1\% .1W TF TC=0+15 | 00464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R5 | 0000-8556 | 6 | 2 | HESISTOR 1.02K +-0.1\% .12SW TF TC $=0+10$ | 00464 | PR1/8 |
| 1933A to 2051A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2R6 | 2100-0552 | 3 | 4 | RESISTOR-TRMA 50 10\% TKF STEEADS 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-0552 |
| s052A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ARR6 | 2100-3052 | 4 | 1 | RESSTOR-TRMA 50 10\% C SDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 28400 | 2100-3052 |
| A2R7 | 00090140 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $524+0.1 \%$.1W IF TC=0+-15 | 00464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R8 | $0699-0144$ | 4 | 3 | RESSTOR 10K $+0.01 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+5$ | 00464 | PP1/10 |
| A2R9 | 0689-0145 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR 1.117aK +-0.01\% .1W TF TC=0+5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2810 | 0000-3451 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 138K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1333-F |
| A2R11 | 0e9e-7219 | 6 | 4 | RESISTOR 196 +-1\%.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-T0-196RF |
| A2R12 | 00987244 | 7 | 4 | PESISTOR 2.15K +-1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-2151F |
| A2813 | 0008-724 | 7 |  | RESASTOR 2.15K +1\% O5W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | C3-1/2-T0-2151F |
| A2R14 | 0090-7244 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 2.15K +1\% OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12488 | C3-1/8-T0-2151F |
| A2R15 | 0006-7244 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 2.15K +1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | C3-1/2-T0-2151F |
| 22816 | 0000-3457 | 6 | 1 | RESSSTOR 316K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| ARP17 | 0008-7260 | 7 | 19 | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-10-1002F |
| A2818 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A2819 | 0090-623 | 0 | 1 | FESASTOR $8.25+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | 1040 |
| A2R20 | 0ece-3451 | 0 |  | RESSTOR 133K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-70-1333-7 |
| A2F21 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| arri2 | 0seersti4 | 1 | 2 | PESSSTOR 1K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| N2P23 | 06990176 | 2 | 1 | RESSTOR $415+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC= $0+15$ | 00464 | PR1/10 |
| A2824 | 0898.344 | 1 | 6 | RESISTOR $316+-1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-316P-F |
| A2R25 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 22R26 | 0757.0280 | 3 | 74 | RESSSTOR 1K + -1\% . 125 W TF TCm0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-1001-F |
| A2827 | 0008-475 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 1.799K +-0.1\% . TW TF TC $=0+-5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R23 | $0888-3430$ | 5 | 9 | RESISTOR $21.5+-1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 +100 | De439 | MK2 |
| ARR29 | 0757-02s0 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| a2R3S | 069e8556 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 1.62K $+0.1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+10$ | 00464 | PR1/8 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2R31 | 0699-0161 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR $580+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R32 | 0699-0143 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR $825+0.1 \%$. IW TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R33 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 13 | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| a2R34 | $0757-0180$ | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 31.6 +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D9439 | WM2 |
| ARR3S | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESSTTOA 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A2R36 | 0698-8475 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $8.799 \mathrm{~K}+-0.1 \%$.1W TF TC=0+5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R37 | 0e89-0144 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+0.01 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+-5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R38 | 00090145 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.1174K $+0.01 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R39 | 0757-0400 | 9 | 4 | PESISTOR $90.9+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-90R9-F |
| A2R40 | 2100-0552 | 3 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 50 10\% TIF SIDE-ADI 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-0552 |
| A2P41 | 0909-0159 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR $860+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2P42 | 0600-8475 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.799\% +-0.1\% .1W TF TC=0+5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R43 | 0e98-3434 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 34.8 +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | De439 | MMK2 |
| A2RM | 2100-0552 | 3 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR $5010 \%$ TKF SDE-ADI 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-0552 |
| A2R45 | 0609-0160 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $940+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R46 | 060e-3136 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 47.8K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12489 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782- |
| A2RA7 | C098-3243 | 8 | 2 | PESISTOA 178K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/G-T0-1783-7 |
| A2R48 | 0698-6414 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R49 | 08890144 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 10K + +0.01\% . IW TF TC=0 $0+5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A2R50 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| 1933A 10 2589A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2R51 | 0757-0399 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR $82.5+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| 2705A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2R51 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 1 | PESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-100R-F |
| A2RT1 | 0637-0027 | 6 | 2 | THERMUSTOR DISC 30-0tM TC=3.9\%/C-DEG | 83186 | 13 E30 |
| A2RT2 | 08390011 | 2 | 1 | THERMASTOR DSCC 100-OHM TC=-3.8\%/C-DEG | 83186 | 21 E23 |
| A2RT3 | 0837-0027 | 6 |  | THERMISTOA DISC 30-OtM TC=-3.9\%/C-DEG | 83186 | 13 E30 |
| AETP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTORSEL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A2TP2 | 1251-0600 |  |  | COWNECTOP-SEL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010.01-03-00 |
| A2TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-101001-03-00 |
| A2TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOA-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A2U1 | 1826-0582 | 6 | 7 | ANVLOG SWITCH 4 SPST 16 -CBRZISDR | 27014 | LF13201D |
| A2U2 | 1826-0582 | 6 |  | ANALOG SWTTCH 4 SPST 16 -CBRZISDA | 27014 | LF13201D |
| A2U3 | 1826-0413 | 2 | 5 | IC OP AMP LOW-BIASHHMPD 8-TO-99 PKG | 34371 | H02-2605-5 |
| A2U4 | 1826-0582 | 6 |  | AUALOG SWITCH 4 SPST 16 -CERZ/SDR | 27014 | LF132010 |
| A2U5 | 1826-0109 | 3 | 1 | IC OP AMP WE 8-TO-99 PKG | 34374 | Ha2-2625-5 (SELECTED) |
| A2W1 | 00901-20096 | 8 | 1 | CABLE SEMI RUCHD (AM MPUT) | 28480 | 00901-20096 |
| AEW2 | 08901-20095 | 7 | 1 | CABLE, SENM RIGID (FM INPUT) | 28480 | 08901-20095 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description |

A3

| A3 | 0090160009 | 7 | 1 | AUDIO DEEEMPHUSIS AND OUTPUT ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00001-60009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3C7 | 0180-0058 | 0 | 7 | CAPACTTOR-XOD 50UF+75-10\% 25 VDCO AL | 56289 | $3005066025 C C 2$ |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 50UF+75-10\% 25 VDC AL | 56289 | 3005086025CC2 |
| 19834 50 2251A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ascs | 0180-2205 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD EOUF+-10\% EVDC TA | 56209 | 1500606x9006B2 |
| 23024 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{CS}_{3}$ | 0180-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTIORFXO E8JF + $10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| 1933A 20 2565A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asce | 0160-3058 | 2 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .OSUV + $2 \%$ 200VDC | 34411 | HEW-249 |
| 2518 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AsCe | 0160.5840 | 1 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-XX 00SUF+1\% 200VDC | 28480 | 0160.5340 |
| ascs | 0160-4613 | - | 2 | CAPACITORFXD .IUF +i\% 50VDC POLYSTY | 27735 | PSO |
| 1933A to 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C6 | 01603858 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .039UF +-2\% 200VDC | 84411 | HEW-249 |
| 25184 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C5 | 0160-5340 | 1 | 2 | CAPACTIORFXD.034F + - $1 \%$ 200VDC | 28480 | 0160.5340 |
| A3C7 | 0160-4613 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD .1LF + $\mathbf{1 \%}$ 50VDC POLYSTY | 27735 | PSO |
| Ascs | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD . OIVF + $00-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 08969 | D0106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| ${ }^{43} \mathbf{C 8}$ | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOP-FXD .01UF +60-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D010ENWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A3C10 | 01603879 | 7 | 71 | CAPACTIOR-FXO .01VF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7R103M100V |
| Ascil | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XOD . 014 L + $20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {A3C12 }}$ | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXO .01UF +-20\% 100VOC CER | 09859 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {ascl3 }}$ | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD D1LF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 08989 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{43 C 14}$ | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| a3cis | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXD .OTLF +e0-20\% 100 VDC CER | 09869 |  |
| ${ }^{43 C 16}$ | 0160.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .OIUF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 08969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }_{43 C 17}$ | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .OILF + $00-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09869 | DO108NWE302Y5V103Z100V |
| ${ }^{\text {ascris }}$ | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD .01VF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {ascis }}$ | 07603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .01LF $+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100N |
| A3Czo | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C21 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XX . O1U + -20\% 100VOC CER | 00969 | RPE121-105×7R103M100V |
| A3c22 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{43023}$ | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09069 | RPE121-105X7R103M1100V |
| Asces4 | 0180-6606 | 4 | 1 | CAP-FXD 0.OEUF + $1 \%$ POLY-MET | 28480 | 0160-6606 |
| a3czs | 0160-4317 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1200PF + 1\% 100VDC MMCA | 28480 | 0160-4317 |
| A3C23 | 0140.0213 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-XD 2000PF $+1 \% 300 V D C$ MMCA | 28480 | $0140-0213$ |
| A3C27 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOP-XD . OtUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3c20 | 0180.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD . $014 \mathrm{LF}+200 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| Asces | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD O1LF + -20\% 100VDC CEA | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C30 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD DIVF $+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3C31 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C32 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .01UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C33 | $0140-0213$ | 5 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 2000PF + -1\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | $0140-0213$ |
| A3C24 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0160-6606 | 4 | 1 | CAP-FXD 0.02VF +-1\% POLY MET | 28490 | 0160.6606 |
| A3C35 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {A3C36 }}$ | 01400186 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXO 150PF + $5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MMCA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| A3C37 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR+XO . ILF + $20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 08969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A3C38 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3C39 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXO .ORUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09369 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| AsC40 | 0180-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTORFXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ascat | 0100-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD O1LF $+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 00969 | PRE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C42 | 0160-2204 | 0 | 6 | CAPACTOR-FXD 100PF + $5 \%$ SOOVDC MICA | 20480 | 0160-2204 |
| A3C43 | 0160-2201 | 7 | 2 | CAPACTTOR + W00 51PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2201 |
| A3C4 | 01800291 | 3 | 6 | CAPACTOR-FXD TUF+10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105×9035A2 |
| A3C45 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| a3c46 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 1933A 20 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C47 | 0160-3185 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTIOR $+\times$ OD .0A7UF +-2\% 50VDC POLYE | 84411 | HEW-163 |
| A3C48 | 0160-2302 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 4000PF +1\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2302 |
| 2518A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{4} 347$ | 0160-5340 | 1 | 2 | CAPACTTORFXD .OSUF $+1 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 29480 | 0160-5340 |
| A3C48 | 0160-4217 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXD 3900PF + 1\% MACA | 28480 | $0160-4217$ |
| 1933A to 2251A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C49 | 0160-4957 | 8 | 2 | CAPACTIORFXD . O1UF +2\% 100VDC | 84811 | X1263uw |
| 2502 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C49 | 0160-5201 | 3 | 2 | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OIUF + 1\% 100VDC | 28480 | 0160-5201 |
| Asc50 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR + DD .OILF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C51 | 01803879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .01UF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 19334 to 2051A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23024 and ebove |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C52 | 0160-5201 | 3 | 2 | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OIVF +-1\% 100VDC | 28480 | 0160-5201 |
| 1933A to 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3CS3 | 0160-2302 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 4000PF + 1\% 100VDC MICA | 29480 | 0160-2302 |
| 2518A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3C53 | 0160-4217 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 3900PF + $\mathbf{1 \%}$ MEA | 28480 | 0160-4217 |
| A3C54 |  |  |  | NOT ASSGENED |  |  |
| A3C55 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01VF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | APE121-105X7R103M100V |
| Ascse | 0180-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-PXD .01UF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7P103M100V |
| A3C57 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-PXD .01UF + $20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C58 | $0180-0116$ | 1 | 2 |  | 56299 | $1500885 \times 903582$ |
| A3C59 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR + XD . O1VF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C60 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD . 01 LIF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A3C6\% | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .OTUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 13652 | 0100-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .01LF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | PRE121-105X7A103M100V |
| A3C63 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3C84 | 0180-0228 | 6 | 5 | CAPACTTOA-XD 22UF+10\% 15VDC TA | 56200 | $1500228 \times 501582$ |
| A3C65 | 01800288 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR- XO $^{\text {22UF+ }}$ (10\% 15VDC TA | 56299 | 1500226x9015B2 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3C66 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGMED |  |  |
| 43067 |  |  |  | NOT ASSTENED |  |  |
| A3C88 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times \mathrm{OC} 50 \mathrm{~F}+75-10 \%$ 25VDC AL | 58209 | $3005066025 C C 2$ |
| A3C89 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD SOUF $+75-10 \% 25 V D C A L$ | 56289 | 3005069025CC2 |
| A3C70 | 01600134 | 1 |  | CAPACTORFXD 220PF +6\% scovoc Mica | 29480 | 0180-0134 |
| A3C74 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3C72 | 0180-0116 | 1 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 6.8UF-10\% 35VDC TA | 58289 | 1500695x503532 |
| A3C73 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .OTLF +00-20\% 100VDC CER | 00969 | D010enWE302Y5V10032100V |
| A3C74 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR $-X$ OD .01UF $+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09398 | DD10ENWE302Y5V1037100V |
| A3C75 | 01803879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR + XD O1UF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{43 C 76}$ | 01800197 | 8 | 52 | CAPACTIOR-YXD 2:2UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 502042$ |
| ASCT7 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOPFXD 2.2UF+10\% 2OVDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| A3CR1 | 1501-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHENG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-3S | 9 9171 | 1NH148 |
| ASCR2 | 1901.0040 | 1 |  |  | 9N174 | 1N4148 |
| A3CR3S | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DNOOE-SWITCHMG INM150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4YSO |
| ASCPA | 1901.0040 | 1 |  | DICOESSWITCHNG 30V SOMA 2NS DO.3S | 9NT71 | 194148 |
| A3CPS | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DNOOE-SWITAMNG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | QN171 | 1N4148 |
| A3CR6 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DVODESWTTCHING 30V S0m | 9N471 | 1N6T48 |
| A3CR7 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHMG 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1 N 148 |
| A3CR8 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A3CRGS | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIOOESWITCHNG INH150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1NH150 |
| A3L1 | 91400137 | 1 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHMLD 1NH +-5\% | 91637 | M6-1000uH 5\% |
| A3L2 | 9100-1633 | 0 | 1 | WOUCTOR RF-CHMLD E8UH +-5\% | 91637 | m-4 E8UH 5\% |
| A3L3 | 91400137 | 1 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHMLD 1NHH +-5\% | 91637 | mes-1000uH 5\% |
| A3MP1 | 00001-00021 | 7 | 1 | COVER, AUDIO DEEMPHMSIS | 20480 | 00901-00021 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MUCH 6-32 25-WHE PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A3Map2 | 6021-0817 | 6 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRNCTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |
| A301 | 18540477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A S1 TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2022A |
| 1933A to 2238A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R1 | 0606-7062 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 19.6K $+0.5 \%$.125W TF TC=0+50 | 12498 | NCSS |
| 22994 to 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AsR1 | 0ese-7353 | 9 | 1 | RESSTOR 19K +1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0898-7353 |
| 25181 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $A 3 R I$ | 0680-0042 | 0 | 1 | REESISTOR $25 K+$ - $1 \% .125 W$ F TC=04-50 | 28400 | 0698-6042 |
| A3R2 | 0698-5091 | 8 | 1 | RESSTOR 45K + -1\% .125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4502-F |
| A3R3 | 0757-0349 | 5 | 1 | RESSTOR 22.6K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-2262-F |
| 1933A to 2038A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R4 | 06890027 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 9.474K $+0.25 \% .125 W$ TF | 12498 | NC55 |
| 2239A to $2505 A$ <br> A3k4 | 0680-6343 | 5 | 1 | AESSTOR $9 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{t}$.1\% .125W F TC $=0+-25$ | 28460 | 0630-6343 |
| 25184 and above A3R4 | 0ese-8191 | 5 | 1 |  | 19701 | 5033R-1/Q-T9-1252-B |
| A3R5 A3P6 | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 NOT ASSIGNED | 12498 | CT4-1/6-70-1001-5 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mif. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3R7 | 0698-0005 | 0 | 7 | RESISTOR 2.61K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| A3R8 | 0860-3159 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 26.1K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2612-F |
| A3R9 | 0088-3161 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 38.3K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3832-F |
| A3R10 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3R11 | 0757-0441 | 8 | 6 | RESISTOR 8.25K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A3R12 | 0757.0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-3/Q-T0-8251-F |
| A3P13 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 20 | RESSTSTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A3R14 | $0757-044$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A3P15 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3R16 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A3R17 | 0757.0465 | 6 | 23 | PESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A3R18 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K + $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.5111-f |
| A3R19 | 0757.0442 | $\bigcirc$ |  | PESSSTOR 10K + 1\% .125W TF TCanoti00 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A3R20 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/R-T0-5111-F |
| A3R21 | 0683-2265 | 1 | 5 | RESISTOR 22M +-5\% 25W CC TC=000/+1200 | 01121 | C82265 |
| A3R22 | 0757-0279 | 0 | 16 | FESTSTOR 3.16K + $1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-3161-F |
| A3R23 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +-1\% . 225 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.5111-F |
| A3P24 |  |  |  | MOT ASSTENED |  |  |
| A3R25 | 0757-0442 | 8 |  | RESUSTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A3R26 | 0686-7236 | 7 | 25 | PESSSTOR 1K $+1 \%$. O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A3R27 | 21003273 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10\% TKF SDE-ADI 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3273 |
| A3R28 | 0808-3156 | 2 | 5 | PESTSTOR 14.7K +1\% .12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| 1933A $\pm 0$ 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R29 | 0808-9046 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 16K $+0.1 \%$. $125 W$ FF TC $=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-79-1602-B |
| 25181 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R29 | 0808-692 | 0 | 1 | RESSTTOR 25K +-1\% .125W F TC=0 0 - 50 | 28480 | 0600-6942 |
| A3R30 | 0epe-7264 | 1 | 6 | RESISTOR 14.7K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1472- |
| A3P31 | 0690-8191 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 12.5K $+0.1 \%$. 125 W FF TC $=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T9-1252-B |
| A3F32 | 0ese-7643 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 6.25K $+0.1 \%$. 125 W FF TC $=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-79-6251-B |
| A3P33 | 0699-0069 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.15M + $1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19707 | 5033R |
| A3834 | 0850-8642 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR $56.2 \mathrm{~K}+0.1 \%$. 125 W FF TC $=0+-25$ | 12498 | NE55 |
| A3R35 | 060e-8731 | 9 | 12 | RESISTOR 4.8K $+0.1 \%$, 1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| 1533A to 2505A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R36 | 09086614 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 7.SK +-0.1\% .12SW FF TC=0 $=\mathbf{- 2 5}$ | 12498 | NES5 |
| 25184 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R36 | 0680-9307 | 5 | 1 | RESSTTOR 7.4K +-25\% 25W F TC=0+50 | 28480 | 0880-8307 |
| A3P37 | 0696-7643 | 0 |  | RESISTOA 6.25K + -0.1\% .12SW FF TC $=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-79-6251-B |
| A3F388 | 0080-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A3R39 | 0608-7251 | 6 | 4 | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-4221F |
| A3P40 | 0680.7224 | 3 | 2 | PESISTOR 316 +-1\% .O5W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| ASPA1 | $0688-3157$ | 3 | 8 | RESISTOR 19.6K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A3P42 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3843 | 0686-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K + -0.1\% .TW TF TC=0+-15 | 00464 | PR1/10 |
| A3P44 | 009e-9731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K $+-0.1 \%$ IW IF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A3P45 | 065e-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 48K $+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A3P46 | 0858-8731 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.EK $+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |

Table 63. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A3R47 | 0098-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K + -0.14 .IW TF TC = 0+-15 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A3R48 | 0757-1094 | $\theta$ | 8 | RESISTOR 1.47K +.10\%.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| 1933A to 2052A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R49 | 0698-3455 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 261K +-196 .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-2613-F |
| 2105A ard above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3R49 | 0098-3159 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 26.1K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-18-T0-2612-5 |
| A3850 | 0098-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K $+-0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+-15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A3R51 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0608-6414 | 1 |  | RESISTOR TK $+0.196 .1 W$ TF TC $=0+5$ | 28480 | 0698-6414 |
| A3R52 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-14\% .325W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0.1001-F |
| A3F53 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | PESISTOP 1.47K +-146.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.1471F |
| A3R54 | 0098-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTCR $316+-140.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CTL-188-T0-316RF |
| A3R55 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0608-84 14 | 1 |  | RESSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+\boldsymbol{0 . 1 0 \%}$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 28480 | 0098.6414 |
| A3R56 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 1K +-140.12SW TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CTL-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A3PS7 | 0757-0439 | 4 | 5 | FESISTOR 6.81K +-14\% .125W TF TC= $0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-18-T0-6811-F |
| A3A58 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A3P59 | 0757-0409 | 0 | 40 | FESISTOR $100+-196.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO.101-F |
| A3R60 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | FESISTOR $100+-196.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101-F |
| A3RE1 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A3R62 | 0757.0462 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-146.125W TF TC = 0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A3R63 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+-10.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A3R64 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK +-10.125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-100:-F |
| A3P65 | 0698-7272 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 31.6K +-1\% .05W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0.3162-F |
| A3TP1 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A3TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTORSGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-S2 SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A3TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTORSGL CONT PIN 1.14MM-RSC.SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01.03-00 |
| A3TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14 MM -BSC-SZ 50 | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01.03.00 |
| A3TP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL. CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A3U1 | 1826-0413 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-BLASHHMPD 8-TO99 PKG | 34371 | HA2-2605-5 |
| A3U2 | 1826-0413 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-BIAS-HHMPD 8-TO.99 PKG | 34371 | HA2-2605-5 |
| A3U3 | 1826-0413 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP LON-BLASHHMPD B-TO.99 PKG | 34371 | H42-2605-5 |
| 1933A to 2313A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{3} \mathrm{U}_{4}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1826-0522 | 3 | 2 | K OP AMP LOW-BUASHGHHMPD QUAD 14-DIP-P | 01295 | TLO74CN |
| 2324A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3U4A | 1826-0753 | 3 | 2 | IC OP AMP LON-BLAS-MGHHMPD CUAD 14-DIP-C | 28480 | 1826-0753 |
| A3U5 | 1826-0371 | 1 | 2 | IC OP AMP LOWHASHHMPD 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LF256H |
| A3U6 | 1826-0059 | 2 | 5 | IC OP AMP GP 8-TO.99 PKG | 27014 | LM2O1AH |
| 1933A ta 2052A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3U7 |  |  |  | IF ABUT FAILS, REPLACE IT WTH THE PART NUM SERIAL PREFXES 2105A AND ABOVE. ALSO REP | UII, AN |  |
| A3U8 |  |  |  | IF A3UB FAILS, REPLACE IT WTH THE PART NUM |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | SERIAL PREFIXES 2105A AND ABOVE. ALSO REP | U1, AND |  |
| $2105 A$ and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3U7 | 1826-0783 | 9 | 4 | IC OP AMP LOW-NIISE 8-DIPC PKG | 52063 | XRS534ACN |
| A3U8 | 1826-0783 | 9 | 4 | SC OP AMP LOW-NOISE 8-DIP.C PKG | 52063 | XR5534ACN |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


## A4



Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A MC26 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 15UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56209 | 1500156×902082 |
| 1933A to 2024A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C27 | 0760-2254 | 2 | 3 | CAPACTIOR $¢ \times X D$ 20PF $+6 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER $0+30$ | 09535 | 301-000-6060-200 |
| 24264 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C27 | 0180-5699 | 3 | 3 | CAPACTIOR $+X D$ 2OPF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER $0+30$ | 28400 | 0160-5699 |
| A 4 C28 | 0180-2284 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 20PF $+5 \% 500 \mathrm{VOC}$ CER 0+-30 | 09535 | 301-000-C060-200 |
| A4C29 | 0160.0162 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XD .O22UF + $10 \%$ 200VOC POLYE | 19701 | 70001H1223PK201AX |
| A ACSO | 0180-0153 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTIOR+XD 1000PF +10\% 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | T0801AM102PK201AX |
| 1933A to 2424A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0860-2307 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD 47PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2307 |
| A4CS2 | $0160-353$ | 0 | 1 | CAPACTOR-XD 470PF + 5\% 300VDC MEA | 28400 | 01603533 |
| A4C33 | 0140.022 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XD 240PF + $1 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28460 | 0140-0222 |
| 24261 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C31 | 0380-4805 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR + XD 47PF + $5 \%$ 100VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-4805 |
| A4C32 | 0700-4808 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTOR FXD 470PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4608 |
| A4C33 | 0860-5401 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 240PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28400 | 0160-5491 |
| Anc34 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2024A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C35 | 0160-2241 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-PXD 2.2PF +25PF 500VDC CER | 09535 | 301-000-C010-229C |
| 242614 and aboce |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C35 | 0100-4799 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 2.2PF +2SPF 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4799C |
| Anc36 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A4C37 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTORFXD 22UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56288 | $1500225 \times 9020 \mathrm{~A} 2$ |
| 1933A to 2424A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C38 | 0180-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR- $\times$ (D 100PF +-5\% 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| 2426 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C38 | 0180-4801 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 100PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 23480 | 0160-4801 |
| A4C39 AnCHO | 01603501 | 2 | 3 | CAPACTTOR-FXD AUF + $10 \%$ SOVDC METPOLYC MOT ASSICNED | 84411 | HEW-249 |
| AMCA1 | $0180-0197$ | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | $1500225 \times 9020 \mathrm{~A} 2$ |
| 1933A to 2424A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4C42 | 0160.0134 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOP-XD 2ROPF + $5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 01600134 |
| A4C43 | 0160-2257 | 3 | 2 | CAPACTOR-FXD 10PF + -5\% 500VDC CER $0+60$ | 09535 | $301-000-604-1000$ |
| AACH | 0180-2249 | 3 | 3 | CAPMCTOR-FXD 4.7PF + 25PF SOOVDC CER | 09535 | 301-000-COH0-479C |
| A4C45 | $0160-3536$ | 3 | 2 | CAPACTIOR-XD 620PF + $5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 28480 | 01603536 |
| A4C46 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD . $01 \mathrm{LF}+80-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0106NWB302Y5V103z100V |
| A4C17 | 0180-3456 | 6 | 5 | CAPACTOPFXD 1000PF + $10 \%$ 1KVDC CER | 06383 | CKA5XE3A102K H |
| 2426 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1C42 | 0780-4812 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 220PF $+5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 28480 | 0160-4612 |
| A4C43 | 0180-4791 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 10PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 01604791 |
| A4CA | 01804795 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-XDD 4.7PF + 5 SPF 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4795 |
| A4C45 | 0160-5719 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOAFXD 620PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28400 | 0160-5719 |
| A4C46 | 0780-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .01UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A ACA7 | 0160-4932 | 2 |  | CAPACTOP-XO 1000PF + -5\% 100VDC CER | 28400 | 0160-4922 |
| MAC48 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x902002 |



Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A401 | 1854-0210 | 6 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222 SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222 |
| A 402 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2 M 627 | CP4071 |
| A 403 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 29 | TRANSISTOR PANP SI PD= $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{WHZ}$ | 2M627 | X |
| A404 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=3000 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2M627 | X122BCP20-1 |
| 4405 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN S1 TO-92 PD=300MW | 20627 | CP4071 |
| 4406 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2NE251 S1 TO-18 PD=360MW | 06713 | 2N3251 |
| 4097 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNW SI PD=300MW FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2 M 827 | ХА22BCP20-1 |
| A 408 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRUWSISTOR PNP SI PD= $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2M627 | X4223CP20-1 |
| A 409 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | 200627 | CP4071 |
| 44010 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSSTOR PIN SI PD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2 M 627 | xazzecpio-1 |
| M011 | 1858-0032 | 8 | 4 | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PN PLSTC DIP | 27014 | LM3146 |
| $4 \mathrm{CO12}$ | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NE251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| A 4013 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 203251 |
| A4014 | 1854-0210 | 6 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N2222 SS TO-18 PDO $=500 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2 2 2222 |
| 44015 | 1854.0210 | 6 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N 2202 SI TO-18 PD $=500 \mathrm{WW}$ | 04713 | 2 N 2232 |
| $4 \mathrm{CO16}$ | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRAWSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2 N 627 | CP4071 |
| A 2017 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N325t SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A $1018{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1854-0030 | 6 |  | TRANSISTOR-DUAL NPW PD $=500 \mathrm{MW}$ | 27014 | LM394 |
| M 419 | 1858-0032 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-IN PLSTC DIP | 27014 | LM3146 |
| A 4020 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ | 2 N 627 | CP4071 |
| H021 | 1855-0020 | 8 | 5 | TRAUSISTOR HFET N-CHNN D-MIDE TO-18 SI | 04713 | SFE793 |
| 44022 | 1855-0049 | 1 | 2 | TRANSISTORNFET DUAL N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0049 |
| 1933A to 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4Q23 | 1054-0013 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOA NPN 2N2218A SI TO-5 PD=800MW | 07263 | 2422184 |
| 2426A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4Q23 | 18540637 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE219A SI TO-5 PD=800NW | 07263 | 2N2219A |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL. | 28480 | 1200-0173 |
| 44024 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A 4025 | $1853-0007$ | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 Si TO-18 PD=360NW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| 1933A to 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4Q26 | 18540013 | 7 |  | TRAWSISTOR NPN 2NE218A SI TO-5 PD=800NW | 07263 | 2N2218A |
| 2428A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4026 | 18540637 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2219A SI TO-5 PD=800MW | 07263 | 2N2219A |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | WSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 28480 | 1200-0173 |
| A 1027 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | 2 M 627 | CP4071 |
| 1933A to 2121A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4Q28 | 1854-0013 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR APN 2NP218A SI TO-5 PD=800NW | 07263 | 202218A |
| 24264 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4928 | 1854-0637 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN 2NE219A SI TO-5 PD=800MW | 07263 | 2 n 2219 A |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 28480 | 1200-0173 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 |  | HEAT SIMK SGL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| A4029 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRAWSISTOR NPPN SI TO-92 PD=300MNW | $2 \mathrm{NG527}$ | CP4071 |
| A 4030 | 1858-0032 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-IN PLSTC DIP | 27014 | LM3146 |
| A4031 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=3000 WW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | City. | Deseription | Mitr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M 1032 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRUNSISTOR PNAP SI PD $=3000 \sim N$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MH} \mathrm{H}$ | 20.627 | xazzecpan-1 |
| 1933A to 2t21A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4933 | 18540013 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2218A SI TO-S PD=000MW | 07263 | 2N2218A |
| 24264 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14933 | 18540537 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE2IEA SI TO-S PD=600MW | 07263 | 2 c 28190 |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP.GL | 28460 | 1200-0173 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 |  | HEAT SNK SGL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28400 | 1205-0361 |
| nass | 18540071 | 7 |  | TPANSESTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD=800NW | 2 M 527 | CP4071 |
| 1933A to 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4935 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| 24264 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4935 | 1853-0080 | 8 | 5 | TRANSISTOR JFET NCHAN DMNODE TO-18 SI | 04713 | SFE783 |
| MR1 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESUSTOR $100+-1 \%$.125W TF TC-0+-100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-101-F |
| ARR2 | 0epersas0 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 21.5 +1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | Deas9 | M ${ }^{\text {c } 2}$ |
| A4R3 | 0698-3155 | 1 | 21 | RESSSTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT41/R-T0-4641-F |
| AMR4 | 0757-4279 | 0 |  | FESESTOR 3.16K +-1\% .12SW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-3161F |
| ARS | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESTSTOR 3.16K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| ARR6 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | FESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1471-F |
| AAR7 | 0757.0230 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| AARA | 0690-3155 | 1 |  | RESTSTOR 4.64K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-4641F |
| AHR9 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1001-F |
| MR10 | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12408 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| MAR11 | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | FESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/9-TO-1001F |
| AAR12 | C006-9155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC=04-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4681F |
| ARR13 | 0698-0062 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-4640-F |
| MR14 | 0838-0082 | 7 |  | RESASTOR 464 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/R-70-4640-F |
| ARR15 | 0680-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K + -1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| AMR16 | 0epersis5 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| MAR17 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/B-T0-1001F |
| MR18 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161F |
| A 419 | 0757.0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| AnR20 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K + 1\% .t25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| Mar21 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR TK + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/2-70-1001F |
| Mar22 | 06se-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $-1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-4641F |
| AMR23 | 0688-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/R-T0-4641F |
| A4R24 | 0600-0062 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 +1\% .325W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/R-T0-4640-F |
| MARSS | 0088-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.6aK $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-4641F |
| AMR26 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC=04-100 | 12498 | CT41/R-T0-4641F |
| Mar27 | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1001- |
| anpras | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-3161F |
| Mar29 | 0757-9230 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+-1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-70-1003.F |
| anfis | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK + -1\%. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-5 |
| AMR31 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 1K + $4 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1001F |
| A4R32 | 0608-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTO $4.64 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-4641F |
| AMP33 | 0609-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.EAK + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-464if |
| AnR34 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | PEESISTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-464iF |
| A/P335 | 0757-0290 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% . 125 W TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | AP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMP36 | 0090-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-4641-F |
| A4R37 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+-1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A4R38 | 0698-0084 | 9 | 7 | RESISTOR 215K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151+ |
| A4R39 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K + 1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/日-T0-1003-F |
| AMP40 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1003-F |
| Marat | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/G-70-1001- |
| AMP42 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 464 $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-4640F |
| AMR43 |  |  |  | not assigied |  |  |
| AMA44 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| AAPA5 | $0757-0442$ | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| and46 | 008e-3160 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 31.8K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-3162-F |
| Mar47 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| AP448 | 0757-0403 | 2 | 5 | RESISTOR 121 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-121R-F |
| AMP49 | 0650-8833 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 10K + -0.1\% .125W TF TC $=0+10$ | 09464 | PR1/8 |
| AMR50 | 2100-3273 | 1 |  | RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10\% TKF SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3273 |
| Marsis | 0096-3904 | 8 | 1 | PESISTOR 14.7K +0.1\% .1W TF TC $=0+10$ | 19701 | 502371/8-T13-1472- |
| A4R52 | 0757-0442 | 0 |  | RESSTSTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF YC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-f |
| MAR53 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| ARRS4 | $0890-3441$ | 8 |  | RESISTOA $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| AMR55 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| ARR56 | 00983430 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 21.5 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | De439 | M M 2 |
| ARR57 | 0608-3430 | 5 |  | RESSSTOR $21.5+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | M ME2 |
| MAR59 | 0690-3441 | 8 |  | RESSTOR $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-215R-F |
| M4R59 | 0680-0094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/R-T0-2151F |
| AR660 | 0757-0400 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $90.9+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-90R9-F |
| A4R61 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152F |
| A4R62 | 0690-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| Anf63 | 0757-0346 | 2 | 13 | RESYSTOR $10+-1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| Aar64 | 0698-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| AMR65 | 0898341 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 +-1\% .125W TF TC=04-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| ARR66 | 0690-3430 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $21.5+\mathbf{1 \%} .125$ W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| AMR67 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| AMR68 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | De439 | MK2 |
| A4R69 | 0698-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PA1/10 |
| Mar70 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| ACR71 | $0698-8731$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K +-0.1\% .IW TF TC $=0+-15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A4R72 | 0090-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-4641F |
| ARR73 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC=04-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1001-F |
| AAR74 | 0680-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-215if |
| AMR75 | 069e-8821 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR 5.62 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | LOAD |
| MaR76 | 0757.0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $4 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-1001F |
| AMR77 | 0690-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A4R78 | 0630-0034 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-2151+ |
| A4R79 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\%. 225 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Deaignation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12834 to 2121A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4R80 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | PESSSTOA $100+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101- |
| A4R8I | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | AESSTOR 100 +i\% , 125W TF TCump-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| 20261 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlRso | 0808-3432 | 7 |  | RESESTOR $26.1+1 \%$. 125W F TCu0 | 28480 | 0900-3432 |
| AARSI | 00063432 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 28.1 $+1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28460 | 0000-3432 |
| Marte | 000e3180 | 8 |  | RESESTOR 31.EK +1\% .12EW TF TC=0 +100 | 12490 | CT418-T0-3162F |
| Mars3 | 0ese-0094 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 215K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 1249 | CT4-18-T0-2151-F |
| Marbs | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESESTOR 10K + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12490 | CT4-1/8-70-1002f |
| Ahres | $21003852$ | 7 | 1 | RESESTOP-TRAN IK 10\% TKF SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | $2100-3352$ |
| APP86 | 00083454 | 3 | 3 | RESISTOR 215K +-1\% .125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2153-F |
| Map87 | 0000-0003 | 8 | 13 | FRESSTOR 1.85K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-TO-1961F |
| M/R88 | 0757.0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K +-1\%.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1003-F |
| A 4 P89 | 0757-9278 | 0 |  | PESSTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161F |
| MPRSO | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=00+100 | 12490 | CT-1/b-T0-1001-F |
| MP91 | 0080-0082 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 464 + 1\% .125w TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/E-70-4640-F |
| AMR92 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12.98 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A4P93 | $0096-8519$ | 7 | 3 | RESESTOA 2.1K $+-0.5 \%$, WW TF TC $=0+-5$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| Ahria | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A4R95 | 0600-8731 | 9 |  | RESESTOR 4.8K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+-15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A4896 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| AMR97 | 00043438 | 3 | 6 | RESSTOR $147+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-147AF |
| A4898 | 0757-0395 | 1 | 2 | RESSSTOA $56.2+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-56R2-F |
| A4P99 | 0899-0139 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $660+-0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| ACR100 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTO 4.64K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-4641F |
| AnPIOT | 0090-8027 | 4 | 10 | RESISTOR 1M + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1004-F |
| acrice | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $1 K+1 \%$. 125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| AMPIOS | 0093-3180 | 8 |  | FRESSTIOR 31.6K $+-1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=00+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3162F |
| anR104 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| 15334 to 2121A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AMR105 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1R106 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGMED |  |  |
| 2486A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A4R105 | 0680-3155 | 1 |  | RESSTOR 4.80K +-1\% . 125 W TF TCmp+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-6641F |
| A4RIOG | 060-3465 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR $383+1 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3838-F |
| ACTPT | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COMWECTORSEL CONT PWN 1.14MMAOSC-S2 50 | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| AMTP2 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SEL CONT PWN 1.14 MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| ATPS | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PWN 1.14-MMESC-S2 SO | 12360 | 24-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| AMTP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PMN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ 50 | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| MTPS | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PNN 1.14MM-BSC-SZ 50 | 12860 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| ATP6 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMMECTOR-SGL CONT PAN 1.14MMHESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| AMVR1 | 1902-0680 | 7 | 4 | DICDE-ZNR INE27 6.2V 5\% DO-7 PD=.4W | 04713 | 1N327 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mtr. | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code |  |  |

A5 08901-60010 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2545A

| 05 | $00801-60010$ | 0 | 1 | VOLTMETER ASSEMBLY | 23480 | 0090160010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5CT | 0180-3746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902082 |
| 1933A to 2251A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C2 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTORFXD EOUF+10\% EVDC TA | 56209 | $1500606 \times 900682$ |
| 2302A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C2 | 0180-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTIOP-XD E8UF + $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ 10VDC TA | 29480 | 0180-2929 |
| ASCO | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| 1833A to 2251A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C4 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOA+XD 6CUF+-10\% EVDC TA | 56289 | $1500606 \times 900682$ |
| A5C5 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 60UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | $1500606 \times 900682$ |
| 23024 to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C4 | 0180-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTIORFXD 68UF + $10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| A5C5 | 0180-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTIORFXD E8UF + 10\% 10VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| A5C6 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR+XXD 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | 1500156x902082 |
| ASC7 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| 1933A to 2142A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C8 | 0160-2199 | 2 | 9 | CAPACTTOR-XD SOPF +5\% 300VOC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A5C9 | 0140-0196 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD 150PF +-5\% 300VDC MRCA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| 2201A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C8 | 0160-2202 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 75PF +5\% 300VDC | 28480 | 0160-2202 |
| A5C9 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A5C10 | 0180-0374 | 3 | 5 | CAPACTIOR + XD 10VF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500106 \times 902082$ |
| 1933A mo 2142A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5Cl1 | 0160-2201 | 7 |  |  | 28480 | 0160-2201 |
| 2201A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5CII |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ${ }^{45 C 12}$ | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {ASCl3 }}$ | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD . O1UF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {ASC14 }}$ | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 15UF+ $10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156×902082 |
| A5C15 | 0180-0094 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 100UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 58289 | 300107c025002 |
| ${ }^{45 C 16}$ | 0160-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 08969 | RPE122-130X7R104M5OV |
| ${ }^{45 C 17}$ | 0180,0374 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 10UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | $1500106 \times 902082$ |
| ASC18 | 01603876 | 4 | 7 | CAPACTTORFXD 47PF +20\% 200VDC CER | 08969 | RPE121-105X7R470M200V |
| ASC19 | 0160-3451 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XXD .01LF $+60-20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0106NWE305Y5V1032100V |
| A5C20 | 0180-1704 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD 47UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 1500476x900682 |
| A5C21 | 01800374 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 10UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500106 \times 902082$ |
| A5C22 | 0180-0374 | 3 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 104F+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500106x902032 |
| A5C23 | 0160-3501 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD ALF + -10\% 50VOC MET.POLYC | 84419 | HEWW-249 |
| A5C24 | 0160.0970 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTIOR + XD . 47 UF + $+10 \%$ BOVDC POLYE | 19701 | 703DIHV474PK800AX |
| A5C2S | 01600575 | 4 | 5 | CAPACTOA + XD .04TUF $+20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 12474 | SR205C473ma |
| A5C28 | 01600575 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD . O47UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 12474 | SP20sci73mMa |
| A5C27 | 01600575 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD .047UF $+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 12474 | SR205C473mun |
| A5C28 | 0160-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .047VF +-20\% SOVDC CER | 12474 | SR205C473mM |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


## 08901-60010 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2545A

| $1833 A$ to $2251 A$ A5C29 | 0160-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTIORFXD ECUF+10\% GVDC TA | 56299 | 1500606x900682 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23024 to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5C29 | 0780-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTTOR-XD G8UF + $10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| 25c30 | 0160-4997 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTOORFXD .1UF + $1 \%$ 100VDC POLYSTY | 84811 | Hew-451 |
| ascel | 0180-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 30PF $+5 \%$ s00VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| ASC32 | 0860-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD . O1UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A5C33 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD .OIUF +-20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ASC34 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 2:2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| ASCR1 | 1901.0000 | 1 |  | CNODESWTCHENG SOV SOMA 2 NSS DO-35 | 90171 | 1 M 148 |
| ASCR2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DCOOESWITCHWVG INA150 50V 200 MA ANS | 20171 | 1NC150 |
| A5CR3A | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DHODE-SWITCHNG INA150 50V 200MA ANS | 90171 | 1NE150 |
| ${ }_{\text {ASCRA }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DCOOE-SWITCHMNG 1Na150 50V 200 MA ans | ON171 | INE150 |
| A5CR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHEVG 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | EN171 | 1N4148 |
| ASCP6 | 1501-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTIKY SM SHG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| ASCR7 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DVODE-SCHOTTKY SM SVG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| ASCR8 | 1501.9040 | 1 |  | DWOOE-SWITCHMVG 30V 50Mn 2n's DO-35 | 9N171 | $1 \mathrm{NH148}$ |
| A5CR9 | 1501-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHWVG SOV 50MM 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| ASCR10 | 1901.0040 | 1 |  | DICDESWTTCHMVG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1 Mal48 |
| ASCR114 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DLODE-SWTTCIENG 1NH150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| ASCR12 | 1906-0074 | 1 | 2 | OICDE-ARRAY 50V HOOMA | 07263 | FSA3157P |
| ASCR13 | 1906-0074 | 1 |  | DCODE-ARRAY 50 V 400 MA | 07263 | FSA3157P |
| ASCR14 | 1501-0040 | 1 |  | DNODESWITCHMVG 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 2N171 | 1914148 |
| ASCR154 | 1901-0860 | 7 |  | DIODE-GEN PPPP 125MA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0880 |
| ASCR16 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWTCHANG SOV SOMA 2NS DO-35 | 2N171 | 1MM148 |
| A50S1 | 19800325 | 2 |  | LED-LANP LMANT =800UCD FF=Somathax | 28480 | 50824403 |
| 0541 | 91400210 | 1 | 4 | NDUCTOR RF-CHMML $100 \mathrm{UH}+5 \%$ | 91637 | mal 100UH 5\% |
| A5mpl | 04901-00019 | 3 | 1 | COVER-VOLTMETER (MCULDES EXTRACTOR) | 28400 | 08901.00019 |
|  | 23500113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH G-32 25 WHLE PANHD-POZ1 | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| ASMP2 | 5021-0817 | 8 |  | P.C. BOURD EXTRACTOR | 28460 | 5021-0817 |
| ASOT | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TPMNSISTOR PNP SI PD $=500 \mathrm{NW}$ FTT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | $2 \mathrm{mb27}$ | XA228CP20-1 |
| asce | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRANSESTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| 1503 | 18640477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN 2NP222A SI TO-18 PD $=500 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2 n 2322 A |
| A504 | 1263-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSSTOP PAP Si PD= 300WW $\mathrm{FT}=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2 M 627 | X |
| ASOS | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | x ${ }^{\text {az2BCP20-1 }}$ |
| 0506 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP SI PD=300MW FTE150NMTZ | 2 M 527 | x ${ }^{\text {22SCP20-1 }}$ |
| ${ }^{1507}$ | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 51 TO-92 PD=300MW | 2 M 827 | CP4071 |
| A508 | $1835-0114$ | 4 | 1 | TRANSISTOR JFET 2N4393 N-CHAN D-NODE | 17856 | 2214393 |
| ${ }^{1509}$ | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNW SI PD $=3000 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2 M 627 | xarzecpeo-1 |
| A5010 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN S1 TO. 22 PD=300MW | $2 \times 687$ | CP4071 |


| Reference | HP Part |
| :---: | :---: |
| Desigmation | $\mathbf{C}$ |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | Oty |

Description Mir. Code

Mfr. Part Number
Designation Number D
aty.

A5
08901-60010 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2545A

| A5R1 | 0757.0279 | 0 |  | PRESESTOR 3.18K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASR2 | 0757-0e00 | 3 |  | RESASTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 +100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| ASA3 | 0757-1094 | 0 |  | RESSSTOR 1.A7K +1\% .12SW TF TC=0 100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471F |
| ASRA | 0308-0082 | 7 |  | RESASTOR $464+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640- |
| ASR5 | 18100126 | 1 | 3 | NETWORK-RES 14DIP 10.0K ONMM $\times 13$ | 11236 | 760-1-R10K |
| Aspr6 | 0757-0442 | 0 |  | RESASTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| ASR7 | 21003358 | 3 | 3 | RESSISTOR-TRMR IM 20\% TKF SIDEADN 1-TRN | 28480 | 21003358 |
| ASR8 | cene-8549 | 7 |  | PESSSTOR 2.1K + -0.5\% .1W TF TC=0+5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| 1933A to 2142A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R9 | 0683-2285 | 1 |  | REESSTOR 22M +5\% 25W CC TC=-900/+1200 | 01121 | C82265 |
| 2201A to 2447A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R9 | 0093-1565 | 2 |  | PESESTOR 15M +5\% 25W FC | 28480 | 0683-1565 |
| 2450A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R9 | 0epo-0073 | 8 |  | PESESTOR 10M +1\% .125W F TC=0+150 | 28480 | 0699-0073 |
| ASR10 | 0800-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A5Rit | 0757-0290 | 3 |  | RESTSTOR 1K + $\mathbf{1 \%}$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A5R12 | 0680-959 | 7 |  | PESESTOR 2.1K +-0.5\% .1W TF TC=0+5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| ${ }^{25 R 13}$ | $0808-0083$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961F |
| A5R14 | 0757-0461 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 68.1K +-1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6812-F |
| A5R15 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | FESISTOR $10+1 \%$.125W TF TCm $=0+100$ | D8439 | M M 22 |
| ASR16 | 0757-0496 | 7 | 40 | RESUSTOR 511 +1\% .125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| ASRy7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A5R18 | 0757-0462 | 9 |  | RESASTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A5R19 | 06083154 | 0 | 8 | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221F |
| ASR20 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5R21 | 0757-0428 | 1 | 3 | RESHTOR 1.62K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621F |
| ASR22 | 0757-0288 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 9.05K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 19701 | 503sR-1/8-T0-9091F |
| ASR23 | 008-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K + -0.1\% .1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| 1933A to 2142A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R24 | 0683-2285 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 2\%M +5\% 25W CC TC-000/+1200 | 01121 | C32265 |
| 2801A 10 2447A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASR24 | 0683-1565 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 15M +-5\% 25W FC | 28480 | 0683-1565 |
| 2450A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R24 | $0099-0073$ | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100 + $\mathbf{+ 1 \%}$. 125 W F TCm0+150 | 28480 | 0899-0073 |
| A5R25 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESESTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A5R26 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1002-F |
| 1933A 702009 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R27 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR TK + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1001F |
| 2012A to 2545A A5R27 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Chy. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 |  | 08901-60010- SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2545A |  |  |  |  |
| A5R28 | 08003154 | 0 |  | PESHTOR 4.22K + $4 \% .120 \%$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221F |
| ASPET | $2100-3358$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR-TRMP 1M 20\% TIF STE-ADN 1 -TRN | 28480 | $2100-3258$ |
| A5P30 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESSTOR 511 +-1\% .125W TF TCu0+100 | 12498 | CTA-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A5R31 | De9e-3150 | 6 | 2 | PESSSTOR 237K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2371- |
| A5R32 | 0009022 | 9 | 1 | RESSTOR 10.5K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC=0+15 | 00464 | PR1/10 |
| A5R33 | $0757-042$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5R34 | $0757-0442$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+-1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002f |
| A5R35 | 21003851 | 6 | 2 | RESESTOR-TRMM 500 10\% TTF SIDEADS 1-TRN | 28480 | 21003351 |
| A5R236 | 0757-0458 | 7 | 3 | RESESTOR 51.1K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12496 | CT4-1/8-70-5112.F |
| A5P37 | $0600-0033$ | 8 |  | REESSTOR 1.90K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961F |
| A5R38 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.81K +-1\% .125W TF TCm0 100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-6811F |
| A5R39 | $0088-3430$ | 5 |  | RESSSTOR 21.5 +1\% .125W TF TCm0+100 | De439 | mic2 |
| A5P40 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESESTOR IK + -1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CTA-1/R-T0-1001F |
| A5Pa4 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-18-T0-511RF |
| A5942 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A5943 | 0ese-629 | 5 | 1 | FESSSTOR $100 \mathrm{M}+10 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ CC | 01121 | C81071 |
| A5PM4 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A5P45 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSSTOR 100K +1\%.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A5P46 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESHSTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| ASP47 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | PESSSTOR 51.1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112F |
| A5f48 | 0683-1055 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 1M +-5\% 25W CF TC $=0.600$ | 19701 | (CR-25) 1-4-5P-1M |
| 1933A to 2032A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R49 | 2100-3358 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR-TRAMR 1M 20\% TKF STDE-ADS 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3358 |
| 2051A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R50 | 0757-0080 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A5R51 | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A5R52 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0.511R-F |
| A5R53 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.1001F |
| ASR54 | 069e-003 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.28K $+1 \%$.125W TF TCmot-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0-196i-F |
| ASR55 | 1810-0037 | 3 | 2 | METWOPKKRES 16-DIP 1.0K OHM $\times 8$ | 11236 | 7613R1K |
| A5R56 | 00883157 | 3 |  | RESTSTOR 19.6K + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962F |
| ${ }^{4} 5857$ | 0e80-3157 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 19.6K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF T $\mathrm{C}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| ASR58 | 1810-0037 | 3 |  | NETWORK-RES 16-DPP 1.0K OHM $X 8$ | 11236 | 761-3R1K |
| 1933 TO 2003 A ( 0750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASR59 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K + 1\% .12SW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-5 |
| 20124 to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R59 | 0096-6360 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 10K +-1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+25$ | 28480 | 0690-6360 |
| A5R60 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12408 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5961 | 0757-0463 | 4 | 2 | PESSSTOR 82.5K + $1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/R-T0-8252-F |
| ASP62 | 0757.0467 | 8 | 4 | RESISTOR 121K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12408 | CT4-1/8-10-1213F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mirf. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## A5

08901-60010 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2545A

| 2985A 702009 A A5863 | 0090-3159 | 5 |  | RESSTOR 26.1K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/0-T0-2612-F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20124 to 2021A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R63 | $0083-6631$ | 4 |  | RESISTOR $2.5 \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{t}$.1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-25$ | 28480 | 0690-6631 |
| 2026A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R85* | 0757-0276 | 7 | 2 | RESSTOR $61.9+1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-61R9F |
| A5R84 | cese-9158 | 2 |  | RESSSTOR 14.7K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-1472F |
| A5R65 | 06ee-3243 | 8 |  | RESISTOA 178K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-1783-F |
| A5R66 | 0680-8827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M +-1\%.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A5R67 | 0757-0467 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 121K $+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-T0-1213-F |
| A5P68 | 0757-0421 | 4 | 11 | RESSTOR $825+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-825R-F |
| A5R69 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| ASR70 | 0680-3443 | 0 | 3 | RESESTOR 287 +i\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A5R71 | 068e-3414 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A5R72 | 0757-0419 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR $681+1 \%$.125W TF TCw0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| 1933A co 2021A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R73 | Dese-3157 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 19.6K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1962-F |
| 2026A 10 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R73 | 0757-0419 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 681 + 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.681R-F |
| ASR74 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| 19334 to 2021A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R75 | 0757-0442 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| 2026A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R75 | 0757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $162+1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-162R-F |
| ASR76 | 2100-3103 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMM 10K 10\% TIF SIDE-AD | 73138 | EPPR10K |
| A5R77 | 0699-0239 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR S9K + -0.1\% .1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A5R78 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1001F |
| A5R79 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1001-F |
| A5R80 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A5R81 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A5R82 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A5R83 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| 1333A to 2092A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5RSH |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A5R85 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 2051A to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5R84 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-7 |
| A5R85 | 0808-3452 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 147K + $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-TO-1473F |
| ASTP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTORSEL CONT PN 1.14-AM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| ASTP2 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SCL CONT PNM 1.14-mM-ESCSZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A5IP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A5TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PN 1.14-mM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A5TP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SCL CONT PN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010.01-03-00 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AS |  |  | 08901-60010-SERIAL PREFX 1933A TO 2545A |  |  |  |
| ASTPG | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14MM-SSC-S2 SO | 12380 | 94-155-101001-03-00 |
| 0.5187 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14 MMMESC-SZ SO | 12380 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| ASTP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PN 1.14MMESCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| 19384 to 21384 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5U1 | 1826-0574 | 8 | 1 | IC OP AMP LOW-DRIFT 8-TO-99 PKG | 07263 | UATIALHC |
| 2142A to 2515a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASUI | 1826-0471 | 2 | 1 | IC OP AMP LOW-DRIFT TO-99 PKG | 20460 | 1826-0471 |
| 19334 to 21424 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 UZ | 18280059 | 2 |  | CC OP AMP GP 8-TO.09 PKG | 27014 | LMzOIAH |
| 22014 to 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{ALU}_{2}$ | 1026-0571 | 1 |  | COP ANP TO-99 PKG | 28480 | 1826-0371 |
| ${ }^{2} 543$ | 1228-0098 | 9 | 3 | C COMPARATOR PRCN 8-TO-99 PKC | 27014 | LM211H |
| ASU4 | 1828-0069 | 2 |  | IC OP ANP GP \&-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMEOTAN |
| 1933A to 2032A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASUS | 1828-0371 | 1 |  | C OP AMP LOW-EUSHMMPD 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LF256\% |
| 20514 50 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASUS | 1826-0266 | 3 |  | IC OP ANP LOW DRIFT TO-99 PKG | 06665 | OP-05EJ |
| 9546 | 1820-0098 | 9 |  | C. COMPARATOA PRCN E-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LM211H |
| 1957 | TE2s-0380 | 0 | 1 | $1 C$ TMMER TTL MONO/ASTBL | 18324 | NES55N |
| ASUB | 1820-1195 | 7 |  | IC FFTTL LS D-TVPE POS-EDGE-TRIG COM | 01295 | SNT4LSIT5N |
| ${ }^{4} 519$ | 1820-1211 | 8 | 1 | CC EATE TIL LS EXCl-OR OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SNT4LSESAN |
| ASU10s | 1820-1547 | 3 | 1 | C MULTPLCF 8-CHAN-ANL. 16-DIP.C PKG | 04713 | MC14051 |
| ASU114 | 1820-15A7 | 3 | 1 | C. MULTIPLXR 8-CHAN-ANL 16-DP-C PKG | 04713 | MC14051 |
| ASU12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1820-1547 | 3 | 1 | C M M | 04713 | MC14051 |
| ascils | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | $1 C$ LCHTLL LS D-TYPE 4-RTT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| ASUS4 | 1820-1188 | 0 |  | IC GATE TIL LS MAND OUAD 2-NWP | 01295 | SNTALSOSN |
| ASU15 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | CC DCDA TTL LS 3-TOP-LINE 3-NP | 01295 | SNTHLSI38N |
| 25VR1 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | OCOEEZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| ASVA2 |  |  |  | HOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ASVR3 | 19023024 | 9 | 1 | DIOOE-ZNR 2.87V 5\% DO.7 PD=,4W TC=-.07\% | 28460 | 1902.3024 |
| ASVRA | 1802-0680 | 7 |  | DCOOE-ZNR TNE27 6.2V 5\% DO.7 PD=.4W | 0.713 | 1 N |
| ASVA5 | 15023082 | 9 | 1 | DOOE-ZNR 4.64V 5\% D0-35 POx.aW | 28480 | 1902-3092 |
| J9334 7020094 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASVRG |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 20124 to 25454 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ASVR6 | 1902-0946 | 8 | 1 | DOODE-ZNR 3.3V 5\% DO.35 PD=.4W TCen.039\% | 28480 | 1902-0946 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mfr. Part Number |  |  |



Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part number | C | Cos. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

08901-60293 - SERIAL PREFIX 2606A AND ABOVE

| ASCPA6 | 1901.0040 | 1 |  |  | 28480 | 1901.0040 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASCR7 | 180100040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHVN 30V 50mA 2 2us DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| ASCR8 | 1901-0518 | 6 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| ASCR9 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHUVG SOV SOMAA 2NS 0035 | 28400 | 1901.0040 |
| ASCR10 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCCHNG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1801-0040 |
| A5CR11 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIOOESWITCHNG 1N4150 50V $2001 / \mathrm{NA}$ ANS | ${ }^{\text {ON171 }}$ | 1N4150 |
| A5CR12 | 1801.0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHNG 30V 50MM 2NS DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0040 |
| ASCR13 | 1901-6040 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHMGG 3OV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 29480 | 1901-0040 |
| A5CR14 | 1901-0880 | 7 | 9 | DCODE-GEN PRP 12SMA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0830 |
| ASCR15 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | CIOOE-SWTCOHNG 1N4150 50V 200MA ANS | ${ }^{\text {W N17 }} 1$ | 1Na150 |
| ASCR16 | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNG IMA150 50V 200MA ANS | eviti | 104450 |
| A5L1 | 0140.9210 | 1 | 8 | WDUCTOR AF-CHHMLD 100UH 5\% .1600X.385LG | 28480 | 0140-0210 |
| ASMP1 | $00401-00019$ | 3 | 1 | COVEA VOLT MTR | 28480 | 09901-00019 |
|  | 2190-0008 | 3 |  | WASHER-LK EXT T MO. 6.141 m-HD | 28480 | 2180-0008 |
|  | 2380-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 $25-\mathrm{NH}$ LS PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCAIPTION |
| 0501 | 1654-0810 | 2 | 7 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=625 \mathrm{NW}$ FTT $=200 \mathrm{MH}$ | 28480 | 1854-0810 |
| A502 | 1853-0000 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PANP SI PD=300MW FTT 150 NH HZ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A503 | 18540077 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2TE222A SI TO-18 PDum00wW | 04713 | 2422224 |
| A504 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{WW} \mathrm{FT}=150 \mathrm{MH} \mathrm{H}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A505 | 1855-0414 | 4 | 2 | TRUNSISTOR HFET 2NM393 N-CHAN DHODE | 04713 | 2 N 4393 |
| 0506 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNTP SI PD=300MW FT=150NHZ | 28460 | 1853-0020 |
| A507 | 1854-0810 | 2 |  | TAUNSISTOR NPN SI PD=625MW FTT 200 MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0810 |
| ASR1 | 18100125 | 1 | 1 | METWORK-RES 14-DIPIO.OK OHM X 13 | 11236 | 760-1-R10K |
| ASR2 | $2100-3358$ | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR-TRMR IM 20\% C SIDE-AOU 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3358 |
| A5R3 | 06se-8549 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.1K 5\% .JW F TC=0+-5 | 28480 | 0090-8549 |
| ASRA | $0809-0073$ | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 10M 1\%.125W F TC $=0+150$ | 20480 | 08990073 |
| ASR5 | 0757-0288 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .125W F TCasor-100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-70-0091F |
| ASR6 | 0680-9549 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.1K .5\% .1W F TC=04-5 | 28480 | 0090-8549 |
| ASA7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TCmot-100 | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-1001-f |
| ASR8 | 0698-8731 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4.8K .1\% .IW F TC $=0+15$ | 23460 | 0390-8731 |
| ASR9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/6-T0-1002-F |
| ASR10 | 0757.016 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TCub +100 | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-511RF |
| A5R11 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESESTOR 100 1\% .125w F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-101-f |
| ASR12 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | PESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5R13 | 0698.3154 | 0 | 12 | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-10-4221f |
| ASR14 | 0690-3132 | 4 | 11 | PESESTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-10-2610F |
| A5A15 | 0699-0073 | 8 |  | RESUSTOR 10M 1\% .125W F TC=0+150 | 28480 | 0809-0073 |
| A5R16 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125w F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8T0-511R-5 |
| A5R17 | 0006-0063 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.88K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/6-T0-1961F |
| ASA18 | 2100-3858 | 3 |  | RESSTOR-TRM | 28480 | 21003358 |
| ASR19 | 0757.0461 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 68.1K 1\% .125W F TCm0 +100 | 24545 | C4,1/6-70-6812- |
| A5R20 | 060e3150 | 6 | 7 | RESISTOR 2.37K 1\% .125W F TCumorico | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2371-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mifr. } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 |  | 08901-60293- SERIAL PREFIX 2606A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| ASR21 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TComo-100 | 24546 | C4-1/2-TO-10ROF |
| A5R22 | 00090222 | 9 | 1 | RESSTOR 10.5K . $1 \%$. 1 W F TC $=0+15$ | 28480 | 0689-0222 |
| ASP23 | $2100-3351$ | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRM 500 10\% C STOE-AOI 1-TRN | 29480 | 2100-3351 |
| A5R24 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $3 \%$.125W F TCm0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/B-70-1471F |
| A5R2S | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESESTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1002- |
| A5R26 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | PESESTOR 6.81K 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-10-6811F |
| ASR27 | $0757-0442$ | 8 |  | RESESTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A5R28 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-T0-511RF |
| asp29 | $0757-0458$ | 7 | 8 | RESTSTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-5112f |
| A5R30 | 08883430 | 5 |  | RESUSTOR 21.5 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 03888 | PMES5-1/8-T0-21R5-F |
| ASR31 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESLSTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| ASR32 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5111 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/Q-T0-511RF |
| A5R33 | 089-6286 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 100M 10\% .25W FC TC- $-000 /+1200$ | 01121 | CB1071 |
| ASR34 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | PESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002- |
| ASR35 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1003-F |
| A5R36 | 0757.0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.18K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T03161-F |
| A5R37 | $0757-0458$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\%, 125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5112- |
| A5R38 | 21003353 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10\% C SIDE-ADU 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3353 |
| A5R39 | 08963454 | 3 |  | RESASTOR 215K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $=100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-2153-5 |
| ASP40 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| ASR41 | $0098-8827$ | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M 1\% .125W F TC $=0-100$ | 28480 | 0098-8827 |
| ASP42 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1001-f |
| A5P43 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| ASR44 | $0757-0420$ | 3 | 9 | RESISTOR 750 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-751-F |
| ASPR45 | 06903152 | 8 | 7 | RESESTOR 3.48K 1\% .125w F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-703481- |
| ASP46 | $0096-6350$ | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 10K .1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+25$ | 28480 | 0690-6360 |
| ASP47 | $0008-0084$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A5R48 | 0098-8360 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 10K .1\% .125W F TC $=0+25$ | 28480 | 0698-6360 |
| ASR49 | 06890847 | 4 | 3 | PESISTOR 1.96K . $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+50$ | 28480 | 0699-0847 |
| A5R50 | 0899044 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K . $1 \%$.125W F TC=0+50 | 28430 | 0699-0847 |
| ASPR51 | 0757.042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A5P52 | 08806631 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.5K .1\% .125W F TC=0+-25 | 28480 | 0698-6631 |
| A5R53 | 0757-0462 | 9 |  | RESISTOR TOK 1\% .125W F TCanot-100 | 24546 | C4-7/8-70-1002-F |
| A5R54 | 0690-3156 | 2 |  | RESUSTOR 14.7K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.1472-F |
| A5R55 | 0650-6362 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 1K.1\% .125W F TC $=0+25$ | 28480 | 0698-6362 |
| A5R56 | 0899047 | 4 |  | RESSSTOR 1.96K . $1 \%$. 125 W F TC= $=0+50$ | 28480 | 0689-0847 |
| ASP57 | 0757-0467 | 8 | 3 | PESSSTOR 121K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-10-1213-F |
| ASP58 | 0757-0463 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 82.5K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T08252- |
| A5R59 | 089-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOA 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A5R60 | 06963157 | 3 |  | PESESTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1962F |
| A5R61 | 0690-3157 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1962-F |
| A5R62 | 0757-0467 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 121K $1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-1213-F |
| A5863 | 0698-3243 | 8 |  | PESISTOR 178K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1783-F |
| A5P64 | 068-8827 | 4 |  | RESNTOR 1M 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 06se-8827 |
| A5R65 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-751-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Dascription | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 |  |  | 08901-60293-SERIAL PREFIX 2606A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |
| ASPA66 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-511AF |
| A5867 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | PESSSTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0 ${ }^{\text {a }}$-100 | 20546 | C4-1/R-T0-511R-F |
| A5P68 | 0680-3443 | 0 | 5 | PESSSTOR 287 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| ASR69 | 0686-3419 | 8 |  | PESSISTOR 215 1\%.125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C+1/8-70-215A- |
| Asp70 | $0757-0419$ | 0 | T | RESISTOR 881 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0681R-F |
| A5R71 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 4 | PESISTOR 162 1\%. 125 W F TC $=00+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-162R-F |
| A5R72 | 0757-0419 | 0 |  | RESSTOR 881 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CL-1/R-T0681R-F |
| A5873 | 2100.3103 | 5 | 1 | RESSTSTOR-TRIMR 10K 10\% C SLEEAN 17-TRN | 02111 | 43 P 103 |
| A5R74 | 0699-0299 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 59K . $1 \%$. 7 W F TC=0+-15 | 20480 | 0609-0239 |
| A5P75 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TCuat 100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1001 $F$ |
| ASR76 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TCu0 100 | 24545 | C4-1/2-70-1001 $F$ |
| A5877 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | PESSTOR 1K 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1001F |
| ASP78 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESESTOR 611 14.125W F TCu0+100 | 24.46 | CL-1/6-70-611a- |
| A5R79 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1003-F |
| A5P80 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESSTSTOR 10 1\%.125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-10ROF |
| A5R81 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TCu0 100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1001F |
| ASTP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 23480 | 1251.0600 |
| ASTP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14AMABSC-S2 SO | 20480 | 1251-0600 |
| A5TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PPN 1.14-MA-BSC-SZ SQ | 28460 | 1251.0600 |
| ASTP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SEL CONT PWN 1.14MM-SSCSZ SQ | 28480 | 1251.0800 |
| ASTP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| ASTP6 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PAN 1.14MM-ESCSZ SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| ASTP7 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONMECTOR-SES CONT PWN 1.14mM-ESC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A5TP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTORSEL CONT PWN 1.14MMESC-S2 SQ | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A5N1 | 1823-0471 | 2 | 2 | CC OP ANP LOW-DAIFT TO-99 PKG | 26480 | 1826-0474 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5U2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A543 | 1826-0371 | 1 |  | C OP ANP LOW-EUSHSHMPD TO99 PKG | 27014 | LF253H |
| 2514 | 1826-0098 | 9 | 3 | $1 \mathrm{CCOMPARATOR} \mathrm{PRCN} \mathrm{TO-99} \mathrm{PKG}$ | 27014 | U6211H |
| A5us | 1826-0098 | 9 |  | IC COMPAPATOR PRCN TO-89 PKG | 27014 | LM2IIH |
| A 506 | 1828-0059 | 2 |  | IC OP ANP GP TO-99 PKC | 01295 | LMEOTAL |
| 25061 to 20284 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5U7 | 1826-0783 | 9 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-NOLSE 8-DPPC PKG | 52063 | XRS534ACN |
| 2629A and above ASU7 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | aty. | Description | Mrr | Mer. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A5 |  | 08901-60293 - SERIAL PREFIX 2606A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| asue | 18250871 18260180 | 1 | 2 |  | ${ }^{27014} \mathbf{0 1 2 9 5}$ | ${ }_{\text {LeSSSSP }}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {asulo }}$ | 1223600505 | 4 | 3 | C M M | 17es6 | Desosek |
| ASU11 | 18260005 | 4 |  |  | 17956 | dasoee |
| ${ }^{\text {asul2 }}$ | 182000505 | 4 |  |  | 17856 | Dos50eb |
| ${ }^{2} 5013$ | $1280 \cdot 1195$ | 7 |  | 1 CFF TI LS D-TPE POSEDEE-TRIG COM | 01295 | SNTMLST35N |
| 15014 | 182001211 | 8 | 1 | IC GATE TIL LSEXCL-DR OUND 2-ANP | 01295 | SNTULSESN |
| ${ }^{\text {asuls }}$ | 1820.1411 | 0 | 13 | 1 CLCH Th LS D-TPE 4 ST | 01295 | SNT4L575N |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ U16 | 1820-1198 |  |  |  | 01295 | SNTUSO |
| ${ }^{15} 517$ | 1823603871 | 1 |  |  | 27014 |  |
| A5U18 | $1820-1216$ | 3 |  | IC DCDA TLL LS 3TO\&LINE SHP | 01295 | SNTLLSI3EN |
| Asval | 1902-0946 |  |  | DIODE-ZNA 3.3 V 5\% DO.35 PDO. 4 WW TC=. $039 \%$ | 29480 | 1902-0946 |
| Asva | 19023082 | \% | 1 | DIOOE-2NE $4.6 \mathrm{WV} 5 \times$ DO.35 PDe. 4 W | 28480 | 1002-3002 |
| asve3 |  | 9 | 1 | DCOOE-2NA 287 T 5\% DO.7 PD=.4W TC=.07\% | 28480 | 1902.3024 |
| asva | 1902.0880 | 7 |  |  | 24046 | 1 Ne27 |
| 25061002623 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | NOT ASSTANED |  |  |
| W1 | 81590005 | 6 |  | RESSTOR Z IFO OHMS 22 ANG LEAD DM | 23480 | 8150-0005 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Description | Mtr.$\quad$ Whtr. Part Number |

## 08901-60114 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2308A

| 96 | cesot-60114 | 5 | 1 | AM DEMODULATOR ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 0880160114 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABCT | 0180.0058 | 0 |  | CAPMCTOR- $X$ SO SOVF+75-10\% 2SVDC AL | 86289 | $3005086025 c 92$ |
| A6C2 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 50lli+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56209 | $3005066025 C 02$ |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ CS3 | 0180-4636 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XDD 25sef $+1 \%$ 100VOC MMCA | 28480 | 0160-4636 |
| AGCA | 0160-2660 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD 20PF + $2 \%$ 500VDC CER $0+30$ | 09535 | 301-000-0060-2006 |
| AGCS | 0160-4635 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XXD 212PF + 1\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-4635 |
| ABC6 | 0160-2249 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-TXD 4.7PF + -2SPF SOOVDC CER | 09535 | 301-000-COH0-479C |
| ABC7 | 0100-2150 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXO S3PF + 5\% 3c0VDC MICA | 20480 | 0160-2150 |
| A6C8 | 0121-0105 | 4 | 2 | CAPMCTIOR-V TRMP-CER 9355 FF 200 V PC.MTG | 52763 | 304324 9/35PF NE50 |
| ascs | 0160-0574 | 3 | 3 | CAPACTIORFXD | 06383 | FD12X7R2A223M |
| A6C10 |  |  |  | NOT ASSMENED |  |  |
| ascil | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTORFXO 2:2UF+10\% 2OVDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020a2 |
| asci2 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ascis |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| a6C14 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOPFXD 2.20F+10\% 20VDC TA | 55209 | 1500225x9020~12 |
| M6C15 | 0180-2618 | 2 | 5 | CAPACTTOA+XD 33UF+10\% 10VDC TA | 12344 | T355F336k010AS |
| a6C16 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XX 30PF +-6\% 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ C77 7 | 0160-4034 | 8 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .IUF + $20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139X7R104M5OV |
| A6C18 | 0170-0040 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XXD OATVF +10\% 2DOVDC POLYE | 19701 | 70801+P473PK201AX |
| ABC19 | 0160-0302 | 5 | 1 | CNPACTOR $+X D$. 018 UF + $10 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC}$ POLYE | 19701 | 70801HH183PK201AX |
| A6C20 | 01602249 | 3 |  | CAPACTORFXD 4.7PF + 2SPF 500VDC CER | 00535 | 301-000-CO40-479C |
| M6C21 | 0160-0155 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD 3300PF + $10 \%$ 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 70801AC332PK201aX |
| 96022 | $0180-1746$ | 5 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x9080e2 |
| A6C23 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 30PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MMCA | 28480 | 0180-2199 |
| M6C24 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902082 |
| A6C2S | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 22F+10\% 15VDC TA | 58289 | $1500226 \times 901582$ |
| A6C26 | 0160-0299 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 1800PF + 10\% 200VDC POLVE | 19701 | 709D1AC182PK201AX |
| A6C27 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A6C28 | 0160-2189 | 2 |  | CAPMCTOR-XD 30PF + $5 \%$ 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A6C29 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 30PF +5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A 6830 | 0160.1743 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-FXD .IVF+ $10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | $1500104 \times 903512$ |
| A6C31 | 01603501 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD AUF + $30 \%$ SOVDC METPOLYC | 44811 | Mew-249 |
| A6C32 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 2.21F-10\% 20VDC TA | 56269 | 1500225x902042 |
| A 6 C33 |  |  |  | NOT ASSMENED |  |  |
| A6C34 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 2:2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x902002 |
| A6C35 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6036 | 0100-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACTTON-XD 22UF+ $10 \%$ 15VDCTA | 56289 | 1500226x901582 |
| A 6837 | 0160-4231 | 3 | 1 | CAPMCTIOR-XD $220 \mathrm{~F}+10 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 84811 | HEW 249 |
| A6C38 | 0160-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTOR FXD 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A6C39 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x902042 |
| AECSO | 01803539 | 6 |  | CAPMCTIORTXD EROPF +5\% 100VOC MACA | 28480 | 0160-3539 |
| abcel | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXCD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902032 |
| ACCA | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MMCA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| aschs ${ }^{-1}$ | $0160-2208$ | 4 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD $350 \mathrm{PF}+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MACA | 28480 | 0160-2208 |
| ASCA | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIORFXO 15UF+-10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A8C45 | 0180-1748 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOP-XD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902082 |


| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mifr. | Mitr. Part Mumber |

## A6

08901-60114 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2308A

| ${ }^{\text {a6C46 }}$ | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOPFXD . IUF +20\% 5OVDC CER | 09969 | RPE $122-139 \times 7$ R104M50V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6C47 | 0100-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD BOLF+10\% GVDC TA | 56289 |  |
| accas |  |  |  | HOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| abcas |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A6C50 | 01003456 | 6 |  | CNPACTIORFXO 1000PF + $10 \%$ 1KVDC CER | 08383 | CXA5XE3A102\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1933A to 2238A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6CSI | 01603536 | 3 |  | CAPMCTIORAFXD EZOPF $+5 \%$ 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 01603536 |
| 2239A to 2508A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6C51 | 0180.3535 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 580PF $+6 \%$ 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-3535 |
| ascis | $0180-2513$ | 7 | 1 | CAPACTTOR $\times \times \mathrm{O}$ ЗОOUF+10\% EVDC TA | 56299 | $1520397 \times 900682-\mathrm{DB}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {afc53 }}$ | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56299 | 1500156x902032 |
| A6CSA | 0160-3459 | - | 13 | CAPACTOPRXD .D2UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09369 | DD141NWE302z5V203m100V |
| A6C554 | 0180-5469 | 5 | 1 | CNPACTTOA+XD IUF + $10 \%$ 50VDC MPE | 24880 | 0180-5469 |
| ABC56 | 0160-4004 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOPFXD. IUF +20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A6C57 | 0160-3159 | 9 |  |  | 09869 | D0111NWE302z5V203M100V |
| Abcse | 0160-3535 | 2 | 3 | CAPACTTOR + XD 560PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 29490 | 0160-3535 |
| A6C59 | 01603535 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 560PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 29480 | 01603535 |
| ABCSO | 0180-2207 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTIOR + XD S 300PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC mich | 28480 | $0150-2207$ |
| A6C61 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD $2.2 \mathrm{LF}+10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56299 | $1500225 \times 5020012$ |
| A6C62 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXO 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902082 |
| a6c63 | 0160-0134 | 1 |  | CAPACTOP-XD 2ZOPF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{M}$ MCA | 28480 | 0180.0134 |
| AGCSA | 0180-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times \mathrm{D}$ 100PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{DDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 24880 | 0160-2204 |
| A6C65 | 01800376 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTOR + XD . 4 TVF+ $+10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 5629 | 1500474×903512 |
| A6C65 | 01803456 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times$ OD 1000PF $+10 \%$ 12VDC CER | 06383 | CX45XE3A102K+ |
| ${ }^{\text {A6C657 }}$ | 01600166 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTIOR +XD . $0684 \mathrm{C}+10 \%$ 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 70801MP683PK201AX |
| ${ }^{\text {afc6s }}$ | 0160-2252 | 0 | 1 | CAPMCTIOR + XD 16PF $+5 \% 500 V D C$ CER $0+30$ | 08535 | 301-000-0060-1601 |
| Asc6s | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times \mathrm{O}$ 15UF+ $+10 \% 20 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A6C70 | 0160-4509 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOR + XD . O33VF $+5 \%$ 50VDC | 8411 | HEW-246 |
| agchi |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGCR1 $^{\triangle}$ | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DCODESWTTCHNG 1 MW150 50 V 200 MM ANS | SN171 | $1 \mathrm{Na150}$ |
| AGCR2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHMG 1 WA150 50 V 200 MA ANS | SN171 | 1 Wals0 |
| ${ }_{\text {afCras }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCWMG INM150 50V 200 MA ANS | OW171 | 1 Wh150 |
| AGCRA |  |  |  | 7777777 NOT ASSIGNED 7777777 ( |  |  |
| $\mathrm{AGCPR}^{\triangle}$ | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNGG 1 M 15050 V 200 MA ans | 50171 | 1 M 150 |
| A6CP5 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHNG 1 IN150 50 V 200 MO ANS | 8 9171 | 1 14150 |
| ${ }^{\text {A6CPA }}{ }^{8}$ | 1907-1098 | 1 |  | DIOOESWWTCHNGG 1 Na150 50 V 200 MA ANS | 9N171 | 1 N 150 |
| A6CR7 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | OLODESWITCHWG 1 NE150 50 V 200 MA ANS | 20171 | INA150 |
| AGCR8 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHWGG 1 NA150 $50 V \mathrm{I} 200 \mathrm{MA}$ ANS | 20171 | INA150 |
| afcras | 1901-0539 | 3 | 3 | DIODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1501-0539 |
| A6CR10 | 1901-0599 | 3 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 24880 | 1501-0539 |
| ABCR11 |  |  |  | not assiened |  |  |
| A6CR12 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ascris | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | OLODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A6CR14 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIDDE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A6CR15 | 08901-50024 | 8 | 2 | DIODE, MATCHED | 28480 | 08901-80024 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Mamber |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  |  | 08901-60114-SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2308A |  |  |  |
| A8CR16 | 00001 -00024 | - |  | DICOE, MATCHED | 20460 | 09901-40024 |
| AECR17 | 1001-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| ABCR18 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHE | 20171 | 1N4150 |
| MECR19 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 1NG150 50V 2000MA ANS | ON171 | 1NA150 |
| AGCR20 | $1801-0518$ | 8 |  | DVOOE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5032-2000 |
| A6CR21 | 1901-0539 | 3 |  | DIODE-SCHOTHKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1501-0539 |
| asosi | 1800-0325 | 2 |  |  | 28400 | 5082-403 |
| A6J1 |  | $0$ |  | CONAECTOPRF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 |  |
|  | $2190-0124$ | $4$ |  | WHSHER-LK MTL T MO. 10 . 195-WHID | $16179$ | 500222 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUT+EX-DRL-CHAM 1032-THD .067-HHTHK | 28400 | 2050-0078 |
| A612 |  | 0 |  | COMNECTOP-RF SMC M PC 50-07M | 06877 | 22suc-5003/111 |
|  | 2180-0124 | 4 |  | WASHERLLX WTL T MO. 10 .195-NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MIT +EX-DEL-CH4M 10s2-TTD .067-HWTHK | 20480 | 2950-0078 |
| A63 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONWECTORAFF SMC M PC 50-OMM | 06877 | 2asme-50-03/111 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WASHERHK INTL T MO. 10.195 NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 0 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-S2-THD .067-HFTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A6M | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COMNECTORARF SMC M PC 50-01m | 06877 | 82smc-50-03/111 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  |  | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUT+HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THO .067-N-THK | 28480 | 29500078 |
| A6L1 | 9100-1635 | 2 | 2 | MDUCTOR RF-CHEMLD 91UH +-5\% | 91637 | M-4 91UH 5\% |
| M6L2 | 9100-1695 | 2 |  | WOUCTOR PF-CHMLLD 91UH +-5\% | 91637 | Ma-4 91u\% 5\% |
| A6L3 | 91400271 | 4 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMLD 13.3UH + 2\% | 32159 | 8-02738 |
| AGL4 | $9140-0272$ | 5 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHHED $32 \mathrm{LH}+2 \%$ | 24226 | 15N322G-1 |
| A6L5 | 9140-0273 | 6 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHHMLD $47.6 U H+2 \%$ | 24226 | 15MM72G-1 |
| AGLS | 9100-1686 | 9 | 2 | MOUCTOR RF-CHEMLD 3.6MH + 5 S\% | 32159 | 9360004-5\% |
| A6L7 | $9100-1652$ | 3 |  | NOUCTOR PF.CH-MLD $820 \mathrm{HH}+-5 \%$ | 91637 | m-6 82OHH 5\% |
| A680. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 9100-1633 | 0 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMMD 68UH +-5\% .166DX385LG | 28480 | 0100-1633 |
| M6LP | 9100-1666 | 9 |  | WOUCTOR RF-CHMRD 3.EMWH +-5\% | 32159 | 8380004-5\% |
| AGL10 | 9140-0131 | 5 | 4 | ROUCTOR RECHHMD 10MH +-5\% | 91637 | m+10 100001H 5\% |
| AgMP1 | 00801-00018 | 2 | 1 | COVER. AM DEMODULATOR | 28480 | 00001-00018 |
|  | $2880-0113$ | 2 |  | SCREWHMCH 6.32 25-NHE PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| ABMp2 | 5021-0817 | 8 |  | P.C. BONRD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |
| A601 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRUNSISTOR PNP 2NB2SI SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 04713 | $2 \times 3251$ |
| A6CO2 | 1255-0020 | 8 |  | TPANSISTOR لFET N-CHAN D-MOOE TO-18 SI | 04713 | SFE793 |
| A603 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 201627 | CP4071 |
| A604 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSLSTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MN | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A605 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD= 300 MW | 24 M 27 | CP4071 |
| A606 | 1855-0265 | 3 |  | TRUNSISTOR LFET NCHAN DHOOE TO-18 SI | 28480 | 1855-0265 |
| A607 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A 608 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | THANSETOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 214627 | CP4071 |
| 4609 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRUNSTSTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300 MW | 201627 | CP4071 |
| 16010 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSSTOR PNP SI PD=500NW FT=150MHZ | $24 \mathrm{MS27}$ | $\times 1228 C P 20-1$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


| A6O14 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP $2 \times 3251$ S1 TO-18 PO=360WN | 04713 | $2 \times 3251$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6012 | 18540215 | 1 | 2 | TRNUSSTTOR NPN S1 TO-82 PD=350NW | 06713 | 2 N 3904 |
| ${ }^{\text {A6013 }}$ | 18550007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP $2 N 3251$ S1 TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2 233251 |
| 16014 | 18540013 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE218A SI TO-5 PD=800NW | 07263 | 2 N 2218 A |
| ${ }^{\text {aborb }}$ | 18540204 | 0 | 5 | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-78 PD $=360 \mathrm{WW}$ | 28480 | 18540404 |
| ab016 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TOA2 PD=300wn | 24627 | CP4071 |
| 26017 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1855-0597 | 4 | 1 | TRANSSTOR دFET P-CHAN DMODE TO.92 SI | 28480 | 1855-0597 |
| agoit | $1853-0020$ | 4 |  | TRUNSISTOR PAP SI PD=300MW FT=150MHZ | 20627 | x $2228 \mathrm{CP} 20-1$ |
| A6019 | 1854047 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222A SI TO. 18 PD= 500 WW | 04713 | 2 arzzzan |
| A6020 | 18530007 | 7 |  | TRASSSTOR PAP 2NE251 SI TO-18 PD=Scomw | 04713 | $2 \times 3251$ |
| 18021 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRANSSSTOR NPN S1 TO-22 PD=300w | 2 m 627 | CP4071 |
| A6022 | $1853-0007$ | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2 N3251 S4 TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | $2 \times 3251$ |
| A6023 | 1853.0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2NE351 S1 TO- 18 PDE3800NW | 04713 | 2 N3251 |
| A6024 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP $2 N S 251$ Si TO-18 PDuSSOMW | 06713 | $2 \times 3251$ |
| A6025 | 1855-0020 | 8 |  | TPMSSTOR دFET NCHUN DMODE TO-18 SI | 00713 | SFE793 |
| A602\% | 18540215 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PD=350MW | 04713 | $2 \times 3904$ |
| A6027 | 1853.0020 | 4 |  | TRAWSISTOR PAP SI PD=300WW FT=150MHZ | 24627 | X1228CP20-1 |
| A6028 | $1853-0020$ | 4 |  | TRUNSSTOR PAP SIPD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{WH} \mathbf{I Z}$ | 2 M 627 | $\times 1228 \mathrm{CPP}^{20-1}$ |
| A6029 | 1854047 | 7 |  |  | 04713 | 2 N 2282 A |
| A6030 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRANSSTOR NPN SI TO--82 PD=300NW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A6031 | $1053-0080$ | 4 |  | TRUSISTOR PAP EI PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{WHZ}$ | 246527 | X1228CP20-1 |
| A6n 1 | 0757-1108 | 6 | 1 | PESSSTOR $300+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 +100 | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-301- |
| AGR2 | 0696-3157 | 3 |  | RESSISTOR 19.6K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A6R3 | 06893446 | 3 | 5 | RESSTOR 383 +1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-383F-F |
| A ${ }^{\text {cfa }}$ | 0698-344 | 4 | 4 | RESSTOR 422 +1\%.125W TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-622RF |
| AGR5 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESSSTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA-1/8-Ta-101F |
|  | 0757-0290 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 K+1 \%$. 125 W TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| agh | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A6Rerit2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {AfR }} 13$ | $0757-0418$ | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR $619+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6199+ |
| A6R14 | 0698-3226 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 6.49K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6491F |
| A6R15 | 0890-0093 | 8 |  | RESSTSOR 1.96K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961F |
| A6R16 | 0898-0093 | 8 |  | RESSTOR 1.96K +1\% .125W $T F T C=0+-800$ | 12498 | CT4.1/8-T0-1561F |
| A6R17 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-5111F |
| A6Rib | 0757-0437 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 4.75K +1\% .225W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4751- |
| A6R19 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6P20 | 0757-0456 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $51.1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5112F |
| A6R21 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111- |
| A6R22 | 0757-0290 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A6R23 | $0698-8827$ | 4 |  | RESSTOR 1M +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4 |
| A6F24 | 0898-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221F |
| A6R25 | 0757-0290 | 5 | 4 | RESSSTOR 6.19K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 19701 | 5033P-1/8-T0.6191F |
| A6R26 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/-T0-5111- |
| A6R27 | $0757-0462$ | 3 | 2 | RESSSTOR 75K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ T T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-7502F |
| A6R28 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A6P29 | 06se-344 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR $383+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-383 -7 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  |  | 08901-60114-SERLAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2308A |  |  |  |
| A6R30 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | \$2498 | CT4-1/R-T0-1003-F |
| A6R31 | 0898-3158 | 4 | 3 | AESISTOR 23.7K $\leftarrow 1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-2372-F |
| A6R32 | 0098-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.8K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-1962- |
| A6R33 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A6R34 | 0608-3439 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 178 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0 0 - 100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| A6R35 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESASTOR $1 K+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-7 |
| AGR36 | $0008-340$ | 7 | 5 | RESSTOR $196+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-196R-F |
| A6R37 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSSTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-7 |
| A6R38 | 0757.0438 | 3 |  | RESTSTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0-5111-F |
| A6R39 | 0757.0443 | 0 | 2 | REESISTOR 11K +1\% .125W TF TCeot-100 | 12498 | CT-1/R-T0-1102-F |
| aberat |  |  |  | MOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| AGPA1 | 0808344 | 1 |  | RESSSTOR $316+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-316R.F |
| AGP42 | $0757-0338$ | 2 | 3 | RESESTOR 1K +1\% 25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | MA5-1/4-TO.1001-F |
| AGR43 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| AGR44 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| AGR45 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | PESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-5 |
| AGR46 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESASTOR 511 +-1\% .125W TF TCm0+100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| MER47 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A6R48 | 0757.0465 | 6 |  | RESTSTOR 100K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| AGRA9 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-70-101F |
| A6R50 | 08983152 | 8 | 4 | RESESTOR 3.403 + $1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3481F |
| MER51 | 0ene-4488 | 5 | 1 | RESSTOR 26.7K +1 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-2672-F |
| A6R52 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-5111F |
| AGR53 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSSTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCmo $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-TO-1003-F |
| A6R54 | 068e-4472 | 7 | 1 | RESESTOR 7.60\% +1\% .125W TF TCumor-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-7681-F |
| aspas | 0757-0431 | 6 | 1 | RESSSTOR 2.43K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-2431-F |
| A6R56 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-101F |
| A6R57 | 0680-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-4641F |
| A6R58 | 068e-3432 | 7 | 2 | RESSTOR $26.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | De439 | MKK2 |
| A6R59 |  |  |  | MOT ASSICMED |  |  |
| agrso | 00990148 | 8 | 2 | RESSTIOR 31.6K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| a6R61 | 0757-0200 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR $5.62 \mathrm{~K}+11 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-5621F |
| A6P62 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESESTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A6P63 | 0757-9279 | 0 |  | PESESTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/日-T0-3161-F |
| AGR64 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/R-TO-101F |
| A6R65 | 2100-3207 | 1 | 1 | RESASTOR-TRMA 5K 10\% TKF SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 20480 | 2100-3207 |
| ambe6 | 0800-4955 | 9 | 1 | HESSTCA 13.5K +0.1\% .1W TF TCu0 0 -10 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A6R67 | 0090-0082 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 464 +1\% , 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A6R68 | 0757-0419 | 0 |  | RESUTOR $681+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| MGR6S | 00900149 | 9 | 1 | RESSTOR 28.7K +-0.1\% .1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A6870 | 00883407 | 4 |  | PEESISTOM $422+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-70-422R-F |
| MGR71 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | AESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCexot-100 | D8439 | Mak2 |
| A6R72 | 0690-0096 | 5 | 2 |  | 09464 | PA1/10 |
| A6R73 | 0080-4454 | 5 | 3 | RESESTOR $523+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-523R-F |
| A6P74 | 0809-4454 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $523+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0-523PF |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reforence Designation | hP Part Number | Cty. | Description | Mfr. code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  |  |  |  |  |


| ABR75 | 0609-0096 | 5 |  | RESESTOR 12K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+10$ | 00464 | P91/10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABR76 | 0898-4454 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $523+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-523R-F |
| A6R77 | 0757-0444 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 12.1K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4/1/8-TO-1212F |
| A6R78 | 0757-0443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1102F |
| ABR79 | 0609-0148 | 8 |  | RLESISTOR 31.EK +-0.1\% .1W TF TC=0+15 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A6R80 | 0000-0082 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 464 +1\%.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640F |
| A6R81 | 060-4626 | 3 | 1 | RESSSTOR 1.47K +1\% 25W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | M ${ }^{\text {c-1/4-TO-1471F }}$ |
| M6R82 | 05Pe-3441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-f |
| ABR83-R86 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R87 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TCmot-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A6F88 | 06090143 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $225+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC=00-15 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| abras | 0757.0400 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $90.9+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-00R9F |
| A6R90 | 0757-0447 | 4 |  | RESHSTOR 16.2K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1622-f |
| AER91 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | REESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-70-1002.f |
| A6F92 | 0757-0417 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR $562+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12490 | CT4-1/8-T0-562A-F |
| A6f93 | 06003442 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 237 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A6P94 | 0757.0338 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | N45-1/4-TO-1001F |
| A6R95 | 0757-0384 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| A6R96 | 069e-979 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 11.6K $+1 \%$.125W IF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4 |
| A6R97 | 060e3153 | 9 | 3 | RESUSTOR 3.83K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A6R98 | 0757-0440 | 7 | 4 | RESSSTOR 7.5K + 1\% .125W TF TCu00+100 | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501f |
| A6R99 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A6R100 | 069e3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0-2610F |
| A6R101 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$.125W TF TCmo $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471F |
| A6R102 | 0690-3433 | 8 | 1 | PESSTOR $28.7+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | WK2 |
| AGR103 | 0698-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.49K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-4/8-T0-3481F |
| A6RTO4 | 06983454 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 215K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2153F |
| A6R105 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-2152F |
| A6R106 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| AER107 | 0757-0198 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 21.5K +1\% .125W TF TC=0 0 - 100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| AER108 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152F |
| A6R109 | 0098-8825 | 2 | 1 | RESHSTOR 681K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| AGR110 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOA $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511RF |
| A6R111 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R112 | 0690-8827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M +-1\%.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA |
| A6R113 | 0683-2265 | 1 |  | RESNSTOR 22M + -5\% 25W CC TC $=900 /+1200$ | 01121 | C82265 |
| AERT14 | 0757.0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001- |
| A6R115 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A6R116 | 1901-0050 | 3 |  | NOT ASSIENED | 8N171 | 1N4150 |
| A6R117 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111f |
| AER118 | 00093152 | 8 |  | AESISTOR 3.40K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3481f |
| M6R119 | $0757-0465$ | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K + -1\% .125W TF TCmat-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-1003F |
| AGR120 | 0757-0317 | 7 | 2 | PESISTOR 1.33K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1331- |
| A6R121 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| AsR122 | 0epes3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $+1 \%$.125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cuy | Description | Mitr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  |  | 08901-60114- SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2308A |  |  |  |
| M6R123 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESSSTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC-0+100 | Dease | max2 |
| AER124 | 068e-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 196 $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA-1/R-TO-196R-F |
| AGR125 | 0683-2265 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 2ZM +5\% 25W CC TC $=900 /+1200$ | 01121 | C82265 |
| AER126 | 0690-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $196+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-TO-196R-F |
| A6R127 |  |  |  | not assicned |  |  |
| A6R128 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESSSTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-101- |
| A6TP1 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SEL CONT PWN 1.14-MA-ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 8-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A6TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTORESEL CONT PWN 1.14MMASCSSZ SO | 12360 | 24-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A6U1 | 1226-0035 | 4 | 2 | IC OP AMP LOW-DRIFT O-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | Lmbosat |
| AGU2A | 1826-0989 | 7 |  | IC OP AMP CP 8-DIP-C PKG LME307J | 20460 | 1826-0909 |
| A6U3 | $1826-0035$ | 4 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-DAITT 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LImsoban |
| Abua ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 00901-80075 | 9 | 1 | OPTO ISOLATOR LED P | 28480 | 0090180075 |
| AEU5 | 1626-0059 | 2 |  | $1 C^{\prime}$ OP AMP CP E-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMEOTAH |
| A6U6 | 1826-0102 | 6 | 1 | CC OP AMP LOW-EHASH-MPD 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LM312H |
| AGUT ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1826-0065 | 0 | 1 | IC COMPAAATOR PRCN 8-DIP-C PKG LM311N | 28480 | 1826-0065 |
| A6U8 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TL LS D-TYPE 4-BIT | 01295 | SN74S75N |
| Abus | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCOR TTL LS 3-TO-SLNE 3-NPP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A6U10 | 1820-1197 | 9 | 4 | CC CATE TIL LS NANO CUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SN74LSOON |
| A6VR1 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6VR2 | 1902-0072 | 1 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR $7.87 \mathrm{~V} 2 \%$ D0.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0072 |
| AGVR3 | 1902-0580 | 7 |  | DIODE-ZNR INRe27 6.2V 5\% DO-7 PD=.4W | 04713 | 1 N827 |
| AEVRA | 1902-3059 | 0 | 1 | DCODE-ZNR 3.63V 5\% D0.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1502-3059 |


| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | Dty. | Description | Mfr. | Mitr. Part Number |

## A6

SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE

| 2309A 20 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 00801-80240 | 8 | 1 | AM DEMOOULATOR ASSEMBLY | 28480 | $00901-60240$ |
| 23134 and aboce |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6 | $06001-60246$ | 4 | 1 | AM DEMCOULATOR ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00901-60246 |
| A6CT | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | $3005066025 C C 2$ |
| 16002 | 01600058 | 0 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL. | 56869 | 300506G025CC2 |
| A6C3 | 0160-4696 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 255PF + 1\% 100VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-4636 |
| mect | $0160-2660$ | 2 | 1 | CAPACTOP-FXD 20PF $+2 \%$ 500VDC CER $0+30$ | 28460 | 0160-2660 |
| A6C5 | 0160-4635 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XDD 212PF +1\% 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-4635 |
| 9606 | 01604795 | 8 |  | CAPMCITOR-XD 4.7PF +-SPF 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01604795 |
| AEC7 | 0160-4607 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 33PF + $5 \%$ 100VDC CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 0160-4807 |
| A6C8 | 0121-0105 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-V TRMR-CER 835PF 200 V PCMTG | 52763 | 304324 9/35PF N650 |
| A6Cs | 0180-4833 | 5 | 7 | CAPACTTOR-XXD .CREUF + $10 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-4833 |
| A6C10 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6C11 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTORFXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| A6C12 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ascli3 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| a6C14 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01LF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| ${ }^{\text {a6C15 }}$ | 0180-4835 | 7 | 8 | CAPMCTTOR-FXD. $14 F+10 \%$ SOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| a6C16 | 0160-4812 | 0 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 220PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4812 |
| A6C17 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIORFXD . 010 F $+10 \%$ 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A6C18 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 1000PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A6C19 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A6C20 | 0160-4035 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD . $14 F+10 \%$ 5OVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A6C21 | 0160-4833 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .OR2UF +10\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-4833 |
| A6C22 | 0160-4833 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOF- OD $^{\text {.022UF }+10 \% ~ 100 V O C ~ C E R ~}$ | 28480 | 0160-4833 |
| A6C23 | 0160-4812 | 0 |  | CAPACTOA-FXO 220PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4812 |
| A8C24 | $0180-0197$ | 8 |  | CAPACTOA- OX $^{2} 2.2 \mathrm{VF}+10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x902002 |
| A6C25 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56209 | 1500156x902082 |
| 46026 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD . O1LF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A6C27 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6C28 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGEDD |  |  |
| A6C29 | 0160-4807 | 3 |  | CAPACTOR-FXO 33PF +-5\% 100VDC CER 0+30 | 28480 | 0160-4807 |
| A6C30 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXO .1UF $+10 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4835 |
| A6C31 | 01603501 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD AUF +-10\% 50VDC METPPOLYC | 28480 | 0160-3501 |
| A6C32 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 220F+-10\% 2OVDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x902042 |
| A6C33 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6C34 | 0780-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOP-XDD 2.2UF-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| a6C35 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6C36 | 0180-0228 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 1500226x901582 |
| A6C37 | 0160-5528 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTOR $+\times \mathrm{O}$ 22UF $+5 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 28480 | 0160-5528 |
| A6C38 | 0180.1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500156 \times 502082$ |
| A6C39 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 22UF+40\% 20VDC TA | 56249 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| n6C40 | 0160-3539 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 820PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 01603539 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number. | $\mathbf{C}$ | Dty. | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Mfr. |
| :---: |
| Code |$\quad$ Mtr. Part Number

## A6

## SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE

| MECRI-CRA |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6CR5 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIOCESWITCHMGG INA150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N871 | 1N4150 |
| AGCR6 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DLOOE-SWITCHNG 1 N 15050 V 200 MA ans | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| AGCR7 | 1501-1008 | 1 |  | DICOE-SWITCHMG 1N4150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9 N 171 | 1 W 150 |
| AGCR8 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHMNG 1NM150 50V 200mA 4NS | 9N171 | 1NA150 |
| A6CR9 | 1901-0539 | 3 | 3 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0539 |
| AECRIO | 1901-0599 | 3 |  | DIODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1801.0539 |
| A6CR11 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| M6CR12 |  |  |  | NOT ASSKGNED |  |  |
| A6CR13 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DHODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1801-0518 |
| A6CR14 | 1001-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1801-0518 |
| ASCRI5 | $08901-00024$ | 8 | 2 | DET DNODESMATCH | 28480 | 08901-80024 |
| a6CR16 | 00901-80024 | 8 |  | DET DIODES MATCH | 28480 | 08901-80024 |
| AGCR17 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28400 | 1901-0518 |
| A6CR18 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHING 1NA150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A6CR19 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DICDESWITCHNNG 1NA 150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1Na150 |
| A6CR2O | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SLG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| AECR21 | 1901-0539 | 3 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0539 |
| 2309A to 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6CR22 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2313A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6CR22 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DHODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A611 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-0HM | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK PNTL T NO. 10.195 -N-LD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THO .067-1N-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A6, 2 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | $2100-0124$ | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK WIL T NO. 10 .195-1NHD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-HN-THK | 28480 | 2850-0078 |
| A6/3 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK MTL T NO. $10.195-1 / H D$ | 28480 | 21900124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL_CHAM 10-32-THD .067-H-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A6, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONHECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | $2100-0124$ | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK WNTL T NO. 10.195 -1N-HD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAN 10-32-THD .067-HN-THK | 29480 | 2950-0078 |
| AELT | $9140-0210$ | 1 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 100UH 5\% .1660X.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0210 |
| A6L2 | 9140-0210 | 1 |  | NOUCTOR RF-CHWHLD 100UH 5\% .1660X.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0210 |
| A6L3 | $9140-0271$ | 4 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHWMLD 13.3UH 2\% | 28480 | $9140-0271$ |
| A6L4 | 91400272 | 5 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHEMD 32UH 2\% .1660x.385LG | 28480 | 9140-0272 |
| A6L5 | 9140-0273 |  | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHWLD 47.6UH $2 \%$ | 28480 | 9140-0273 |
| A6L6 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6L7 | 9100-1652 | 3 | 1 | WOUCTOR RF-CHMLD E2OUH 5\% .20x.45LG | 28480 | 9100-1652 |
| A6L8* | 9100-1633 | 8 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHHLL 27 HH 5\% .1660x.385L6 | 28480 | 9100-1633 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 | SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6L9 | 9100-1666 | 9 | 1 | WOUCTOR RF-CHELD $3.6 \mathrm{WWH} 5 \% .230 \times .57 \mathrm{LG}$ | 28480 | 0100.1666 |
| A6L10 | 9140-0131 | 5 | 4 | NDUCTOR PF-CHHED 10MH 5\% 250X.75LE | 28480 | 9140-0131 |
| A6MP1 | 00501-00018 | 2 | 1 | COVER AM DEMOD | 28480 | 08901-00018 |
|  | 2860-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-WHL PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| ${ }^{4601}$ | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRNNSESTOR PNP 2NSESI SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| A602 | 1858-0010 | 2 | 1 | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14PIN PLSTC DIP | 04713 | MPC2905 |
| A893 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A604 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 605 | 18540404 | 0 | 13 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360WW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| 25034 to 2426A ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGQ6 | 1855-0420 | 2 | 5 | TRANSISTOR JFET 2N4391 N-CHAN DAMODE | 01295 | 244391 |
| 24824 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A696 | 1855-0265 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR $\$-FET NCHAN D-MODE TO-18 SI & &  \hline 4607 & 1855-0421 & 3 & 1 & TRANSISTOR JFET 2NS114 P-CHAN D-MCOE & 17956 & 2NS194  \hline A608 & 18540404 & 0 & & TRANSISTOA NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW & 28480 & 18540404  \hline A609 & 8854-0404 & 0 & & TRANSISTOR NPW SI TO-18 PD=360MW & 28480 & 1854-0404  \hline 96010 & 1853-0261 & 9 & 13 & TRANSESTOR PNP 2NESO7A ST TO-18 PD=400wn & 04713 & 2N2907A  \hline 46011 & 1853-0007 & 7 & & TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW & 04713 & 2N3251  \hline 46012 & 1854-0215 & 1 & 1 & TRANSESTOR NPN SI PD=350MW FT $=300 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 04713 | $2 \times 3904$ |
| A6013 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 04713 | 2 N 2551 |
| A6014 | 1854-0837 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN 2N2219A SI TO-5 PO=800MW | 01295 | 2N2219A |
| A5015 | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPW SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| ${ }^{\text {A6016 }}$ | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| 2309A to 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6Q17 | 1855-0082 | 2 | 1 | TRANSISTOA JFET P-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0082 |
| 23134 and abue 10550597 - 180450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6Q17 | 1855-0597 | 4 | 1 | TRANSISTOR JFET P.CHUN DMODE T0-92 SI | 28480 | 1855-0597 |
|  | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRAWSISTOA PNP 2N2907A S1 TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 242907a |
| A6019 | 18540677 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A6020 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| AGOI | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=3E0NW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| 46022-028 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6029 | 1854-0677 | 7 |  | TRNWSISTOR MPN 2NE222A SI TO-18 PD=5001W | 04713 | 2npz23a |
| 46030 | 18540404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOA NPN SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 18540404 |
| A6031 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2S07A SS TO-18 PD=-400w | 04713 | 2n2907a |
| asen | 0757-1108 | 6 | 1 | RESESTOR 300 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C.1/R-T0-301-F |
| A6R2 | $0686-3157$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0 100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1962F |
| A6R3 | 0epe-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 383 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70383R + |
| A6R4 | 06883467 | 4 | 6 | RESESTOR 422 $3 \% .125 W$ F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A6R5 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESESTOR 100 1\% .125W F TCu0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-101F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cly. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mfr. Part Numb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 |  | SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| A6R6 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| AGR7 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A6R8 | 0757.0441 | 8 |  | RESASTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-8251F |
| A6R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A6R10 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1001f |
| A6R11 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A6R12 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| AGR13 | 069-3160 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 31.6K 1\% .125W F TCa0 0 -100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T03162F |
| A6R14 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5112f |
| A6R15 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5112.F |
| A6R16 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTO $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A6R17 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | PESISTOA 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| MER18 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 5.11K 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-T0.5111.f |
| AGR19 | 090e-3445 | 2 | 8 | RESISTOR 348 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CL-1/8-T0-348R-f |
| agr20 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESSTTOR 825K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/2-T0-8251F |
| A6R21 | 0757-0462 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A6R22 | C880-3150 | 6 |  | PESSSTOR 2.37K 4\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/8-50-2371-F |
| A6R23 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1003F |
| A6P24 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C. $-1 / 8-\mathrm{T} 0-1003-7$ |
| A6R2S | 0698-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 348 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/R-T0-348R-F |
| AER26 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TCu $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/6-T0-5111.F |
| A6R27 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TCu0 +100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| AER28 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESUSTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/G-T0-5112-f |
| A6R29 | 0757-0458 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 51.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/Q-T0-5112F |
| A6R30 | 0590-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $3161 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CL-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A6R31 | 0600-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| AGR32 | 0606-3157 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 19.6K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1962-F |
| AGR33 | 0757-0418 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/R-T0-511RF |
| A6R34 | 0680-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C 4 -1/8-70-4221F |
| A6R35 | 0757-0338 | 2 | 4 | RESSTOR TK 1\% 25W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C5-1/4-TO-1001-F |
| A6R36 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-101f |
| A6R37 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TCe0 0 -100 | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0-1002.F |
| A6R38 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0-5111F |
| A6R39 | 0757-0443 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR 11K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1102-F |
| A6P40 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R41 | 06903444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CS-1/8-70-316R-F |
| AGR12 | 0757-0338 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% 25W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C5-1/4-T0-1001F |
| A6R43 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| AGR44 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A6R45 |  |  |  | NOT ASSGGED |  |  |
| A6P46 | 0757-0496 | 7 |  |  | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A6R47 |  |  |  | NOT ASSGGED |  |  |
| AGP48 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| AGR49 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-101-7 |
| agrso | 0698-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.43K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.3481-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Raference Deaignation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6 | SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |  |
| AER51 | 0008-4488 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 26.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/2-T0-2672-F |
| 20094 no 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6R52 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | REESSTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| 23134 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6R52 | cene-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.48K 1\% .125w F TC=0+100 | 20546 | C+1/8-T03481F |
| A6R53 |  |  |  | NOT ASSNENED |  |  |
| AER54 | 0008-4772 | 7 | 1 | RESSSTOR 7.EAK 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0.7681F |
| AGR55 | 0600-3150 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 237K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/R-T0-2371F |
| A6R56 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 T\% .125W F TCu-0+100 | 29546 | C41/8-70-101-5 |
| A6R57 | 0757.0438 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-T0.5111.F |
| AER59 | 060-3432 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 26.1 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 0688 | PNE55-1/8-T0-26R1f |
| AGR59 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| ABPTSO | 0609-0148 | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR 31.EK . $1 \%$.1W F TC $=0+15$ | 28480 | 00990148 |
| AER61 | 0757-0200 | 7 | 5 | RESSTOR 5.62K 1\%, 125W F TC $\rightarrow 0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-5621F |
| AGR62 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TCm0+100 | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0.511R-F |
| AGRE3 | 0600-3152 | 8 |  | RESSTOR 3.4AK 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-3481F |
| AGRGA | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-101-F |
| A6R65 | 2100-3207 | 1 | 2 | RESSTCAR-TRUR SK 10\% C SIDE-ADI 1-TRN | 28480 | 21003207 |
| a6abs | 0600-9055 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 13.5K . $1 \%$, 1 W F TC=0+-10 | 20480 | 06800355 |
| a6R67 | 08pe-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A6R88 | 0757-0419 | 0 |  | RESASTOR 681 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-T0-681A-F |
| A6R69 | 0609-0149 | 9 | 1 | PESSITOR 28.7K .1\% .1W F TC=0+15 | 28480 | 0698-0149 |
| A AFP70 | 0800-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .125W F TCa $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-422P-F |
| acrit | 0757-0946 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TCu00-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-10RO- |
| AGR72 | 069-0096 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 12K .1\% .1W F TC=0+10 | 28480 | 06990096 |
| A6R73 | 0690-4454 | 5 | 3 | PESTSTOR 523 1\% , 125W F TCm0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/6-T0-523R-F |
| A6R74 | 0600-4454 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 528 1\%.125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-523R-F |
| 2209A to 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6R75 | 0099-0096 | 5 |  | RESESTOR 12K .1\% .IW F TComor-10 | 28480 | 0690-0096 |
| 23134 and adove ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A6R75 | 0096-8191 | 5 |  | RESSTOR 12.5K .1\% .125W F TC=0+25 | 19701 | MF-4C1/R-TO-1252-8 |
| asR76 | 0080-4454 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 523 1\% . 225 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-523A-F |
| A6R77 | 0757-044 | 1 | 4 | RESISTOR 12.1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1212-F |
| AGR78 | 0757-0443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 11K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1102F |
| AGR79 | 0699-0148 | 8 |  | RESSTOR 31.6K . $1 \%$. 1 W F TC $=0+15$ | 28480 | 0699-0148 |
| AGR80 | 0808-0082 | 7 |  | RESESTOR 464 1\%.12SW F TC=04-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-4640-F |
| M6R81 | 0600-4626 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.47K 1\%.25W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C5-1/4-T0-1471-F |
| acars | 0890-3440 | 7 | 7 | RESSTTOR 196 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-198P-F |
| MERE3-RE6 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Referonce | HP Part | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D |

SERIAL PREFIX 2309A AND ABOVE

| A6pb7 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K 1\%. 125 W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/8-T0-1002F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A6f8B | 0099-0143 | 3 |  | PESSTSTOR $825.1 \%$. IW F TC $=0+15$ | 28480 | 08990143 |
| ${ }^{\text {abres }}$ | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $1001 \% .125 \mathrm{~W} F$ TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-101F |
| A6A90 | 0757-047 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 16.2K 1\%. 125 F F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-10.1622f |
| A6F91 | 0757.042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%. 125 FW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/B-T0-1002F |
| A6A92 | 0090-0082 | 7 |  | RESSTOP 464 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C 4 1/8-T0-640F |
| A6p93 | 00803440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1961 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/-T0-196RF |
| A6P94 | 0757-0338 | 2 |  | RESSSTOR TK 1\% .25W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CS-1/4-T0-1001f |
| Abass | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESSTOR $51.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TCmot-100 | 24546 | C4-1/-T0-51R1F |
| A6A96 | 0090-9979 | 7 | 1 | RESSSTOR 11.6K 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0690-8979 |
| A6R97 | 00893153 | 9 | 7 | RESISTOR 3.83K 1\%.125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/-T03831F |
| A6n98 | 0757.040 | 7 | 6 | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\%. 125 SW F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/0-T0.7501F |
| ABR99 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESSTOR 100 1\%.125W F TC=0 $=100$ | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0.101F |
| AGRT00 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESSTOR 261 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C $+1 /$ /-T0-2610-F |
| A6R101 | 0757.1094 | 0 |  | RESSTOR 1.47K 1\%. 125 W F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C-1/-T0-1471F |
| A6R102 | 00983432 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $26.11 \% .125 W \mathrm{~F}$ T $C=0+100$ | 03838 | PMES5-1/8-T0-26R1-F |
| aspics | 00983152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.48K 1\%. 125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C 4 1/8-T0-3481-F |
| Aspios | 00983454 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 215K 1\% . 125 W F $\mathrm{T}=0 \mathrm{~m}+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0-2153F |
| ABA105 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\%.12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| AbR106 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R107 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .12SW F TCon+100 | 24546 | C41/8-T0.2152F |
| A6R108 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\%. 125W F TCmot-100 | 24546 | C41/8-T0.-2152F |
| AsR109 | 05988825 | 2 | 1 | RESSISTOR 691K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0698-8825 |
| ${ }^{\text {AGRR110 }}$ A6R11 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ not Assicied | 24546 | C-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| AGR112 | $0098-6827$ | 4 |  | RESISTOR IM 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0690-8827 |
| A6R113 | 0683-2265 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 22M 5\%.25W FC TC $=900 /+1200$ | 01121 | C82265 |
| A6R114 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTSOR 1K 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-1001.f |
| A6R115 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0-1002F |
| A6R116 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A6R117 | 0757.0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0.5111F |
| A6R118 | 060e-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.48X 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/-T03481F |
| A6R119 | 0757.0465 | 6 |  | RESSTSTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC=0 +100 | 24546 | C4,1/8-T0.1003F |
| A6R120 | $0757-0317$ | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 1.33K 1\%. 125 W F T $\mathrm{C}=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-1331F |
| AbR121 | 0757.042 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A6R122 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K 1\% .22SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-T0-5111f |
| A6R123 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R124 | 009e-340 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 19614.125 F F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-T0-196R-F |
| A6R125 | 08832235 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 229 5\% 25W FC TC= $900 /+1200$ | 01121 | C82265 |
| A6R126 | 069e-340 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 196 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-196F-F |
| A6R127 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A6R128 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| A6R129 | 08983454 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 215K 1\%. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-2153 |



Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reterence Designation | HP Part Number | C | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A7-A9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

A10

| Ato | 00901-40115 | 6 | 1 | POWER SUPPLY REGULATORS ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00601-60115 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10c1 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPMCTTOR-PX . $01 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 0989 | RPE121-105X7R100M100V |
| A1002 | $0100-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XX .01UF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 08069 | RPE121-105X7R100M100V |
| A1003 |  |  |  | MOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A1004 | 018002618 | 2 |  | CAPMCTTOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VOC TA | 12344 | T355F336k0104S |
| A10cs | 0180-2617 | 1 | 10 | CAPACTORFXO 6.8UF+10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685k035AS |
| A1006 |  |  |  | MOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A10c7 | 0180-2820 | 6 | 17 | CAPMETTORFXD 2.2UF+-10\% SOVDC TA | 12344 | T3553225\%050AS |
| A10C8 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12044 | T355E225K050AS |
| 1983A to 2506A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10C9 | 0180-2617 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F6e5k035AS |
| A10C10 | $0180-2617$ | 1 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 6.8UF+10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685<03545 |
| 26074 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1009 | 0180-0491 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXO 10UF+-20\% 25VDC TA | 12344 | T355E106M025AS |
| A10C10 | 0180.0481 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD 10UF+-20\% 25VOC TA | 12344 | T355E106MT25AS |
| A10C11 | 0480-2e54 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTORFXD 68UF+10\% 100VDC TA | 56289 | 1090686×910072 |
| A10C12 | 01800491 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR+XD 10UF+20\% 25VDC TA | 12844 | TJSEE103M025AS |
| A10C13 | $0180-2617$ | 1 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 6.8UF+10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685K035AS |
| A10014 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 0180-3701 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 22UF 75VDC 7A | 28480 | $0180-3701$ |
| A10C15 | $0180-2620$ | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12844 | T35se225k0504S |
| A10C16 | $0180-2620$ | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 22UF+10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K0504S |
| A10C17 | 0160-3535 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 560PF +-5\% 300VDC MMCA | 28480 | 0160-3535 |
| A10C18 | $0180-0939$ | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 430PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-0939 |
| A10C19 | 0180-2618 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 330F $+10 \% 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ TA | 12344 | T355F336k010AS |
| A10C20 | 0180-2618 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 12344 | T355F3eck010AS |
| 1933 t to 2606A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10C21 | 0160-0573 | 2 | 3 | CAPACTOR-FXD 4700PF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2M72M |
| A10C22 | 0160-0573 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 4700PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2M72M |
| 26074 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10C21 | $0180-0574$ | 3 | 2 | CAPACTIORFXD .022UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28400 | 0960-0574 |
| A10C22 | $0160-0574$ | 3 | 2 | CAPACTIOR-XD .022UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01600574 |
| A10CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DICOESWTTCANG $30 V$ 50MA ENS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A10CR2 | 1801-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 8N171 | 1 M 1418 |
| A10CR3 | 1801-0081 | 0 | 1 | DIODE-SWITCHING 50V 75MA 10NS | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A10CP4 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-5WTCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | 8N171 | 1NH148 |
| AIOCR5 | 1801-4040 | 1 |  | DFDE-SWITCHNG 30V SOMA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A10CR6 | 1801-0159 | 3 | 8 | DIOCEPMW RECT 400V 750MA DO-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |
| A10C87 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DIOOEPWWR RECT S00V 750MA DO-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |
| A10CR8 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 750MA DO-41 | 28460 | 1901-0159 |
| A10CRgA | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHNG INA150 50V 200 MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A10CR10 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DIODEPWR RECT 400V 750MA 00-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | MP Part Nember | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mrr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alocris ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 1 NE150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | $12 \mathrm{H150}$ |
| A10CR12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHNGG 1NA150 50V 20cm ans | 9N171 | INal50 |
| Al0CR13 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1093 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHWG 1 M 15050 V 200MA ANS | 20171 | 1 N 1150 |
| A10CR14 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 750MA DO-41 | 28480 | 1901.0159 |
| A10CR15 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1008 | 1 |  | DNODESWTTCHME 1 HR150 50V 200MA ANS | 20171 | 1 N 150 |
| A10CR16 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  |  | $9 \times 171$ | IN4150 |
| ${ }^{\text {A10CR17 }}$ | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DYODE-PWR RECT 400 V 750 MA DO-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |
| A10CR18 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DIODE-PWR RECT AOOV 750MA DO-41 | 28400 | 1901-0159 |
| A100S 1 | 1990-0485 | 5 | 5 | LED-LAMP LMA-NT $=2$ MCD IF=30MM-MAX BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | HLMP.1503 |
| A100s2 | 1980-0485 | 5 |  |  | 23480 | HLMP-1503 |
| A10053 | 1990-0485 | 5 |  | LEDLAMP UMGHTT $=24 \mathrm{CD}$ IF $=30 \mathrm{MH}+\mathrm{Hax}$ BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28460 | HEMP-1503 |
| A100S4 | 1990-0485 | 5 |  | LED-LAMP UMHNT $=2 N C D$ \# $=30 \mathrm{Ma}-\mathrm{MaX}$ BVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | HLMP-1503 |
| Al00s5 | 1990-0485 | 5 |  |  | 28480 | HLMP-1503 |
| A10F1 | 21100006 | 9 | 1 | FUSE (NCH) 84 T2SV NTD FE UL | 75915 | 312008 |
| A10F2 | $2110-0083$ | 6 | 3 | FUSE (NVCH) 2.54250 V NTD FE UL. | 11870 | 04.025 |
| A10FS | 2110-0011 | 0 | 1 | FUSE (NCH) .062A 250 V NTD FE LIL | 18428 | ACC 1/16 |
| A10F4 | $2110-0083$ | 6 |  | FUSE (NVCH) 2.54 S 50 V NTT FE UL | 11870 | 04.025 |
| A10F5 | 21100003 | 6 |  | FUSE (NVCH) 2.5A 250V NTD FE UL | 11870 | 04.025 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A 10MPI | 0880-0510 | 1 | 2 | STANDOFF-RVT-ON .75-NHLLS 6-32-THD | 28480 | 0380-0310 |
| 2543 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlOMP1 | $5001-0178$ | 2 | 2 | ANCLE ERACKET | 28480 | 5001-0178 |
|  | 2190-0007 | 2 |  | WASHER-LOCK NTL T NO.6 .141-1D | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2360-0191 | 6 |  | SCREW-HNCH 6-32 .188 PNPD | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A10MP2 | 21100269 | 0 | 10 | FUHRR-CIP-TYP | 91506 | 6000-32CN |
| 1933A co 2303A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1001 | 1884-0012 | 9 | 3 | THYRASTOR-SCR 2N3528 TO-8 VARM=200 | 28480 | 1884-0012 |
| 23084 to 2916A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1001 | 1894-0244 | 9 | 3 | THYRISTOR-SCR VRRM $=400$ | 28480 | 18840244 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SNKK SCL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| 2925 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1001 | 1834-0345 | 1 | 3 | THYRISTOR-SCR VRRA $=400$ | 28480 | 1884-0345 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SINK SGE TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| A1002 | 1884-0005 | 0 | 1 | THYRUSTORSSCR VRRM $=50$ | 04713 | MCRAGAP-2 |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 | 18 | WHSHERHK HLCL NO. 6.141-INHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
|  | 20600119 | 8 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 632 , A38-WHLG PANHDPPOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 24200002 | 6 | 3 | MUT+HEX-DEL-CHAN 632-THD . 109 -HW-THK | 28480 | 24200002 |
| 11003 | 18840073 | 2 | 1 | THYPUSTOR-SCR VRRM $=100$ | $9 \times 171$ | CDIO31 |
|  | 3050-0016 | 8 | 1 | WMSHERFFL MTLC NO. 6.147-HHD | 28480 | 3050-0016 |
| A1004 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 24627 | CP4071 |
| 1933A to 29034 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1095 | 18840012 | 9 |  | THYRUSTOR-SCR 2 NSE28 TO-8 VRAM 200 | 28480 | 1884-0012 |
| 2308 to 2916A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1009 | 18840244 | 9 | 3 | THYRISTOR-SCR VRRM $=400$ | 28480 | 1884-0244 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SANK SCL TO-5/TO-30-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| $2925 A$ and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11085 | 1884-0345 | 1 | 3 | THYPUSTOR-SCR VRRM $=400$ | 28480 | 1804-0345 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SHMK SCL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1006 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3251 SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| 1933A to 2009A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1097 | 18540477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2N2223A |
| 2912A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1008 | 18540477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PO=500wW | 006713 | $2 \times 2222 A$ |
| 1933A to 2009A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1099 | 1854047 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NO222A S1 TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| 2912A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A 1099 | 18540811 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=625MW FT $=100 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0811 |
| A10010 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=S00MW FT=150MHZ | 2M627 | Xaz2ecpro-1 |
| 1333A to 2303A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al0Q11 | 1884-0012 | 9 |  | THYPISTOR-SCR 2N3528 TO-8 VRRM $=200$ | 28480 | 1884-0012 |
| 2308A to 2916A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10911 | 1884-924 | 9 | 3 | THYRISTOR-SCA VRRM=400 | 28480 | 1884-0244 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SNWK SGL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| 2925 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlOQII | 1884-0345 | 1 | 3 | THYRUSTOR-SCR VRAM $=400$ | 28480 | 1884-0345 |
|  | 1205-0361 | 3 | 3 | HEAT SINK SGL TO-5/T0-39-CS | 28480 | 1205-0361 |
| A10012 | 1854-3477 | 7 |  | TRAWSISTOR NPN 2NI222A SI TO-18 PDO 500 MW | $0 \times 713$ | 2 2 2222 A |
| $A 10013$ | 1853-0281 | 9 | 10 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A Si TO-18 PD=400MW | 06713 | 2N2907A |
| A10014 | 1854-0474 | 4 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=310 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=100 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | $0 \times 713$ | 2 N 5551 |
| A10015 | 1853-0038 | 4 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PAP SI TO-39 PD=1W FT $=100 \mathrm{NHZ}$ | 28480 | 1253-0038 |
|  | 1205-0095 | 0 | 1 | HEAT SINK SGL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 30161 | 32258 |
| A10016 | 1854-0474 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI POL $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=100 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 04713 | 2N5551 |
| A10017 | 18540474 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=310MW FT $=100 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 04713 | 2 N 5551 |
| A10018 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A S1 TO-18 PD $=400 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A10019 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360WW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A10020 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N325! Si T0-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | $2 \mathrm{NS251}$ |
| A10021 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NR222A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A10R1 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R2 | 0688.7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-1\% .OSW TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002-F |
| 1933A 20 2518A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIOR3 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| 2521A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlOR3 | 0030-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $422+1 \% .125 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A10R4 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K + 1\% .12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R5 | $0757-0442$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1{ }^{\text {c }}$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| AICR6 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R.f |
| 1933A to 2521A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10R7 | 0811-1552 | 0 | 1 | RESASTOR $56+5 \%$ 2W PW TC $=0+800$ | 11502 | SPH |
| 2521A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10R7 | 0811-1662 | 3 |  | RESISTOR . 47 +5\% 2W PW TC=0+-800 | 28480 | 0811-1662 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | hP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10R8 | 0811-1866 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR I $+5 \%$ 2W PWI TC $=0+800$ | 11502 | SPH |
| Alors | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A10R10 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A10R19 | 0757-0274 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR 1.21K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A10812 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12438 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A10R13 | 0908-3152 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.48K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3481F |
| A10R14 | 0688-3161 | - |  | RESISTOR 38.3K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3832F |
| 19334 to 2009A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlOR15 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| 2912A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlOR15 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K + 1\% .12SW F TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A10R16 | 0608-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 422K +-1\% .12SW TF TCm0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221F |
| 1933A to 2009A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10R17 | 0757-0428 | 1 |  | RESSSTOR 1.62K + -1\% .125W TF TC=00+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| 2012 A and above A10R17 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR E25 +1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-825A-F |
| A10R18 | 0757-040 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-7 |
| 19334 20 2009A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10R19 | 0ens-0085 | 0 |  | PESSSTOR 2.61K + 1\% .125W TF TCa $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| 2912A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A10RI9 | 0757-0424 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 1.1K +-1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1101F |
| A10R20 | 0688-7246 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.61K + -1\% .OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-2611F |
| A10R21 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611-F |
| A10月22 | 0698-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A10R23 | 0898-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-TO-4221F |
| Al0R24 | 2100-3351 | 6 |  | RESISTOR-TRMP 500 10\% TKF SIDE-ADI 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3351 |
| A10R25 | 0690-3151 | 7 | 7 | RESISTOR 2.87K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A10n26 | 0688-7264 | 1 |  | RESSSTOR 14.7K $-1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1472F |
| A10R27 | 0698-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1472F |
| A10R28 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| Al0riz9 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A10R30 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/-T0-101F |
| A10R31 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESASTOR $100+\mathbf{4 \%} .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| A10932 | 0689-7294 | 5 | 4 | RESISTOR 100K +-1\% . OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1003-F |
| A10R33 | 0098-3624 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR $150+5 \%$ 2W MO TCm0 0 -200 | 12498 | FP. 69 |
| Al0R34 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T0-6191-F |
| A10935 | 0680-7251 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC=0 +100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-4221F |
| A10R36 | 0650-7253 | 8 | 4 | RESSTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A10R37 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A10R38 | 0398-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% . OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-10-1001-5 |
| A10R39 | 0680-7266 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 17.8K $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1782F |
| A10840 | $0757-0442$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| Al0R41 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOA $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A10842 | 0ese-7219 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 196 +1\%.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-TO-1969-5 |
| A10P43 | 0600-7219 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $195+1 \%$.OSW TF TC=0 +100 | 12498 | C3-1/6-T0-196R-5 |
| AlOR44 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF T $\mathrm{C}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1001- |
| A10745 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 + - 100 | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1001-F |
| A10R46 | 0688-7272 | 1 |  | RESSTOR 31.EX $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TCux $0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/0-70-3162-f |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A10847 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A10R48 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/E-T0-1001-F |
| A10849 | 0757-0816 | \% | 1 | RESISTOR $881+1 \% .5 W$ TF TC= $0+100$ | K0479 | H2 |
| A10850 | 0epe-3136 | t |  | RESISTOR 17.EK + $\mathbf{1 \%}$.12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| A10R51 | 0698-6205 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 9.65K $+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+50$ | 12498 | NC4-1/8-T2.9651-F |
| A10R52 | 0698-7216 | 3 | 3 | PESSTSTOR 147 +1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C-1/8-T0.147AF |
| A10R53 | 0698-7264 | 1 |  | AESISTOR 14.7K +1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1472F |
| A10R54 | 0690-7264 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K $+1 \%$. 0 WW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1472- |
| A10955 | 0698-7240 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1471F |
| A10R56 | 0850.3453 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 196K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-1963F |
| A10857 | 0757-0467 | 8 |  | RESTSTOR 121K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1213-F |
| A 10858 | 81100180 | 0 | 1 | RIBBON-PES . 157 -OHM/FT .0253x.0625 | 98253 | NEUTROLOY |
| A10859 | 0811-1659 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $27+5 \%$ 2W PWI TC $=0+-800$ | 11502 | SPH |
| A10860 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 6.19K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/6-T0-6191-F |
| A10261 | 009e-7264 | 1 |  | PESISTOR 14.7K +-1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1472F |
| A10762 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESASTOR 5.11K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0.5111F |
| A10R63 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A10864 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| Alorges | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | PESSTOR $100+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-TO-101F |
| A10R66 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.101-F |
| A10R67-R69 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A10R67 | 0600-7215 | 2 |  | RESISTO $133+1 \%$.OSW TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-133A-F |
| A10R68 | $0888-7215$ | 2 |  | RESISTOA 133 +1\% .OSW TF TC=0 100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-133A-F |
| A10R69 | 0698-7204 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $46.4+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-46R4F |
| A107P1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTORSGL CONT PIN 1.14-MMAESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A10TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SGL CONT PN 1.14 Mm-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A10TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MMESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A10TP4 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SCL CONT PWN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A107P5 | 12510600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MMEBSCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A107P6 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONAECTORSEL CONT PW 1.14MMM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A10TP7 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A101P9 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A1041 | $1826-0161$ | 7 | 2 | KC OP AMP GP CUAD 14-DPPP PKG | 27014 | LME324N |
| A10VR | 1902-0680 | 7 |  | DICOE-ZNR 1NBE7 6.2V 5\% DO.7 PD=.4W | 04713 | 1 M 827 |
| A10VR2 | 1802-0184 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 16.2V 5\% DO-35 PO=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0184 |
| A10VR3 | 1902-0184 | 6 |  | DIODE-2NR 16.2V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0144 |
| Alovad | 1802.3182 | 0 | 3 | DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5\% D0-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3182 |
| A10VRS | 1902-3182 | 0 |  | DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5\% DO-35 PDx.4W | 28480 | 1902-3182 |
| A10VR6 | 1902-3333 | 3 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 46.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3333 |
| A10VR7 | 1902.3301 | 5 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 34.8V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3301 |
| A10VR8 | 1902-3104 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3104 |
| A10VR9 | 1902-3104 | 6 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3104 |
| AlOVR10 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1802-0943 | 5 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 2.37V 5\% DO-7 PD=0.4W $\mathrm{TC}=-.074 \%$ | 28480 | 1802-0943 |
| A10VR114 | 1902-0943 | 5 | 2 | DLODE-ZNR 2.37V 5\% D0-7 PD $=0.4 \mathrm{~W}$ TC=-074\% | 28480 | 1902.0943 |


| Reference <br> Dealgnation | HPP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | Otyber | Description | Mar |

Mir. Code

Mfr. Part Number

## A11

| 2034 20 2018A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All | 4000140009 | - |
| 1.11 | 00001-6018 | 8 |
| 2sesta and abow |  |  |
| AII | 00001-40es | 0 |
| A11 | $00001-00291$ | - |
| A1sci | 0160-2055 | $\bigcirc$ |
| Alice | 0780-0229 | 7 |
| A11c3 | 0140-2056 | 0 |
| Alica | 0180-2055 | - |
| A11c5 | 0100.2055 |  |
| A1966 | 0160-2055 | * |
| A1sC7 | 0980.0197 | 8 |
| Allce | 0180-0197 | 8 |
| Alice | 0180-0197 | 8 |
| Allcio | 0460-2055 | - |
| Allcil | 0180-2055 | - |
| AllCi2 | 01802055 | - |
| AllC13 | 01602055 | 0 |
| A11C14 | 0121.0105 | 4 |
| Al1C15 | 01600161 | 4 |
| AlıC16 | 01802055 | 0 |
| Al1C17 | 0100.0572 | 1 |
| Al1C18 | 0180-2055 | 0 |
| Allcis | 0160-2055 | 0 |
| A11020 | 01803874 | 2 |
| A11021 | 0100-2055 | - |
| A11022 | 01800197 | 8 |
| A11c23 | 0100-2055 | - |
| Allces | 0160.0570 | 9 |
| A11ces | 01603878 | 7 |
| A11c26 | 01400188 | 5 |
| A11027 | 01603875 | 3 |
| A11czs | 01400198 | 5 |
| A11Cz9 | 01000939 | 4 |
| Al1030 | 01002056 | - |
| Al1CR1 | 1801.0170 | 7 |
| A11CR2 | 1901.0179 | 7 |
| Al1CR3 | 1801.0535 | 9 |
| Al1CR4 | 1001.0535 | 9 |
| A11CFS | 1801-0535 | 9 |
| As1CR6 | 1801-0535 | 0 |


| COUNTER ASsembly excert ormow 002 ) | 22400 | 0000140093 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COUNTER ASSEMBLY (OPTION OO2 ORLY) | 28480 | 06001-0018 |
| COUNTER ASSEMBLY (EXCEPT OPTION 0CZ) | 28400 | 00801-40202 |
| COUNTER ASSEMELY (OPTHON OC2 ONLY) | 28460 | 00001-00291 |
| OAPACTTORFXD DILF + 80200 TOOVDC CER | 00000 | DDIoemWREOZYEV103zioov |
| CAPACTOPRXD 33LF + -10\% 10VDC TA | 5083 | IE0De3excouch |
| CAPACTTOPFXD .01LF +8020\% 100VDC CER | 0000 | D010enwbsoz'svic3zioov |
| CAPMCTTOP + XD . $01 \mathrm{LF}+802041$ 100VDC CER | 000e | DoroenWB302Y5V103Z100V |
| CAPACTICRFXD . OILF + 80200\% 100VDC CER | 00900 | DOtown ${ }^{\text {asezY5V1032100V }}$ |
| CAPACTTORFXD . OILF $+8020 \%$ reOVDC CER | peneo | DDSoumbeozysvioszicov |
| CAPACTOR-XD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 5638 | 150peesxe020a2 |
| CAPACTTORFXD 2.2UF+ $10 \% 20 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 5020 | $1500235 \times 0020 \mathrm{~A} 2$ |
| CAPACTIOR CXD $^{224 F+-10 \% ~ 20 V D C ~ T A ~}$ | 6eselo | $1500205 \times 002042$ |
| CAPACTTCRFXD .01UF $+8020 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 00960 | DD10enW13302Y5V103Z100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 009e0 | D0109wnasozY5V103ZicoV |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01UF $+8020 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 00900 | D0100wNes02YEV1032100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01UF +802041 100VDC CER | 00900 | DD100w WB302Y5V103Z100V |
| CAPACTOR-V TPMARCER 0.35 PF 200 V PCATTG | E2763 | 504324 ORSPF NOSO |
| CAPACTIORFXD DILF +-104 200VDC PCLYE | 28701 | 70abicciosPr201AX |
| CAPACTTORFXD . O1LF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 00900 | DD100MWE302Y5V1032100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD Z200PF $+209 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 06383 | FDIEKTREAZEM |
| CAPACTTOR-FXD .01LF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 00960 | DD10emWe302Y5V103Z100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD . $014 \mathrm{LF}+8020 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 0009 | DD10ewWB302Y5V103Z100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD 10PF + .5PF 200VDC CER | 00080 | PPE121-105C0G300D200V |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01LF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 0090 | DD100wNE302Y5V1032100V |
| CAPACTTOPFXD 22UF+.10\% 20VDC TA | 50280 | 15002es59020A2 |
| CAPACITORFXD .OTLF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 0096 |  |
| CAPACTORFXD 220PF + $200 \%$ 100VDC CER | 0000\% | RPE121-105×7R221M100V |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01UF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 00900 | FPE121-405X7A103M100V |
| CAPACTIORFXX 200PF + 50 300VDC MICA | 20480 | 0140-0188 |
| CAPACTTOR-XD 22PF $+590200 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER} 0+30$ | 0996 | FPE121-105C0CS20, 200 V |
| CAPACTTORFXD 200PF + $5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0198 |
| CAPACTTORFXD A30PF + 540 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0560-0939 |
| CAPACTTORFXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VOC CER | 09980 | DD106NWB302Y5V1032i00V |
| DIODESWITCHMS $15 V$ 50MA $750 P \mathrm{~S}$ DO. 7 | 07263 | FDT7 |
| DIODE-SWTCHHNG 15V 50MA 750 PS DO7 | 07203 | FD77 |
| DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SKG | 29480 | 1201.0535 |
| DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| DICDESCHOTTK SM SK | 28480 | 1001.0535 |
| DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM StG | 20480 | 1501-0535 |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13DS 1 | 1990-0647 | 1 | 1 | LEDLAMP LUMANT - 12MCD IF= 20MAMAX | 28480 | 5082-4558 |
| Al131 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COMWECTOR-RF SMC M PC EO-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0.3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASt ERHK INTL T NO. $10.195-1 \mathrm{HD}$ | 16178 | 500228 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-TTHD . 067 HNTTHK | 28480 | 2050-0078 |
| A11.52 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-RF SUC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHERHK INTL. T NO. 10.195 -INHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD . 067 - NHTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A1123 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COMNECTOPRFF SUC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHERLK INTL T NO. $10.105-1$ NHD | 18179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 0 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10.32-THD .087-H/THK | 28480 | 2050-0078 |
| A1134 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-RF SUC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-03/117 |
|  | $2100-0124$ | 4 |  | WASHERHK INTL T NO. 10.195 - ${ }^{\text {INHD }}$ | 16179 |  |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD . O67-AN-THK | 28480 | 2050-0078 |
| A1 135 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SUC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82Suc-50-0.3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK INIL T NO. $10.195-1 / H D$ | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD . 067 TN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A1136 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0.3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHERLLK INTL T NO. 10.195 -HHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A1141 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A11L2 | 9100-2248 | 5 | 1 | INOUCTOR PF-CHMELD 120NH +-10\% | 91637 | M-2.12UH 10\% |
| 1933A 20 2618A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A11MP1 | $08901-00033$ | $1$ | 1 | COVER, COUNTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-00033 |
|  | 2560-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH \&S2 25INLG PANHD-POZ | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIFTION |
| 2623 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A11MPI | $08901-00180$ | 9 | 1 | COVER, COUNTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | $08901-00180$ |
|  | $2360-0113$ | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32.25-INLG PANHD-POZ | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A11MP2 | 5021-0817 | 8 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |
| A17MP3 | 08901-00063 | 7 | 1 | LABEL (EXCEPT OPTICN 002) | 28480 | 08901-00063 |
| A1101 | 1853-0540 | 3 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-82 PD $=625 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 1853-0540 |
| A1102 | $1853-0540$ | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-92 PD-625MW | 04713 | 1853-0540 |
| Alics | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD = 300MW FT = 150MHZ | 2 M 627 | XAZ2BCP20-1 |
| A1104 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP Si PD = 300NW FT = 150MHZ | 2 M 627 | XA22BCP20-1 |
| A1105 | 1854-0074 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TOe2 PD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A11R1 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | PESISTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-9002-F |
| A11P2 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+-190.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11fa | 0698-8812 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $1+-1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | LO4D |
| A11P4 | 0698-8816 | 1 | 1 | PESISTOR $2.15+-1 \%$.12SW TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | L04D |
| A11R5 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A1186 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 +-190.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.511RF |
| A11R7 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-190.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A11R8 | 0757.0463 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 82.5K +-146.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-188-T0-8252-F |
| Altrs | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+-140.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CTL-1/8-T0-511RFF |
| AliRio | 0757.0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K + -1\% .125W TF TCa $0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designetion | HP Part Number | $\underset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11R11 | $0757-0994$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| Al1R12 | 1810-0204 | 6 | 1 | NETWORK-RES 8-SIP 1.0K OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | $750-81$ |
| Al1R13 | 0757-0397 | 3 | 14 | RESISTOR 68.1 +i\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68Rif |
| Al1R14 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESESTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12458 | CT4-1/E-TG-1001-F |
| A11R15 | 008-3445 | 2 | 5 | RESSSTOR 348 +1\% .125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T034日R-F |
| A11R16 ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-1001-F |
| A11R17 | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| Al1R18 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A11R19 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF T $\mathrm{C}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A11R20 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111f |
| Al1R21 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESASTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| Al1R2\% | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESESTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A11R23 | 0757-0388 | 4 | 2 | RESSSTOR $75+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | M M 2 |
| AllR24 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR 1K 4 -1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-1001f |
| A11R25 | $0757-0987$ | 3 |  | RESTSTOR 68.1 +1\% .12SW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6881F |
| A11R26 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +-1\% .125W TF TCu0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A11R27 | 0080-3629 | 2 | 4 | RESISTOR $19.6+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 2 M 627 | CRE14 OR CRE2S |
| A11R28 | $0698-3445$ | 2 |  | RESISTOR $348+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12438 | CT4-1/8-T0348P-F |
| Al1R29 | $0698-3445$ | 2 |  | RESSSTOR 348 $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-348P-F |
| A11R30 | 0757.0424 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.1K + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.1101-f |
| A11R31 | 0757.1000 | 7 | 1 | RESSSTOR 51.1+1\% .5W TF TC=0 0 -100 | K8479 | H2 |
| A11R32 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 5.11K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111+ |
| A11R33 | 0696-3432 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $26.1+1 \%$, 125W TF TC=0+100 | D8439 | MK2 |
| A11R34 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101- |
| A11R35 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT-1/8-T0-101F |
| A11836 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A11R37 | 18100206 | 8 | 3 | METWORK-RES \&-SIP 10.OK OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | 750-81 |
| A1tr38 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A11R39 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | PESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A11TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SGL CONT PWN 1.14MN-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A11TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A11TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTORSGL CONT PN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A11TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SCL CONT PNW 1.14 MM -BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A11TP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14MM-BSCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A117P6 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A11TP7 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14-ma-BC-S2 SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| Allut | 1820-0817 | 8 | 4 | IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10131P |
| Alluz | 1820-0003 | 2 | 1 | $\triangle$ GATE ECL ORAMOR TPL | 04713 | MC10105P |
| A1143 | 1820-1425 | 6 | 2 | IC SCHANTT-TAIG TIL LS MAND OUAD 2-ANP | 01295 | SN74LS132N |
| Allus | 1820-1416 | 5 | 2 | IC SCHMTT-TRIG TIL LS INV HEX 1-HNP | 01295 | SNT4LSIAN |
| A1145 | 1820-1193 | 5 | 4 | IC CNTR TILLLS BN ASYMCHRO | 01295 | SNT4LSt97N |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathrm{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {alius }}$ | 1820.0693 | 8 | 2 | C FF TIL S D-TYPE POS-EDEE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74S74N |
| Al1u7 | 1820-1217 | 4 | 1 | CC MUXR/DATASEL TTL LS 8-TO-1-LINE | 01295 | SN74LST51N |
| A1148 | 1820-1251 | 6 | 2 | K CNTR TIL LS DECD ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS196N |
| Allug | 1820-1193 | 5 |  | IC CNIR TIL LS BM ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS197N |
| Al1U10 | 1820-1251 | 6 |  | IC CNTR TTL LS DECD ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS196N |
| A11U11 | 1820-1193 | 5 |  | IC CNTR TIL LS BN ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS197N |
| A11012 | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | KC WVTIL LS MEX 1HNP | 01295 | SN74LSOAN |
| A11U13 | $1820-1411$ | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-ET | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A11U14 | 1820-1198 | 0 |  | IC GATE TTL LS NAND OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SNTALSO3N |
|  | 1200-0638 | 7 | 2 | SOCKETAC 14-CONT DP DPPSLDR | 01295 | C8714-01 |
| A11U5 | 1820-1188 | 0 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SN74LSO3N |
|  | $1200-0638$ | 7 |  | SOCKETHC 14-CONT DP DPPSLDR | 01295 | C8714-01 |
| A1IU16 | 1820-0693 | 8 |  | IC FFTIL S D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74S74N |
| A11017 | 1820-1240 | 3 | 1 | $1 C$ DCDR TIL S 3-TO-LINE 3-NNP | 01295 | SN74S138N |
| A11U18 | 1820-1197 | 9 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NANO OUAD 2-INP | 01295 | SN74LSCON |
| A11U19 | 1820-1193 | 5 |  | CC CNTA TTL LS BN ASYNCHRO | 01295 | SN74LS197N |
| A11420 | 1820-1197 | 9 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2-ANP | 01295 | SNTALSOON |
| A11121 | 1820-0723 | 5 | 1 | ICWIERFACE RCVR LNE RCVR DUAL | 01295 | SN75107AN |
| Aliyt | 0.10 .0423 | 2 | 1 | CRYSTAL-OUARTZ 10.000 MHZ HC-35/UHLDR | 28480 | 0410-0423 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Desionetio | Number |

## A12

NOT ASSIENED

A13

| A13 | 00001-60031 | 5 | 1 | CONTROLIER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 0090160031 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A13C1 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-XD . O1VF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 0936 | DD106NWB302Y5V103z100V |
| A13C2 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V103Z100V |
| Alsces | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOA-fXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 58289 | $1500225 \times 502012$ |
| Aisca | $0180-0197$ | 0 |  | CAPACTOP-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 5626 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| A13C5 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A13C6 | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .OTUF +80-20\% 300VDC CER | 09969 | DD10ENWB302Y5V103z100V |
| ${ }^{\text {A13C7 }}$ | 0180-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-XX .AIUF +80-20\% 100VOC CER | 00969 | DD10ENWB302Y5V103z100V |
| Al3cs | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 |  |
| A13C9 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | $1500336 \times 901032$ |
| 1933 to 2618A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al3C10 | $0140-0196$ | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 150PF +-5\% 300VDC MHCA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| A3CLI | 0140-0196 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOF-FXD 150PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| 2623 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlsClo |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A13C11 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A13C12 | 0180-2141 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXO 330F+ $10 \%$ SOVDC TA | 56289 | $1500335 \times 905082$ |
| A43C13 | 0180.0228 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-EXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | $1500226 \times 101592$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Al3C14 }}$ | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR+XDD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56209 | $1500225 \times 502012$ |
| A13C15 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPMCTTDR-XD 22UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902012$ |
| A13C16 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 102012$ |
| A13C17 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 2.2UF+10\% 2OVDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 502012$ |
| A13C18 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR $+X D$ 2 $2.2 \mathrm{UF}+10 \% 20 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | $1500225 \times 502042$ |
| A13C19 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPMCTTOR-XD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225×902042 |
| A13CR1 | 1901-0159 | 3 |  | DOODEPWR RECT 400V 750MA1 00-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |
| A13CR2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHING 1N4150 50V 200MA ANS | 28480 | 1901-1098 |
| A13CR3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 1 Na150 50V 200ma dns | 28480 | 1901-1098 |
| A13CR4 | 1501-0159 | 3 |  | DICOE-PWR RECT 400V 750MA DO-41 | 28480 | 1901-0159 |
| A130S1 | 1990-0524 | 3 | 5 | LED-AMP UMANT = TMCD WF=2OMA-MAX EVR $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4550 |
| A13052 | 1980-0524 | 3 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4550 |
| A130s3 | 19900524 | 3 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4550 |
| A130S4 | 19900524 | 3 |  | LED-AMP UMA-WNT $=1$ MCCD IF $=20 \mathrm{MA-MAX}$ BVA $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 5082-4550 |
| A13)P1 | 1150-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-TERO OHMS 22 AWG LEAD DMA | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |
| 1933A 10 2518A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A33LI | 9140-0238 | 3 | 1 | MDUCTOR PF-CHHMD 82UH +-5\% | 91637 | M-4 82\% ${ }^{\text {5\% }}$ |
| 2623 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI3LI |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A13MP1 | 4040.0749 | 4 | 2 |  | 28480 | 4040-0749 |
|  | 1480-0073 | 6 | 4 |  | 72062 | 99-012-062-0250 |
| Al3MP2 | 4040.0751 | 8 | 1 | EXTR-PC 80 ORN FOLYC .062-N-BD-THKNS | 28480 | 4040.0751 |
|  | 1480-0073 | 6 |  | PINROLL .O62-NHDA 25 N-LG BE-CU | 72962 | 99-012-062-0250 |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{1} 1301$ | 1853-0451 | 5 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PAP 2NE3769 Si TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0451 |
| A13R1 | 0038-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .OSW TF TC=0 $\mathbf{+ 1 0 0}$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A13R2 | 0098-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $15+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | C31/8-T0-1001f |
| A13R3 | 1810.0126 | 1 |  | NETWORKRES 14-0P 10.0K OHM $\times 13$ | 11236 | 760-1-R10K |
| A13R4 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1017 |
| A13R5 | 0098-7264 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K +1\% .05W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1472-F |
| A13R6 | 0608.7227 | 6 | 5 | RESISTOR 422 +1\% .O5W TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-TO-422R-F |
| A13R7 | 0098.7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR IK +1\% .OSW TF TC $=00+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A13R8 | 0098-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+14 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | C3-1/R-70-1002F |
| A13R9 | 1810-0229 | 5 | 1 | METWORK-RIES B-SP 350.0 OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | 750-81 |
| A13R10 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A13R11 | 1810-0126 | 1 |  | NETWORKKRES 14-DIP 10.0K OTHM $\times 13$ | 11236 | 780-1-7100 |
| A13TP1 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-S2 SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13TP2 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSCSZ 50 | 12360 | 94-155-101001-03-00 |
| A13TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PNN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PMN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13TP5 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A131P6 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A137P7 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PN 1.14-MW-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13TP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SGL CONT PNN 1.14-MMESCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010.01-03-00 |
| A13TP9 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14 MMM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13TP10 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14MM-ESCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A137P11 | 1251.0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PNN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A13U1 | 1820-1425 | 6 |  | IC SCHMATT-TRIG TTL LS NAND QUAD 2HNP | 01295 | SN74LST32N |
| A1342 | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | IC MV TIL LS HEX 1-WMP | 01295 | SNT4LSOAN |
| 1233A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A13U3 |  |  |  | UA A13U3, tals, order pert tisted for seriel prefices 2212A and above. You must also order A13U4. A13U9, and A14U14. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{13} 4$ |  |  |  | B A13u4, talls, order pert listed tor serial profixes 2212A and above. You must atso order A13U3, A13U9, and A14U14. |  |  |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A13U3 | 00801-80040 | 8 | 1 | ROM \#1 | 28480 | 00s01-00040 |
| A13U4 | 00901-80041 | 9 | 1 | ROM \#2 | 28480 | 00901-800:1 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKET-HC 24-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR | 01295 | c8724-01 |
| A1305 | 08901-80011 | 3 | 1 | ROM 3 | 28460 | 00801-80011 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKETHC 24CONT DIP DIP-SLDR | 01295 | C872-01 |
| A1346 | 08501-80012 | 4 | 1 | ROM \#4 | 28480 | 08801-80012 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKET-HC 24-CONT DIP DIP-SLDR | 01295 | C8724-01 |
| A1347 | 08901-80013 | 5 | 1 | ROM * 5 | 28480 | 06901-80013 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKET-HC 24-CONT DIP DIP.SLDR | 01295 | C8724-01 |
| A1348 | 1818-0926 | 5 | 1 | ROM \% 6 | 28480 | 1818-0926 |
|  | [0901-80014 | 6 | 1 | ROM \%6 (alternate) | 28480 | 08901-80014 |
|  | $1200-0541$ | 1 |  | SOCKETHC 24-CONT DIP DPP.SLDR | 01295 | C8724-01 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al3U9 |  |  |  | U A13u9, falls, order pert listed for serted prefices 2212A and above. You must aso order A13U3, A1344, and A14U14. |  |  |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A13U9 | 08901-80039 | 5 | 1 | ROM ${ }^{\text {\% } 7}$ | 28480 | 08901-80039 |
|  | $00801-80015$ | 7 | 1 | ROM *7 (ALTERMATE) | 28480 | $08901-80015$ |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKETHC 24-CONT DIP DIP.SLDR | 01295 | C8724-01 |
| A13U10 | 00501-00025 | 9 | 1 | ROM 18 | 28480 | 08801-80025 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKETHC 24-CONT DIP DPSSLOA | 01295 | C8724-01 |
| A13411 | 1820-2027 | 6 | 1 | MC, MCROPROCESSOR,STATIC MEM. WTERFACE | 50088 | mesess |
|  | 1200-0654 | 7 | 3 | SOCKET-HC 40-CONT DPP DPP.SLDR | 01295 | C8740-01 |
| A13412 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCDR TTL LS 3-TO-LINE 3HP | 01295 | SN74LS13EN |
| A13013 | 1820-1216 | 3 | 1 | YC DCDR TTL LS 3-TOPLNE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LST3 ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |
| A13U14 | 1820-1928 | 4 |  | 1C. MUCROPROCESSOR,CENTRAL PROC. UNT | 50088 | M ${ }^{\text {c3ason-3 }}$ |
|  | 12000654 | 7 |  | SOCKETHC 4-CONT DIP DPP-SLDR | 01295 | C8740-01 |
| A13U15 | 1818-0197 | 2 | 1 | IC MENOS 1024 (1K) STAT RAM 400-NS 3-S | 34395 | AMP1L11B6C |
|  | 1200-0539 | 7 | 1 | SOCKETHC 18-CONT DPP DIPSLDA | 01295 | C8718-01 |
| A13416 | 1820-0174 | 0 | 1 | CO WV TIL HEX | 01295 | SNT4OEN |
| A13U17 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | MC DCDA TIL LS S-TO-AME 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A13U18 | 1820-1287 | 8 |  | IC BFA TTL LS MAND OUAD 2-NTP | 01295 | SN74LS37N |
| A13U19 | 1826-0275 | 4 | 1 | IC V RELTR-XXPOS 11.5/12.5V TO-92 PKG | 04713 | MC78L12ACP |
|  | $8159-0005$ | 0 | 8 | RESISTOR-ZERO OTMWS 22 ANG LEAD DU | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |


| Reference | HP Part | C | Oty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | D |  |

Description

Mfr.
Code

Mfr. Part Number

A14

| 1933A to 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14 | 08901-60015 | 5 | 1 | REMOTE INTERFACE ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-50015 |
| 2424A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14 | 08901-60257 | 7 | 1 | REMOTE INTEPFACE ASSEMELY | 28480 | 08901-60257 |
| A14C1 | 0180-0229 | 7 |  | CAPACTOPFXD 33UF+-10\% 10VDC TA | 56289 | 1500336×901082 |
| A14C2 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 2.2UF+-109\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | 1500225×9020A2 |
| A14C3 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .01UF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD108MWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C4 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITORFXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C5 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-PXD .01LF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITORFXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C7 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORPXD .01UF +80-2096 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD108NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C8 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .0TUF +80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V103Z100V |
| A14C9 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-2046 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V103Z100V |
| A14C10 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C11 | 0160-2055 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +80-2040 100VDC CER | 09969 | DDi06NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C12 | 0160-0574 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .022UF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2A223M |
| A14C13 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITDR-FXD .01UF +80-2090 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106MWB302Y5V103Z100V |
| A14C14 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITORFXD .01UF + 80-2046 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V1032100V |
| A14C15 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF + 80-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD106NWB302Y5V103Z100V |
| A14C:6 | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-2096 100VOC CER | 09969 | DD106NWE302Y5V103Z100V |
| A14C17 | 0140.0196 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 150PF + 590 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| A14C18 | 0160-0574 | 3 |  | CAPACITOP-FXD .022UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2A223M |
| A14CR1 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A1411 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKETHC 16-CONT DIPSLDR | 06776 | ICN-163B-53-630 |
|  | 1251-4460 | 8 |  | CLIP-CABLE PLUG RTNG-DUAL INUNE 16 CONT | 06776 | PC.74 |
| A14MP1 | 4040-0749 | 4 |  | EXTR-PC BD BRN POLYC . O62-NN-ED-THKNS | 28480 | 4040.0749 |
|  | 1480.0073 | 6 |  | PINFROLL . 062 -NN-DIA 25 -NLLG BE-CU | 72962 | 99-012-062-0250 |
| A14MP2 | 4040.0752 | $\theta$ | 1 | EXTR-PC BD YEL POLYC . 062 HN-BD-THKNS | 28480 | 4040.0752 |
|  | 1480-0073 | 6 |  | PINAROL .062-NNDIA .25-INLG BE-CU | 72962 | 99.012-062-0250 |
| 1933A 20 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP6 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| MP7 |  |  |  | not assigned |  |  |
| 2424A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP6 | 0363-0205 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR FINGER | 28480 | 0353-0205 |
| MP7 | 0363-0205 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR FINGER | 28480 | 0353-0205 |
| A14R1 | 0698,3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 +-146.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-147R.F |
| A14R2 | 06983444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $316+-190.125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A14R3 | 1810-0206 | 8 |  | NETWOPK-RES 8-SIP 10.0K OHM X 7 | C1433 | 750-81 |
| A14R4 | 1810-0206 | 8 |  | NETWORK-RES 8.SIP 10.0K OHM $\times 7$ | C1433 | 750-81 |
| 2424A to 2950A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14R5 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{-1} \mathrm{\%} .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| 3022A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14R5 | 0698-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0698-0084 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\underset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Cisy. | Description | Mfr. <br> Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A14R6 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | PESISTOR $511+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TQ-517R-F |
| A14R7 | 1810-0136 | 3 | 1 | NETWCRK-RES 10-STP MLLT-VALUE | 01121 | 4105003 |
| A14R8 | 0690-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.86K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961.F |
| A14R9 | 0098-7224 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR $316+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT3-1/8-T0-316A-F |
| J939A 20 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al4RIO |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGAED |  |  |
| 2424 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14RIO ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0600-7280 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 10K + -1\% .0SW F TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT3-1/6-TO-1002-F |
| A14S1 | 3101-1973 | 7 | 1 |  | 11236 | 11P-1028 |
|  | 1200-0485 | 2 | 1 | SOCKETHC 14-CONT DAP DPPSLDR | 51167 | 14-820-60 |
| A14TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SCL CONT PAN 1.14MMA-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 04-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PHN 1.14-MMABSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PMN 1.14 Hm -ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010.01-03-00 |
| A14TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMMECTOR-SCL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP5 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PN1 1.14MEN-BSC-S2 SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP6 | 1251.0500 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PMN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP7 | 1251-0500 | 0 |  | CONNECTOA-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSCSE SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP8 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COWNECTOA-SGL CONT PW 1.14MMA-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14TP9 | 1251-0500 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PNN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A14U1 | 1820-1689 | 4 | 2 | C-WIERFACE XCVA WSTRUMENT BUS IEEE | 01295 | MC3446N |
| ${ }^{1} 14 \mathrm{U} 2$ | 1820-1188 | 0 |  | C GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2HAP | 01295 | SN74LSO3N |
| ${ }^{1} 14143$ | 1820-1112 | 8 |  | IC FF TTL LS D-TYPE POSEDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74LS74AN |
| A14U4 | 1820-1416 | 5 |  | IC SCHmITT-TRIG TIL LS INV HEX 1-INP | 01295 | SN74LSTAN |
| A14U5 | 1820-1689 | 4 |  | IC-NTERFACE XCVR INSTRUMENT BUS TEEE | 01295 | MC3446N |
| A14us | 1820-1198 | 0 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2-HNP | 01295 | SNT4LSOSN |
| A14U7 | 1800-1905 | 7 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NOR DUAL S-NP | 18324 | 74LS260N |
| 1933A to 2421A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14U8 | 18200706 | 4 | 1 | IC COMPTR TIL MAGTO 5-BR | 07263 | 9324PC |
| 24248 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14U8 | 1820-2740 | 0 | 1 | IC COMPTR TTL MAGTD 2+NP 8-8T | 28480 | 1820-2740 |
| A14u9 | 1820-1198 | 0 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2-ANP | 01295 | SN74LSO3N |
| A14U10 | $1820-1198$ | 0 |  | IC GATE TIL LS NAND OUAD 2-HNP | 01295 | SN74LS03N |
| A14U11 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCOR TIL LS 3-TO-GLINE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A14U12 | 1820-0621 | 2 | 1 | IC BFR TTL NAND OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SN7438N |
|  | 1200-0552 | 4 | 1 | SOCKET-CC 40-CONT DPPSLDR | 06775 | 1CN-406-E-S4-630 |
| A14U13 | $\begin{aligned} & 1820-2100 \\ & 1200-0654 \end{aligned}$ | 6 7 | 1 | IC-PERIPHERAL INPUT/OUTPUT (PIO) SOCKET-HC 4O-CONT DIP DAP-SLDA | $\begin{aligned} & 50008 \\ & 01295 \end{aligned}$ | $3861 / \mathrm{MKK} 50005 \mathrm{~N}$ C8740-01 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\underset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1896a 7022014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14U14 |  |  |  | II A14UI4 tals, order pert lleted for seriel prifices 2212A and above. You must atso order A1313, A13U4, and A13U9. |  |  |
| $2212 A$ and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A14U14 | 1818-1364 | 7 | 1 | ROM \#11 | 29480 | 1818-1364 |
|  | 1200-0541 | 1 |  | SOCKETHC 24-CONT DPP DPPSLDR | 01295 | c8724-01 |
| A14U15 | 1820-1112 | 8 |  | IC FF TIL LS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74LS74AN |
| A14U16 | $1820-1112$ | 8 |  | IC FF TIL LS D-TYPE POS-EDCE-TRIG | 01295 | SN74LS74AN |
| A14U17 | $08901-60004$ | 4 | 1 | PROM, PROGRANMED | 28480 | 00901-80004 |
| Alavis | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | C DCOR TTL LS 3-TO-LINE 3-HNP | 01295 | SNTALSISEN |
| A14U19 | 18200054 | 5 | 1 | $1 C$ GATE TIL MAND OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SN7400w |
| A14420 | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | CC NV TIL LS MEX 1 HMP | 01295 | SNTALSOAN |
| A14U21 | 1820-1200 | 5 | 3 | CONV TIL LS HEX | 01295 | SN74LSOSN |
| A14U22 | 1820-1200 | 5 |  | ICNV TTLLS HEX | 01295 | SN74LSOSN |
| A14VRI | 19023182 | 0 |  | DIODE-2NR 12.1V 5\% D0.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3182 |

## Table 63. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number | C | Qty. | Description | Mfr. | Mfr. Part Number |

## A15

| 1933A to 2801A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15 | 08901-60116 | 7 | 1 | RF InPUT ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60116 |
| 2212A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15 | 08901-60183 | 8 | 1 | PF INPUT ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60183 |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A 16 | 08901-60256 | 6 | 1 | RF INPUT ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60256 |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15AT1-AT3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15ATI | 0699-1289 | 0 |  | 20 DB ATTENUATOR | 28480 | 0699-1289 |
| A15AT2 | 0699-1288 | 9 |  | 10 DE ATTENUATOR | 28480 | 0699-1288 |
| A15AT3 | 0699-1289 | 0 |  | 20 DB ATTENUATOR | 28480 | 0699-1289 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C1 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .01UF + 2098100 VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 2543 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C1 | 0160-4832 | 4 | 6 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-1046 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C2 | 0160.4741 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .22UF + $10 \%$ 50VDC CER | 06383 | PK22X7R1+224K-T |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C2 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | $0160-6222$ | 0 | 2 | CAPACITOR-PKD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-6222 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C3 | 0160-0576 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| 2643A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C3 | 0160-4835 | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR-PXD .IUF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| 1933A 20 2251A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C4 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACITOA-FXD GOUF +-1040 EVDC TA | 56289 | 150D606X9006B2 |
| 2302A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C4 | 0180-2929 | 8 | 6 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 68UF +-10\% 10VDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI6C5 | 0160.0576 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-PXD .1UF +-2046 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| Al6C6 | 0160-3878 | 6 | 47 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +2040 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| 2543A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A16C5 | 0160-4835 | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| AlbC6 | 0160-4822 | 7 | 6 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A15C7 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225)9020A2 |
| A15C8 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-PXD $2.2 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C9 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF + 2096 100VDC CEA | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 2543A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C9 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-PXD .01UF +-1090 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 22014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C10 | 0180-4741 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD 22UF +-10\% 50VDC CER | 06383 | FK22X7A1H224K-T |
| 2212A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C10 | 0180-3878 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| 2543A and abock |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C10 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTORFXD 1000PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C11 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105x7R102M100V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C11 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF -5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4822 |
| 1933A 20 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C12 | 0160-4654 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXO 530PF +-5\% 50VDC CER 0+-30 | 06383 | FDI2C0G14531J |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0160-4502 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 390PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 01604502 |
| 19334 to 20514 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C13 | 0160.0571 | 0 | 8 | CAPACTORFXD 470PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD11X7R2A471M |
| 2302A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C13 | 0160-4062 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 470PF $+10 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4062 |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C14 | 0160-4031 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XOL 330PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G331J100V |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C14 | 0160-4678 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR + XD 470PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4678 |
| 1933 to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C15 | 0160.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XX .01UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 2543 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C15 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIORFXO .OTUF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| 1933A 20 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C16 | 0160-4889 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD CER 1800PF | 28480 | 0160-4889 |
| 2212A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C16 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105X7R102M100V |
| 2543A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C16 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| 1933A co 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{AlSCl}^{7}$ | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A15C18 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-XD . O1UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A15C19 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105X7R102M100V |
| A15C20 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD . $014 \mathrm{LF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 2543 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C17 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A15C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD .01UF +10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A15C19 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A15C20 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .OIUF +10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |

Table 63. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15C21 | 0180-0058 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 50UF+75-20\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D5066025CC2 |
| A15C22 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | 150D225×9020A2 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C23 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-PXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A15C24 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| 2543A and cbove |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C23 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + 5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A15C24 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .OILF +-10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A15C25 | 0160-492 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOFFXD 18PF $+5 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER} 0+30$ | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G1801200V |
| 1933A to 2642A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C26 | $0160-3877$ | 5 | 9 | CAPACTTOR-PXD 100PF + -20\% 200VDC CER | 0996 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |
| 2543A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.15C26 | 0160-4801 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 100PF + -6\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4801 |
| A15C27 | 0180-2205 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD $33 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56269 | 1500334X9035A2 |
| 1933A 20 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C28 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C28 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 0160-6222 | 0 | 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF + -2096 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-6222 |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C29 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15C29 | 0160-4616 | 2 | 2 | CAPACITOAFXD 560PF + 50 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4616 |
| A15CR: | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
|  | 4330-0145 | 8 |  | INSULATOR-BEAD GLASS | 28480 | 4330-0145 |
|  |  |  |  | SEE R10* FACTORY SELECTION PROCEDURE IN SECTION 5 |  |  |
| A15CR2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15CR3 | $1901-0518$ | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A15CR4 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DICOE-SWITCHING INA 150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | IN4150 |
| A15CR5 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15CR6 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15CR7 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DICDE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A15CR8 | 1909-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A15J1 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-AF SMC M PC 50-OHM <br> NUT-HEX-DBLLCHAM 10-32-THD . 067 -IN.THK <br> WASHERLK INTL T NO. 10.195 HNHD CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50 -OHM <br> NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 10.32-THD . O67-IN-THK WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 10 . 195 -INHD | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0.3/111 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  |  | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  |  | 16179 | 500222 |
| A15,12 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  |  | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/119 |
|  | 2950.0078 | 9 |  |  | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  |  | 16179 | 500222 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & D \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mtr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19334 to 22014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15K1 | 0490-1073 | 8 | 1 | RELAYPREED 1A 250 MA TEOVAC 4.5VDC-COR | 15636 | R2974-1 |
| 2212A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15K1 | 0090-1185 | 3 | 1 | RELAYREED 1A 500MA 100VDC SVOC-COL | 28480 | 0490-1185 |
| 2543 A and above ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AISKI | 04s0-1452 | 7 | 1 | RELAY-REED 1A SOOMA 100VDC SVdC-COL | 28480 | 0490-1452 |
| A15k2 | 0490-1158 | 0 | 4 | ReLay zc svocicon 1a zevoc | 11532 | 712Y-1A22 |
|  | 3050-0737 | 0 |  |  | 00000 | ORDEA EY DESCRIPTION |
| A15K3 | 0490-1158 | 0 |  | PELAY 2C 5VDC-COM 1A 28 VDC | 11532 | 712Y-1A22 |
|  | 3050-0737 | 0 |  | WASHERFL MM 1/4 2540NHD.4ENOD | 00000 | ORDEA EY DESCRIPTION |
| A15K4 | 0400-1158 | 0 |  | Relay ze 5Vdc-coul 1a z8VDC | 11532 | 712Y-1A22 |
|  | 5050-0737 | 0 |  | WHSHERFL MM 1/4 254WHD .4N-OD | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION |
| A15ks | 0490-1158 | 0 |  | RELAY 2C SVDC-COR 1A zevoc | 11532 | 712Y-1A22 |
|  | 8050-0737 |  |  | WUSHERFL MM 1/4 254 -WHD .4HN-OD | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15L1 | 9140-0333 | 9 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 9TONH $+\mathbf{5 \%}$ | 91637 | M-2.91LH 5\% |
| A15L2 | 9140-0143 | 9 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMED $3.34 H+10 \%$ | 91637 | M-2 3.3UH 10\% |
| A15L3 | 9100-2260 | 1 | 1 | WOUCTOR RF-CHHML $1.8 U H+10 \%$ | 91637 | M-2 1.8UH 10\% |
| A15LA |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15L1 | 9100-2257 | 6 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHMMD $8200 \mathrm{NH}+10 \% .1050 \times .26 \mathrm{LG}$ | 28480 | 9100-2257 |
| A15L2 | 9100-2261 | 2 | 1 | NDUCTOR AF-CHMED $2.70 \mathrm{HH}+10 \% .1050 \times .26 \mathrm{LG}$ | 28480 | 9100-2261 |
| A15L3 | 9140-0142 | 8 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMLD $2.2 \mathrm{UH}+10 \% .105 \mathrm{D} \times .26 \mathrm{LG}$ | 28460 | 9140-0142 |
| A15L4 | 9100-2258 | 7 | 1 | NDUCTOR RF-CHMELD $1.2 \mathrm{UH}+\mathbf{- 1 0 \%} .1050 \times 26 \mathrm{LG}$ | 28480 | 9100-2258 |
| A15MP1 | 00901-00032 | 0 | 1 | COVER, RF MPIT (INCUUDES P.C. EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 00901-00032 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25 HN-L PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| $\Delta$ | 3050-0018 | 8 |  | WUSHERFL. MTLC NO.6 .147-INHD | 00600 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A15MP2 | $8160-9280$ | 6 |  | RFI STRIP-FMGEERS BE-CU ZINC PLATED | 30017 | 97-500-zC |
| A15MP3 | 08901-00054 | 6 | 1 | SUPPORT, SHELD | 28480 | 08901-00054 |
| A15MP4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 | 13 | STRAP. GROUND | 28460 | 5001-5539 |
| A15MP5 | 00301-20082 | 2 | 8 | P.C. BOARD EXTPACTOR | 28480 | 08901-20082 |
| A15MP6 | 3050-0623 | 7 |  |  | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A1501 | 1853-0281 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2S07A SI TO-18 PD=400NW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1502 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NE907A SI TO-18 PD=400NW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| ${ }^{1503}$ |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A1504 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A1505 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A1506 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400wW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| ${ }^{11507}$ | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2NESO7A SI TO-18 PD=400w | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1508 | 1253-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PAP 2NESO7A SI TO-18 PD=400NW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1509 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TMANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=500 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 24.1027 | Xurzscpro-1 |
| A15010 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{NWW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2M627 | X $2228 \mathrm{CP20-1}$ |
| A15011 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ | 2M627 | CP4071 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15R1 | 0898-7209 | 4 | 14 | RESISTOR $75+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A15R2 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12458 | CT4-1/8-TO-125R-F |
| A15R3 | 0698.7195 | 7 | 4 | RESISTOR $19.6+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C2-1/8-T0-1976-F |
| A15R4 | 0698-7195 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $19.6+-1 \%$. O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C2-1/8-70-19P6-F |
| A15R5 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A15R6 | 0698-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.1961-F |
| A15RT | 0698.7209 | 4 |  | RESSTIOR $75+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-75ROF |
| A1588 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-825A-F |
| A15R9 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-2152F |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R10 | 0080-7207 | 2 |  | RESSSTOR 61.9 1\% .05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/0-T0.61R9-5 |
| 22124 to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R10 | 0000-7205 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR 51.1 1\% OSW F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-51RI-F |
| 2121 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al5R10*S | 0609-0252 | 5 | 1 | PESSSTOR 52.8 +5\% .2W TF TCmon-100 | 12498 | C3-1/2-TO-52R8-F |
|  | 1600-0265 | 4 | 1 | NICKEL-DISK . 15 N . OIN ASTM F-15 | 28480 | 1600-0265 |
| ${ }^{\text {A15R11 }}$ | 0098-7209 | 4 |  | REESSTOR $75+1 \%$.OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/2-T0.75R0F |
| A15R12 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 + $1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-TO-82SRF |
| A15R13 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $21.5 K+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A15R14 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| 1933A to 2012A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R15 | 0699-0136 | 4 | 2 |  | 28480 | 0699-0136 |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R15 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AISR16 |  |  |  | NOT ASSKGNED |  |  |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al5R16 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+\mathbf{1 \%} .125 W$ TF TC=0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| A15R17 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152F |
| A15R18 |  |  |  | HOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlSR19 | C6990136 | 4 |  |  | 28480 | 0689-0136 |
| Al5R20 | 0689-0132 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR $248+1 \% .25 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0699-0132 |
| AlSR21 | 06990133 | 1 | 3 | RESISTOR 61.9 +1\% .25W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | $0609-0133$ |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlSR19 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| AlsR20 |  |  |  | NOT ASSEGED |  |  |
| A15R21 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15R22 | $0698-7209$ | 4 |  | RESESTOR $75+1 \%$.05W TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-TO-75RO-F |
| A15R23 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-TO-825R-F |
| A15R24 | 0699-0071 | 6 | 3 | RESISTOR 4.64M +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 18701 | 50338 |
| A15R25 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Deaignation | AP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cts. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A15R26 | 0099-0071 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 4.64M + $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC=0 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 19701 | 50338 |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R27 | 06990137 | 5 | 1 |  | 29480 | 06990137 |
| 2121A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R27 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A15R28 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-TO-101-F |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al5Re9 | 0099-0135 | 3 | 3 | PESISTOR 71.2 +-1\% 25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 11502 | HFC65 |
| A15R30 | 00090134 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 96.3 +-1\% .25W F TC=0+100 | 28480 | 0699-0134 |
| 2421A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15129 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| Al5R30 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15R31 | 009e-7209 | 4 |  | PESISTOR $75+1 \%$. OSW TF TC= 0 + 100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-75R0-F |
| A15R32 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOA $825+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/0-TO-625P-F |
| A15R33 | 0690-3443 |  |  | RESISTOR $287+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A15R34 | 0698-7212 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-100RF |
| A15R35 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCas $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-70-2152-F |
| ${ }^{\text {A15R36 }}$ | 0898-8827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA |
| A15R37 | 06983452 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 147K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1473-F |
| 1933A 20 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R38 | 0699-0133 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 61.1 +-1\% 25W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0699-0133 |
| 2121 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R38 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15R39 | 0698-3266 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 237K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-2373-F |
| 1933A to 2412A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R40 | 06990132 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 248 + 1\% .25W F TC=0 | 28480 | 0699-0132 |
| 2121A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R40 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15R41 | 06990071 | 6 |  | RESUSTOR 4.64M $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R |
| A15R42 | 21003054 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMA 50K 10\% TKF SIDE-ADJ | 73138 | 89PR50K |
| A15R43 | 089e-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961-F |
| A15R44 | 0698-0004 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-2151F |
| 1933A to 2112A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R45 | 0093-0133 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $61.1+1 \% .25 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0699-0133 |
| 2621A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R45 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al5R46 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15R47 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101-F |
| 22124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al5R46 | 0688.7242 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.78K 1\% .05W F TC=0 -100 | 28480 | 0696-7242 |
| A15R87* | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $237+1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CT3-1/8-TO-237A-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Pant Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1sf48 | 0698-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $75+1 \%$. OSW TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-75ROF |
| A15R49 | 0093-0092 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 454 +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640- |
| A15R50 | 0888-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-4640-F |
| A15R51 | $0038-0082$ | 7 |  | RESSTOR A64 +1\% .125w TF TCmoti00 | 12498 | CT41/Q-T0-4640-F |
| A15R52 | 0690-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-4640-F |
| A15R53 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-511R-F |
| A15R54 | 0690-3454 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 215K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-2153-F |
| A15R55 | 0890-0082 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $464+1 \% .125 W$ IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-4640F |
| A15R56 | 0757-0465 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+\mathbf{3} \%$. $225 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-70-1003-F |
| A15R57 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESSTIOR 3.16K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT-1/R-T0-3161F |
| A15R58 | $0757-0428$ | 1 |  | RESISTOR 1.52K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/0-T0-1621-F |
| A15R59 | $0757-0462$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A15R60 | 00083460 | 1 | 1 | PESSSTOR 422K +i\% .125W TF TCm0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4 |
| A15R61 | $0757-042$ | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC=0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| 1933A to 22014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R52 |  |  |  | NOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| 2212A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R62 | 0698-7212 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 100 + $1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-100R-F |
| 2543 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15R62 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A15TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-ESC-S2 SO | 12360 | 24-155-101001-03-00 |
| A15U1 | 1826-0013 | 8 | 3 | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE 8-TO-99 PKG |  |  |
| A15U2 | 1826-0098 | 9 |  | IC COMPARATOR PRCN 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMR11H |
| A1543 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1826-0141 | 3 | 1 | C COMPARATOR GP DUAL 14-DP-C.PKG LM319 | 27014 | LM319] |
| 1333A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15W1 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2543A and obove |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A15W1 | 8150-4819 | 4 | 1 | WRE JUMPER | 28480 | 8150-4819 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A16 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGMED |  |  |
| A17 |  |  | 08901-60002-SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2607 A |  |  |  |
| 417 | cesor-60002 | 0 | 1 | MPUT MOXER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60002 |
| A17C1 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR +XD . OIUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 00969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A17C2 | $0160-4084$ | 6 |  | CAPMCTTOR-XD . IUF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A17c3 | $0150-3873$ | 1 | 5 | CAPACITOR+XD 4.7PF +-.5PF 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105COGAR70200V |
| A17Ca | $0180-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .OTUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | APE127-106X7R103M100V |
| A17C5 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .OTUF + $20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R10sM100V |
| A17C6 | 0160.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR $\times$ XD . O1UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | PPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A17C7 | 0180-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .01UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A17C8 | 01800197 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225xS02012 |
| A17C9 | $0180-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A17C10 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR FXD . 01 UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105x7R103M100V |
| A17C11 | 0160-4004 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD . IUF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09869 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A17C12 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .1UF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE122-139X7R1O4M50V |
| A17C13 | 0180-4497 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTTOR + XD 82PF +-5\% 200VDC CER $0+30$ | 09969 | PPE121-105C06820 200 V |
| A17C14 | 0180-4652 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 960PF + $1 \%$ 500VDC MICA | 00953 | ROM19F961FSC |
| A17C15 | 01804647 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTIOR $+X D$ 15APF + $1 \%$ 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-4647 |
| ${ }^{1} 17 \mathrm{Cl6}$ | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD . $14 \mathrm{~F}+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 00969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A17C17 | 0160-4646 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-FXD 44APF $+1 \%$ S00VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-4646 |
| A17C38 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .1UF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139×7R104M50V |
| A17C19 | 0160-4387 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 47PF $+5 \%$ 200VOC CER $0+30$ | 09969 | RPE121-105COG4701200V |
| A17c20 | 0160-4641 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 3520PF + $1 \%$ 50VDC | 84611 | HEW-745 |
| A17C21 | 0160-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD . $14 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A17C22 | 0160-4651 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-FXD 817PF + $1 \%$ 500VDC MACA | 00853 | RDM19F(817F5S |
| A17c23 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR $+\times$ OD . 14 F + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A17C24 | 0180-0376 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR + XD . 47 T F+ $10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500474×5035A2 |
| A17C25 | 0160-4387 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD 47PF +5\% 200VDC CER $0+30$ | 09969 | RPE121-105COG4701200V |
| A17C26 | 0160-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD . IUF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A17C27 | 08901-00064 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTIOR STRAP | 28480 | 08901-00064 |
| A17CR1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHMG 1N4150 50V 200mA ANS | 9N171 | 1 M 4150 |
| A17CR2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DCODESWTTCHENG 1M4150 50V 200mM 4 NS | SN171 | 1N4T50 |
| Al7CR3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNGG 1 ML 15050 V 200 MA ans | 9N171 | 3N4150 |
| A17CRa ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNGG 1 Ne150 50 V 200MA ANS | 9N471 | INA150 |
| A17CRS $\triangle$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWHTCHMG 1 IN150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A17CR6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHMNG 1 TM150 50 V 200 MA ANS | $9 \times 171$ | inkiso |
| A170S1 | 1930-0524 | 3 |  |  | 28480 | 5082-4550 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & D \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A 17$ |  |  | 08901-60002 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2607A |  |  |  |
| A1751 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONWECTORAF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82Suc-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THO .067-HN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 21500124 | 4 |  | WASFER-LK NTL T NO. 10.195 NHID | 16179 | 500222 |
| A1782 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONAECTORAF SMC M PC 50-01M | 06877 | s2sinc-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 0 |  | MUT-HEX-OBL-CHAM 10-S2-THD .067-HT-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WHSHERHK WNL T NO. 10.195-NND | 16179 | 500222 |
| A17.3 | 1250.1220 | 0 |  | COMNECTORAF SMC M PC 50-014M | 06877 | gesmac-50-0-3/111 |
|  | $2050-0078$ | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 1032-THO .067-HN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK INTL T MO. 10.195 -AHD | 16179 | 500222 |
| A1721 | 9100-3922 | 4 | 21 | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A172 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A172 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 91003922 |
| A17L4 | $9100-3922$ | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| Al7LS | 9100-4434 | 5 | 1 | WOUCTOR 240UH + $2 \%$. $1650-\mathrm{N} \times 385$ LG-N | 28480 | 9100-4434 |
| A176 | 91400302 | 2 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHMRD $21.9 U H+-2 \%$ | 32159 | 6-02741 |
| A1727 | 91400131 | 5 |  | NDUCTOR RFF-CHMLD $100 \mathrm{MH}+\mathbf{5 \%}$ | 91637 | Wh-10 10000UH 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A17LS | 00901-80002 | 2 | 1 | NDUCTOR, VARLABLE | 28480 | 09901-80002 |
| 2110A to 2607A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A17L8 | 9140-0840 | 3 | 1 | MLDUCTOR, VARIABLE | 28480 | 9140-0840 |
| A17L9 | 9140-0131 | 5 |  | WDUCTOR PF-CH-MLD 10MH +5\% | 91637 | melo 10000UH 5\% |
| A17L10 | 8100-1626 | 1 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHMLD 36UH +-5\% | 91637 | mh- 36uH 5\% |
| 1933 A 100 2350A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A17LII | 08501-40001 | 1 | 1 | MOUCTOR, VARUABLE | 28480 | 00501-80001 |
| 2410A 10 2607A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A17L11 | 97400041 | 4 | 1 | MDUCTOR, VARIABIE | 28480 | 91400841 |
| ${ }^{\text {A }} 1712$ | 9140-0303 | 3 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 89.3UH +-2\% | 32159 | 6.02742 |
| A17213 | 91400131 | 5 |  | NDUCTOR PF-CHMMD 10MH +5\% | 91637 | M-10 10000UH 5\% |
| A17MP9 | 00901-00030 | 8 | 1 | COVER, WPIT MUXER | 28480 | 00301-00030 |
|  |  |  |  | (NUCUDES P.C. EXTRACTOR) |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{286000113}$ | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-NNLS PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 28480 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION Ces01-20082 |
| A17MP2 A17MP3 | 80901-20082 | 2 |  | P.C. BONRD EXTRUCTOR RFI STRP-FINGERS BE-CU ZINC PLATED | 28480 30817 | -0901-20082 |
| A17MP4 | 5001-0173 | 7 |  | STRAP, GROUAD | 28480 | 5001-0173 |
| A1701 | 18530281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NE907A SI TO-18 PD=400NW | 04713 | 292907A |
| A1702 | $1853-0281$ | 9 |  | TPANSISTOR PAP 2NE907A 51 TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2 C 2907 A |
| A1703 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NR907A SI TO-18 PD=400NW | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1704 | 1854-0632 | 6 | 1 | TRWNSISTOR NPN SI PD $=180 \mathrm{WW}$ FTEAGHZ | 25403 | BFR91 |
| A1705 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TFANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 2 M 627 | X ${ }^{\text {a289CP20-1 }}$ |
| A1706 | 1854-0720 | 3 | 1 | TRANSISTOR MPN SI PD $=5000 \mathrm{WW}$ FTHE4GHZ | 28460 | 1854-0720 |
| A1707 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PAW ST PD-30COW FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 246827 | XA22BCP20-1 |
| A1708 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | THANSISTOR MPN SI TO-92 PO=300MW | 294627 | CP4071 |
| A17R1 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002- |
| A17R2 | 0157-0200 | 7 |  | RESSSTOA 5.62K $+1 \%$. $225 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621- |
| A17R3 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A17R4 | 0698-8821 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $5.62+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | 1040 |
| A17R5 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |

# Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts 

| Reference Designation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17 |  | 08901-60002-SERAA PREFIX 1933A TO 2607A |  |  |  |  |
| Ai7R6 | 0090-0087 | 2 | 1 | PESISTOR $316+1 \%$,25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | NA5-1/4-TO-3160-F |
| A17R7 | 0089-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K +1\% .12SW IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611F |
| A17R8 | 0699-0135 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $71.2+1 \%$,25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 11502 | HFCES |
| A17R9 | 0009-0135 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $71.2+1 \%$, 25W TF TC=0+100 | 11502 | HFC65 |
| A17R10 | cese-7204 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 46.4 +-1\% .OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-TO-46R4-F |
| A17R11 | 0090-7220 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR $215+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A17R12 | $0688-7204$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR $46.4+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/6-T0-46R4-7 |
| A17R13 | $0757-0467$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 121K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1213F |
| A17R14 | 0686-3157 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 19.6K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962F |
| A17R15 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1001F |
| A17R16 | 0090-0992 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $34.8+1 \% .125 W$ ITN TC $=0+100$ | 11502 | HFC. 55 |
| A87R17 | 0757.0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.81K +1\% .125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.6811-f |
| A17A18 | $0757-0441$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K + 1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251F |
| A17R19 | 0090-7204 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 46.4 +-1\%.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-46R4-F |
| A17R20 | 0757-0799 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR $121+1 \%$. 5 W TF TC $=0+100$ | K8479 | H2 |
| A17R21 | 0690-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-2611F |
| A17R22 | 0690-7205 | 0 | 6 | RESISTOR 51.1+1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CS-1/B-TO-SIR1-F |
| A17R23 | 0698-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-TO-51R1F |
| A17R24 | 0898-7216 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $147+1 \%$.O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/B-T0-147R-F |
| A17R25 | 06983154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.20K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-TO-4221-F |
| A17R26 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A17R27 | 0698-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.O5W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | C3-1/B-TO-51R1f |
| A17R28 | 0757-0278 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 1.78K $+1 \%$.125W TF TCm0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-1781F |
| A17R29 | 0757-0278 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.78K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-1781-F |
| A17R30 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| A17R31 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/R-TO-101-f |
| A17R32 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | M 22 |
| A17R33 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $121+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-121R-f |
| A17R34 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-5 |
| A17R35 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| A17R36 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+\mathbf{1 \%} .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-101F |
| A17R37 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/9-T0-1003F |
| A17R38 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESSTOR $121+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO.121R.F |
| A17R39 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| A17R40 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $121+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-121R-F |
| A17R41 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1003-F |
| A17R42 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+i \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101F |
| A17T1 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 00501-60031 | 7 | 1 | Trawsformer encapsulated | 28460 | 06901-80031 |
| A17U1 | $06901-67001$ | 3 | 1 | MEXER CIRCUIT | 28480 | 00801.57001 |
|  | 0340-0850 | 0 | 2 | MSULATOR-XSTR TFE | $13103$ | 717-158T |
|  | 1251-1556 | 7 | 18 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT .OS-IN-BSC-SZ RND | 98291 | 006-4844-00-0-990 |
| A17u2 | 1826-0412 | 1 |  | IC COMPARATOR PRCN DUAL 8-DIP-P PKG | 27014 | LM393N |


| Reference | MP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mfr. Part Number |  |  |


| 147 | 08902-50104 | 4 | 1 | BNPUT MIXER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08902-80104 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17C1 | 01603879 | 7 | 8 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.3879 |
| A17C2 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACITORFXO .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 29480 | $0160-3879$ |
| A17C3 | $0160-3873$ | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 4.7PF +-.5PF 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3873 |
| Al7C4 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+-204100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160.3879 |
| A17C5 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACITORFXD .01UF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.3879 |
| A17C6 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD . DIUF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.3879 |
| A17C7 | 0160.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .01UF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.3879 |
| A17c8 | 01800197 | 8 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 2-2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| A17C9 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +204 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A17C10 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A17Cis | 0160-5469 | 5 | 5 | CAPACITOR-FXD IUF + $10 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.5469 |
| A17C12 | 01604835 | 7 | 5 | CAPACITOP-FXD .1UF +-104 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A17C13 | $0150-4812$ | 0 | 9 | CAPACITORFXD 220PF + 50 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4812 |
| A17C14 | 0150-4652 | 6 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 960PF +.14 500VDC MICA | 00853 | RDM19F961F5C |
| A17C15 | 0160-4647 | 9 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 154PF +-1\% 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 01604647 |
| A17096 | 0180.2929 | 8 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD G8UF + 104 SOVDC TA | 28480 | 0180-2929 |
| A17C17 | 0160-4646 | 8 | 9 | CAPACITOP-FXD 4AAPF +-140 S00VDC MICA | 28480 | 01604646 |
| A17Ci8 | $0160-4835$ | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+\mathrm{-100} \mathrm{\%} 50 \mathrm{VOC}$ CER | 28480 | 01604835 |
| A17C19 | 0160.4814 | 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 150PF + $54 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160.4814 |
| A17C20 | 0160-4641 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 3520PF +.146 50VDC | 28480 | 0160-464 |
| A17C21 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-104 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.4835 |
| A17C22 | 0160-4651 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR.FXD 817PF +-19 500VDC MICA | 00853 | RDM 19F(8iT)F5C |
| A17C23 | 0160-0576 | 5 | 2 | CAPACITOR.FXD .1UF $+.20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| A17C24 | 0160-4535 | 4 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-10\% SOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4535 |
| A17C25 | $0160-4801$ | 7 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF + .5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01604801 |
| A17c26 | 0160-0576 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.0576 |
| A17C27 | 08901-00064 | 8 | 1 | STRAPICAPACITOR | 28480 | 08909-00064 |
| A17C28 | $0160-4512$ | 7 | 2 | CAPACITOR FXD 120PF + 5\% 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4512 |
| A17C29 | 0160-5469 | 5 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD IUF $+.10 \%$ SOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-5469 |
| A17C30 | 0160-4535 | 4 |  | CAPACITORFXD 1UF +-10\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 01604535 |
| A17C31 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .IUF +-10\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-8335 |
| A17c32 | 0160-4822 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF $+59 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | $0160-4822$ |
| A17C33 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF $+10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| A17C34 | 0160.4835 | 7 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-10\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 01604835 |
| A17C35 | 0160-4512 | 7 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 120PF + 54200 VDC CER | 28480 | 01604512 |
| A17036 | 0160.4535 | 4 |  | CAPACITOA.FXD IUF +-10\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 01604535 |
| A17CR, ${ }^{2}$ | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHING 15 S SOMA 750PS DO.7 | 28480 | 1901.0179 |
| A17CR2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG I5V 50MA 750PS DO.7 | 28480 | 1901.0179 |
| A17CR3 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHING INA 15050 V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1NaC150 |
| AlTCRA | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHING 1NG 150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | INAISO |
| A17CR5 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHING INA 150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1Na150 |


| Reference Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17 |  | 08901-60104-SERIAL PREFIX 2609A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| A17CR6 | 1901-0518 | 8 | 2 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A17CR7 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A17CR8 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 1N4 150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A17CR9 | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 1N4150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A170s: | 1990-0524 | 3 | 1 | LED-LAMP LUM-NT = 1MCD IF = 20MA MAX BVR = 5V | 28480 | 5082-4550 |
| A17E1 | 9170-0847 | 3 | 1 | CORE-SHIELDING BEAD | 02114 | 56-590-65/38 PARYLENE |
| A17J1 | 1250-1425 | 7 | 2 | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M SGL HOLE-RR $50-O H M$ | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
| A17.J2 | 1250-1220 | 0 | 2 | CONNECTORAF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | 2180-0124 | 4 | 2 | WASHEPHK INTL T NO. $10.195-\mathrm{NH}$-1D | 28480 | 2180-0124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 | 2 | NUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A17.J3 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC $50-\mathrm{OHM}$ | 28480 | 1250-1220 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-UK INTL T NO. 10.195 -1NHD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 1032-THD .067-INTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A17.34 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M SGL HOLE.AR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
| A17L: | 8100-3922 | 4 | 4 | INDUCTOR-FIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A17L2 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | INDUCTOR-FIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A17L3 | $8100 \cdot 3922$ | 4 |  | INDUCTOR-FIXED 120.1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A17L4 | $8100-3922$ | 4 |  | INDUCTORFIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100.3922 |
| A17L5 | 9100-4434 | 5 | 1 | INDUCTOR 240UH 29\% .165DX. 385LF Q $=65$ | 28480 | 9100-4434 |
| A17L6 | $9100-3313$ | 7 | 1 | INDUCTOR PF-CH-MLD 22UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | $8100-3313$ |
| A17L7 | 9100-1625 | 0 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF.CH-MLD 33UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1625 |
| A17L8 | 9140-0840 | 3 | 1 | COIL-VAR 18UH-56.3UH O= 20 PC-MTG | 28480 | 9140-0840 |
| A17L10 | 9100-1626 | 1 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 36UH 5\% .166DX.385LG | 28480 | 9100-1626 |
| A17L11 | 9140-0841 | 4 | 1 | COIL-VAR 6.1UH-19.1 $\mathrm{UH} \mathrm{O}=20$ PC-MTG | 28480 | 9140.0841 |
| A17L12 | 9140-0303 | 3 | 2 | INDUCTOR RF-CHAMLD 89.3UH $2 \%$ | 28480 | 9140-0303 |
| A17 14 | 9140-0454 | 5 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CHMLD 18UH 5\% . 166 DX .385 LG | 28480 | 9140-0454 |
| A17MP9 | 08902-00026 | 3 | 1 | COVER-MIXER | 28480 | 08902-00026 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 6-32.25-INLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A17MP2 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 | 13 | STRAP, GROUND | 28480 | 5001.5539 |
| A17MP3 | 0363-0159 | 0 | 1 | RFI STRIP-FINGERS BE-CU ZINC PLATED | 28480 | 0363-0159 |
| A1701 | 1853-0281 | 9 | 4 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD $=400 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1708 | 1853-0314 | 9 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NL205A SI TO.39 PD $=$ S00MW | 04713 | 2N2905A |
| A1703 | 1854-0404 | 0 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A1704 | 1854-1032 | 2 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=2.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 04713 | MRF581 |
| A1705 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW} \mathrm{FT}=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A1706 | 1854-1032 | 2 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD $=2.5 \mathrm{~W}$ | 04713 | 1854-1032 |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17 |  | 08901-60104 - SERIAL PREFIX 2609A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| A1707 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TPANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A1708 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD $=400 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A1709 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO. 18 PD $=400 \mathrm{MN}$ | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A17010 | 1853-0314 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NL2905A SI TO39 PD $=600 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N2905A |
| A17011 | 1854-0610 | 0 | 1 | TRANLSISTOR NPN SI TO-46 FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| A17012 | 1858-0008 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PIN PLSTC OIP | 04713 | M $\mathrm{HO} \mathbf{0 6 0 0 1}$ |
| A17Q13 | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TFANSISTOR PNP 2NL2907A S1 TO-18 PD $=400 \mathrm{MW}$ | 04713 | 2N2907A |
| A17R1 | $0757-0442$ | 9 | ; | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .12SW FTC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8.T0-1002F |
| A17R2 | 0757.0200 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.62K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-18.T0-5621.F |
| A17R3 | 0698-3154 | 0 | 5 | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R4 | 0698-8821 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 5.62 1\%.125W F TC $=0+\cdots 100$ | 28480 | 0698-8821 |
| A17R5 | 0698-8821 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 5.62 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0698-8821 |
| A17R6 | 0698-9087 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR $316196.25 \mathrm{WFTC}=0+-100$ | 24546 | C5-1/4-T0.3160.F |
| A17R7 | 0698.0085 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 2.61K 196.125W FTC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-188-T0-2611F |
| A17R8 | 0699-0135 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR 71.2 1\% .25W FTC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0699-0135 |
| A17R9 | 0699-0135 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 71.2 19\%.25W F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0699-0135 |
| A17R10 | 0698.7204 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 46.4 1\% .O5W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-46R4.F |
| A17R11 | 0698.7220 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 21519.05 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-215R-F |
| A17R12 | 0698.7204 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 46.4 140.05W F TC = 0 + 100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T046R4-F |
| A17R13 | 0757-0421 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 825 1\% .125W FTC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A17R14 | 06983154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 140.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4.18.70-4221F |
| A17R15 | 0757.0422 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 909 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A17R16 | 0699-0392 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 34.8 1\% .125W F TC = 0 + -100 | 28480 | 0698-0392 |
| A17A17 | 0757.0439 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $6.81 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8.T0-6811-F |
| A17R18 | 0757.0441 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A17R19 | 0698.7204 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 46.4 1\% .05W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-46R4.F |
| A17R20 | 0757.0799 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOA 121 1\% .5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0757-0799 |
| A17R21 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2691-F |
| A17R22 | 0698.7205 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% . O5W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-51RyF |
| A17R23 | 0698.7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0.51R1.F |
| A17R24 | 0698.7223 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 287 1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0.287R-F |
| A17R25 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A17R26 | 0757-0274 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.21K 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-1211-F |
| A17R27 | 0698-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .05W FTC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-51R1F |
| A17R28 | 0757-0278 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 1.78K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1781F |
| A17R29 | 0757-0294 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 17.8 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0-17R8-F |
| A17P30 | 0698-344 | 8 | 1 | PESISTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A17R31 | 06983431 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 23.7 1\%.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 03888 | PME55-1/8-T0-23R7-F |
| A17R32 | 0757.0418 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 619 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-619RF |
| A17R33 | 0698-3443 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR 287 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-287R.F |
| A17R34 | 06983443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 1\%.125W FTC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A17R95 | 06983154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-4221-F |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mif. Code | Mtr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A17 |  | 08901-60104-SERIAL PREFIX 2609A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |  |
| A17R36 | 0757-0294 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 17.8 1\% .125W F TC = 0 + -100 | 19701 | MF4C1/8-T0.17RE-F |
| A17R37 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 2 | PESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W FTC = 0+-100 | 24546 | C4.1/8.T0.51R1-F |
| A17R38 | 0757-0180 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 31.6 190.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | 0757.0180 |
| A17R39 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | PESISTOR 51.1 14. .125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.51R1.F |
| Aiprac | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 619 140.I25W FTC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-619R-F |
| A17RA1 | 0698,3443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 287 196.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-287R-F |
| A17R42 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 100 940.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.101F |
| A17R43 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 100 1\% .125W F TC $=0+.100$ | 24546 | C4.18-T0-101-F |
| A17R44 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | PESISTOR 619 14\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.619R-F |
| A17RA5 | 0698-4037 | 0 | 2 | PESISTOR 46.4 1\% , 125W F TC $=0+.100$ | 24546 | C4.18-70-46R4.F |
| A17R46 | 0698.8821 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $5.62190 .125 W$ F TC $=0+-100$ | 28480 | $0698-8821$ |
| A17RA7 | 0698-4037 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 46.4 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-T0-68A-F |
| Al7R48 | 0698-3438 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 147 106.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4.18.70.147R.F |
| A17Ra9 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 909 1\% . 125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4.1/8.TO.909R.F |
| A17R50 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 190.125W F TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0-4221-F |
| Aitit | 0890180031 | 7 | 1 | XFME TORDI4.OTRN | 28480 | 0890180031 |
| A17U: | 08901.67001 | 3 | 1 | MIXER CIRCUIT | 28480 | 08901.67001 |
| $\triangle$ - | 0340.1098 | 0 | 1 | INSULATORHC B-NITRIDE | 28480 | 0340.1098 |
|  | 1251-1556 | 7 | 12 | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT . 018 -IN-BSC-SZ | 28480 | 1251-1556 |


| Reference | HP Part | C |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | D | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |

A18

| A18 | 08901-60004 | 2 | 1 | If AMPUFEER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A18Ci | 0180-0094 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 100UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D107G025002 |
| A18c2 | 0180-0094 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 100UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 30D107G025DD2 |
| A18C3 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .O2UF +-2040 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWE302Z5V203M100V |
| A18C4 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD $22.2 \mathrm{UF}+$-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K050AS |
| A18C5 | $0180-2619$ | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD $224 \mathrm{UF}+-1096$ 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226K016AS |
| A18C6 | 0160-0156 | 7 | 1 | CAPACITORFXD 3900PF + 10\% 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 708D1CC392FK201AX |
| A18C7 | 0160-2257 | 3 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 10PF + 5\% 500VDC CER $0+-60$ | 09535 | 301.000-C0H-100D |
| A18C8 | 0140-0198 | 5 |  | CAPACITORFXD 200PF + 5\% 300VDC M | 28480 | 0140-0198 |
| A18c9 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACITORFXD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K050AS |
| Al8Cio | $0160-2242$ | 6 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 24PF +-25PF 500VDC CER | 09535 | 301-000-NPC0-249C |
| Al8C17 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 22UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K050As |
| A18C12 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K050AS |
| A18C13 ${ }^{\triangle}$ | 0160-6623 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-8623 |
| A18C14 | 0160-2265 | 4 | , | CAPACTHORFXD 24PF + 540 500VDC CER $0+30$ | 09535 | $301.000-6060-240 J$ |
| A18C15 | 0160.2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 30PF + $59 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A18C16 | 0160-2205 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 120PF + 5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2205 |
| A18C17 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 15UF+-109 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D156×902082 |
| A18C18 | 0160-2242 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 2.4PF + -25PF 500VDC CER | 09535 | 301.000-NP00-249C |
| A18C19 | $0180-0197$ | 8 |  | CAPACTTORFXO $2.2 \mathrm{UF}+1.10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150022599020A2 |
| A18C20 | 0180.2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTIORFXD $2.2 \mathrm{UF}+-10 \% 50 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 12344 | T355E225K050AS |
| A18C21 | 0160-2265 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTOPFXD 22PF $+5 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER} 0+30$ | 09535 | 301-000-COG0-220J |
| A1BCR1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHANG 1N4 150 SOV 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1NA 150 |
| A18CF2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNG 1 N4150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | INA150 |
| A18CR3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHNG 1N4 150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A18CR4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0880 | 7 |  | DHODE-GEN PRP 125MA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901.0880 |
| A18CR5 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0880 | 7 |  | DHODE-GEN PPP 125 MA DO35 | 28480 | 1901.0880 |
| A18CR6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0518 | 8 | 2 | DIODESM SIG SCHOTTK | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A18CR7 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0518 | 8 | 2 | DIODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901.0518 |
| 1933A to 2439A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A18E1 2443 and above NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AISE] | 9170.0029 | 3 | 1 | CORE SHEHDING BEAD (ADDED TO BASE OF OT) | 28480 | 9170.0029 |
| A1851 | 1250-1205 | 1 | 6 | CONINECTOR-RF SMC M SGLHOLERA 50-OHM | 16179 | 5064.5008-09 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUT-HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-NTTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 10 .195-1N-1D | 16179 | 500222 |
| A1832 | 1250-1205 | 1 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SMC M SGL-HOLEAR 50-OHM | 16179 | 5064-5008-09 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THE | 28480 | 2950.0078 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK INTL T NO. $10.195-1$ NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
| A18L1 | 9100.1628 | 3 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD $43 \mathrm{UH}+\mathbf{5 9 \%}$ | 91637 | IM-4 43UH 5\% |
| A18L2 | 9140-0237 | 2 | 1 | INDUCTOR RF-CHMED 200UH + 5 -5\% | 91637 | IM.4 200UH 5\% |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Nember | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & D \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A189MP1 | 08901-00029 | 5 | 1 | COVER, F AMPLIFIER | 28480 | 08901-00029 |
|  | 2060-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32.25-MHLS PANHO-POZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A18MP2 | 08901-20082 | 2 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 00901-20082 |
| A1801 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR RPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A1802 | 18540071 | 7 |  | TRWUSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A1803 | 1853-0018 | 0 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNWP SI TO-72 PD= 200 mW FT $=1 \mathrm{CHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0018 |
| 1933A 1002912 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1894 | 1854-0345 | 8 | 1 | TRANSESTOR NPN 2NS5179 SI TO-72 $\mathrm{PO}=200 \mathrm{WW}$ | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| 22274 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1894 | 1854-0477 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 202223A |
| A1805 | 1053-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NESES SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| A1806 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A1807 | 1854-0610 | 0 | 5 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-46 FT=800NHEZ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| A18R1 | 0698-3429 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 19.6 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 29627 | CRB14 OR CRB25 |
| A18R2 | 0698-3429 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $19.6+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CRB14 OR CRB25 |
| A18R3 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A18R4 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641F |
| A18R5 | 0757-0278 | 9 |  | RESISTOA 1.78K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1781-f |
| A18R6 | 0698-3453 | 9 |  | RESSSTOA 3.83K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831- |
| A18R7 | 0690-3434 | - |  | RESISTOR 34.8 $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D6439 | MK2 |
| A18R8 | 0757-0418 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $619+1 \%, 125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0.619R-F |
| A18R9 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A18R10 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOA $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-511R-F |
| A18R11 | 0598-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 +1\% .125W TF TC=0 $\mathbf{+ 1 0 0}$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R-f |
| A18R12 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOA 5.11K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A18R13 | 0606-0083 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR $1.96 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-1961F |
| A18R14 | 0757-0338 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% -25W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | M 45 -1/4-TO-1001F |
| A18R15 | 06903429 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 19.6 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | $2 \mathrm{m627}$ | CRB14 OR CRB25 |
| A18A16 | 0688-3446 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 383 + 1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A18R17 | $0838-3446$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 383+1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-383R-F |
| A18R18 | 0609-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOA 348 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A18819 | 2100.0552 | 3 |  | RESSISTOP-TRIMR $5010 \%$ TKF SIDE-AD 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-0552 |
| A18R20 | 0698-3150 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $2.37 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2371F |
| A18R21 | 0698.344 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 316 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-316R-F |
| A18822 | 0600-3440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $196+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 ${ }^{\text {+ }} 100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-196R-F |
| 1933A 0022514 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A18R23 | 2100-3350 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMA 200 10\% TKF SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 21003350 |
| A18R24 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-511R-F |
| 23024 and aboue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al8R23 | 2100-3851 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMA 500 10\% C SIDE-ADS 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3351 |
| A18R24 | 0680346 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $383+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3838.F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A18R25 | 0757-0402 | 1 | 7 | RESISTOR $110+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-111-F |
| Albr26 | 0757-0395 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $56.2+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-56R2-F |
| A18R27 | 0757-0402 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $110+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-111-F |
| A18R28 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 287K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-f |
| A18R29 | $0698-3447$ | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 + 7\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-422R-F |
| A18R30 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-TO-101-f |
| A18R31 | 0757-0422 | 5 | 7 | RESISTOR $909+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C74-1/Q-70-909R-F |
| A18pas2 | 08983431 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR $23.7+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | M ${ }^{\text {c } 21}$ |
| A18R33 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/6-T0-101-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19 |  |  |  | 1. PREF | 1 A |  |


| 1933A to 2617A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 119 | 00801-50024 | 6 | 1 | LO DMIDER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60024 |
| 25184 to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19 | 0800150274 | 8 | 1 | LO DIVIER ASSEmaly | 28680 | $08901-60274$ |
| A19C1 | 0180-0570 | 9 |  | CNPACTOP-XO 220PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105XTR221M100V |
| A19C2 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR $\times$ XO 1000 PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A19C3 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTORA-XO 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09369 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A19C4 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOOA-XD 10009F + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105×7R102M100V |
| A19C5 | 01603878 | 8 |  | CAPACTIORFXO 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {A }} 1906$ | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XX 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| ${ }^{\text {A19C7 }}$ | 01803878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR $\times \times 0$ 10009F $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105×7R102M100V |
| A19C8 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A19C9 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPNCTORPXO $1000 \mathrm{PF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A19C10 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR + XD $2.2 \mathrm{VF}+\mathbf{1 0 \%} 20 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | $1500205 \times 502012$ |
| A19C11 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR $\times \times \mathrm{O}$ 1000 PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| A19C12 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR + XO $2.2 \mathrm{LFF}+10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902012$ |
| A19C13 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR $+\times \mathrm{O}$ 1000PF + $+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105×7R102M100V |
| A19C14 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times 0.01 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A19C15 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A19C16 | $0160-0572$ | 1 |  | CAPACITOR $\times 20$ 2200PF $+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 06383 | FO12x7R2A222M |
| 1933A 102617A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19C17 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| 26318 to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19CI7 | 0160-0576 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTIOR+XD . IUF +20\% 50VOC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105x7R104M5OV |
| A19618 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTORAXD .OIUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R103M100V |
| A19C19 | 0160-0572 | 1 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 2200PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12x7R2A222M |
| A19C20 | 0160-0572 | 1 |  | CNPACTIOR+XD 2200PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDI2X7R2A2ZzM |
| A19C21 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR+XO . IUF +20\% SOVDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M5OV |
| A19C22 | 0160-4034 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD. $14 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M5OV |
| A19C23 | 0160-409 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XX .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M5OV |
| A19C24 | 0180-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTOA-XD. $14 \mathrm{~F}+20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A19C25 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .OTUF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A19C26 | 0160-4004 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .1UF +20\% 5OVDC CER | 09969 | APE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A19C27 | $0160-3979$ | 7 |  | CAPACTOR +XD .01UF +20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | RPE 121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{19} 9198$ | 0160-0572 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD 2200PF $+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 08383 | FDI2X7R2A222M |
| ${ }^{\text {A19C29 }}$ | 0160-0690 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTIOR $+\times$ D $1 P \mathrm{FF}+$-SPF 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDi2Cogralirio |
| A19C30 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OIUF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| ${ }^{19} 9$ c31 | 0160-0572 | 1 |  | CAPMCTOR+XD 2200PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2A202M |
| A19C32 | 0160-3877 | 5 |  | CAPACTOOR + XD 100PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |
| A19C33 | 01603877 | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR $+\times \mathrm{XD}$ 100PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R101M200V |
| A19C34 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CNACMCTOR $\times X \mathrm{XD}$. $01 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R103M100V |
| A19C35 | 01603877 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR $\times$ XD 100PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | Cty. |
| D |  |  |

Description Mfr.
Mfr. Part Number

A19
SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2751A

| A19CR1 | 1901-0033 | 2 | 10 | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO.35 | 9 N171 | 1NEA5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 24104 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AlSCR2 | 0122-0072 | 8 | 4 |  | 28460 | 0122-0072 |
| A19CR3 | 0122-0072 | 6 |  |  | 28480 | $0122-0072$ |
| A19CR4 | 0122-0072 | 6 |  |  | 28480 | 0122.0072 |
| AISCR5 | 0122-0072 | 6 |  |  | 28480 | 0122-0072 |
| 2412A to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19CR2 | 0122-0161 | 4 | 4 | DIODE-WV 22PF 7\% | 29480 | 0122.0161 |
| A19CRS | 0122-0161 | 4 | 4 | DIODE-VVC 2.2PF 7\% | 28460 | 0122.0161 |
| Al9CR4 | $0122-0161$ | 4 | 4 | DODE-VVC 2.2PF 7\% | 28480 | $0122-0161$ |
| AISCR5 | 0122.0161 | 4 | 4 | DIODE-VVC 2.2PF 7\% | 28460 | $0122-0161$ |
| A19CR6 | 1801-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V $200 \mathrm{MA} \mathrm{DO-35}$ | $9 \times 171$ | TNG45 |
| A19CR7 | 1901-1097 | 0 | 2 | DIODEPPN | 28480 | 1901-1097 |
| A19CR8 | 1901-1097 | 0 |  | DIODEPIN | 28480 | 1901-1097 |
| A19CR9 | 1801-0639 | 4 | 1 | DIODEPTN | 28480 | 50823080 |
| A19CR10 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DHODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N645 |
| A19E1 | 9170-0029 | 3 | 5 | CORE-SHELING BEAD | 78488 | 57-3452 |
| A19E2 | 9170-0029 | 3 |  | CORESHEIDING BEAD | 78488 | 57-3452 |
| A1911 | 1250.1200 | 0 |  | CONANECTOR-AF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WUSHERLK WTL T NO. 10.195 -NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 29500078 | 8 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A19,2 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-0HM | 06877 | 82smc-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK INTL T NO. $10.195-1 N-1 D$ | 16179 | 500202 |
|  | 29500078 | 9 |  | NUT-HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A1933 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82smc-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHERHK ENTL T NO. 10.195 HNHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-NTTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A19P91 | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OTHS 22 ANG LEAD DUA | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |
| A19.192 | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 ANG LEAD DA | 11502 | Y20 1/4 |
| AT9P3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGAED |  |  |
| ATSUP4 | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 ANG LEAD DUA | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |
| A1921 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A1912 | $9100-3922$ | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A1943 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A1944 | 91003922 | 4 |  | PF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A1915 | 9135-0068 | 6 | 2 | WDUCTOR, .033 UH | 24226 | $10 \mathrm{M} 033 \mathrm{X}-1$ |
| A19L6 | 9135-0073 | 3 | 3 | MDUCTOR, .051 UH | 24226 | $10.1051 \mathrm{X}-1$ |
| A19L7 | 9135-0068 | 6 |  | MOUCTOR, .033 UH | 24226 | $10 \mathrm{M033x}$-1 |
| A19L8 | 9135-0073 | 3 |  | NDUCTOR, 051 LH | 24226 | 10 mosix - 1 |
| A1949 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A19L10 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | $9100-3922$ |


| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | Cty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2751A

| ${ }^{\text {AlgL }} 11$ | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19L12 | 91003982 | 4 |  | PF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| Aislis | 9140-9210 | 1 |  | MDUCTOR PF-CHEML 100UH +-5\% | 91637 | M-4 100UH 5\% |
| A19L14 | 9135-0073 | 3 |  | MDUCTOR, . 051 UH | 24226 | 109051X-1 |
| A10L15 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| I8334 to 26174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AI9MPI | 00001-00028 | 4 | 1 | CONER, LO DNVOER | 28480 | 08501-00028 |
|  |  |  |  | (MCLUDES P.C. EXTRACTOR) |  |  |
|  | $2060-0113$ | 2 |  | SCREW-HNCH 632.25 -1/ 6 PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER AY DESCRIPTION |
| 28184 to 2751a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19MP1 | 00301-90166 | 1 | 1 | COVER, LO DMDER | 28480 | 08801-00166 |
|  |  |  |  | (MCLUDES P.C. EXTRACTOR) |  |  |
|  | 2060-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MMCH 6-32 25-WHL PANHDPOZ | 00000 | ORICER BY DESCRIPIION |
| A1991P2 | 08352-00039 | 7 | 1 | SHELD. CRICUTT. LaREE | 28400 | 00862-00039 |
| A19MP3 | 00662-00041 | 1 | 1 | SHEED, COMPONENT, LARGE | 29480 | 0ees2-00041 |
| A19MP4 | $5001-0173$ | 7 |  | STPAP. GROUND | 28400 | 5001-0173 |
| A18MP5 | $00901-20082$ | 2 |  | P.C. BCARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 00901-20082 |
| A1901 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NP222A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2nezera |
| A1902 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT= 150 MHZ | 2 M 627 | X1228CP20-1 |
| ${ }^{1} 1903$ | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MH}$ - | 20.627 |  |
| A1904 | 1859-0032 | 8 |  | TTANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PW PLSTC DIP | 27014 | 143146 |
| A19R1 | 0ese-7296 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .OSW IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/Q-70-1001F |
| A19R2 | 0sce-7227 | 6 |  | FESSSTOR $422+i \% .05 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-422R-5 |
| Alprs | 0690-7227 | 6 |  | RESISTOR $422+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/2-T0-422RF |
| A1984 | 0080-7227 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 422 + 1\% .OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-T0-422R.F |
| A19ps | 0690-7227 | 6 |  | PESISTOR 422 +-1\% .OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-422RF |
| A19ab | 0698-7232 | 3 | 4 | RESISTOR 681 + 1\% .OSW IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-681RF |
| A1987 | 0690-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 681 $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-681RF |
| A19R8 | 0098-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 6A1 +1\% .OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| A19R9 | 089e-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $601+1 \%$, OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C2-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| A19R10 | 0690-3437 | 2 | 1 | PESISTOR $133+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-133R-F |
| A19R19 | 0757-0402 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $110+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-111F |
| A19R12 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $909+1 \%$.125W TF TCm0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A19R13 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $909+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A19n14 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $909+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12458 | CT4-1/8-T0-809R-F |
| A19R15 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $909+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-TO-909R-F |
| 19334 to 2517A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al9R16 | 0008-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $75+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-75ROF |
| A18R17 | 0808-7238 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.21K +-1\% .05W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1211F |
| 20184 to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19R16 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESTSTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-4/8-T0.1001-F |
| A19R17 | 0096-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12098 | CT4-1/8-T0-2877+ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts



| A19R45 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 + 1\% .120W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68P1-F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19R46 | 0098-7299 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CS-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19R47 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $511+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R48 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A19R49 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R50 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| Al9R51 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 + 1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68P1-F |
| A19R52 | 0757-0316 | 6 | 1 | RESSSTOA $42.2+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A19R53 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 68.1 $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| Al9R54 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 511 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R+ |
| A19R55 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R56 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+-1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R57 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A19R58 | 0690-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A19R59 | 0008-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \%$. 225 W TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A19R60 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R61 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESSTOR $909+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-903R-f |
| A19R62 | 0038-3158 | 4 |  | RESSTOA $23.7 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2372- |
| A19R63 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0757-0398 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $75+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-75R.F |
| Alspg | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R65 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19R66 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-7 |
| A19R67 | $0757-0397$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1- |
| A19R68 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTO $68.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A19P69 | 0998-3447 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 422 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A19r70 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 + $1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A19R71 | 0899-0083 | 8 |  | RESSTOR 1.96K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961F |
| A19R72- ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0757-0422 | 5 | 11 | RESISTOA S09 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0-509R-F |
| A19R73 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19R74* | 0757.0422 | 5 | 11 | RESISTOR 909 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-909R-7 |
| A19R75 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| Al9R76 | 0680-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $147+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-147RF |
| A19R77 | 0698-3438 | 3 |  | PESSTOR $147+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-147R.F |
| A19R78 | 0688-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $147+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-147RF |
| A19R79 | 0757-0726 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .25 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | NAS-1/4-TO-511R-F |
| A19R80 | $0688-3441$ | 8 |  | RESSTOR 215 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A19R81 | Dese-3447 | 8 |  | RESSTOR $215+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A19R82 | $0098-3441$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| Ai9Re3 | $0757-0446$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511RF |
| Algres | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19R85 | 0757-0997 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $68.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\underset{D}{C}$ Cy. | Description | Mfr. <br> Code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19 Mir. Part Number |  |  |  |  |


| 1933A 10 2S46A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19R86 | 0080-7209 | 4 |  | RESSSTOR 75 -1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/R-TO-75R0-F |
| 2350A 2027514 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19R86 | 0096-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CO-1/R-TO-51R1F |
| 1933A to 2617A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19R87 | 0096-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $75+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-75P0-5 |
| 25184 to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19R21 | 0090-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A19pas | 0ese-7230 | 7 |  | PESISTOR 1K + $1 \%$.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A19R89 | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ |
| A19490 | Cupe-7236 | 7 |  | PESISTOR 1K + 1\% . O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70.1001F |
| A19R91 | 06se-7247 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 2.87K +-1\% . OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-2871F |
| A19R92 | 068e3151 | 7 |  | PEESSTOR $2.87 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871F |
| A19R93 | 0690-7247 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K +1\% . O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-2871.f |
| A19R94 | 0850-7208 | 3 | 1 | RUESISTOR 68.1-1\% .OSW TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-68R1-F |
| A19R95 | 0598-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$.O5W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19R96 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1F |
| A19R97 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R98 | 0698-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12458 | C3-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19R99 | 0690-3439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $178+\mathbf{1 \%} .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1789-F |
| A19R100 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $68.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1F |
| A19R101 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 +-1\% .12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-68R1-F |
| A19R102 | 0690-3439 | 4 |  | RESSSTOA $178+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCm0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-178R-F |
| Al9R103 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-2610-F |
| A1sR104 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R105 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESASTOR 10K + $\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19R106 | 0638-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $75+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0.75R0-F |
| A19R107 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $68.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A19R108 | 0680-7209 | 4 |  | RESESTOR $75+-1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-75PO-F |
| A19R109 | 0688-7229 | 8 |  | RESASTOR $511+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C2-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19Rt10 | 0688-7236 | 7 |  | PESISTOR 1K +-1\% .05W TF TC $=0+1100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001-f |
| 1933A to 2617A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19R111-R116 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| 2618A to 2751A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al9RIII | 0688-3132 | 4 |  | RESESTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCe0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-2610-F |
| A19R112 | 0680-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-51R1f |
| Al9R113 | 0680-3132 | 4 |  | PESISTOR 261 +-1\% .125W TF TCm0 $=100$ | 12998 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610F |
| Al9R114 | 0680-3132 | 4 |  | RESESTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-2610-F |
| A19R115 | 0600-3132 | 4 |  | REStSTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A19R116 | 0398-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610F |
| A197P1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PIN 1.14MM-BSC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A197P2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | COMNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


A19
SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2751A

| Alsu1 | 1820-1225 | 4 | 1 | C FFF ECL DM/S DUAL | 04713 | Mc10231p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19u2 | 1826-0372 | 2 | 6 | CC, A251 LMMIER | 28480 | 1251-0100 |
| ${ }^{\text {Al9us }}$ | 1826-0013 | 8 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE 8-TO-99 PKG | 24355 | ADT41CH |
| Al9u4 | 00901-67002 | 4 | 1 | FREQUENCY DOUBLER | 28480 | $00901-67002$ |
|  | 03400950 | 0 |  | MSULATOR-XSTA TFE | 13103 | 717-158T |
|  | 1251-1556 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT OT-NBSCSSZ AND | 8829 | 006-404400-990 |
| A19U5 | 1826-0372 | 2 |  | IC, A2SI LMMTER | 28480 | A251-0100 |
| A19U6 | 18200817 | 8 |  | ICFFECL DM/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10131P |
| 1933A 20 2667A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19U7 | 1820-1900 | 0 | 2 | $\boldsymbol{1 8 , 8 1 9 6}$ | 23480 | B1964-0100 |
| A19U8 | 1820-1940 | 0 |  | 1C. ${ }^{196}$ | 28480 | B196A-0100 |
| 26184 2027614 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A19U7 | 1820-3485 | 2 |  | IC PRESCR ECL MC12090 | 28480 | 1820-3485 |
| A19U8 | 1820-3405 | 2 |  | $1 C$ PRESCA ECL MCi2090 | 28480 | 1820-3485 |
| Alsus | 1820-0796 | 2 | 1 | IC GATE ECL NOR OUAD 2-ANP | 04713 | MC1662L |
| A19uto | 1826-0372 | 2 |  | IC. A251 LMETER | 28480 | A251-0100 |
| Atgusi | 1826-0372 | 2 |  | IC. A251 LMMTER | 28480 | A251-0100 |
| A19U12 | 1820-0817 | 8 |  | IC FFECL DM/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10731P |
| A19U13 | 1820-1400 | 7 | 2 | IC GATE ECL AND OUAD 2-HNP | 04713 | MC10104P |
| A19414 | 1820-1400 | 7 |  | IC Gate ecle and ound 2-MP | 04713 | MC10304P |
| A19U15 | 1820-0828 | 1 | 2 | IC DCDR ECL EIN 3-TO-S-LINE HMP | 04713 | MC10162P |
| A19436 | 1820-0802 | 1 | 2 | IC GATE ECL NOR OUAD 2-NTP | 04713 | MC10102P |
| A19U17 | 1820.0017 | 8 |  | IC FF ECL DM/S DUNL | 04713 | MC10731P |
| A19418 | 18200928 | 1 |  | IC DCOR ECL BIN 3-TO-ALNE 3MP | 04713 | MC10162P |
| A19U19 | 1220-0802 | 1 |  | IC GATE ECL NOR OUAD 2-HNP | 04713 | MC10102P |
| A19420 | 1820-3052 | 5 | 1 | IC XLIR ECL ECL-TO-TTL OUAD 2-NP | 0473 | MC10125L |
| AlgVris | 1902-0943 | 5 |  | DIODE-ZNP 2.3TV 5\% DO.7 PD=0.4W TC=.074\% | 28480 | 1902-0943 |
| A19var | 1902-0049 | 2 | 3 | DIOOE-ZNR 6.19V $5 \%$ 00.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0049 |
| A19VR3 | 1902-0049 | 2 |  | DIOOE-ZNR 6.19V 5\% DO35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0049 |
| AlgVas | 1902-0049 | 2 |  | DIODE-ZNR 6.19V 5\% D0.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1502-0049 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mtr. | Mtr. Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code |  |  |


| A19 | 00902-60126 | 0 | 1 | LO DVIDER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08902-60126 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19C8 | 01600570 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 220PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 20932 | S024EM100RD221M |
| A1902 | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR+XO $1000 \mathrm{PF}+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | $0160-3878$ |
| A1903 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 1000PF + 20\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 01603878 |
| A19C4 | $0160-3878$ | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF +20\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A19C5 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF $+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| ${ }^{19} 196$ | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF +20\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0180.3878 |
| A19C7 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A19C8 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | $0160-3878$ |
| A19C9 | $0160-3878$ | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A19C10 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56299 | $1500225 \times 9020 \mathrm{A2}$ |
| A19C11 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C12 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| A19C13 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF + 20\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C14 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-PXD . $01 \mathrm{UF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A19C15 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3878 |
| A19C16 | 0160-4830 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD 2200PF +-20\% 100VDC CEA | 28480 | 0160-4830 |
| A19C17 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD 1000PF + 5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C18 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OIUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A19C19 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19C20 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A19C21 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .IUF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19622 | 0160-4935 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD . $1 \mathrm{UF}+200$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19623 | 0160-4635 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD . ILF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4835 |
| A19C24 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD . IUF $+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19C25 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OILF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A19C26 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .IUF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19C27 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD . OTUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4932 |
| A19C28 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19629 | 0160-0690 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1PF +.SPF 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0880 |
| A19C30 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTOR FXO . 01 UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A19031 | 0160-0572 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 2200PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01600572 |
| A19C32 | $0160-3877$ | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 100PF + $20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3877 |
| A19C33 | $0160-3877$ | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 100PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 28480 | $0160-3877$ |
| A19C34 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTOP-FXD . O1UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-3879 |
| A19C35 | 01603877 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 100PF $+20 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-3877 |
| A19053 | $0160-3877$ | 5 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 100PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160.3877 |
| A19C37 | 0160-0577 | 0 | 7 | CAPACTIOR + XD 470PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | $0160-0571$ |
| A19C38 | 0160-4389 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD 100PF +-5PF ZOOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4389 |
| A19C39 | 0160-4830 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR $+\times 1$ 2200PF $+10 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 28480 | 0160-4830 |
| A19C40 | 0160-4830 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD 2200PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4830 |
| Alscat | 0160-4830 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 2200PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4830 |
| A19C42 | 0160.0572 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 2200PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01600572 |
| A19043* | 0160-4491 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD 8.2PF +5\% 200VDC CER | 28480 | $0160-4991$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\underset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Ciy. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19 |  |  | 089 | - SERIA | ND | OVE |


| A19C44 | $0160-3568$ | 1 | 2 | CAPACTOPR+XD $2.7 \mathrm{PF}+5 \%$ 200VOC CER | 51642 | 100-100-NPO-279 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19C15 | 0160-4034 | 8 |  | CAPMCTIOR-XD . IUF +20\% 50 VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A19C46 | $0160-2568$ | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times \mathrm{D} 2.27 \mathrm{PF}+5 \% 200 \mathrm{DDC}$ CER | 51642 | 100-100-NPO-279 |
| A19C47 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C48 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 1000FF +20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C49 | 0180-0590 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 1PF + SPF 100VDC CER | 28480 | 01600890 |
| A19C50 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTOA + XD 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-4822 |
| A19C51 | 0160-482 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR $+\times$ O $1000 \mathrm{PF}+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C52 | 0180-4035 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD . $14 \mathrm{~F}+20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 29480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19C53 | 0160-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-PXD. IUF +-20\% 5OVDC CER | 29400 | 0160-4094 |
| ${ }^{\text {A19CS4 }}$ | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTORFXX 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 29480 | 0180-4022 |
| A19C55 | 0180-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR + XD . $14 \mathrm{~F}+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19C56 | 0160.0571 | 0 |  | CAFACTIOA+XD 470PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 23480 | 0180.0571 |
| A19C57 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 1000PF $+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 26480 | 0160-4822 |
| A19C58 | 0160-4094 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD. 14 F + $20 \%$ SOVDC CEA | 28480 | 0160-4084 |
| A19C59 | 01800571 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 470FF +20\% 100VDC CER | 23480 | 0180.0571 |
| A19660 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR $+\times \mathrm{O}$. IUF $+20 \%$ SOVDC CER | 29880 | 0160-4835 |
| A19061 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD . $14 \mathrm{~F}+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A19C62 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR $+\times \mathrm{D}$ 15UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56299 | 1500156x902082 |
| A19C63 | $0160-3877$ | 5 |  | CAPACTTOR $+X D$ 100PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 28480 | $0180-3877$ |
| A19C64 | 0180-3878 | 6 |  | CAPMCTORFXXD 1000PF +20\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0180-3878 |
| A19C65 | 01800576 | 5 |  | CAPMCTIOR-XD .1UF + 10\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| A19066 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19667 | 0160.0576 | 5 |  | CAPACTOR-XX .1UF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-0576 |
| A19cs8 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19069 |  |  |  | NOT Assigned |  |  |
| A19C70 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A19CR1 | 1901-0033 | 2 | 8 | DICDE-GEN PRP 180V 200M 00.7 | 28400 | 1901-0033 |
| A18CR2 | $0122-0161$ | 4 |  | DIODE-WC 2.2PR 7\% BVR 3 30V | 23480 | 0122-0161 |
| A19CR3 | $0122-0161$ | 4 |  | DIODE-WC 2.2PR 7\% BVR $=30 \mathrm{~V}$ | 29480 | 0122-0161 |
| A19CR4 | $0122-0161$ | 4 |  | DIODE-WVC 22PR 7\% BVR=30V | 24480 | $0122-0161$ |
| A19CR5 | $0122-0161$ | 4 |  | DCODE-WC 22PR 7\% 日VR $=30 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0122-0161 |
| A19C86 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DICOEGEN PRP 180V 200 MA DO 7 | 28480 | 1801-0033 |
| A19C87 | 1901-1097 | 0 | 2 | DIOOEPW | 24450 | 1901-1097 |
| Alscri | 1901-1097 | 0 |  | DIODEPEN | 28480 | 1801-1097 |
| A19C89 | 1901-0639 | 4 | 1 | OLODEPIN | 28480 | 5082-3090 |
| A19CR10 | 1501-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PAP 180V zomu do-7 | 28480 | 1901-0033 |
| Al9E1 | 9170-0029 | 3 | 11 | CORESHHELDMG gead | 20480 | 9170-0029 |
| A19E2 | 9170-0029 | 3 |  | CORESSHELDWG BEAD | 28480 | 9170-0029 |
| A1911 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | COMNECTOP-AF SMC M PC 50-0HM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WUSHERHK NTL T MO. 10.195 INHD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 29500078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 1033-THD .O57-NT-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A1912 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONNECTORAF SMC M PC $50-0$ HM | 29480 | 1250-1425 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHERHK NTL T MO. 10.195-NHD | 28480 | 2190-0124 |
|  | 23500078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .O57-NTHE | 28480 | 2950-0078 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | Cty | Description | Mir. |

08902-60126 - SERIAL PREFIX 2911A AND ABOVE

| A1933 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONAECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK WTL T NO. $10.195-1 / H D$ | 28480 | 2150-0124 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUT+HEX-DBL-CHAM 1032-THD .067-N_THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A19L1 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | MOUCTORFDECD $120-1300 \mathrm{HZ}$ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A19L2 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | MOUCTORFIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A19L3 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | WOUCTORFDEED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| AtgLa | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | MOUCTOR-FIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| AlgL 5 | 9135-0088 | 6 | 2 | WDUCTOR RF-CHEML 33NH 6\% . $1020 \times 28 L G$ | 28480 | 9135-0068 |
| A18L6 | 9135-0073 | 3 | 3 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMRD 51NH 6\% .1020x.26LG | 28480 | 9135-0073 |
| A18L7 | 9135-0068 | 6 |  | NOUCTOR PF-CHEND 33NH 6\% .1020X.26LS | 28480 | 9135-0068 |
| A19L8 | 9135-0073 | 3 |  | WDUCTOR RF-CHMLD 51NH 6\% .1020X.26LG | 28480 | 9135-0073 |
| A19L9 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A19LIO | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | MDUCTORFIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A19L11 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | WDUCTOR-FDEED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A19L12 | $9100-3922$ | 4 |  | WDUCTOR FUEED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A19L13 | 9140-0210 | 1 |  | WDUCTOR RF-CHM ${ }^{\text {M }}$ 100UH 5\% .168DX.385LG | 28480 | 81400210 |
| A19L14 | 9135-0073 | 3 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHMLD $51 N \mathrm{NH} 6 \% .1020 \times .26 L G$ | 28480 | 9135-0073 |
| A19L15 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A18MP1 | 08901-00166 | 1 | 1 | COVER LO DIVIDER | 28480 | 08901-00166 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-N-LG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A1sMP2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 |  | GROUND STPAP | 28480 | 5001-5539 |
| A19mp3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 |  | GROUND STRAP | 28480 | 5001-5599 |
| A19MP4 | 06662-00041 | 1 | 1 | SHELD COMPONENT | 28480 | 06662-00041 |
| A19MP5 | 08562-00039 | 7 | 1 | SHEELD COMPONENT | 28480 | 08662.00039 |
| A1901 | 1254-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOA NPN 2NE222A SL TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2n2222a |
| A1902 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRAWSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A1903 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $-300 \mathrm{MWW} \mathrm{FT}=150 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1853-0020 |
| A1904 | 1858-0032 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PWN PLSTC DIP | 34585 | CA3146E |
| A19R1 | 0630-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .OSW F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A19R2 | 0698-7227 | 6 | 9 | RESISTOR 422 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/R-T0-422RF |
| A19R3 | 0698-7227 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A19R4 | 0680-7227 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-422R-5 |
| A19R5 | 0680-7227 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 422 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-422R-F |
| A1996 | 0098-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 681 1\%.05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/R-TO-681R-F |
| A19R7 | 0938-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 681 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| A19p8 | 0600-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 681 1\% .05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-681RF |
| A1989 | 0690-7232 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 681 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C2-1/8-T0-681RF |
| Algrio | C090-3437 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOA 133 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-133R-F |
| A19R12 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 909 1\% .I25W F TCw0 | 24546 | CW-1/2-T0-S09R-F |
| A19R13 | $0757-0422$ | 5 |  | RESISTOR 909 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A19R14 | $0757-0422$ | 5 |  | RESSSTOR 909 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-909R-F |
| A19R15 | $0757-0422$ | 5 |  | RESISTOR 909 1\% .12WW F TC $=0+$-100 | 24546 | C41/6-T0-909R-F |
| A19R16 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 1K 1\% .5W .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 0757-0280 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |
| Number | Oty. | Description |$\quad$| Mfr. |
| :--- |$\quad$ Mfr. Part Number


| A19R17 | 00es-3151 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | 0690-3151 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19R18 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2610F |
| A19R19 | 0689-7201 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 34.8 1\%.CSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-34R8-F |
| A19R20 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A19R21 | 0098-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .0SW F TCOO+100 | 24546 | C-1/2-51.1R-F |
| A19R22 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-60-7501F |
| A19R23 | 0757.0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | MFAC1/8-T0-1332F |
| A19R24 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CA-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A19P25 | 0808-3158 | 4 |  | RESESTOR 23.7K 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2372F |
| A19R26 | 1810-0203 | 5 | 3 | NETWORK-RES 8-SNP470.0 OWM $\times 7$ | 01121 | 209471 |
| A19R27 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125w F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-2610-F |
| A19R28 | 1810-0203 | 5 |  | NETWORK-RES 8-STP470.0 OHM $\times 7$ | 01121 | 208447 |
| A19R29 | 1810.0203 | 5 |  | METWORK-RES 8-StP470.0 OHM $\times 7$ | 01121 | 2084471 |
| A19R30 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\%.125W F TCa0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO-51R1-F |
| A19R31 | 0698-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A19R32 | 0698-7260 | 7 |  | RESHSTOR 10K 1\%.05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C2-1/8-10-1002-F |
| A19233 | 0757-0420 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 750 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C-1/8-T0.751-F |
| Alsfas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0757.0420 | 3 |  | RESUSTOR $7501 \% .125 \mathrm{WF}$ TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A19R35 | 0698-7195 | 7 | 2 | RESISTOR 19.6 1\%.05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-19R6-F |
| A19a36 | 0757-0276 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 61.9 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/8-T0-8192F |
| A19R37 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\%.125W F TC $+0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A19R38 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | 0757-0394 |
| A19R39 | 0757-0276 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 61.9 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-6192-F |
| A19R40 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | 0757-0416 |
| Al9Ral | $2100-2413$ | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR $20010 \%$ C SLDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 30983 | ET50×201 |
| A19R42 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CL-1/8-T0.511R.F |
| A19R43 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/R-TO-511R+ |
| A19R44 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-68R1F |
| A19pas | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $68.11 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-68R1F |
| A19R46 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24516 | C4-1/R-TO-511R-5 |
| A19847 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% . 125 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-to-511RF |
| A19R48 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 10 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | 0757-0346 |
| A19R49 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R50 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5111 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R54 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\%.125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/2-T0-68R1F |
| A19R52 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TCanot-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-68R1F |
| A19R53 | 0757-0697 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/R-TO-68R1F |
| Al9ast | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R155 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5111 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/R-T0.511R-F |
| A19R56 | 0757.0416 | 7 |  | RESASTOR 511 1\% .125W F TComo-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-TO.511R.F |
| A19R57 | 06983132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C+1/Q-T0-2610-F |
| A19R58 | 00083132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/0-T0-2610F |
| A19R59 | 0098-3132 | 4 |  | RESSTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/6-T0-2610-F |
| A19R60 | 0757-042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A19A61 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 909 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-SOMR-F |
| A19R62 | 06083158 | 4 |  | RESESTOR 23.7K 1\% .125W F TCumor-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2372F |
| A19R63 | 0757-0098 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 75 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C\&-1/8-T0-75R0-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Ony. | Description | Mfr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mfr. Part Number |  |  |

A19

## 08902-60126 - SERIAL PREFIX 2911A AND ABOVE

| Algrich | 0757-0¢16 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC=0+-100 | 24546 | C-1/R-T0-511R-F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19P65 |  |  |  | NOT ASSMENED |  |  |
| A19R66 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-70-1003-F |
| A19R67 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOA 68.1 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0.68R1F |
| A19R68 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-68R1F |
| A19869 | 08083447 | 4 |  | RESASTOR 422 1\% .125W F TCOO-100 | 24546 | C-1/8-70-422a- |
| A19R70 | 0757.0397 | 3 |  | PESSTOR 68.1 1\% . 12 WW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/R-T0.68R1F |
| A19R71 | 0880-0033 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.93K 1\% .125W F TC=0 0 +100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-1961F |
| A19R72 | 0757-0422 | 5 | 11 | RESSTOR 909 1\% . 125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A19a73 |  |  |  | HOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| A19R74* | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | PESISTOR 909 1\% .125W F TCu0+-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-909R-F |
| A19R75 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR 5111 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/8-70-511R-F |
| A19R76 | 0698-3438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 147 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C. $1 / 8-\mathrm{TO}-14 \mathrm{P}$ - |
| A19R77 | 0698-3438 | 3 |  | PESSSTOR 147 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-147A-F |
| A19R78 | $0638-3438$ | 3 |  | FESISTOR 147 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-147R-F |
| A19R79 | 0757-0726 | 2 | 1 | PESISTOR 541 1\% 25W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | CS-1/4-TO-511R-F |
| A19R80 | $0838-3441$ | 8 |  | RESUSTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-215R-F |
| A19a81 | 00963441 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 215 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/8-T0-215R-F |
| A19R82 | $0680-341$ | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 1\% .12SW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C+1/B-T0-215R.F |
| A19R83 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/R-T0-511R-F |
| Alspra | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 1\% .12SW F TC=0 $\mathbf{1}$-100 | 24545 | C4-1/8-70-511R-F |
| A19R85 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C+1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A19R86 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.11 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A19R87 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C41/8-TO-51R1+ |
| A19R88 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .OSW F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A19R89 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | PESSTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1001-F |
| A19R90 | 0090-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0 0 -100 | 24545 | C0-1/8-70-1001-F |
| A19R91 | 0609-7247 | 0 | 5 | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-2871F |
| A19R92 | 0690-3151 | 7 |  | PESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/2-70-2871F |
| A19R93 | $0608-7247$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.87K 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C8-1/8-T0-2871F |
| A19R94 | 0090-7208 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO68R1+ |
| A19R995 | 0690-7229 | 8 |  | RESESTOR 511 1\% .OSW F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-511RF |
| A19R96 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOA E8.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-6817 |
| A19997 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 511 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A19R98 | 0898-7229 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 511 1\% .05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-511RF |
| A19R99 | 0690-3439 | 4 | 4 | RESISTOR 178 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-178R-f |
| A19R100 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-68R1- |
| A19R101 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | CA1/8-T0-68R1-F |
| A19R102 | 08983439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 178 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-178R+ |
| A19R103 | 0698-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C41/8-T0-2610-F |
| Al9R104 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4.1/8-T0-1002.F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

08902-60126 - SERIAL PREFIX 2911A AND ABOVE

| A19R105 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K 1\%.125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-1002-F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A19R106 | 0098-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $751 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-70-75ROF |
| A19R107 | 0757-0397 | 3 |  | RESESTOR 68.1 1\% .125W F TCu0 0 +100 | 24546 | C4-1/2-T0.68R1F |
| A19R108 | 0680-7209 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 75 1\% . OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-70-75R0-F |
| A18R109 | 0680-7229 | 8 |  | RESISTOR $5111 \% .05 W$ F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-511R-F |
| A19R310 | 09pe-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| AIOR111 | 0690-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $2611 \% .125 W \mathrm{~F}$ TC $=0+100$ | 28480 | 06e83132 |
| A18RT12 | $0689-7205$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 1\% .05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-51R1F |
| A19R113 | 0608-3132 | 4 |  | AESISTOR 261 1\%. 126 W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2610F |
| A18R114 | 0680-3132 | 4 |  | FESISTOR 261 1\% .126W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/Q-T0-2610F |
| A19R115 | 00983132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\% .126W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2610F |
| A19R116 | 069e-3132 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 261 1\%. 126 W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| A197P1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONMECTOR-SGL CONT PM 1.14-MM-BSCSZ SO | 28480 | 1251.0600 |
| A197P2 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PWN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| AISU4 | 1820-1225 | 4 | 1 | IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL | 04713 | MCT0231P |
| A19U2 | 1225-0372 | 2 | 6 | IC MESC 8-DPPP PKG | 28480 | 1826-0372 |
| A1943 | 1826-0013 | 8 | 2 | 1C OP AMP LOW-HOISE TO-99 PKG | 06665 | SSS741C |
| A1944 | 06901-67002 | 4 | 1 | FREQUENCY DUBLER | 28480 | 0090167002 |
|  | 0340.1008 | 0 |  | MSLLATORFIC B-NITRIDE | 28480 | 0340-1098 |
|  | 1251-1556 | 7 |  | CONECTOR-SEL CONT SKT .018-WNESC-SZ | 28480 | 1251-1556 |
| A19U5 | $1826-0372$ | 2 |  | IC MISC 8-OPP-P PKG | 28480 | 1826-0372 |
| A1946 | 1820-0017 | 8 |  | IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10131P |
| A18U7 | 1820-1940 | 0 | 2 | IC CNTA ECL BN SYNCHRO POSEDGE-TRIG | 28480 | 1820-1940 |
| A18U8 | 1820-1940 | 0 |  | IC CNIR ECL BN SYNCHRO POSEDGE-TRIG | 28480 | 1820-1940 |
| A19Us | 1820-0796 | 2 | 1 | IC GATE ECL. NOR OUAD 2-NNP | 04713 | MC16621 |
| A18U10 | 1825-0372 | 2 |  | CC MASC 8-DIP-P PKG | 28480 | 1826-0372 |
| A19U11 | $1826-0372$ | 2 |  | IC MISC 8-DIP-P PKG | 28480 | 1826-0372 |
| A19U12 | 1820-0817 | 8 |  | IC FF ECL DM/ DUAL | 04713 | MC10131P |
| A19U13 | 1820-1400 | 7 | 2 | CC GATE ECL AND CUAD 2-ANP | 04713 | Mctiol04P |
| A19U14 | 1880-1400 | 7 |  | IC GATE ECL AND OUAD 2-NP | 00713 | MC10104P |
| A19U15 | 18200828 | 1 | 2 | CC DCOR ECL BN 3-TO-P-LNE 3HNP | 04713 | MC10162P |
| A19U96 | 1820-0002 | 1 | 2 | IC GATE ECL NOR CUAD 2-WP | 04713 | MC10102P |
| A19U17 | 18200817 | 8 |  | IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10131P |
| A19U18 | 1820-0828 | 1 |  | CC DCOR ECL Bin 3-TO-GLINE 3HP | 04713 | MC10162P |
| A19U19 | 1820-0802 | 1 |  | IC GATE ECL NOR OUAD 2-ANP | 04713 | MC10102P |
| A19420 | 1820-1052 | 5 | 1 | IC XLTR ECL ECL-TO-TTL OUAD 2-NP | 04713 | MC10125L |
| A20U21 | 1820-1225 | 4 |  | IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL | 04713 | MC10816P |
| A19VR1 | 1902-0943 | 5 |  | DIODE-ZNR 2.4V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=-037\% | 28460 | 1902-0943 |
| A19VR2 | 1902-0049 | 2 | 3 | DIODE-ZNR 6.19V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1802-0049 |
| A19VR3 | 1902-0049 | 2 |  | DIOOE-ZNR 6.19V 5\% DO-35 PO=.4W | 28480 | 1802-0049 |
| Al9VR4 | 1902-0049 | 2 |  | DIOOE-ZNM 6.19V 5\% DO-35 PO=.4W | 28480 | 1902-0049 |
| Alswr | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 AIVG LEAD DUA | 28460 | 81590005 |
| A19W2 | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 AWG LEAD DA | 23480 | 8159-0005 |
| Al9w3 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | $\mathbf{C}$ | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Dty | Description | | Mtr. |
| :---: |
| Code |$\quad$ Mifr. Part Number


| A20 | 08901-60023- SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2616A |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20 | 02901-60023 | 5 | 1 | 10 CONTROL ASSEMSLY | 28480 | 00901-60023 |
| A20C1 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR XXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| A20062 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| A20C\% | $0180-0374$ | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 10UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500106 \times 502032$ |
| A200C4 | 0260-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOAFXO 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE127-105x7R102M100V |
| A20C5 | 0180-2853 | 7 | 2 | CAPACTOR-FXD 10UF+20\% 100 VDC TA | 56289 | 1090106x0100C2 |
| A20068 | 0180-0490 | , | 1 | CAPACTIOR-TXD E8UF+-10\% GVDC TA | 12384 | T355c6egk006as |
| A20C7 | 0160-2204 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR $5 \times 1$ | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A20c8 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09569 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20069 | $0160-2204$ | , |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 100PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2204 |
| A20C10 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .OTLF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| a200611 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .01UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 00989 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20C12 | 0180-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTOR-XDD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| ${ }^{\text {A20C13 }}$ | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XDD 22UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K050ns |
| A20C14 | 01600153 | 4 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 1000PF + 10\% 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 70801MA102PKZ01AX |
| A20C15 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .O1UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 08969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20C16 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .01UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | APE121-105×7R103M100V |
| A20C17 | 01600161 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD . $01 \mathrm{LF}+30 \%$ 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 708D1CC103PK201AX |
| A20C18 | 0180-2853 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOA $X X D$ 10UF+20\% 100VDC TA | 56209 | 1090106x0100C2 |
| A20C19 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR.FXD .01UF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20c20 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .OTUF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20C21 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD .OTUF + $200 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A20c22 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| 120053 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-TXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A20CR1 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHING 30V 50 MA 2 NSS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1Na148 |
| A20CR2 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2 NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 104148 |
| A20CR3 | 1901-0050 | 3 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHINS SOV 200m 2 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| A20CR4 | 1901-0050 | 3 |  | DIOOE-SWITCHING 80V 200mA 2NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1N4150 |
| AZOCR5 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DNODE-SWTCHHNG 30V 50MA 2 NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1NK148 |
| A20CR6 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHMGG 30V 501M 2 NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1N4148 |
| A20CR7 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIOOESWTCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1N4148 |
| Az0CR8 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DOODE-SWTCTHiNG 30V 50M4 2 NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A20CR9 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHWG 30V 50 mM 2 NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1 N 148 |
| A20CR10 | 1901-6040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHNG 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 | \$N171 | twatus |
| A20CR11 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DHOOE-SWTTCHNG 30V 50mA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A20CR12 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DHODE-SWTCHING SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1N4148 |
| a20CR13 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DOODE-SWITCHNG 30V 50mA 2NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1 M 148 |
| A20CR14 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DODE-SWTCHMVG 30V 50 MM 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N4148 |
| A20CR15 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODESWTTCHENG 30V 50MA 2 NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1244148 |
| A20CR16 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHMNG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1 1N148 |
| A20CR17 | 1901.0518 | 8 |  | DHODE-SCHOTTKY SM SVG | 12403 | 5092-2800 |
| A20CR18 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DHODESCHOTTKY SM SGG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A20CR19 | $1901-0518$ | 8 |  | DIODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A20CR20 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTCHANG SOV 50MA 2NS DO-35 | SN171 | 1N4148 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20 |  | 08901-60023-SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2616A |  |  |  |  |
| a20Cras | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIOOESSWTTCHNG 30V SOMM 2 INS DO-35 | 2N171 | 1N4148 |
| A20CR22 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIOOE-SWITCHNG 30V SOMA 2NS DO-35 | 9N171 | $1 \mathrm{NH148}$ |
| A20CR23 | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | OLOOE-SWTTCHNG 30V 50MA 2NS DO.35 | $9 \times 171$ | $1 \mathrm{NH148}$ |
| A20CR24 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIOOE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A20CPES | 1901-0040 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 30V SOMA 2NS DO. 35 | 9 N 171 | $1 \mathrm{Ma148}$ |
| A20Craz | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DHODESCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2000 |
| 1933A to 2312A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20E1 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 23244 to 2616A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20E1 | 81590005 | 0 |  | RESASTOR-ZERO OMMS 22 ANG LEAD DIA | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |
| A203P1 | 81590005 | 0 |  | PESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 ANG LEAD DA | 11502 | YZO 1/4 |
| AZO1P2 | 81500005 | 0 |  | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 ANG LEAO DUA | 11502 | Y20 1/4 |
| A20MP1 | 00s01-00027 | 3 | 2 | COVER. LO CONTROL (INCUDESS P.C. EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 00901-00027 |
|  | $2360-0113$ | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25 -NWLE PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A20MP2 | 08901-20082 | 2 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 06901-20082 |
| 20001 | 18540477 | 7 |  | TRANSSTOP NPN 2NPZO2A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2nezera |
| 12002 | 1253-0034 | 0 | 3 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| 12003 | 16540477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NR2e2A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2N2232A |
| 12004 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A2005 | 18540247 | 9 | 6 | THANSISTOA NPN SI TO-39 PD=1W FT =800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 | 13 | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-EL | 13103 | 7717-86 DAP |
| A2006 | 18540477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NI2222A S1 TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2n2222A |
| A2007 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOA PMP SI TO-18 PDm360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A2008 | 1854-0023 | 9 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN SII TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1854-0023 |
| 22009 | 18540023 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOP NPW SII TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1654-0023 |
| A20010 | 1855-0273 | 3 | 2 | TRUNSESTOR JFET P-CHAN D.MODE TO-92 51 | 28480 | 1855-0273 |
| A20011 | 1855-0273 | 3 |  |  | 28480 | 1855-0273 |
| A20012 | 1854.0023 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-18 PD=360WW | 28480 | 1854-0023 |
| A20013 | 1855-0091 | 3 | 4 | TRANSISTOR JFET N-CHAN D-MODE S: | 26480 | 1855-0031 |
| 220014 | 18540404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOA MPN SI TO-18 PD=360WW | 28450 | 1854-0404 |
| A20015 | 18540404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=350MW | 28400 | 1854-0404 |
| A20016 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ | 2 M 227 | CP4071 |
| 120017 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20018 | 1855-0091 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR HFET N-CHAN DMODE SI | 22480 | 1855-0091 |
| 220019 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 4 |  | 2 M627 | X4228CP20-1 |
| A20020 | 18540022 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN S! TO-39 PD=700NW | 07283 | S17843 |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | MLSULTOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 7717-85 DAP |
| A20021 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT $=150 \mathrm{MH}$ [Z | 2 M 627 | xazesecp20-1 |
| A20022 | 1854-0022 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD $=700 \mathrm{MW}$ | 07263 | 517843 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 7717-86 DAP |
| A20023 | $\begin{aligned} & 1853-0012 \\ & 1200-0173 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NESOHA SI TO-39 PD= $=000 \mathrm{WN}$ MSLLATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | $\begin{aligned} & 04713 \\ & 13103 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2N2904A } \\ & 717-06 \text { DAP } \end{aligned}$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | Dity | Description | Mhr. | Mtr. Part Number |


| 1933A to 2521A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1200924 | 1853-0012 | 4 |  | TRAWSSTTOR PNP 2NESOUA SI TO-39 PO-600w | 04713 | 2N2904A |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-EL | 13103 | 7717.86 DAP |
| A200925 | $1853-0012$ | 4 |  | TRUNSISTOR PNP 2NE904A SI TO-39 PD $=600 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2 N 2904 A |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | WSLLATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 7717-86 DAP |
| 2512A to 2616A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20024 | 1853-0594 | 7 |  | TRUNSISTOR DUWL PNP 2N38008 TO-78 | 28480 | 1853-0594 |
| A20925 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGAED |  |  |
| A20026 | 18540028 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI T0-39 PD=700NW | 07263 | S17843 |
|  | 12000173 | 5 |  | WSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 717-96 DAP |
| A20027 | 18540022 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=700MW | 07263 | S17843 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | WSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 38103 | 717-66 DAP |
| A20R1* | $0098-7276$ | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 46.4K +1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/6-T0-4642F |
| A20R2* | 0698-7276 | 5 |  | PESESTOR 46.4K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/B-T0-4612-F |
| A20R3 | 069e-7248 | 1 | 1 | PESSISTOR 3.16K +-1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A20R4 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | PESISTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$. $125 W$ IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| azors | 0808-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| az0a6 | 0698-7258 | 3 | 2 | PESSISTOR 8.25K + 1\% . O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-8251F |
| a2087 | 0088-7270 | 9 | 1 | RESISTOR 26.1K +1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C6-1/6-70-2512-F |
| A2078 | 0630-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A2089 | 0ese-7212 | 9 |  | RESESTOR $100+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC= $00+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-100R-F |
| A20R10 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \%$.125W TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A20R11 | 0688 -7260 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 10K $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A20R12 | 0690-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R13 | 0080-72s0 | 7 |  | PESESTOR 10K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002F |
| A20R14 | 0898-7279 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 61.8K $+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T06192-F |
| A20R15 | 0690-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A20R16 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R17 | 0038-7236 | 7 |  | RESESTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+\mathbf{1 \%} .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | 6-1/8-70-1001-F |
| A20R18 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001.F |
| A20119 | 0698-7287 | 4 | 1 | RSSISTOR 19.6K $+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1962.F |
| A20R20 | 0688-7259 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 9.00K $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-9091-F |
| A20R21 | 0898-7251 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/2-T0-4221F |
| A20R22 | 0608-7240 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3.1/8-T0-1471-F |
| A20R23 | 0698-7220 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR $215+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A20R24 | $0757-0470$ | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 162K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/Q-70-7623-F |
| a20R25 | 0608-7282 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 82.5K +-1\% .05W TF TC $=00+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-8252-F |
| A20R26 | 0098-7274 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 38.3K + -1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-3832-F |
| A20R27 | 0e98-7261 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 11K $+1 \%$.0SW TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | c3-1/8-T0-1102-F |


| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Caty. | Description | Mitr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mitr. Part Number |  |  |


| A20R28 | 0698.7253 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/0-70-5111F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20829 | 0030-7216 | 3 |  | RESSTOR $147+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/G-TO-147R-F |
| A20月30 | 0030-7251 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K +-1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-4221F |
| A20R31 | 0896-7259 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K $+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-ro-6091F |
| A20R33 | 0898-7284 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 100K +-1\% .OSW TF TCO $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A20R33 | 0098-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K + 1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C-1/9-70-1001-F |
| A20734 | 0080-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .05W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0.1001F |
| A20R33 | 0e08-7236 | 7 |  | PESSSTOR 1K $+1 \%$.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A20n36 | 0000-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12496 | C3-1/0-10-1001F |
| A20R37 | 0008-7288 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 147K $+1 \%$ OSW TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | C3-1/0-T0.1473-F |
| A20R38 | 0098-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\%.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | C3-1/8-70-1001-F |
| A20R39 | 0088-724 | 5 |  | RESSTOR 100K $+1 \%$ OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1003F |
| A20R40 | 0690-7243 | 6 | 1 | RESETTOR 1.96K + $1 \%$. 05 W TF TC=0 $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-10-1961F |
| A20R41 | 0080-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$ - $1 \%$ SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002F |
| AEOR42 | 0690-7250 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K + 1\% .OSW TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | C-1/R-70-1002F |
| A20R43 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESESTOR 3.16K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0 $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A20R44 | 0098-7250 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K + 1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002-F |
| A20R45 | 0830-7288 | 9 |  | RESESTOR 147K $+1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1473-F |
| A20R46 | 0698-7275 | 4 | 1 | RESSSTOR 42.2K +i\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-4202-5 |
| A20R47 | $0757-0460$ | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 61.9X +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6192-F |
| AROP48 | 0098-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K + 1\% .OSW TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1002F |
| A20R49 | 0690-7253 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +1\% .05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/2-T0-5111F |
| A20R50 | 0757-0290 | 5 |  | RESISTOA 6.19K +-1\% .125W TF TC= $0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T0.6191-F |
| AzOR51 | 0898-7260 | 7 |  | RESESTOA 10K $+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1002.F |
| A20R52 | 0588-7258 | 3 |  | RESISTOA 8.25K $+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-8251F |
| A20R53 | 0039-7253 | 8 |  | RESISTOA 5.11K +1\% .0SW IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A20A54 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R55 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R56 | 0898-7236 | 7 |  | RESNTOR 1K +1\% O5W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CS-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A20R57 | 0757-0462 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 75K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-7502-F |
| A20A58 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-F |
| A20R59 | 0808-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% . 0 WW TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | c3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A20R60 | 0698-7259 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TCm $=0+100$ | 12488 | C3-1/2-T0-9091F |
| A20861 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESSTIOR IK $+-1 \%$.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | c3-1/8-T0.1001F |
| A20R62 | 0688-6744 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $2 \times+0.05 \%$.1W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A20R63 | 0690-7204 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12408 | C3-1/8-10-1003-F |
| A20R64 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12458 | CT-1/8-TO-101F |
| A20R65 | 06890381 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 40K $+0.1 \%$, $W$ W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A20966 | 0699-0381 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 40K $+-0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A20R67 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-101-F |
| A20R68 | 06990118 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 20K +-0.1\% .1W TF TC=0+-5 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A20R69 | 0680-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $316+1 \%$. 125 SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A20A70 | 0690-7260 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CS-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A20R71 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESUSTOR 1K $+1 \%$.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A20R72 | 0608-7257 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 7.5K + $\mathbf{1 \%}$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/6-70-7501F |


| Reference <br> Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\mathbf{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{D}$ |  |  | Cty. $\quad$ Description $\quad$| Mitr. |
| :---: |

08901-60023 - SERIAL PREFIX 1933A TO 2616A

| 120873 | 0090-7250 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/R-T0.1002F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20874 | 0757-0158 | 4 | 1 | RESSTOR $619+1 \% .5 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | K8479 |  |
| 120875 | 0890-7236 | 7 |  | RESSTSTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 0 SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A20R76 | 0090-7250 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 10K $+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF T $C=0+100$ | 12498 | C31/-T0.1002F |
| A20R77 | ccee-7218 | 5 | 1 | RESSTOR 178 $+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12408 | C0-1/Q-T0-178F- |
| 120978 | 0008-7250 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 10K $+1 \%$. OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-1002F |
| A20R79 | 0098-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 K+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001F |
| A20R80 | 0098-7296 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 121K $+1 \% .05 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-T0-1213F |
| A20R81 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOA 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTL.1/-T0-1001f |
| A20882 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K + 1\% . 125 W TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/1-T0-3161- |
| A20883 | 0698-7288 | 9 |  | RESISTOP 147K +1\% .OSW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0.1473F |
| azors | 0698-7232 | 9 | 1 | RESSTOR $12.1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. .SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/A-T0-1212- |
| A20TP1 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PN 1.14 MMM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A201P2 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-SEL CONT PW 1.14MM-ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-107001-03-00 |
| A20tP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONMECTOR-SSL CONT PWN 1.14 MM-ESCSZ 50 | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A201P4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONMECTOR-SEL CONT PN T.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| 22041 | 1825-0013 | 8 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-WOISE 8-TO-99 PKG | 24355 | AD74ich |
| n20U24 | 1820-1547 | 3 |  | IC MUITPLEXER \&-CHNL-ANL 16-DP-C PKG | 04713 | MC14051 |
| A2013 | 1820-1198 | 0 |  | CC GATE TLL LS MAND OUAD 2-NP | 01295 | SNTALSO3N |
| A2004 | $1826-0217$ | 4 | 1 | $1 C^{\prime}$ OP ANP GP DUAL 8-TO-99 PKG | 07933 | RC1558H |
| A20U5 | 3826-0161 | 7 |  | IC OP AMP GP OUAD 14DIPP PKG | 27014 | LM324N |
| A2006 | 1820-1200 | 5 |  | cin mithls hex | 01295 | SNT4LSOSN |
| A2017 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4BT | 01295 | SN74S75N |
| A2048 | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | ICINV TIL LS HEX 1-ANP | 01295 | SNTALSOAN |
| A2049 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCDA TIL LS 3-TO-LINE 3HPP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A20U10 | 1826-0188 | 8 | 2 | D/A Q-BT 16CERDIP BPLR | 04713 | MC1408L-8 |
| A20119 | 1820-1216 | 3 |  | IC DCOR TIL LS 3-TOQLINE 3-NP | 01295 | SNT4LSI3EN |
| 120012 | 1826-0188 | 8 |  | D/A 8-ETT 16-CERDP BPLR | 04713 | MC1408L-8 |
| A20U13 | 1990-0643 | 7 |  | OPTOHSOLATOR LEDPCNDCT F=AOMA-MAX | 03911 | Cums500 |
| ${ }^{2} 20114$ | 1990-0643 | 7 |  | OPTO-SOLATOR LEDPCNDCT F=COMA-MAX | 03911 | Cum650 |
| A20U15 | 1820-195 | 7 |  | IC FF TIL LS D-TVPE POSEDGE-TRIG COM | 01295 | SN74LS175N |
| 220U16 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH THL LS D-TMPE 4BIT | 01295 | SNT4LST5N |
| 220U17 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS O-TYPE 4-EIT | 01295 | SN74L575N |
| A20118 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TMPE 4BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| 200119 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4-8IT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| a20uz | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4BT | 01295 | SN74L575N |
| azouzi | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | CCLCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4-AT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20123 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-BIT | 01295 | SN74LS75 |
| a20uz3 | 1820-1197 | 9 |  | IC GATE TTL LS NUND OUAD 2-NNP | 01295 | SNTALSOON |
| a20VR1 | 1502-0041 | 4 |  | DIODE-2NR 5.11V 5\%.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| A20VR2 | 1902-004 | 4 |  | DIOOE-2NR 5.11V 5\%.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| A20VR3 | 1902-0064 | 1 | 3 | DIOOE-ZNR 7.5V 5\% DO.35 PD=.4W TC=+.05\% | 28480 | 1902-0064 |
| A20VP4 | 1902-0064 | 1 |  | DIODE-ZNR 7.5V $5 \%$ D0.35 PD=.4W TC $=+.05 \%$ | 28480 | 1902-0064 |
| A20VA 5 | 1802-0064 | 1 |  | DIOOE-2NR 7.5V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC $=+.05 \%$ | 28480 | 1902-0064 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


| A20 | 0080760835 | 1 | 1 | 10 CONTROL ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 06901-60285 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20CT | 0160-4835 | 7 | 3 | CAPACTIOR + XD . IUF + IOX SOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A20062 | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .1UF + $10 \%$ SOVDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A2003 | 0180-1746 | 5 | 2 | CAPACTTOA-XD 15UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56299 | $1500156 \times 902082$ |
| A20ca | 0160-4835 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR+XO . 1 LF + $10 \%$ 50VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4835 |
| A20065 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500156x902032 |
| A2006 | 01800269 | 5 | 1 |  | 56289 | 3001056150892 |
| A20067 | 0160-4801 | 7 | 2 | CAPACTTOR+XD 100PF +5\% 100VDC CER | 28460 | 0160-4601 |
| A20c8 | 0180-4832 | 4 | 6 | CAPACTTORFXD OIUF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A2009 | 0160-4801 | 7 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 100PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4801 |
| A20C10 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-TXD .01UF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C11 | 0180-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD . O1VF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C12 | 0160-4807 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-FXD 33PF +-5\% 100VDC CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 0160-4807 |
| A20C13 | 01800197 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD $2.2 \mathrm{VF}+10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150022599020A2 |
| A20C14 | 0160-4814 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XXD 150PF + $5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4814 |
| A20C15 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .D1UF + $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C16 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD MUF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C17 | 01600161 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD O1UF $+10 \%$ 200VDC POLYE | 28480 | 0160-0161 |
| A20C18 | 0160-3324 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD IUF +5\% 100VDC METPFOLYC | 28480 | 0160-3324 |
| A20C19 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTOR FXD OILF $+10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C20 | 0180-1997 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXO 20UF+50-10\% 150VDC AL | 28480 | 0180-1897 |
| 020021 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD . $014 \mathrm{~L}+10 \%$ 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| A20C22 | 0160-4822 | 2 | 2 | CAPMCTTOR + XD 1000PF $+5 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4822 |
| A20C23 | 0160-4822 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF +5\% 100VOC CER | 28480 | 0150-4822 |
| A20C24 | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .O1LF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4632 |
| A20CR1 | 1901-1085 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1907-1085 |
| A20CR2 | 1901-1085 | 6 |  | DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1501-1085 |
| A20CR3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20CRA |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| A20CRS | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DKODE-SWTCHMVG 1 MA150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| azocat | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DICOE-SWITCHMNG 1 MA150 50V 200MA ANS | ${ }^{\text {2N171 }}$ | 1M4150 |
| A20CR 7 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DCOOESWITCHANG 1ME150 50V 200MA SNS | ON174 | 1 1N4150 |
| A20CA8 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIOOESWITCHNG 1 N 150500 V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | $1 \mathrm{Ma150}$ |
| A20CRS | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 1NA150 50V 200NA ANS | 9N174 | 1Na150 |
| A20CR10 | 1901-0518 | 8 | 6 | OLODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1801-0518 |
| A20CP11 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DNODESM SGG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A20CP12 | 1901-1098 | 1 | 0 | COOESWTCHENG 1M 150 S0V 200MA $4 N S$ | SN171 | INA150 |
| A20CR13 | 1801-1098 | 1 | D | YODESWITCHMNG $1 \mathrm{~N} / 15050 \mathrm{~V} 200 \mathrm{MA}$ ANS | 9N171 | 1Na150 |
| A20CR14 | 1901-1098 | 1 | D | TOOESWITCHMNG 1 NB 15050 V 200 MA ans | 9N171 | ING150 |
| A20CP15 | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DCOESWITCHMGG 1N4150 50V 200MA ANS | SN171 | 1N4150 |
| A20CP16 | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DICDE-SWITCHMS 1 1K150 50 V 200 Ma ans | 8N171 | 1N4150 |
| A20CR17 | 1501-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESM SIG SCHOTIKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A20CR18 | 1801-0518 | 8 |  | DCOOESM SGG SCHOTTKY | 28460 | 1901-0518 |
| A20CR19 | 1501-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SM SGG SCHOTIKY | 28480 | $1501-0518$ |
| A20CR20 | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHANG 1NM150 50V 200MA ANS | ¢N171 | IMA150 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | MP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Mfr. Part Number |  |  |

A20
08901-60285 SERIAL PREFIX 2617A AND ABOVE

| a 200821 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  |  | 28480 | 1901.0518 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20CR22 | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DCOEESWITCHANG INA 15050 V 200 MA INS | 9N171 | 1NH150 |
| A20CR23 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20CR24 | 1801-0518 | 8 |  | DIODESM SIG SCHOTTKY | 28480 | 1901-0518 |
| A20CR25 | 1501-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHNG 1 H4150 50V 200MA 4NS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| a20051 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A200s2 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20053 | 19900717 | 6 | 2 | LED-LANP LMWHT $m$ 800UCD FF=30MA-MAX | 28480 | HLMP-1501 |
| a200S4 | 1900-0717 | 6 |  | LED-LANP UMHWT =800UCD FFESOMA-MAX | 28480 | HLMP-1501 |
| A20, 1 | 9100-3922 | 4 | 3 | MOUCTOAFIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 91003922 |
| A20.2 | 91003922 | 4 |  | WDUCTOR FIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 91003922 |
| 12043 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | MDUCTORFIXED 120-1300 HZ | 28480 | 91003922 |
| A2OMP1 | $08901-00104$ | 7 | 1 | CVA LO CONT BD | 28480 | 00901-00104 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 632.25 -NLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| 12001 | 1854-0477 | 7 | 5 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A2002 | 1253-0034 | 0 | 3 | TRANSISTOR PNP St TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1253-0034 |
| A2003 | $1854-047$ | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN 2NRPP2A SIT TO-18 PD $=500 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A2003 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| a2005 | 1854-0378 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N5109 SI TO-39 PD=800NW | 34.585 | 2N5109 |
| 22006 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| - 22007 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD-360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A2008-011 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20012 | 1854-0813 | 5 | 3 | TRAWSISTOR NPN 2N3501S Si TO-39 PD=1W | 28480 | 1854-0813 |
| 120013 | 1853-0462 | 8 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3635 SI T0-39 PD=1W | 28480 | 1853-0462 |
| A20014 |  |  |  | NOT ASSKANED |  |  |
| A20015 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGAED |  |  |
| A20016 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2AN222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A20017 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20018 NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20019 | 1853-0594 | 7 |  | TRANSESTOR-DUNL PAP 2N38808 TO-78 | 28480 | 1853-0594 |
| A20020 | 18540474 | 4 | 3 | TRANSSTOR NPN SI PD=310NW FT=100MHZ | 04713 | 2N5551 |
| A20021 | 1854-0474 | 4 |  | TRANSSTOR MPN SI PD $=310 \mathrm{MW}$ FT $=100 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 04713 | 2N5551 |
| 120022 | 1854-0813 | 5 | 3 | TRANSISTOA NPN 2NS501S Si TO-39 PD=1W | 28480 | 1854-0813 |
| A20023 | 1853-0462 | 8 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PAP 2N3635 SI TO-39 PD=1W | 28480 | 1853-0462 |
| A20024 | 1853-0594 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR-DUAL PNP 2N3808 TO. 78 | 28480 | 1853-0594 |
| A20025 |  |  |  | NOT ASSKMED |  |  |
| A20026 | 18540813 | 5 | 3 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3501S S1 TO-39 PD=1W | 28480 | 18540813 |
| A20027 | 1854-0474 | 4 |  | TRANSSTOR NPN SI PD $=310 \mathrm{WW}$ FT $=100 \mathrm{MH} \mathrm{Z}$ | 04713 | 2N5551 |
| A20028 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A20R1 | $2100-3161$ | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN | 02111 | 43 P 203 |
| A20R2 | 0757-0463 | 4 | 1 | RESSTOR 82.5K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-8252-F |
| A20a3 | 0008-7284 | 5 | 2 | RESESTOR 100K 1\%.OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A20p4 | 0ese-7284 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 100K 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-10-1003-F |
| A20A5 | 069e-7260 | 7 | 4 | RESISTOR 10K 1\% .OSW F TC=0 $0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/2-T0-1002F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mrr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Mumber | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Mtr. Part Mumber |  |



Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Ciy. | Description | Mtr. |

A20 08901-60285 SERIAL PREFIX 2617 A AND ABOVE

| A20R55 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20P51 | 0896-7261 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 13K 1\% .OSW F TC=0 0 -100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-70-1102-f |
| A20R52 | 069e-7258 | 3 | 1 | PESISTOR 8.25K 1\% .05W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A20P53 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R54 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R55 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| a20R56 | 0098-7236 | 7 | 7 | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| 2617 A anly |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20R57 | 0757-0123 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 34.8K 1\% .12SW F TCx+1-100 | 28480 | 0757-0123 |
| 26188 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A20R57 | 0698-3162 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 46.4K 1\% .125W F TC= $=$-100 | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-4542F |
| A20R58 | 0757-0199 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 21.5K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-70-2152-F |
| A20R59 | 0098.7236 | 7 |  | RESSTSTOR 1K 1\%.05W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001f |
| A20P50 | 0690-7259 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C-1/8-T0-5091-F |
| A20R61 | 0688.7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.O5W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A20R60-R69 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R70 | 0608-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-F |
| A20R71 | 0698-3439 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 178 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C\&-1/8-TO-178R-F |
| A20R72 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001.f |
| A20R73 | 0098-0082 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 464 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/0-T0-4640F |
| A20R74 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K 1\% .125W F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C4-1/8-T0-4221F |
| A20R75 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\% .05W F TC=0 $\mathbf{0}$-100 | 21546 | C3-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A20R76 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 1K 1\%.OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/2-T0-1001.F |
| A20R71 | 0698-7286 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 121K 1\% .OSW F TC $=0+100$ | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-1213-5 |
| A20R78 | 0699-0069 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.15M 1\% .125W F TC=0+100 | 28480 | 0699-0069 |
| A20R79 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R80 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R81 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A20R82 | 0658-7248 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K 1\% .O5W F TC=0+100 | 24546 | C3-1/8-T0-3161F |
| A201P1 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 4 | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SC | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A201P2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PW 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0600 |
| A201P3 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PW 1.14-MM-BSCSZ SO | 28480 | 1251.0600 |
| A20TP4 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONHECTOR-SGL CONT PWN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 28480 | 1251-0800 |
| n20U1 | 1826-0969 ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 7 | 4 | C OP AMP GP 8-DPPC PKG | 27014 | LM307J |
| A20U2 | 1826-0605 | 4 | 1 | IC MULTPLXR 8-CHAN-ANLG 16-DHP.C PKG | 17856 | DCs5088K |
| a2013 | 1820-1198 | 0 | 1 | IC GATE TTL LS NAND CUAD 2-NMP | 01295 | SN74LSO3N |
| a 2204 | 1826-0328 ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | 8 | 1 | IC OP AMP GP DUAL 8-DIP PKG RV45580E | 28480 | 1826-0328 |
| A2OU5 | 1826-0716 | 8 | 1 | IC OP AMP LOW-AOISE DUAL 8-DIP-C PKG | 18324 | NES532AFE |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part <br> Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Caty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mitr. Part N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A20 |  |  | 08901-60285 SERIAL PREFIX 2617A AND ABOVE |  |  |  |
| A2OUS | 1820-1199 | 1 | 2 | IC NVV TLL LS HEX TANP | 01295 | SN74LS04N |
| 12047 | 1820.1195 | 7 | 3 | IC FF TIL LS D-TYPE POSEDCE-TRIG COM | 01295 | SN74LSi75N |
| A20us | 1820-1199 | 1 |  | IC WV TIL LS HEX I-NP | 01295 | SN74LS04N |
| A20U9 | 1820.1216 | 3 | 2 | KC DCDR TIL. LS STO-QLINE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LSI38N |
| A20U10 | 1826-0188 | 8 | 2 | IC CONV 8-8-D/A 16-OIP-C PKG | 04713 | MC1408L-8 |
| AzOUI1 | 1820.1216 | 3 |  | IC DCOR TTL LS 3-TO-PLME 3-NP | 01295 | SNT4LS138N |
| A20U12 | 1826-0188 | 8 |  | IC CONV 8-E-D/A 16-DiP-C PKG | 04713 | MC1408L-8 |
| A20U13 |  |  |  | MOT ASSICNED |  |  |
| n20U14 | 1826-0606 | 5 | 2 | IC SWITCH ANLG OUAD 16-DIP.C PKG | 17856 | OG201BK |
| A20115 | 1820.1195 | 7 |  | IC FF TIL LS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG COM | 01295 | SNT4LSI75N |
| A20U16 | 1820-141t | 0 | 7 | IC LCH TLL LS D.TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20117 | 1820.1411 | 0 |  | CC LCH TTL LS D-TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20U18 | 1820-1411 | 0 |  | IC LCH TLL LS D-TYPE 4-Br | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20U19 | $1820-1411$ | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-BIT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20u20 | $1820-1411$ | 0 |  | IC LCH TTL LS D-TYPE 4-EIT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| a20u21 | $1820-1411$ | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20U22 | $1820-1411$ | 0 |  | IC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-8IT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| A20U23 | 1826-0606 | 5 |  | IC SWITCH ANLE OUAD 16-DPP-C PKG | 17856 | DC2018K |
| A20VR1 | 1902-0955 | 9 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 7.5V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W TC $=+.062 \%$ | 28480 | 1902-0955 |
| A2OW1 | 8159-0005 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR-ZERO OHMS 22 ANG LEAD DIA | 28480 | 8159-0005 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Pant Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A21 | 0090160025 | 7 | 1 | LOW FREOUENCY VCXO FLLTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60025 |
| A21C1 | 0160-2028 | 6 | 3 | CAPACTIOR-XD 2700 PF $+5 \% 500 V D C$ MICA | 28480 | 0160-2028 |
| N21C2 | 0160-2534 | 8 | 2 | CAPACTIOR + XD 300PF + $1 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MACA | 28480 | 0160-2534 |
| N21c3 | 0180-2028 | 6 |  | CAPACTIORFXD $2700 \mathrm{PF}+5 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MMCA}$ | 28480 | 0160-2028 |
| A2ICA | 0160-2028 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XD $2700 \mathrm{PF}+5 \% 500 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-2028 |
| azics | 0160-2534 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOAFXO 300PF $+1 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MUCA | 28480 | 0160-2534 |
| A2TJ1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONWECTOR-RF SMC M SELHOLERR 50-OHM | 28460 | 1250.1425 |
|  | $2190-0124$ | 4 |  | WASHER-LK WTL T NO. 10.195 -NMD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | $2950-0078$ | 9 |  | MUT-HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-NW-THK | 28480 | $2950-0078$ |
| N21.12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M SCLHOLEFRR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK WTL T NO. 10.195-NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 29500078 | 9 |  | MUT-HEX-DEL-CHAM 10.32-THD .067-HFTHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A21MP1 | 00801-00025 | 1 | 1 | COVER, LF VCXO FLTER (NCLUDES P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 00901.00025 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-HACH 6-32.25-NLLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A21MP2 | $06901-00044$ | 4 | 1 | GASKET, VCXO FLTER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | $08901-000 \mathrm{M} 4$ |
| A21MP3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 |  | STRAP, GROUND | 28480 | 5001-5539 |
| A21MP4 | 06901-20082 | 2 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 08901-20082 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts


A22

| 222 | 00901-80007 | 5 | 1 | LOW FREOUENCY VCXO ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60007 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02261 | 0180-0094 | 4 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 1000F+75-10\% 2SVDC AL | 58289 | 3001076025002 |
| 02202 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 2:2VF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56209 | 1500225x902042 |
| A2203 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTOAP ${ }^{\text {POD }}$.02UF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A22C4 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOPFXD 22UF+10\% 20VOC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020a2 |
| nazes | 0160.3459 | 0 |  | CAPACTTORFXD . OELF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 08969 | D0111NWE30225V203M100V |
| a2206 | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XO .ORUF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 08969 | DO111NWB30225V203M100V |
| $422 \mathrm{C7}$ | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD . ORUF $+20 \%$ tOOVDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWE30275V203M100V |
| A22C8 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTORFXO 22VF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56898 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |
| 12209 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR- $\times 0$ 22VF+ $10 \%$ 20VDC TA | 56889 | 1500225x902012 |
| A22C10 | 0160.3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .OEUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 08989 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A22C11 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXO .OEUF + $20 \%$ 1COVDC CER | 09969 | D0111 1WWB30225V203M100V |
| A22C12 | 0160-3456 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-PXD 1000PF + 10\% 1KVDC CER | 06383 | CX45XE3A102K-H |
| A22C13 | 0160-3456 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF + -10\% 1KVDC CER | 06383 | CK15XE3A102K H |
| A22C14 | 0180-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .OZUF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V2034M100V |
| A22C15 | 0160-4678 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XXD 560PF + $1 \%$ 100VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-4678 |
| 222C16 | 0160-6679 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 270PF $+1 \% 300 \mathrm{VOC}$ MMCA | 28480 | 0160-4679 |
| a22cil | 0160-4456 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 750PF + $1 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-4456 |
| A22C18 | 0160-2328 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FOD 200PF $+1 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ M | 28480 | 0160-2328 |
| A22C19 | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD .02UF +-20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | DD111MWB30225V203M100V |
| A28C20 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020^2 |
| A22C21 | 0160-2032 | 2 | 1 |  | 28480 | 0160.2032 |
| A22022 | 0160-2030 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XXD 1200PF + -5\% 500VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2030 |
| A28c23 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOP- + XD A2UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB302z5V203M100V |
| A22cea | 01600197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXO 22UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020A2 |
| 022 C 25 | 01603459 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .ORUF +-20\% 100VOC CER | 09969 | DO111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A22C26 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-XOD 2.2UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56209 | $1500225 \times 102012$ |
| A22c27 | 01800197 | 8 |  | CAPACTIOR + XO 2:2UF+ $10 \%$ 20VOC TA | 56289 | 1500225x9020^2 |
| A22c28 | 0160-4680 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTTOAFXO 4000PF + -5\% 100VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-4680 |
| A22CR1 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28460 | 1901-0535 |
| A22CR2 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DHODESWITCHMNG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FDIT7 |
| A22CR3 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| A22CR4 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODESWITCHENG 15V SOMA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FOT77 |
| A22CR5 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| A22CR6 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DLODE-SWITCHNG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FD777 |
| A22CR7 | 1901-0535 | 9 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| a2cris | 1501-0179 | 7 |  | DHODESWITCHENG 15V 50MA 750PS DO.7 | 07263 | F0777 |
| apzcag ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0167 | 0 | 4 | DIODE-WVC 5.05PF 10\% C3/C25-MIN $=5$ | 28480 | 0122-0167 |
| A22CR10 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0167 | 0 | 4 | DIODE-WV 5.05PF $10 \%$ C3/CES-MAN=5 | 28480 | $0122-0167$ |
| aracrila | $0122-0167$ | 0 | 4 | DIODE-WVC 5.OSPF $10 \%$ C3/C25-MIN $=5$ | 28480 | 0122-0167 |
| A22CR12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122.0167 | 0 | 4 | DIODE-WV 5.05PF 10\% C3/C25-M1N $=5$ | 28480 | 0122.0167 |
| A22CR13 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODE-SWTTHENG 15V 50MA 750PS D0.7 | 07263 | FOT7 |
| A22CR14 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODESWITCHNG $15 V$ SOMA 750PS DO.7 | 07263 | FOT7 |
| A2PCR15 | 1907-0179 | 7 |  | DICDE-SWITCHMG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FOT77 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Pert Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & D \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A22CR16 | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DICOESWITCHANG 15V 50Ma 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FDTIT |
| A2RE1 | 9170-0029 | 3 |  | CORESHELOMGGEAD | 78488 | 57.3452 |
| N20E2 | 8170-0028 | 3 |  | CORE-SHELDNG BEAD | 78488 | 57,3452 |
| 0231 | 1250-9220 | 0 |  | COMMECTOPAFF SMC M PC 50-HM | 0687 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK ENTL T NO. 10.195 IN-ID | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 29500078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10.32-THD .067-HN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| 02221 | 9140.0112 | 2 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHEMLD $4.7 \mathrm{TH}+$-10\% | 91637 | M-4.7.7H 10\% |
| $\mathrm{NzOL2}$ | 9100-1616 | 9 | 3 | MOUCTOR RF-C'HEMLD $1.5 \mathrm{UH}+$ +10\% | 91637 | un-4 1.5U4 10\% |
| A2213 | 9140-0325 | 8 | 1 | MOUCTOR RF-CHHMD 10UH +-2\% | 06560 | 004414-0126 |
| A2214 | 9140-0112 | 2 |  | NOUCTOR AF-CHHML $4.7 \mathrm{THH}+10 \%$ | 91637 | M-4 4.7UH 10\% |
| A2205 | 9100-1615 | 8 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHHNL 1.21H + $10 \%$ | 91637 | W-4 1.2UH 10\% |
| N2016 | 9140-0324 | 8 | 1 | COMLFXD,MLD 6.8 UH 2\% | 06560 | 004414-0106 |
| 12217 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHHML 1.5 UH + $10 \%$ | 91637 | M-8 1.5UH 10\% |
| A22LB | 9140-0180 | 4 | 1 | NDUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 2.7 UH + $10 \%$ | 91637 | m-4 2.7UH 10\% |
| A2219 | 9100-1616 | 9 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHMED 1.5UH + $10 \%$ | 91637 | m-4 1.5UH 10\% |
| A2210 | 91400112 | 2 |  | WOUCTOR RF-CHMED $4.7 \mathrm{TH}+10 \%$ | 91637 | m-4 4.7UH 10\% |
| A22MPI | 00901-00026 | 2 | 1 | COVER. LF VCXO | 28480 | 00901-00026 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-HACH 6-32 25-MNLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A22MP2 | 08901-20082 | 2 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 08901-20082 |
| A2zmp3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001.5539 | 9 |  | STRAP, GROUND | 28480 | 5001-5539 |
| 12201 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | THANSISTOR NPW 2NEE22A SI TO-18 PO-500NW | 04713 | $2 \times 22024$ |
| 12202 | 1853-0012 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2904A SI TO-39 PD=600MW | 04713 | 2N2904A |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 717-86 DAP |
| 22203 | 1854-0610 | 0 |  | TRANSESTOR MPN SI TO-46 FT=800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| 12204 | 18540610 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-46 FT $=800 \mathrm{WHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| A2205 | 1854-0247 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD $=1 \mathrm{~W}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| A2206 | 1854-0247 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=1W FT=800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| A2207 | 1854-0610 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-46 FT=800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| A2208 | 1854-0610 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-46 FT $=600 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0610 |
| 12209 | 1853-0001 | 1 | 1 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-39 PD=600NW | 28480 | 1853-0001 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 717-86 DAP |
| A22R1 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESESTOR $100+1 \%$, 12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-301-F |
| A22R2 | 0757-9409 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+-1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101.F |
| A22R3 | 0757-0422 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $909+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-909R-F |
| A22R4 | 0757-0260 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| azzas | 0030-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.6aK +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641+ |
| A22R6 | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.81K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/B-TO-6811-F |
| N22R7 | 0898-3430 | 5 |  | PESISTOR 21.5 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A22R8 | 0698-3155 | 1 |  | RESTSTOR 4.64K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | C74-1/8-T0-4641-F |
| a22as | 0757-0439 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 6.81K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-6811- |
| A22R10 | 0690-3430 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $21.5+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $=100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A22R11 | 0600-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $464+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-4640F |
| A23R12 | 068e-0082 | 7 |  | RESSSTOA $464+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4.1/8-T0-4640-F |
| A22813 | 088e-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 + $4 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640F |
| az2al4 | 0680-0082 | 7 |  | REESISTOR 464 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640-F |
| a22R15 | 0698-8004 | 9 | 4 | RESISTOR 200K + -0.1\% .1W TF TC=0+15 | 09464 | PR1/10 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Qity. | Description | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mifr. } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Mfr. Part Mumber |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A28P16 | 08808004 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR 200K $+0.1 \%$.1W TF TC=0+15 | 09468 | PR1/10 |
| A22R17 | 0690-3445 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $348+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTL-1/8-TO-348RF |
| A22R18 | 0757-0398 | 4 |  | RESSTOA $75+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| A22R19 | 0638-0082 | 7 |  | RESSTOR $464+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/Q-T0-4640F |
| A 22 R 20 | 0698-0082 | 7 |  | RESESTOA 464 +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-4640F |
| azzril | 0609-8004 | 8 |  | RESSTOP 200K +0.1\% .1W TF TC=0 0 -15 | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| A22R22 | 0698-8004 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR 200K $+0.1 \%$. 1 W TF TC $=0+15$ | 09464 | PR1/10 |
| netres | 0757-0400 | 9 |  | PESISTOR $90.9+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-9089-F |
| AESR24 | 0006-0082 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 464 +-1\% , 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/R-T0-4640-F |
| A2ER2S | 0698-3430 | 5 |  | RESISTOR $21.5+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 +100 | D8439 | NMK2 |
| n22az6 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A22R27 | 060-3435 | 0 | 1 | PESISTOR 38.3 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | D8439 | M MK2 |
| A22R28 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-825R-F |
| A22829 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-51R1-F |
| A22aso | 0ese-3156 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 14.7K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-T0-1472-f |
| A2PR31 | $0698-348$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 303 +-1\% .125W IF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-383R-F |
| A22832 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESUSTOR 5.11K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-5111f |
| A22R33 | 0757-0403 | 2 |  | RESSTTOR 121 $+1 \%$.12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-121R-F |
| A22R34 | 0757-034 | 2 |  | PESISTOR $10+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | WM2 |
| A22A35 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | PESISTOR $100+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.101F |
| A22as6 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | PESISTOR $10+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | NK2 |
| A22937 | 0757-0399 | 5 |  | PESESTOR 82.5 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-82R5-F |
| A22R38 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K $+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19703 | 50338-1/2-70-1332- |
| A22R39 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-5111+ |
| A22T1 | 0368060369 | 0 | 2 | TRANSFORMER, RF S-PW | 29480 | 00660-60369 |
| A22T2 | 0866060369 | 0 |  | TRANSFORMER, RF 5-PW | 28480 | 08680-60369 |
| A221P1 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONHECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14-MMABSCSE SO | 12360 | 26-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A22TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PN 1.14-MAM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010,01-03-00 |
| 1939A to 2606A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2YYt | 0410-1184 | 1 | 1 | CAYSTAL 9.26 MHZ | 28460 | 0410-8181 |
|  | 1200-0758 | 2 | 2 | SOCKET-XTAL 2-CONT HC-25/U DPP.SLDR | 91506 | 8004-1617 |
|  | 0361.0026 | 6 | 2 | PRET | 28480 | 0061-0026 |
| A22Y2 | $0410-1182$ | 2 | 1 | CRYSTAL 11.26 MHZ | 28480 | 0410-1182 |
|  | 1200-0758 | 2 |  | SOCKET-XTAL 2-CONT HC-25/U DP.SLDR | 91506 | 60041617 |
|  | 0061.0026 | 6 |  | RIVET | 28480 | 0381-0026 |
| 2507A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A22Y1 | 0410-1615 | 6 | 1 | CAYSTAL, 9.26 MHR | 28480 | 0410-1615 |
|  | 1400-0973 | 7 | 2 | CLP CMPNT . 1390 .154 DIA STL | 28480 | 1400-0973 |
| 12242 | 0410-1616 | 7 | 1 | CRYSTAL, 11.26 MHZ | 28480 | 0410-1616 |
|  | 14000973 | 7 | 2 | CLP CNPNT . 1380 . 154 DUA STL | 28480 | 1400-0973 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Cty. | Description | Mir. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code | Mifr. Part Number |

## A23

| 1933A to 2543A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A23 | 00901-60022 | 4 | 1 | SAMPIER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00901-60022 |
| 2545A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{123}$ | 00901-60144 | 1 | 1 | SAMPLER ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00901-60144 |
| A23C1 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A3SC2 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | PPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| A23C3 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | FPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A23C4 | 0160-0571 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 470PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDI1X7R2A471M |
| A23CS | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A23C6 | 0180-2817 | 1 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD 6.8UF+10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F605K035AS |
| A23C7 | 0160-4034 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-XD .1UF +20\% 50VDC CER | 00969 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A23C8 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A23C9 | 0160-4034 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-XD .1LF $+20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A23C10 | 0160-6034 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-XD .IUF +-20\% SOVDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A23C11 | 0180-2618 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR + XD 33UF+ $10 \%$ 10VDC TA | 12344 | T355F336kOIOAS |
| A23C12 | $0180-2617$ | 1 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685k035AS |
| A23C13 | 0180-2617 | 1 |  | CAPACTOR +XD 68.UF+ $10 \% 35 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 12344 | T355F685k035AS |
| A23C14 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD .1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE122-139x7R104M50V |
| A23C15 | 0180-2617 | 1 |  | CAPACTIOR- $X$ OD 6.EUF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685K035AS |
| ${ }^{\text {A3C16 }}$ | 0160-0570 | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-FXO 220PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R221M100V |
| ${ }^{23} 23{ }^{\text {c }} 17$ | 0160-3877 | 5 |  | CAPACTOA-FXO 100PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |
| A23C18 | 0160-3876 | 4 |  | CAPACTOR $+X 0$ 47PF +20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7R470M200V |
| A23C19 | $0160-3876$ | 4 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 47PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R470M200V |
| A23C20 | 0160-3873 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOA+XD 4.7PF +.5PF 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G4R7D200V |
| 423 C 21 | 0160-3876 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXO 47PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R4700N200V |
| A23C22 | $0160-3876$ | 4 |  | CAPACTOR $+X 0$ 47PF $+20 \%$ 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105x7R470M 200 V |
| A23C23 | $0160-3873$ | 1 |  | CAPACTORT-XD 4.7PF +.5PF 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G4R70200V |
| A23C24 | 0160-4084 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .1UF $+-20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE122-139X7R104M50V |
| A23C25 | 0160-3873 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 4.7PF +.5PF 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G4R7D200V |
| A23C26 | $0160-3875$ | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR+XD 22PF +5\% 20VVCC CER 0+30 | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G2201200V |
| A23C27 | 0180-1745 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 1.5UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500155 \times 902042$ |
| A23C28 | 016038875 | 3 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 22PF +-5\% 200VDC CER $0+30$ | 09969 | RPE121-105C0G2201200V |
| A23C29 | 01800291 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1UF+ $10 \% 35 \mathrm{VDC}$ TA | 56289 | 1500105x9035A2 |
| 1933A to 2543A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23C30 | 0160-2264 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 20PF $+5 \%$ 500VDC CER O+30 | 00535 | 301-600-C060-2001 |
| 2545A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23C30 | 0160-5699 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD 20PF +5\% 100VDC CER 0+30 | 28480 | 0160-5699 |
| A23C31 | 0180-0291 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD 1UF+ $10 \% 35 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{TA}$ | 56289 | 1500105x9035A2 |
| A23C32 | 0180-2617 | 1 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 6.8UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F6e5k035AS |
| A23C33 | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 9020 \mathrm{A2}$ |
| A23C34 | 0180.0291 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56889 | 1500105x9035A2 |
| ${ }^{\text {A23C35 }}$ | 0180-0197 | 8 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 22UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | $1500225 \times 902042$ |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | hP Part Number | C | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A23C36 | 0180-2817 | 1 |  | CAPACTTOR-PXD 6.8UF+ $10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 12344 | T355F685K035AS |
| 223C37 | 0160-4653 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTIOR +XD . 1 LF + $5 \%$ 100VDC MET POLYP | 84411 | HEW-505 |
| 123038 | 01800291 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD 1UF+ $+10 \%$ 35VDC TA | 56289 | $1500105 \times 503512$ |
| A23C39 | 01800291 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1UF+-10\% 35VDC TA | 56289 | 1500105X5035A2 |
| A23C40 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-XD . O1UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 0096 | RPE121-105×7R103M100V |
| A23C4 | 01603879 | 7 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD DIUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 08909 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A23C42 | 01603877 | 5 |  | CAPACTOR + XD 100PF + $200 \% 200 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |
| ${ }^{23513}$ | $0160-0571$ | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 470PF $+20 \%$ 100VOC CER | 06383 | FD1IX7R2A471M |
| A23C4 | $0160-0571$ | 0 |  | CAPACITOR+XO 470PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDIIX7R2A471M |
| 1933A to 2026A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $123 \mathrm{C45}$ |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2031 A and aboue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23C45 $^{\text {- }}$ | 0160-490 | 0 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 1.8PF +25PF 200VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-490 |
| A23CR1 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DNOOE-CEN PAP 180 V 200M ${ }^{\text {d }}$ D-35 | $9 \times 171$ | 1N645 |
| A23CR2 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-CEN PRP 180V 200 MA D0-35 | 0N171 | $1 \mathrm{NG45}$ |
| A23CR3 | 1901-0189 | 9 | 1 | DIODESTEP RECOVERY | 20480 | OSRD-4653 |
| A23CR4 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12408 | 5082-2800 |
| A23CR5 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SKG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A23CP6 | 1906-0096 | 9 | 1 | DIODE, MATCHED | 28480 | 1906-0098 |
| A23CR10 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V $200 \mathrm{MA} \mathrm{DO-35}$ | 9N171 | 1N645 |
| NESCR11 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-EEN PRP 180V $200 \mathrm{MA} \mathrm{DO-35}$ | 9N171 | 1N645 |
| A23CR12 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 180 V 200MA DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N645 |
| A23CR13 | 1801-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 160V 200MA DO-35 | 9N171 | 1N645 |
| A23CR14 | 1901-0033 | 2 |  | DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO-35 | 9 W171 | $1 \mathrm{MG45}$ |
| Az3CR15 | 1901-0518 | 8 |  | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SIG | 12403 | 5082-2800 |
| A23051 | 1990-0326 | 3 | 2 | LED-LAMP LUMANT $=3004 C D$ OF=50MA-MAX | 28480 | 5082-4444 |
| A23052 | 1990-0326 | 3 |  | LED-LAMP UMHNTT $=300$ UCD IF=SOMA MAX | 28480 | 5082-444 |
| ARSE1 | 9170-0029 | 3 |  | CORE-SHELDMG BEAD | 78488 | 57-3452 |
| A2301 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-03/111 |
|  | 2150-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHERHLK NTL T NO. $10.195-1 / H D$ | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAN 10-32-THD .057-AN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A2312 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | E2SNC-50-0.3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHERHK WTL T MO. 10.195 HHLD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .057-W-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A28JP9 | 8159-0005 | 0 |  | RESUSTOR-ZERO OHMS 2\% ANG LEAD DA | 11502 | Y20 1/4 |
| ${ }^{123 L 1}$ | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A2312 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 8100-3922 |
| 12313 | 8100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A2314 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A23L5 | 81400210 | 1 |  | EOUCTOR RF-CHEMLD 100UH +5\% | 91637 | W-4 100UH 5\% |
| A23L6 | 9140-0210 | 1 |  | WDUCTOR RF-CHMMLD 100UH +5\% | 91637 | M-4 100UH 5\% |
| A23L7 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUTT BOARD |  |  |
| A23L8 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CHRCUTT BOARD |  |  |
| A2319 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CRCUIT BONRD |  |  |
| A23L 10 | 9100-2250 | 9 | 2 | MOUCTOR PF-CHMED 180NH + $10 \%$ | 81637 | M-2.18UH 10\% |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | 1HP Part Number | $\underset{\mathbf{D}}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A234.11 | 9100-2250 | 9 |  | MSUCTOR PF-CHMLD 180NH + $10 \%$ | 91637 | m-2.2.18UH 10\% |
| A23L12 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| N23L13 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A23L14 | 9140.0144 | 0 | 2 | WDUCTOR PFF-CH-MLD $4.7 \mathrm{UHH}+-10 \%$ | 91637 | M-2 4.7Un 10\% |
| A23L15 | 9140-0144 | 0 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHSHLD 4.7UH +-10\% | 91637 | en-2 4.7UH 10\% |
| N23L16 | 91003922 | 4 |  | PF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A23MP1 | 00901-00024 | 0 | 1 | COVER, SAMPLER (NCLLOES P.C. EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 00901-00024 |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 |  | SCREWHMCH 6-32 25-NLG PANHDPOEI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| R23M1P2 | 06901-20062 | 2 |  | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 08901-20082 |
| A23MP3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 |  | STRAP, GROUND | 28480 | 5001-5539 |
| 12301 | 1854-0247 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD=1W FTm800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| 02302 | 1854-0247 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-59 PD=1W FT=800MHZ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
| 12803 | 1854-0023 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR MPN SI TO-18 PD=360MM | 28480 | 1854-0023 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSLLATOA-XSTR DAP-EL | 13103 | 7717-66 DAP |
| 22304 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NSES1 SI TO-18 PO=5600W | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| A2305 | 1854-0210 | 6 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NR222 SI TO-18 PD=500wW | 04713 | $2 \times 2222$ |
| 1333A 20 2026A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12396 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=3604W | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| 2031 A and aboveA2396 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1853-0281 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2NR907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW | 04713 | 2N2097A |
| A2307 | 1205-0037 | 0 | 1 | HEAT SINK TO-18-CS | 98978 | TXBF-019-025B |
|  | $1853-0038$ | 4 |  | TRANSISTOA PNIP S! TO-39 PD=1W FT=100M HH | 28480 | 1853-0038 |
|  | 1200-0173 | 5 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL. | 13103 | 7717-86 DAP |
| 12308 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PMP SI PD=300NW FT=1500 HHZ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | X1z2ecpeori |
| A2309 | 1855-0099 | 1 |  | TRANSISTOR-WFET DUAL N-CHUN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0049 |
| A23010 | 1853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOA PNP SI PD=SCOMW FT $=150 \mathrm{MH}$ [Z | 2 M 627 | XA22BCP20-1 |
| 7933A 1002543 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23911 | 1855-0097 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR JFET NCHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0091 |
| 123912 | 1855-0091 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR JFET N-CHW D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0091 |
| 25454 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A23Q11 | 1855-0420 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR ل-FET 2N4391 N-CHAN DMODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0420 |
| A23Q12 | 1855-0420 | 2 |  | TRANSISTOR JFET 2N4391 N-CHAN D-MODE SI | 28480 | 1855-0420 |
| A2381 | 0757-0288 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 9.09K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC=0+100 | 19701 | 50338-1/8-70.9091-F |
| az3R2 | 0757-0.416 | 7 |  | RESASTOR $511+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| 233R3 | 0ese-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-422:F |
| A2384 | 0757-1094 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| Az3R5 | 0757-0405 | 4 | 3 | RESISTOR 162 +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-162P-F |
| a23R6 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 825 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12458 | CT4-1/8-T0-825A-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A23R7 | 0757.0442 | 9 |  |  | 12498 | CTL-1/R-T0-1002-F |
| A23R8 | 0epesi40 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $106+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-196R-F |
| A23R9 | 0757-0346 | 2 |  | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | ak2 |
| 223a 10 | 0757-0405 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $162+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-362P-F |
| A23R11 | 0757-0230 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A23R12 | 0757-1094 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-1471.f |
| A23813 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-f |
| -23R14 | 0696-3136 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 17.8K $+1 \%, 125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $000+100$ | 12488 | CT-1/8-T0-1782-F |
| AE3A15 | cese-3154 | 0 |  | RESSSTOR 4.22K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221.F |
| A23R16 | 06083631 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $350+5 \% 2 \mathrm{~W}$ MO TC $=0+200$ | 12498 | FP. 69 |
| A2xal 7 | cemese99 | 5 | 1 | RESSSTOR 133 +-1\% .5W TF TC $=0+100$ | K8479 | H2 |
| A23R18 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/R-T0-1003-F |
| N23R19 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-T0-51A1F |
| A23R20 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTL-1/R-TO-51R1F |
| A23R21 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESSTOR 8.25K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-8251F |
| A23822 | 0090-8827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M + -1\% .125W TF TC-04-100 | 12498 | CT4 |
| A23823 | 0698-7205 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C2-1/0-TO-STRIf |
| A23R24 | 0757-0441 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 8.25K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C7-1/8.T0-8251-F |
| A23R25 | 0609-8827 | 4 |  | RESSSTOR IM +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA |
| A23R26 | 0690-6827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A23R27 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $3 K+1 \%^{\text {a }}$.12SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001 $f$ |
| A23R23 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESSTOR TK $+1 \%$, 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4/88-T0-1001F |
| A23R29 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA1/8-Ta.5119-F |
| A23R30 | 0688-3151 | 7 |  | RESSTOR 287K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2871-F |
| A23R31 | 0698-3151 | 7 |  | RESUSTOR 2.87K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0 \leqslant 100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-2871-F |
| A23R32 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \times .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4/8-T0-1002-F |
| A23R33 | 2100-2633 | 5 | 1 | RESSSTOR-TRMP 1K 10\% TKF SIDE-ADS 1-TRN | 73138 | E2PARIK |
| A23R34 | 0757-0289 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T0-1332-F |
| A23R35 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CTL-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| A23R36 | 0098-7212 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. $05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-100R-F |
| A23R37 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| A23 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 38 | 0757-0209 | 2 |  | RESISTOR 13.3K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033 ${ }^{\text {-1/8-T0-1332-F }}$ |
| A23R39 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1007-F |
| A23R40 | 06983162 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 46.4K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-4642F |
| A23R41 | 0757-1094 | $\theta$ |  | RESISTOR 1.47K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-1471-F |
| 023842 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESSTTOA $100-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| 123R43 | 0757-0420 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR $750+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=00+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-751F |
| A23f44 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A23A45 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESSTOR 100K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C74-1/R-T0-1003-F |
| A23R46 | 0680-3260 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR 46AK $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A23847 | 06803260 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 4GAK +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+300$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A23P48 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-1211-F |
| 123P49 | 0698-3260 | 9 |  | RESSTOR 46aK $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A23P50 | 0757.0394 | 0 |  | RESSTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-70-5181-F |
| AESR51 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESSSTOR 1.21K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-1211-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | hP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty | Description | Mir. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A23R52 | $0757-0421$ | 4 |  | RESESTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-625RF |
| A23R53 | 0757.0879 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $+\mathbf{1 \%}$.125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4/1/R-T0-3161F |
| A23P54 | 21002521 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMP 2K 10\% TKF SDE-AOS 1-TRN | 73138 | 82PAR2K |
| A23as5* | 07570416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$.125W TF TC $00+100$ | 12488 | CTA-1/B-T0-511R-F |
| A23R56 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-50-1002-F |
| A23R57 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 51.1 -1\% .125W IT TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1F |
| A23s488 | 0696-0082 | 7 |  | PESISTOR 464 $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0-4640F |
| A23P59 | 0757-0379 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR $12.1+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T0-12R1F |
| A23R60 | 0098.341 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 215 +1\% .125W IF TCm0+-100 | 12488 | CT4-1/R-T0-215R-F |
| A23R61 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 511 $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A23R62 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+3 \% .12 S W$ TF TC $=0+300$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A23P63 | 0757-0200 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1001-F |
| A23T14 | 00901-50042 | 0 | 1 | SAMPLER TRANSFORMER | 28480 | 08501.60042 |
| A2STP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONHECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14MM-ESC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010.01-03-00 |
| 22341 | 1826-0138 | 8 | 1 | CC COMPARATOR GP QUAD 14-DPPP PKG | 27014 | LM339N |
| A23U2 | 1826-0413 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-ELASHMMPD 8-TO-99 PKG | 34371 | HA2-2605-5 |
| A23VR1 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DHODE-ZNR 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| A23VR2 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DVODE-2NH 5.11V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| A23VR3 | 1902-0041 | 4 |  | DODEE-2NR 5.11V 5\% DO.35 PD=.4W | 07263 | 1N751A |
| A23VR4 | 1902-0554 | 4 | 2 | DCODE-ZNR 10V 5\% PD=1W MP=10UA | 28480 | 1902-0554 |
| A23VR5 | 1802-0554 | 4 |  | DNODE-2NR 10V 5\% PD=1W 1 R $=10 \mathrm{UA}$ | 28480 | 1902-0554 |

## Table 63. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Qty | Description | Mfr. | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code |  |  |

A24

| 124 | 08901-60021 | 3 | 1 | HMGH FAEQUENCY VCO ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A24C1 | 0160-0571 | 0 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 470PF + $200 \%$ 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDIIX7REA47IM |
| A24C2 | 0160.3877 | 5 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 100PF + $200 \%$ 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R101M200V |
| A24C3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A24C4 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C5 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTORFXD 1000PF + $200 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C6 | 0160-0575 | 4 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .047VF + $20 \%$ 50VDC CER | 12474 | SP205C473MAA |
| A24C7 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D156X902082 |
| A24C8 | 0180-1746 | 5 |  | CAPACTIORFXD 15UF+-10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 150D156X902082 |
| A24C9 | 0160-0573 | 2 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 4700PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2A472M |
| A24C10 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0160.3531 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 330PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 28480 | 0160.3531 |
| A24C11 | 0180-0229 |  |  | CAPACTOR-XD 33UF+-109 10VDC TA | 56289 | 1500336×901082 |
| $\mathrm{A}^{24 C 12}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0160-5951 | 0 | 1 | CAPACTHOR-XD 390PF + 5\% 50VDC CER $0+30$ | 28480 | 0160-5951 |
| A24C13 | 0160.3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .01UF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A24C14 | 0160.5034 | 0 | 1 | CAPACITOR-XX 120PF +-2\% 50VDC CER $0+30$ | 95275 | VJobosal21GH |
| $\mathrm{A}_{24 \mathrm{C} 15}$ | $0160 \cdot 3878$ | 6 |  | CAPACITOF-FXD 1000PF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C16 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2309A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A24C17 | 0160-4519 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 9.1PF +-.5PF 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105COG9R1D200V |
| 2312A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A24C17 | 0160-4304 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD 10PF +-100\% 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4304 |
| A24C18 | $0160-4103$ | 2 | 1 | CAPACTIORFXD 220PF + 50 100VDC CER | 06383 | FDi2COG2A22 1J |
| A24C19 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | FPPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C20 | 0160.3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-PXD 1000PF $+20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C21 | $0160-3878$ |  |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +.204 100VDC CER | 09959 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C23 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF + 20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C23 | 01603878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C24 | $0160-3878$ | - |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105×7R102M100V |
| A24C25 | $0180-3878$ | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 1000PF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | PRE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C26 | $0160-3878$ | 6 |  | CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | PPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C27 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-XD 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C28 | $0160-3878$ | 6 |  | CAPACITOR $+\times$ D 1000PF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C29 | 0160-3878 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 1000PF + $200 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{CER}$ | 09969 | PPE121-105X7R102M100V |
| A24C30 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A24C31 | 0160-3876 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 47PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105X7P470M200V |
| A24C32 | $0160-3875$ | 3 |  | CAPACITOR-PXD 22PF + 50 200VDC CER $0+30$ | 09969 | RPE121-105COG220J200V |
| A24C33 | 01603876 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR FXD 47PF +-20\% 200VDC CER | 09969 | RPEE121-105×7R470M200V |
| A24C34 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A24C35 | $0160-3879$ | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | PPE121-105X7R103M100V |
| A24C36 | 0160-3879 | 7 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .01UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09960 | RPE121-105×7R103M100V |
| $\mathrm{A}_{24 \mathrm{CR}}{ }^{\triangle}$ | 1901.0880 | 7 |  | DHODE-GEN PRP 125MA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0880 |
| A24CR2 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1901-0880 | 7 |  | DHODE-GEN PRP 125MA DO35 | 28480 | 1901-0880 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mif. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2410A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A24CR3 ${ }^{4}$ | 0122-0326 | 3 |  | DIODE-WC 43PF 5\% | 28480 | 0122-0326 |
| A24CR4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0326 | 3 |  | DNODE.WC 43PF 5\% | 28480 | 0122-0326 |
| 2412A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A24CR3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122.0173 | 8 |  | DIODE-WC 13.5PF 7\% C3/C25-MAN-5 | 28480 | $0122-0173$ |
| A24CR4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0173 | 8 |  | DIODE-WC 13.5PF 7\% CW/CES-MNN-5 | 28480 | 0122-0173 |
| A24CR5 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0880 | 7 |  | DIOOE-GEN PAP 125MA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0880 |
| A24CR6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-0980 | 7 |  | DIODE-GEN PRPP 12SMA DO-35 | 28480 | 1901-0880 |
| A2414 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-RF SMC M SGL HOLE-RR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WHSHER-LK WTL T NO. 10.195 NHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2050-0078 | 9 |  | MUT+EEX-DEL-CHAM 1032-THD .067-H2-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| (24124 | 1250-1425 | 7 |  | CONNECTOR-FF SMC M Sci Hole-RR 50-OHM | 28480 | 1250-1425 |
|  |  | 4 |  | WASHERHK INTL T NO. $10.195-\mathrm{NHD}$ | 16179 |  |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-NKTHK | $28480$ | 2950-0078 |
| 224L1 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| ${ }^{24} 42$ | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A24L3 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A24L4 | 8100-3922 | 4 |  | RF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A24L5 | 9100-3922 | 4 |  | AF CHOKE | 28480 | 9100-3922 |
| A2466 | 9100-2251 | 0 | 2 | WOUCTOR PF.CH-MLD $220 \mathrm{NH}+10 \%$ | 91637 | M-2.22UH 10\% |
| A24L7 | 08901-00068 | 2 | 1 | MOUCTOR | 28480 | 08901.00068 |
| A24L8 | 9100-2251 | 0 |  |  | 91637 | M-2.2.22UH 10\% |
| A24,9 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUT BOARD |  |  |
| A24L10 |  |  |  | PART OF ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD |  |  |
| A24MP1 | 08901-00023 | 9 | 1 | COVER, HF VCO | 28480 | 08901-00023 |
|  | 2560-0113 | 2 |  | SCREW-MHCH 6-32 25-MNLS PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A2AMP2 | 08901-00043 | 3 | 1 | GASKET, LO OSC. BOARD(USED WITH MP1) | 28480 | 08901-00043 |
| A24mp3 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A24MP4 | 06862-00038 | 6 | 1 | SHEDD, CHRCUT, SMALL | 28480 | 08682-00038 |
| A24MP5 | 06662-00040 | 0 | 1 | SHIELD, COMPONENT, SMALL | 28480 | 08662-00040 |
| A2AMP6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5001-5539 | 9 |  | STRAP, GROUND | 28480 | 5001-5539 |
| 12401 | 1854-0247 | 9 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD $=1 \mathrm{~W}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
|  | 03400834 | 0 | 1 | MSULATOR-XSTR POLYI | 13103 | 43-05-1 |
| 02402 | 1855-0020 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR JFET N-CHAN D-MODE TO-18 SI | 04713 | SFE793 |
| 12403 | 1855-0020 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR $\mathcal{H} E$ ET N-CHAN D-MODE TO-18 SI | 04713 | SfE793 |
| A2404 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TPANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A2405 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A2406 | 1854-0404 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A2407 | 18540404 | 0 |  | TRUNSISTOR NPPN SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1854-0404 |
| A2408 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRUNSISTOR PNPP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 04713 | 2 N 3251 |
| A24R1 | 0698-7236 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $1 K+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C3-1/8-70-1001-F |
| A24R2 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1001-F |
| A24R3 | 0698-3499 | 6 | 1 | PESISTOR 28.7K $+1 \%$.125W TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2872-F |
| A24R4 | 0757-0199 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 21.5K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2152-f |
| A24R5 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A24R6 | 0757-0274 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 1.21K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1211-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & C \\ & D \end{aligned}$ | 04. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A24n7 | 0608-3157 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 19.6K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-1962-F |
| A24RB | 0757.0402 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $110+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0.111F |
| A24R9 | 0757.0442 | 0 |  | PESSSTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-1002F |
| N24R10 | 009e3155 | 1 |  | RESSTOR $4.64 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$, 122W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-4641-F |
| A24R11 | 0000-3151 | 7 |  | RESSSTOR 2.87K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-2871F |
| A24R12 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+5 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101F |
| A24R13 | $0757-9401$ | 0 |  | RESSSTOR 100 +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-T0-101F |
| A24814 | 0757.0405 | 4 |  | AESISTOR $162+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-162R-5 |
| A24R15 | 0890-8627 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M +1\%.12SW TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4 |
| N24R16 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A24817 | 0680-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.98K $+1 \%$. 125 W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CTA-1/8-TO-1961F |
| A24R18 | $0688-0083$ | 6 |  | RESUSTOR 193K $+1 \%$. 122 W TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961F |
| A24R19 | 0038-3405 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $422+1 \% .5 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | K8479 |  |
| A24R20 | 0698.7195 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $19.6+1 \%$. 05 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3.1/8T0.19R6-F |
| A24R21 | 0757-0402 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $110+1 \% .125 W$ TF TComotio | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-111-F |
| A24822 | 0757-0402 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $110+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-111F |
| A24R23 | 0698.7219 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 196 +-1\%.05W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/Q-TO.196RF |
| A24R24 | 0698-7206 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $56.2+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-TO-56R2F |
| A24R25 | 0690-7222 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR $251+1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-10-261RF |
| A24R26 | 0698-8827 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 1M $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4 |
| A24R27 | 0680-7199 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOA $28.7+3 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/8-TO-28R7- |
| A24TP1 | 1251-0800 | 0 |  | CONWECTOA-SCL CONT PNN 1.14 Mal-ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A24TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-SEL CONT PIN 1.14-MAMESC-S2 SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A24TP3 | 1251-0300 | 0 |  | COWEECTOR-SGL CONT PAN 1.14MAN-ESC-SZ SQ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| 224U1 | 1826-0372 | 2 |  | C, A251 LMMTER | 28480 | 1251-0100 |
| 224U2 | $1826-0372$ | 2 |  | 1C, A251 UMTIER | 28480 | 2251-0100 |
| $\mathrm{N}_{2413}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1826-1796 | 6 | 1 | IC OP AMP HSLEW-RATE DUAL 8-DAP-P PKG | 04713 | MC34082P |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts



A25

| 1933A to 2012A A25 | 08801-60026 | 8 | 1 | AUDHO MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00901-60026 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2021A $002509 A$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 125 | 00901-60120 | 3 | 1 | AUOHO MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28680 | 06901-60120 |
| 2516 A and above A25 | $00801-60236$ | 2 | 1 | AUDHO MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 0980)-50236 |
| 18364 20 2609A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {A25C1 }}$ | 0160-2055 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD D OIUF $+00-20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 09969 | D0106NW3302Y5V1032100V |
| A25C2 | 01603468 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTOR $+\times$ O $100 \mathrm{PF}+10 \% 1$ 1VDC CER | 06383 | CX15XE3A101KH |
| 2516 A and abave |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{ALSSCL}^{\text {a }}$ | 0160-4832 | 4 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .OIUF + $10 \%$ 100VDC CER | 28480 | 0160-4832 |
| ${ }^{125 C 5} 2^{\text {a }}$ | 0160-4801 | 7 | 1 | CAPACTIOR+XD 100PF +5\% 1KVDC CER | 28480 | 0:60-4801 |
| A2S11 | 12500036 | 2 | 1 | CONNECTOARAF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 16179 | 5064-5006-09 |
| A2S512 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKET-C 16 -CONT DP-SLDR | 06776 | ICN-1630-53-930 |
| A253 | 12000507 | 9 |  | SOCKETHC 16-CONT DP-SLPR | 06776 | ICN-1638-53-630 |
| A254 | 1251-5149 | 6 |  | CONNHPOST TYPE. 156-PINSPCE 6-CONT | 28480 | 1251-5169 |
| 12515 | 1251-5643 | 1 | 1 | CONWPOST TYPE. 156 PWWSPCG 4 CONT | 28480 | 1251.5643 |
| A25R1 | 00983443 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $287+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-287R-f |
| A25R2 | 0086-0084 | 9 |  | RESSETOR 2.15K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/b-ro-2151f |
| A25x7 ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | COMNECTOR-CC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| 225x8 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | CONNECTOR-AC EDGE 22.CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| n25x9 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | CONMECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2HOWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| A2Sxai |  |  |  | Mot assicned |  |  |
| $\mathrm{N}_{25 \times 12}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | COWWECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-HOWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| А25×03 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | COMNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/AOW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A25x44 | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | COMNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A25xas ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 1253-1365 | 6 |  | COMWECTOA-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| ${ }^{\text {a } 25 \times 46 \triangle}$ | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONMECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Mtr. Part Number |  |  |  |  |

A26

| 1939 to 2705A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 126 | 00901-60020 | 2 | 1 | POWER SUPPLY MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | $00901-60020$ |
| 2751A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A26 | ces01-60294 | 2 | 1 | POWER SUPPLY MOTMER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901-60294 |
| A2SC1 | 0180-2851 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XD .03F+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 19701 | 3186EE303U025BHA2 |
|  | 2190-0034 | 5 | 8 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 10.194 HHD | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
|  | 2600-0099 | 1 | 8 | SCREW-MHCH 10332 S75-WLG PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A26C2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0180-2990 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTORFXD 75001F + $75-10 \%$ 20VDC AL | 28480 | 0180-2990 |
|  | 2180-0034 | 5 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 10.194 H-ID | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
|  | 2680-0099 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 10-32 S75-WHE PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCAIPTION |
| A26C3 | 0180-2058 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD .01F+75-10\% 4OVDC AL | 19701 | 31868F103\%040вНАЗ |
|  | 2180-0034 | 5 |  | WHSHERLK HLCL NO. 10.194 WHD | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
|  | 2800-0099 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 10-32 .375-WLL PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| n2SCA | 0180-0677 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-XD 58000F+75-10\% 4OVDC AL | 19701 | $3186 B C 582 \cup 0408412$ |
|  | 2180-0034 | 5 |  | WHSHER-LK HLCL NO. 10.19 -INHD | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
|  | 2880-0099 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 10-32 S75-HHLS PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| N2SC5 | 0160-3968 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD .47VF + $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ 250VAC (RMSS) (OPTION OO4 ONLY) | C0633 | PME 271 M 647 |
| A26CR1 | 1801-0800 | 5 | 8 | DIODE-PWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
| A26CR2 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DNODEPWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
|  | 1205-0213 | 4 | 2 | HEAT SINK SCL TO-5/TO-39-CS | 13103 | 20288 |
| A26CR3 | 1801-0200 | 5 |  | DIDDE-PW PRECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
|  | 1205-0213 | 4 |  | HEAT SINK SGL T0-5/T0-39-CS | 13103 | 22238 |
| A26CR4 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODEPWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
| A2SCRSA | 1801-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWITCHENGG 1NA150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | INA150 |
| A26CR6 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODEPWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
| a26CR7 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | OLODE-PWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-9200 |
| A26CR8 | 1901-0200 | 5 |  | DIODE-PWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
| A26CRS | 1801-0200 | 5 |  | DKODEPWR RECT 100V 1.5A | 28480 | 1901-0200 |
| A2511 | 1251.3412 | 8 | 1 | CONNPOST TYPE .156-PN-SPCG 6-CONT | 28480 | $1251-3412$ |
| A2612 | 1251-5169 | 6 |  | CONNPOST TYPE. 156 -PPN-SPCE 6-CONT | 28480 | 1251-5169 |
| A2613 | 1251-5169 | 6 |  | CONW-POST TYPE.156-PNW-SPCG 6-CONT | 28480 | 1251-5169 |
| A26,4 | 1251-5635 | 1 | 1 | CONNPOST TYPE .156-PIN-SPCG 12-CONT | 28480 | 1251-5635 |
| A2615A | 1251-5636 | 2 | 2 | CONNECTOR, 11-PW, MALE | 28480 | 1251-5636 |
| A26458 | 1251-5636 | 2 |  | CONNECTOR, 11-PW, MALE | 28480 | 1251-5636 |
| 12866 | 12514966 | 9 | 2 | CONN-POST TYPE .156-PN-SPCG 8-CONT | 28480 | 1251-4966 |
| 1933A 10 2705A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A26K1 | 0480-0618 | 5 | 1 | RELAY 2C 24VOC-COLL 5A 115VAC | 77342 | R40-E0161-1 |
| 27514 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A26K1 | 0450-1647 | 2 | 1 | relay | 28480 | 0490-1647 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mif. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A26MP1 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A26MP2 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A26mp3 | 08901-20049 | 1 | 1 | SHELD. HIGH VOLTAGE | 28480 | 08901-20049 |
| $\Delta$ | 0361-0207 | 5 | 1 | RIVET-BUND DA-PIN RNDH .12501A | 02768 | 201-080551-00-0108 |
| $\Delta$ | 2360-0199 | 4 | 1 | SCREWHMCH 6-32.430-NHLG PANHDPOOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| $\Delta$ | 3050-0003 | 3 | 1 | WASHER-FL NM NO. 6.141 -INHD . 375 -NHOD | 73734 | 1471 |
| $\Delta$ | 3050-0227 | 3 | 1 | WASHERTL MTLC NO.6 .149-1N-LD | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A26MP4 | 7120-4163 | 7 | 1 | Label, MARNINGHAZARDOUS VOLTAGE | 28480 | 7120-4163 |
| A2601 | 1884-0250 | 7 | 1 | THYRISTOR-TRIAC TO-220AB | 04713 | T25008 |
| $\Delta$ | 2200-0141 | 9 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 4-40.312-NHG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| $\Delta$ | 2190-0004 | 9 | 1 | WASHERHK ENTL T NO. 4.115-N-ID | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A26R1 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-101-F |
| A26R2 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK + $1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-f |
| A26R3 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A26R4 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611F |
| A26R5 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-T0-2611-F |
| A26VR1 |  | 1 | 2 | DIODE-ZNP 68.1V 5\% DO-7 PD $=.4 \mathrm{~W}$ TC $=+.079 \%$ | 29480 | 1902-3381 |
| A26VR2 | 1902-3381 | 1 |  | DIODE-ZNR 68.1V 5\% DO-7 PD=.4W TC $=+.079 \%$ | 28480 | 1902-3381 |
| A26×A10 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Numb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A27 | $00801-60030$ | 4 | 1 | DIGTAL MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 08901.60030 |
| 227J1 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCXETHC 16-CONT DP-SLDR | 06776 | 1CN-1638-53-630 |
| A2751 | $1251-460$ | 8 |  | COPPCABLE PLUG RTNG-DUAL RMNE 16 CONT | 06776 | RC-74 |
| A2752 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKET-C 16-CONT DP-SLDR | 06776 | ICN-1630-S3-G30 |
| 227, 2 | 1251-460 | 8 |  | CUP-CABLE PLUG RTNG-DUAL WLINE 16 CONT | 06776 | RC-74 |
| A2753 | 12000507 | 0 |  | SOCKETHC IG-CONT OP-SLOR | 08776 | ICN-1838-S5-630 |
| A27.3 | 1251-460 | 8 |  | CLP-CABLE PLUG FTNG-DUAL MLNE 16 CONT | 06776 | RC-74 |
| A27MP1 | 0500-0970 | 4 | 4 | THREADED MSERTAUT 6-32 O62NHLS STL. | 46384 | 16F2-932-2 |
| A27x12A ${ }^{4}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | COMNECTOR-PC EDEE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| A27x128 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-2095 | 9 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDEE 15-CONT/ROW 2HOWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A27xA114 | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | COMECTOR-PC EDEE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 26400 | 1251-1365 |
| a27Xa13a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | CONWECTOA-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2HOWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| A27XA138 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | COMWECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| artxaisa ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | COMNECTOR-PC EDEE 2R-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| A27xalas | 1251-2035 | 9 |  | CONMECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Nember | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Numb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A to 2126A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A28 | 00801-60027 | 9 | 1 | RF MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 06901-60027 |
| 21284 and aboce |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A28 | 00901-60139 | 4 | 1 | RF MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 00901-60139 |
| A281 | 1251-4966 | 9 |  | CONNPOST TYPE .156PM-SPCS A-CONT | 28480 | 1251-4966 |
| N2812 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKETHC 16-CONT DIP-SLDA | 06776 | ICN-1638-53-630 |
| A2913 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKETHC 16-CONT DIPSLDR | 06776 | ICN-1638-S3-630 |
| 289x16 ${ }^{\mathbf{S}}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | COMNECTOA-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| A28×A1-A28×A14 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A28×A15 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-2005 | 9 |  | COWNECTOR-PC EDSE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| ~28×177 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | CONNECTOR+PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| A28xa18 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | CONRECTOR-PC EDGE E-CONT/ROW 2HOWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| Az8xat9 | 1251-2035 | 8 |  | CONAECTIOR-PC EDEE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-2035 |
| A28xazos | 1251-1365 | 6 |  | CONNECTOP-PC EDGE 22-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-1365 |
| A28xa21 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0.472 | 4 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| A28xa22 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| A28×A23 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | COMNECTOR-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |
| A28×A24 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1251-0472 | 4 |  | CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2ROWS | 28480 | 1251-0472 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ | Oty. | Description | Mfr. |


| A29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A29 | 00901.60088 | 8 | 1 | germes reculator heat sink assembly | 28480 | 00901-60068 |
| A29mpl | 1400-0017 | 0 | 1 | CLMP-CA .312-DIA .375-WD NYL | 28520 | 3310 RED |
| A2Smpl | 00901-20033 | 3 | 1 | HEAT SINX (NCULDES SOCKETS FOR O1-Q4) | 28480 | 08901-20033 |
|  | 0400-0227 | 3 | 4 | GROMMET-RND 375-HWD .5W-GRV-OD | 01538 | 522 |
|  | 2360-0203 | 1 | 14 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .625-HHLG PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | MASHERHK HLCL NO. 6.141 HND | 28480 | 2150-0006 |
| A2901 | 18540669 | 9 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N6057 SI TO-3 PD=150W | 04713 | 2N6057 |
| $\triangle$ | 0340-0833 | 9 | 4 | WSLLATOR-XSTR POLYE | 28480 | 0340-0833 |
| $\Delta$ | 0340.1119 | 6 | 4 | WELLATOF-XSTR ORG POLYM (COVER) | 28480 | 0340-1119 |
| $\Delta$ | 5001-5501 | 5 |  | TRANS SPACER (TO-3) | 28480 | 5001-5501 |
|  | 2390-0203 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 . $525-\mathrm{NL}$ G PANHD-POZI WHSHERHK HECL NO. 6.141 HNHD | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION 2190-0006 |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  | 28480 |  |
| 20902 | 1853-0351 | 4 | 2 | THANSISTOR PNP 2NGO53 SI DAPL TO-3 | 04713 | $2 \times 6053$ |
| $\triangle$ | 00400833 | 9 | 4 | WSULATOR-XSTR POLYE | 28480 | 03400833 |
| $\Delta$ | 0340-1119 | 6 | 4 | WSULATOR-XSTR ORG POLYM (COVER) | 28480 | 0340-1119 |
|  | 0340-0875 | 9 |  | WSULATOR-XSTR THRM-CNDCT | 55285 | 7403-09FR-05 |
|  | 2360-0203 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32.625-NHL PAN-HDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141-NHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| 12903 | 18540611 | 1 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NGO55 SI DARL TO-3 | 04713 | $2 \mathrm{NGOS5}$ |
| $\Delta$ | 0340-0933 | 9 | 4 | WSULATOA-XSTR POLYE | 28480 | 0340-0833 |
| $\Delta$ | 0340-1119 | 6 | 4 | WSULTOR-XSTR ORG POLYM (COVER) | 28480 | 0340-1119 |
|  | 03400875 | 9 |  | MSULATOR-XSTR THPM-CNDCT | 55285 | 7403-09FR-05 |
|  | 2360-0203 | 1 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .625-NWLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2360-0207 | 5 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .875-N-LG PAN-HDPOZIWASHER-LK PLLCL NO. $6.141+\mathrm{NHD}$ | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION21900006 |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  | 28480 |  |
|  | 5050-0227 | 3 | 1 | WASHERFL MTLC NO. 6 .149-1N-ID NUT HEX-DBL-CHAM G32-THD . 109 -N-THK | 60120 | ANP60C-6 |
|  | 2420-0002 | 6 |  |  | 28480 | 2420-0002 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { A2904 } \\ & \Delta \end{aligned}$ | 1853-0351 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 NGO53 SI DARL TO.3 NSULATOR-XSTR POLYE | $\begin{aligned} & 04713 \\ & 28480 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2N6053 } \\ & 0340-0833 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 0340-0833 | 9 | 4 |  |  |  |
| $\Delta$ | 0340-1119 | 6 | 4 | WSULATOR-XSTA ORG POLYM (COVER) | 28480 | 0340-1119 |
|  | 03400875 | 9 |  | NSULATOR-XSTA THPM-CNDCT SCREW-MACH 6.32. 625 -NHE PANHD-POZI WUSHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -NHD | 55285 00000 28480 | 7403-09FR-05 <br> ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 2180-0005 |
|  | 2360-0203 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2180-0006 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| n29W1 |  |  |  | NOT SEPARATEIY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
|  | 1251-3279 | 5 | 1 | CONW-POST TYPE .156-PINSPCG 12-CONT | 28480 | 12513279 |
|  | 1251-4283 | 3 | 8 | CONTACT-CONN U/W-POST-TYPE FEM CRP | 27264 | 00-56-0106 |
|  | 1400-0249 | 0 | 2 | CABLE TE .062-.625-DMA .091-WD NYL | 16956 | 06-665/GRAY |
|  | 0400-0011 | 3 | 1 | GROMMETTRND .375-NWD .5-N-GRV-OD | 83330 | 2175 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | MP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mir. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A30 | 0960-0443 | 1 | 1 | LNE POWER MODULE | 05245 | F20580 |
| 1933A to 2128A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A3OCI <br> 2133 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A307B1A |  |  |  | NOT SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
| A31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 431 | 00801-60012 | 2 | 1 | REMOTE WTERFACE CONNECTOR BOARD ASSY | 28400 | 08501-60012 |
| A3151 | 1200-0507 | 9 |  | SOCKET+C 16-CONT DPPSLDA | 06776 | 1CN-1638-53-630 |
|  | 1251-460 | 8 |  | CLPP-CABLE PUG RTNG-DUAL MLINE 16 CONT | 06776 | RC-74 |
| A31J2 | 1251-3283 | 1 | 1 | COMNPRECT MMCRORBN 24-CKT 24-CONT | 28480 | 1251-3203 |
| 1933A 20 2244A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A31MP1 | 0380-0643 | 3 | 2 | STANDOFFHEX 255-AHLE 6-32-THD | 28480 | 0380-0643 |
|  | 2190-0017 | 4 | 2 |  | 28480 | 2190-0017 |
| A31MP1 | 0380-0644 | 4 | 2 | STANOOFF-HEX . 327 -HWLE 6-32-THD | 28480 | 0380-0644 |
|  | 2190-0034 | 5 | 2 | WUSHER-LK HLCL NO. $10.194-\mathrm{NH}$ | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
| A31MP2 | 1530-1098 | 4 | 2 | Machined partebrs ClEVIS | 28480 | 3530-1098 |
|  | $2150-0019$ | 6 | 2 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 4 . 115-HHD | 28480 | 2190-0019 |
|  | 22000109 | 8 | 2 | SCREW-AHCH 4-40.438-NNLG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2260-0002 | 6 | 2 | MSTHEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .062-NN-THK | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |

A32-A49
NOT ASSIGNED

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\boldsymbol{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mtr. | Mitr. Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | Number | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code |  |  |

## A50

| 1933A to 2227A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A50 | 08301-60074 | 4 | 1 | AM CALIBRATOR ASSEMBLY (OPTHON 010 ONLY | 28480 | 08501-60014 |
| 2229A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50 | 00901-60209 | 9 | 1 | AM CALBRATOR ASSEMBLY (OPTION O10 ONLY | 28480 | 0as01-60209 |
| A50C1 | 01603459 | 9 | 24 | CAPACTIORFXD .02UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09869 | D0111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C2 | 01800058 | 0 | 2 | CAPACTTOR+XD 50UF+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | 300506G025CC2 |
| A50C3 | 01800058 | 0 |  | CAPACHTOR-FXD 501F+75-10\% 25VDC AL | 56289 | $3005069025 C C 2$ |
| A50CA | $0180-2617$ | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XXD 6.8UF+ $10 \% 35 V D C$ TA | 12344 | T355F685K035AS |
| A50CS | $0180-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .OEUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C6 | 0180-2619 | 3 | 6 | CAPACTIOR- $\times$ XD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226k016AS |
| 45007 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXD .OZUF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | D0111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C8 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOAFXD .OEUF + -20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C9 | 0160.0207 | 9 | 1 | CAPACTTOA-FXD . O1UF +-5\% 200VDC PCLYE | 19701 | 70801CC103PJ201ax |
| A50C10 | 0180-2619 | 3 |  | CAPACITOR + XD 22UF+ $10 \%$ 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F22Ek016AS |
| A50C11 | 0180-2620 | 6 | 8 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225k050AS |
| A50C12 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTORFXD .O2UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C13 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIDR-FXD .O2UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C14 | 0180-2619 | 3 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD 22UF+-10\% 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226K016AS |
| A50C15 | 0180-2619 | 3 |  | CAPACTOR-FXO 22UF+50\% 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226k015as |
| A50C16 | 0160-2199 | 2 | 5 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 30PF $+5 \% 300 \mathrm{VDC}$ MICA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A50C17 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .O2UF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VOC}$ CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C18 | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .OEUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C19 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .OPUF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225v203M100V |
| A50C20 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD .ORUF +20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | DD111NWB30225v203M100V |
| A50C21 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A50C22 | 0160-3454 | 4 | 1 |  | 06383 | CX45XE3A221K+1 |
| A50C23 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPMCTTOR-FXD .02UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C24 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXO .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225v203m100V |
| A50C25 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO141NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C26 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR+XD.OEUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C27 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K0504S |
| A50C28 | 0160-3691 | 1 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-XD 75PF $+1 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{MICA}$ | 28480 | 0160-3691 |
| A50C29 | 0160-2619 | 3 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 22UF+10\% 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226K016AS |
| A50c30 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MUCA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A50c31 | 0160.3659 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-FXD ORUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| 150C32 | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTOR-XXD .ORUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50c33 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A50c34 | 0160-2474 | 4 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +5\% 200VDC POLYE | 19704 | 703D1HH223PJ201AX |
| A50C35 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACITOR FXD 2.2UF+10\% SOVDC TA | 1234 | T355E225K050AS |
| A50c36 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD .O2UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C37 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 2.2UF+10\% 5OVDC TA | 12344 | T355E225K0504S |
| A50c38 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR + XD .CZUF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A50c39 | 0780-2619 | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 22UF+10\% 15VDC TA | 12344 | T355F226K016AS |
| A50C40 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD .O2UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 03859 | DOIIINWB30225V203M100V |
| A50C41 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 2.2UF+10\% SOVDC TA | 12344 | T355E225k050AS |
| A50C42 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XXD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MLCA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A50C43 | 0180.2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR- $\times$ OD 2.2VF+ $10 \%$ SOVDC TA | 12344 | T355E2PSK050AS |
| A50C34 | 0160.0127 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOA-XXD 1UF +-20\% 50VDC CER | 09969 | RPE113-14925U105M50V |
| A50C45 | 0160-4084 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-PXD .14F +20\% 50VDC CER | 09869 | RPE122-139X7R104M50V |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Pan Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250C46 | 01603459 | 0 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .OELF +-20\% 100 NDC CER | 00969 | DD111mWE30225V203M100V |
| A50C4 7 | 0160-0153 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTOR-XD 1000PF + $10 \%$ 200VDC POLYE | 19701 | 708D1AA102PK201AX |
| A50C48 | 01603459 | 8 |  | CAPACTOA-PXD .02UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30275V203M100V |
| A50C49 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 30PF +5\% 300VOC MACA | 29480 | 0160-2199 |
| A50C50 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD 30PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| asocs | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTIOR-XXD 2.2UF+10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T35seraskosons |
| A50c52 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIORFXD .02UF $+20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30275V203M100V |
| A50C53 | 0180-2620 | 6 |  | CAPACTOR-FXD 2.2UF+10\% 50VDC TA | 12344 | T355E225k0504S |
| A50C54 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .OV1F + -20\% 100VDC CER | 00969 | DO111NWB3C2z5V203M100V |
| A50CR1 | 1801-0179 | 7 | 8 | DIODESWITCHANG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FD777 |
| A50CR2 | 18010179 | 7 |  | DVODESWITCHNG 15V 50MA 750PS D0-7 | 07263 | FD777 |
| A50CR3 | 1801-0179 | 7 |  | DIODESWITCHNG 15 V 50 MA 750PS DO.7 | 07263 | FD77 |
| A50CRA | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIODESWITCHMNG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FD77 |
| A50CRS | 1901-0179 | 7 |  | DIOOE-SWTTCHNG 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 | 07263 | FD77 |
| A50CR6 | $1501-0179$ | 7 |  | DUOOESWITCHNG 15V 50MA 750PS D0-7 | 07263 | FD777 |
| A50CR7 | 1801-0179 | 7 |  | DLOOESWITCHNG 15 V 50MA 750PS D0.7 | 07263 | FD777 |
| ASOCR8 | 1501-0179 | 7 |  | DNOEESWITCHENG 15V 50MA 750pS DO-7 | 07263 | FDT77 |
| A50CR9 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODE-SWTTCHANG INA150 50V 200m/ 4NS | ON171 | 1Ma150 |
| A50CR10 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHMNG INA150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1M4150 |
| A50CR11 | 1901-0535 | 9 | 1 | DIODE-SCHOTTKY SM SYG | 28480 | 1901-0535 |
| ASOCR12 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 |  | DIODESWITCHENG IM4150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1M4150 |
| A50E1 | 91700047 | 3 | 2 | CORESHELDMG BEAD | 02114 | 56-590-65/3B PARYIENE C |
| ASOE2 | 9170084 | 3 |  | CORE-SHELDANG BEAD | 02114 | 56-590-65/3B PARYLENE C |
| A501s | 1250-1220 | 0 | 2 |  |  | 82Sinc-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 | 2 | WASHERHK WTL T MO. $10.195-1{ }^{\text {P }}$-1D | 16179 | $500222$ |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 | 2 | MUT-HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A5012 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | CONWECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SNC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 |  | WUSHERLCK WTL T NO. $10.195-1 / H D$ | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 29500078 | 9 |  | MUT HEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-m-THK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| 250,1 | 9100-1635 | 2 | 4 | NDUCTOR PF-CHMED 91UH +5\% |  |  |
| 45012 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | NOUCTOR RF-CHMEO 91UH +5\% | 91637 | M-4 91UH 5\% |
| A50,3 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CHMED $814 \mathrm{H}+5 \%$ | 91637 | M-4 91uH 5\% |
| A504 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHMED $91 \mathrm{UH}+5 \%$ | 91637 | M-4 91LH 5\% |
| A50LS | 9100-1637 | 4 | 2 | WDUCTOR RF-CHEMLD 120UH +-5\% | 91637 | m-4 120UH 5\% |
| A5016 | 9100-1637 | 4 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CHENLD 12OUH + 5\% | 91637 | M-4 120uH 5\% |
| A50C7 | 91003913 | 3 | 1 | MOUCTOR AF-CHMMD 3.3UH +-5\% | 91637 | m-4 3.3UH 5\% |
| A5018 | 9140-0179 | 1 | 1 | WDUCTOR RF-CHTMED 22UH + $+10 \%$ | 91637 | m-4224 5\% |
| A50MP1 | $08901-00017$ | 1 | 1 | COVER, AM CALERATOR | 28480 | 00901-00017 |
|  |  |  |  | (MCUUDES P.C. EXTRACTOR) |  |  |
|  | 2360-0113 | 2 | 2 | SCPEW-MACH 6-32 25-NHES PAN-HD-POZ | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| A50MP2 | 5021-0817 | 8 | 1 | P.C. BOARD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |
| A5001 | 1858-0032 | 8 | 1 | TRANSISTOR ARRAY 14-PM PLSTC DAP | 27014 | LMS146 |
| A5002 | 18540345 | 8 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 S1 TO-72 PD=200NW | 04713 | 2N6179 |
| 45003 | 18540345 | 8 |  | TRANSSTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 245179 |
| 25004 | 18640345 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5178 S1 TO-72 PD=200WW | 0.413 | 2NS179 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2227A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5095 | 1854-0845 | 8 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2 N5179 SI TO-72 PD=200MW | 04713 | 2N5179 |
| 22294 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5095 | 1854-0475 | 5 |  | TRANSISTOR DUAL NPN PD=750MW | 28480 | 1854-0475 |
| 19006 | 1854-0019 | 3 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| 15007 | 1854-0019 | 3 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 28480 | 1854-0019 |
| 15008 | 1854-0071 | 7 | 10 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | 2 M 27 | CP4071 |
| 1933A 002133 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50Q9 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | THANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| 2134A 102227 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { A5099 } \\ \text { 2509A and above } & 1854-0811 & 3\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5099 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-82 PD=300NW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| 250010 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRAWSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300wW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| 150011 | 1851-0071 | 7 |  | TPANSESTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| 250012 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PO $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A50013 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{WW}$ | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A50014 | 1853-0020 | 4 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300NW FTx 150 MH HZ | 2M627 | XA22BCP20-1 |
| A50015 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A50016 | 1853-0034 | 0 | 2 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD=360NW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| 250017 | 1854-0477 | 7 | 2 | TRANSISTOR NPN 2NE222A SI TO-18 PD=500NW | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A50018 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTCR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A50019 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A50020 | 1854-0477 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD $=500 \mathrm{NW}$ | 04713 | 2N2222A |
| A50021 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| A50022 | 4853-0020 | 4 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD $=300 \mathrm{NW}$ FT $=150 \mathrm{MHR}$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | X $2288 \mathrm{CP} 20-1$ |
| A50023 | 1854-0074 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR APN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| ASOR1 | 0757.0346 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR $10+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | M 12 |
| A50R2 | $0757-0416$ | 7 | 4 | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R ${ }^{\text {F }}$ |
| A50R3 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 7 | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-101-F |
| ASOR4 | 0698-344 | 1 | 5 | RESISTOR $316+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-316R-f |
| A50R5 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 11 | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511T-F |
| ASORE | 0680-0063 | 8 | 5 | RESISTOR 1.96K + 1\% .125W TF TC=0 $\mathbf{+ 1 0 0}$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1961.f |
| A50R7 | 0898-3152 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.48K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3481-F |
| ASOP8 | 0698-5466 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.7K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TQ-5701.F |
| A50R9 | 0698-3153 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 3.83K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A50R10 | 0898-3150 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 2.37K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2371F |
| A50R11 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| ASOR12 | 0698-3132 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $261+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/Q-TO-2610-F |
| A50R13 | $0698-0084$ | 9 | 4 | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A50R14 | $0757-0280$ | 3 | 9 | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1001-F |
| ASOR15 | 069e-0064 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-f |
| A50R16 | 00903441 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $215+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-TO-215R-F |
| 25017 | 0098-0044 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 2.15K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-2151-F |
| A50R18 | 0680-3158 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR 23.7K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0 +100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2372- |
| A50n19 | 0906-3158 | 4 |  | RESISTOR 23.7K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-2372-F |
| A50R20 | 0830-439 | 6 | 2 | PESISTOR 3.24K +1\%.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-324.f |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cis. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A50R21 | 0698-4439 | 6 |  | RESASTOR 3.24K + 1\% .12SW Tf TCan $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-3241F |
| A50R22 | $0757-0462$ | 9 | 5 | RESISTOM 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/B-T0-1002-F |
| A50R23 | $0757-044$ | 4 | 1 | RESSSTOR 16.2K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-T0-1622-F |
| A50R24 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF $T C=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A50P25 | $0080-0083$ | 8 |  | RESSSTOA 1.96K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-TO-1961-F |
| A50R26 | 0688-0083 | 8 |  | RESSSTOR 1.96K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-TO-1961-F |
| A50R27 | 0808-0083 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1.96K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A50R28 | $0688-0083$ | 8 |  | RESSTOR 1.96K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1961-F |
| A50R29 | $0757-0465$ | 6 | 3 | PESISTOR 100K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-T0-1003-F |
| A50R30 | 0688-3431 | 6 | 2 | RESISTOR $23.7+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | D8439 | MK2 |
| ASOR31 | 00983438 | 3 | 2 | PESISTOR $147+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-147R-F |
| A50R32 | 0698-3444 |  |  | RESSSTOR $316+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCE0+100 | 12498 | CT-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A50R33 | $0038-3431$ | 6 |  | RESISTOR $23.7+-1 \%$.12SW TF TC $=0+-100$ | D8439 | M $0^{2}$ |
| ASOR34 | 0090-3438 | 3 |  | RESSSTOR $147+1 \%, 125 W$ TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-147R-F |
| A 50835 | 0930-344 | 1 |  | RESESTOR 316 +-1\% . 225 W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-316R-F |
| A50R36 | 0608-0085 | 0 | 3 | RESSTOR 2.81K +-1\% .125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0-2611-5 |
| A50R37 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/Q-T0-1003-F |
| A50R38 | 0690-0084 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 215K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2151-F |
| A50R39 | 2100-3207 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR SK 10\% TIF SIDE-AD 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3207 |
| A50R40 | 0757-0279 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| ASOR41 | 0757-0465 | 6 |  | RESISTOR 100K + $1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1003-F |
| A50R42 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101F |
| A50R43 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-101F |
| A50R4 | 0757-0421 | 4 | 2 | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-825R-F |
| A50R45 | 2100-3349 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ TIF SIDE-ADI I-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3349 |
| ASOR46 | 0098-3442 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR $237+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A50847 | 0698-3447 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $422+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/E-T0-422RF |
| A50R48 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/0-T0-101F |
| ASOR49 | 0757.0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-TO-101-F |
| A50R50 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| ASOR51 | 0757-0394 | 0 | 4 | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1- |
| A50R52 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-51R1-F |
| A50R53 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESSTOR 5.11K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-5111-F |
| A50754 | 0757-0419 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR $681+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-681R-F |
| A50R55 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A50R56 | 0698-0085 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 2.61K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-2611-F |
| A50R57 | 0757-0419 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $681+1 \% .12 S W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-681R-F |
| A50R58 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K +1\% .125W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111F |
| A50R59 | 0898-0085 | 0 |  | RESUSTOR 2.61K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2611F |
| A50R60 | 0898-3153 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 3.83K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A50961 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESSTOR $51.1+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/E-T0-51R1-F |
| A50R62 | 0757-0394 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/0-TO-51R1F |
| A50R63 | 0757-040 | 7 | 3 | RESISTOR 7.5K + $\mathbf{1 \%}$. 125 W TF TC=0+-100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501F |
| A50R64 | 0757-0440 | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K + $1 \%$. 125 W IF T $\mathrm{C}=00+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-7501-F |
| A50R65 | 0757-0446 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \%$.125W TF TC=0 $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Referance Designation | hP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Wifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A50R66 | 0090-4190 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 50 +-0.25\% . 125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | NAM |
| A50R67 | 0600-3488 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 442 $+1 \%$.125W IF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-422R-F |
| ASORG8 | $0757-0428$ | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR 1.62K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1621-F |
| A50R69 | $0898-6235$ | 4 | 1 | PESISTOR 96.25 +-0.5\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | NAT |
| A50R70 | $0757-0439$ | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 6.81K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12488 | CT4-1/8-T0.6811F |
| A50871 | 0890-7982 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR $71.16+0.1 \%-25 W$ TF TC $=0+50$ | 19701 | 5043R-1/4-T2-71R16-B |
| A50R72 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A50R73 | $0757-0419$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR $681+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-681RF |
| A50R74 | 06983445 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR 348 + -1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-348R-F |
| A50R75 | $0757-0401$ | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT41/8-TO-101-F |
| A50R76 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-TO-511R-F |
| A50R77 | 0598.7961 | 0 | 1 | REESISTOR $96.25+0.1 \%$. $25 W$ TF TC $=0+50$ | 19701 | 5043R-1/4-T2-96R25-B |
| A50R78 | 0757-0424 | 7 | 1 | RESSTOR 1.1K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1101F |
| A50R79 | 0698-3442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $2377+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A50R80 | $0757-0401$ | 0 |  | RESISTIOR $100+\boldsymbol{1 \%} .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/G-TO-101- |
| 250881 | 0038-3442 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR $237+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-237R-F |
| A50R82 | $0757-0442$ | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1\%-T0-1002F |
| A50R83 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESUSTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| a 40 R 84 | $0757-0440$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR 7.5K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-7501-F |
| A50R85 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5117-F |
| A50R86 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K + $1 \%$. 125 SW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-70-511if |
| A50R87 | $0757-0200$ | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR 5.62K +-1\%. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5621-F |
| A50R88 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $316+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC= $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| A50R89 | 0698-3444 | 1 |  | RESISTOR $316+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-316R-F |
| 1333A 20 2227A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50R90 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  |  | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| 22294 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50RS0 | 0690-3441 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $215+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |
| A50R91 | 0757-0402 | 1 | 1 | RESISTOR $110+1 \%$. $125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-111F |
| A50R92 | $0757-0416$ | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| $250 \mathrm{P93}$ | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-1001-7 |
| A50R94 | 0757-0279 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 3.16K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3161-F |
| A50R95 | 0757-0421 | 4 |  | RESISTOR $825+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/2-TO-825A-F |
| A50R96 | 0638-6343 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR 9K + -0.1\% . 125 W FF TC $=0+25$ | 12498 | NESS |
| A50R97 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A50R98 | $0898-3491$ | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 1K $+0.1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-50$ | 12498 | NC55 |
| A50R99 | Oene-3449 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 28.7K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2872-F |
| A508100 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 1K +-1\% .125W TF TC=0 ${ }^{\text {- }} 100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A50R101 | 0698-4158 | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR 100K $+0.1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-50$ | 12498 | NC55 |
| A50R102 | $0757-0438$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| ascrios | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOA $1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001F |
| A50R104 | 0757 -0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC= $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| A50R105 | 0757-0280 | 3 |  | RESISTOR IK + 1\% . 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1001-F |
| A50R106 | $0757-0280$ | 3 |  | RESISTOR TK + 1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-70-1001-F |
| AS0R107 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-1002-F |
| A50R108 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K + -i\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| 1933A m 2227A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50R109 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2229A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A50R109 | 0008-3441 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR $215+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-215R-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A507P1 | 1251-0800 | 0 | 3 | CONNECTOR-SEL CONT PAN 1.14-MMASC-SZ 50 | 12360 | 24-155-101001-03-00 |
| A501P2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SCL CONT PIN 1.14-MMBSCSZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A50TP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONMECTOR-SGL CONT PAN 1.14-MM-ESC-SZ 50 | 12360 | 94-155-101001-03-00 |
| A50U1 | 1826-0059 | 2 | 5 | $\triangle$ OP ANP GP E-TO-9 PKG | 27014 | LeVzolah |
| A5042 | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | 1C OP AMP GP 8-TO.99 PKK | 27014 | LMEO1AH |
| A5043 | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | 1C OP AMP GP \&-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LM201ANH |
| A5044 | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | IC OP ANP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMEDIAH |
| ASOUS | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | $1 C^{\prime}$ OP ANP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMEDIAH |
| A50us | 1826-0180 | 0 | 1 | MC TMMER TTL MONO/ASTBL | 18324 | NES55N |
| A 5017 | 1820-1963 | 7 | 1 | IC FF CNOS D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRKG DUAL | 04713 | MC140138CP |
| A5018 | 1826-0138 | 8 | 1 | IC COMPARATOR GP OUAD 14-DP-P PKG | 27014 | LM339N |
| A50v9 | 1820-1411 | 0 | 1 | AC LCH TIL LS D-TYPE 4-RT | 01295 | 8N74LS75N |
| A50U10 | 1820-1216 | 3 | 1 | IC DCDR TIL LS 3-TO-GLE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| A50VA1 | 1902-0680 | 7 | 1 | DKOOE-ZNR $9 \mathrm{MB27} 6.2 \mathrm{~V} 5 \% \mathrm{DO} 7 \mathrm{PO}=.4 \mathrm{~W}$ | 04713 | 1 Maz7 |
| ASOVR2 | 19023050 | 0 | 1 | DIOOE-2NR 3.83V 5\% DO-35 PDw.4W | 28460 | 1902-3059 |
| ASOVR3 | 1902-3104 | 6 | 1 | DIOCE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 29480 | 1902-3104 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference | HP Part | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mr. | Mumber |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Designation | $\mathbf{D}$ |  | Code | Mart Number |  |  |

## A51

| 051 | 00901-60013 | 3 | 1 | FM CALIBRATOR ASSEMELY (OPTION 010 ONLY) | 28480 | 08901-60013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| astci | 0160-3459 | 9 | 10 | CAPACTIOAFFD .02UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30275V203M100V |
| A51C2 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTORFXD .02UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWB30225V203M100V |
| A51C3 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DO111NWB302Z5V203M100V |
| ASICA | $0160-3459$ | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | ODI11NWB30225v203M100V |
| A51C5 | 0180-2206 | 4 | 2 | CAPACTTOR-XXD 60UF+-10\% SVDC TA | 56289 | 150D606x900682 |
| A51C6 | 0160-2199 | 2 | 3 | CAPACTTOR-XD 30PF +-5\% 300VDC MACA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A51C7 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | D0111NWE30225v203M100V |
| A51C8 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTIOA-FXD .02UF + $20 \% 100 \mathrm{VDC}$ CER | 09969 | D0111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A51C9 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 30PF $+5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5IC10 | 0140-0196 | 3 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 150PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0196 |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A51CIO |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| ${ }^{4} 51 \mathrm{Cl1}$ | 0160-2207 | 3 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2207 |
| A51C12 | 0160-2199 | 2 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 30PF + $5 \%$ 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-2199 |
| A51C13 | 0180-2206 | 4 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD 60UF+-10\% 6VDC TA | 56289 | 1500606X900682 |
| A51C14 | 0160-4040 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTIOR-FXD 1000PF +-5\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | RPE124-105C06102-100V |
| A51C15 | 0180-0228 | 6 | 1 | CAPACTOR-5D 22UF+10\% 15VDC TA | 56289 | 1500226x901582 |
| $251 C 16$ | 0140-0205 | 5 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 62PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0140-0205 |
| A51C17 | 0160-3535 | 2 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-FXD 560PF +-5\% 300VDC MICA | 28480 | 0160-3535 |
| A51C18 | 0160-0574 | 3 | 2 | CAPACITOA-FXD .ORZUF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12X7R2A223M |
| A51C19 | 0180-0197 | 8 | 1 | CAPACTOR-FXD 2.2UF+10\% 20VDC TA | 56289 | 1500225×9020A2 |
| A51C20 | 0121-0436 | 4 | 1 | CAPACTTOR-V TRIMR-AIR 2.6-23.5PF 350V | 74970 | 189-0509-125 |
| $251 \mathrm{C21}$ | $0160-0574$ | 3 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .O22UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 06383 | FD12x7R2A223M |
| $451 \mathrm{C22}$ | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD .O2UF + $20 \%$ 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30275V203M100V |
| A51C23 | 01603459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-XD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09869 | D01114WE30225V203M100V |
| A51C24 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWE30225V203M100V |
| A51C25 | 0160-3459 | 9 |  | CAPACTTOR-FXD .02UF +-20\% 100VDC CER | 09969 | DD111NWB30225V203M100V |
| ASTCA1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 5 | DKODESWITCHING 1NA150 50V 200 MA ANS | 9 9171 | 1NeT150 |
| A51CR2 ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 5 | DIODE-SWITCHING 1NA150 50 V 200MA ANS | 9 9N171 | INASI50 |
| 1933A to 2410A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5ICR3 ${ }^{\triangle}$ | 0122-0173 | 8 | 3 | DICDE-VVC 29PF 10\% C3/C25-M1N $=530 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0122-0173 |
| 2412A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A51CR3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0162 | 5 |  | DICOE-VVC 29PF 10\% | 28480 | 0122-0162 |
| A51CR8 ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | 1903-1098 | 1 | 5 | DIODESWITCHING 1NA150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1NaS150 |
| 1933A Lo 2410A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A51CR5 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 0122-0173 | 8 | 3 | DIODE-VVC 29PF 10\% C3/C25-M1N $=530 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0122-0173 |
| A5iCR6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0173 | 8 | 3 | DIODE-VVC 29PF $10 \%$ C3/C25-MUN $=530 \mathrm{~V}$ | 28480 | 0122-0173 |
| 24124 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5ICRS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0122-0162 | 5 |  | DHODE-WVC 29PF 10\% | 28480 | 0122-0162 |
| A51CR6 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 0122-0162 | 5 |  | DIODE-VVC 29PF 10\% | 29480 | 0122-0162 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mrr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASICA7 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 5 | DIODESWITCHING 1N4150 50V 200MA 4NS | $9 \times 171$ | TNa150 |
| A5ICR8 $\triangle$ | 1901-1098 | 1 | 5 | DHODE-SWITCHING 1N4150 50V 200MA ANS | 9N171 | 1N4150 |
| ASIE1 | 91700847 | 3 | 2 | CORESHIELDING BEAD | 02114 | 56-590-65/3B PARYLENE C |
| A51E2 | 9170-0847 | 3 |  | CORESHMELONG BEAD | 02114 | 56-590-65/3B PARYLENE C |
| A51s1 | 1250-1220 | 0 | 2 | CONTECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 2190-0124 | 4 | 2 | WASHER-LK ETL T NO. $10.195-1 N H D$ | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 | 2 | NUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10.32-THD .067-NATHK | 28480 | 2950-0078 |
| A5132 | 1250-1220 | 0 |  | COWNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-OHM | 06877 | 82SMC-50-0-3/111 |
|  | 21900124 | 4 |  | WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 10.195 -INHD | 16179 | 500222 |
|  | 2950-0078 | 9 |  | NUTHEX-DBL-CMAM 10-32-TH0 .067-HNTHK | 20480 | 2950-0078 |
| 45151 | 9100-1635 | 2 | 5 | WOUCTOR RF-CHMED 91UH +-5\% | 81637 | MAC 91UH 5\% |
| A51L2 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | MOUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 91UH +-5\% | 81637 | M-4 91uH 5\% |
| 45113 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | WOUCTOR RF-CHMMLD $914 \mathrm{H}+$ +5\% | 91637 | M-4 91UH 5\% |
| A5IL4 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | MDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 91UH +-5\% | 91637 | UM-4 91UH 5\% |
| M51L5 | 9100-1635 | 2 |  | WDUCTOR RF-CHMLD $91 \mathrm{UH}+\mathbf{5 \%}$ | 91637 | M-4 91UH 5\% |
| A51L6 | $8140-0310$ | 2 | 1 | MDUCTOR RF-CHMRD 390NH +-5\% | 91637 | M-2.39UH 5\% |
| A51L7 | 9140-0309 | 9 | 1 | WUDUCTOR RF-CHHMLD 1.8UH +-5\% | 91637 | M-2 1.8UH 5\% |
| A51MP1 | 00901-00040 | 0 | 1 | COVER-FM CALPRATORYINCL PC EXTRACTOR) | 28480 | 08901-00040 |
|  | 23600113 | 2 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-L PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| A51MP2 | 5021-0817 | 8 | 1 | P.C. BOMRD EXTRACTOR | 28480 | 5021-0817 |
| A5101 | 1853-0034 | 0 | 3 | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PO=360MW | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A5102 | 18540071 | 7 | 4 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300NW | 2 N 627 | CP4071 |
| A5103 | 1853-0007 | 7 | 4 | TRANSISTOR PNP 2 N3251 SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{WW}$ | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A5104 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOA PNP 2N3251 Si TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| 45105 | 1853-0036 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PD $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A5106 | 1853-0034 | 0 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP SI TO-18 PO $=360 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1853-0034 |
| A5107 | 1854-0247 | 9 | 1 | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-39 PD $=1 \mathrm{~W}$ FT $=800 \mathrm{MHZ}$ | 28480 | 1854-0247 |
|  | 12000173 | 5 | 1 | NSULATOR-XSTR DAP-GL | 13103 | 7717-86 DAP |
| 45108 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ | 2M627 | CP4071 |
| 1933A to 2542A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5199 | 1854-0475 | 5 | 1 | TRUNSISTOR-DUAL NPN PD $=750 \mathrm{MW}$ | 28480 | 1054-0475 |
| 2543A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A5109 | 1854-0295 | 7 | 1 | TRANSISTOR-DUAL NPN PD=400MW | 28480 | 1854-0295 |
| A51010 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD=300MW | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A51011 | 1854-0071 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR NPN SI TO-92 PD $=300 \mathrm{MW}$ | $2 \mathrm{M627}$ | CP4071 |
| A51012 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 S1 TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A51013 | 1853-0007 | 7 |  | TRANSISTOR PNP 2N3251 SI TO-18 PD=360MW | 04713 | 2N3251 |
| A51R1 | 0757-0401 | 0 | 2 | RESISTOR $100+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0.101F |
| A51R2 | 0757.0443 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 11K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TCm0 0 -100 | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1102-F |
| A51R3 | 0698-3154 | 0 | 3 | RESISTOR 4.22K $+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-4221F |
| A51R4 | 0698-3153 | 9 | 2 | RESISTOR 3.83K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A51R5 | 0757-0442 | 9 | 4 | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002- |
| ASIR6 | 08983447 | 4 | 1 | AESSTOR $422+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-822A-F |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mitr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05197 | 0898-6502 | 8 | 3 | RESISTOR 3.32K +0.25\% .125W TF TC $=0+50$ | 12498 | NC55 |
| A51R8 | 0698-6502 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.32K +-0.25\% .125W TF TC=04-50 | 12498 | NCS5 |
| A51R9 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/B-T0-1002-F |
| A51R10 | 0698-3153 | 9 |  | RESSSTOR 3.83K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-3831-F |
| A51R11 | 0698-0068 | 5 | 2 | RESISTOR 4.99K $+0.25 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF $\mathrm{TC}=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T9-4991-C |
| A51R12 | 2100-3309 | 2 | 1 | RESISTOR-TRMR $10010 \%$ TKF SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN | 28480 | 2100-3349 |
| A51R13 | 0690-8068 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 4.99K $+0.25 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+25$ | 19701 | 5033ค-1/8-T9-4991-C |
| A51R14 | 0690-8024 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 3.09K $+0.25 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+50$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T2-3091-C |
| A51R15 | 0698-3155 | 1 | 2 | RESISTOR 4.6ak $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641F |
| AS1R16 | 0757-0442 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| 251R17 | 0898-3155 | 1 |  | RESISTOR 4.64K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4641F |
| A51R18 | 0757.042 | 9 |  | RESISTOR 10K +1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1002-F |
| A51R19 | 0757-0464 | 5 |  | RESISTOR 90.9K +-1\% .125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT+1/8-T0-0092-F |
| A51R20 | 0757.0416 | 7 | 2 | RESSTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC=0 $=100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/R-T0.511R-F |
| A51R21 | 0696-7815 | 8 | 1 | RESSTOR 2.87K $+0.5 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+50$ | 19701 | 5033A-1/8-T2-2871-D |
| A51R22 | $0698-7839$ | 6 | 1 | RESISTOR $222+0.5 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+50$ | 19701 | 5033R-1/8-T2-222R-D |
| A51R23 | $0898-5439$ | 8 | 2 | RESISTOR IK $+0.25 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+50$ | 12498 | NC55 |
| AS1R24. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 06983159 | 5 | 1 | RESISTOR $26.1 \mathrm{~K}+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 24546 | CT4-1/8-T0-2612-F |
| AS1R25 |  |  |  | MOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| A51R26 | 0696-5439 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 1K + $0.25 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+50$ | 12498 | NC5S |
| A51R27 | 0698-6502 | 8 |  | RESISTOR 3.32K $+0.25 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+.50$ | 12498 | NC55 |
| A51R28 | 0658-3440 | 7 | 1 | RESISTOR $196+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-TO-196R-F |
| ASTR29 | 0696-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A51R30 | 06983157 | 3 | 1 | RESISTOR 19.6K $+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+-100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-1962-F |
| A51R31 | 0698-0085 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR $2.61 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT-1/8-70-2611F |
| A51R32- ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0757-0443 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR 9.09K +-1\% .O5W TF TC=0+100 | 24546 | CT3-1/8-T0-9091-F |
| A51R33 | 0757-0447 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR 16.2K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC= $0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-10-1622-F |
| AStr34 | 0698-3154 | 0 |  | RESISTOR 4.22K $+1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-4221-F |
| A51R35 | 0757-0401 | 0 |  | RESISTOR $100+-1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/6-70-101-F |
| A51R36 | 0757-041 | 8 | 1 | RESISTOR 8.25K $+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-8251-F |
| A51R37 | 0698-7205 | 0 | 1 | RESISTOR $51.1+1 \%$.O5W TF TC=0+100 | 12498 | C-1/R-TO-51R1-F |
| A51R38 | 0696-7212 | 9 | 3 | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$.OSW TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C-1/6-TO-100R-F |
| AS1R39 | 0757-0420 | 3 | 2 | RESISTOR $750+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A51R40 | 0698-7212 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $100+-1 \% .05 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-100R-F |
| A51R41 | 0757-0416 | 7 |  | RESISTOR $511+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-511R-F |
| A51R42 | 0757-0420 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $750+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-751-F |
| A51R43 | 0698-3132 | 4 | 1 | RESISTOR $261+1 \%$. 125 W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-2610-F |
| AS1R44 | 0696-7212 | 9 |  | RESISTOR $100+1 \%$.05W TF TC=0 $0+100$ | 12498 | C3-1/8-T0-100R-F |
| AS1R45 | 0757-0438 | 3 | 2 | RESSTOR 5.11K $+1 \%$.125W TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| ASTR46 | 0757-0438 | 3 |  | RESISTOR $5.11 \mathrm{~K}+1 \% .125 W$ TF TC $=0+100$ | 12498 | CT4-1/8-T0-5111-F |
| AS1TP1 | 1251-0600 | 0 | 3 | CONWECTOR-SGL CONT PAN 1.14-MMA-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| A51TP2 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN $1.14-M M-B S C-S Z ~ S O ~$ | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| ASITP3 | 1251-0600 | 0 |  | CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PNN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO | 12360 | 94-155-1010-01-03-00 |
| nsiut | 1826-0059 | 2 | 4 | IC OP AMP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | Lmpdiah |
| AStu2 | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LM201AH |
| A5143 | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMROIAH |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mifr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2201A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{ASIU4}^{\text {d }}$ | 1826-0059 | 2 |  | IC OP AMP GP 8-TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LMROTAH |
| 2212A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{ASIU4}_{4}$ | 1826-0371 | 1 |  | IC OP AMP LOW-EUASH-MMPD TO-99 PKG | 27014 | LF256H |
| A51u5 | 1820-1963 | 7 | 1 | IC FF CMOS D-TYPE POSEDGE-TRIG DUAL | 04713 | MC140138CP |
| A51us | 1826-0138 | 8 | 1 | IC COMPARATOR GP OUAD 14-DIP-P PKG | 27014 | LM339N |
| A51u7 | 1820-1216 | 3 | 1 | IC DCDR TTL LS 3-TO-LINE 3-NP | 01295 | SN74LS138N |
| asius | $1820-1411$ | 0 | 1 | IC LCH TR LS D-TYPE 4BT | 01295 | SN74LS75N |
| ASIUP | 1820-0723 | 5 | 1 | ICHITERFACE RCVR LINE RCVR DUAL | 01295 | SN75107AN |
| ASIVRI | 1902-3059 | 0 | 3 | DIODE-ZNR 3.83V 5\% DO-35 PD=.4W | 29480 | 1902-3059 |
| A5IVR2 | 1902-0680 | 7 | 1 | DIODE-ZNR 1N827 6.2V 5\% DO-7 PO=.4W | 04713 | 1 N 827 |
| A5ivaz | 1902-3104 | 6 | 2 | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% DO. $35 \mathrm{PD}=.4 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 1902-3104 |
| A5ivRa | 1502-3104 | 6 |  | DIODE-ZNR 5.62V 5\% D0-35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3104 |
| ASIVR5 | 1902-3059 | 0 |  | DLODE-2NP 3.83V 5\% DO.35 PD=.4W | 28480 | 1902-3059 |
| A5IVR6 | 1502-3059 | 0 |  | DKODE-ZNR 3.83V 5\% 00-35 PD $=.4 \mathrm{~W}$ | 28480 | 1902-3059 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Oty. | Description | Wfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL PARTS |  |  |
| B4* | ce901-60306 | 7 | 1 | FAN ASSEMBLY. 115 V -50/60 HZ (EXCEPT OPTION OOK, NCLUDES PARTS LSSTED BELOW) | 28480 | 00901-60306 |
|  | 00801-80065 | 7 | 1 | FAN ONLY (NO HARDWARE) | 28480 | 08901-90065 |
|  | 3180-0300 | 6 |  | FWEERGUARD | 28480 | 3160-0300 |
|  | 00801-00046 | ? | 1 | FAN COVER | 28480 | 06901-00046 |
|  | 86701-00017 | 3 |  | SHEEDING DISK | 28480 | $86701-00017$ |
|  | 1520-0067 | 4 | 2 | SHOCK MOUNT | 61957 | WELIAUT E-632 |
|  | 2360-0220 | 2 | , | SCREWHMCH G-32 2.25-NHLG PANHD-POZI (B1 TO MP16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 0560-1009 | 2 |  | teraminal soider ug | 28480 | 0860-1099 |
|  | 2510-0099 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH 8-32 2SHHLG PANHDPOZI (FOR SOLDER WG) | 28480 | 2510-0099 |
|  | 3050.0027 | 3 | 4 | WUSHER-FL MTLC NO. 6.149 HND | 80120 | ANDSOC-6 |
| B1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 00501-60307 | 0 | 1 | FAN ASSEMELY, 115V-48/400 HZ (OPTION DOL ORLY, NCLUDES PARTS LSTED BELOW) | 28480 | $00901-60307$ |
|  | 08501-80060 | 2 | 1 | FAN ONLY (NO HAROWARE) | 28480 | 00901-80060 |
|  | 3160-0300 | 6 |  | Fingerguard | 28480 | 3160-0300 |
|  | 86701.00017 | 3 |  | SHIELDNG DISK | 28480 | 85701-00017 |
|  | $08901-00046$ | ? | 1 | FAN COVER | 28480 | 00901-00046 |
|  | 86701-00017 | 3 |  | SHAELDING DISK | 28480 | 86701-00017 |
|  | 1520-0067 | 4 | 2 | SHOCK MOUNT | 61957 | WELL NUT E-632 |
|  | 2360-0221 | 3 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 632 2.5-HLLG PANHDPOZI (B1 TO MP16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2380-0220 | 2 | 3 | SCAEW-MACH 6-32 2.25-INLG PANHDPPOZI (B1 TO MP16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 3050-0227 | 3 | 4 | WASHEAFL MTLC NO, 6.149-NHD | 80120 | ANS60C-6 |
| F1 | 2110-0002 | 8 | 1 | FUSE (NCH) 24 250V NTD FE UL | 75915 | 312002 |
| F1 | $2110-0001$ | 8 | 1 | FUSE (INCH) IA 250V NTD FE UL | 75975 | 312001 |
| 1933A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  | (NPUT) NSA, P/O W\% |  |  |
| 21264 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J1 | 1250-1772 | 7 |  | ADAPTER-CONX STR F-N FSMMA (MPPU) | 28480 | 1250-1772 |
|  | 0590-0505 | 1 |  | MUT-KNRLDR 5/8-24-THD .125-INTHK | 28480 | 0590-0505 |
| $\sqrt{2}$ |  |  |  | (MODULATION OUTPUT) NSA, P/O W19 |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  | (CALBRATION OUTPUT) NSA, P/O W32. OPTION 010 ONLY |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  | (MOOULATTON OUTPUT) NSR. P/O W38, OPTION OOT ONLY |  |  |
| $J 5$ |  |  |  | (FF OUTPU) NSR. P/O W9 |  |  |
| 1933 to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J6 |  |  |  | (LO OUTPUT) NSR, P/O WB, OPTION 003 ONLY |  |  |
| J7 |  |  |  | (LO NPUT) NSR, P/O W4, OPTION 003 ONLY |  |  |
| 2126A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $J 6$ | 1250-1772 | 7 |  | ADAPTER-COAX STR F-N F-SMA (INPUT) | 28480 | 1250-1772 |
| $J 7$ | 1250-1772 | 7 |  | ADAPTERCONX STR F-N F-SMA (NPPUT) | 28480 | 1250-1772 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | (TMME BASE OUTPUT) NSR, P/O W15. OPTION 002 ONLY (TMME BASE WPUT) NSR. P/O WIB |  |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\mathbf{C}$ | Oty. | Description | Mitr. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J10 |  |  |  | (ANPUT) NSR, P/O W36. OPTION OOT ONLY |  |  |
| 21261 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J10 | 1250-1772 | 7 |  | ADAPIER-COAX STR F-N F-SMA (NPUT) | 28480 | 1250-172 |
| $J 11$ |  |  |  | (CALIBPATION OUTPUT) NSR, P/O W37 OPTION 010+001 ONLY (OPTIONS 001/010 ONLY |  |  |
| J 12 | 1250-0083 | 1 | 3 | CONNECTOR-AF BNC FEM SGLHOLE-FR 50-OHM (AM OUTPU') | 24931 | 28JR130-1 |
| $J 13$ | 1250-0083 | 1 |  | CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR S0-OHM | 24931 | 28JR130-1 |
| J14 | 1250-0083 | 1 |  | CONWECTOR-PF ENC FEM SEL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM | 24931 | 28JR130-1 |
| St | 3101-1655 | 2 | 1 | SWITCH, TOCCLE, SPOT (ON/STBY) | 09353 | 7101-JICO/7602-12 JADE |
|  | 0520-0129 | 8 | 2 | SCREW-MMCH 2-56 .312-NNLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| T1离 | 9100-4052 | 3 | 1 | TRANSFORMEA ASSEMBLY | 28480 | 9100-4052 |
|  |  |  |  | PARTS \& COVER LSTED BELOW) |  |  |
| $\Delta$ | $06901-00244$ | 0 | 1 | Spacer | 28480 | 00901-00140 |
|  | 7100-1283 | 4 | 1 | TRANSFORMER COVER | 28480 | 7100-1283 |
|  | 2680-0131 | 2 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 10.32 2.25-WLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0034 | 5 | 6 | WASHER-LK HLCL. NO. 10.194NHD | 28480 | 2190-0034 |
|  | 3050-0225 | 2 | 2 | WASHERFL MTLC NO. 10 203-NHD | 80120 | AN960C10L |
|  | 2190-0034 | 5 |  | WASHER-LX HLCL NO. $10.194-1 N-1 D$ | 28480 | 21900034 |
|  | 2740-0002 | 4 | 2 | MUTHEX-DEL-CHAM 10-32 2A-THD | 00000 | ORdER EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 1400-0249 | 0 | 6 | CABLE TEE .062.625-DU .091-WD NYL | 16956 | 08-465/GRAY |
|  | 0090-0007 | 4 | 2 | TUBNGFFIEX , 162-1D PVC . 02 -WALL | 28480 | 0890-0007 |
|  | 1520-0067 | 4 | 2 | SHOCK MOUNT (FOR FAN N REAR PANEL) | 61957 | WELL-NUT E-632 |
|  | 0890-0007 | 4 |  | TUBINGFLEX .162-1D PVC .02-Wall | 28480 | 0890-0007 |
|  | 1520-0067 | 4 |  | SHOCK MOUNT (FOR FAN WN REAR PANEL) | 61957 | WELLNUT E-632 |
|  | 2190-0016 | 3 | 3 | WHSHERHK WNL T 3 /B N 377 HHHD | 28480 | 2190-0016 |
|  | 29500001 | 8 | 3 | MUTHEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-AN-THK | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 21800016 | 3 |  | WASHER-LK WTL T 3 /B IN 377-NHD | 28480 | 2190-0016 |
|  | 29500001 | 8 |  | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THO .094-IN-THK | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2180-0016 | 3 |  | WMSHER-LK WTL T 3 /8 IN 377-NHDD | 28480 | 2190-0016 |
|  | 2950.0001 | 8 |  | NUT-EEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094N-THK | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2180-0045 | 8 | 8 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 2 . O88-HNHD | 76854 | 1501-009 |
| 1933A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WI | 08901-60041 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY J1 TO A1SII | 28480 | 08901-60041 |
|  | $08901-60118$ | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBRLY J1 TO A15J1, EXCEPT OPTION 001 | 28480 | 08901-60118 |
| w) | cosol-6018 |  |  |  |  |  |
| W2 | 08901-60061 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A15J2 TO A17.12 | 28480 | 08901-60061 |
| w3 | 08901-60060 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A17St TO A1812 | 28480 | 08901-60060 |
| 1933A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W4 | 00901-60062 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY 77 TO A17 33 | 28480 | 08901-60062 |
| 2126A and above |  |  |  | CABLE ASSEMBLY JT TO A17.33. OPTION 003 ONLY | 28480 | 60901-60158 |
| W5 | 08901-60043 | 9 | 1 | Cable ASSEmbly atalt TO AGI2 | 28480 | 00901-60043 |
| w6 | 08901.60053 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A6, 1 TO A2J1 | 28480 | 08901-60053 |
| w7 | 00901-50054 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY AGU3 TO AdJI | 28480 | 0090160054 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W8 | 08901 -60048 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A18J3 TO J6 | 28480 | 08901-60048 |
| 2126A and aboue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W8 | 00901-60167 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY J6 TO A1913, OPTION 003 ONLY | 28480 | 08901-60167 |
| W9 | Desor-60044 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY AGM4 TO 15 | 28480 | 00901-60044 |
| W10 | 0es01-60056 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY AM3 TO A2J2 | 23460 | $08901-60056$ |
| W11 | 08901-60059 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBELY A2411 TO A19J2 | 28480 | 08901.60059 |
| W12 | 00901-60063 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMELY AR231 TO A21J1 | 28480 | 00901-60063 |
| W13 | 08801-60057 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMELY A21d2 TO A2311 | 28480 | 08901-60057 |
| W74 | 08901-60055 | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A132 TO Alld3 | 28460 | 0890160055 |
| W15 ${ }^{\Delta}$ | 08901-60163 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A 1 IJS TO $\mathrm{J10}$ (OPTION O02) | 28480 | 06901-60163 |
| W16 | $00501-60051$ | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A19J1 TO A11J1 | 28480 | 08901-60051 |
| W17 | $08901-60058$ | 6 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A2412 TO A2312 | 28480 | 08901.60058 |
| W18 | 00901-60042 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMELY 49 TO A1136 | 28480 | 08901-60042 |
| W19 | 08901-60049 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A25J1 TO 32 | 28480 | 0890160049 |
| wzo | 00901-60065 | 5 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A1J2 TO A27J3 | 28480 | 0890160065 |
| W21 | 06901-60086 | 6 | 2 | CABLE ASSEMELY A2833 TO A27J1 | 28480 | 08901-60066 |
| W22 | 00901-60066 | 6 |  | CABLE ASSEMBLY A2513 TO A2812 | 28480 | 08901-60066 |
| W23 | 08901-60067 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A2512 TO A27J2 | 28480 | 08901.60067 |
| W24 | 08901-60073 | 5 | 1 | WIRING HARNESS A26,1 TO A1Jt | 28480 | 08901-60073 |
| W2S | 08501-60070 | 2 | 1 | WRING HARNESS AZEI7 TO A28,1 | 28480 | 08901-60070 |
| W26 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| W27 ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 00301-60296 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY AZGU3 TO ARTJM MOLEX | 28480 | 08901-60296 |
| W28 | 08901-60071 | 3 | 1 | CAELE ASSEMBLY A2612 TO A2544 MOLEX | 28480 | 0890160071 |
| W29 | 08901-60075 | 7 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A25J5 TO 312.13 .14 | 28480 | 06901-60075 |
| W30 | 08501-60077 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A14J1 TO A31J1 | 28480 | 08901-60077 |
| W34 | 00901-80169 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY Y1 TO A11M (OPTION OO2) | 28480 | 08901.60169 |
| W32 | 00301-60050 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A5OJ2 TO J3 IOPTION 010 ONLY; EXCEPT OPTION OO1) | 28480 | 08901-60050 |
| W33 | 08901-20083 | 3 | 1 | CABLE, SEMM-RIGID J6 TO $\sqrt{7}$ | 28480 | 08901-20083 |
| W34 | 00901-60064 | 4 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A51J2 TO A11J2 | 28480 | 08501-60064 |
| W35 | 00901-60076 | 8 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMELY A51J1 TO A5011 | 28480 | 08901-60076 |
| 1533A to 2119A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W36 | 00901-60045 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY J10 TO A15J1 | 28480 | 0890160045 |
| 2126 A and aboue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W36 | 0090160118 | 9 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY 31 TO A15N1, OPTION 001 ONLY | 28480 | 00901.60118 |
| W37 | 08901-60046 | 2 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A5O22 TO J11 (OPTTON 001/010 ONLY) | 28480 | 08901-60046 |
| W38 | $08901-60047$ | 3 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY A2SI1 TO 14 | 29480 | 08901-60047 |
| W39 | 08901-60078 | 0 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMELY A1913 TO A1743 | 28480 | 08909-60078 |
| W40 | 8120-1378 | 1 | 1 | CABLE ASSEMBLY MAINS POWER | 11383 | PS-204-625 |
| Yt | 0060-0529 | 4 | 1 | CRYSTAL OSCULATOR, HMSTABULEER | 28480 | 0960-0529 |
| $\Delta$ | 2360-0205 | 3 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .75-NN-LG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2360-0205 | 3 | 2 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .750-N-LS PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 |  | 4 | WhSHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -1N-ID | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
|  | 3050-0227 | 3 | 4 | WUSHERFFL MTLC NO. 6.149 NHD | 80120 | AN960C6 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MISCELLANEOUS MECHANICAL PARTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A to 25184 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MPI | 5020-8805 | 8 | 1 | FRAME, FRONT | 28480 | 5020-8805 |
|  | 2350-0114 | 3 | 8 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-INLE 82 DEG | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP2 | 5020-8836 | 5 | 4 | CORNER STRUTS $15^{\circ}$ | 28480 | 5020-8836 |
|  | 2510-0192 | 6 | 16 | SCREW-MACH 8-32 .2-NN-L 100 DEG | 28480 | 2510-0192 |
| 2521A and above $\quad 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MPJ | 5021-5805 | 4 | 1 | FRAME, FPONT | 28480 | 5021-5805 |
|  | 2360-0114 | 3 | 8 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-HNLG 82 DEG | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
| MP2 | 5021-5836 | 1 | 4 | CORNER STRUTS 15 | 28480 | 5021-5836 |
|  | 0515-1331 | 5 | 16 | SCREW-METAIC SPECUALTY M4 $\times 0.7$ THD: 7MM | 28480 | 0515-1331 |
| 1933A 2029114 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $M_{M P 3} \dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| MP4 $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| 29164 and above 50119802 , |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP3 | 5011-8802 | 9 | 1 | TOP TRMM, FRONT FRAME | 28480 | 5041-8802 |
| MP4 | 5062-3703 | 3 | 2 | STRAP HANDLE | 28480 | 5062-3703 |
| 1933A to 2911A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP5-MP8 $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| MP5 | 5062-3734 | 0 | 1 | COVER. TOP | 28480 | 5062.3734 |
| MP6 | 5062.3746 | 4 | 1 | COVER, BOTTOM | 28480 | 5062-3746 |
| MP7 | 08901-00204 | 2 | 1 | COVER, LEFT SIDE | 28480 | 08901-00204 |
| MP8 | 00901-00203 | 7 | 1 | COVER, RIGHT SIDE | 28480 | 08901-00203 |
| 1933A to 2911A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP9-MPI2 $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| 29164 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP9 |  |  |  | STRAP. HANDLE, CAP-FRONT | 28480 | 5041-8819 |
|  | $2680-0118$ | 5 | 3 | SCREW-MACH 10-32 .5-1N-LG 82 DEG | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP10 | 5041-8820 | 1 | 2 | STRAP.HANDLE,CAP.REAR | 28480 | 5041-8820 |
|  | 0515-1239 | 2 |  | SCREW-MACH M $5 \times 0.8$ 12MM-LG | 28480 | 0515-1239 |
| MP1] | 5041-8801 | 8 | 4 | FOOT | 28480 | 5041-8801 |
| MP12 | 5001-0540 | 2 | 2 | TRIM, SIDE | 28480 | 5001-0540 |
| MP13 | 1460-1345 | 5 | 2 | TLT STAND SST | 28480 | 1460-1345 |
| 1933A to 2911A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP14 $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP14 |  |  |  | FRONT PANEL (EXCEPT OPTION 001 AND/OR 010) |  |  |
| MPI4 | 00901-00198 | 9 | 1 | FRRONT PANEL (OPTION 001 ONLY) | 28480 | 08901-00198 |
| MP14 | 08901-00196 | 7 | 1 | FRONT PANEL (OPTION 010 ONLY) | 28480 | 08901-00196 |
| MP14 | 00901-00199 | 0 | 1 | FRONT PANEL (OPTKON 001 WTTH 010 ONLY | 28480 | 00901-00199 |
| MP15 | 00901-00002 | 4 | 1 | SUEPANEL, FRONT | 28480 | 06901-00002 |
|  | 5040-6928 | 4 | 3 | STAIP DIVIDER | 28480 | 5040-6928 |
|  | 22000145 | 2 | 3 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .430-NULG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORIER EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0003 | 8 | 10 | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. $4.115-1 N-10$ | 28480 | 2190-0003 |
|  | 3050-0105 | 6 | 10 | WHSHER-FL MTLC NO. 4 .125-NHD | 28480 | 3050-0105 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mir. Code | Mfr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1833A to 2342A PMEL REAR 3 28480 00901-00001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP16 <br> 25214 and aboue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP16 | 08801-20273 | 3 | 1 | PANEL PEAR | 28480 | 08901-20273 |
| 1933A to 2609A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $M_{\text {P17 }}$ | 00801-00005 | 3 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 25-NN-LE 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32.312-INLG PANHD-POZI (MP17 TO MP16, A26, A27) | 00000 | ORDER GY DESCRIPTION ORIER BY OESCRIPTION |
|  | 2880-0195 | 0 | 33 |  | 00000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2180-0006 | 1 | 39 | WASHERLK HLCL NO. 6.141 IN-10 (MP17 TO MP16, A26, A27) | 28480 | 2150-0006 |
| 2616 A and aboue MPI7 |  |  | 1 | STRUT. CENTER <br> SCREWHACH 6-32.25-NHLG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH G-32 .312-NHLG PAN+HPOOZI (MP17 TO MP16. A26, A27) WMSHERHKK HLCL NO. 6.141-NHDD | 28480 | 08901-00157 ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | $00501-00167$ | 2 |  |  | 00000 |  |
|  | 2360-0114 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2560-0195 | 0 | 33 |  |  |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 | 39 |  | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| Scrowe for MP17 Commer Strut |  | 3 | 237 | SCREW-TPG 4-20 .5-N-LG PANHO-POZZ STL | 28480 |  |
| 1933A to 2229A | 0624-0281 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2238 A to 2450A | 0624-0100 | 5 | 237 | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .5-W-LG PANHD-POZ STL | $\begin{aligned} & 28480 \\ & 28480 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0624-0100 \\ & 0624-0653 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2505 A and above | 0624-0653 | 3 | 237 | SCREW 440X1/2 TAPTITE T-10 PNTX |  |  |
| 1933A to 2911/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MPIE $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| 29164 and above MP18 | 5041-8821 | 2 | 4 | STANDOFF, REAR PANEL | 28480 | 5041-8821 |
| Scrows for Mris Ruar Pamel Stendofts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A to 2518A | 2360-0197 | 2 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 375 -NLLG PANHID-POZISCREW-MACH M $3.5 \times 0.6$ 8MM-LG PANHD | $\begin{aligned} & 000000 \\ & 28480 \end{aligned}$ | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION$0515-1232$ |
| 2521A and above | 0515-1232 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A to 2609AMP19 |  |  | 1 | BRACKET SUPPORT, AUDIO SECTION SCREW-MACH 6-32 312-AN-LG PANHD-POZI WMSMER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -INHD | 28480 10000 28480 | 09901-00008 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 2190-0006 |
|  | $23600195$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 2516A and above MPI9 |  |  | 1 | BRACKET SUPPORT, AUDIO SECTION SCREW-WICH 6-32 .312-NHLG PANHDPOZI WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6 . 141 HNHD | $\begin{aligned} & 28480 \\ & 00000 \\ & 28480 \end{aligned}$ | 00901-00168 <br> ORDER EY DESCRIPTION <br> $2190-0006$ |
|  | $2860-0195$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Serewa for MPP19 Auclio Saction Bracket |  |  |  | SCREW-TPG 4-20.5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI STL | $\begin{aligned} & 28480 \\ & 28480 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0624-0281 \\ & 0624-0100 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1933A is 2229A | 0624-0281 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 2238A and above | 0624-0100 | 5 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .5-N-LG PANHDPOZI STL |  |  |
| MP20 | 06901-00009 | 1 | 1 | BRACKET SUPPORT. POWER SUPPLY SCREW-MACH 6-32 312-NHLG PANHID-POZI WASHER-LK HLCL NO. $6.141-\operatorname{NH}$ HD SCREW-MACH 6-32. 312 -INLG PANHD-POZI WASHERHK HLCL NO. $6.141-1 N H D$ | 28480 | 08901-00009 <br> order by description <br> 2190-0005 <br> OPDER BY DESCRIPTION <br> 2190-0006 |
|  | 2361-0195 | 0 |  |  | 00000 |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  | 28480 |  |
|  | 23600195 | 0 |  |  | 00000 |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  | 28480 |  |
| MP21 | $08901-00047$ | 7 | 1 | ERACKET SUPPORT, DHGTAL SCREW-MACH 6-32 . 312 -NWLG PANHO-POZI WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141-INHD CLAMP-CABLE .15-DIA .62-WD NYL | 28480 | 08901-00047 <br> ORDER BY DESCRIPTION <br> 2190-0006 <br> B511-28-00-9909 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  |  | 00000 |  |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  |  | 28480 |  |
|  | 1400-0510 | 8 | 2 |  | 02768 |  |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cly. | Description | Mif. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19334 2026184 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP23 | 00901-00035 | 3 | 1 | GASKET, RFI (BETWEEN MPSO, 51 AND A2T) | 28480 | 08901-00035 |
| MP24 | 00901-00011 | 5 | 1 | GUDE, PC, DIGTTAL | 28480 | 08901-00011 |
|  | 2360-0193 | 8 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .2S-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WMSHEP-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -NHLD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| 2623A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP23 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| MP24 | 00901-00174 | 1 | 1 | CUMDE, PC, DIGITAL | 28480 | 00901-00174 |
|  | 2360-0193 | 8 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-MNLG PANHO-POZI | 00000 | ORDEA BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WUSHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -WHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP25 | 06901-80007 | 7 | 4 | SHOCK MOUNT (RF SECTION) | 28480 | 08901-80007 |
| MP26 | 7120-7204 | 3 | 1 | OPERATING NFORMMATION PULL-OUT CARD | 28480 | 7120-7204 |
| 1933A to 2911A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP27 $\dagger$ |  |  |  | SEE SECTION 7 |  |  |
| 2916 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP27 | 5062-4032 | 3 | 1 | MFORMATKON TPAY | 28480 | 5062-4032 |
| MP28 | 00901-00046 | 6 | 1 | COVER, FAN | 28480 | 188901-00046 |
|  | 0400-0011 | 3 | 4 | CROMMET-RND . 375 -IN-ID . 5 -N-GRV-OD | 83330 | 2175 |
|  | 1520-0067 | 4 | 4 | SHOCK MOUNT . 4 -EFF-HGT .31-OD (MP28, 33, B1 TO MP16) | 61957 | WEL-NUT E-532 |
|  | 2360-0220 | 2 | 3 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 2.25-NLLG PAN-HD-POZI (MP28, 33, B1 TO MP16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2360-0221 | 3 | 1 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 2.5-WHLG PANHO-POZI (MP28. 33, B1 TO MP16) | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 3050.0227 | 3 | 7 | WASHERFL MTLC NO. 6 . 149-INHD (MP28, 33. B1 TO MP16) | 80120 | AN960C-6 |
|  | 0360-0001 | 5 | 1 | TERMMLALSLOR LUG LK-MTG FOR-*6-SCR | 79963 | 523.144 |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 HMD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
|  | 2420-0002 | 6 | 1 | NUT-HEX-D8L-CHAM 6-32-TTO . 109 -N-THK | 28480 | 2420-0002 |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 HNHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP29 | 00901-20028 | 6 | 1 | WPE DUCT | 28480 | 08901-20028 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 312-HNLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 30500227 | 3 |  | WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6.149 HHID | 80120 | AN960C-6 |
|  | 2190-9006 | 1 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -NHID | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP30 | 08901-20029 | 7 | 1 | WIRE DUCT COVER | 28480 | 08501-20029 |
| MP314 | 09901-00140 | 1 | 1 | WIRE DUCT SUPPORT,(REAR) | 28480 | 08901-00140 |
| $\Delta$ | 0as01-00214 | 0 | 1 | SPACER | 29480 | 08901-00140 |
| MP32 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 81600072 | 4 |  |  | 10565 | 10-04-1687-1215 |
|  |  |  |  | RFI SEALING (FOR MPI) |  |  |
| MP33 | 3160-0249 | 2 | 1 | WIPE FINGER GUARD (FOR B1) | 12330 | 055013 |
| MP34 | 1600-0692 | 1 | 3 | RETANING CLP (HOLD FRONT WNDOW) | 28480 | 1600-0692 |
| MP35 | 2360-0203 | 1 | 4 | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .625-HNLG PAN-HD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WUSHERLLK HLCL MO. 6.141 -IN-D | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| 1933A to 2126A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP36 | 00901-00007 | 9 | 1 | SUPPORT BRACKET,SHOCK MOUNT. FRONT | 28480 | 08901-00007 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-HNLG PANHOPOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 HNHD | 28480 | 2150-0006 |
| MP37 | 00901-00010 | 4 | 1 | SUPPORT ERACKET,SHOCK MOUNT, REAR | 28480 | 08901-00010 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-WHL PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WUSHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 -NHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP38 | 08901-00048 | 8 | 1 | GASKET, EXTRUSION.RF SECTION | 28480 | 08501-00048 |
| 2128 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP36 | 00901-00086 | 4 | 1 | SUPPORT BRACKET, SHOCK MOUNT, FRONT | 28480 | 08901-00006 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 312-NLG PANHDPOZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WUSHER-LK HLCL NO. 6.141 HNHD | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP37 | 09501-00087 | 5 | 1 | SUPPORT BRACKET, SHOCK MOUNT, REAR | 28480 | 00901-00087 |
|  | 2360-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-ANLG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDEA EY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 2190-0006 | 1 |  | WUSHER-LK HLCL MO. 6.141 HNHO | 28480 | 2190-0006 |
| MP38 | 00901-00095 | 5 | 1 | GASKET, EXTRUSION, RF SECTION | 28480 | 68901-00095 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HiP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mtr. Code | Mir. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MP39 | 08901-00006 | 8 | 1 | SCREEN, RFI (FOR MP15) | 29480 | 08901-00006 |
| MP40 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 00901-20182 | 3 | 1 | FRONT WNDOW PANEL | 28480 | 08901-20182 |
|  | 00901-20181 | 2 | 1 | WINDOW FOR FRONT PANEL. | 28480 | 08901-20181 |
| MPP4 $\triangle$ |  |  |  | PART NO LONGER SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
| MP42 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | PART NO LONGER SEPARATELY REPLACEAELE |  |  |
| MP43 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | PART NO LONGER SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
| MP44 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | NOT ASSIENED |  |  |
| MP45 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | PART NO LONGER SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
| MP46 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | PART NO LONGER SEPARATELY REPLACEABLE |  |  |
| MP47 | 00801-20050 | 4 | 1 | SHELD (SUPPORTS A1) | 28480 | 00901-20050 |
|  | 2190-0003 | 8 |  | WHSHER-LK HLCL NO. 4.115 -HHD | 28480 | 2180-0003 |
|  | 3050-0105 | 6 |  | WASHER-FL MTLC NO. $4.125-1 N+D$ | 28480 | 30500105 |
| 1933A to 2126A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP48 | 00901-20041 | 3 | 1 | EXTRUSION ASSEMBLY, RF SECTION | 28480 | 08901-20041 |
| 2128A 20 2609A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP48 | 00901-20158 | 3 | 1 | EXTRUSION ASSEMBLY, RF SECTION | 28480 | 08501-20158 |
| 2616A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP48 |  |  |  |  | 28480 | 08901-20276 |
|  | 0403-0005 | 1 | 3 | SHOCK MOUNT (ON BACK OF A28 BOARD) | 70485 | 1059-26012 |
|  | 0460-1027 | 9 |  | TAPE-VNYL <br> (ON MP2 NEAR RF SECTION) | 76381 | 4508 |
| Serews for MP40 RF Section Extrision |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A to 2229A | 0624-0281 | 3 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-20 .5-HNLG PAN-HD-POZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0281 |
| $2238 A \text { co 2450A }$ | 0624-0100 | 5 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-40.5-HWLG PANHD-POZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0100 |
| 2505A and above | 0624-0653 | 3 | 237 | SCREW $440 \times 1 / 2$ TAPTITE T-10 PNTX | 28480 | 0624-0653 |
| MP49 |  |  |  | NOT ASSKGNED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2618A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP50 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 00901-20043 | 5 | 1 | EXTPUSION (FOR COUNTER ASSEMELY) | 28480 | 08901-20043 |
| 2623 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP50 | 00901-20275 | 5 | 1 | EXTRUSION (FOR COUNTER ASSEMELY) | 28480 | 08901-20275 |
|  | 08901-20028 | 6 | 1 | HOLE PUG . 500 DIA. (FOR MOUNTING SCREW) | 28480 | 06901-20028 |
| Serswe for MPSO Counter Section Extruaton |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J933A to 2229A | 0624.0281 | 3 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-20 .5-WLG PANHD-POZI STL. | 28480 | 0624-0281 |
| 2238A co 2450A | 0624-0100 | 5 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .5-WHLG PAN-H0-POZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0100 |
| 2505 A and above | 0624-0653 | 3 | 237 | SCREW 440K1/2 TAPTITE T-10 PNTX | 28480 | 0524-0653 |
| MpSt | 00901-20093 | 5 | 1 | EXTRUSION ENDPLATE (FOR COUNTER ASSY | 28480 | 06901-20093 |
| MPS2 | 6960-0002 | 4 | 3 | PLUG-HOLE TRHD FOR 5-DHOLE STL (H1 EXCEPT OPT. 001;18 EXCEPT OPT. 002 J 11 EXCEPT OPT. 001/010) | 71785 | SS-48152-Ki110 |
| MPS3 | 69600010 | 4 | 1 | PLUG-HOLE TRHD FOR .625-DHOLE STL ( 6.7 EXCEPT OPT. 003; 110 EXCEPT | 71785 | SS-48172-K1110 |
| J933A to 2609A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP54 | 08901-20039 | 9 | 7 | EXTRUSION, PUNCHED (FOR AUDIO SECTION) | 28480 | 0es01-20039 |
| 2616A and obove MP54 | 08901-20277 | 7 | 7 | EXIRUSION, PUNCHED (FOR AUDIO SECTION) | 28480 | 08901-20277 |
| Serews for Mipsh Autho Section Extrusion |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933A 100 2229A | 06240281 | 3 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-20 .5-NLG PANHDPOZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0281 |
| 2238A 20 2450A | 06240100 | 5 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-40 .5-NLG PANHDPOZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0100 |
| 25051 and above | 0624-0653 | 3 | 237 | SCREW 440X1/2 TAPTITE T-10 PNTX | 28480 | 0624.0653 |

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{C} \\ & \mathbf{D} \end{aligned}$ | Cty. | Description | Mfr. Code | Mifr. Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2609A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP55 | 00901-20048 | 0 | 1 | EXTRUSIONLUNPUNCHED (FOR AUDIO SECTION) | 28480 | 08901-20048 |
| MP56 | 08901-20038 | 8 | 1 | EXTRUSION ENDPLATEFFOR AUDIO SECTION) | 28480 | 08901-20038 |
| 2616A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP5S |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| MP56 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 1933A to 2229A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP57 | 0624-0281 | 3 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-20 .5NHLG PANHO-POZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0281 |
| 2238A to 2450A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP57 | 0624-0100 | 5 |  | SCREW-TPG 4-40.5-NLLG PANHO-POZI STL | 28480 | 0624-0100 |
| 25051 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP57 | 0624-0653 | 3 | 237 | SCREW 440x1/2 TAPTITE T-10 PNTX | 28480 | 0624-0653 |
| 2616 A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP57 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED | . |  |
| MP58 | 7120-1254 | 1 | 1 | MAMEPLATE .312-NHDD -54-WHLG ABS | 28480 | 7120-1254 |
|  | 0510-0043 | 4 | 2 | RETANER-ANG ER EXT .141-WLDIA STL | 54963 | 1500-14-20 |
|  | 0570-1171 | 7 | 2 | SCREW-SPCL 6-32 A68-MHLG UNCT 100 | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 0510-0043 | 4 |  | RETAMERARING ER EXT .141+W-DIA STL. | 54963 | 1500-14-Z0 |
|  | 0570-1171 | 7 |  | SCREW-SPCL 6-32 .460-NWLO UNCT 100 | 00000 | ORDER EY DESCAIPTION |
|  | 0380-4003 | 9 | 1 | SPACER-RND .125-WHLG . $18-\mathrm{NHD}$ | 28480 | 0380-0003 |
|  | 2200-0091 | 7 | 7 | SCREW-MACH 4-40 .562-N-W PANHO-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCPIPTION |
|  | 08501-00067 | 1 | 1 | MSULATOR | 28480 | 08901-00067 |
|  | 0400-0227 | 3 | 2 | CROMMET-RND .375-H-HD .5-IN-GRV-OD | 01538 | 522 |
|  | 0400-0227 | 3 |  | GROMMET-RND . 375 -WHD .5-N-GRV-OD | 01538 | 522 |
| MP59 | 0590-0505 | 1 | 1 | NUT-KNRLD-R 5/R-24-THD .125-N-THK | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP60S | 0590-4251 | 6 | 1 | NUT-SPCLY 15/32-32-THD .1-NH-THK .562-WD | 28480 | 0590-7251 |
|  | 2190-0068 | 5 | 1 | WASHER-LK INTL T $1 / 2$ IN . $505-\mathbb{N H}$-1D | 78189 | 1924-02 |
| MP61 | 2950-0035 | 8 | 1 | NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 15/32-32-THD | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
|  | 21900102 | 8 | 1 | W/ASHER-LK INTL T 15/32 ${ }^{\text {N }}$. 472 -NN-ID | 78189 | 1922-01 |
| MP62 | 08901-00065 | 9 | 2 | BRACKET, RETAINUNG (A13,A14) | 28480 | 08901-00065 |
|  | 2190-0006 5 | 2 | 3 |  | 28480 | 2190-0006 5 |
|  | 2060-0195 | 0 |  | SCREW-MACH 6-32 S12-NHELG PANHD-POZI | 00000 | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION |
| MP63 | 0460-1025 | 7 | 1 | STICKY TAPE | 28480 | 0460-1025 |
| MP64 | 08901-00069 | 4 | 1 | MSULATOR-BOTTOM COVER, LOCATED UNDER RF SECTION | 28480 | 08901-00069 |
| MP65 ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 08901-00148 | 9 | 2 | RF SECTION BLANK COVER | 28480 | 08901-00148 |
| 1933A to 2423A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MPG6 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 2439A and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP66 | 00901-00157 | 0 | 1 | AUDIO SECTION BLANK COVER | 28480 | 08901-00157 |
| 1933A to 2450A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP67 |  |  |  | NOT ASSIGNED |  |  |
| 25054 and above |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MP67 | 8710-1637 | 6 | 1 | TORX Br, T-10 | 28480 | 8710-1637 |
|  | 1400-0510 | 8 | 2 | CLAMP-CABLE . 15 -DIA .62-WD NYL | 02768 | 8511-28-00-9909 |

## Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts



Table 6-4. Code List of Manufacturers (1 of 2)

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer Name | Address | Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C0633 | RIFA AB | STOCKHOLM, SW | S-163 |
| C1433 | AB ELEKTRONIKGMBH | SALZBURG, AU | A-501 |
| D8439 | ROEDERSTEIN/RESISTA GMBH | LANDSHUT, GM | 8300 |
| K1935 | JERMYN INDUSTRIES LTD | KENT SEVENOAKS, EG |  |
| K8479 | HOLSWORTHY ELECTRONICS LTD | HOLSWORTHY, EG |  |
| 00000 | ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER |  |  |
| 00853 | SANGAMO WESTON INC | NORCROSS, GA US | 30071 |
| 01121 | ALLEN-BRADLEY CO INC | EL PASO, TX US | 79935 |
| 01295 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INC | DALLAS, TX US | 75265 |
| 01538 | SMALL PARTS INC | COSTA MESA, CA | 92626 |
| 02114 | FERROXCUBE CORP | SAUGERTIES, NY US | 12477 |
| 02768 | ITW FASTEX | DES PLAINES, IL US | 60016 |
| 03911 | CLAIREX CORP | MT VERNON, NY US | 10550 |
| 04713 | MOTOROLA INC | ROSELLE, IL US | 60195 |
| 05245 | CORCOM INC | LIBERTYVILLE, IL US | 60048 |
| 06383 | PANDUIT CORP | TINLEY PARK, IL US | 60477 |
| 06560 | JEFFERS ELECTRONICS INC | NOGALES, AZ US | 85621 |
| 06776 | ROBINSON NUGENT INC | NEW ALBANY, IN US | 47150 |
| 06877 | UNITRON INSTRUMENTS INC | WOODBURY, NY | 11797 |
| 07263 | FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | CUPERTINO, CA US | 95014 |
| 07933 | RAYTHEON CO SEMICONDUCTOR DIV HQ | MOUNTAIN VIEW. CA | 94040 |
| 09353 | C \& K COMPONENTS INC | NEWTON, MA US | 02158 |
| 09464 | DRYCO MFG CO INC | CHICAGO, IL | 60612 |
| 09535 | JOHNSON MATTHEY AND MALLORY LTD | TORONTO, CN |  |
| 09969 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | YANKTON, SD US | 57078 |
| 11236 | CTS CORP | ELKHART, IN US | 46514 |
| 11383 | AMETEK/ALUMINUM EXTRUSION | LOS ANGELES, CA | 90065 |
| 11502 | JRC INC | BOONE, NC US | 28607 |
| 11532 | TELEDYNE INDUSTRIES INC | LOS ANGELES, CA US | 90067 |
| 11870 | MELABS INC | PALO ALTO, CA | 94304 |
| 12330 | MONTROSE PRODUCTS CO | AUBURN, MA US | 01501 |
| 12344 | TALLY CORP | KENT, WA | 98031 |
| 12360 | ALBANY PROD CO DIV OF PHEUMO DYN | NORWALK, CT | 06850 |
| 12403 | CANFIELD H O CO OF Indiana inc The | SEYMOUR, IN | 47274 |
| 12474 | BEL-RAY CO INC | FARMINGDALE, NJ | 07727 |
| 12498 | CRYSTALONICS, DIV TELEDYNE | CAMBRIDGE, MA | 02140 |
| 13103 | THERMALLOY INC | DALLAS. TX US | 75234 |
| 15636 | ELEC-TROL INC | SAUGUS, CA US | 91350 |
| 16179 | M/A-COM INC | BURLINGTON, MA US | 01803 |
| 16428 | COOPER INDUSTRIES INC | HOUSTON, TX US | 77210 |
| 16956 | DENNISON MFG CO | FRAMINGHAM, MA US | 01701 |
| 17856 | SILICONIX INC | SANTA CLARA, CA US | 95054 |
| 18324 | SIGNETICS CORP | SUNNYVALE, CA US | 94086 |
| 18565 | CHOMERICS INC | WOBURN, MA | 01801 |

Table 6-4. Code List of Manufacturers (2 of 2)

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer Name | Address | Zip Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19701 | MEPCO/CENTRALAB INC | RIVIERA, FL US | 33404 |
| 2M627 | ROHM CORP | IRVINE, CA US | 92713 |
| 24226 | GOWANDA ELECTRONICS CORP | GOWANDA, NY US | 14070 |
| 24355 | ANALOG DEVICES INC | NORWOOD, MA US | 02062 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO | FRANKLIN, IN US | 46131 |
| 25403 | NV PHILIPS ELCOMA | EINDHOVEN, NE | 02876 |
| 27014 | NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP | SANTA CLARA, CA US | 95052 |
| 27264 | MOLEX INC | LISLE, IL US | 60532 |
| 27735 | F-DYNE ELECTRONICS CO | BRIDGEPORT, CT | 06605 |
| 28480 | HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CORPORATE HQ | PALO ALTO, CA | 94304 |
| 30817 | INSTRUMENT SPECIALTIES CO INC | DEL WATER GAP, PA | 07424 |
| 32159 | WEST-CAP ARIZONA | SAN FERNANDO, CA US | 91340 |
| 34335 | ADVANCED MICRO DEVICES INC | SUNNYVALE, CA US | 94086 |
| 34371 | HARRIS CORP | MELBOURNE, FL US | 32901 |
| 46384 | PENN ENGINEERING \& MFG CORP | DOYLESTOWN, PA US | 18901 |
| 50088 | MOSTEK CORP | CARROLLTON, TX US | 75006 |
| 51167 | ARIES ELECTRONICS INC | FRENCHTOWN, NJ US | 08825 |
| 52763 | STETTNER \& CO | LAUF, GM | D-856 |
| 54963 | ANDERTON DARBY INC | CLIFTON, NJ | 07015 |
| 55285 | BERGQUIST CO | MINNEAPOLIS, MN | 55420 |
| 56289 | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO | LEXINGTON, MA US | 02173 |
| 61957 | USM CORP | BOSTON, MA | 02107 |
| 70485 | ATLANTIC INDIA RUBBER WORKS INC | CHICAGO. IL | 60607 |
| 71785 | TRW INC | CLEVELAND, OH US | 44124 |
| 72962 | ELASTIC STOP NUT DIVOF HARVARD | UNION, NJ US | 07083 |
| 73138 | BECKMAN INDUSTRIAL CORP | FULLERTON, CA US | 92635 |
| 73734 | FEDERAL SCREW PRODUCTS CO | Chicago, il | 60618 |
| 74970 | EF JOHNSON CO | WASECA, MN US | 56093 |
| 75915 | LTTELFUSE INC | DES PLAINES, IL US | 60016 |
| 76381 | 3M CO | ST PAUL, MN US | 55144 |
| 76854 | OAK SWITCH SYSTEMS INC | CRYSTAL LAKE, IL US | 60014 |
| 77342 | POTTER \& BRUMFIELD INC | PRINCETON, IN US | 47671 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS INC SHAKEPROOF | ELGIN, IL | 60126 |
| 78488 | STACKPOLE CARBON CO | ST MARYS, PA | 15857 |
| 79963 | ZIERICK MFG CO | MT KISCO, NY | 10549 |
| 80120 | SCHNITZER ALLOY PRODUCTS CO | ELIZABETH, NJ | 07206 |
| 83186 | VICTORY ENGINEERING CORP | SPRINGFIELD, NJ US | 07081 |
| 83330 | KULKA-SMITH INC | MANASQUAN, NJ US | 08736 |
| 84411 | AMERICAN SHIZUKI CORP | CANOGA PARK, CA US | 91304 |
| 98253 | MOLECU WIRE CORP | FARMINGDALE, NJ | 07727 |
| 9 9171 | UNITRODE CORP | LEXINGTON, MA US | 02173 |
| 91506 | AUGAT INC | MANSFIELD, MA US | 02048 |
| 91637 | DALE ELECTRONICS INC | COLUMBUS, NE US | 68601 |
| 95275 | VITRAMON INC | MONROE, CT US | 06468 |
| 98291 | SEALECTRO CORP | TRUMBULL, CT US | 06611 |
| 98978 | INTL ELECTRONIC RESEARCH CORP | BURBANK, CA US | 91502 |



Figure 6-1. Parts and Cable Identification (Top View)


Figure 6-2. Cabinet Parts


Figure 6-3. Parts Identification (Front View)


Figure 6-4. Parts Identification (Rear View)


Figure 6-5. Parts Cable Identication (Bottom View)

## Section 7 MANUAL CHANGES

## 7-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains manual change instructions for backdating this manual for HP Model 8901A Modulation Analyzers that have serial number prefixes that are lower than 1933A. This section also contains instrument modification suggestions and procedures that are recommended to improve the performance and reliability of your instrument. At the end of this section you will find instructions for updating pages 8-1 to 8-86 of this manual.

## 7-2. MANUAL CHANGES

## Backdating

To adapt this manual to your instrument, refer to table 7-1 and make all of the manual changes listed opposite your instrument's serial number or prefix. The manual changes are listed in serial number sequence and should be made in the sequence listed. For example, Change A should be made after Change B; Change B should be made after Change C; etc. table 7-2 is a summary of changes by component.

Table 7-1. Manual Changes by Serial Number

| Serial Prefix or Number | Make Manual Changes |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1836 A$ | $I, H, G, F, E, D, C, B, A$ |
| $1901 A$ | $I, H, G, F, E, D, C, B$ |
| $1903 A$ | $I, H, G, F, E, D, C$ |
| $1905 A$ | $I, H, G, F, E, D$ |
| $1911 A$ | $I, H, G, F, E$ |
| $1915 A, 1916 A$ | $I, H, G, F$ |
| $1918 A, 1921 A$ | $I, H, G$ |
| $1922 A$ | $I, H$ |
| $1925 A$ | $I$ |

## Updating

If your instrument's serial number or prefix is not listed on the title page of this manual or in table 7-1, it may be documented in a Manual Update Packet.

Table 7.2. Summary of Changes by Component ( 1 of 3)


Table 7-2. Summary of Changes by Component (2 of 3)

| Change | A14 | A15 | A17 | A18 | A19 | A20 | A21 | A22 | A23 | A24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 44^{*}, \mathrm{C} 46^{*}, \\ & \mathrm{C} 60^{*}, \mathrm{C} 61^{*} \\ & \mathrm{C} 63^{*}, \mathrm{E} 1^{*} \\ & \mathrm{E} 2 *, \\ & \text { L8** } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 12, \mathrm{C} 14, \\ & \mathrm{C} 18, \mathrm{R5}^{*}, \\ & \mathrm{R14*} \end{aligned}$ |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L7, R2, R3, } \\ & \text { R4, R7 } \end{aligned}$ |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Instrument modification recommended, see paragraph 7-4.

Table 7.2. Summary of Changes by Component (3 of 3)

| Change | A25 | A26 | A27 | A28 | A29 | A30 | A31 | A50 | A51 | No Prefix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | R2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MP15* |
| B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| G |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | trument | ation | mende | parag |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## MANUAL CHANGES

## 7-3. MANUAL CHANGE INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE
See paragraphs 7-4 through 7-7 for recommended instrument mudifications

## Change a

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:
Change A2C12 to 0160-2209 CD5 CAPACITOR-FXD 360 PF $\pm 5 \% 300$ VDC MICA.
Pages 6-10 and 6-11, Table 6-2:
Make the following changes to the A3 Assembly listings:
Change RI to 0698-6883 CD8 RESISTOR 19.3K . $5 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 $=50$.
Change R4 to 0757-0288 CD1 RESISTOR 9.09K 1\% .125W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change R7 to 0698-3179 CD9 RESISTOR 2.55K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $\pm 100$.
Change R8 to 0757-0123 CD3 RESISTOR 34.8K 1\% .125W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change R9 to 0757-0123 CD3 RESISTOR 34.8 K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $\pm 100$
Page 6-16, Table 6-2:
Change A5R72 to 0698-3446 CD3 RESISTOR 383 1\% .125W F TC=0 $\pm 100$.
Page 6-26, Table 6-2:
Delete A13TP10 and A13TP11.
Page 6-33, Table 6-2:
Make the following changes to the A19 Assembly listings:
Change C44 to 0160-3872 CD0 CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2 PF $\pm .25$ PF 200 VDC CER.
Change C46 to 0160-3873 CD1 CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7 PF $\pm .5$ PF 200 VDC CER.
Change C60 and C61 to 0160-4084 CD8 CAPACITOR-FXD . 1 UF $\pm 20 \% 50$ VDC CER.
Delete C63.
Delete E1 and E2.
Change L8 to 9100-3922 CD4 RF CHOKE.
Page 6-45, Table 6-2:
Change A25R2 to 0757-0280 CD3 RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Page 6-58, Table 6-2:
Under MP15, delete the following: 2200-0145 CD2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .438-IN-LG PAN-HD, POZI 0380-0003 CD9 SCREW-RND .125-IN-LG .18-IN-ID 08901-00067 CD1 KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY BOARD INSULATOR.

Service Sheet 7 (schematic):
Change C 12 to 360 pF .
Service Sheet 8 (schematic):
Make the following changes:
Change R1 to $19.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Change R4 to $9090 \Omega$. Change R7 to $2.55 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. Change R8 and R9 to $34.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. Change A25R2 to $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## CHANGE A (Cont'd)

Service Sheet 10 (schematic):
Change A5R72 to 383 .
Service Sheet 11 (schematic):
Change C44 to 2.2 pF .
Change C46 to 4.7 pF .
Delete C63 (from U3 pin 4 to ground).
Delete inductive beads E1 and E2. Change L8 by deleting the $0.051 \mu \mathrm{H}$ value callout.
Service Sheet 18 (schematic):
Delete TP10 (labeled "WRT") from the line labeled "WRITE(H) at A13U14, pin 2.
Delete TP11 (labeled "ADR 15") from the line labeled "A15 (H)."
NOTE
See paragraphs 7.8 and 7.9 for recommended instrument modifications.

## Change b

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:
Change A2R10 and R20 to 0698-3453 CD2 RESISTOR 196K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $\pm 100$.
Page 6-19, Table 6-2:
Change A6R14 to 0757-0439 CD4 RESISTOR 6.81K $1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC=0 $\pm 100$.

Page 6-43, Table 6-2:
Make the following changes to the A24 listings:
Change C12 to 0160-3878 CD6 CAPACITOR-FXD 1000 PF $\pm 20 \% 100$ VDC CER.
Change C14 to 0160-4389 CD6 CAPACITOR-FXD 100 PF $\pm 5$ PF 200 VDC CER.
Change C18 to 0160-3878 CD6 CAPACITOR-FXD 1000 PF $\pm 20 \% 100$ VDC CER.
Page 6-44, Table 6-2:
Change A24R5 to 0698-0084 CD9 RESISTOR 2.15K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $=100$.
Change A24R14 to 0757-0280 CD3 RESISTOR 1K 1\% .125W F TC=0 $\pm 100$.
Service Sheet 3 (schematic):
Change A6R14 to 6810ת.
Service Sheet 7 (schematic):
Change A2R10 and R20 to $196 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Service Sheet 12 (schematic):
Make the following changes to the A24 High Frequency VCO Assembly:
Change C12 to 1000 pF .
Change C14 to 100 pF .
Change C18 to 1000 pF.
Change R5 to $2150 \Omega$.
Change R14 to $1000 \Omega$.
CHANGE C
NOTE
See paragraphs 7-10 and 7-11 for recommended instrument modifications.

## CHANGE C (Cont'd)

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:
Delete A2C38.
Page 6-8, Table 6-2:
Change A2R39 to 0757-0401 CD0 RESISTOR $1001 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change A2R51 to 0698-3434 CD9 RESISTOR $34.81 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC= $=0 \pm 100$.
Page 6-17, Table 6-2:
Change A6 to 08901-60011 CD1 with the same description.
Page 6-21, Table 6-2:
Change A10 to 08901-60019 CD9 with the same description.
Service Sheet 3 (component locations):
Replace Figure 8-72 with Figure 7-1.
Service Sheet 3 (schematic):
Change the A6 assembly part number to 08901-60011.
Service Sheet 4 (component locations):
Replace Figure 8-74 with Figure 7-2.
Service Sheet 4 (schematic):
Change the A6 assembly part number to 08901-60011.
Service Sheet 7 (schematic):
Delete A2C38 1500 pF in parallel with A2C29.
Change A2R39 to $100 \Omega$.
Change A2R51 to $34.8 \Omega$.
Service Sheet 23 (schematic):
Change the A10 assembly part number to 08901-60019.
Service Sheet 24 (schematic):
Change the A10 assembly part number to 08901-60019.

## CHANGED

Page 6-44, Table 6-2:
Make the following changes to the A24 assembly listings:
Change L7 to 08901-00057 CD9 with the same descripton.
Change R2 to 0757-0442 CD9 RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change R3 to 0757-0123 CD3 RESISTOR $34.8 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change R4 to 0757-0447 CD4 RESISTOR $16.2 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change R7 to 0698-3158 CD4 RESISTOR $23.7 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Service Sheet 12 (Troubleshooting):
Under (13). Tune Voltage Filter and Switch Check Step 7, change voltage limits to 170 and 210 mVrms .
Service Sheet 12 (schematic):
Make the following changes to the A24 assembly listings:
Change R2 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Change R3 to $34.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Change R4 to $16.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Change R7 to $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.
Change the voltage limits at TP2 to -6.4 to -5.5 VDC.

## CHANGE E

## NOTE

See paragraph 7-12 for recommended instrument modification.
Page 6-9. Table 6-2:
Change A3C64 and C65 to $0180-0197 \mathrm{CD} 8$ CAPACITOR-FXD $2.2 \mathrm{UF} \pm 10 \% 20 \mathrm{VDCT}$ TA.


Figure 7-1. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (ALC Loopl (P/0 Change C)

## CHANGE E (Cont'd)

Page 6-19, Table 6-2:
Change A6R31 to 0757.0459 CD8 RESISTOR $56.2 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change A6R32 to 0698-3159 CD5 RESISTOR $26.1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \% .125 \mathrm{~W}$ F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change A6R39 to 0757-0444 CD1 RESISTOR $12.1 \mathrm{~K} 1 \%$. 125 W F TC=0 $0 \pm 100$.


Figure 7-2. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (Control) (P/O Change C)

## CHANGE E (Cont'd)

Service Sheet 3 (schematic): Change A6R31 to $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. Change A6R32 to $26.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. Change A6R39 to $12.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

Service Sheet 8 (schematic):
Change A3C64 and C65 to $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.

## CHANGE F

NOTE
See paragraph 7-13 for recommended instrument modification.
Page 6-10, Table 6-2:
Change A3R32 to 0757-0424 CD7 RESISTOR 1.1K $1 \%$.125W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Change A3R34 to 0757-0442 CD9 RESISTOR 10K $1 \%$. 125 W F TC $=0 \pm 100$.
Service Sheet 8 (schematic):
Change A3R32 to $1100 \Omega$.
Change A3R34 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## CHANGE G

NOTE
See paragraph 7-14 and 7-15 for recommended instrument modifications.
Page 6-16, Table 6-2:
Change A5R49 to 2100-3353 CD8 RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10\% C SIDE-ADJ-TRM.
Service Sheet 9 (schematic):
Change A5R49 to 20k $\Omega$.

CHANGE H
Page 6-7, Table 6-2:
Change A2C12 to $0140-0200$ CD0 CAPACITOR-FXD 390 PF $\pm 5 \% 300$ VDC MICA.
Service Sheet 7 (schematic):
Change A2C12 to 390 pF .

## CHANGEI

Page 6-26, Table 6-2:
Change the first part number for A13U3 to 08901-80029 with the same description.
Service Sheet BD4 (Troubleshooting):
Under step 7 of $\sqrt{3}$ Controller Kernel Check, replace the table with the following:

## MANUAL CHANGES

CHANGE I (Cont'd)

| With A14 Plugged In |  | With A14 Not Plugged In |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test Point | Slgnature | Test Point | Signature |
| DATA 0 | 0C02 | DATA 0 | A51P |
| DATA 1 | 7C7C | DATA 1 | 9922 |
| DATA 2 | 807C | DATA 2 | 2P82 |
| DATA 3 | 3690 | DATA 3 | A1PU |
| DATA 4 | 1PU9 | DATA 4 | F10F |
| DATA 5 | A035 | DATA 5 | 2H94 |
| DATA 6 | 6906 | DATA 6 | 261A |
| DATA 7 | 7CUP | DATA 7 | 60FU |

Valid software date 124.1979. Valid ROM part numbers:

| ROM | Part No. | ROM | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $08901-80029$ |  | 6 |
| 2 | $08901-80030$ | 7 | $1818-0926$ or 08901-80014 |
| 3 | $1818-0920$ or 08901-80011 |  | 8 |
| 4 | $1818-0921$ or 08901-80012 |  | $1818-0923$ or 08901-80015 $08901-80025$ |
| 5 | $1818-0922$ or 08901-80013 |  | 18 |

## Service Sheet 18 (Troubleshooting):

Under step 3 of $\sqrt{2}$ Memory Select Decoders and ROM Check, replace the table with the following:

| ROM | Start/Stop |  | Signature on CONTROL BUS data Test Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IC | Pin | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | A13U12 | 15 | F5P8 | 659H | 37FH | 9C81 | 42U8 | HU27 | P0CC | 0440 |
| 2 | A13U12 | 14 | 1CU9 | H04A | 4FPF | 11F5 | 7127 | 9436 | 3198 | 221C |
| 3 | A13U12 | 13 | FUUH | 4071 | P1U9 | 86A5 | 89HC | HC04 | UP6U | P675 |
| 4 | A13U12 | 12 | PF63 | CH3C | H738 | FFU3 | 5085 | P57A | 69FU | HF09 |
| 5 | A13U12 | 11 | H5C4 | U937 | 86CP | A58F | A136 | FC40 | 9834 | A624 |
| 6 | Al3U12 | 10 | 0959 | U952 | FHUF | P0U9 | 65UU | 29UP | CP7H | A0U8 |
| 7 | A13U12 | 9 | U80C | 1A8H | C898 | 76AA | UC8A | 588A | F71A | 8627 |
| 8 | A13U12 | 7 | U451 | U20U | P807 | HC50 | 0967 | CPU1 | 84C6 | H63A |
| 11 | A14U18 | 9 | 0147 | PFC8 | 2U9A | 4019 | 9UF0 | 39H3 | F064 | 6A59 |

Valid ROM Part Numbers:

| ROM | Part Number | ROM | Part Number | ROM | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $08901-80029$ | 4 | $1818-0921$ or $08901-80012$ | 7 | $1818-0923$ or $08901-80015$ |
| 2 | $08901-80030$ | 5 | $1818-0922$ or $08901-80013$ | 8 | $1818-0925$ or $08901-80025$ |
| 3 | $1818-0920$ or $08901-80011$ | 6 | $1818-0926$ or $08901-80014$ | 11 | $1818-0924$ or $08901-80023$ |

## 7-4. Adding an Insulator Behind the FrontPanel Assembly

On instruments with serial prefix 1836A and below, an insulator should be added behind the front-panel assembly to prevent the clipped-off component leads of the Keyboard from puncturing the insulation of the cables that dangle behind it.

Remove the front-panel assembly from the mainframe. Remove the four lower, innermost screws that secure the Keyboard to the front panel. See Service Sheet A. Place the insulator (HP 0890100067) over the center of the Keyboard and secure it with four longer screws ( $4-40 \times 0.438$ inch, HP 2200-0145), the existing washers, and four 0.18 ID $x 0.125$ inch spacers (HP 0380-0003). The spacers are to hold the insulator away from the Keyboard.

## 7-5. Improvements to the LO Frequency Doubler

On instruments with serial prefix 1836A and below, if a problem exists on the LO Frequency Doubler with flatness, oscillation, or excessive $1 / 2$ subharmonic level, try the following changes (see Service Sheet 11).

If the Frequency Doubler is not flat enough, change A19C44 and C46 to 2.7 pF (HP 0160-3568). If the doubler oscillates, change A19L8 to HP $9135-0073$ and add two ferrite beads (HP 91700029) on the lead not soldered to ground. If the level of the $1 / 2$ subharmonic of the doubler is excessive, change A19C60 and C61 to components with narrower lead spacing (HP 0160-0576) and add A19C63 (HP 0160-3877) to decouple the -15V supply.

## 7-6. Improvement of Flatness of the $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ k H z}$ Low-Pass Filter

On instruments with serial prefix 1836A and below, if flatness of the 3 kHz Low-Pass Filter is out of tolerance, try changing A3R1 to $19.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0698-7062), A3R4 to $9.474 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0699-0027), A3R7 to $2.61 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0698-0085), A3R8 to $26.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0698-3159), and A3R9 to $38.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 06983161). See Service Sheet 8.

## 7-7. Improvement of AM Flatness at $50 \mathbf{k H z}$

On instruments with serial prefix 1836A and below, if AM flatness is out of tolerance at 50 kHz , change A2C12 to 390 pF (HP 0140-0200). See Service Sheet 7.

## 7-8. Improvement in Tuning to a Signal at 1200 MHz

On instruments with serial prefix 1901A and below, if the instrument fails to automatically tune to a signal at 1200 MHz , the problem may be that the Tune Voltage Filter for the HF VCO is not switching off fast enough when tuning is initiated. Change A24R5 to $511 \Omega$ (HP 0757-0416) and A24R14 to $162 \Omega$ (HP 0757-0405). See Service Sheet 12.

## 7-9. FM Accuracy Improvement

On instruments with serial prefix 1901A and below, change A2R10 and R20 to $133 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0698 3451) to improve FM accuracy. See Service Sheet 7.

## 7-10. Improvement in Flatness of the $15 \mathbf{k H z}$ Low-Pass Filter

On instruments with serial prefix 1903A and below, if the 15 kHz Low-Pass Filter peaks out of tolerance or has a 3 dB cutoff frequency that is out of tolerance, change A2R39 to $90.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0757. 0400 ) and A2R51 to $82.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (HP 0757-0399) and add a 1500 pF capacitor A2C38 (HP 0160-2222) in parallel with C29. See Service Sheet 7.

## 7-11. Recommended Replacement for A3U7, U8, U10, and U11

On instruments with serial prefix 1903A and below, the recommended replacement for A3U7, U8, U10, and U11 is HP 1826-0662. See Service Sheet 8.

## 7-12. Improvement in Accuracy of Modulation Measurements at 20 Hz Rates

On instruments with serial prefix 1911A and below, if modulation measurements at rates of

## INSTRUMENT MODIFICATIONS

20 Hz are inaccurate, change A3C64 and C65 to $22 \mu$ F (HP 0180-0228). See Service Sheet 8.

## 7-13. Adding an Insulator to the Bottom Cover

On instruments with serial prefix 1915A and below, it is highly recommended that an insulator (HP 08901-00069) be added to the inside of the bottom cover directly below the RF Section. The insulator will prevent shorting of the shockmounted RF Section to the cover when the instrument is given a hard shock or if the RF Section is inadvertently pressed down during servicing. Simply peel the back off the insulator and press the insulator into place.

## 7-14. Intermittent Connectors

On instruments with serial prefix 1918A and below, a potential intermittency may exist with
some of the printed circuit board edge connectors. The problem will be especially apparent in assemblies plugged into housings when the covers are not secured with screws or when the assembly is extended and tilting forward or backward. Contact can sometimes be improved by beveling the edge of the circuit board under the connector fingers with a file. Be careful not to file the fingers that contact the connector. If necessary, replace the connectors with the parts listed in the table below.

## 7-15. Improving Drift of the Peak Detector in the Voltmeter

On instruments with serial prefix 1921A and below, if the Peak Detector in the Voltmeter drifts or is out of tolerance when serviced, change A5R49 to a $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (HP $2100-3358$ ) and perform the Voltmeter Offset and Sensitivity Adjustments. See Service Sheet 9.

| Mother <br> Board | Connectior <br> Designation | Number of <br> Contacts | Recommended <br> HP Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A25 | X7, X8, X9, XA5 | $2 \times 22$ | $1251-6050$ |
| A25 | XA2, XA3, XA4, XA6 | $2 \times 15$ | $1251-6052$ |
| A26 | XA10 | $2 \times 22$ | $1251-6050$ |
| A27 | X12A, XA11, XA13A, XA14A | $2 \times 22$ | $1251-6050$ |
| A27 | X12B, XA13B, XA14B | $2 \times 15$ | $1251-6052$ |
| A28 | X16, XA18, XA21, XA22, | $2 \times 6$ | $1251-6051$ |
|  | XA23, XA24 | $2 \times 15$ | $1251-6052$ |
| A28 | XA15, XA19 | $2 \times 22$ | $1251-6050$ |
| A28 | XA20 |  |  |

## 7-16. CABINET PARTS COLOR CHANGE

Serial prefix 2912A changes the color of the instrument covers and accessories. The old color cover and accessories are no longer availiable. If your instrument has serial prefixes 2911A and below, and you must replace one of these parts, we recommend that you order the full set of covers and accessories. Affected cabinet parts are MP3-12, MP14, MP18, and MP27, (see Table 6-3).

## 7-17. CHANGES TO SECTION 8

Page 8-6, Table 8-2.
Replace table 8-2 with the following table.
Table 8-2. Assembly and Service Sheet Cross Reference Index

| Assembly | Service Sheet | Block Diagram | Principles of Operation Page Number | Parts List Page Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 Keyboard and Display | 20,21 | BD4 | 8-75 | 6-6 |
| A2 Audio Filters | 7 | BD3 | 8-59 | 6-13 |
| A3 Audio Deemphasis and Output | 8 | BD3 | 8-59 | 6-17 |
| A4 FM Demodulator | 5.6 | BD3 | 8-57 | 6-23 |
| A5 Voltmeter | 9, 10 | BD3 | 8-61 | 6-31 |
| A6 AM Demodulator | 3, 4 | BD3 | $8-53$ | 6-41 |
| A10 Power Supply Regulators | 23, 24 | BD2 | 8-81 | 6-56 |
| A11 Counter | 16, 17 | BD4 | 8-72 | 6-61 |
| A13 Controller | 18 | BD4 | 8-74 | 6-65 |
| A14 Remote Interface | 22 | BD4 | $8-76$ | 6-68 |
| A15 RF input | 1 | BD2 | 8-51 | 6-71 |
| A17 Input Mixer | 2 | BD2 | 8-52 | 6-78 |
| A18 IF Amplifier | 2 | BD2 | 8-52 | 6-85 |
| A19 LO Divider | 11 | BD2 | 8-64 | 6-88 |
| A20 LO Control | 14, 15 | BD2 | 8-70 | 6-102 |
| A21 Low frequency VCXO Fitter | 13 | BD2 | $8-70$ | 6-112 |
| A22 Low Frequency VCXO | 13 | BD2 | 8-69 | 6-113 |
| A23 Sampler | 12 | BD2 | 8-65 | 6-116 |
| A24 High Frequency VCO | 12 | BD2 | 8-69 | 6-121 |
| A25 Audio Motherboard | 25 |  | N/A | 6-124 |
| A26 Power Supply Motherboard | 23, 24 | BD2 | N/A | 6-125 |
| A27 Digital Motherboard | 26 | BD2 | N/A | 6-127 |
| A28 RF Motherboard | 27 |  | N/A | 6-128 |
| A29 Series Regulator Heat Sink | 23, 24 | BD2 | N/A | 6-129 |
| A30 Line Power Module | 23 | BD2 | N/A | 6-130 |
| A31 Remote Interface Connector | 22 | BD4 | 8-76 | 6-130 |
| A50 AM Calibrator | 29 | BD3 | 8-83 | 6-131 |
| A51 FM Calibrator | 28 | BD3 | 8-82 | 6-137 |

## Page 8-9, figure 8-4.

Change U1A, U1B, and U1C to U12A, U12B, and U12C respectively. Change U7A and U7B to U14A and U14B respectively.

## Page 8-9, paragraph 8-27.

In example \#1, change U1A, U1B, and U1C to U12A, U12B, and U12C respectively. Change U7A and U7B to U14A and U14B respectively.

## Page 8-11, paragraph 8-28.

Under 50.N Display Internal Voltages, change " $\mathrm{N}=4$ " to " +15 V Supply. The display should read between 2.8500 and 3.1500. See Service Sheet 10."

## Page 8-14, table 8-5.

Change HP 9625A program line 3 to red 714, A.
Page 8-16, paragraph 8-31.
In E75, second line, change 3.0 to 30.

## Page 8-50.

In the bottom line of the right-hand column, change "input bytes" to "input bits."
Under Remote Interface Assembly (A14), second sentence, change "Handshake Control Logic" to "Interface Control Logic."

## Page 8-53, paragraph 8-72.

Replace paragraph 8-72 with the following:

## 8-72. AM Demodulator (A6) Service Sheet 3

General. AM is demodulated by rectifying the IF signal and by forcing the average of the IF signal to be a constant level by means of an automatic level control (ALC) loop. The rectified IF, after filtering the IF carrier, accurately represents the carrier average plus its AM envelope. In fact, the \% AM equals the level of the ac component divided by the level of the dc component times $100 \%$. Since the averge carrier level is forced to be constant, the \% AM is proportional to the level of the ac component alone. The demodulation process is illustrated in figure 8-45.
2.5 MHz Low Pass Fitter and AM IF Buffer. The 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter determines the IF frequency response when using the 1.5 MHz IF or when the input signal is not downconverted. The filter has six poles and is designed for best flatness up to 2.5 MHz . At 2.5 MHz the flatness can be fine adjusted with C8 (IF FLATNESS) for minimum incidental AM. The filtered IF is routed to the AM IF Buffer and an FM IF Buffer (see Service Sheet 4) where it is further routed to the FM Demodulator, IF Level and IF Present Detectors, and the rear-panel IF OUTPUT.

Voltage Variable Amplifier. The Voltage-Variable Amplifier adjusts its gain in response to the dc output from the AM and Level Detector. The amplifier is, then, the "leveler" of the ALC loop and, as shown in figure 8-44, it is an ac-coupled, variable-gain, non-inverting operational amplifier.


Figure 8-44. Simplified Diagram of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier

The gain of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier is computed with the following equation:

$$
\frac{R b}{R a+R b} \times \frac{R c}{R c+R d}
$$

Ra is $\mathrm{R} 10 . \mathrm{Rb}$ is the parallel combination of R 16 and the resistance of the channel of FET Q7, which predominates. Rc is the parallel combination of R37, R22, R21, and the resistance of Q6, which predominates. Rd is R34.

The R-Setting (that is, Resistance-Setting) Circuit adjusts the input attenuation and feedback division ratio of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier in proportion to the output voltage of U2. The output of U2, in turn, is proportional to the amplitude error of the IF signal.

Figure 8-45. AM Demodulation Process (as shown in old paragraph 8-72)

The variable resistors (FETs Q6 and Q7), which set the gain of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier, are controlled by two matched current sources Q2C and Q2D, and two local feedback amplifiers U4A and U4B. U4A drives n-channel FET Q6 in such a way as to hold the dc voltage at the drain of Q 6 at the same potential as the reference voltage at the inverting input of U4A. The reference voltage, determined by the voltage divider R23 and R25, is approximately +50 mV . If the current from the collector of Q2D changes, the voltage at the drain of Q6 changes proportionally. The change is sensed by U4A. U4A drives Q6 which changes the channel resistance and brings the drain voltage back to +50 mV . The operation of Q2C, Q7, and U4B is similar to Q2D, Q6, and U4A except that Q7 is a p-channel FET and U4A is referenced to -50 mV . Another difference is that Q2C must supply the current to R13 as well as to Q7. Thus the FETs work in opposition-the resistance of Q6 decreases when Q7 increases (resulting in an increase in gain of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier).
To clarify the action of the R-Setting Circuit, suppose that a change in IF level (in this case a decrease) causes the output of U 2 to decrease. The reduction in voltage at the bases of transistors Q2C and Q2D causes an increase in their collector currents. As the drain voltage of Q6 rises, U4A responds by increasing the gate voltage of Q6 (that is, making it less negative) which reduces the resistance of the FET"s channel and brings the drain voltage back to a nominal +50 mV . At the same time, as the drain voltage of Q 7 rises (that is, becomes less negative), U4B responds by increasing the gate voltage of Q7 (making it more positive) which increases the resistance of the FET's channel and brings the drain voltage back to a nominal -50 mV .

The reduction in channel resistance of Q6 reduces the negative feedback around the amplifier formed by Q4 and Q5 and increases its gain. The increase in channel resistance of Q7 decreases the attenuation of the voltage divider between the output of Q8 and the base of Q5. Thus the gain of the overall Voltage-Variable Amplifier is increased which is the desired effect since in this example, the IF level was too low.
The Voltage-Variable Amplifier is designed to operate over a gain ranging from unity ( 0 dB ) to at least 16 ( 24 dB ). Q4 and Q5 provide the forward gain of the amplifier with well-defined performance at 1.5 MHz . Two RC networks, R14 and C16 and R28 and C23, aid in canceling distortion created in the FET channels by the IF frequency. The networks inject a small amount of IF signal into the gates of the FETs. C17 and C21 set the response time of the local feedback amplifiers U4B and U4A.
Q21 and Q20 form a unity-gain, IF buffer amplifier which drives the AM and Level Detector. Q31 improves the symmetry of the overdrive characteristics of the buffer amplifier. This improvement is needed because the ALC loop initially receives signals when its ALC gain is maximum (the no-signal condition).
AM and Level Detector. The AM and Level Detector rectifies the IF carrier. Q13 to Q16, CR9 and CR10, and associated components form a precision, active, half-wave rectifier. A simplified diagram of the rectifier is shown in figure 8-46. The circuit is essentially an inverting operational amplifier with two parallel feedback paths. Each path conducts current in a different direction as determined by CR9 and CR10. The path through CR9 can produce only negative voltages at the output to the Level Amplifier and Carrier Filter. This feedback path contains the network R73, R74, C43, and L8 which acts as a constant resistance (equal
to R73) between CR9 and the amplifier's inverting (-) input, but low-pass filters the IF going to the AM Output Buffer.

Figure 8-46. Simplified Diogram of AM and Level Detector (as shown old paragraph 8-72)

The emitter of Q13 is the amplifier's common-base inverting input. The base of Q13 is the ac grounded, non-inverting input of the amplifier. Q13 is followed by a cascade stage (a common-emitter transistor driving a common-base transistor) Q15 and Q14. R58 and C40 frequency compensate the amplifier. Q16 is a +13.8 V regulator and RF decoupling circuit. CR6 and CR7 protect the amplifier in the event of unusual conditions at the input.
AM Output Buffer. Q17, Q18, and Q19 form a unity-gain buffer amplifier which interfaces the demodulated AM with the rear-panel AM OUTPUT jack and the audio circuits. R87 and C50 further filter the IF carrier. R88 and C51 form the first two elements of a complex 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter (see Service Sheet 7).
Level Amplifier and Carrier Fiter. U3 and associated components form an inverting amplifier and IF carrier and AM ripple filter. Note that the non-inverting ( + ) input of U3 connects through R75 to the inverting input (namely, the emitter of Q13) of the AM and Level Detector which is its "virtual" ground. Thus the two amplifiers have a common signal-ground reference.
BW Control and Level Comparison Amplifier. The dc output of U3 represents the IF carrier's average level. This output is compared against a stable reference voltage. Differences between the two voltages are amplified by U1 to alter the drive voltage (through U2) to the bases of Q2C and Q2D of the R-Setting Circuit. U1 adds more filtering to the detected IF and determines the response time of the ALC loop to variations in IF level (that is, it determines the ALC bandwidth). U5B permits selection of the 0.1 dB bandwidth of either 20 Hz when open or 200 Hz when closed. When U5B is closed, the time constant of the integrator U1 is the product of R55 and C31. When U5B is open, the time constant is the product of R51+R54+R55 and C31; C36 adds even more filtering.
ALC Reference. The very stable voltage reference for the ALC loop is supplied by the voltagereference diode VR3. VR3 is biased on by a regulated current source formed by Q1, VR4, and associated components. The reference output is divided by R69, R65, and R66. Fine adjustment of the ALC Reference is via R65 (ALC REF).
Resistor Drive Amplifier. U2 amplifies (with a gain of 1.1) and inverts the output of U1. Switch U5A is normally closed, and U5C is normally open. U2, then normally drives the bases of Q2C and Q2D of the R-Setting Circuit. The output of U2 works against the +15 V supply through R26, R31, R32, and Q2A, which is wired as a diode to temperature compensate the base-emitter voltages of Q2C and Q2D.
Q2B produces a voltage at its collector that is proportional to the control currents of Q2C and Q2D. This voltage is monitored by the Voltmeter to check that the ALC loop is operating within its proper range. The automatic leveling can be defeated, if desired, by opening U5A and closing U5C (user Special Function 6.2). The bases of Q2C and Q2D are then biased by voltage divider R26, Q2A, and R27.

## Page 8-71.

Under Power Supply Decoupling, change Q5 to C5.

## Page 8-76, paragraph 8-73.

Replace paragraph 8-91 with the following:
The keyboard and Display Assembly contains the front-panel displays, annunciators, key lights, and the decoders and latches that control them. Lighting of a display is accomplished by straight-forward decoding of the Instrument Bus. For example, to display the digit 3 in display U2, the controller issues esd=613 to the Instrument Bus. Output 1G of Select Decoder, U24, goes low (uniquely) and enables latch U42. The data code ( $\mathrm{d}=3$ ) is decoded by ROM, U40, which is programmed to be a seven-segment decoder that is always enabled. In this example, U40 places lows on lines a, b, c, d, g, and highs on lines e and f. U40 drives U42 which lights the appropriate segments of U2. (A "low" lights the corresponding segment.) In this example, a 3 is displayed. The segment information is latched in U42 when a different $\mathrm{e}, \mathrm{s}$, or es code is issued to the instrument bus. For a discussion of lthe Instrument Bus, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

## Page 8-88

In figure 8-59, note that there is now a cover over the empty circuit-board slot in the RF section. The reference designator for this cover is MP65.

## SECTION VIII SERVICE

## 8-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for troubleshooting and repairing the Modulation Analyzer. Included are troubleshooting tests, schematic and block diagrams, and principles of operation (as outlined below):

## SERVICE SHEETS

Block Diagrams
Schematics
Additional Service Sheets
SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS
Before Applying Power
Safety
RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES
SERVICE TOOLS, AIDS AND
INFORMATION
Service Support Kit
Service Tools
Assembly Locations
Parts and Cable Locations
Test Point and Adjustment Locations
Service Aids on Printed Circuit Boards
Other Service Documents
TROUBLESHOOTING
General
Troubleshooting Strategy
Levels of Troubleshooting
SPECIAL FUNCTIONS
Direct Control Special Functions
Service Special Functions
ERROR MESSAGES
Service Errors
POWER-UP CHECKS
SIGNATURE ANALYSIS
DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE
REPAIR
RETROFITTING OPTIONS
BASIC LOGIC SYMBOLOGY
PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION
SERVICE SHEETS
Block Diagrams
Schematics
Assembly and Disassembly Service Sheets
Service Special Functions and Error Message Summary
Summary of Direct Control Special Functions

## 8-2. SERVICE SHEETS

The foldout pages in the last part of this section are block diagrams (BD1, 2, 3 and 4) and service sheets (1 to 29 and A to D).

## 8-3. Block Diagrams

Block Diagram 1 (BD1) is an overall block diagram that breaks the instrument into functional sections. It serves as an index to the other block diagrams and as a starting point for troubleshooting (refer to TROUBLESHOOTING, page 8-7). The other block diagrams (BD2, BD3, and BD4) are, respectively, of the RF, Audio, and Digital Sections of the instrument. The power supply is included with the RF Section on BD2. These block diagrams break the sections into physical assemblies and serve as an index to the schematic Service Sheets. Included with the block diagrams are troubleshooting checks and assembly location photographs.

## 8-4. Schematics

Service Sheets 1 through 29 consist of assembly schematic diagrams, component locator photographs, troubleshooting checks and hints, and when necessary, mnemonic tables. Symbols used on the schematic diagrams are defined on pages 8-19 through 8-36.

## 8-5. Additional Service Sheets

Service Sheets A and B contain disassembly procedures and exploded views of the front and rear panel assemblies. Service Sheet $C$ contains a summary of Service Special Functions and Error Messages. Service Sheet D contains a summary of Direct Control Special Functions.

## 8-6. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

## 8-7. Before Applying Power

Verify that the instrument is set to match the available line voltage and that the correct fuse is installed. An uninterrupted safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the instrument input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

## 8-8. Saiety

Pay attention to WARNINGS and CAUTIONS. They must be followed for your protection and to avoid damage to the equipment.

## WARNINGS

Maintenance described herein is performed with power supplied to the instrument and with the protective covers removed. Such maintenance should be performed only by service-trained personnel who are aware of the hazards involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Where maintenance can be performed without power supplied, the power should be removed.

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnection of the protective earth terminal will create a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative (i.e., secured against unintended operation).

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer, make sure that the autotransformer's common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Capacitors inside the instrument can still be charged even if the instrument is disconnected from its source of supply.

Make sure that only 250 volt fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. Do not use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuseholders. To do so could create a shock or fire hazard.

## CAUTIONS

Do not unplug any boards in the Modula. tion Analyzer unless the instrument is unplugged or switched to standby. Some
boards contain devices which can be damaged if the board is removed when the power is on. Use conductive foam when removing MOS devices from sockets. Use care when unplugging ICs from high-grip sockets.

## 8-9. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES

Test equipment and test accessories required to maintain the Modulation Analyzer are listed in Tables 1-3 through 1-5. Equipment other than that listed may be used if it meets the listed critical specifications.

## 8-10. SERVICE TOOLS, AIDS AND INFORMATION

## 8-11. Service Support Kit

The HP 08901-60089 Service Support Kit contains extender boards, extender cables, and other items needed for servicing the Modulation Analyzer. The extender boards have a height that matches the assembly extrusions and, for 12 pin connectors, improves mechanical stability of the extender assembly. The kit also contains a special Digital Test/Extender Board (HP 08901-60081) which facilitates troubleshooting of the Controller and Remote Interface Assemblies (see Figure 8-1).

## 8-12. Pozidriv Screwdrivers

Many screws in the Modulation Analyzer appear to be Phillip's types, but are not. To avoid damage to the screw slots, Pozidriv screwdrivers should be used. HP $8710-0899$ is the No. 1 Pozidriv. HP $8710-0900$ is the No. 2 Pozidriv.

## 8-13. Tuning Tools

For adjustments requiring non-metallic tuning tools, use the HP 8710-0033 blade tuning tool or the HP 8710-1010 (JFD Model No. 5284) hex tuning tool. For other adjustments an ordinary small screwdriver or suitable tool is sufficient. No matter which tool is used, never force any adjustment control. This is especially critical when adjusting variable inductors or capacitors.

## 8-14. Heat Staking Tool

The front panel pushbutton switches and the plastic divider on the front sub-panel have small plastic pins protruding from the back. These tabs fit


Figure 8-1. Assemblies on Extender Boards
through holes in the front-panel printed circuit board (A1 Assembly) and are melted down to hold the switch in place. This process is known as heat staking. The heat staking tool is a standard soldering iron with a special tip attached (see Figure 8-2).


Figure 8-2. Heat Staking Tip
Refer to Table 8-1 for specifications and recom-
mended equipment. See the front panel disassembly procedure at the rear of this manual (page 8 -154) for the heat staking procedure.

## 8-15. Silver Solder

Silver solder must be used whenever soldering mono-block capacitors (small, leadless capacitors) to the A24 High Frequency VCO Assembly printed circuit board. This restriction is due to the lower temperature requirements of the capacitors. A small amount of silver solder is first applied to the printed circuit board at the mono-block connection points. The capacitor is then laid down on the board with its silvered ends touching the pre-soldered printed circuit traces. Just enough heat must then be applied to the solder to make it melt and adhere to the ends of the block.

## 8-16. Assembly Locations

Assemblies in the Modulation Analyzer are numbered sequentially, front to back, left to right, top to bottom (see Figure 8-3 and Table 8-2). AI is part of the front panel assembly of the instrument.


Figure 8.3. Assembly Locations

Table 8-1. Etched Circuit Soldering Equipment

| Item | Use | Specification | Item Recommended | HP Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soldering Tool | Soldering, <br> Heat Staking | Wattage: 35W <br> Tip Temp.: $390^{\circ}-440^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $735^{\circ} 825^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) | Ungar No. 135 Ungar Division Eldon Ind. Corp. Compton, CA 90220 | 8690-0167 |
| Soldering Tip | Soldering, <br> Unsoldering | -Shape: Chisel | - Ungar PLI13 | 8690-0007 |
| Soldering Tip | Heat Staking | Shape: Cupped | HP 5020-8160 or modified Ungar PLIll (See figure 8-2) | 5020-8160 |
| DeSoldering Aid | To remove molten solder from connection | Suction Device | Soldapullt by Edsyn Co., <br> Van Nuys, CA 91406 | 8690-0060 |
| Rosin (flux) <br> Solvent | To remove excess flux from soldered area before application of protective coating | Must not dissolve etched circuit base board | Freon | 8500-0232 |
| Solder | Component replacement; Circuit Board repair wiring | Rosin (flux) core, high tin content (63/37 tin/lead), 18 gauge (SWG) 0.048 in. diameter preferred. |  | 8090-0607 |
| Silver Solder | Mono-block replacement | Rosin (flux) core, silver saturated tin/lead alloy 0.031 in . diameter. | X25 Rosin Core DIVCO 233 Division Lead Co. <br> Summit, IL 60501 | 8090-0022 |

$\bullet$ For working on circuit boards; for general purpose work, use No. 555 Handle ( $8690-0261$ ) and No. 4037 Heating Unit 471/2-561/2 W (HP $8690-0006$ ); tip temperature of $850^{\circ}-900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$; and Ungar No. PLI13 $1 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ chisel tip.

A2 through A6 are the first five assemblies in the Audio Section. X7, X8, and X9, at the rear of the Audio Section, are vacant parallel-wired motherboard edge connectors intended for optional A50-Series assemblies. A51, the FM Calibrator Assembly, should always be placed in X8 for ventilation purposes. The other option assemblies can be plugged into X 7 or X 9 .

A10 is the Power Supply Regulator Assembly. A26 is the Power Supply Mother Board Assembly. A30, below the transformer (T1), is the Line Power Module. A29 is the Heat Sink Assembly. A31 is the Remote Interface Connector Assembly.

The Digital Section is composed of A11, A13, and A14 and contains an extra parallel-wired slot (X12) into which optional A70-Series assemblies can be inserted. A27 is the Digital Mother Board Assembly.

The RF Section is composed of assemblies A15 and A17 through A24. X16 is a vacant slot intended for optional A80-Series assemblies.

## 8-17. Parts and Cable Locations

The locations of individual components mounted on printed circuit boards or other assemblies are shown adjacent to the schematic diagram on the appropriate Service Sheet. The part reference designator is the assembly designator plus the part designator. For example, A6R9 is R9 on the A6 assembly. For specific component descriptions and ordering information, refer to Table 6-2, Replaceable Parts, in Section VI. Chassis and frame parts, as well as mechanical parts and cables, are identified on Figures 6-1 through 6-5. In addition, several of the alphabetical service sheets in this section contain illustrated parts breakdowns that locate many mechanical parts and cables.

Table 8-2. Assembly and Service Sheet Cross Reference Index

| Assembly | Schematic Service Sheet No. | Block Diagram | Principles of Operation Page No. | Parts List Page No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 Keyboard and Display | 20, 21 | BD 4 | 8.75 | 6-4 |
| A2 Audio Filters | 7 | BD 3 | 8-59 | 6 -7 |
| A3 Audio De-Emphasis and Output | 8 | BD 3 | 8.59 | 6-9 |
| A4 FM Demodulator | 5, 6 | BD 3 | 8.57 | 6-11 |
| A5 Voltmeter | 9, 10 | BD 3 | 8-61 | 6-15 |
| A6 AM Demodulator | 3, 4 | BD 3 | 8 -53 | 6-17 |
| A10 Power Supply Regulators | 23, 24 | BD 2 | 8-81 | 6-21 |
| All Counter | 16, 17 | BD 4 | 8.72 | 6-23 |
| A13 Controller | 18 | BD 4 | 8.74 | 6.25 |
| A14 Remote Interface | 22 | BD 4 | 8.76 | 6-27 |
| A15 RF Input | 1 | BD 2 | 8.51 | 6-28 |
| A17 Input Mixer | 2 | BD 2 | 8.52 | 6-30 |
| A18 IF Amplifier | 2 | BD 2 | 8 -52 | 6.31 |
| A19 LO Divider | 11 | BD 2 | 8 8-64 | 6-33 |
| A20 LO Control | 14, 15 | BD 2 | 8.70 | 6-36 |
| A21 Low Frequency VCXO Filter | 13 | BD 2 | 8.70 | 6-39 |
| A22 Low Frequency VCXO | 13 | BD 2 | $8-69$ | 6-39 |
| A23 Sampler | 12 | BD 2 | 8 865 | 6-41 |
| A24 High Frequency VCO | 12 | BD 2 | 8 8-69 | 6-44 |
| A25 Audio Motherboard | 25 |  | N/A | 6-45 |
| A26 Power Supply Motherboard | 23, 24 | BD 2 | N/A | 6-45 |
| A27 Digital Motherboard | 26 | BD 2 | N/A | 6-46 |
| A28 RF Motherboard | 27 |  | N/A | 6-47 |
| A29 Series Regulator Heat Sink | 23, 24 | BD 2 | N/A | 6-47 |
| A30 Line Power Module | 23 | BD 2 | N/A | 6-47 |
| A31 Remote Interface Connector | 22 | BD 4 | 8.76 | 6-47 |
| A50 AM Calibrator | 29 | BD 3 | 8.83 | 6-49 |
| A51 FM Calibrator | 28 | BD 3 | 8-82 | 6-53 |

Major mechanical parts have reference designations that begin with the letters MP. Other mechanical parts, such as screws, are listed in the replaceable parts list below the part to which they fasten. To find the part number and description of a mechanical part, find the part in one of the figures in Section VI or Section VIII. The part in the figure will be labelled with its reference designator. Look up that reference designator in the Table of Replaceable Parts. If the part is a fastener, such as a screw, nut, or washer, look to the figure for the part to which it fastens. Then, look up the fastened part in the parts list. Just below it you will see the part numbers and description of the desired hardware.

Illustrated parts breakdowns of chassis and frame parts, as well as mechanical parts and cables, can be identified on Figures 6-1 through 6-5. Parts break-
downs of the front and rear panels are located on service sheets at the rear of this manual (see pages $8-155$ and 8-157).

## 8-18. Test Points and Adjustment Locations

Most test points and adjustments are indicated on the top covers of the individual assemblies. Test points and adjustments can also be found on the component locator photograph adjacent to the particular assembly's schematic.

## 8-19. Service Aids on Printed Circuit Boards

Service aids on printed circuit boards include test points, indicator lights, transistor and integrated circuit and relay designations, adjustment names, .and assembly part numbers. Of particular importance are the four test LEDs and associated test points on the A13 Controller Assembly. These are
used with the Modulation Analyzer's power-up test routine to aid in troubleshooting the Controller Assembly.

## 8-20. Other Service Documents

Service Notes, Manual Change Supplements, and other service literature are available through Hewlett-Packard. For further information, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

## 8-21. TROUBLESHOOTING

Instrument problems usually fall into three general categories: operator errors, operation out of specification, and catastrophic failures. The troubleshooting strategy is different for each category.

## 8-22. Operator Errors

Apparent failures sometimes result from using the instrument outside of its specified range. Usually, the instrument can sense the condition and will display an error message. At other times it cannot, such as when it attempts to tune to a signal with more than 400 kHz FM deviation. Consult the specification table (Table 1-1) and the Detailed Operating Instructions in the Operating Manual for additional information.

## 8-23. Operation Out of Specification

The specifications are listed in Table 1-1. Performance tests that can be used to verify the specifications are found in Section IV. If instrument performance is only slightly out of limits, it can sometimes be corrected by an adjustment. The procedures for all adjustments are in Section V. References listed for each adjustment indicate which service sheet to consult when the adjustment procedure fails. In general, however, it is good practice to perform the troubleshooting checks for Service Sheet BD1 first since they take only a few minutes and reveal much information.

## 8-24. Catastrophic Failures

Nearly any catastrophic failure will cause the instrument to appear to fail to tune and lead one to conclude that the LO is defective. This is very often an erroneous conclusion. The tuning routine utilizes nearly every circuit in the instrument, and thus a failure in any one of these circuits results in the instrument appearing to not tune properly. The RF LEVEL measurement is not a tuned measurement and will often work when no other measurement will.
Begin troubleshooting at Service Sheet BD1. The simple procedures there will quickly show if the LO
is at fault and will differentiate between a control (digital) problem and a hardware (analog) problem. The checks then give cross-references to the detailed block diagrams (Service Sheets BD2 to BD4) or to a schematic.
The troubleshooting information found on all service sheets consists of a series of performance checks. The purpose of the checks is not to identify which circuit or component has failed but rather to verify whether or not the assembly or circuit is operating correctly. Information on the possible cause of failure is given in the form of hints whenever they can be given reliably. The limits given in the troubleshooting checks are rather loose to facilitate the use of general-purpose equipment (usually an oscilloscope). If a slightly-out-oftolerance condition is suspected, the test can usually be run more rigorously paying greater attention to measurement accuracy.
Troubleshooting on the block diagram level normally utilizes User and Service Special Functions, that on the schematic level normally utilizes Direct Control Special Functions. Direct Control Special Functions will require some study of their operation before using them for the first time.

## 8-25. SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

## 8-26. General

Special Functions extend user control of the instrument beyond that normally available from the front panel. They are intended for the user who has a thorough understanding of the instrument and the service technician who needs arbitrary control of the instrument functions. During normal use, the Modulation Analyzer safeguards itself against invalid measurements. Safeguards come in the form of automatic tuning and ranging, overpower protection, squelch, MODULATION OUTPUT blanking, and error messages. When Special Functions are used, some of these safeguards are removed, depending on the Special Function selected, and thus there is a degree of risk that the measurement may be invalid. However, there is no risk of damage to the instrument.
To enter a Special Function, enter the Special Function code (usually a prefix, decimal, and suffix), then press the SPCL key. The Special Function code will appear on the display as it is being entered. If a mistake is made during entry of the Special Function code, press the CLEAR key and start over. When a Special Function is entered, the light in the SPCL key will usually go on (if it is not already on). The readout on the display will depend on the Special Function entered. The readout may be a
measured quantity, an instrument setting, a special code, or,-in some cases, the display is unaltered. Special Functions can be entered from the HP-IB by issuing the Special Function code followed by the code SP.
The Special Functions are grouped by prefix range as follows:

0: Direct Control Special Functions. These functions are used for service. They halt the functioning of the Controller and configure the instrument hardware as dictated by the suffix. All software safeguards are relinquished.
1-39: User Special Functions. These functions are used during normal instrument operation when a special configuration, measurement, or information is required. Many of the instrument safeguards remain implemented. More information on UserSpecial Functions can be found under Special Functions in the Detailed Operating Instructions in the Operating Manual and on the Operator's Information pull-out card.
40-99: Service Special Functions. These functions are used to assist in troubleshooting an instrument fault. The functions available are quite diverse and include special internal measurements, software control, and special service tests and configurations. Safeguards are generally relinquished.
8-27. Direct Control Special Functions (Prefix 0) Communication between the instrument's Controller and its hardware is via the Instrument Bus. During normal instrument operation, the Instrument Bus carries measurement results, status
information, and commands (which control hardware). The Direct Control Special Functions halt the bus activity and send out commands as determined by the code suffix. One command is sent for each Special Function entry. A summary of the Direct Control Special Functions and codes is contained in Service Sheet D.

Direct Control Special Function Code Format. The Direct Control Special Function code is in the form $0 . e s d$, where 0 is the prefix (which may be omitted) and esd represents a three-digit hexadecimal number. The significance of esd (which stands for enable, select, and data) is discussed in the Principles of Operation for Service Sheet BD4. Specific Direct Control codes are used in the Troubleshooting section of the individual service sheets.

As the Direct Control code is entered, the code will appear on the display. Pressing the SPCL key initiates the Special Function. The display will then be in the form rrrr.wwww, where each digit represents a binary bit ( 0 or 1). The rrrr is the d (data) read back from the Instrument Bus. The wwww is the d (data) written to the bus. Thus rrrr and wwww are normally the binary form of the hexadecimal value for d. Exceptions to this are Special Functions 0.5sd and $0.6 s d$, which control the display itself.

Since the display has a limited set of alphabetic characters, the hexadecimal characters A, B, C, D, $E$, and $F$ are displayed on entry as - $E, H, L, P$, and blank, respectively, and they are entered from the keyboard as Shift 0, Shift 1, Shift 2, etc., or from the HP-IB as X0, X1, X2, etc. Table 8-3 summarizes the hexadecimal entry and readback for Direct Control Special Functions.

Table 8.3. Hexadecimal Information for Direct Control Special Functions

| Hexadecimai <br> Character | Decimal <br> Equivalent | Binary <br> Equivalent | Keystroke <br> Entry | HP-IB Code <br> Entry | Display <br> On Entry |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0001 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 0010 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 0011 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 0100 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 5 | 0101 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 6 | 6 | 0110 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 7 | 7 | 0111 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 8 | 8 | 1000 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 9 | 9 | 1001 |  | 9 | 9 |
| A | 10 | 1010 | S(Shift) 0 | X0 | 9 |
| B | 11 | 1011 | S(Shift 1 | X1 | E |
| C | 12 | 1100 | S(Shift)2 | X2 | H |
| D | 13 | 1101 | S(Shift) 3 | X3 | L |
| E | 14 | 1110 | S(Shift) 4 | X4 | P |
| F | 15 | 1111 | S(Shift) 5 | X5 | (blank) |

Direct Control Special Function Applications. Direct Control Special Functions are most often used to provide manual control of various switches or digital-to-analog devices in the hardware. The following examples illustrate how to use Direct Control Special Functions:

## Example \#1

In the path of the demodulated audio signal is a set of selectable, active high-pass filters which are located on the A3 Audio Deemphasis and Output Assembly. A simplified diagram of the filters is shown in Figure 8-4. The filters and through path are selected by analog switches U1A, U1B, and U1C. Table 8-4, which is associated with the troubleshooting of the filters, lists the Direct Control Special Functions normally used to control the switches.

Table 8-4. Audio High.Pass Filter and FM Pre-Display De-Emphasis Direct Control Special Functions

| Check | Direct Control Special Function |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pre-Display On | Pre-Display Off |
| Thru Path | 0.141 | 0.149 |
| 50 Hz HPF | 0.142 | 0.14 A |
| 300 Hz HPF | 0.144 | 0.14 C |

To insert the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter, key in 0.142 SPCL or .142 SPCL. The display will show 0010.0010 , indicating that the Controller received d = 2 from the keyboard (or HP-IB), issued it to the Instrument Bus, and read it back. If circuitry on the assembly is working properly, switch UlA will close and the audio signal will pass through the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter.

Notice that the display no longer shows a measurement result. No annunciators are lighted (except REMOTE and ADDRESSED, if the Special Function is entered via HP-IB) and only the SPCL key is lighted. If any key other than a number key, S (Shift) key, or the LCL key is pressed, the instrument hardware will revert back to the measurement mode it was in before the Direct Control Special Function was entered. Thus, in this example, unless the 50 Hz HighPass Filter had been previously selected with the front-panel key, it would be removed from the audio path, when any other key is pressed. (However, note that there are some Service Special Functions that will maintain the requested configurations even if another key is pressed.)

Table 8-4 indicates that 0.14 A will also select the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter. Any Special Function of the form 0.14 d also controls the predisplay filter on/off switches U7A and U7B. For pre-display on (0.142), U7A is closed. For predisplay off ( 0.14 A ), U7B is closed. As it turns out, 0.14 d codes other than those shown in the table will also affect the high-pass filters. For example, 0.147 will close U1A, U1B, and U1C, simultaneously (with U7A also closed). This fact is ascertained from the service sheet schematic.

## Example \#2

A second example from the A3 assembly illustrates data readback when using the Direct Control Special Function. One of the means of detecting an overrange of the audio circuits is by the Audio Overvoltage Detector. The detector is on the audio input line before any active (and


Figure 84. Example Showing High-Pass Filter Switching.


Figure 8-5. Example Showing Audio Overvoliage Detector Readback
hence, distortable) filters (See Figure 8-5). The audio input line is the same as in the previous example. The Audio Overvoltage Detector senses the peak signal level on the line and U9 compares it against a reference. If the detected level rises above the reference, the output of U9 goes low and resets flip-flop U19D. Other flipflops (not shown) are also reset and open the audio path ahead of the detector (without intervention of the Controller). U21D and U21C, when enabled, invert the output of U19D twice. The output of U21C is across the leastsignificant bit of the readback data line of the Instrument Bus. In the normal measurement cycle, the Controller reads the status of the Audio Overvoltage Detector (by enabling U21D and reading the output of U21C) and displays an error if U9 has tripped.
At this point in the discussion, a more detailed description of the Instrument Bus data lines is needed. Data (d) is read out from the I/O port of the Controller to the Instrument Bus through buffers (TTL inverters). However, data is read back to the I/O port directly, bypassing the buffers. An I/O port outputs a low by actively pulling the line to ground. It outputs a high by allowing the output to be passively pulled up by an external pull-up resistor. When a Controller I/O port inputs data from other circuits of the Modulation Analyzer, these circuits must operate against the passive pull-up resistor.
Readback devices that are read out to the data lines, such as U21C, are similarly configured. U21C has an open-collector TTL output. When not outputting data, its output device is off, pulling it to a high-impedance (inactive) state. When it outputs data, a low is produced by switching the output device to ground. A high is produced by switching the device off and allow-
ing the output to be passively pulled-up. The readback lines are low true (i.e., $r=1$ when the line is low).
When U21D is disabled (enable is high), its output is low. Therefore, U21C is high (inactive) and has no effect on the data line. U21D is enabled by Direct Control Special Function 0.15 d . The value of d is arbitrary to enable U21D, but the least-significant bit must be 0 (i.e., d must be even) to switch off the output device of the I/O data port.

To clarify this concept, suppose that U19D has not been reset. If Direct Control Special Function 0.152 is entered, the display will show 0010.0010 . ( 0.15 d also controls FM squelch. Using 0.152 deactivates squelch.) The second four digits are 0010 because $d=2$ was received by the Controller from the keyboard and issued to the Instrument Bus. The set flip flop (U19D) puts a high on the input of U21D and an inactive high on the leastsignificant data line. This is read by the Controller as $\mathrm{r}=0$ and thus is the same as the bit issued. The other three data readback lines are unaffected by the readback command and remain 001 . Therefore, the $d$ read back is 0010 .
If U19D is reset, U21D puts a low, on the least-significant data bit ( $r=1$ ), and the data read back is 0011 . The display is therefore 0011.0010. (Note that rrrr is different from wwww.) If $d$ is keyed in as a hexadecimal $F$, the display is 1111.1111 regardless of the state of U21D. This is because all output devices on the data I/O port of the Controller are on (logical 1).

One final note, after a Direct Control Special Function is entered, it is periodically issued to the Instrument Bus. If a fault causes rrrr to indicate a malfunction, the display will begin to read correctly as soon as the fault is removed.

## 8-28. Service Special Functions (Prefix 40-99)

The Service Special Functions are used to perform a variety of tasks related to service. The functions are cataloged below. A suffix N indicates that a parameter other than 0 may be required to complete the Special Function Code. See Table 8-3 for entry of hexadecimal suffixes.
40.0 Controller Reset. Initializes the Controller to its power-up state. Because this function affects the HP-IB hardware, it is unavailable from the interface bus (causes error E24).
41.0 Controller Clear. Initializes the Controller to its power-up state but bypasses the operational checks. Leaves HP-IB hardware unaffected but clears any service request message (SRQ) being issued by the Modulation Analyzer, sets the service request condition to its power-up state, and clears all bits in the status byte.
42.0 Display Software Date. Displays the date of the software in the form
<day of year>.<year>.
43.N Service Error Display Control. Service Errors are errors 70 to 89 . Refer to page 8-16.
$\mathrm{N}=0 \quad$ Disables display of Service Errors.
$\mathrm{N}=1 \quad$ Enables display of Service Errors.
46.N Count Internal Signals. The Counter counts the internal signal selected by N for 100 ms and displays the count. This is equivalent to measuring the frequency of the signal with 10 Hz resolution for most signals.
$\mathrm{N}=1 \quad$ Intermediate Frequency. See Service Sheet 5.
N=2 Voltageto-Time Converter. 10000 counts equal one volt, but includes a 0.6 V offset. See Service Sheet 10 or Special Function 49.N.
N=3 FM Calibrator. See Service Sheet 28.
N=4 High Frequency VCO Divided by 8. This is the 40 to 80 MHz signal which is proportional to the LO frequency. See Service Sheet 11.
$\mathrm{N}=8 \quad$ Selected Time Base Reference. The display should read $1000000 \pm 1$. See Service Sheet 16.
$\mathrm{N}=9 \quad$ External Time Base Reference. The display should read $1000000 \pm 1$ when an external reference is connected. See Service Sheet 16.
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{A}$ Internal Time Base Reference. The display should read $1000000 \pm 1$ when no external reference is connected. See Service Sheet 16.
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{B} \quad$ Spare.
49.N Display Internal Voltages. The Voltmeter measures and displays the internal voltage (in volts) selected by N.
$\mathrm{N}=0 \quad$ Ground. See Service Sheet 10.
N=1 RF Level Ground. SeeServiceSheet 1.
$\mathrm{N}=2 \quad \mathrm{RF}$ Level/2.96. See Service Sheets 1 and 10.
N=3 RF Level. See Service Sheet 1.
N=4 X10 AM Calibrator Level. See Service Sheet 29.
N=5 X1 AM Calibrator Level. See Service Sheet 29.
N=6 Audio Range Detector. See Service Sheet 8.
N=8 Ground. See Service Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=9 \quad$ Average Detector. See Service Sheet 9.
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{A}$ Peak Detector. See Service Sheet 9.
N=B Average IF Level. See Service Sheet 3.
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{D} \quad$ IF Level. See Service Sheet 4.
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{E} \quad$ ALC Current. See Service Sheet 3.

## NOTE

The suffix can also be two digits, $X Y$. The difference 49.X SPCL-49.YSPCL is then displayed. For example, 49.3 SPCL or 49.30 SPCL gives a display of the RF level with respect to ground. 49.31 SPCL gives a display of the RF level with respect to $R F$ level ground.
50.N Display Internal Voltages. The Voltmeter measures and displays the internal voltage (in volts) selected by N. See also the previous note.
$\mathrm{N}=0 \quad$ Ground. See Service Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=1 \quad-15 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply. The display should read between 2.7200 and 3.0000 . See Service Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=2 \quad-5 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply. The display should read between 2.8400 and 3.1400. SeeService Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=3 \quad+5 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply. The display should read between 2.8800 and 3.1900. SeeService Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=4 \quad+15 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply. The display should read between 3.0400 and 3.1700. See Service Sheet 10.
$\mathrm{N}=5 \quad+40 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply. The display should read between 2.9800 and 3.2900 . See Service Sheet 14.
52.N Read Only Memory Verification. The Controller displays the checksum of the read only memory (ROM) specified by N. When specifying a ROM, use $N=1$ through 8 or 11. The 11 is a two digit entry of 11 , not the keystroke
entry S(Shift)1 for the hexadecimal value B. The Display is in the form <actual checksum>.<expected checksum>. An initial zero (or zeros) before the decimal will be blanked. Thus, for example, 24.024 would be correct but 24.124 would be incorrect. See Service Sheets 19 and 22.
54.N Local Oscillator Test. The Controller sequences the local oscillator (LO) through a series of test specified by N and returns an error code corresponding to the test that failed. For $N=1$ to $N=5$, four tests each are performed. If any tests fail, the test numbers appear on the display in the positions indicated. All leading zeros in the display are blanked. For example, in the sequence defined by $N=1$, a simultaneous time base (Test 2) and HF VCO or Divider (Test 4) failure will result in the display 20004 (three leading zeros blanked). The tests are continuously sequenced, and the display will change as the fault is corrected. The tests are most easily visualized by referring to Figures 8-38 and 8-39.
$\mathrm{N}=0 \quad$ Performs all tests in the sequence listed for $N=1$ through $N=5$ (below). Displays the number of the first test that failed. If no test fails, a zero is displayed.

## NOTE

If the display is not zero, it is important that all other tests be checked (54.1 through 54.5). Some LO faults cause more than one test to fail. For example, a failure of the HF VCO $\div 8$ output will result in failures of

$$
\begin{aligned}
& N=1, \text { Test } 4 \\
& N=2, \text { Tests } 5,6, \text { and } 7 \\
& N=3, \text { Tests } 9 \text { and } 10 \\
& N=5 \text {, Tests } 17 \text { and } 18 .
\end{aligned}
$$

This is because a frequency measurement of the LO is made in these particular tests.
$\mathrm{N}=1$ Test 1 Undefined.
$\mathrm{N}=1 \quad$ Test $2 \quad$ Time Base Test (see Service Sheets 16 and 17).
Tests the 6.25 kHz TTL time base signal to determine if it toggles within a reasonable length of time. The Controller looks at U14D's output for $260 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. At least one transition (high-to-low or low-to-high) of the clock should occur during this time. If no
clock transition occurs, 2 will be displayed in digit position 3. However, if a transition is detected, a second (verification) check is made by the Controller.
$\mathrm{N}=1$ Test 3 Counter Test (see Service Sheet 17).
Counts the selected Time Base, which should be exactly 1000000 . If the result is not 10000000,3 will be displayed in digit position 6.
$\mathrm{N}=1$ Test 4 HF VCO and Divider Output (see Service Sheets 11 and 12).

Connects the DAC output to the HF VCO and counts the Local Oscillator frequency to determine if it is within certain limits. The Controller turns off the Sweep-Up and Sweep-Down Current Sources and LF VCXO tune filter, allowing the HF VCO to free run. The Controller then outputs the approximate center frequency code to the tuning DAC and checks if the HF VCO output is between 250 and 800 MHz . If the frequency is not within these limits, 4 will be displayed in digit position 8.
$\mathrm{N}=2 \quad$ Test $5 \quad$ HF VCO Top of Range Test (see Service Sheet 12).
Tests the DAC's ability to drive the HF VCO to the top of its frequency range. The DAC is programmed to output the highest tune voltage. If the HF VCO does not tune to between 655 and $800 \mathrm{MHz}, 5$ will be displayed in digit position 2.
Test 6 HF VCO Bottom of Range Test (see Service Sheet 12).
Tests the DAC's ability to drive the HF VCO to the bottom of its frequency range. The DAC is programmed by the Controller to output the lowest tune voltage. If the HF VCO does not tune to between 280 and $310 \mathrm{MHz}, 6$ will be displayed in digit position 4.

## NOTE

Test 6 is not always conclusive. The test may not always detect a failure of the VCO to tune to the bottom of the band. If the VCO does fail to tune to the bottom of its band, the instrument will not tune to certain frequencies in the track mode.

| $\mathrm{N}=2$ | Test 7 HF VCO Mid-Range Test (see Service Sheet 12). |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Tests the DAC's ability to contr |
|  | HF VCO near the center |
|  | frequency range. The DAC is pro grammed by the Controller to output |
|  | a tune voltage near the center of the |
|  | range. If the HF VCO does not tune to |
|  | between 454 and $575 \mathrm{MHz}, 7$ will be |
|  | displayed in digit position 6. |
| $\mathrm{N}=2$ | Test 8 Undefined. |
| $\mathrm{N}=3$ | Test 9 Gain Test For Most Signifi- |
|  | cant DAC (see Service Sheet 14). |
|  | Tests the gain of the most significant |
|  | DAC. The Controller sends a hex |
|  | decimal 55 to the most significant |
|  | DAC (MSDAC) and a hexadecimal |
|  | AA to the least significant DAC |
|  | (LSDAC). The Controller then counts |
|  | the frequency of the HF VCO. The |
|  | MSDAC is then changed to AA. The |
|  | Controller again counts the frequency |
|  | of the HFVCO and then computes the |
|  | difference between the first and |
|  | second frequencies. This difference |
|  | should fall between 139 and 285 MHz |
|  | If it does not, 9 will be displayed in |
|  | digit position 2. |
| $\mathrm{N}=3$ | Test 10 Gain Test For Least Sig |
|  | t DAC (see Servi |
|  |  |

Tests the gain of the least significant DAC. The Controller sends a hexadecimal AA to the most significant DAC (MSDAC) and a hexadecimal 55 to the least significant DAC (LSDAC). The Controller then counts the frequency of the HF VCO. The LSDAC is then changed to AA. The Controller again counts the output of the HF VCO and then computes the difference between the first and second frequencies. This difference should fall between 1.95 and 4.5 MHz . If it does not, 10 will be displayed in digit positions 3 and 4.
$\mathrm{N}=3$ Test 11 Undefined.
$\mathrm{N}=3$ Test 12 Undefined.
N=4 Test 13 Phase Lock Loop Acquisition (see Service Sheets 12 and 14).

Tests the HF VCO's ability to lock to the LF VCXO. The Controller turns
off the Sweep Current Sources and the LF VCXO tune filter. It then programs the DAC to output a tune voltage which causes the HF VCO to operate near the center of its frequency range. The Controller rapidly switches the DAC output to the LF VCXO (with the DAC still programmed to midrange). The sampler loop is then closed and the output of the HF VCO is counted. If the HF VCO is operating properly, it will drift until it locks to a harmonic of the LF VCXO (via the sampler). If the HF VCO frequency moves more than 2 MHz , it has failed to lock to a harmonic of the LF VCXO, and 13 will be displayed in digit positions 1 and 2.
$\mathrm{N}=4$ Test 14 Phase Lock Loop Stability (see Service Sheet 14).

Tests the ability of the HF VCO to follow step changes in the LF VCXO. The Controller sends the DAC a code which forces the LF VCXO to the bottom of its frequency range. The frequency of the HF VCO is counted. The DAC is then instructed to quickly slew the LF VCXO to the top of its frequency range and then back down to the bottom again. When the DAC output voltage reaches minimum, the HF VCO is again counted. The frequency change of the HF VCO should be less than 100 kHz . If it is not, 14 will be displayed in digit positions 3 and 4.
$\mathrm{N}=4$ Test 15 Undefined.
$\mathrm{N}=4$ Test 16 Undefined.
$\mathrm{N}=5 \quad$ Test 17 LF VCXO Range Test (see Service Sheets 13 and 14).
Tests to see if the DAC moves the LF VCXO within the proper frequency limits. Since the LF VCXO frequency can not be measured directly, an indirect process is used. The Controller sends a hexadecimal 00 to the DAC, which drives the LF VCXO to its minimum frequency. This frequency change causes a proportional change in the HF VCO frequency, which is measured by the Counter. The Controller then sends a hexadecimal FF to the DAC, driving the LF VCXO to its highest frequency. The HF VCO
output is again counted. The difference between the highest and lowest frequencies from the HF VCO should be between 2.95 and 5.5 MHz . If the frequency difference does not fall within this range, 17 will be displayed in digit positions 1 and 2.
$\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{N}=5 \quad \text { Test } 18 & \text { Gain of LFVCXO Drive (see } \\ \text { Service Sheets } 13 \text { and 14). }\end{array}$ Tests the gain of the LF VCXO. This is the hardest test in this series for the instrument to pass. The Controller sends a hexadecimal 55 to the most significant DAC (MSDAC) and a hexadecimal AA to the least significant DAC (LSDAC) and then counts the frequency of the HF VCO. The Controller then changes the MSDAC to a hexadecimal AA and the LSDAC to a hexadecimal 55 , and again counts the frequency of the HF VCO. The difference between the first and second frequencies should be within the range of 1.05 to 2.4 MHz . If it is not, 18 will be displayed in digit positions 3 and 4.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{N}=5 & \text { Test } 19 & \text { Undefined. } \\
\mathrm{N}=5 & \text { Test } 20 & \text { Undefined. }
\end{array}
$$

55.0 Sweep Doubler Band. Sweeps the LO slowly back and forth across the doubler band. See Service Sheet 11.
56.0 Sweep Bands 4 through 8. Sweeps the LO slowly and sequentially across bands 4 through 8 . See Service Sheet 11.
57.0 Sweep Bands DBLR through 3. Sweeps the LO slowly and sequentially across bands DBLR through 3. See Service Sheet 11.
60.0 Key Scan. The keyboard is scanned and a key code is displayed and output to the HP-IB. The key codes are shown in Figure 8-6.
To use the Key Scan Special Function, remove the instrument top cover. Key in 60.0SPCL then jumper A13TP3 (INT) to A13TP1 (GND) on the A13 Controller Assembly. Press the front-panel keys and observe the display. If two or more keys are pressed simultaneously, the display shows the code corresponding to the first one found in its normal scan. See Service Sheet 20.
Two simple programs for displaying the key codes on a computing controller are shown in Table 8-5. Removal of the top and bottom covers is unnecessary. The Modulation Analyzer is assumed to have HP-IB address 14.

Table 8-5. Key Scan Programs

| HP 9825A | HP 9835A/9845A |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0: fxd 0 | 10 FIXED 0 |
| 1: remt 714;110 7 | 20 PEMOTE 714 |
| 2: wrt 714, "6u.sp" | 30 LOCAL LOCKOUT 7 |
| 3: red 714 | 40 CUTPUT 714 ;"60.SP" |
| 4: dsp $A_{i}$ jnp-1 | 50 ENTEE 714; |
| 5: end | 60 DISP A |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \text { GO'rC } 50 \\ & 80 \text { END } \end{aligned}$ |

61.N Display HP-IB Status. Displays the status of the HP-IB lines selected by N. The display is in binary. See Service Sheet 22 for troubleshooting and a complete list of HP-IB mnemonics.


Figure 8-6. Key Codes for Key Scan
(Service Special Function 60.0)

## NOTE

Information within brackets appears on the Modulation Analyzer's display.

N=0 <Addressed to Talk>. <Addressed to Listen>. This function reads back and displays the present state of the Talk and Listen Address flip-flops (A14U16A and B). For example, if the display shows 1.0, the Modulation Analyzer is addressed to talk (and unaddressed to listen). This means the Talk Address flip-flop is set (and the Listen Address flip-flop is reset).
$\mathrm{N}=1$ <DAV>.<RFD>.<DAC>. This function reads back and displays the present state of the three bus handshake lines. <DAV > reflects the state of the Data Valid bus handshake line as being driven by the Modulation Analyzer ( $1=$ being driven; $0=$ not being driven). Thus, when in Listen Only, this display will always show 0 for <DAV>. The <RFD> and <DAC> always track the bus lines Ready For Data and Data Accepted. For example, 1 for <RFD> means line Ready For Data is true (high).
$\mathrm{N}=2$ <ATN>.<REN>. This function reads back and displays the present state of the ATN (Attention) bus control line and the state of the Remote Enable Flip-Flop. A 1 for either <ATN> or $<$ REN $>$ indicates ATN is true (low at the bus) or that the Remote Enable Flip-Flop is set.
$\mathrm{N}=3$ <SPM>.<SRQ>. This function reads back and displays the state of the Serial-Poll flip-flop and the state of the SRQ bus-control line as being driven by the Modulation Analyzer. A 1 for either <SPM> or <SRQ> indicates the Modulation Analyzer is in serial-poll mode (SPM) or that it is presently driving the SRQ bus control line.
$\mathrm{N}=4 \quad$ PIO Port A. This function inputs and displays (without modifying) the data at PIO port A (A14U13). Leading zeros are blanked. The following table interprets the display.

PIO Port A

| A14 <br> Pin No. | 2 | 37 | 36 | 31 | 30 | 25 | 24 | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display <br> Digit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| Mne- <br> monic | 108 | 107 | 106 | 105 | 104 | 103 | 102 | 101 |
| $1=$ True |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\mathrm{N}=5 \quad$ PIO Port B . This function is similar to the function above except PIO port B is displayed. The display is interpreted as shown in table below.

PIO Port B

| A14 <br> Pin No. | 1 | 38 | 35 | 32 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display <br> Digit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Mne- <br> monic | ATN | ARD | AAD | SRQ | RNL | ATT | ATL | SIVV |
| $1=$ True |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 8-29. ERROR MESSAGES

## 8-30. General

The instrument generates error messages to indicate operating problems, incorrect keyboard entries, or service-related problems. The error message is cleared when the error condition is removed.

The Error Messages are grouped by error code as follows:

E01 through E19 and E90 through E99. These are Operating Errors which indicate that not all conditions have been met to assure a calibrated measurement. Operating Errors can usually be cleared by readjustment of the front-panel controls. The Error Disable Special Function (8.N) can be used to selectively disable certain error messages. More information on Operating Errors and error message disabling can be found under Error Message Summary and Error Disable in the Detailed Operating Instructions in the Operating Manual and on the Operating Information pull-out card.

E20 through E29. These are Entry Errors which indicate that an invalid key sequence or keyboard entry has been made. These errors require that a new keyboard entry or function selection be made. More Information on Entry Errors can be found under Error Message Summary in the Detailed Operating Instructions in the Operating Manual and on the Operating Information pull-out card.

E30 through E89. These are Service Errors which provide additional service-related information and are discussed below.

## 8-31. Service Errors (E30-E89)

Service Errors are not normally displayed. When a servicerelated problem is suspected, enable the Service Errors by keying in 43.1 SPCL. Service Errors can be disabled by keying in 43.0SPCL or by pressing AUTOMATIC OPERATION. Not all Service Errors are an indication of a problem but may be a normal occurrence depending upon the circumstances.

E70 Phase Lock Loop Step-Down. The LO phase lock loop has stepped to a lower harmonic of the LF VCXO in an attempt to tune the LO to the required frequency. Stepping down once is occasionally necessary during normal tuning. See Service Sheet BD2 and Service Special Function 54.N on page 8-12.

E71 Phase Lock Loop Step-Up. This error message is the same as E70 except that the loop has stepped to a higher harmonic.

E72 Audio Overioad. The Audio Overvoltage Detector has tripped. This may have been due to the nature of the audio signal (e.g., a highfrequency audio signal which overrides the circuits preceeding a low-pass filter) or due to a problem in the audio circuits. See Service Sheet BD3.

E74 FM Calibrator Overdeviation. The frequency deviation of the FM Calibrator is greater than 38 kHz . See Service Sheet 28.

E75 FM Calibrator Underdeviation. The frequency deviation of the FM Calibrator is less than 3.0 kHz . See Service Sheet 28.

E76 AM Calibrator Modulators Unequal. The difference between the x10 AM Cal signal for the two channels is greater than 0.6 V . See Service Sheet 29.

E77 AM Calibrator Channel B Out of Range. The AM Cal level from Channel B is not within the range of +1.8 to +2.2 V . An unterminated CALIBRATION OUTPUT will cause this error. See Service Sheet 29.

E78 Key Not Found. A key closure was not found after a keyboard interrupt (except when a keyboard entry is in progress). See Service Sheet 20.

E79 Audio Autorange Rangeback. The audio autorange routine has found the audio signal level is too high, has changed to a less sensitive range, and has immediately found the signal is too low. The routine does not then range back, but instead displays error E79 and remains on the low-sensitivity range for the rest of the measurement cycle. The error signifies that the routine would normally have ranged back but did not actually do it. This may have been due to the nature of the audio signal (e.g., the voice signal) or due to a problem in the audio gain stages or detection circuits. See Service Sheet 8.

Audio Settling Timeout. First-time measurement results are not output to the display until the measurement result has settled or until one second has elapsed, whichever is first. Settling is determined by comparing successive measurements. This error message indicates that a one-second timeout has occured. This may be due to the nature of the signal or an instability in the audio circuits. See Service Sheet BD3.

E81 LO Tuning Adjusted to Center Signal in IF Passband. This error message only occurs in automatic tuning, low-noise lock. If the signal in the IF drifts out of the acceptable IF passband limits (see the Spectrum Diagram in Tuning Figure in the Operating Manual) but is still present in the total IF passband such that the IF level is still acceptable, the LO frequency will be adjusted to center the signal in the IF passband. When this occurs, error 81 will be displayed. In certain situations it is possible to trick the Controller into making this tuning adjustment when the signal is properly tuned; e.g., when the IF signal has an excessively high AM depth ( $>99 \%$ at normal RF signal levels) which cannot be accurately counted during the trough. Also note that if tuning adjustments are necessary three times
in a row (without any intervening measurement), then the full auto-tuning sequence will be initiated, searching the entire input spectrum for a signal.

E89
Software Error. Perform the Read Only Memory Verification. See Service Special Function 52 N on page 811 .

## 8-32. POWER-UP CHECKS

When the Modulation Analyzer is first turned on (or if 40.0SPCL is entered), the instrument goes through a series of operational checks. If a check fails, an error code is displayed for two seconds on the four internal TEST LEDs on the A13 Controller Assembly. The sequence then continues on to the next check.

Except for the check of the front-panel LED annunciators, noindication of the power-up sequence or its results is given on the front-panel display. The principal advantage to using the Power-Up Checks is that the keyboard and display need not be operational.

To use the Power-Up Checks, remove the top cover (refer to Removal of Top and Bottom Covers, page 8-155),remove any jumpers that may be on the four TEST test points (A, B, C, and D) on the A13 Controller Assembly, remove any signal at the INPUT, and switch the line to STBY for five seconds (to discharge the supplies) and back to ON. Observe the four TEST LEDs on the top of the Controller Assembly as the instrument powers up. The LEDs should light in the following sequence:

1. Indeterminate for about $1 / 4$ second.
2()()$(1)$ for about $1 / 4$ second.
2. ()$(4)()()$ for about $1 / 4$ second.
3. (8)(4)(2)(1) for about 10 seconds.
4. ()()$(1)$, with (1) blinking indefinitely until a key is pressed.

The Power-Up Checks proper begin at step 2 and are carried out in the following order:

1. Front Panel Annunciator Check. All front-panel LEDs and display segments and decimal points are lighted and remain so throughout the tests that follow and for a few seconds afterwards. Failure of one or more LEDs or display segments tolight indicates that the respective components or drive circuits have failed. See Service Sheet 21.
2. Read Only Memory Check. The checksum of each
of the read only memories ( ROMs ) is read and compared against a stored reference (stored in ROM 1). This is similar to issuing a series of $52 . \mathrm{N}$ SPCL commands (see Service Special Functions on page 8-11). When a wrong checksum is found, the four TEST LEDs blink for one second with the binary code of the ROM number. For example, if ROM 5 is faulty, the TEST LEDs will blink ( $)(4)(1)(1)$ (i.e., 0101 , a binary 5 ). The check then continues on to the next ROM. See Service Sheets BD4, 19 , and 22 . If no faulty ROM is found, a steady ()$(x)(1)$ appears for about $1 / 4$ second.
3. Random Access Memory Check. Data is stored into and retrieved from the random access memory (RAM). If the data read back differs from the data entered, error code ( $x)(2)$ ) is output to the TEST LEDs for two seconds. See Service Sheet 18.
4. Instrument Bus Parity Check. A parity check of the data lines of the Instrument Bus is made. A failure is indicated by ()()$(2)(1)$ on the TEST LEDs for two seconds. See Service Sheets BD4, 10 , and 18.
5. Local Oscillator Check. The Local Oscillator (LO) is given a series of tests similar to issuing the 54.0 SPCL command (see Service Special Functions on page 811). During the test, ( )(4) ( ) () is output to the TEST LEDs for about $1 / 4$ second. A failure is indicated by outputting the same code for an additional two seconds. See Service Sheet BD2.
6. Keyboard Checks. The keyboard is scanned to see if any keys are down. If a key is down, error code ()$(4)()(1)$ is output to the TEST LEDs for two seconds. See Service Sheets BD4 and 20.

## 8-33. CONTROLLER TEST LEDS AND TEST POINTS

Near the top edge of the A13 Controller Assembly are located four test points and four associated LED annunciators labeled TEST which are used primarily for troubleshooting the instrument. The LED annunciators are labeled (from left to right) $8,4,2$, and 1 and are associated with test points A, B, C, and $D$ respectively.
The label on the annunciators is sometimes used to represent a binary weighting. They function in the following ways:

1. At instrument power-up the TEST annunciators light in a certain sequence that indicates proper functioning of several vital areas of the instrument. A failure in any of the areas is indicated on the annunciators. For details see Power-Up Checks.
2. After power-up, annunciator 1 toggles once for each measurement cycle.
3. After power-up, annunciator 2 toggles once for each keyboard interrupt (i.e., each time a key is pressed).
4. After power-up, annunciator 4 toggles once for each HP-IB interrupt.
Grounding of certain of the TEST test points alters instrument operation in the following ways.
5. Grounding test point $B$ causes some of the power-up sequence to be bypassed and thus shortens the turn-on time of the instrument. The power-up checks are now invalid.
6. Grounding test point C initiates the Counter signature analysis troubleshooting routine. See Service Sheet 17.
7. Grounding test point D initiates the Keyboard signature analysis troubleshooting routine. The signature analyzer's start and stop leads are then connected to test point $A$ and the probe is connected to test point B. See Service Sheet 20.
Whenever a test point is grounded, the associated annunciator is extinguished.

## 8-34. SIGNATURE ANALYSIS

Signature analysis is a simple method of verifying the operation of digital circuitry. When properly used, signature analysis can detect extremely subtle hardware faults. Signatures must identically match those given in the signature tables. If everything is working correctly, signatures will all match exactly. If they don't match, by even one digit, something is wrong.
The Counter, Controller, and Keyboard and Display Assemblies are designed for troubleshooting with signature analysis. Signature analysis is a method of digital signal tracing using test routines programmed in the Modulation Analyzer's ROM. With the Modulation Analyzer's Controller executing the signature analysis routine, the signature analyzer's test probe is used to check nodes in the circuit under test. The signature analyzer converts the signals at the node into a four digit "signature", which it displays. This signature is then compared to the signature in the troubleshooting checks adjacent to the appropriate schematic. These two signatures must be identical.
Signature analysis can be speeded up if the following considerations are kept in mind:

1. Make sure that every step is performed as described in the set-up procedure. That is, make sure that the clock, start, and stop connections and triggering are correct.
2. Double-check that the signatures are being taken at the correct node.
3. Make sure that the signature analyzer probe is making good contact with the pin being checked. Oxidation on pins can cause invalid signatures due to poor contacts.
4. When you think that you have found a bad signature, double check to make sure.
5. When checking a node, check that the unstablesignature indicator is not blinking.

## 8-35. DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES

Procedures for removal of the top, bottom, and side covers, and the front and rear panels of the instrument and the illustrated parts breakdowns (IPBs) are contained in Service Sheets A and B.

## 8-36. REPAIR

## 8-37. Factory-Selected Components (*)

Some component values are selected at the time of final checkout at the factory (See Table 5-1). These values are selected to provide optimum compatability with associated components. These components are identified on individual schematics and the parts list by an asterisk (*).

## 8-38. Manual Backdating ( $\dagger$ )

A dagger ( $\dagger$ ) by an item of service information means that information is different for Modulation Analyzers with serial number prefixes lower than the one that this manual applies to directly. Table 7-1 lists the backdating changes by serial number prefix. The backdating changes are contained in Section VII. Recommended modifications are also contained in Section VII.

## 8-39. Manual Updating (Manual Changes Supplement)

Production changes to Modulation Analyzers made after the publication date of this manual are indicated by a change in the serial number prefix. Changes to this manual's information are recorded by a serial number prefix on the Manual Changes supplement. Errors are also noted in the ERRATA portion of the Manual Changes supplement.
Keep this manual up to date by periodically requesting the latest, complimentary supplement from your Hewlett-Packard office.

## 8-40. Etched Circuits (Printed Circuit Boards)

The etched circuit boards in the Modulation Analyzer have plated-through holes which make a solderable path through to both sides of the insulating material. Soldering can be done from either side of the board with equally good results. When soldering to any circuit board, keep in mind the following recommendations:

1. Avoid unnecessary component substitution. Substitution can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.
2. Do not use a high-power soldering iron on etched circuit boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.
3. Use a suction device or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes. DO NOT USE A SHARP METAL OBJECT SUCH AS AN AWL OR TWIST DRILL FOR THIS PURPOSE. SHARP OBJECTS MAY DAMAGE THE PLATED-THROUGH CONDUCTOR.

## 8-41. MOS and CMOS Integrated Circuit Replacement

MOS and CMOS integrated circuits are used in this instrument. They are prone to damage from both static and transients and must be handled carefully. When working on the Modulation Analyzer, keep in mind the following recommendations to avoid damaging these sensitive components.

1. Do not remove any board unless the Modulation Analyzer has been turned off or unplugged.
2. When removing a socketed MOS or CMOS device from an assembly, be careful not to damage it. High-grip sockets are used throughout the instrument. Avoid removing devices from these sockets with pullers. Instead, use a small screwdriver to pry the device up from one end, slowly pulling it up one row of pins at a time.
3. Once a MOS or CMOS device has been removed from an assembly, immediately stick it into a pad of conductive foam or other suitable holding medium.
4. When replacing a MOS or CMOS device, ground the foam on which it resides to the instrument before removing it. If a device requires soldering, make sure that the assembly is lying on a sheet of conductive foam, and that the foam and soldering iron tip are grounded to the assembly. Apply as little heat as possible.
5. Before turning the instrument off, remove any large ac sources which may be driving MOS switches.

## 8-42. Front-Panel Switch Replacement

If it becomes necessary to replace a front panel switch, refer to the switch replacement procedure in Service Sheet A.

## 8-43. RETROFITTING OPTIONS

The Operating Manual lists the optional equipment available for use with the Modulation Analyzer. Read the descriptions following each listed option
before ordering, since some options cannot be used if others are already in place.

## 8-44. SCHEMATIC SYMBOLOGY

The following pages summarize the symbology used in presenting many of the devices found in the Modulation Analyzer.

## 8-45. Logic Symbology

The logic symbols used in this manual are based on the American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Y32.14-1973, "Graphic Symbols for Logic Diagrams (Two State Devices)". A summary of this symbology is provided to aid in interpreting these symbols.
Basic Logic Symbols (Gates) and Qualifiers. This section includes a brief description of the basic logic symbols used on the service sheets (see Figure 8.7), a summary of indicator symbols (see Figure 8-8), a discussion of contiguous blocks, control blocks, and dependency notation, and a summary of symbology for some of the more complex devices.
Qualifiers are that portion of a device symbol that denotes the logic function. For example, " $\&$ " denotes the AND function. See Figure 8.7 for a summary of the basic logic symbols and their qualifiers.
Power supply and ground connections are not shown on the symbols. This information is tabulated on the right margins of the service sheets.
Indicator Symbols. Indicator symbols identify the active state of a device's input or output, as shown in Figure 8-8.
Contiguous Blocks. Two symbols may share a common boundary parallel or perpendicular to the direction of signal flow. Note that in the examples shown in Figure 8-9, there is generally no logic connection across a horizontal line, but there is always an implied logic connection across a vertical line. Notable exceptions to this rule are the horizontal lines beneath control blocks and between sections of shift registers and counters (dividers).
Dependency Notation. Dependency Notation simplifies symbols for complex integrated circuit elements by defining the interdependencies of inputs or outputs without actually showing all the elements and interconnections involved (see Figures 8-10 through 8-12). The following examples use the letter A for address, C for control, G for AND, V for OR, and F for free dependencies. The dependent input or output is labeled with a number that is either prefixed (e.g., 1 X ) or subscripted (e.g., $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ ). They both mean the same thing. Note that many times a controlled line may already be labeled with a number that indicates input or output weighting (for example, in a coder). In this case, the controlling or gating input will be labeled with a letter (see Figure 8-11).


Figure 8-7. Basic Logic Symbols and Qualifiers


Figure 8-8. Indicator 8ýmbols


Figure 8-9. Contiguous Blocks


Figure 8-10. ANO Dependency Notation


Figure 8-11. Address Dependency Notation: Coder Example Using Alpha Characters (Letters)


When a $V$ input is active, the output will be in its active state. With the $V$ input inactive, the device functions as if the $V$ input doesn't exist.

When an $F$ input is active, the output is enabled to function normally. When an $F$ input is inactive, the output becomes a high impedance, effectively removing that device from the circuit.
The 3-STATE label is sometimes used with the free dependency notation.

Figure 8-12. OR and Free Dependency Notation


Figure 8-13. Common Control Block


Figure 8-14. Quad D.Type Latch (Individual)

Common Control Block. The Control block is used in conjunction with an array of related symbols in order to group common logic lines. Figure $8-13$ shows how the Control block is usually represented. Figure 8 -14 shows a quad D-type flip-flop with reset. This can be redrawn as shown in Figure 8-15. Note that the more complex representation shown in Figure $8-14$ can be used when the flip-flops are functionally scattered around the schematic (i.e., not used as a quad unit).


Figure 8-15. Quad D-Type Latch (Combined)
Complex Device Symbology. Figures 8-16 through 8 -19 show how the basic symbols can be combined to illustrate behavior of fairly complex devices.

Shift Register. The Shift Register Control Block is used to show common inputs to a bidirectional shift register. Notice that " -m " means shift the contents to the right or down by " $m$ " units. And " $-m$ " means
shift the contents to the left or up by " $m$ " units. Note: If $m=1$, it may be omitted. Inputs " $a$ " and " $b$ " are each single IC pins that have two functions. Input "a" enables one of the inputs to the top D-type flip-flop (1D) and also shifts the register contents down " $m$ " units. Input " $b$ " enables one of the inputs to the bottom flip-flop (2D), and also shifts the register contents up " $m$ " units. Input " $c$ " loads all


Figure 8-16. Shift Register


Figure 8-17. AND-OR Selector
four flip-flops in parallel (3D). Input " $d$ " is a common reset. The output delay indicator is used because these are master-slave flip-flops.

AND-OR Selector. The Selector Control Block is used to simplify the AND portion of a quad ANDOR select gate. When G1 is high, the data presented at the " 1 " inputs will be gated through. When G2 is high, the data presented at the " 2 " inputs will be gated through.

Up/Down Counter. The Counter Control Block is used to show common inputs to a Presettable Decade Up/Down Counter. Notice that " +m " means count up (increment the count) by " $m$ "; " -m " means count down by " $m$ ". Note: if $m=1$, it may be omitted. Since the D-type flip-flops are master-slave, the output delay indicator is used. The " $=9,+1$ " and " $=0,-1$ " notation defines when the carry and borrow outputs are generated. They also define it as a decade counter; a binary counter would have the carry indicated with " $=15,+1$ ". Flip-flop weighting is indicated in parenthesis. Input "C1" allows all four "D1" flip-flops to be preset in parallel.


Figure 8-18. Up/Down Counter
Quad D-Type Latch. The Register control block is used to illustrate a quad D-type latch. There is a common active-low reset ( $R$ ), and a common edgetriggered control input (C). Since there is only one dependency relationship, the controlling input is not numbered and the controlled functions (D) are subscripted with a C.


Figure 8-19. Quad D-Type Latch

## 8-46. LOGIC DEVICE THEORY

## 8-47. Schmitt Trigger

A typical Schmitt trigger is shown in Figure 8-20. Some Schmitt triggers have complimentary outputs. When the input signal increases in voltage, the device changes state as the input surpasses a voltage reference called the upper trip point. When the input signal is decreasing in voltage, the device changes back to its original state as the input voltage passes a voltage reference called the lower trip point.


Figure 8-20. Schmitt Trigger

## 8-48. ECL-to-TTL Translator

This particular level translator is used to interface ECL family logicto TTLfamily logic. The translator shown in Figure 8-21 is essentially a comparator and a voltage reference. Comparator biasing sets the output level limits, the reference voltage source sets the input point. The $X_{s}$ on the input and output lines indicate that the signals at those pins are analog in nature.


Figure 8-21. ECL-to-TTL Translator

## 8-49. One-Shot Multivibrator

The one-shot or monostable multivibrator, when triggered, produces a pulse of pre-programmed length. The length of the pulse is determined by the external resistor ( R ) and capacitor ( C ). Sec Figure 8-22.


Figure 8-22. One-Shot Multivibrator

## 8-50. D-Type Flip-Flop (Edge-Triggered)

D-type flip-flops are used for temporary storage of one bit of binary data. the DC input is stored and transferred to the output at $X$ when the control input (C) gives a low-to-high transition. Y is the complement of $X$ (i.e., $Y=\bar{X}$ ). The $S$ and R inputs set ( $S$ ) and reset $(\mathrm{R})$ the outputs independent of the control input status. Only one of these inputs is normally active at
a time. If both are active, then $X$ and $Y$ are either both high or both low, depending on the particular device used. See Figure 8-23.


Figure 8-23. 0-Type Flip-Flop (Edge-Triggered)

## 8-51. Four-Bit Register (Level-Triggered)

A four-bit register is used for temporarily storing four bits of binary data. Data at the $D_{1}$ inputs are stored when clocked by the $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ control input. Data at the $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ inputs are stored when clocked by the $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ control input. The outputs follow the inputs as long as the control inputs remain high. When the control inputs are low, the data that was present at the D inputs (when the control inputs when low) are retained (latched) at the outputs until the control inputs go high again. See Figure 8-24.


Figure 8-24. Four-Bit Register [Level-Triggered]

## 8-52. Presettable Counter

Presettable counters consist of four D flip-flops which are internally connected to provide a divide-by-two and a divide-by-five counter for a BCD counter or a divide-by-two and a divide-by-eight for a hexadecimal counter. The outputs of these devices
can be preset to any state by placing a low on the load/count (C) input and applying the desired data to the D inputs. As long as the load/count input is low, the outputs will follow the Dinputs. When the load/count input is set high the outputs are latched to the preset values, and the output will advance one count with each low-to-high transition of the clock. The reset ( R ) function is asynchronous. See Figure 8-25.


Figure 8-25. Presettable Counter


Figure 8-26. Three-Bit Binary One-ol-Eight Decoder

## 8-53. Three-Bit Binary One-of-Eight Decoder

This device selects an output line ( 1 -of-8) corresponding to the value of the binary input. For example, to make the 5G output go low, a binary 101 must be presented to the select inputs. For the output to reflect the weighted binary input, all three lines to the control section must be active. See Figure 8-26.

## 8-54. Analog Multiplexer

This device is the electronic version of a single-pole-eight-throw (SP8T) switch. The binary code at the select inputs determines which analog input (1-of-8) will be routed to the output. The output is enabled by the Finput. See Figure 8-27.


Figure 8-27. Analog .Multiplexer

## 8-55. Digital-to-Analog Converter

The analog output of the digital-to-analog converter is a current which is proportional to the binaryweight of the input multiplied by [VREF( + ) $\left.V_{R E F}(-)\right] / R$. In other words, the output current is proportional to the maximum possible current through $R$ divided by the binary value at the digital input. The analog output is thus attenuated by any value between 0 and 255. See Figure 8-28.

## 8-56. Seven-Segment Decoder/Driver/Latch (Coder)

The seven-segment decoder converts a four-bit binary code to drive a variable number of the " $a$ " through " $g$ " output lines, which in turn drive the
individual segments of a seven-segment common cathode display. Internal circuitry drives the individual LED elements of the display and limits the current flowing through them. This device latches the coded input when C 1 is low. The output lines are enabled when $V_{2}$ is high or any flip-flop is high. See Figure 8-29.


Figure 8-28. Digital-to-Analog Converter


Figure 8-29. Seven Segment Decoder/Driver/Latch (Coder)

## 8-57. Analog Switch

The analog switch is a bi-directional device, as is indicated by the double-ended arrow. The F1 input is the gate. Fl indicates the input and output (labeled with " 1 's") are dependent on this input. See Figure 8-30.


Figure 8.30. Analog Switch

## 8-58. Read Only Memory (ROM)

This device has an eight-bit word length. Locations in memory ( 32 total) are addressed by the five-bit binary code at the Address Input. The G input must be low to enable the outputs. The outputs are opencollector. See Figure 8-31.


Figure 8.31. Read Only Memory (ROM)

## 8-59. Static Random Access Memory (RAM)

This device is a 256 word static memory. Each word is four bits in length and is addressed via the address lines. Both of the inputs to G 1 must be low to enable the device. The G2 input must be low to write into memory and the G3 input must be high to read from memory. F4, when low, enables the output; F4, when high, disables the output. See Figure 8-32.

## 8-60. LINEAR DEVICE THEORY

## 8-61. Operational Amplifiers

The source of gain in an operational amplifier can be characterized as an ideal, differential voltage amplifier having low output impedance, high input impedance, and very high differential gain. The output of an operational amplifier is proportional to the difference in the voltages applied to the two input terminals. In use, the amplifier output drives the input voltage difference close to zero through a feedback path.


Figure 8.32. Static Random Access Memory (RAM)

When troubleshooting an operational amplifier circuit, measure the voltages at the two inputs; the difference between these voltages should be less than 10 mV . (Note: This troubleshooting procedure will not work for operational amplifiers which are configured as comparators.) A difference voltage much greater than 10 mV indicates trouble in the amplifier or its external circuitry. Usually, this difference will be several volts and one of the inputs will be very close to one of the supply voltages (e.g., +15 V or -15 V ).
Next, check the amplifier's output voltage. It will probably also be close to one of the supply voltages (e.g., ground, +15 V , or -15 V ). Check to see that the output conforms to the inputs. For example, if the inverting input is more positive than the noninverting input, the output should be negative; if the non-inverting input is more positive than the inverting input, the output should be positive. If the output conforms to the inputs, check the amplifier's external circuitry. If the amplifier's output does not conform to its inputs, it is probably defective.
Figures 8-33, 8-34, and $8-35$ show typical operational amplifier configurations. Figure $8-33$ shows a noninverting buffer amplifier with a gain of 1. Figure 8 -34 is a non-inverting amplifier with gain determined by R1 and R2. Figure $8-35$ is an inverting amplifier with a gain determined by R1 and R2.


Figure 8-33. Non-Inverting Amplifier (Gain =1)


Figure 8-34. Non-Inverting Amplifier (Gain $=1+\mathrm{h}_{1} / \mathrm{R}_{2}$ )


Figure 8-35. Inverting Amplifier (Gain $=-\mathrm{R}_{1} / \mathrm{R}_{2}$ )

## 8-62. Comparators

Comparators are used as level sense amplifiers, switch drivers, pulse height discriminators, and voltage comparators. A voltage reference is connected to one of the amplifier's outputs as shown in Figures $8-36$ and $8-37$. When the input signal voltage crosses the reference, the output goes positive; the output remains positive until the signal re-crosses the reference.


Figure 8-36. Non-Inverting Comparator


Figure 8-37. Inverting Comparator

## 8-63. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

Table 8-6 summarizes the symbology used in presenting many of the devices used in the Modulation Analyzer.

Table 8-6. Schematic Diagram Notes (1 of 7)

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES

$*$
$t$

[----
$\qquad$

-     -         -             -                 - 


\$ CW

$\pm$
$d$


AXI2

Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical.
Dagger indicates circuit change. See Section VII.
Tool-aided adjustment. O Manual control.
Encloses front-panel designation.
Encloses rear-panel designation.
Circuit assembly borderline.
Other assembly borderline.
Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal.

Heavy dashed line with arrows indicates path and direction of main feedback.

Indicates stripline (i.e., RF transmission line above ground).
Wiper moves toward cw with clockwise rotation of control (as viewed from shaft or knob).

## Numbered Test Point <br> measurement aid provided.

Encloses wire or cable color code. Code used is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number identifies the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe, e.g., 97 denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe.

A direct conducting connection to earth, or a conducting connection to a structure that has a similar function (e.g., the frame of an air, sea, or land vehicle).

A conducting connection to a chassis or frame.
Common connections. All like-designation points are connected.

Letters = off-page connection, e.g., AX .
Number $=$ Service Sheet number for off-page connection, e.g., 12.

Number (only) $=$ on-page connection.

Table 8-6. Schematic Diagram Notes (2 of 7)

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES



Indicates an opto-isolator of a LED and a photoresistor packaged together. The resistance of the photoresistor is a function of the current flowing through the LED.

IELI Identification of logic families as shown (in this case, ECL).
Indicates multiple paths represented by only one line. Letters or names identify individual paths. Numbers indicate number of paths represented by the line.

Coaxial or shielded cable.

Relay. Contact moves in direction of arrow when energized.

Indicates a pushbutton switch with a momentary ( ON ) position.

Indicates a PIN diode.

Indicates a step-recovery diode (typically used as comb generator).

Indicates a Schottky (hot-carrier) diode.

Multiple transistors in a single package-physical location of the pins is shown in package outline on schematic.


## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Input and Output Indicators (Cont'd)

| 3-STATE | Threestate Output-Indicates outputs that can have a high impedance idisconnect) state in addition to the normal binary logic states. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Combinational Logic Symbols and Functions |
| \& | AND-All inputs must be active for the output to be active. |
| $\geq 1$ | $\mathrm{OR}-$ One or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active. |
| $\geq m$ | Logic Threshold-m or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active (replace $m$ with a number). |
| $=1$ | EXCLUSIVE OR-Output will be active when one (and only one) input is active. |
| $=\mathrm{m}$ | $m$ and only $m$-Output will be active when $m$ (and only $m$ ) inputs are active (replace $m$ with a number). |
| $=$ | Logic Identity-Output will be active only when all or none of the inputs are active (i.e., when all inputs are identical, output will be active). |
|  | Amplifier-The output will be active only when the input is active can be used with polarity or logic indicator at input or output to signify inversion). |
| $\mathrm{X} / \mathrm{Y}$ | Signal Level Converter-Input level(s) are different than output levelis ). |
|  | Bilateral Switch-Binary controlled switch which acts as an on/off switch to analog or binary signals flowing in both directions. Dependency notation should be used to indicate affecting/affected inputs and outputs. Note: amplifier symbol (with dependency notation) should be read to indicate unilateral switching. |
| $X-Y$ | Coder-Input code ( X ) is converted to output code ( Y ) per weighted values or a table. |
| (Functional Labels) | The following labels are to be used as necessary to ensure rapid identification of device function. |
| MUX | Multiplexer-The output is dependent only on the selected input. |
| DEMUX | Demultiplexer-Only the selected output is a function of the input. |
| CPU | Central Processing Unit |
| PIO | Peripheral Input/Output |
| SMI | Static Memory Interface |

Table 8-6. Schematic Diagram Notes (5 of 7)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Sequential Logic Functions

$1 \Omega$ Monostable-Single shot multivibrator. Output becomes active when the input becomes active. Output remains active (even if the input becomes inactive) for a period of time that is characteristic of the device and/or circuit.

Oscillator-The output is a uniform repetitive signal which alternates between the high and low state values. If an input is shown, then the output will be active if and only if the input is in the active state.

Flip-Flop-Binary element with two stable states, set and reset. When the flip-flop is set, its outputs will be in their active states. When the flip-flop is reset, its outputs will be in their inactive states.

Toggle Input-When active, causes the flip-flop to change states.
Set Input-When active, causes the flip-flop to set.
Reset Input-When active, causes the flip-flop to reset.
J Input-Analogous to set input.
K Input-Analogous to reset input.
D Data Input-Always enabled by another input (generally a $C$ input-see Dependency Notation). When the $D$ input is dependency-enabled, a high level at $D$ will set the flip-flop; a low level will reset the flip-flop. Note: strictly speaking, D inputs have no active or inactive states-they are just enabled or disabled.
$+\mathrm{m} \quad$ Count-Up Input-When active, increments the contents (count) of a counter by " $m$ " counts ( $m$ is replaced with a number).

Count-Down Input-When active, decrements the contents (count) of a counter by " m " counts ( m is replaced with a number).
-m Shift Right (Down) Input-When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the right or down " m " places ( m is replaced with a number).
-m Shift Left (Up) Input-When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the left or up " m " places ( m is replaced with a number).

## NOTE

For the four functions shown above, if $m$ is one, it is omitted.
(Functional Labels)
mCNTR

The following functional labels are to be used as necessary in symbol build-ups to ensure rapid identification of device function.

Counter-Array of flip-flops connected to form a counter with modules $m$ ( $m$ is replaced with a number that indicates the number of states: 5 CNTR, 10 CNTR, etc.).

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Sequential Logic Functions (Cont'd)

REG
SREG

Register-Array of unconnected flip-flops that form a simple register or latch.
Shift Register-Array of flip-flops that form a register with internal connections that permit shifting the contents from flip-flop to flip-flop.

Read Only Memory-Addressable memory with read-out capability only.
Random Access Memory-Addressable memory with read-in and read-out capability.

## Dependency Notation

Address Dependency-Binary affecting inputs of affected outputs. The m prefix is replaced with a number that differentiates between several address inputs, indicates dependency, or indicates demultiplexing and multiplexing of address inputs and outputs. The $m$ suffix indicates the number of cells that can be addressed.

Gate (AND) Dependency-Binary affecting input with an AND relationship to those inputs or outputs labeled with the same identifier. The $m$ is replaced with a number or letter (the identifier).

Control Dependency-Binary affecting input used where more than a simple AND relationship exists between the $C$ input and the affected inputs and outputs (used only with D-type flip-flops).

OR Dependency-Binary affecting input with an OR relationship to those inputs or outputs labeled with the same identifier. The $m$ is replaced with a number or the letter (the identifier).

Free Dependency-Binary affecting input acting as a connect switch when active and a disconnect when inactive. Used to control the 3-state behavior of a 3 -state device.

## NOTE

The identifier ( $m$ ) is omitted if it is one-that is, when there is only one dependency relationship of that kind in a particular device. When this is done, the dependency indicator itself ( $G, C, F$, or $V$ ) is used to prefix or suffix the affected (dependent) input or output.

## Miscellaneous

Schmitt Trigger-Input characterized by hysterisis; one threshold for positive going signals and a second threshold for negative going signals.

Table 8-6. Schematic Diagram Notes (7 of 7)

## DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

## Miscellaneous (Cont'd)

Active Active State-A binary physical or logical state that corresponds to the true state of an input, an output, or a function. The opposite of the inactive state.

Enable Enabled Condition-A logical state that occurs when dependency conditions are satisfied. Although not explicitly stated in the definitions listed above, functions are assumed to be enabled when their behavior is described. A convenient way to think of it is as follows:
A function becomes active when:

- it is enabled (dependency conditions-if any-are satisfied)
- and its external stimulus (e.g., voltage level) enters the active state.


## 8-64. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The discussions that follow cover the principles of operation of the Modulation Analyzer. Each discussion is based on and referenced to a Service Sheet. For an introductory discussion of overall instrument theory of operation, see Principles of Operation for Simplified Block Diagram in the Operating Manual.

## 8-65. Overall Instrument-Service Sheet BD1

General. The Modulation Analyzer is physically divided into five functional sections. Service Sheets BD2 through BD4 break the operation of the instrument along similar lines as listed in Table 8-7.

Table 8-7. Instrument Block Diagram and Functional Section Breakdown

| Service Sheet | Functional Section | Circuits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BD2 | RF | RF Input, Input Mixer, IF, Local Oscillator |
| BD2 | Power Supply | Power Supplies, Fan |
| BD3 | Audio | Demodulators, Audio Circuits, Voltmeter, Calibrators |
| BD4 | Digital | Controller, Instrument Bus, Counter, Remote Interface |
| BD4 | Front Panel | Keyboard and Display |

RF Input. The Modulation Analyzer measures RF signals in the frequency range from 150 kHz to 1300 MHz and power levels of -25 to +30 dBm into its 50 $\Omega$ input. The voltage, sensed at the input by the RF Level Detector, is used to help set the proper input attenuation and, if the input exceeds $1 W$, to trip the Overpower Protection relay. When MEASUREMENT is set to RF LEVEL, the Voltmeter reads the output from the RF Level Detector. The Controller converts the output from the Voltmeter into power in watts.

The 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter is manually selectable. Since the IF will generally respond to signals 2.5 MHz and below, the filter eliminates any low frequencies which may be present on the input. For signals in the range of 150 kHz to 10 MHz , the filter should be switched out.
The Input Attenuator is set to provide the Input Mixer with an optimum input level. The attenuator pads are set by the Controller which receives signal level information from the RF and IF level detectors (via the Voltmeter).

Mixer and IF. The Input Mixer down-converts the RF input to the IF. The frequency of the IF is normally the LO frequency minus the signal frequency.
The IF is centered at 1.5 MHz for input signals in the range 10 to 1300 MHz . (However, an IF of 455 kHz can be manually selected.) For signals between 2.5 and 10 MHz , the IF is 455 kHz . Below 2.5 MHz , the signal is passed directly into the IF without being down converted (unless the 455 kHz IF is manually selected).
The IF is amplified by a low-noise, 33 dB IF Amplifier. The 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter following the amplifier determines the IF frequency response when the 1.5 MHz IF is selected. The 455 kHz Bandpass filter preceeding the amplifier determines the response of the IF when the 455 kHz IF is selected.

AM Demodulator. The AM Demodulator is an ALC loop with a relatively slow response time. The IF signal is amplified and detected by the AM and Level Detector. The dc component of the detected signal is compared to a stable, dc reference. If the dc voltage is different from the reference, the difference is amplified by the ALC Feedback Amplifier which drives the Voltage-Variable Amplifier to force the detected voltage to equal the reference.
The AM, which is riding on the IF carrier, is too fast for the ALC loop to respond to and produces an ac voltage in the detector which is proportional to the AM. After demodulation and filtering by the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter, the signal is processed by the Audio Circuits. The unfiltered AM from the detector, along with its dc component, is sent to the rearpanel AM OUTPUT jack.
The filtered IF signal is buffered and sent to the rear-panel IF OUTPUT jack and FM Demodulator. It is also detected by the IF Detectors which sense for the presence of IF during an automatic signal search (the IF Present and Stop Sweep lines) and output the IF level to the Voltmeter (the IF Level line) to help set the input attenuation and to make a TUNED RF LEVEL measurement.

FM Demodulator. The FM Demodulator consists of IF Limiters and an FM Discriminator (frequency-to-voltage converter). The limiters provide 66 dB of gain with limiting to reduce the effects of AM and noise on FM measurements. The signal from the limiters also drives a Counter input when IF frequency is measured. The FM Discriminator produces a voltage linearly proportional to the IF frequency. The FM variations in the IF frequency appear as an ac component on the output. The ac
component is amplified then filtered by the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter and processed by the Audio Circuits. The output from the FM discriminator (with both ac and de components) is also sent to the rear-panel FM OUTPUT jack, and the filtered dc component is used to ture the LO in the tracktune mode.

Audio Circuits. Before the audio signal is measured or sent to the MODULATION OUTPUT jack it is processed by various filters, amplifiers, and attenuators. For FM, the audio may also be de-emphasized. For $\Phi M$ the signal is integrated. Factors which control the audio processing are measurement mode, selected features, audio level, input frequency, and selected special functions. Table 8-8 summarizes the types of signal processing.

Tabie 8-8. Types of Audio Signal Processing

| Type of Processing | Range of Processing |
| :--- | :--- |
| High-Pass Filters | $<20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (through path) |
|  | 50 Hz |
|  | 300 Hz |
| Low-Pass Filters | 3 kHz |
|  | 15 kHz |
|  | $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ (low ringing) |
|  | $>200 \mathrm{kHz}$ (260 kHz LPF) |
| FM De-emphasis | $25 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Networks | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
|  | $75 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
|  | $750 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
|  | None |
| FM De-emphasis | Pre-display On |
|  | Pre-display Off |
| Selection | Inverting |
|  | Non-inverting |
| Relative Gain Steps | 0 dB |
|  | 20 dB |
|  | 40 dB |

The Audio Range Detectors are used to determine the audio gain (the Audio Range line) and to sense audio overloading (the Audio Overload line).

Voltmeter. The demodulated signal is detected by both the Average Detector and the Peak Detector. The output from the Peak Detector is always present at the rear-panel RECORDER OUTPUT jack. The detector outputs are two of several Voltmeter inputs switched by the Input Selector. The Voltmeter consists of a Voltage-to-Time Converter whose output is applied to the Counter. The Voltage-to-Time

Converter produces a Stop-Count Pulse with a duration interval between pulses proportional to the dc input voltage. The pulse gates the Counter which counts the 10 MHz time base reference. The count accumulated during the gate interval is proportional to the input voltage. Other inputs into the Voltmeter include: RFlevel, IF level, average IF level (normally equal to the ALC reference), audio range level, AM calibrator level, and various service-related voltages not shown.

Local Oscillator. The heart of the LO is a 320 to 650 MHz High-Frequency Voltage-Controlled Oscillator (HF VCO). After passing through the programmable LO Divider, the HF VCO signal becomes the LO drive to the Input Mixer. The LO Divider is programmed to divide the HF VCO by powers of two from $2^{-1}$ to $2^{8}$, (i.e., from a times 2 to a divide by 256 ). Thus the LO can tune from 1300 MHz to 1.24 MHz in ten octave ranges. A fixed divide-by-eight output from the LO Dividers is the LO (HF VCO $\div 8$ ) input to the Counter.
There are three tuning modes:

1. manual tuning-low noise,
2. automatic signal seeking and tuning-low noise, and
3. automatic tracking of a moving signal.

Consider the sequence followed for manual tuning. When a frequency is entered from the Keyboard, the LO is configured as in Figure 8-38. The Digital-ToAnalog Converter (DAC) is connected to the HF


Figure 8-38. LO Configuration: DAC to HF VCO

VCO tune input as shown. Knowing the desired frequency, the Controller computes the octave number $(\mathrm{n})$ for the LO Divider and sets the DAC to its midrange. Then an iterative sequence of counting the LO and adjusting the DAC is carried out until the LO is near the correct frequency.

Next, the LO is configured as a phase lock loop as shown in Figure 8-39. The DAC is now connected to the tune input of a highly stable, Low-Frequency Voltage-Controlled Crystal Oscillator (LF VCXO). The LF VCXO drives the Sampler at a nominal (but tunable) 2 MHz rate. The other input to the Sampler is the HF VCO. The Sampler drives the HF VCO tune line through the Tune Integrator and Amplifier. The HF VCO is thus phase locked to a harmonic of the LF VCXO which greatly improves its noise and frequency stability.


Figure 8.39. LO Configuration: DAC to LF VCXO
Before closing the phase lock loop, the DAC is set near the low end of its range. When the loop is first locked, the LO frequency is slightly low, but after an iterative sequence of counting the HF VCO and tuning the LF VCXO by the DAC, the LO is brought to within 500 Hz of the desired frequency. During the process of fine tuning the LO, the DAC may reach the end of its tuning range. If this happens, the Controller will break the lock loop, set the DAC to the other end of its range, and lock will be reestablished to a different harmonic of the LF VCXO.

The automatic tune mode is similar to the manual tune mode except the LO is first swept from the top to the bottom of each octave range by the Sweep Current Source. See Figure 8-40. If the LO sweeps past a signal at the INPUT, the down-converted signal appears in the IF and is detected by the IF Detectors. The signal on the Stop Sweep line immediately turns off the Sweep Current Source. With no input to the Tune Integrator and Amplifier, the HF VCO will remain approximately tuned to the input signal, and the frequency of the LO (and thus the input) can be determined by the Controller. Once the signal has been found after a sweep of all octaves, it is found four more times by sweeping just the octave where it was first found and two octaves above it. This is necessary in case the signal has AM which was in a deep trough when the fundamental of the LO passed through and was out of the trough when the strong third harmonic of the LO passed through.


Figure 8-40. LO Configuration: HF VCO Sweep
Having now found an input signal, the Controller manipulates the LO through a series of tuning sequences to search for the fundamental of the input that was found. Once the fundamental of the input signal is identified, the LO is tuned to approximately 1.5 MHz above that signal. The Counter then accurately counts the LO and the IF and thus determines the frequency of the input signal. (Signal frequency $=$ LO frequency - intermediate frequency.)

At this point the LO is configured as in Figure 8-40, and the tuning continues as in the manual tune mode using the computed input frequency in place of a keyboard-entered frequency.
In the track mode the LO is configured as in Figure 8-41. Here a dc voltage from the FM Demodulator is fed back to the HF VCO tune line. This forms a frequency lock loop. If the frequency of the input signal changes, the HF VCO is tuned to follow it. The gain of the loop depends on the octave number of the LO Divider. This gain variation is compensated for by adjusting the gain of the Track Loop Amplifier in the tune line.


Figure 8-41. LO Configuration: Track
Counter. Operation of the Counter is conventional. The input signal to the Counter is gated by a Time Base pulse which has an accurately known period. While the Counter is gated, the Counter increments one count for each input cycle. When the Time Base disables the Counter, the accumulated count is transferred to storage registers (in this case, the Controller), and the Counter is cleared. When the Time Base again gates the Counter, the count sequence repeats. The stored count is then processed by the Controller (it is multiplied by an appropriate scale factor) and transferred to the display or used internally by the Controller. The Controller itself also forms the final stages of the Counter and keeps
track of the number of Time Base pulses that occur while the Counter is gated.

The Time Base is derived from a 10 MHz reference. The reference can be either internal or external. Switching to external is done automatically when an external reference is applied to the rear-panel TIME BASE 10 MHz INPUT jack. The 10 MHz reference is divided by 1600 by the Time Base Divider to become the Counter gate. A 2 MHz output (from a divide-by-five) is used as the Controller clock.
The Input Selector selects one of several possible inputs to the Counter. In the case of the input from the Voltmeter, the output from the Voltage-to-Time Converter gates the 10 MHz reference which is counted by the Counter, while a Ramp Gate pulse from the Counter periodically resets the Voltage-toTime Converter.

Calibrators (Option 010). The FM Calibrator consists of a 10.1 MHz VCO which toggles between two frequencies at a 10 kHz rate. During each measurement cycle, the VCO switches to the upper frequency and is measured by the Counter. It then switches to the lower frequency and is again counted. The Controller then computes the deviation (one-half the difference of the two frequencies). The FM Source is then allowed to toggle. When the CALIBRATION OUTPUT is connected to the INPUT, the FM calibration factor is displayed.

The AM Calibrator receives its input from the output of the 10.1 MHz VCO of the FM Calibrator which is not toggled during AM calibration. This signal is limited and applied to the Amplitude Modulator. The modulator toggles at a 10 kHz rate between a nominal level and twice that level. This produces 33\% AM.
To enhance the accuracy of the calibrator, measurements are made on the output of the modulator with the Amplifier/Detector on a static basis, and the AM depth is computed. As with the FM Calibrator, the AM Calibrator output, when measured by the instrument, displays the AM calibration factor.

Power Supplies. The instrument is run from five regulated supplies: $+40 \mathrm{~V},+15 \mathrm{~V},-15 \mathrm{~V},+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and -5 V . The +15 V supply continues to power the highstability time base reference (Option 002) when the instrument LINE is switched to STBY.

Controller and Remote Interface. The Controller plays a key role in governing the instrument operation. The Microprocessor in the Controller outputs information to configure the instrument, reads back and processes measurement results, reads back vital
status information to prevent invalid measurements, and services interrupts from the Keyboard or Remote Interface. Information from the Input/ Output (I/O) port of the Microprocessor is carried to the rest of the instrument by the Instrument Bus. Typically, the data on the Instrument Bus are decoded and latched at the various assemblies, then the decoded information is distributed to the appropriate circuit.
Information within the Controller itself is handled by three main buses: the ROM Control Bus (which coordinates the various devices which make up the Controller), the Address Bus (which addresses the ROM and RAM), and the Data Bus (which carries information to or from the ROM and RAM). Since the Remote Interface contains some Controller devices, these buses are also distributed to it.

The Remote Interface receives inputs from the external interface bus (HP-IB), processes the information, and interrupts the Controller in a manner similar to the Keyboard. It also processes the measurement information and outputs it on the HP-IB if requested. The Remote Interface is designed to make operation from an external computing controller as similar as possible to operation from the front panel.

Instrument Software Supervisor Flowchart. The instrument's software is structured in a form called the supervisor. It is a loop that is continuously traversed, with measurements made near the end, after checks for proper frequency tuning, proper RF and IF level, and correct audio range. Arithmetic manipulation (e.g., for the ratio function) follows the measurement, and the program then loops back up to display.
The frequency, level, and audio blocks verify that the instrument is adjusted to make an accurate measurement. A measurement is not made until all of the tests are passed in immediate succession. If a test is not passed, corrective action is taken. The decision after that block then forces the program back to the top of the supervisor, bypassing the measurement for that loop.
The software interface with the hardware makes use of two concepts called software state and hardware state. The software is located in 22 bytes of RAM and totally describes the state of the instrument. On power-up, the initialization procedure loads the software state from ROM. Keyboard and HP-IB entry routines modify only the software state and do not effect the hardware immediately. The setup block in the supervisor is where the hardware state is made to conform with the software state.

Setup is not the only place where hardware is affected; the frequency tuning, leveling, audio ranging, and measurement blocks manipulate the hardware as well.
In a normal stable measurement cycle, the program takes the measurement display branch at the top of the supervisor and so avoids the time overhead associated with the setup block. However, if the program loops back before taking a measurement, or if an error condition exists, the nonmeasurement display branch will be traversed, thus lighting an appropriate display and going through the setup block.
The Keyboard and HP-IB interrupt the flow around the loop, forcing the Microprocessor to execute a short program and then return to the loop as shown in the diagram. Since the supervisor can be interrupted at any point but always returns to a single location, Keyboard and HP-IB interrupts must abort the current measurement and start a new measurement cycle.
The Keyboard and HP-IB can be thought of as a medium through which the user requests a certain instrument setup. It is important to note that the actual instrument setup is guaranteed to conform to the Keyboard request only at the moment a measurement is taken. The Controller may change the instrument hardware at other times to optimize its tuning, leveling, and ranging functions. For example, in troubleshooting, 3.1 SPCL may be keyed in to check if the 455 kHz IF filter is being selected properly. If there is no RF input signal and the instrument is trying to auto-tune, it would be discovered that both IF filters are being used. The proper test would have been to use a Direct Control Special Function ( 0.031 SPCL).
The microprocessor-based Controller interacts closely with the hardware of the instrument. Many circuits are used by the Controller for different functions at different times. Thus, a specific failure in one circuit can show up as a collection of symptoms that superficially seem unrelated. For example, a failure of the squelch detector in the FM Demodulator can result in frequency errors when tuning to an RF signal with large amounts of AM. The appearance of several symptoms can often be used to advantage as they provide many avenues to pursue when tracking down a problem.
A clearline is drawn between special functions used for service (i.e., Direct Control Special Functions and Service Special Functions) and normal instrument operation. When these special functions are used, normal instrument functions are suspended. When the special function mode is left to resume
normal measurements, all effects of these special functions on hardware are lost. As an example, a Direct Control Special Function can be used to activate a particular Input Attenuator to check its operation. But once normal measurements are resumed, the attenuator setting will revert back to what it was before the Direct Control Special Function was invoked.

## 8-66. RF and Power Supply SectionsService Sheet BD2

General. The RF Section contains the RF Input, IF Amplifier, and Local Oscillator (LO). The entire section is shock mounted to minimize microphonics on the LO and well shielded to minimize RF leakage.
RF Input Assembly (A15). The RF Input Assembly is the instrument's front end. It receives the RF input signal and attenuates it to an optimum level for the Input Mixer.
The RF level is sensed by the RF Level Detector. The output of the detector is buffered by the Detector Amplifier and applied to the Voltmeter. The Controller uses the RF Level Detector when automatically setting the RF Attenuator and when making RF LEVEL measurements. The RF Level Detector senses the peak of the RF voltage including AM envelope peaks.
The Overpower Detector compares the detected RF level with a reference. If the RF level (with AM envelope) exceeds IW, the Overpower Protection relay is de-activated (opened) and latched. Pressing any key will reset the relay.
If the instrument is tuned to a frequency greater than 10 MHz , the 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter can be switched in to eliminate low-frequency signals on the input which can pass directly into the IF. Special Function 3 controls the selection of the 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter (as well as the IF filter).
The Input Attenuator consists of one 10 dB pad and two 20 dB pads for a range of 0 to 50 dB . The RF path is switched between the thru-lines and attenuator pads by RF relays as determined by the Controller. Table 8-9 lists the pads which are switched in on the attenuation ranges.

Table 8-9. Attenuator Pad Selection

| Attenuation | Pads Selected |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 dB | Thru-Line |
| 10 dB | 10 dB |
| 20 dB | 20 dB No. 1 |
| 30 dB | $10 \mathrm{~dB} \& 20 \mathrm{~dB}$ No. 1 |
| 40 dB | Both 20 dB |
| 50 dB | All |

Table 8-10 lists the attenuation selected for various measurement conditions and approximate RF input signal levels.

Table B-10. Signal Level vs. Attenuation

| Input Signal Level (dBm) |  | Input Attenuation* (dB) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 0.15- \\ 650 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 650 \\ 1300 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | FM \& $\Phi$ M Demodulation | AM <br> Demodulation |
| -25 to - 16 | -20 to -13 | 0 | 0 |
| -16 to -6 | -13 to -3 | 0 | 10 |
| -6 to 4 | -3 to 7 | 10 | 20 |
| 4 to 14 | 7 to 17 | 20 | 30 |
| 14 to 24 | 17 to 27 | 30 | 40 |
| 24 to 30 | 27 to 30 | 40 | 50 |
| -Input Attenuation for RFLEVEL measurement is 50 dB and overrides Special Functions 1.1 to 1.5. |  |  |  |

Input Mixer Assembly (A17). The Input Mixer Assembly converts the input RF signal to the IF. Part of the IF filtering is included in this assembly. The LO is tuned so that the LO frequency minus the signal frequency is the IF. The LO can also be manually tuned so the IF responds to the image, i.e., when the signal frequency minus $L O$ frequency equals the IF. In this case the phase of the FM is inverted.

The Input Mixer has two modes of operation: it down converts the input signal to the 1.5 MHz or 455 kHz IF; or, for signals below 2.5 MHz , it passes the signal directly into the IF. The frequency range of the Input Mixer (for down conversion) is 2.5 to 1300 MHz . (Down conversion can be extended below 2.5 MHz with the 455 kHz IF and manual tuning.) The normal operating signal level is less than -16 dBm for $A M$ and -6 dBm for $F M$ and $\Phi M$. The downconverted input signal is not used during RF LEVEL measurements.

The LO signal for the Input Mixer comes from the LO Dividers through the LO Amplifier.
The IF frequency response is determined by the IF Filters and IF Amplifier. The 455 kHz Bandpass Filter determines the response of the 455 kHz IF and is switched in automatically for input signals in the range of 2.5 to 10 MHz . The frequency response of the 1.5 MHz IF is determined by RF input blocking capacitors (not shown), the 4 MHz Low-Pass Filter, and (principally) the 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter (in the A6 AM Demodulator Assembly). The 4 MHz LowPass Filter is switched in when the 1.5 MHz IF is selected. When the IF filter selection is automatic, the 1.5 MHz IF is selected for signals in the range of

10 to 1300 MHz or 150 kHz to 2.5 MHz . Special Function 3 controls the IF frequency (as well as the 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter in the RF Input Assembly).

IF Amplifier Assembly (A18). The IF Amplifier increases the signal from the Input Mixer to a level suitable to drive the AM and FM Demodulators. The IF strip is designed for low noise, linear phase shift vs. frequency (i.e., constant group delay) to minimize FM distortion, and flat frequency response to minimize incidental AM (i.e., AM occurring as the result of FM).

Local Oscillator. The Local Oscillator consists of the LO Divider Assembly (A19), LO Control Assembly (A20), Low Frequency VCXO Filter Assembly (A21), Low Frequency VCXO Assembly (A22), Sampler Assembly (A23), and High Frequency VCO Assembly (A24). The overall operation and different tuning modes of the LO are described in Service Sheet BD1. Special Function 4 controls LO tuning.

High Frequency VCO Assembly (A24). The High Frequency VCO has a nominal frequency range of 320 to 650 MHz . The output is buffered by two Output Buffer Amplifiers. One output drives the LO Divider, the other the Sampler. The tune input to the HF VCO has a switchable lead-lag network (Tune Voltage Filter) to reduce phase noise. The network is switched out while seeking a signal and is switched in when tuned.

LO Divider Assembly (A19). The signal from the HF VCO, after passing through the LO Divider Assembly, is the LO drive to the Input Mixer. The LO Divider Assembly has one Doubler stage ( 640 to 1300 MHz LO range), one thru-path ( 320 to 640 MHz range), and eight LO Dividers ( 1.25 to 325 MHz ranges). Each divider is a high-speed divide by two. The Divider Output Gates enable and cascade the appropriate dividers for the range selected. The first three dividers are always enabled. The 40 to 81.25 MHz output of the third divider is the LO (HF $\mathrm{VCO} \div 8$ ) input to the Counter.
To prevent mistuning on the doubler range, which can result from spurious LO signals, the input to the Doubler is filtered by a tunable Doubler Input Filter. The filter primarily suppresses the third harmonic of the HF VCO which becomes the $3 / 2$ harmonic of the doubled signal. The Doubler High-Pass Filter following the Doubler suppresses the fundamental feedthrough (the $1 / 2$ harmonic).

Low Frequency VCXO and Fitter Assemblies (A22 and A21). The Low Frequency VCXO is a highly stable, tunable reference oscillator to which the HF VCO is locked in the low-noise tune modes. It consists of two tunable crystal oscillators (nominally 9.26 and 11.26 MHz ) mixed together to produce a 2 MHz output. The two oscillators can each be tuned in opposition approximately 6.25 kHz for a total tuning range of 2 $\mathrm{MHz} \pm 6.25 \mathrm{kHz}$. This tuning scheme allows a broad tuning range while retaining the high stability of the individual oscillators. The 2 MHz Low-Pass Filter and 2 MHz Bandpass Filter (A21) reject unwanted mixing products which appear as spurious AM and FM residual tones. Careful selection of the crystal frequencies minimizes the output of spurious mixing products.

Sampler Assembly (A23). The Sampler is the phase detector of the phase lock loop. The tunable 2 MHz signal from the LF VCXO drives the Sampling Bridge through the 2 MHz Limiter and Impulse Generator. The output of the Impulse Generator is a train of extremely short-duration pulses with the repetition rate of the 2 MHz signal. The pulses momentarily turn on the diodes (i.e., close the switch) of the Sampling Bridge and pass the signal from the HF VCO. The output from the Sampling Bridge is thus the HF VCO sampled at a 2 MHz rate. If the two signals are harmonically coherent, the output will be a dc voltage with a level determined by the phase and amplitude of the HF VCO. The action of the phase lock loop tunes the HF VCO to drive the voltage to zero. If the relationship is not strictly harmonic (i.e., phase lock is broken), the output is a beat note with a frequency equal to the difference between the HF VCO and the nearest harmonic of the LF VCXO. The output of the Sampling Bridge, which is the phase error voltage, is smoothed and buffered by the Sampler Amplifier.

The tune voltage for the HF VCO is supplied by the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier. The Tune Integrator has several sources of input: the Sampler Amplifier, the Track Loop Amplifier, the Sweep Up Current Source, the Sweep Down Current Source, and the DAC Control Amplifier. Only one input is active at a time. If one of the current sources is active, the Tune Integrator sweeps the HF VCO. If the input is one of the amplifier outputs, the Tune Integrator is configured as part of a feedback loop receiving its input from the FM Demodulator.
The grounding switch at the input of the Tune Integrator is open only when the Sampler Amplifier is connected to its input. When the amplifier is not connected, the switch is closed to keep signals at the Sampler Amplifier output from coupling into
the Tune Integrator. The Out-of-Lock Detector at the Sampler Amplifier output senses the presence of ripple and lights the OUT OF LOCK annunciator to indicate lock has broken. A BW Control line also lights the annunciator when the Tune Voltage Filter has not been turned on. This line also controls the bandwidth of the Tune Integrator. The bandwidth is narrowed in the low-noise phase lock and track modes (i.e., always when tuned).
The No-HF-VCO Detector lights the NO HF VCO annunciator if the amplitude of the signal from the HF VCO is too low. The 700 MHz Low-Pass Filter in the Sampling Bridge input line filters out harmonics of the HF VCO to assure proper sampler gain.

LO Control Assembly (A20). The LO Control Assembly contains the digital decoders and latches for the entire RF Section and the low-frequency analog circuits that control and tune the LO.
The Digital-to-Analog Converters (DACs) drive either the LF VCXO (through the LF VCXO Amplifier) or the HF VCO (through the DAC Control and HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier). The DAC outputs a current that is proportional to the weighting of the bits of its digital input. The amplifiers following the DAC convert the current into a tune voltage.
The LF VCXO Tune Voltage Filter filters the tune line to the LF VCXO to reduce phase noise in the low-noise phase lock mode. This is necessary because the tune input is outside of the phase lock loop.
The Sweep Down Current Source sweeps the HF VCO when the LO searches for the input signal. The Sweep Up Current Source is the retrace for the sweep.
The Track Loop Amplifier is used only in the track mode. Its input is the dc output from the FM Demodulator which is proportional to the IF center frequency. If the input signal changes frequency, the HF VCO is tuned via the Track Loop Amplifier and Tune Integrator to keep the IF at a nominal 1.5 MHz. (Track tuning is not permitted with the 455 $\mathbf{k H z}$ IF.) Thus the track mode is the only tuning mode where the LO "locks" on to the input signal (i.e., a frequency lock loop is formed).

The Track Loop Amplifier has a different gain for each LO range. This compensates for the change in LO tuning sensitivity caused by the LO Dividers.

Power Supply Assemblies (A10 and A26). The five regulated supplies are: $+15 \mathrm{~V},-15 \mathrm{~V},+40 \mathrm{~V},+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and -.5 V . Each supply has its own secondary winding on the Line Transformer and its own full-wave rectifier. The latter four supplies are referenced from
the +15 V supply. Each supply is a series regulator type. When theinstrument is switched to STBY, the +15 V supply remains on and supplies current only to the high-stability time base reference oscillator (Option 002). In STBY the other supplies become referenced to 0 V and thereby shut themselves off. The supply switching is via the ON/STBY Relay. The fan is also switched by the relay.

## 8-67. Audio Section-Service Sheet BD3

General. The Audio Section contains the AM and FM Demodulators, Audio Circuits (including amplifiers, filters, attenuators, switches, FM de-mphasis, etc.), Voltmeter, and AM and FM Calibrators (Option 010).

AM Demodulator Assembly (A6). The down-converted signal from the IF Amplifier is filtered by a 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter. The FM IF Buffer drives the FM Demodulator and rear-panel IF OUTPUT jack. The AM IF Buffer drives the AM Demodulator.

The AM is demodulated by means of a precision, half-wave rectifier in an automatic leveling control (ALC) circuit. The buffered IF signal is amplified by a Voltage-Variable Amplifier then rectified (detected) by the AM and Level Detector. The detected signal, after carrier filtering, represents the carrier level (dc component) plus AM (ac component). The ac component accurately represents the AM only if the dc component is known or set to a known level. The detected signal is filtered and amplified by the Level Amplifier and Carrier Filter. It is then compared to a constant ALC Reference by the BW Control and Level Comparison Amplifier. The output of this amplifier is the carrier level error. The error voltage is amplified by the Resistor Drive Amplifier which sets the variableresistor input to the Voltage-Variable Amplifier. The resistor adjusts the IF level to cause the dc component of the carrier to equal the ALC Reference.

The amount of filtering in the comparison amplifier determines the minimum AM rate which can be accurately demodulated. An ALC Bandwidth Control line sets the ALC loop for a fast or slow response. The feedback loop may also be defeated by the ALC Defeat line. Special Function 6 controls the ALC loop.

The second output of the AM and Level Detector is buffered by the AM Output Buffer. One output of the buffer is fed to the rear-panel AM OUTPUT jack. The other output is fed to the audio circuits for filtering and audio processing.

The output of the FM IF Buffer is detected by two detectors. The IF Level Detector output is read by the Voltmeter. It is used by the automatic tuning routine and for making TUNED RF LEVEL measurements. The IF Present Detector is used to stop the LO sweep during a signal search (independent of the Controller).
The Voltmeter also receives IF level information from the output of the Level Amplifier and Carrier Filter which is used for IF LEVEL measurements. The voltage from the Resistor Drive Amplifier is an indication of the ALC current driving the input resistor circuit. It is used for setting the Input Attenuator when the ALC is on. (When the ALC is off, the Input Attenuator is set using the IF Level Detector for FM or the level on the Average IF Level line for AM.)

FM Demodulator (A4). The signal from the FM IF Buffer drives the FM IF Limiters. The limiters strip AM and noise off the IF to minimize demodulation of AM by the FM Demodulator (known as incidental FM). The three stages each have a gain of 22 dB . The output of the limiters is a square wave which drives a Precision Limiter. This limiter clamps the upper and lower levels of the squarewave to highly stable references required by the Charge-Count Discriminator. For each cycle of the IF signal, the discriminator passes a fixed quantity of charge through the feedback resistor of an amplifier. The voltage developed at the amplifier's output is proportional to the amount of charge delivered per unit of time. Fluctuations in IF frequency ( FM ) produce fluctuations in the output of the discriminator. The demodulated FM passes through the FM Output Amplifier and on to the audio circuits for further filtering and audio processing.
The Squelch Switch grounds the output of the discriminator whenever the IF level detected by the Squelch Detector is insufficient. This attenuates the large noisy output that would then result and speeds up recovery of the audio circuits from tuning induced transients. The Controller also activates squelch during tuning, measurement of RF LEVEL, and during part of the AM and FM Calibrator sequence.
The signal from the FM IF Limiter also drives the Counter via the Counter IF Buffer.

Audio Filter Assembly (A2). The residual IF carrier on the demodulated AM or FM is filtered out by the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter in each path. These filters determine the audio bandwidth when LP FILTER is set to $>200 \mathrm{kHz}$ (except when the 455 kHz IF is selected). 20 dB Attenuator 1 partly sets the audio gain in FM and $\boldsymbol{\Phi} \mathbf{M}$.

The demodulated signal then passes through Amplifier 1 which has a gain of 8.9 dB . When selected, the 15 kHz or $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ Low-Pass Filters further filter the signal. The 15 kHz is automatically selected for the 455 kHz IF. (The $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ Low-Pass Filter can als, be selected.) The 6 dB Attenuator in the thru path matches the 6 dB loss through the other two filters. Amplifier 2 has 13.7 dB of gain. 20 dB Attenuator:) gives further audio range control. Amplifier 3 has 20 dB of gain. The three amplifiers distribute the audio gain for optimum noise and distortion. Special Function 2 controls the overall audio gain. Table $8-11$ lists the modulation ranges and the associated attenuation.

Table 8-11. Attenuation vs. Modulation Range

| Modulation Range |  |  | 20 dB Attenuator |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AM Depth [\%] | FM <br> Deviation (kHz)* | $\Phi M$ Deviation (radians) | 1 | 2 |
| 40 | 4 | 4 | out | out |
| 100 | 40 | 40 | out | in |
| 100 | 400 | 400 | in | in |
| *With $750 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ FM DE-EMPHASIS and PRE-DISPIAY selected the FM ranges are 0.4 .4 . and 40 kHz . |  |  |  |  |

Audio De-emphasis and Output Assembly (A3). The Audio De-mphasis and Output Assembly contains further audio filtering, FM deemphasis, a $\Phi \mathrm{M}$ integrator, audio output amplifiers, and two audio level detectors.
The 50 and 300 Hz High-Pass and 3 kHz Low-Pass Filters are active filters selected by the front panel. The four FM de-emphasis networks are single-pole low-pass filters with time constants of $750,75,50$, and $25 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. The $750 \mu$ s network is an active filter with 20 dB of gain.
The Phase Modulation Integrator converts the FM input into an equivalent $\Phi \mathrm{M}$. This is because the instantaneous phase deviation is the integral of the instantaneous frequency deviation.
The front-panel MODULATION OUTPUT is driven by an inverting Output Amplifier. The output is always affected by audio filtering and FM deemphasis when selected. The output to the Voltmeter is through the Inverting/Non-Inverting Amplifier. The amplifier has a gain of -1 when PEAK + is selected and, for FM and $\Phi \mathrm{M}$, the input signal is down converted by the Input Mixer; otherwise, the gain is +1 . The input to the amplifier can be selected to include (PRE-DISPLAY) or exclude FM de-emphasis.

The Absolute Peak Detector, Audio Overvoltage Detector, and the Voltmeter together sense the audio signal level for determining the audio range. The Audio Overvoltage Detector compares the audio voltage to a reference. If the audio level is too large, the audio gain is reset to minimum. The detector is quick acting and sets a status flag which can be read by the Controller. The output of the Absolute Peak Detector (which detects the greater of the positive and negative peaks) is read by the Voltmeter. If either peak or the displayed measurement exceeds the limits set by the Controller, and if automatic ranging has been selected, the audio gain is reduced. The display normally predominates unless the signal is filtered out by one of the filters on the assembly..The Absolute Peak Detector thus prevents the active circuits ahead of the filters from being overdriven.

Voltmeter Assembly (A5). The Voltmeter consists of an average detector, a peak detector, and a voltage-to-time converter.
The average detector consists of a precision HalfWave Rectifier and a Summer and Filter. The summer amplifier adds the input signal, weighted by a factor of one, to the inverted and half-wave rectified input, weighted by a factor of two. The resultant sum is a full-wave rectified output. After filtering, the output dc voltage is equal to the signal's rectified average.
The Peak Detector captures the positive ac peak. A sampling switch at the output of the detector controls the transfer of the output to the Voltage-to-Time Converter and the discharging of the detector. Special Function 5 controls the discharge rate.
The InputSelector selects one of many dc inputs into the Voltageto-Time Converter. The output of the selector is a reference input into a Comparator. The Comparator's other input is a constant ramp. The ramp is initiated by the Counter. As the ramp rises, the Counter counts its time base reference ( 10 MHz ). When the ramp voltage equals the level of the other input, the Comparator signals the Counter to stop counting. The accumulated count represents the dc voltage. Ground is measured separately and subtracted from the Voltmeter measurement. Special Functions 49 and 50 allow direct access and display of the Voltmeter readings.

FM Calibrator Assembly (Option 010, A51). The heart of the FM Calibrator is a 10.1 MHz VCO. A 10 kHz trapezoidal wave is applied to the tune line of the VCO which generates FM. During the CALIBRA. TION measurement, the VCO input is switched to the upper frequency, $f U$, and the frequency is
measured by the Counter. Then the VCO input is switched to the lower frequency, $f L$, and the frequency is again measured. The Controller calculates the peak deviation as

$$
\mathrm{FM}=\frac{f U-f L}{2}
$$

A measurement of residual FM is also made on the unmodulated VCO and entered into the calculation of the FM calibration factor. The FM signal is then measured, and the calibration factor is calculated and shown on the display. The sensitivity of the VCO and tune voltage are designed to give approximately 34 kHz peak deviation.
To prevent ringing of the demodulated signal in the audio circuits, the modulation signal is given a slow risetime by the Trapezoid Generator-a soft limiter which receives its input from the Triangle Generator. The Triangle Generator and Mode Control comparator together form a relaxation oscillator. The output from the Mode Control comparator switches between a positive and negative output current.
The integrator generates a negative or positive ramp depending on its input. When the output reaches the Mode Control reference, the comparator output switches sense to initiate a ramp in the opposite direction.

Special Function 12 controls the FM Calibrator and permits its use with another HP 8901A.

AM Calibrator Assembly (Option 010, A50). The input to the AM Calibrator is the unmodulated 10.1 MHz from the FM Calibrator. The signal passes through a Limiter and is applied to two similar Modulators (A and B) through two Amplifiers (A and B). Modulator $B$ is then switched on and off by the 10 kHz Modulation Oscillator through Current Source B. The outputs from the two Modulators are then summed in the Summing Amplifier, and the summed signal appears (after attenuation) at the CALIBRATION OUTPUT jack. If both signal paths are identical, the output from the calibrator is periodically toggling between a specific RF level and twice that level. This produces $33.33 \%$ AM.
Because the two paths may differ slightly, accuracy of the AM Calibrator is enhanced by detecting and measuring the levels from the Modulators statically during an initial calibration sequence. First, the voltage from the detector is measured with only Modulator B on via the XI DC Amplifier ( $V_{B}$ ). It is also measured via the X10 DC Amplifier ( $V_{10 B}$ ). Then Modulator B is switched off and Modulator A
on. The level is now measured via the $\times 10 \mathrm{DC}$ Amplifier ( $V_{10 A}$ ). AM is then calculated by the formula

$$
\% \mathrm{AM}=\frac{100 \%}{3-\left(\frac{2}{10}\right)\left(\frac{V_{10 A}-V_{10 B}}{V_{B}}\right)}
$$

A measurement of residual AM is also made on the unmodulated RF and entered into the calculation of the AM calibration factor. The AM signal is then measured and the calibration factor is calculated and shown on the display.
To prevent ringing of the demodulated signal in the audio circuits, the modulation squarewave is given a slow risetime by the Current Sources. Special Function 13 controls the AM Calibrator and permits its use with another HP 8901A.

## 8-68. Digital and Front Panel SectionsService Sheet BD4

General. The Digital Section contains the Counter, Controller, and Remote Interface. The Front Panel Section contains the Keyboard and Display.

Counter Assembly (A11). The Counter consists of a 10 MHz Reference Oscillator, Time Base Divider, Input Selector, four counter stages, and counter control circuits. The input to Stages 2 through 4 is selected by the InputSelector switch. When the LO frequency is counted, Counter Stage 1 is enabled and fed into Stage 2. The input to Stage 1 is the High Frequency VCO signal divided by eight. When the Voltmeter input is selected, the Selected Time Base Reference ( 10 MHz ), gated by the Voltmeter Gate, is the input to Stage 2. Other inputs which can be selected are IF, FM Calibrator, and Internal and External Time Base (useful as a Counter self-check).
The Counter counts in binary. Stage 1 is a divide-byeight. Stages 2 through 4 are divide-by-sixteens. More stages of counting are contained in the microprocessor. In addition, the microprocessor also counts the number of Time Base periods.
At the end of a count sequence, the Time Base disables the Counter via the Counter Gate Control. The Counter Transfer Logic then transfers the count of the individual stages in parallel to the Controller via the Counter Output \& Time Base Gating. First, the output from Stage 4 is transferred. Then the output from Stage 3 is loaded into Stage 4, and the output from Stage 4 is again transferred. This process is again repeated with Stage 2 loading into Stage 4 via Stage 3 and transferring. Finally, Stage

1 is loaded into Stage 4 via Stages 2 and 3 and transferred. (The output from Stage 1 is used only when counting the LO frequency.)
To make a voltage measurement, the Voltage-toTime Converter generates a pulse whose time interval is proportional to its dc input voltage. During this time interval, the Counter counts its time base reference. The count thus accumulated is proportional to the input voltage. The count is initiated when the Counter enables its Input Selector and the Voltage-to-Time Converter (via the Ramp Gate). The Voltage-to-Time Converter then closes the Voltmeter Gate (via the Stop Count line) and the Selected Time Base Reference passes into Counter Stage 2. When the time interval ends, the Voltmeter Gate is opened. Some time later, the Controller disables the Counter and transfers the accumulated count to the Controller.

The time base reference is either the standard 10 MHz Reference Oscillator, the Option 00210 MHz High Stability Crystal Oscillator, or an external input from the rear-panel TIME BASE 10 MHz INPUT jack. For Option 002, the crystal from the 10 MHz Reference Oscillator is removed and the oscillator's circuitry is driven by the High Stability Oscillator. In either case, when an external reference is applied, a detector senses the signal and throws the Time Base Select Switch to the external position. This is done in such a way as to minimize the interruption of the reference since (after dividing by five) it is also the Controller clock.
The Time Base Divider divides the 10 MHz reference by 1600 . The 6.25 kHz Time Base signal controls the enable period of the Counter and hence determines the Counter accuracy.

Controlier (A13). The Controller consists of a microprocessor, read-only memory (ROM), random-access memory (RAM), a memory select decoder, and input/output interface circuitry. The microprocessor is divided into two devices-the Central Processing Unit (CPU) and a Static Memory Interface (SMI). A third device, a Peripheral Input/Output (PIO), is also included when the microprocessor interfaces with the Remote Interface Assembly.
The Controller's program is stored in ROM. To retrieve information from ROM, the SMI, under control of the CPU, outputs the appropriate address on the Address Bus. Five of the sixteen address bits are decoded by the Memory Select Decoder to enable one of the ROM devices. Eleven other address bits address the individual ROMs. The enabled ROM then outputs eight bits of data onto the Data Bus from the location corresponding to the input
address. Information in ROM may be either a program instruction or data. In a similar manner temporary information is written to or read from the RAM. The RAM, however, is addressed by only eight of the eleven address bits, and inputs or outputs only four data bits.

The CPU interprets bytes from the ROM as data or instructions depending on the context of the pro gram. If the byte is an instruction, the outcome depends on the nature of the instruction. A simple instruction (such as add or shift) is executed immediately and the instruction in the next address fetched. More complex instructions fetch additional data or instructions from following addresses and, in the case of jumps and subroutine calls, cause program execution to move to another location in memory.

When a front-panel key is pressed, an interrupt is generated. The interrupt causes program execution to jump to a specified address location where the interrupt service subroutine is located. The subroutine interrogates the Keyboard to determine which key was pressed and then takes the appropriate action. HP-IB codes and commands interrupt the Microprocessor in a similar way.

The CPU communicates with the SMI and PIO through the ROM Control (ROMC) lines and the Data Bus. The CPU does data manipulation (arithmetic and logic computations) and contains the clocking and control circuitry. The clock is normally derived from the Counter's time base reference; however, if the clock fails (to an open circuit) or if the Counter Assembly is unplugged, a clock internal to the CPU will continue to generate clock pulses. The SMI interfaces with the external ROMs and RAM.

The CPU also contains the bidirectional input/output (I/O) ports for communicating with the instrument hardware. This is done via the Instrument Bus discussed in the next paragraph. Four of the I/O bits, however, are reserved for servicing of the Controller. Four LEDs driven from the port indicate errors encountered during power-up verification tests, measurement cycles, and Keyboard and HP-IB interrupts. Four test points on the port can be used to initiate troubleshooting routines which use signature analysis. See TEST LEDs and Test Points, page 817.

Instrument Bus. Figure $8-42$ shows a typical hookup on the Instrument Bus. The Instrument Bus lines are broken down into three groups: enable (e), select (s), and data (d). The enable code (e0 to e3) comes from I/O lines 10 through 13 of the CPU (A13U14).

Three of the lines are decoded by the Enable Code Decoder (A13U17) to activate one of eight unique enable lines ( $e=0$ to $e=7$ ). The fourth line enables the decoder itself. The enable lines run to various instrument sections. Typically, each line is dedicated to a specific section or operational function; e.g., enable line $e=1$ controls audio-related functions in the Audio Section.

The select ( s 0 to s 3 ) and data codes ( d 0 to d 3 ) come from I/O lines 00 to 07. The eight lines run in parallel to all sections of the instrument where they are decoded on the assemblies. (In the RF Section one assembly, the A20 LO Control Assembly, decodes the Instrument Bus for the entire section.) Up to 16 data codes for each of the 16 select codes are possible for each active enable line. The select code typically selects a functional category on an assembly and the data code selects the specific function or configuration. On a given assembly the select codes are decoded only while the corresponding enable line is active. The data codes are in turn decoded and latched only when triggered by the decoded select line. The latched data drive the digital-to-analog devices which control the instrument hardware.

On the schematic diagrams the lines leaving the I/O ports of the CPU are labeled with a mnemonic such as $\mathbf{s} 2(\mathrm{~L})$ for $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ line 02 . The " s " indicates a select code, " 2 " indicates that it is the third least-significant bit of the un-decoded select code, and "(L)" indicates that the line is true (1) when the logic level is low. All bit position numbering begins with 0 . The select codes go out on the Instrument Bus through Select Buffers which are simple inverters. Thus s2(L) goes out on the bus as $\mathbf{s} 2(\mathrm{H})$. Decoded codes are labeled as $e=1(\mathrm{~L})$ for example. The " $e$ " indicates an enable code, " $=$ " indicates decoding, " 1 " indicates a decoded hexadecimal 1 (binary 0001), and "(L)" indicates the logic level corresponding to a true. The mnemonice $=1$ corresponds to e3e2ele $0=0001$. Data codes are also buffered. However, unbuffered data lines are also connected to the Instrument Bus for reading back data to the I/O ports.

The example of Figure $8-42$ will be used to illustrate how the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter is selected. The filter (not shown) is activated when the output line of the High-Pass Filter Control (A3U16) labeled 50 Hz HPF(L) goes low. Register U16 is simply a latch; it does not decode the data. To activate the 50 Hz HighPass Filter, the CPU sends out the binary enable code 0001 (hexadecimal 1), select code 0100 (hexadecimal 4), and data code 0010 (hexadecimal 2). The Enable Decoder activates the line $e=1(L)$. The decoder was enabled because e3(H) was low. Since $s 3(H)$ is low, and since $e=1(L)$ is also low, the Select


Figure 8-42. Example Showing Instrument Bus Hookup

Decoder (A3U20) is enabled. The three leastsignificant bits of the select code are decoded and activate the $s=4(\mathrm{~L})$ line out of the decoder. This line clocks the data into the High-Pass Filter Control latch. Since the $\mathrm{d} 1(\mathrm{H})$ line is high, the $50 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{HPF}(\mathrm{L})$ line goes low. This selects the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter.

There is a direct relationship betwen the codes output on the Instrument Bus and the Direct Control Special Functions discussed on page 8-8. If the enable, select, and data codes are combined into a hexadecimal number "esd", this becomes the Direct Control suffix. In the example here it is 142 , corresponding to Direct Control code 0.142 discussed in the example there. Instrument control can be visualized as a series of Direct Control Special Functions issued under program control.

The example above decoded only three of the four select code bits and used the data bits directly or inverted them). Notice that if the code esd $=147$ were issued, the thru path (No HPF), 50 Hz High-Pass Filter, 300 Hz High-Pass Filter, and De-mphasis Pre-Display switches would all be activated. On some assemblies the data codes may be decoded and select codes above 7 may be used. On other assemblies certain select codes are used to enable readback devices which read back status or measurement data onto the unbuffered data lines. This is discussed in more detail in connection with Special Functions, page 88.

Keyboard and Display Assembly (A1). The Keyboard and Display Assembly is both an input peripheral and an output peripheral to the Controller. The pressing of a key is sensed by the

Keystroke Detector. The detector interrupts the Microprocessor which then enters an interrupt service routine. The routine causes the key rows and columns to be scanned sequentially via the Key Row and Column Scanner to ascertain which key is down. This is accomplished by driving the rows in sequence with the select decoder and reading the state of the columns with the data readback lines. If no key closure is found (due, perhaps, to key bounce), the scan repeats. If no key closure is found after 50 ms , the Microprocessor leaves this routine and begins making a new measurement.
Lighting of the key and annunciator lights and display digits and decimal points is by a straightforward decoding of the Instrument Bus. Note that the lights in the keys do not light as a direct result of a key closure, but rather the Microprocessor, having recognized a key closure, sends the command out on the Instrument Bus to light the key light.

Remote Interface Assembly (A14). The Remote Interface Assembly interfaces the Controller with the Hewlett-Packard Interface Bus (HP-IB). It performs necessary handshake operations, interprets the HP-IB control lines, and is both an input and output peripheral to the Controller.
As an input peripheral, it accepts a byte from the HP-IB data lines under control of the bus handshake lines. It then interprets the data byte and the bus control lines to see if the byte is an address (talk or listen), a command, or a data byte. When a byte is processed, one of three things happens: (1) the byte is ignored, (2) the byte is processed in hardware (e.g., some bus commands), or (3) the byte causes a Microprocessor interrupt (e.g., codes received while addressed to listen). The Microprocessor treats an HP-IB interrupt as it would an interrupt from the Keyboard. However, the HP-IB interrupt service routine first checks whether or not the byte is a command (e.g., Device Clear), address, or data (e.g., "M1"). If it is an address or command, the byte is processed. If it is data, the routine first checks whether or not the instrument is in remote. If it is, the incoming byte is processed as program code. If not, the byte is ignored. After processing a byte, the Microprocessor tells the Remote Interface what to do next (e.g., input another byte, set a status latch, or prepare to output a byte).
As an output peripheral, the Remote Interface takes a byte of status or measurement data from the Microprocessor and processes it over the HP-IB. It does this only after determining that the Modulation Analyzer has been addressed to talk. The require service message (SRQ) is also output via the Remote Interface.

The Remote Interface Assembly consists of Handshake Logic, HP-IB Input/Output Transceivers, Interface Control Logic, Address Decoder, part of the Microprocessor, and Instrument Bus interface circuits.
The Handshake Logic controls the asynchronous transfer of bytes over the HP-IB. It does this without interruption of the Microprocessor whenever the byte is data but the Modulation Analyzer is not addressed to listen or whenever the byte is not an interrupting bus command. It also provides the means for the Microprocessor to complete the handshake if the byte is an interrupting type.
When the Modulation Analyzer is accepting bytes, the Handshake Logic monitors the Microprocessor and HP-IB and signals the HP-IB talker or bus controller when the Modulation Analyzer is ready to receive, tells the Microprocessor when valid data is on the HP-IB, and tells the HP-IB talker when the Microprocessor has accepted the data. When the Modulation Analyzer is outputting data or status bytes, the Handshake Logic tells the Microprocessor when the HP-IB listener is ready to receive, provides the Microprocessor with logic to tell the listener when data is valid, and tells the Microprocessor when the listener has accepted data.
The HP-IB Input/Output Transceivers act as HP-IB buffers and send/receive switches. They are controlled by the Interface Control Logic.
The Interface Control Logic together with the Address Decoder determines the talk or listen status of the interface and whether or not the Microprocessor should be interrupted. The ROM in the Handshake Control Logic is addressed by two of the HP-IB data lines, the Address Decoder, and one of the HP-IB control lines (Attention, ATN). The ROM contains the control information for the Interface Control Logic and the Microprocessor.
If the Modulation Analyzer's listen address is recognized by the Address Decoder, the Microprocessor attempts to set the Remote Enable Flip-Flop. If the HP-IB Remote Enable (REN) control line is true, the flip-flop is set (if not already set), and the Microprocessor sets a status bit in memory. Each time the Microprocessor performs any remote-dependent operation, it checks both the status bit and the flipflop output (Remote Enable Latch, RNL). Both must be set for the instrument to remain in remote. If REN goes false at any time, the Remote Enable Flip-Flop is cleared, and the instrument is no longer in remote.
The Address Decoder compares the address set by the Address Switches with the five least significant input bytes to determine if the instrument is being
addressed. The Interface Control Logic looks at the output of the Address Decoder and the next two input bits to determine if it is a talk or listen address and if the instrument should respond to it. The result of this determination modifies the address to the ROM in the Interface Control Logic.
The Address Readback Gates output the address from the Address Switches onto the Instrument Bus data lines when Special Function 21 (HP-IB Address) is selected. This is how the Controller reads the HP-IB address. (See HP-IB Address in the Detailed Operating Instructions in the Operating Manual.)
The portion of the Microprocessor that directly handles the HP-IB input/output resides on the Remote Interface Assembly. This includes the ROM (not to be confused with the ROM in the Interface Control Logic) that contains the HP-IB routines of the instrument software, a Memory Select Decoder (to enable the ROM when needed), and a Peripheral Input/Output (PIO). The PIO is a device that routes the HP-IB data to and from the CPU and the HP-IB, provides a communication link between the CPU and the Remote Interface hardware, and provides the means for interrupting the CPU. One of the two, eight-bit PIO output ports connects to the HP-IB data lines and the other to the handshake and control logic.

## NOTE

For purposes of troubleshooting the Controller, the Remote Interface Assembly may be unplugged. Provision has been made to allow the instrument to work with only the loss of the HP-IB and LIMIT functions.

Although the Remote Interface Assembly receives data and operating information from the PIO, it is primarily through the Instrument Bus that it is controlled. (Commands such as SRQ that need rapid processing come from the PIO). A Select Decoder decodes the select lines when enabled by code $\mathrm{e}=4$. The decoded select lines enable or disable parts of the Remote Interface Assembly.

## 8-69. RF Input (A15)-Service Sheet 1

General. The RF Input Assembly contains the Input Attenuator, Overpower Protection, RF Level and Overpower Detector, and 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter. Together, these circuits provide a suitable input signal for the Input Mixer (see Service Sheet 2).
5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter. The 5.25 MHz HighPass Filter must be switched in by entering user Special Function 3.3 or 3.4 SPCL. Its function is to prevent the IF from responding to low-frequency, spurious signals which may be present along with a higher frequency input signal. The filter is a diplexer type which presents a $50 \Omega$ termination to all frequencies present at its output (whether above or below the cutoff frequency). An example of such a signal is the IF itself. The $50 \Omega$ termination improves the RF flatness of the Input Mixer over the wide range of input frequencies. The filter is switched in by relay K2 via driver transistor Q2.

Input Attenuator. The Input Attenuator is composed of two 20 dB pads and one 10 dB pad for a range of 0 to 50 dB in 10 dB steps. Each pad is a resistive pi network. The first shunt arm of 20 dB No. 1 has two resistors (R15 and R19) in parallel to handle the brunt of high-level RF power. The pads are switched in by relays K3, K4, and K5 driven by transistors Q6, Q7, and Q8 respectively.

RF Level Detector. The RF Level Detector (CRI and CR2) senses the positive peak of the input signal. The detected dc voltage is used to initially set the Input Attenuator, to give an indication of RF level when the RF LEVEL measurement mode is selected, and to de-activate the Overpower Protection relay. Because the detector can introduce a slight amount of clipping on the input signal, it is switched slightly off after the instrument is tuned to the input signal except when measuring RF level. The detector is shut off when Q10 is on.

Detector Amplifier. U1 and U2 form a unity-gain amplifier and peak detector with offset. U2 detects the peaks of the signal from the RF Level Detector when AM is present on the signal. Whenever the voltage at the non-inverting ( + ) input of U2 exceeds that of the inverting input ( - ), the output transistor of U2 (see Note 2 on the schematic) turns on and charges C22 from its emitter until the voltage across C22 equals the input voltage at the inverting input plus the constant drop across CR7, R34, CR8, and R42. U1 is simply a unity-gain buffer amplifier. When the input voltage drops, the output of U2 shuts off, and C22 remains charged to its previous level. R39 and R41 slowly discharge C22 when the input signal level is lowered or removed. CR7 and CR8 are biased on by R26 which acts as a current source. CR7 and CR8 are hot carrier diodes whose offset voltage tracks that of CR1 and CR3 with temperature. Fine adjustment of the offset is made with R42 which is set for zero output from Ul when no input signal is present.

Overpower Detector. The Overpower Detector amplifier U3 senses when the output from the RF Level Detector and voltage divider R36, R54, and R37 exceeds +2.7 V (set by R43, R44, and hysteresis resistor R 56 ) which corresponds to 1 W of input power. The output of U3A then goes low and deactivates the Overpower Protection relay K1 via the LO Control circuits (see Service Sheet 15). K1 remains de-activated until reset by the operator pressing any front-panel key.
The OVERPOWER( $L$ ) output line from U3A is also an input line from the LO Control circuit which performs two other functions. First, the line is used to discharge the storage capacitor C22 of the Detector Amplifier between RF LEVEL measurements. Second, the line is used to turn off the RF Level Detector when RF LEVEL is not being measured after the instrument is tuned. To accomplish these two tasks, a quasi-low is put on the line by the LO Control circuits. The low does not trip the overpower circuit but is low enough to set the Detector Amplifier Discharge comparator U3B low which discharges C22. It also turns off the RF Level Detector by turning on Q11, Q9, and Q10. In this state the RF Level Detector can still sense an overpower condition and trip the Overpower Protection.

Relay Drivers. The drivers for the five relays are similar. A TTL low at the base of a driver transistor (Q1, Q2, Q6, Q7, or Q8) turns the transistor on and energizes the relay. The relay contacts move in the direction of the arrow. The capacitors across the relay coils suppress the flyback voltage when the coil is de-energized and improve switching speed. Control of the relays is via the LO Control circuits (see Service Sheet 15).

## 8-70. Input Mixer (A17)-Service Sheet 2

General. The Input Mixer Assembly down-converts the input signal to an intermediate frequency (IF). For input signals above 2.5 MHz , the IF is equal to the LO frequency minus the signal frequency. The IF is normally 1.5 MHz for frequencies above 10 MHz and 455 kHz for frequencies between 2.5 and 10 MHz . Below 2.5 MHz the input signal passes directly through the Mixer into the IF Amplifier without down-conversion. The Input Mixer Assembly contains the Mixer, LO Amplifier, and two IF filters (a 455 kHz Bandpass Filter and a 4 MHz Low-Pass Filter). The 4 MHz Low-Pass Filter is followed by a 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter in the AM Demodulator Assembly which determines the frequency response of the 1.5 MHz IF (see Service Sheet 3). For principles of operation of the IF Amplifier (A18), see Paragraph 8-71, this page.

LO Amplifier. The input to the LO Amplifier is a 1.25 to 1301.5 MHz signal which comes from the LO Divider Assembly (see Service Sheet 11). The amplifier has a gain of approximately 10 dB and drives the L port of the Mixer ( U 1 ) at about +10 dBm . The amplifier has two stages, Q4 and Q6, which are actively biased by Q5 and Q7 respectively. Using Q4 and Q5 to illustrate the biasing, notice that for dc levels the emitter of Q5 is connected directly to the collector of Q4-L3 is an RF choke. The base of Q5 is fixed at the voltage determined by voltage divider R1 and R2. The emitter of Q5 is normally a junction drop above this. The collector of Q5 is the source of dc base current for Q4. Changes in the collector voltage of Q4 alter the collector current of Q5 which regulates the collector voltage of Q4.
The gain of each stage is inversely proportional to the total emitter resistance and directly proportional to the collector load. C3 increases the gain slightly at high frequencies.

Mixer. Mixer U 1 is a single-balanced type (i.e., signals at the $L$ port are balanced out at the $R$ and $I$ ports but signals at the $R$ port are not balanced at the I port). This permits low-frequency input signals to pass into the IF without down-conversion. The LO signal is coupled into the Mixer by U1T2. IF is coupled out from the center tap of the same transformer. U1C1 is the first element of the IF filters that follow. U1T1 optimizes the impedance seen by the IF Amplifier. The Input Pad before the Mixer's $R$ port improves the flatness over the wide range of input frequencies by presenting a constant impedance to the IF at the $R$ port. The Limiter adds protection to the Mixer.

IF Filters. The 455 kHz Bandpass Filter has seven poles and a 3 dB bandwidth of 200 kHz . L8 is adjusted for best passband flatness to minimize incidental AM (AM generated in the IF as the result of FM). L11 is adjusted primarily for best phase linearity vs. frequency in order to minimize FM distortion generated in the IF. The filter is switched in by Q3 and Q1 which forward-bias CR3 and CR6 when the output of U2B goes low. This also turns on DS1.
The 4 MHz Low-Pass Filter has three poles. It is switched in by Q2 which forward-biases CR4 and CR5 when U2A goes low. Control of the filters is via the LO Control Assembly (see Service Sheet 15).

## 8-71. IF Amplifier (A18)-Service Sheet 2

General. The signal from the Input Mixer, whether down-converted or not, is amplified by the IF Amplifier. The amplifier is a low-noise type with 33 dB of gain and a phase compensation network to
reduce FM distortion. The IF Amplifier has three stages. For principles of operation of the Input Mixer (A17), see page 8-52.
IF Input Amplifier. The first stage, Q7 and Q5, is low noise and has 20 dB of gain. An active input impedance, the result of feeding signal back to the input through R6, generates a lower source noise than would be generated by a strictly passive resistance. The input impedance is essentially equal to R6 divided by the amplifier gain. The gain is approximately R9 divided by R7.
Inverting Amplifier. The second stage is a unity-gain amplifier with a phase-shift characteristic that can be adjusted to compensate for phase shifts generated in the 1.5 MHz IF system. This compensation improves FM distortion. The IF shape can also be adjusted to minimize incidental AM.
A simplified diagram of this stage is shown in Figure 8-43. Q1 is shown as an amplifier with a gain of $-1, Q 2$ with a gain of +1 . The voltage gain for the circuit is

$$
\frac{V 2}{V 1}=\frac{(R-j X)}{(R+j X)}
$$

which has a constant magnitude ( +1 ) and a variable phase shift. The impedance jX is formed by $\mathrm{L} 1, \mathrm{~L} 2$, C 15 , and C16. R is formed by the combination of R17, R23, and R24. R is fine adjusted by R23 for optimum phase shift (minimum FM distortion) at 1.5 MHz . R19 fine adjusts the gain of Q1 for best flatness (minimum incidental AM) at 1.5 MHz .


Figure 8-43. Simplified Diagram of Phase Compensation Amplifier
IF Output Amplifier. The third stage is a 13 dB amplifier which drives the AM Demodulator. Its gain is approximately one plus R29 divided by R27.

## 8-72. AM Demodulator (A6)- Service Sheet 3

General. AM is demodulated by rectifying the IF signal and by forcing the average of the IF signal to be a constant level by means of an automatic level control (ALC) loop. The rectified IF, after filtering the IF carrier, accurately represents the carrier average plus its AM envelope. In fact, the \% AM equals the level of the ac component divided by the level of the dc component times $100 \%$. Since the average carrier level is forced to be constant, the $\%$ AM is proportional to the level of the ac component alone. The demodulation process is illustrated in Figure 8-45.
2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter and AM IF Buffer. The 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter determines the IF frequency response when using the 1.5 MHz IF or when the input signal is not down-converted. The filter has six poles and is designed for best flatness up to 2.5 MHz . At 2.5 MHz the flatness can be fine adjusted with C8 for minimum incidental AM. The filtered IF is routed to the AM IF Buffer and an FM IF Buffer (see Service Sheet 4) where it is further routed to the FM Demodulator, IF Level and IF Present Detectors, and the rear-panel IF OUTPUT.
Voltage-Variable Amplifier. The Voltage-Variable Amplifier adjusts its gain in response to the dc output from the AM and Level Detector. Thus it is the "leveler" of the ALC loop. In its most basic form it is a variable-gain, inverting operational amplifier as shown in Figure 8-44.


Figure 8-44. Simplified Diagram of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier
The gain of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier is $-\mathrm{Rb} / \mathrm{Ra}$ and it is ac coupled. Ra is the photoresistor of the opto-isolator U4. Rb is R24.
The R-Setting (that is, Resistance-Setting) Loop is a feedback circuit which adjusts the input resistance of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier in proportion to the collector current of Q23 (the Control Current Source). This current, in turn, is proportional to the amplitude error of the IF signal.


Figure 8-45. AM Demodulation Process

Comparison Amplifier U5 senses the difference in the voltage drop between R14 and the photoresistor of U4 in series with R22. The voltage drop across R14 is fixed. The voltage across the photoresistor and R22 depends on the collector current of Q23 and the resistance of the photoresistor. The difference in the two voltage drops is amplified by U5 which drives the LED of U4 via current source Q6. This varjes the resistance of the photoresistor in such a manner as to reduce the voltage drop difference to zero. (The higher the current through the LED, the lower the resistance of the photoresistor.)

To clarify the action of the R-Setting Loop, suppose that a condition of too high an IF level causes the collector current of Q23 to decrease. The voltage at the inverting $(-)$ input of U5 drops and lowers the collector current of Q6. The LED of U4 glows less brightly and the resistance of the photoresistor increases. This results in two effects: the voltage at the inverting input of U5 rises to the level present at the non-inverting $(+)$ input, and the gain of the Voltage-Variable Amplifier decreases. Thus the IF level is reduced.

The Voltage-Variable Amplifier is designed to operate over a gain range of at least 16:1 ( 24 dB ) with a maximum gain of $4(12 \mathrm{~dB})$. Q4 and Q5 provide the forward gain of the amplifier. The transistors are in cascode (a common-emitter transistor driving a common-base transistor) for well-defined performance at 1.5 MHz . C 23 and R 29 frequency compensate the amplifier. C20 prevents high-frequency peaking of the amplifier.
Q21 and Q20 form a unity-gain, buffer amplifier which drives the AM and Level Detector. Q31 improves the symmetry of the overdrive character-
istics of the buffer amplifier. This is needed because the ALC loop initially receives signals when its ALC gain is maximum (the no-signal condition).

AM and Level Detector. The AM and Level Detector rectifies the IF carrier. Q13 to Q16, CR9 and CR10, and associated components form a precision, active, half-wave rectifier. A simplified diagram of the rectifier is shown in Figure 8-46. The circuit is essentially an inverting operational amplifier with two parallel feedback paths which each conduct current in a different direction as determined by CR9 and CR10. The path through CR9 can produce only negative voltages at the output to the Level Amplifier and Carrier Filter. This feedback path contains the network R73, R74, C43, and L8 which acts as a constant resistance (equal to R73) between CR9 and the amplifier's inverting (-) input, but low-pass filters the IF going to the AM Output Buffer.

The emitter of Q13 is the amplifier's common-base inverting input. The base of Q13 is the ac grounded, non-inverting input of the amplifier. Q13 is followed by a cascode stage Q15 and Q14. R58 and C40 frequency compensate the amplifier. Q16 is a +13.8 V regulator and RF decoupling circuit. CR6 and CR7 protect the amplifier in the event of unusual conditions at the input.

AM Output Buffer. Q17, Q18, and Q19 form a unitygain buffer amplifier which interfaces the demodulated AM with the rear-panel AM OUTPUT and the audio circuits. R87 and C50 further filter the IF carrier. R88 and C51 form the first two elements of a complex 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter (see Service Sheet 7).


Figure 8-46. Simplified Diagram of AM and Level Detector

Level Amplifier and Carrier Filter. U3 and associated components form an inverting amplifier and IF carrier and AM ripple filter. Note that the non-inverting ( + ) input of U3 connects through R75 to the inverting input (namely, the emitter of Q13) of the AM and Level Detector which is its "virtual" ground. Thus the two amplifiers have a common signal-ground reference.

BW Control and Level Comparison Amplifier and Inverting Amplifier. The dc output of U3 represents the IF carrier level. This output is compared against a stable reference voltage. Any difference between the voltages is amplified by U1 and U2 and alters the current from the Control Current Source. U1 adds additional filtering to the detected IF and determines the response time of the ALC loop to variations in IF level (i.e., it determines the ALC bandwidth). Q2 permits selection of the 0.1 dB bandwidth of either 20 Hz when off or 200 Hz when on. When Q2 is on, the time constant of the integrator U1 is the product of R55 and C31. When Q2 is off, the time constant is the product of R51 + R54 + R55 and C31; C36 adds additional filtering. Q2 is switched by Q27 and Q3.

ALC Reference. The very stable voltage reference for the ALC loop is supplied by the voltagereference diode VR3. VR3 is biased on by a regulated current source formed by Q1, VR4, and associated components. The reference output is divided by R69, R65, and R66. Fine adjustment of the ALC Reference is via R65.

Control Current Source. Q23 generates a current which adjusts the input resistance and, hence the gain, of the VoltageVariable Amplifier. This is done via the R-Setting Loop.
Switches Q26 and Q28 are normally off and Q25 is normally on. Thus the output of U2 establishes the base voltage of Q23 and its emitter current. The collector of Q23 is a constant (load-invariant) current source. The output of U2 works against the +15 V supply through R26, R31, R32, and Q24 which is wired as a diode to temperature compensate the base voltage of Q23.
Q22 produces a voltage at its collector that is proportional to the control current of Q23. This voltage can be monitored by the Voltmeter. The automatic leveling can be defeated, if desired, by switching off Q25 (user Special Function 6.2). The base of Q23 is then biased by R26, Q24, and R27. The combination of R123 and C17 forms a noise filter.

## 8-73. AM Demodulator (A6)- Service Sheet 4

General. The filtered IF signal is buffered and detected by two peak detectors. The output of the IF Level Detector is measured by the Voltmeter for use in determining the setting of the Input Attenuator and for the TUNED RF LEVEL measurement. The output of the IF Present Detector is used in the automatic tuning mode to sense the presence of an IF signal as the LO is swept through its ranges. Its output stops the LO sweep, bypassing the Controller, but can also be read by the Controller as needed.

FM IF Buffer. Q9 is an emitter-follower amplifier which drives the input to the FM Demodulator and the IF Detector Amplifier. Q10 is an emitter-follower amplifier which drives the rear-panel IF OUTPUT jack. Q10 receives its input from the output of Q9 which is divided down by R92 and R93.

IF Detector Buffer. Q11 and Q12 and associated components form an active 50 kHz high-pass filter with approximately 16 dB of passband gain. It suppresses a phantom signal that can appear in the IF as the result of the LO sweep even when no input signal is present.

IF Level Detector. CR15 detects the positive peaks of the IF signal. The detected peak is stored on C65. Q29 is a momentary switch to quickly discharge C65 upon request from the Controller. C70 charges C65 to a slightly negative value after being discharged by Q29. U6 and associated components form a unity-gain amplifier. A dc offset is generated by CR16 that thermally compensates CR15. The output is attenuated by R117 and R118 to make it compatible with the Voltmeter.

IF Present Detector. CR14 detects the negative peaks of the IF signal. The detected peak is stored on C63. The value of C63 is small enough to allow rapid charging. U7 compares the output of the detector with a reference at its inverting ( - ) input. The reference is established by the +15 V and -15 V supplies, R104, R105, R109, and CR13 which thermally compensates CR14. When an IF signal is sensed, the output of U7 goes to a TTL low. R112 provides hysteresis.

IF Present Latch. U10C and U10D form a set-reset flip-flop. When the IF Present Detector senses an IF signal, the flip-flop is set; that is, the output of U10C goes low and U10D goes high. This condition remains until the Controller resets the flip-flop by
momentarily causing a low on pin 9 of U8. Readback of the IF Present Latch is via Q30. Q30 is enabled when the Controller, via U9, places a low on the emitter. CR17 prevents Q30 from becoming an active transistor in the inverted mode (i.e., the roles of collector and emitter are reversed) when the emitter is high and the collector is low. (For a discussion of the readback operation, see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8).

Select Decoder and Data Latch. See the general discussion under Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

## 8-74. FM Demodulator (A4) - Service Sheet 5

General. The IF signal to be FM demodulated is first passed through three amplifier/limiter stages to remove amplitude fluctuations. A buffer amplifier is also provided to drive the Counter and to isolate the demodulator from the digital noise on the line to the Counter.

IF Limiters. The three limiter stages are nearly identical, non-saturating differential amplifiers. Stage 2 is discussed here in detail. The low-level differential gain is about 22 dB and is stabilized by the negativefeedback resistors R14 and R22. The feedback resistors also extend the small-signal bandwidth so that the small-signal delay is equal to the largesignal delay. C10 compensates for phase changes with level. The high-signal, output level is determined by the current from current source Q19E being switched back and forth between differential transistors Q19A and Q19B. This switching develops an output voltage across load resistors R19 and R21. Emitter-followers Q19D and Q19C drive the next stage. Stage 3 drives the FM discriminator with its differential outputs and the Counter IF Buffer with one of its emitters.

Counter IF Buffer. Transistors Q2 and Q1 amplify and limit the IF signal to TTL levels. DC feedback through R40 and R39 sets the operating point. This amplifier also performs an isolating function.

## 8-75. FM Demodulator (A4) - Service Sheet 6

General. The IF signal is FM demodulated by a "charge-count" discriminator. Operation is similar to a "pulse-count" discriminator except that it is pulses of constant charge that are formed directly and averaged instead of voltage or current pulses of constant amplitude and width (that is, duration). For each cycle of IF signal, a large, amplitude-stable
square wave charges and discharges a small capacitor. Steering diodes on the other side of the capacitor direct the negative discharge pulses to the inverting input of an operational amplifier which also partially smooths the charge pulses. In actual operation, two capacitors are charged and discharged on opposite phases of the IF signal. This doubles the sensitivity of the discriminator and doubles the frequency of the charge pulses.
The discriminator output is lightly filtered and is utilized in three places. A dc coupled signal goes to the rear-panel FM OUTPUT jack. Another dc coupled signal is fed back to the LO tune input to form an automatic frequency control loop when in the track-tune mode. The main, ac coupled signal goes to the FM Output Amplifier and is then processed by the audio circuits. A Squelch Switch at the input to the FM Output Amplifier cuts off the FM output when the IF signal level is too low for good noise performance.
FM Discriminator (Simplified). Figure 8-47 shows a simplified schematic of the FM discriminator. The differential IF inputs from the IF Limiters alternately cause the collectors of Q12 and Q13 to clamp to one diode drop above a +6 V reference and one diode drop below a - 10 V reference. The two collectors move out of phase with each other. Thus the left end of C27 swings $16 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ plus two diode drops. Diodes CR10 and CR12 clamp the right end of C27 to within one diode drop of -10 V . Thus C27 is alternately charged to 16 V and discharged to 0 V . A fixed amount of charge flows through CR12 from the inverting (-)input of the operational amplifier each time the collector of Q12 drops from +6 V to -10 V , namely, once per cycle of the IF signal. The value of the charge is CV, where $C$ is the value of C27 and $\mathrm{V}=16 \mathrm{~V}$. The average current flowing through CR12 is CVf, where $f$ is the IF signal frequency. The operational amplifier forces this current to flow through R69 and R71, thus producing a voltage which is directly proportional to capacitance, voltage, resistance, and frequency. Since the first three quantities are held constant, the discriminator output is a linear function of frequency.
Exactly the same behavior happens in connection with C28, but 180 degrees out of phase, with the result that the discriminator output voltage is doubled and the ripple frequency is doubled (twice the IF). C31 and C33 smooth the ripple as do R85, R87, and C42. The high-frequency response of the entire FM system is adjusted with R85.

Upper Clamp, Lower Clamp Regulator, and Upper Clamp Buffer. Refer now to the schematic diagram of Service Sheet 6. The Upper and Lower Clamp


Figure 8-47. Simplified Schematic Diagram of FM Discriminator
voltages (nominally +6 V and -10 V ) must be very stable and quiet since they directly affect FM demodulator sensitivity and noise. The basic reference is a temperature-stable reference diode VR1. The reference is fed from current source Q8, which itself is temperature stable because its base-emitter junction and its reference (LED DS1) have similar thermal behavior. The Upper Clamp voltage is taken directly from VR1 through emitter-followers Q9 and Q10 whose thermal variations cancel. The Lower Clamp voltage is referenced to VR1 with the Lower Clamp Regulator composed of comparison transistors Q4 and Q3 and pass transistor Q5, and is adjustable with R50. This adjustment changes the sensitivity of the demodulator and is used to calibrate the FM system. C24 and C25 reduce noise.

Precision Limiter and Charge-Count Discriminator. The three current sources (shown in Figure 8-47) are temperature-compensated and consist of transistors Q6, Q14, and Q15, and voltage references (LEDs) DS1 and DS2. Q7 and C26 filter the -15V supply. RL networks R64 and L1 and R65 and L2 speed up shutoff of charge steering diodes CR10 and CR11 by means of a controlled amount of overshoot, which improves linearity. R66 and C29 improve linearity by introducing a small frequency-dependent voltage in series with charge steering diodes CR10 and CR11.

The discriminator amplifier, a discrete operational amplifier, consists of amplifier transistors Q18, Q17,
and Q28 and current-source transistors Q29, Q34, and Q33. Q34 and Q33 comprise a conventional two-transistor current source in which negative feedback causes the voltage drop across the emitter resistor (R81) of Q33 to equal the base-mitter voltage of Q34. The voltage that is thus established at the base of Q33 (two junction drops above the -15 V supply) is also used as the reference for three other current source transistors (Q29, Q27, and Q26). R75 is added to reduce the sensitivity of the latter three current sources to power supply ripple.
R69 and R71 are the feedback resistors mentioned above and, in combination with C31 and C33, form a bridged-T network in the feedback path of the discriminator operational amplifier, producing the complex pole pair of a three-pole, low-pass filter. The third pole is produced later in the signal chain (see Service Sheet 8). The bridged-T network also produces a real-axis zero which is cancelled by the pole introduced by R85, R87, and C42. C35 and RC network R68 and C32, frequency-compensate the amplifier.

FM Output Amplifier. The FM Output Amplifier is an FET input, non-inverting amplifier with a voltage gain of 3.3 that is determined by feedback resistors R95 and R93. C43 and C44 are compensation elements. R97 and R99 establish the output impedance of the amplifier in order to properly drive the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter which is at the amplifier's output (see Service Sheet 7). C45 is the first element of that filter.

Squelch Circults. The squelch circuits short the signal path to ground by means of FET switch Q21 when the IF signal is too weak for proper operation of the instrument. Q21 is controlled by the Squelch Detector at the output of the IF Limiters and by the Controller through Squelch Switch Drive transistors Q32 and Q31. Q21 is a low-impedance short when its gate-to-source voltage is zero (Q32 and Q31 off).

## 8-76. Audio Filters (A2)-Service Sheet 7

General. The Audio Filter Assembly contains some of the circuits that process the audio signal: low-pass filters, attenuators, and amplifiers. The inductors of all filters are carefully oriented and shielded to minimize mutual coupling and pickup of stray power line fields.

260 kHz Low-Pass Filters and 20 dB Attenuator 1. The two 260 kHz Low-Pass Filters remove any IF carrier remaining on the demodulated AM or FM. Both are seven-pole, Butterworth filters with a nominal 3 dB cutoff frequency of 260 kHz . The filters determine the high-frequency response of the audio system when LP FILTER is set to ALL OFF. For each filter the first shunt capacitor is on the previous assembly (see Service Sheets 3 and 6). Filter switching is via U1. An additional range of FM is provided by 20 dB Attenuator 1 (R8 and R9) at the output of its 260 kHz Low-Pass Filter. R5 and C12 form a real-axis zero to equalize for a real-axis pole found later in the audio chain (seeService Sheet 8) when in AM only. In FM the pole is utilized in determining the overall frequency response. C11 is a dc blocking capacitor. R6 permits adjustment of the AM sensitivity.

Amplifier 1. Amplifier 1 is a low-noise, high slewrate, non-inverting amplifier with a gain of 2.8 . It must pass 200 kHz signals with minimum loss of fidelity. Amplifier transistors Q1, Q3, Q6, and Q7 and current source transistors Q2, Q5, and Q4 form a discrete operational amplifier. The overall amplifier gain is determined by feedback resistors and is equal to $1+$ (R27/R22). The bases of differential pair Q1A and Q1B are respectively the non-inverting and inverting inputs of the amplifier. Q4 and Q5 comprise a conventional two-transistor current source in which negative feedback causes the voltage drop across the emitter resistor (R24) of Q4 to equal the base-mitter voltage of Q5. The voltage that is thus established at the base of Q4 (two junction drops above the -15 V supply) is also used as a reference for current source transistor Q2. Complementary transistors Q6 and Q7 provide the current necessary to drive the output load at high
modulation rates or levels. R11 and C14 frequency compensate the amplifier.

15 kHz and $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ Low-Pass Filters. The 15 kHz Low-Pass Filter is selected when LP FILTER is set to 15 kHz or when the 455 kHz IF is being used (unless overridden). It is also switched in whenever the 3 kHz Low-Pass Filter (see Service Sheet 8 ) is selected to improve stopband rejection. The filter is a five-pole, Butterworth filter with a 3 dB frequency of 15 kHz .

The $\mathbf{> 2 0} \mathbf{k H z}$ Low-Pass Filter has nine-poles and approximates a Bessel response to minimize overshoot. The 3 dB frequency is approximately 110 kHz .

The filters are switched by U2 and U4D. Since each filter has a 6 dB loss in the passband, the 6 dB Attenuator is inserted into the through path. Thermistors RT2 and RT3 compensate for thermal changes in the resistance of the filter inductors (and hence the insertion loss). The passband gain of the filters is adjusted by means of R40 and R44. When the 15 kHz Low-Pass Filter is selected, the outputs of the 6 dB Attenuator and $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ Low-Pass Filter are grounded to minimize leakage through the output switches.

Amplifiers 2 and 3 and 20 dB Attenuator 2. Amplifier 2 is non-inverting and has a gain of 4.84. Thermistor RT1 compensates for thermal changes in the resistance of the filter inductors of the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filters.

Two of the audio gain ranges are determined by 20 dB Attenuator 2 and the through path as set by the Audio Gain Selectors U4C and U4B.

Amplifier 3 is non-inverting and has a gain of 10 overall (including the attenuation due to R46 and R47). R47, R48, and the amplifier load (on Service Sheet 8 ) are grounded in such a way as to minimize the effect of ground loops.

## 8-77. Audio De-emphasis and Output (A3) Service Sheet 8

General. The Audio De-emphasis and Output Assembly contains some of the circuits that process the audio signal-high- and low-pass filters, amplifiers, and an integrator for phase de-modulation. It also contains the Instrument Bus decoding logic for it and the Audio Filter Assembly and the FM Demodulator Assembly.

300 Hz and 50 Hz High-Pass Filters and High-Pass Filter Switching. The 300 Hz and 50 Hz High-Pass Filters are active, two-pole, Butterworth filters with unity passband gain. Selection of the filter outputs or the through line is via U12A, U12B, and U12C. The 50 Hz High-Pass Filter is automatically selected when measuring $\Phi \mathrm{M}$.

3 kHz Low-Pass Filter, Low-Pass Filter Switching, and 300 kHz Pole. The 3 kHz Low-Pass Filter is an active, five-pole, Butterworth filter with unity passband gain. U4A is a unity-gain input buffer to the filter; R7 and C24 at its output form a real-axis pole. The R8, R9, C25, C26 and U4D form a pair of complex poles, and R11, R12, C33, C34, and U4C form another pair. Selection of the filter output or the through line is via U13A and U12D. R18 and C42 form a real-axis pole at 300 kHz that completes the filter for the Charge-Count Discriminator in the FM Demodulator (see Service Sheet 6). U3 is a unity-gain buffer amplifier.

De-emphasis Networks and Phase Modulation Integrator. The de-emphasis networks can be selected only in FM. They are simple single-pole low-pass filters with 3 dB frequencies as follows:

| Time Constant <br> $(\mu \mathrm{s})$ | 3 dB Frequency <br> $[\mathrm{Hz})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 25 | 6366 |
| 50 | 3183 |
| 75 | 2122 |
| 750 | 212.2 |

The $750 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ de-emphasis network is followed by an amplifier (U9A, R32, and R34) with a gain of 10. The gain is needed because $750 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ FM de-emphasis is normally used in situations where more resolution is desired because of low levels of deviation and noise.

The Phase Modulation Integrator, U9B, converts the voltage from the FM Demodulator, which is proportional to frequency deviation, into a voltage proportional to phase deviation. Mathematically, the instantaneous phase deviation is equal to the time integral of the instantaneous frequency deviation (see Modulation Basics in the Operating Manual). VR2 and VR3 limit the integrator output for large inputs and low frequencies. The integrator sensitivity is adjusted using R27.

Switching of the de-emphasis networks and Phase Modulation Integrator is via the switches at their outputs. U14A and U14B select the input to the amplifiers that drive the Voltmeter, whether the
input is before or after the deemphasis. When deemphasis is used, the de-mphasized signal is always present at the MODULATION OUTPUT jack.

Output Amplifiers. U10, U8, and associated resistors form two, closely matched amplifiers with a gain of two. Ull inverts the output of $U 10$ and drives the MODULATION OUTPUT jack through 600』 impedance (R54 and A25R1). U7 either inverts or does not invert the output of U8 depending on its configuration determined by the states of U14C and U14D. When U14C is active, the amplifier is noninverting. When U14D is active, the amplifier is inverting.

Absolute Peak Detector. The input level to the assembly is sensed by the Absolute Peak Detector to determine if audio ranging is necessary. Range sensing is normally done by the Peak Detector (see Service Sheet 9). However, large signals of stopband frequency at the input to an active filter may go undetected by the Peak Detector and overdrive the filter. The Absolute Peak Detector and the Peak Detector are both read by the Voltmeter to determine the proper setting of audio gain.

The Absolute Peak Detector consists of an inverting, negative-peak detector (U6) and a non-inverting, positive-peak detector (U5) driving a common hold capacitor C44. The voltage across C44, then, is never negative. When the input voltage is negative, CR4 is off. The action of U5 is to turn on CR2 and reverse bias CR6 because the voltage across C44 is positive and the output of $U 5$ is at least one junction drop more negative than the negative input voltage. Ignoring those components that have no effect, the detector can be simplified as shown in Figure 8-48. The circuit shown is a conventional inverting, negative-peak detector.

When the input voltage is positive, CR2 is off. The action of U6 is to turn on CR4 and reverse bias CR5 because the voltage across C44 is positive and the output of U6 is one junction drop below ground. Ignoring those components that have no effect, the detector can be simplified as shown in Figure 8-49. The circuit shown is a conventional non-inverting, positive-peak detector.

CR1 and CR7 are protection diodes. The hold capacitor can be discharged by switching on Q1 via U15D at the request of the Controller. The detector's output goes to the Voltmeter.


Figure 8-48. The Absolute Peak Detector Shown as an Inverting. Negative-Peak Detector


Figure 8-49. The Absolute Peak Detector Shown as a Non-Inverting. Positive-Peak Detector

Audio Overvoltage Detector. The Audio Overvoltage Detector is a positive-peak detector followed by a comparator. If the peak input level should exceed +3.6 V , U9D goes low and resets register U19. This opens up the audio path from the 260 kHz Low-Pass Filters via the Modulation Selectors (see Service Sheet 7). The status of the detector is read by the Controller via gates U21D and U21C.

Digital Circuits. Some of the digital circuits on this assembly also control circuits on the FM Demodulator and Audio Filter Assemblies (see Service Sheet 6 and 7). For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.
The FM SQUELCH (L) line going to the FM Demodulator is both an input and an output line. FM is squelched when either the Squelch Detector (see Service Sheet 6) senses a low IF level or when the Controller requests squelch. In the former case the line goes low and resets flip-flop U22B. The status of squelch can then be read by the Controller via gates U21B and U21C. The Controller can reset squelch by clocking a low into U22B which pulls the FM SQUELCH (L) line low. (For a discussion of the readback operation, see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8).

## 8-78. Voltmeter (A5)-Service Sheet 9

General. The Voltmeter Assembly contains two ac-to-dc converters: the Peak Detector and the Average Detector. The input to the detectors is the output of the audio system and is a voltage proportional to AM depth, frequency deviation, or phase deviation.

Peak Detector Circuits. The peak-detecting circuitry consists of the Peak Detector, the Sample and-Hold Switch, and the Buffer Amplifier. U3 and Q1 comprise a high-gain comparison amplifier. The inverting (-) input of U3 is the non-inverting input of the overall comparator. If the inverting input of U3 is equal to or more positive than the voltage at the non-inverting ( + ) input, the output drives the collector of Q1 to follow the inverting input of U3. In doing this Q1 must charge C23. When the inverting input of U3 lowers, the output of U3 goes high and shuts off Q1. Since C 23 has no path to rapidly discharge, it remains at its previous potential which was the peak value of the input voltage.

Q8 is a Sample-and-Hold Switch which is periodically switched on (every 100 ms ) to transfer the voltage
across C 23 on to C24. U5 is a high-impedance, unitygain buffer amplifier which minimizes bleeding of C 24 when Q 8 is off (in its hold mode). Astable multivibrator U7 controls the switching of Q8. Q8 is switched on by Q9 when the output of U7 goes low. The transfer frequency is determined primarily by R14 and C7. The transfer time is determined by C7 and either R13 (when Q10 is off) or R13 in parallel with R10 (when Q10 is on). Also, when U7 goes high, Q3 is momentarily turned on to rapidly discharge C23 (at this time Q8 is off). Thus, C23 must be recharged by the Peak Detector after each charge transfer cycle.

The result of the sample-and-hold sequence is to control the response time of the peak-detector circuit and to make it respond equally well to an increasing or decreasing input level. This is illustrated in Figure 8-50 where the response to a step increase and decrease in input level is shown.


Figure 8-50. Action of the Peak Detector Sample-and-Hold Filter
Normally, Q10 is off and the charge-transfer time is long enough for C 23 to be charged completely. This gives the fastest response time. To slow down the peak-detector response, Q10 is switched on (by issuing 5.1 SPCL). R10 then is switched in parallel with R13 which shortens the time U7 is low. (See schematic Note 4 for timing information.) R46 now prevents C23 from charging completely in one sample period. This slows down the response time and smooths the output for a noisy signal. When DETECTOR is set to PEAK HOLD, U7 is reset to switch Q8 into a permanent sample (on) mode. The voltage across C24 is then equal to the peak of the peaks. (In this mode the Controller also digitally holds the peak of the peaks read by the Voltmeter.)

Offset resistor R49 for U5 is adjusted under a nosignal condition to produce an output equal to the typical peak-detected noise level.

Average Detector. The Average Detector consists of the Half-Wave Rectifier followed by the Summer and Filter. The voltages and currents in the detector, for a sine wave input, are shown in Figure 8-51. The input voltage produces a current in R22. This current


OUTPUT VOLTAGE AT TPA
Figure 8-51. Waveforms in the Average Detector
is summed with the current in R23, also produced by the input voltage, which has been half-wave rectified and inverted. Since R23 is approximately half the value of R22 (and has a very stable resistance), the half-wave current is weighted by a factor of two when summed. The sum current, then, is proportional to the full-waverectified input voltage. After filtering, the sum current produces a dc voltage equal to the "absolute" average value of the input voltage. (The "actual" average of a sine wave is, of course, always zero.)
U2 and Q7 form an inverting amplifier with two feedback paths (one for each direction of current flow). For a positive input voltage, current flows through R8, R12, and CR6. Since the values of R8 and R12 are equal, the output of R12 is opposite and equal to the input voltage. For a negative input voltage, the current flows through R8 and CR7. Since no current flows through R12 (because CR6 is shut off), the output from R12 is zero. Q4 is a constant current source. Q7 is a common-base stage; its collector is a current source whose output current is determined by the output of U 2 . For a positive input voltage, Q7 must sink the current from Q4 and the load current through CR6. For a negative input voltage, Q7 sinks only the portion of the current from Q4 that does not flow through CR7. The effect of Q7 and Q3 is to enhance the ability of the circuit to rectify small input voltages by increasing the forward gain of the amplifier.
U1 sums the current in R22 and R23. The sum current flows through the feedback resistors R32 and R35 and filter capacitor C17 to produce a negative dc voltage proportional to the sum current. R37, C20, R38, and C21 add further filtering. The Average Detector has two offset adjustments. R29 is adjusted under a no-signal condition so that the detector output is zero with the Half-Wave Rectifier R7 adjusted to shut it off. R7 is then adjusted for a detector output equal to one half of the least significant digit normally displayed. (This compensates for the fact that this undisplayed digit is dropped and not rounded off.)

## 8-79. Voltmeter (A5)-Service Sheet 10

General. The Voltmeter Assembly contains the Input Clamps, Input Selectors, the Voltage-to-Time Converter portion of a digital dc voltmeter, and a Parity Check circuit.

Input Selectors and Input Clamps. Multiplexers U10, U11, and U12 form a 24 pole, singlethrow switch. The individual multiplexers are enabled by a low on the $F$ input. U10 or U11 is enabled when the
code esd $=1 \mathrm{C} 0$ is issued on the Instrument Bus. After that, a code of the form esd=1Fd is issued to select a given input line. If $\mathrm{d} 3=1$, U 11 is enabled. If $\mathrm{d} 3=0$, U10 is enabled. The code esd=1C0 need not be re-issued to change the switching of U10 or U11. U1? is enabled when the code esd=1C4 is issued. After that, a code of the form esd $=1 \mathrm{Fd}$ is issued to select a given input line ( $\mathrm{d} 3=0$ is not allowed here, for it would also enable U11). The selecting of U11 or U10 and U12 is via register U13B and exclusive-OR gate U9D. On the significance of the Instrument Bus codes, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. Most analog inputs to the multiplexers are protected by two clamp diodes and a series resistor.

Voltage-to-Time Converter. The dc voltage at the Voltmeter input is converted to a pulse, with a duration proportional to the magnitude of the voltage, by the Voltageto-Time Converter. The pulse length is then measured by the Counter (see Service Sheet 17), digitally processed by the Controller, and displayed. The converter consists of the Comparator, Ramp Generator, and Voltage Reference.
The Voltage Reference supplies a voltage of known temperature stability to the input to the Ramp Generator. The basic reference is a temperaturestable reference diode VR4. The reference is fed from current source Q2, which itself is temperature stable because its base-emitter junction and its reference VR3 have similar thermal behavior. The negative reference supplies current to the inverting ( - ) input of U4 through R76 and R77. CR14, R71 and R72 add a slight temperature coefficient to the current to cancel the effect of the temperature coefficient of C30. The Voltmeter sensitivity is adjusted by means of R76.
U4 (with C30) integrates the negative input current to produce an increasing ramp. The ramp is generated only when Q6 is off (when the Ramp Gate (H) line is high). This is initiated by the Controller. When on, Q6 supplies a positive current to the inverting input of U 4 which overrides the current from the reference and turns on CR15. The output of U4 is thus clamped one junction drop below ground. Since the ramp begins at a rather imprecise voltage, each voltage measurement includes a measurement of ground which is then subtracted out.
The ramp begins when the Ramp Gate ( H ) line goes high. The output of comparator U6 at this time is low because the positive (or zero) voltage at its inverting ( - ) input is higher than the voltage at its non-inverting ( + ) input. The Counter now begins clocking the duration of the ramp. When the ramp reaches the voltage at the inverting input, the output of U6 goes high and inhibits the clocking of
the Counter. R79 and R81 add a small amount of hysteresis to the Comparator to assure a complete transition of the output once it begins to change.

Parity Check. The Parity Check circuit allows the Controller to test the integrity of the data lines of the Instrument Bus. To check parity, the Controller sends out the sixteen codes (esd=1F0 to esd=1FF). For each code, the output of exclusive-OR gate U9C is read back by the Controller. The output of U9C is low when $\mathrm{d} 0+\mathrm{d} 1+\mathrm{d} 2+\mathrm{d} 3$ is even, or high when it is odd. On the significance of the Instrument Bus codes, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. Parity is checked only during instrument power up (see Power Up Checks, page 8-17).

Digital Circuits. For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. For a discussion of the readback operation, see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8.

## 8-80. LO Divider (A19)-Service Sheet 11

General. The LO Divider Assembly converts the nominal 320 to 650 MHz signal from the High Frequency VCO to the appropriate range required to down-convert an $R F$ input signal to the IF frequency. The circuits consist of one frequency doubler, one through path, and eight binary dividers (i.e., divide-by-two's) for a total of ten ranges. The first two dividers and a separate third divider are always enabled to provide a 40 to 81.25 MHz signal for the Counter. Figure 8-52 shows the divider scheme.

Input Buffer and Doubler Circuits. U2 is a nonsaturating, high-frequency limiter which interfaces the High-Frequency VCO with the dividers and Frequency Doubler. The non-inverted output drives the first divider (U8). When in Band 0, the inverted output (the DIV Oline) drives the LO output jack (J3) via U10, U5, and CR9. The inverted output also drives the Frequency Doubler through the Doubler Input Filter.


Figure 8-52. LO Divider Scheme (Shown for Band 5)

The Doubler Input Filter is a five-pole, tuneable, low-pass filter which removes the odd-ordered harmonics of the High Frequency VCO input to maximize the signal output and minimize subharmonics which could cause spurious IF responses. The filter is tuned by varactor diodes CR2 to CR5 which are driven by the same voltage that tunes the High Frequency VCO (see Service Sheet 12). The tune voltage is filtered by R1 and C1, attenuated by R1, R20, R22, and R23, then offset and buffered by U3.
The Frequency Doubler (U4) is an active, full-wave rectifier. The input transformer (U4T1) produces two out-of-phase signals in its secondary windings which drive the two inputs of differential amplifier (U4Q1 and Q2). The two differential output amplifiers (U4Q3 and Q4) conduct current flowing only in one direction; their outputs are wired-OR and produce a train of negative, full-wave rectified pulses. R41 can be adjusted to improve the balance (i.e., minimize the fundamental and odd-harmonic feedthrough) and minimize the possibility of the $1 / 2$ and $3 / 2$ harmonics of the doubled signal causing an IF response.
The Doubler Output Gate and High-Pass Filter aids in further eliminating the $1 / 2$ harmonic of the doubled signal. PIN diodes CR7, CR8, and CR9 switch the signal either from the doubler or the dividers to the LO output jack. For the Band Doubler, CR7 and CR8 are on and CR9 is off.

Divider Circuits. The first two dividers (U8 and U7) are EECL devices; all others are ECL. Signal routing is done via gates, switchable limiters (e.g., U10 and U11), and PIN diodes. Except for Bands Doubler ( Dblr ), 0 , and 1 , the divider following the output divider is turned off to eliminate subharmonics which would be generated by leaving all dividers on. In the case of Band 2, U1A only is disabled. (This is not apparent in Figure 8-52.) Figure 8. 52 does show that on Band 5 , for example (where the output is taken from Divider 5, U6B), U8, U7, U1A, U6A, and U6B are all enabled and U12A is disabled (by setting it). The output of U6B is routed to the LO output jack via U13A, U14B, U9B, U11, U5, and CR9.

Divider and Gate Decoders. Band enabling and signal routing is controlled by the Divider-Disable/ Gate-Enable Decoder (U15 and U18). The decoder simply demultiplexes the esd $=00 \mathrm{~d}$ code generated by the Instrument Bus and latched by the LO Control circuitry (see Service Sheet 15). The d is unique for each band. Further decoding for the added switching complexity that arises on the
higher-frequency bands is accomplished by the GateEnable Decoders and Divider Output and Doubler Gate Drive circuits. For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

## 8-81. Sampler (A23)-Service Sheet 12

General. The Sampler Assembly contains the Sampler and the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier. The assembly's output tunes the HF VCO and the Doubler Input Filter (see Service Sheet 11). Except for the track tune mode, the Sampler is used to phase lock the HF VCO to a tuneable, low-noise reference oscillator (the Low Frequency VCXO) when the LO has been tuned to the proper frequency. The Sampler is the phase detector of the phase lock loop. For principles of operation of the High Frequency VCO (A24), see page 8-69.

Sampler. The Sampler consists of the 2 MHz Limiter Amplifier, Impulse Generator, Sampling Bridge, and Sampler Amplifier. The Sampling Bridge is driven from the LF VCXO through the Impulse Generator. Once each cycle of the LF VCXO, the Impulse Generator produces a pulse which turns on the diodes of the Sampling Bridge for about 1 ns . At that time the signal from the HF VCO is sampled, and the sampled voltage is stored on a capacitor. If the HF VCO is frequency-coherent with a harmonic of the LF VCXO, the HF VCO will be sampled at the same point each time, and the output from the Sampling Bridge will be a dc voltage equal to the signal amplitude at the sample point. If the two signals are not frequency coherent, the output from the Sampling Bridge will be a sine wave with a frequency equal to the difference between the HF VCO and the nearest harmonic of the LF VCXO. This is illustrated in Figure 8-53.
The nominal 2 MHz signal from the LF VCXO is first squared by the 2 MHz Limiter Amplifier. The limiter keeps the drive level to the Impulse Generator constant to keep the sample time of the Sampling Bridge constant. The limiter consists of Q1 and Q2-a non-saturating, differential amplifier.
The limiter drives switch Q6. When Q6 is off (i.e., when Q2 is off ), step-recovery diode CR3 is forward biased by R16, L7 and L8. When Q6 goes on, it quickly reverse biases CR3. CR3 then begins to conduct current in the reverse direction until the minority carriers, which had accumulated near the diode junction when forward biased, have been removed. The diode current then snaps off. Since this same current is flowing in L7 and L8, a large pair of impulses (or flyback voltages) are produced when the current ceases. C16 is a high-frequency ac


Figure 8.53. Sampler Operation
short. L7, L8, R19, R20, and the capacitance of CR3 form a carefully damped parallel resonant circuit to control the ringing of the impulses. $\mathrm{C} 18, \mathrm{~L} 10$, and C21 and C19, L11, and C22 form two high-pass filters to pass the impulse pair but filter out any lowfrequency 2 MHz signal. Tl is a balun which forces the impulse currents going to the Sampling Bridge to be opposite and equal to maintain balance in the bridge.
The Sampling Bridge consists of four matched, hot carrier diodes (CR6 to CR9). Normally, the diodes are reverse biased at approximately 4 V (through R27 and R28). When a sample pulse occurs, the current impulses from T1 simultaneously forward
bias all four diodes. This momentarily closes the signal path from the HF VCO to the gate of Q9B and charges C 25 to the level of the waveform at that instant. The 700 MHz Low-Pass Filter removes the third harmonic of the HF VCO which influences the gain of the phase lock loop by altering the slope of the waveform at the zero crossing.
The Sampler Amplifier is a dc to 5 MHz follower with feedback to automatically maintain a reverse bias of 4 V on the Sampling Bridge diodes regardless of the output from the bridge itself. A simplified schematic of the Sampler Amplifier is shown in Figure 8-54. Zener diodes VR2 and VR3 (represented as batteries in Figure 8-54), produce the bias refer-


Figure 8-54. Simplified Schematic of Sampler Amplifier
ence which is divided by R51, R54, R55, and R48. The junction of VR2 and VR3 is driven from the output of the unity-gain amplifier whose input is the output from the Sampling Bridge. Thus, as the level of the sampled voltage moves, the top and bottom of the Sampling Bridge move along with it, but the bias across the bridge is unchanged. The bias across the bridge is adjusted by R54.

Because of the short duration of the sampling pulse and the finite drive impedance of the HF VCO, the capacitance at the input to the Sampler Assembly normally fails to charge completely to the level of the HF VCO in one sample. (The input capacitance is the parallel combination of the stray capacitance and C25. C26 and C28 together are much larger than C25 and can be considered an ac short.) During the sample period, however, a voltage develops across C25 and thus across the differential input of the follower amplifier. This large differential error causes the output of the amplifier to rapidly discharge C25 to zero and, in doing so, it continues to charge the stray capacitance (and C26 and C28). The additional charging created by C 25 thus compensates for the inefficiency of the Sampling Bridge. R54 adjusts the sampling efficiency (by altering the bias across the bridge diodes) to match the sampling compensation and produce the optimum frequency response. R33 is adjusted to produce an output of zero volts when the phase error is zero.

HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier and Bandwidth Loop Switching. The HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier tunes the HF VCO and the Doubler Input Filter. It is configured in one of four different ways depending on the LO tune mode and the state of the mode. For a detailed discussion of the tuning modes, see Service Sheet BD1.

When the LO is configured with the DAC connected to the HF VCO, Q11 is off. (Q12 is on, but this is of little consequence here.I The HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier and the DAC-to-VCO Loop Amplifier (A20U4B) of Service Sheet 14 form a unity-gain feedback amplifier. See Figure 8-55.

When the LO is configured as a phase lock loop, with the DAC connected to the LF VCXO, Q11 is on. While phase lock is being acquired and while tuning the LF VCXO, Q12 is on to provide a wide (fast) tuning bandwidth. Initially, the LF VCXO is low in -frequency. R46 produces a small current which causes the HF VCO to drift down into lock. After the HF VCO is locked and tuned, Q12 is turned off to narrow the bandwidth of the loop. The configuration is shown in Figure 8-56.

When the LO is configured for HF VCO sweep, Q11 is off. (Q12 is on, but this is of little consequence here.) The input to the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier is the Sweep Up and Sweep Down Current


Figure 8-55. Simplified Schematic of LO Configuration: DAC to HF VCO


Figure 8-56. Simplified Schematic of LO Configuration: DAC to LF VCXO [DAC Connection Not Shown]

Sources (see Service Sheet 14). The current is inte grated and produces a voltage ramp down (for sweep down) or up (for sweep up) at the output of U2.

When the LO is configured for track tuning, Q11 and Q12 are off. The input to the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier is the Track Loop Amplifier (see Service Sheet 14). The configuration forms a frequency lock loop with a do voltage (proportional to the IF frequency) from the FM Demodulator tuning the HF VCO.

Q10 shorts the output of the Sampler Amplifier when not connected to U2. Since the Sampler is always on, Q10 prevents any beat frequency from leaking into U2 and frequency modulating the HF VCO.

No-HF-VCO and Out-of-Lock Detectors. CR15 peak detects the RF signal from the HF VCO. If the detected level goes below the reference set by CR4 at the inverting input of U1A, the output of U1A goes low and turns on the NO HF VCO annunciator (DS1).

CR5 will peak detect an ac beat frequency on the output of the Sampler Amplifier. The beat frequency represents an out-of-lock condition. If the detected level exceeds the reference at the non-inverting input of U1B, the output of U1B goes low and turns on the OUT OFLOCK annunciator (DS2). When the Narrow Band control line is high (i.e., not narrow band), the high output of U1C causes DS2 to light. The phase lock loop is not considered to be locked in its final state until the narrow band filter has been switched in.

Power Supply Decoupling. Q5 multiplies the effect of Cl 2 to assist in decoupling RF on the +15 V supply. Q7 and Q8 multiply the effect of C13 to assist in decoupling the -15 V supply.

## 8-82. High Frequency VCO (A24)Service Sheet 12

General. The High Frequency Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO) is tuneable over the minimum range 320 to 650 MHz . It drives the LO Divider which produces the LO signal and the highfrequency input to the Sampler when the LO is locked to the LF VCXO. For principles of operation of the Sampler (A23), see page 8-65.

High Frequency VCO and Output Buffer Amplifiers. The High Frequency VCO is a negativeresistance oscillator. At the frequency of operation, the inductor (L9) in the base of Q1, together with the collector-base capacitance of Q1, creates a negative resistance at the emitter port which is in parallel with a parallel-resonant Tank Circuit (L7 and the capacitance of the series-connected varactor diodes CR3 and CR4). The negative resistance cancels the losses in the Tank Circuit and sets up RF oscillations at the tank circuit's resonant frequency.

Varactor diodes CR3 and CR4 permit voltage tuning of the oscillator. Increasing the reverse bias on CR3 and CR4, decreases the junction capacitance and increases the resonant frequency. L6 and L8 are RF chokes.
U1 and U2 are limiter amplifiers that buffer the HF VCO output and drive the LO Divider and Sampler respectively.

Tune Voltage Filter and Filter Switch. The Tune Voltage Filter is switched in when the LO is tuned to the RF input signal and the HF VCO has been locked to the LF VCXO. It is also switched in the track-tune mode. The filter prevents noise in the tuning circuits from frequency modulating the HF VCO. It must be switched gently so as to not perturb the tune voltage.
The filter is out when current source Q4 is on (which switches Q2 and Q3 on). The input voltage is sensed by follower amplifier U3B which drives the varactor diodes through switch Q3. R3 has no filtering effect.
To switch the filter in, Q2 and Q3 are switched off by Q4 (which is now off). U3B has no effect, but it has pre-charged C10 to the present dc level. The filter is formed by R3, R17, and C10 in a lead-lag configuration. C9, which is charged by Q4, controls the turn on rate so that the filter switches in slowly without causing phase lock to break. C31, C32, and C33 are RF decoupling capacitors.

VCO Tune Voltage Clamp. The VCO Tune Voltage Clamp prevents the tune voltage from forward biasing the varactor diodes (CR3 and CR4) whose anodes are biased at approximately -7.5 Vdc . The clamp reference is supplied by follower amplifier U3A which is referenced approximately one diode junction drop (CR6) above the varactor anode voltage. Clamp diode CR2 comes on when the tune voltage drops one junction drop below the output of U3A. If U3B were in the tune circuit, U3A would be supplying current to its output also. CR1 limits the current into the output of U3B by creating a current mirror-the current through CR1 and R2 is "mirrored" in CR2 and R3 since U3B is a voltage follower. CR5 sharpens the turn on characteristic of CR2. CR5 begins to conduct slightly when CR2 begins to conduct. The feedback action of U3A then causes its output to go more positive, which turns CR2 on harder.

Power Supply Decoupling. Q7 and Q8 multiply the effect of C7 and C8 respectively to assist in decoupling the +15 and -15 V supplies.

## 8-83. Low Frequency VCXO (A22)Service Sheet 13

General. The output of the Low Frequency VCXO Assembly is a tuneable, but frequency-stable, 2 MHz signal used as a reference to stabilize the HF VCO. The 2 MHz signal is obtained by mixing the output of two higher frequency, voltage controlled crystal oscillators (VCXOs), one at a nominal 9.26 MHz , the other at 11.26 MHz . The oscillators tune in opposite directions. The resultant difference fre quency from the mixer is a 2 MHz signal with a tuning range of $\pm 6.25 \mathrm{kHz}$. This tuning scheme permits a wide tuning range (at least for a crystal oscillator) and yet retains the high stability inherent in a crystal source. On the other hand, great care must be taken to filter out spurious mixing products which can result in residual FM tones if they appear on the LO .
9.26 and 11.26 MHz Crystal Oscillators. The two crystal oscillators are similar in design. The 9.26 MHz oscillator will be discussed here in detail. L2, C 15 , and C 16 shift the phase at the collector of Q8 by $180^{\circ}$. The divider formed by R17 and the resistance of CR1 and CR5 routes the in-phase signal (positive feedback) to the base of Q8 to reinforce oscillation. L1 is an RF choke which biases the collector of Q8. The emitter of Q8 contains the crystal (Y1) and a tuneable, series resonant LC circuit (L3, CR9, and CR11). The high Q circuit in the emitter of Q8
resonates near the resonant frequency of its collector .circuit. Since the gain of Q8 is highest and the phase shift of the emitter is zero when the emitter circuit goes series resonant, the emitter resonator determines the frequency of oscillation. Varactor diodes CR9 and CR11 are in ac parallel and dc series. Changing the reverse bias on the diodes tunes the oscillator. Increasing the reverse bias, increases the frequency. The varactor diodes (CR10 and CR12) in the emitter circuit of Q7 tune the 11.26 MHz oscillator in the direction opposite to 9.26 MHz oscillator.

The amplitude of the oscillators is stabilized in a manner that prevents the transistor from either saturating or cutting off at any time during the cycle of oscillation to maintain optimum $Q$ and noise. The positive and negative peaks of each cycle are limited by passive diodes-CR6 limits the positive peak at the collector of Q8, CR2 limits the negative peak. In addition when the diodes conduct, C10 and C6 are charged to the value of the positive and negative peak respectively. The peak-to-peak voltage across the two capacitors then slowly leaks off through CR5 and CR1. The leakage current determines the resistance of the diodes and, hence, the amount of positive feedback to the base of Q8. The action of the peak-to-peak detector is to stabilize the amplitude of oscillation and maintain it at a level that is optimum for good noise performance.

Double Balanced Mixer. The output of the 9.26 MHz Crystal Oscillator is amplified and limited by Q5 and Q6 and drives the L (or high-level) port of the Double Balanced Mixer. Tl provides a de return for the collectors of Q5 and Q6 and a return for the $X$ (or broadband) port of the mixer. The output of the 11.26 MHz Crystal Oscillator drives the R (or low-level) port of the mixer through amplifier Q4. Both amplifiers minimize loading of the respective oscillators. The High-Frequency Termination (C21, L7, and R29) maintains a constant $50 \Omega$ impedance at frequencies where the 2 MHz Low-Pass Filter appears as a high impedance and provides a place for high-frequency spurious signals to dissipate.

2 MHz Low-Pass Filter and Output Amplifier. The 2 MHz Low-Pass Filter is one of two filters that eliminate spurious mixing products from the LF VCXO. The other filter is in a separate housing (A21 Low Frequency VCXO Filter Assembly). The Output Amplifier isolates the two filters. It is a low-noise amplifier with an active input impedance created by the feedback resistor R31.

## 8-84. Low Frequency VCXO Filter (A21)Service Sheet 13

The Low Frequency VCXO Filter is a 2 MHz bandpass filter. In conjunction with the 2 MHz Low-Pass Filter on the A22 Low Frequency VCXO Assembly, the filter eliminates spurious mixing products on the LF VCXO. This filter is in an isolated compartment to minimize pickup from the other assembly. The first two elements of the filter are at the output of the other assembly (A22L10 and C28).

## 8-85. LO Control (A20)-Service Sheet 14

General. The LO Control Assembly contains various circuits related to the tuning of the LO. The circuits include: the Digital-to-Analog Converters with associated amplifiers, the Sweep Up and Sweep Down Current Sources, and the Track Loop Amplifier. The interaction of these circuits to accomplish tuning of the LO is most easily understood by referring to the discussion for Service Sheet BD1.

Digital-to-Analog Converters. The Digital-to-Analog Converters (DACs) tune the HF VCO and the LF VCXO. U10 and U12 convert the binary code on the inputs to an output current with a magnitude proportional to the weight of the bits. Conventional current flows in the direction indicated by the arrow in the current source of the DAC symbol. The DACs are referenced from a common Voltage Reference (Q9) through current-setting resistors R17 and R33 which have the same value. U19 and U12 thus produce equal outputs for equal digital inputs. R29, R30 and R31 form a current divider which attenuates the current from U12 before being summed with the current from U10. The weighting given to the current from U12 by the attenuator is such that a change in the most significant bit (input 128) has the same effect as a change in the second least significant bit (input 2) of U10. Thus the outputs of the two DACs overlap by two bits.
The summed currents from the converter are routed either through switch Q18 into the LF VCXO Tune Amplifier or through switch Q13 into the DAC Control Amplifier (which tunes the HF VCO). Normally, the voltage at the output of the DACs is near ground potential but is clamped by CR8 and CR11 if an abnormal condition occurs (such as both Q18 and Q13 off).

LF VCXO Tune Amplifier and Filter. Transistors Q19 to Q25 form a transresistance amplifier which converts the negative input current from the DACs (through switch Q18) into a positive voltage which
tunes the LF VCXO. Its output range is 0 to +40 V . The in put stage is the differential pair Q19 and Q21. Q20 is an intermediate stage. Complementary pair Q22 and Q23 is the output driver stage. Q25 is a current source which very slightly biases on Q22 and Q23 with the voltage drop across CR20. The current in Q25 is approximately equal to the current flowing in Q24 (which is a current mirror to Q25). Q24 is connected as a diode. C14 is for frequency compensation.
The tune voltage to the LF VCXO is filtered by a 0.7 Hz low-pass filter. The filter reduces the phase noise caused by the tuning circuits and determines the response time of the LO when locked. The filter is normally not switched in until lock has been acquired. The filter consists of R68 and C18. C18 is switched in by opto-isolator switch U14. When C18 is not in, it is being pre-charged through R62 and opto-isolator switch U13 to the level present on the output node of R68. This prevents a transient on the tune voltage which would cause a frequency error with a long settling time when C 18 is switched in. R64, R65, R66, and R67 simulate the bias condition of the varactor diodes which tune the LF VCXO (see Service Sheet 13), but the components are scaled down by a factor of ten because R 62 is one-tenth the resistance of R 68 .

DAC Control Amplifier. The DAC Control Amplifier is used during the preliminary tuning of the LO when the DAC tunes the HF VCO. During that time, both Q13 and Q11 are switched on and the DAC Control Amplifier is configured as part of a feedback loop (see Figure 8-54). The DAC Control Amplifier consists of transresistance amplifier (Current-toVoltage Converter) U4A and comparison amplifier (DAC-to-VCO Loop Amplifier) U4B. The negative current from the DACs generates a positive voltage at the output of U4A. In addition R46 adds a nega.tive offset to center the output range about 0 V .

Track Loop Amplifier. The Track Loop Amplifier is used principally in the track tune mode. It receives a dc voltage from the FM Demodulator which is proportional to the IF frequency. The voltage is buffered by U1 and attenuated by the resistor (R19 through R26) selected by demultiplexor U2. The variable attenuation compensates for the difference in LO tuning sensitivity caused by the different bands of the LO Divider. The Track Loop Amplifier couples onto the tune line via switch Q10.

Sweep Up and Sweep Down Current Sources. In the automatic signal seeking tune mode, the LO is swept down over each band. The Sweep Down

Current Source supplies a current that is integrated by the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier (see Service Sheet 12) to produce a voltage ramp which tunes the HF VCO. The Sweep Up Current Source produces a quick retrace ramp.

The Sweep Down Current Source is designed to produce a constant current which can be stopped abruptly when an IF response is produced. The Stop Sweep signal comes from the IF Present Detector (see Service Sheet 4). The current source (Q7) is biased from divider R52 and R53 through buffer Q6 which also thermally compensates the base-emitter junction of Q7. When sweeping, Q4 is off. When Q4 goes on, it diverts the emitter current of Q7 and shuts Q7 off. Q5 is normally off, but when Q4 is switched on, it too is switched on momentarily by the pulse of current through C12. Q5 then discharges the capacitance on the tune line.
To retrace the sweep, Q1 is switched on. This essentially connects R 77 to the -15 V supply and discharges the integrating capacitor on the HF VCO Tune Integrator and Amplifier.

Power Supply Decoupling. Q26 and Q27 multiply the effect of Q5 to assist in decoupling the +40 V supply.

## 8-86. LO Control (A20)-Service Sheet 15

The LO Control Assembly contains the Instrument Bus decoders and latches for the entire RF Section. The enable code for the section is $e=1$. For a general discussion of the operation and decoding of the Instrument Bus, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. The Overpower Protect Status is read back on the Instrument Bus via Q16. CR26 prevents Q16 from becoming an active transistor in an inverted mode (i.e., the roles of collector and emitter are reversed) when the emitter is high and the collector is low. For a discussion of the readback operation, see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8. An overpower condition resets register U15 which opens the Overpower Relay (see Service Sheet 1), since the Overpower line goes high, and switches in maximum input attenuation. This is done without intervention of the Controller. Since the Overpower Detector follows the Overpower Relay, the overpower condition is removed immediately after U15 is reset. U15 remains reset until the Instrument Bus sends out the code esd $=0.04 \mathrm{~d}$, where data bit $\mathrm{d} 3=0$ (i.e., $\mathrm{d} 3(\mathrm{H})$ is low) provided that the overpower condition does not reset U15 again. U23A permits the Instrument Bus to either close the Overpower Relay or leave it in its present state, but not to open the relay.

## 8-87. Counter (A11)-Service Sheet 16

General. The Counter Assembly contains the 10 $\mathbf{M H z}$ Time Base Reference Oscillator (except for Option 002), the Time Base Select Switch, and the Time Base Dividers. The circuits provide a 2 MHz signal for the Controller clock, a 6.25 kHz signal for the Counter time base, and (for Option 002 only) a 10 $\mathbf{M H z}$ external time base output.

10 MHz Time Base Reference Oscillator and ECL-to-TTL-Level Translator. Except for instruments with Option 002, the clock and time base signals are derived from the 10 MHz Time Base Reference Oscillator. The ECL complementary OR gate (U2A) is used as the active device for the oscillator. The OR output of U2A is fed back to one input through the 10 MHz crystal ( Y 1 ). R12D holds the other input low. The circuit oscillates at the frequency at which the phase shift through the feedback path is zero (namely, the series resonant frequency of Y1) to produce positive feedback. The resonant frequency can be adjusted slightly with C14. C17 and L2 form a parallel resonant circuit in the negative-feedback path which biases the input in the active region and prevents oscillation at harmonics of the crystal. C15 supplies a return path for ac currents; it is chosen to provide a low reactance under all operating conditions.
For instruments with Option 002, Y 1 is not present and U2A acts as a buffer for the 10 MHz signal which comes from the high-stability reference oscillator (see Service Sheet 23).

The time base reference is buffered by U2B and converted to logic levels which are compatible with TTL by Q4 and Q3. For instruments with Option 002, the output from Q3 is available at the rear-panel TIME BASE 10 MHz OUTPUT jack.

External Time Base Buffer and Time Base Select Switch. The Time Base Select Switch senses when a reference signal has been applied to the rear-panel TIME BASE 10 MHz INPUT jack and switches the reference over. The external reference is buffered and converted into sharp-transition, TTL-compatible pulses by the External Time Base Buffer. CR1 and CR2 are input protection diodes. R20 normally pulls the input to U4F high. When an external reference is present, C26 is discharged through CR3 by the lows present at the output of U4A. The result is that output of U4F goes high and the output of U4E goes low; DS1 turns on; and the output of U3B goes high (which shuts off the input from the internal reference). U3C and U3D are now enabled to gate the external reference.

When the output of U4E goes low, U3B is immediately disabled; at the same time, when the output of U4F goes high, CR4 and C28 delay the enabling of U3D. This prevents the possibility of the last internal reference pulse and the first external pulse from triggering U10A in rapid succession, which could cause the Controller to false trigger (the Controller receives its clock from U10A). CR5 and C29 perform a similar task when the reference is switched from external to internal. R10 increases the sensitivity of $U 21$ when the reference switches to external to assure that U21 will continue to trigger even though the input level should drop slightly. This provides hysteresis to the external level sensing circuits.

Time Base Dividers. U10A divides the selected (i.e., internal or external) 10 MHz reference by 5 . The 2 MHz , buffered by U4B, is used as the clock to the Controller. U9, U8, and U10B divide the 2 MHz signal by 320 . The 6.25 kHz output is the time base for the Counter.

## 8-88. Counter (A11)-Service Sheet 17 NOTE

The following discussions require understanding of the operation of the Instrument Bus (see Instrument Bus, page 8-48) and of Instrument Bus readback (see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8).

General. The Counter Assembly contains the first four counter stages, the Input Selector, gating circuits, and Count Transfer Logic. The final counter stages are in the Controller itself. Normally, the Counter counts the frequency of the input, but in the case of the Voltmeter it counts the 10 MHz Selected Time Base Reference as gated under control of the Voltmeter. When an input frequency is being counted, the Controller, as synchronized by the Time Base, enables and disables the counter stages. The duration of the count (i.e., the number of Time Base cycles per count cycle) depends on the input and resolution selected.

Stage 1. Stage 1 is the input stage to the Counter when counting the HF VCO $\div 8$ input; its output drives input 0 of the Input Selector (U7). When any other input is selected, the Input Selector routes it directly to Stage 2. Stage 1 consists of an ECL Divideby-Two stage (U1A) followed by a TTL Divide-by-Four stage (U6A and U6B). In each case, divide-by-two functions are created by feeding the active-low (reset) output from a D-type flip-flop back
to the D input. The ECL-to-TTL Level Translator (Q1 and Q2) shifts the logic level from U1A to make it compatible with the requirements of U6A. The outputs from U1A (via Q2), U6A, and U6B are fed to the D inputs of U5A for readback by the Controller at the end of a count sequence.
The Controller enables and disables the input to U1A by Counter Gate Control No. 1 flip-flop (U1B). To enable U1A, the Controller waits until the Time Base( $L$ ) line goes low and then issues and holds esd $=363$ on the Instrument Bus. The D input of U1B (which had been high) now goes low. When the Time Base( L ) line (which had been high) goes low, the low at the $D$ input of U1B is clocked into the activehigh output and enables U1A. This synchronizes the enabling of U1A with the Time Base. If the HF VCO $\div 8$ input is also high, it too must go low before U1B is clocked. The RC circuit (R23 and C27) at the output of U1B delays the enable input to U1A to insure that U1A will not be clocked until the next negative transition of the $\mathrm{HF} \mathrm{VCO} \div 8$ input.
To disable the count, the Controller issues esd=360 or 362 to the Instrument Bus. The D input to U1B now goes high. When the Time Base ( L ) input goes low, U1A is disabled in the manner described above for its enabling. Note that several cycles of the Time Base may have occurred during the count sequence, but that the Controller knows that Time Base( L ) is high when it issues esd $=360$ to the Instrument Bus. After disabling the count, the Controller reads the count then issues esd $=370$ to reset Stage 1 and set U1B.

Input Selector and Stages 2, 3, and 4. The Input Selector (U7) multiplexes the input into Stage 2 of the Counter under direction of the Controller. It is also the enable and disable gate (via the G8input) to Stage 2. To enable Stage 2, the Controller issues esd=362 or 363 to the Instrument Bus. This puts a low on the $D$ input of U16B. When the Time Base( H ) line (which had been low) goes high, it clocks the active-high output of U16B to a low and enables the selected input of U7. The enabling of Stage 2 is thus synchronized with the Time Base.
To disable Stage 2, the Controller issues esd $=360$ to the Instrument Bus. The D input of U16B now goes high. When the Time Base $(H)$ input goes high, U7 is disabled. Note that several cycles of the Time Base may have occurred during the count sequence, but that the Controller knows that Time Base $(\mathrm{H})$ is low when it issues esd= 360 to the Instrument Bus. After disabling the count, the Controller reads the count then issues esd=370 to reset Stages 2, 3, and 4.
During the actual count, Counter Output Gate U14B is enabled and output 4 (the Counter Carry Output)
of Stage 4 (U19A) is read onto the Controller via line $\mathrm{d} 2(\mathrm{~L})$ of the Instrument bus. Similarly, the Time Base is read by the Controller via U14D and line $d 3(L)$.

Counter Output Gating. To read back the outputs of the counter stages after completion of a count sequence, the Controller issues esd=350 to the Instrument Bus. The output of U14C (which had been low) goes high and enables Counter Output Gates U15A, U15B, U15C, and U15D. The outputs of Stage 4 are inverted and placed on the readback data lines of the Instrument Bus. Next, the Controller issues esd $=340$ to the Instrument Bus. U20A goes high and U12C low. This causes Stage 4 to be loaded with the output of Stage 3 and also enables the Counter Output Gates since the output of U14C is high. The output of Stage 3 is thus placed on the Instrument Bus through Stage 4. In a similar manner the Controller issues esd=330 and esd=320 to copy the outputs of Stages 2 and 1 into the subsequent stages and onto the Instrument Bus.

Voltmeter Gate. The Voltmeter Gate routes the (10 MHz ) Selected Time Base (TB) Reference into the Input Selector. The signal, however, is gated by the StopCount output from the Voltmeter's Comparator (see Service Sheet 10). The sequence is as follows: The Controller issues esd=362 to the Instrument Bus. After that, when the Time Base(H) line goes high, the active-low output of U16B goes high and initiates a ramp in the Voltmeter's Ramp Generator. At this time U7 is also enabled, and the 10 MHz Selected Time Base Reference is counted. After a period of time dependent upon the input voltage into the Comparator, the Stop Count line (which was low) goes high. This high causes U20C to block the input into U7 and stop the count. Some time later, the Controller issues esd $=360$ to the Instrument Bus and begins the process of reading back the count and clearing the counter stages.

Signature Analyzer Initialization. The Signature Analyzer (SA) Initialization circuit forces the Counter (including the Time Base) into a known, initial state when the Counter signature analysis routine is invoked. The Controller then exercises the counter circuitry in a repeatable sequence which produces a repetitive data pattern at each circuit node. The pattern is read by a signature analyzer which produces a signature unique to each data pattern. If the pattern agrees with that documented for the node, the circuits responsible for generating the pattern can be assumed to be working properly.

Select Decoder, Data Latch, and Oven Warm Readback. Circuit. For a general discussion of operation and decoding of the Instrument Bus, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. The Oven Warm Readback Circuit allows the status of the Option 002 high-stability crystal oscillator to be read back by the Controller. It is called by Special Function 15. Q5 is enabled when a low is put on its emitter. It then acts as an inverter. Schottky diode CR6 prevents Q5 from becoming an active transistor in the inverted mode (i.e., the roles of collector and emitter are reversed) when the emitter is high and the collector is low. For a discussion of the readback operation, see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8.

## 8-89. Controller (A13)-Service Sheets 18 and 19

General. The Controller Assembly controls the entire automated portion of the operation of the instrument. The Controller consists of a microprocessor, ROMs, a RAM, and input/output circuits. The microprocessor, RAM, and I/O circuits are shown on Service Sheet 18, the ROMs on Service Sheets 19 and 22. For a general discussion of how
the Controller and the Instrument Bus control the operations of the instrument, see page 8-8.
Microprocessor. The microprocessor is divided into two ICs, the Central Processing Unit (CPU) and the Static Memory Interface (SMI). In addition a third IC, the Peripheral Input/Output (PIO) located on the Remote Interface Assembly (Service Sheet 22), is considered a part of the microprocessor. The PIO is used when it is necessary to interface the CPU with the HP-IB. The CPU (U14) is an eight-bit parallel processor. LC network $\mathrm{L1}, \mathrm{C} 10$, and C 11 determines the frequency of the CPU's internal clock. It is normally overridden by the 2 MHz signal on the Clock line from the Counter. If the Counter Assembly is removed, the internal clock takes over to keep the Controller functioning. The CPU inputs and outputs are described in Table 8-12.
The SMI provides most of the interface logic needed to address up to 65536 bytes of memory in the microprocessor system. In response to control signals from the CPU, the SMI generates the address and control signals needed by the memory devices. The SMI inputs and outputs are described in Table 8-13.

Table 8-12. Inputs and Outputs of the CPU (U14)

| Pin Name | Description | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I/O00 thru I/O07 | I/O Port Zero | Input/Output |
| I/O10 thru I/O17 | I/O Port One | Input/Output |
| DB0 thru DB7 | Data Bus Lines | Bi-directional (3-state) |
| ROMC0 thru ROMC4 | Control Lines | Output |
| $\Phi$ WRITE | Clock Lines | Output |
| EXT RES | External Reset | Input |
| INT REQ | Interrupt Request | Input |
| ICB | Interrupt Control Bit | Output |
| RC | RC Network | Input |
| XTLX | Crystal Clock Line | Output |
| XTLY | External Clock Line | Input |

Table 8-13. Inputs and Outputs of the SMI (U11)

| Pin Name | Description | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DB0 thru DB7 | Data Bus Lines | Bi-directional (3-state) |
| ADDR0 thru ADDR15 | Address Lines | Output |
| ROMC0 thru ROMC4 | Control Lines | Input |
| \$, WRITE | Clock Lines | Input |
| INT REQ | Interrupt Request | Output |
| PRI IN | Priority In Line | Input |
| RAM WRITE | Write Line | Output |
| EXT INT | External Interrupt | Input |
| REGDR | Line | Register Drive Line |
| CPU READ | Input/Output |  |

The PIO provides most of the interface logic needed to interface the CPU with the HP-IB. The PIO is described in Service Sheet 22.

Memory. The instrument's memory consists of nine 2048-bit ROMs (1 through 8 and 11), a RAM, and some small memory capability within the CPU itself. Eight of the ROMs (U3 through U10) are on the Controller Assembly. These ROMs are addressed as 1 through 8. The ninth ROM is located on the Remote Interface Assembly (A14) and is addressed as a decimal 11 (not hexadecimal as is the case with some special functions). The RAM is the CPU External Register (U15) and is a 256 -address, 4 -bit scratch pad memory used to read and write 4 bits (DB0-DB3) to and from the CPU. The Memory Decoders (U12 and U13) control which memory IC on the Controller Assembly is enabled. In addition, there is a Memory Select Decoder (A14U18) on the Remote Interface Assembly that is used to enable ROM 11 .
To illustrate how a ROM address is accessed for data, assume that the CPU wants to read information from address 255 of ROM 3 (U5). First, the CPU places the necessary information on the ROM Control (ROMC) and the data lines of the Control Bus. The SMI decodes this information from the CPU and outputs the required address information on lines $\mathrm{A} 0(\mathrm{H})$ through $\mathrm{A} 15(\mathrm{H})$ and then sets CPU $\operatorname{READ}(H)$ high. When the CPU READ (H) input to Schmitt trigger U1A goes high, the output goes low, and the output of U1B goes high. Note that the MEMORY DISABLE( L ) line is held high because the input at the edge connector (shown on Service Sheet 19) is normally not connected.

Note that this is a read operation and the RAM WRITE(L) line from the SMI is high. Lines A14(H) and $\mathrm{A} 15(\mathrm{H})$ are low thus enabling U12. The $\mathrm{A} 11(\mathrm{H})$ and $\mathrm{A} 12(\mathrm{H})$ lines are high, and the $\mathrm{A} 13(\mathrm{H})$ line is low, therefore, the ROM $3(\mathrm{~L})$ output line is low. On Service Sheet 19 the ROM 3(L) line is low and ROM 3 (U5) is enabled because the other two inputs to the AND portion of the control block are always enabled.
Since $A 0(H)$ through $A 7(H)$ are high and $A 8(H)$ through $\mathrm{A} 10(\mathrm{H})$ are low, the data at address 255 is read out of the ROM. The 8 bits of information are placed on lines DBO(H) through DB7(H). This information is then read into the CPU (U14).
The RAM read and write functions are similar to the ROM function. The CPU READ(H) and RAM WRITE(L) lines are used to determine which function of the CPU External Register (U15) is activated. The U13 demultiplexer is used to enable U15. Note that by changing the position of the jumper between

U13 and U15 to the position between U12 and U15, U15 could be enabled with the ROM $8(\mathrm{~L})$ line. As it is, RAM resides in the address space of what would be ROM 16 .

TEST LEDs and Test Points. The TEST LEDs DS1 through DS4 are controlled by the CPU as described on page 8-17. The test points (TP4 through TP7) are used to modify the power-up routine as described on page 8-17 and are also used when performing signature analysis.

Select and Data Buffers. TheSelect and Data Buffers (U16 and U18) invert and buffer the I/O 00 through I/O 07 input/output lines from the CPU to the Instrument Bus. For a general discussion of the Instrument Bus, see page $8-48$. In addition data lines $\mathrm{d} 0(\mathrm{~L})$ through $\mathrm{d} 3(\mathrm{~L})$ are input to the CPU from the Instrument Bus.

Enable Decoder. The Enable Decoder (U17) decodes the $e(H)$ through $3(H)$ lines from the CPU into the eight individual enable lines $e=0(\mathrm{~L})$ through $\mathrm{e}=7 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~L}$. These are distributed throughout the instrument to enable the desired select decoder.

Power On Reset. The Power On Reset circuit (Q1 and U1C) is used to apply a momentary low on the EXT RES line of the CPU when power is applied to the instrument. When EXT RES is pulled low and then released, a program originating at memory address 0 is executed.

## 8-90. Keyboard (A1)-Service Sheet 20 NOTE

The following discussion requires understanding of the operation of the Instrument Bus (see Instrument Bus, page 8-48) and of Instrument Bus readback (see Direct Control Special Functions, page 8-8).

General. The Keyboard and Display Assembly interrupts the Controller when a key has been pressed and provides the circuitry that enables the Controller to determine which key was pressed.

Keystroke Detector. The Keystroke Detector pulses the External Interrupt line low when a key is pressed. When no key is down (i.e., key switches S1 through S41 open), the inverting ( - ) input to U39A is pulled low by R8B and R8C. The outputs of the Key Row Scanner U38 are normally in the high or
off state (the outputs are open-collector). The noninverting ( + ) input of U39A is biased at approximately +1.4 V . Thus for the condition when no key is pressed, the output of U39A is high, the output of U39B is low, and the output of U21A is high (i.e., no interrupt, see Service Sheet 18).

Pressing any key (e.g., the \% key S20) pulls the inverting input of U39A above +1.4 V (via R4E and R2F for the \% key). This causes U21A to go low and creates a Controller interrupt. U39A has an opencollector output. When U39A goes low, C5 is rapidly discharged to produce a low on the input to U39B. However, when U39A goes high, C5 can only charge via R10. This action holds the input to U39B low for at least 50 ms regardless of key bounce. R11 adds hysteresis to U39B to improve noise immunity and shorten the transition time of the input to U21A.

Key Scanners and Front-Panel Keys. When the Controller receives an interrupt, it immediately initiates a key scan routine. The scan must identify the pressed key before the key has been released even in the presence of key bounce. Consider the example of pressing the \% key (S20). The scan begins by the Controller issuing esd $=7 \mathrm{~F} 0$ to the Instrument Bus. This puts an active low on pin 4 of demultiplexor U38. More specifically, $e=7$ and $s=F$. Both 1 and 2 inputs are high since $\mathrm{s} 0=1$ and $\mathrm{s} 1=1$. A 3 is demultiplexed. $e=7(\mathrm{~L})$ is low and enables inputs G 4 and G 5 . The 4 input is enabled since $s 2=1$; the 5 input is disabled since $s 2=1$. Thus only the 3 output of the lower half of the demultiplexor (U38) enabled by input 4 is low.
The same Instrument Bus code enables the readback gates of U22 but not U23. More specifically, s3=1. Thus, the input to U21D is high. The two inputs to U21B are low. The NAND gates of U22 are enabled and function as inverters. U21C is low and the outputs of the NAND gates of U23 are high, i.e., off. The Controller reads back the data (d) lines and scans the data giving priority to the highest number decoded. Since all columns are held high by pull-up resistors, the Controller reads $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{F}$. The \% key has no effect because the output at pin 7 of U38 is off at this time.

The Controller next issues esd=7E0. Pin 5 of U38 is now low. U22 is still enabled and U23 is still disabled. $d=F$ is read back. The sequence then continues with the issuance of esd=7D0 and 7C0 with the result that $d=F$ is read back each time until esd $=7 \mathrm{C} 0$ when $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{B}$ will be read back; i.e., $\mathrm{d} 2=0$ ( $\mathrm{d} 2(\mathrm{~L}$ ) is high). The Controller has now learned that the \% key was pressed.

If no key had been found in the first four columns, the sequence continues until the issuance of esd $=770$. With this code, the $33(\mathrm{H})$ input to U21C and U21D goes low, and U22 is disabled, and U23 is enabled. The Controller now starts reading the data lines from U23 to determine if one of the keys in the second four columns is closed.

If no key was found (i.e., $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{F}$ always) due to key bounce, the scan repeats until 50 ms have elapsed and then the instrument reverts back to its previous mode of operation. Whether the key was found or not, the measurement cycle that was interrupted is aborted and a new software cycle is initiated.

## 8-91. Display (A1)-Service Sheet 21

The Keyboard and Display Assembly contains the front-panel displays, annunciators, and key lights and the decoders and latches that control them. Lighting of a display is accomplished by straightforward decoding of the Instrument Bus. For example, to display the digit 3 in display U2, the Controller issues esd=613 to the Instrument Bus. Output 1G of Select Decoder U24 goes low (uniquely) and enables the seven-segment coder U11. U11 decodes the data coded $=3$ and puts lows on segmentcontrol lines a, b, c, d, and g. The corresponding segments of U2 light to display a " 3 ". The segment information is latched in U11 when a different e, s, or es code is issued to the Instrument Bus. For a discussion of the Instrument Bus, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

## 8-92. Remote Interface (A14)-Service Sheet 22

General. The Remote Interface Assembly interfaces the Controller with the HP-IB. It performs the necessary handshake operation, interprets the HP-IB control lines, and is both an input and output peripheral to the Controller. The Remote Interface Assembly consists of three basic elements: the HP-IB I/O, the Handshake Logic, and the Interface Control circuits. In addition, other miscellaneous circuits are used on the assembly. The operation of the three basic elements is explained first. Then, a detailed explanation of how the bus controller (e.g., a computing controller) addresses the instrument to talk or to listen is presented. The miscellaneous circuits are then briefly discussed. Table 8 -14 lists and identifies the mnemonics used in the Remote Interface and should be referred to while reading the principles of operation.

Figure 8-14. Mnemonics for Remote Interiace

| Mnemonic | Signal Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| AAD | Acceptor Accepted Data |
| ACD | Accepted Data |
| ADS | Addressed |
| AFC | Address Flip-Flop Clock |
| ARD | Accepted Received Data |
| ATL | Addressed to Listen |
| ATN | Attention |
| ATT | Addressed to Talk |
| AVD | Accept Valid Data |
| CLF | Clear Listen Flip-Flop |
| CTF | Clear Talk Flip-Flop |
| DAR | Disable ROM |
| DAV | Data Valid |
| DIO1 | Data Input/ Output 1 |
| DIO8 | Data Input/Output 8 |
| DFC | Data Accepted Flip-Flop Clock |
| EAH | Enable Acceptor Handshake |
| EIC | Enable Interface Control |
| ENR | Enable ROM |
| EOI | End Or Identify |
| ICP | Interrupt CPU |
| IFC | Interface Clear |
| LAD | Listener Accepted Data |
| LRD | Listener Ready for Data |
| NDAC | Not Data Accepted |
| NRFD | Not Ready for Data |
| RAS | Read Address Selector |
| RAT | Read Addressing Type |
| RDR | Reset DAC/RFD |
| REN | Remote Enable |
| RFC | REN Flip-Flop Clock |
| RFL | REN FlipFlop Latched |
| RSL | Read Switch Lower |
| RSU | Read Switch Upper |
| RTR | Ready to Receive |
| RVD | Receive Valid Data |
| SDA | Set Data Accepted |
| SDV | Set Data Valid |
| SLF | Set Listen Flip-Flop |
| SRQ | Service Request |
| STF | Set Talk Flip-Flop |
| UUA | Universal Unlisten Address |

HP-IB I/O Circuits. The HP-IB I/O circuits provide bidirectional interface between the Remote Interface assembly and the HP-IB. The circuit consists of U1, U2, U5, and U6. When the TALK(L) line is low, the interface is configured to send data to the HP-IB. In this state, U2 and U6 are disabled, and since they are open collector devices, they are essentially out of the circuit. U1 and U5 provide a direct path from the Peripheral Input/Output (U13) to the HP-IB. When the $\operatorname{TALK}(\mathrm{L})$ line is high, the Remote Interface is configured to receive data from the HP-IB. In this mode, U2 and U6 are enabled, and the path through Ul and U5 is reversed. This allows data from the HP-IB to be applied to the Peripheral Input/Output (U13), the Address Decoder (U8), and the Interface Control ROM (U17). Depending upon the function
being performed, this data is either sent to the Controller or used to decode the talk or listen address.

Handshake Logic Circuits. Information is communicated over the HP-IB by means of handshakes between instruments. It is assumed in this discussion that you are familiar with the use of the DAV, NDAC, and NRFD signals as they are used on the HP-IB. The instrument can operate as either a talker or a listener when so directed by the bus controller. The primary control circuits in the Handshake Logic are the DAC Flip-Flop (U15B) and gates U12A, U12B, and U19B.

When the instrument is a listener, the ATLL lline is low, and the high output from U19B enables U1ㄹA and U12B. This condition is also true when ATNiL_, goes low and is discussed in detail later. In either case, the DAC Flip-Flop (U15B) controls the handshake. If U15B is set, the RTR(L) line from the reset output is low, and the NRFD (L) line from U12B is high indicating that the instrument is ready to receive data. The $\mathrm{ACD}(\mathrm{L})$ line from the active-high output of U15B is high, and (since the other input to U12A is also high), the NDAC( L ) line is low. When the bus controller sees all of the required NRFI) $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ lines high (more than one instrument can be addressed to listen), it sets DAV(L) low. When DAV(L) goes low (indicating the data on the HP-IB is valid, the Interface Control ROM either sets EXT INT low or resets U15B by setting SDA(L)low, depending on whether or not the CPU must be interrupted. ISee Table 8-15 for a complete list of the Interface Control ROM input and output signals.) If the CPU is interrupted, it will reset U15B using the DCFiL, line. In either case, $A C D(L)$ goes low and the NDAC( $L$ ) line from U12A goes high. When the bus controller sees all of NDAC( $L$ ) lines go high, it sets $\mathrm{DAV}(\mathrm{L})$ high. The $\mathrm{DAV}(\mathrm{L})$ signal is applied through gates U4B, U20B, and U21B to set the DAC FlipFlop (U15B). Gates U20B and U21B are used to slow down the handshake and prevent a possible race condition. When the DAC Flip-Flop is set, the instrument is returned to a ready-for-data condition.
When the instrument is a talker, the output from U19B is low because both the ATL(L) and the ATN(L) lines are high. The low output from U19B disables U12A and U12B. This prevents the DAC Flip-Flop from driving the NDAC(L) and NRFD $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) HP-IB lines. The Controller (A13) now reads the NDAC(L) line through U4C and U21C and the NRFD(L) line through U4D and U21D. Both of these signals are routed to the Controller through the Peripheral Input/Output (U13). The DAVIL) signal is driven by the Controller through U13 and U12C

Table 8-15. Inputs and Outputs of Interface Control ROM

| Address |  |  |  |  |  | Data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Binary Bit Value |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & H \\ & \mathbf{e} \\ & \mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$ | Bit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
| Pin Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Pin 1 | mber |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 |  | 9 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| L | L | L | L | L | 00 | H | * | H | H | H | H | * | L | SCG so AHS only. |
| L | L | L | L | H | 01 | H |  | L | H | H | H |  |  | OTA so CTF and AHS. |
| L | L | L | H | L | 02 | H | * | H | H | H | H |  | L | OLA so AHS only. |
| L | L | L | H | H | 03 | L | * | H | H | H | H |  | H | UBC so INT only. |
| L | L | H | L | L | 04 | H |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | SCG so AHS only. |
| L | L | H | L | H | 05 | H |  | L | H | H | H |  | L | UNT so CTF and AHS. |
| L | L | H | H | 1 | 06 | H | * | H | H | L | H |  | L | UNL so CIF and AHS. |
| L | L | H | H | H | 07 | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | NRC so AHS only. |
| L | H | L | L | L | 08 | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | SCG so AHS only. |
| L | H | L | L | H | 09 | H |  | H | L | L | H |  | L | MTA so STF, CLF, and AHS. |
| L | H | L | H | L | 0A | L |  | L | H | H | L |  | H | MLA so SLF, CTF, and INT. |
| L | H | L | H | H | OB | L |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | UBC so INT only. |
| L | H | H | L | 1 | ${ }^{0} \mathrm{C}$ | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | SCG so AHS only. |
| L | H | H | L | H | OD | H |  | L | H | H | H |  | L | UNT so CTF and AHS. |
| L | H | H | H | L | OE | H |  | H | H | L | H |  | L | UNL so CLF and AHS. |
| L | H | H | H | H | OF | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | NRC so AHS only. |
| H | L | L | L | L | 10 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | L | L | H | 11 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | L | H | $L$ | 12 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | $L$ | H | H | 13 | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | CDATA so AHS only. |
| H | L | H | L | L | 14 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | H | L | H | 15 | $L$ |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | H | H | L | 16 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | L | H | H | H | 17 | H |  | H | H | H | H |  | L | CDATA so AHS only. |
| H | H | L | L | L | 18 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | L | L | H | 19 | L |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | L | H | L | 1A | L | * | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | L | H | H | 1B | H |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | CDATA so AHS only. |
| H | H | H | L | L | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{C}$ | $L$ |  | H | H | H | H |  | H | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | H | L | H | 1D | L | * | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | H | H | L | 1E | L |  | H | H | H | H |  |  | DATA so INT only. |
| H | H | H | H | H | IF | H | * | H | H | H | H |  | L | CDATA so AHS only. |

* Don't care condition.
** The outputs are active low. The functions of each output are:
Bit 7: INT, interrupts CPU.
Bit 6: Don't Care (NC).
Bit 5: CTF, clear Talk Flip-Flop.
Bit 4: STF, set Talk Flip-Flop.
Bit 3: CLF, clear Listen Flip-Flop.
Bit 2: SLF, set Listen Flip-Flop.
Bit 1: Don't care (NC).
Bit 0: AHS, automatic handshake.

Mnemonics used:
CDATA: DATA from Control group.
DATA: DATA (interface responds).
MLA: My Listen Address.
MTA: My Talk Address.
NRC: Non-Recognized Command.
OLA: Other Listen Address.
OTA: Other Talk Address.
SCG: Secondary Group Command.
UBC: Universal Bus Command.
UNL: Un-Listen.
UNT: Un-Talk.
by the SDV(H) line. U21C is enabled by U20A when the TALK(L) line is low. In the talker mode, the handshaking is entirely controlled by the instrument's firmware and Controller.

Interface Control Circuits. The primary control element in the Interface Control circuits is the Interface Control ROM (U17). U17 is enabled when all the following conditions are satisfied:

1. $\operatorname{RTR}(\mathrm{L})$ is low. This indicates the instrument is ready to receive data or commands.
2. EAH(L) is low. This enables an acceptor handshake. It is decoded from the ATL and ATN lines by U20D. Therefore, if the instrument is addressed to listen or if attention is true, the gate is enabled.
3. U19C pin 8 is low. This indicates that the Controller (A13) has enabled the interface to receive data. This state is latched by the flip-flop consisting of U19C and U19D. This flip-flop is also used to disable the Interface Control ROM (U17) when the Remote Interface is preparing to talk. U17 is disabled so that its control circuits do not respond to the data that the instrument itself is sending.
4. $\operatorname{AVD}(\mathrm{L})$ is low. This indicates that the bus controller is asserting that the data on the HP-IB is valid by putting $\operatorname{DAV}(\mathrm{L})$ low.
When all of these conditions are true, U17 is enabled by setting the EIC(L) line from U20C low. The outputs of U17 are then dependent upon the decoded address line inputs. Depending upon the selected output, the Interface Control ROM will set or clear the appropriate flip-flops, complete a handshake, or interrupt the Controller. The 32 possible states of the output lines are listed and defined in Table 8-15.

How the Remote Interface Handshakes with the HP-IB. The Remote Interface circuits control the asynchronous transfer of bytes over the HP-IB. The following three conditions require that the instrument complete the handshake requirements:

1. When it is a bystander.
2. When the ATN(L) line is low (true). For example, when the bus controller is addressing the instrument to set it to the talk or listen modes. There are also universal commands that can be sent when ATN(L) is low.
3. When it is already addressed to talk or listen.

The instrument handshakes as a bystander whenever ATN(L) is high and it is not addressed to listen. Actually, this handshake is not an interchange of information because under these conditions the instrument never pulls the NRFD(L) and NDAC(L) output lines low. These lines are held high because

ATL(L) and the ATN(L) inputs to U19B remain high. ATL(L) remains high because the instrument is not currently addressed to listen. ATN(L) remains high because it is high at the HP-IB and the signal is applied through two inverters (U4E and U21A) to the input of U19B. The resulting low output is applied to U12A and U12B and the NRFD(L) and NDAC(L) lines are always high. In this mode, the Modulation Analyzer is essentially "off the bus". Note that the DAC Flip-Flop (U15B) is also applied to these gates and depending upon its output state would also hold one of the gate outputs high if ATN were true or ATL were true.
When the bus controller wants to address the instrument to talk, ATN $(\mathrm{L})$ is set low. The output of U19B goes high and the status of the NRFD(L) line (U12B) and the status of the NDAC(L) line are controlled by the DAC Flip-Flop (U15B). (The DAC Flip-Flop is already set by DAV(L) being high through U4B, U20B, and U21B). This causes the RTR(L) line from the DAC Flip-Flop to set NRFD(L) high. The bus controller has already placed the instrument's talk address on the bus and it now pulls $\operatorname{DAV}(\mathrm{L})$ low indicating that it is valid data.
Since the instrument is not yet addressed to talk, the TALK(L) input to the HP-IB I/O circuits (U1, U5, U2, and U6) is high. The talk address on lines DIO1(L) through DIO5(L) is applied through U1 and U5 to the Address Decoder comparator U8. U8 compares the incoming address with the setting of the first five address switches ( S 1 ). If they are the instrument's correct address, the $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{N}$ output of U8 goes high. The data on DIO7(L) and DIO6(L) is applied to the Interface Control ROM (U17) to determine whether the instrument is being addressed to talk or to listen. If it is being addressed to talk DIO7( L ) is low and DIO6( L ) is high (i.e., 10 ). If it is being addressed to listen, DIO7(L) is high and DIO6(L) is low (i.e., 01 ). These two bits are the only difference between the DIO inputs from the bus controller to the instrument when it is being set to talk or listen.
The EIC(L) from U20C is low to enable U17 and the other inputs to the address lines of U17 select the memory locations that will set output pin 5 to low. The STF(L) line sets the Talk flip-flop U16A. At the same time, the SDA(L) output at pin 1 of U17 is low and resets the DAC Flip-Flop (U15B). The low output from pin 9 of U15B is applied to U12A and the $\mathrm{NDAC}(\mathrm{L})$ line goes high, indicating that the handshake is complete. Note that the CPU did not need to be interrupted.

Remote Enable Flip-Flop. When the instrument is addressed to listen, the CPU is interrupted and must
determine whether or not it has been enabled to the remote mode (or whether it is already in the remote mode). The Controller does this by attempting to set the Remote Enable Flip-Flop (U15A). If the REN(L) line on the HP-IB is low (true), it is inverted by U4F and the reset input to U15A pin 1 is high. In this case U15A can be set by the Controller. Conversely, if REN $(L)$ is high, the reset input is low and U15A is held reset. The Controller checks the set output of U15A RNL(H) through inverter U22A and the Peripheral Input/Output (U13). If the instrument receives its listen address and if the output of U15A is high, it enters remote mode and lights the REMOTE annunciator on the front panel.

Serial Poll Enable Flip-Flop. When the Controller recognizes the SPE (Serial Poll Enable) bus command, the CPU is interrupted and attempts to set the Serial Poll Flip-Flop (U3B). IFC(L) from the HP-IB is applied through U4A and U22D to the reset input of U3B. If IFC(L) is high the Serial Poll Flip-Flop can be set; if it is low, U3B is held reset. If U3B is set, the instrument enters the serial poll mode, and this information is read back via the Instrument Bus to the Controller through U9D. When the instrument is subsequently addressed to talk, it again reads back the output of U3B to determine what information to output to the HP-IB: measurement results or the status byte. If it is still in the serial poll mode, the status byte is output. When the SPD (Serial Poll Disable) bus command is received, the Controller resets U3B.

Other Control Lines. The remaining HP-IB control lines to the instrument are EOI(L), SRQ(L), and $\operatorname{IFC}(\mathrm{L}) . \mathrm{EOI}(\mathrm{L})$ is not used by the instrument and is terminated in R7N and R7P.SRQ(L) is output to the HP-IB under Controller direction through U13. IFC( $L$ ) is used to clear all talkers and listeners off the HP-IB. IFC( $L$ ) is buffered into four lines. At the output of U4A, after CR1, one line is applied to the Address Comparator (U8) to disable it. This keeps
the Interface Control ROM (U17) from affecting either the Talk or Listen Flip-Flop while IFC is true. Two additional lines (from U21E and U21F) clear the Talk and Listen Flip-Flops (U16A and U16B). The fourth line (from U22D) clears the Serial Poll Flip-Flop.
Address Readback Circuit. When so directed by the operator, the Controller sequentially reads back the status of the Address Switches (SIA through SIE) and the talk-only and listen-only switches (S1G and S1F). This information is processed through gates U9 and U10 under control of the RSU(L) and RSL(L) lines from the Select Decoder (U11). The Controller's internal RAM is also read for service request (SRQ) status. The front-panel display shows not only the HP-IB address and the talk-only or listen-only status but also whether or not it is issuing a Service Request (SRQ). (See Special Function 21.0 in the Detailed Operating Information section of the Operating Manual.)
Peripheral Input/Output. The Peripheral Input/ Output (U13) provides the required I/O interface between the Controller and the HP-IB. Refer to Table 8-16 for a description of inputs and outputs of U13.

P/O Controller. The P/O (part of) Controller circuit consists of Memory Select Decoder (U18) and ROM 11 (U14). This circuit is part of the Controller firmware and contains the HP-IB and limit programs. The instrument will operate with the Remote Interface Assembly removed. However, the HP-IB and limit capabilities are lost when ROM 11 is not present. The instrument will indicate this condition by displaying a check sum error after power up or upon interrogation. For an explanation of how the Controller ROMs are decoded, refer to Service Sheet 18.

Select Decoder. For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

Table 8-16. Inputs and Outputs of the PIO (U13)

| Pin Name | Description | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I/O A0 thru I/O A7 | I/O Port A | Input/Output |
| I/O B0 thru I/O B7 | I/O Port B | Input/Output |
| DB0 through DB7 | Data Bus Lines | Bi-directional (3-state) |
| ROMC0 through |  |  |
| ROMC4 | Control Lines | Input |
| \$, WRITE | Clock Lines | Input |
| EXT INT | External Interrupt | Input |
| PRI IN | Priority In | Input |
| PRI OUT | Priority Out | Output |
| INT REQ | Interrupt Request | Output |
| DBDR | Data Bus Drive | Output |

## 8-93. Power Supply Regulators (A10)Service Sheet 23

General. The Power Supply Regulators Assembly (A10) and the Power Supply Mother Board Assembly (A26) contain the circuitry for the +15 and -15 V supplies. The two supplies are nearly exact comple ments (i.e., all polarities reversed, NPN transistors interchanged for PNP, etc.) except that the -15 V supply is referenced from the +15 V supply (via R26 and R27) and is not adjustable. Also, the +15 V supply remains on when the instrument is in standby and its output is switched to drive only the high-stability crystal reference oscillator in Option 002 . Only the +15 V supply will be discussed.
+15 V Supply. The +15 V supply is a series-type regulator. A29Q2 is the series-pass transistor which is configured as a Darlington pair. The series-pass transistor is suppled from a full-wave rectifier (chassis part T1 and A26CR7 and CR8) and filter capacitor A26C3. The Input Over-Voltage Protection circuit (or crowbar), consisting of triac A26Q1, reference diodes A26VR1 and VR2, and A26R1, protects the instrument against improper line selection. The reference diodes cause the triac to fire (i.e., short-circuit) when the secondary voltage exceeds approximately 70 V of either polarity. The shorted secondary then causes the line fuse to blow.
The output of the supply is divided down by R23, R24, and R25 and compared to the voltage across a reference diode (VR1) by the differential amplifier Q7 and Q9. Q8 is an intermediate stage that drives the series-pass regulator. CR1 and CR4 protect the base-emitter junctions of Q7 and Q9. C4 filters the noise from the reference diode.
Q12 senses the voltage drop across R7. If the voltage is too large (because of too much output current), Q12 biases on Q13 which reduces the base-to-emitter drive of the series-pass transistor. The supply voltage drops to zero and the output current drops (or folds back) to a safe level. C1 prevents the supply from oscillating when it has folded back.
Q10 switches the supply sense line from the output side of relay A26K1 to the input side when the relay opens. The relay is energized by the unregulated +15 V supply through the ON/STBY switch (chassis part S1 on Service Sheet 20). VR2 and Q1 form an Over-Voltage Protection circuit for the +15 V supply. Should the output of the supply exceed approximately $+16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VR} 2$ conducts and fires SCR Q1 which shorts the supply. The supply then folds back. CR6 protects the supply should the output connect to a negative-polarity supply. VR4 conducts and lights LED DSI when the supply is at approximately the right voltage.

## 8-94. Power Supply Regulators (A10)Service Sheet 24

General. The Power Supply Regulators Assembly (A10) and the Power Supply Mother Board Assembly ( 126 ) contain the circuitry for the $+40,+5$, and -51 supplies. The +5 and -5 V supplies are nearly exact complements (i.e., all polarities reversed, NPN transistors interchanged for PNP, etc.). Both supplies are referenced from the +15 V supply and are not adjustable. Only the +40 and the +5 V supplies will be discussed.
+40 V Supply. The +40 V supply is a series-type regulator. Q15 is the series-pass transistor. The series-pass transistor is supplied from a half-wave rectifier (chassis part T1 on Service Sheet 23 and CR8) and filter capacitor C11. The output of the supply is divided down by R39 and R40 and compared to the +15 V supply by the differential amplifier Q16 and Q17.Q14 is an intermediate stage that drives the series-pass regulator. CR9 and CR10 protect the base-emitter junctions of Q16 and Q17. C12 filters the noise from the +15 V supply. R38 and CR11 bring up the supply when the instrument is turned on.

VR6 and Q3 form an Over-Voltage Protection circuit for the +40 V supply. Should the output of the supply exceed approximately +47 V, VR3 conducts and fires SCR Q3 which shorts the supply and blows F3. CR14 protects the supply should the output connect to a negative-polarity supply. VR7 conducts and switches on Q4 to light LED I)S3 when the supply is at approximately the right voltage.
+5 V Supply. The +5 V supply is a series-type regulator. A29Q1 is the series-pass transistor which is configured as a Darlington pair. The series-pass transistor is supplied from a full-wave rectifier (chassis part T1 and A26CR2 and CR3 on Service Sheet 23) and filter capacitor A26C1 on Service Sheet 23 . The output of the supply is compared to the voltage of the +15 V supply divided down by R50 and R51) by the Comparison Amplifier (UlC) which drives the series-pass regulator.

Over-Current Protection amplifier U1D senses the voltage drop across R58. If the voltage is too large (because of too much output current), the output of U1D goes low which reduces the baseto-emitter drive of the series-pass transistor. The supply voltage drops to zero and the output current drops cor folds back) to a safe level. CR12 and CR15 prevent U1D from having an effect on the supply when the output current is at a normal level. Cl frequency compensates the supply.

VR8 and Q2 form an Over-Voltage Protection circuit for the +5 V supply. Should the output of the supply exceed approximately +5.6 V , VR2 conducts and fires SCR Q2 which shorts the supply. The supply then folds back. CR17 protects the supply should the output connect to a negative-polarity supply. VR10 conducts and lights LED DS4 when the supply is at approximately the right voltage.

## 8-95. FM Calibrator (Option 010, A51)Service Sheet 28

General. The FM Calibrator provides a 10.1 MHz signal with an amount of FM which can be determined by the Controller. It also is the source of RF for the AM Calibrator (see Service Sheet 29).
10.1 MHz VCO and Output Amplifier. The 10.1 MHz VoltageControlled Oscillator (VCO) is Colpitts type. Q7 provides the gain necessary for oscillation. The tank circuit is composed of the series combination of C16 and C17 in parallel with CR3, CR5, CR6, C20, and L7 in series with L6. Varactor diodes CR3, CR5, and CR6 tune the oscillator approximately 68 kHz peak-to-peak. Q8 is a temperature-compensated current source for the emitter of Q7. Q2 provides a regulated, positive supply for the oscillator and the varactor cathodes; it has a thermal characteristic which compensates for the frequency drift caused by the varactor diodes. C18 and C19 assure that the supply has a low ac impedance. Current source Q4 provides a stable reference voltage across R32 for the base of Q2.
The output from the oscillator, taken from the inductive divider L6 and L7, is buffered by differential pair Q6 and Q1 and drives the AM Calibrator. The base of Q1 is referenced to the output of the Oscillator Collector Supply. Q3 is a constant-current source for the emitters of Q1 and Q6. Q5 is a common-base isolation amplifier which drives the Counter Buffer (U9).

Trapezoid Generation Circuits. The trapezoid generation circuits create a 10 kHz trapezoidal waveform with rounded corners that drives the varactor diodes of the 10.1 MHz VCO. The waveform must rise and fall to full value with a transition time that causes no ringing when the FM signal is demodulated by the FM Demodulator and fed through the audio circuits which have been set for maximum bandwidth. In generating the trapezoidal waveform, a triangle wave is first generated then limited.
Several points in the triangle generation circuits require stable reference voltages. The basic reference is a temperature-stable reference diode VR2. The
reference is fed from current source Q13, which itself is temperature stable because its base-emitter junction and its reference (VR1) have similar thermal behavior. The output of the Voltage Reference (taken with respect to the -15 V ( F ) supply) is divided by two by R7 and R8 and converted into a constant current by Current Source U2 and Q11 and by U1 and Q10.

U1 produces a constant voltage across R14 which then generates a constant current. This current also flows through R11, R12, and R13 to produce a constant, but adjustable, voltage at the noninverting ( + ) input of U3. U3 is a voltage follower which provides the reference (approximately -5 $V d c)$ to the non-inverting input of $U 4$.

The Triangle Generator is an integrator configured as a relaxation oscillator. U4 and C 11 form the integrator. When the activehigh output of U5A is high (i.e., 0 V ), the 5 V developed across R 19 produces a constant current which, being integrated, produces a negative-slope ramp at the output of U4. Conversely, when the output of U5A goes low (i.e., -10 V ), the 5 V of opposite polarity developed across R19 produces a positive-slope ramp at the output of U4.

The output of U 4 is compared with two references; viz., ground by U6B and -10 V by U6A. When the negative-slope ramp reaches -10 V , U6A switches from low to high and resets (the formerly set) U5A. The ramp now slopes positively and U6A releases its reset on U5A. When the positive-slope ramp reaches 0V, U6B switches from low to high and sets U5A. The ramp now slopes negatively and U6B releases its set on U5A. Thus, a triangle wave is generated at the output of U4. If the non-inverting input of U6C or U6D is high, the effect of U6B or U6A is overridden and U5A is held either with a set or a reset. U4 falls or rises until CR7 and VR3 or CR8 and VR4 come on and clamp the output of U 4 at approximately -10 or 0 V .

The triangle wave from U 4 is attenuated by a factor of 14 by R21 and R22 and then amplified and limited by the Trapezoid Generator. The Trapezoid Generator is a differential pair, Q9A and Q9B, which has a gain of 1.3 (i.e., one-half the ratio of R27 to the sum of R26 and the emitter resistance of Q9A) when both Q9A and Q9B are active. The triangle's positive-going slope turns on Q9B fully, which turns off Q9A. The resulting $0 V$ on the collector of Q9A tunes the VCO to the low end of its range. The negative-going slope turns Q9B off, which allows all of the current from Q11 to flow through Q9A. This produces a negative voltage limit at the collector of Q9A. The resulting -0.33 V tunes the VCO to the
upper end of its range. The large emitter resistors (R23 and R26) round the waveform as the limits of the output voltage are reached.
-10V Regulator. The -10V Regulator drops the level of the -15 V supply and is the negative supply for U5A.

Select Decoder and Data Latch. For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48.

## 8-96. AM Calibrator (Option 010, A50)Service Sheet 29

General. The AM Calibrator provides a 10.1 MHz signal with an amount of AM which can be determined by the Controller. The output of the calibrator appears at the CALIBRATION OUTPUT jack.

Input and Modulator Circuits. The source of RF for the AM Calibrator is a 10.1 MHz signal from the FM Calibrator (see Service Sheet 28). This signal is amplified and limited by differential pair Q1B and Q1D. C8 provides an ac short for the emitters of Q1B and Q1D. The emitter current, which is switched back and forth between Q1B and Q1D, is supplied by current source Q1A.
The limited RF signal is split into two nearly identical paths containing the two modulators. The outputs from the modulators are then summed together to produce the modulated signal. Using the path through Modulator $A$ as an example, the RF signal is amplified by Q2 which switches CR1 and CR3 on and off at the RF rate. The node between the cathodes of CR3 and CR5 is supplied with a current from the A Current Source (Q11). When the output from Q2 switches CR1 and CR3 on, the current from the A Current Source is routed through CR1 and CR3. No current flows through CR5 and CR7, and thus, no voltage is developed at the emitter of Q4. When the output from Q2 switches CR1 and CR3 off, the current from the A Current Source flows through CR5 and CR7 and develops a voltage at the emitter of Q4. The voltage level depends on the magnitude of the current and the impedance at the anode of CR7. An RF square wave with a stable amplitude thus appears at the emitter of Q4.
When the AM Calibrator is producing AM, the A Current Source is held on and the B Current Source is switched on and off at a 10 kHz rate. The RF signal at the emitter of Q5 is thus a 10.1 MHz signal chopped at a 10 kHz rate. The signals from the two modulators are converted to currents by the common-base stages Q4 and Q5. Since the collectors
of Q4 and Q5 share a common load (R66), the two collector currents are summed together, and an AM signal with a nominal modulation index of $1 / 3$ is developed at the calibrator output. Before being applied to the CALIBRATION OUTPUT jack, the signal is bandpass-filtered by L7 and C28 and attenuated by the 10 dB Output Attenuator.

Amplifier/Detector. The method for accurately determining the AM depth requires accurate measurement of the relative levels from Modulator A alone and $B$ alone. The Detector converts the RF signal into a dc voltage which can be measured by the instrument's internal Voltmeter.

Q20 and Q19 amplify the summed RF signal by 22 dB . The gain of the stage is $1+(\mathrm{R} 78 / \mathrm{R} 75)$. Q17 converts the signal from Q19 to a current which drives the common-base amplifier Q16 into the active region during positive half-cycles and off during negative half-cycles. The current from Q16 develops a voltage across R95 which is a halfwaverectified RF signal. CR11 is switched on and off out of phase with Q16. The detected signal is filtered by R97 and C45 and buffered by voltage follower U2. The output of U2 is the AM Calibration voltage measured by the Voltmeter. The detected signal is also amplified, inverted, and offset by the X10 DC Amplifier. The X10 amplification enhances the resolution of the calibrator in discerning the difference in levels between the outputs of Mudulator $A$ and $B$. The gain of U 3 is $-[\mathrm{R} 101 /(\mathrm{R} 96+\mathrm{R} 98)]=$ -10 Q18 generates a current which, flowing through R101, generates an offset of about +22 V . This offset, when added to the amplified and inverted input, produces a dc voltage at the output of U3 (X10 AM Calibration) which is within the measurement range of the internal Voltmeter. R105, C52, R106, and C54 filter the outputs from the detector amplifiers.

10 kHz Modulation Oscillator and Modulator Drive Circuits. A 10 kHz square wave is generated by a 20 kHz astable multivibrator whose output is divided by 2. The 20 kHz Modulation Oscillator (U6) is a timer circuit wired for astable operation. The Divide by-2 circuit (U7A) is a D-type flip-flop with the active-low output driving the $D$ input which creates a divide-by-two function. A resistive divider (R37, R39, and R41) is placed across the two outputs of U7A. The voltage at the adjustable center tap of the divider is a square wave whose amplitude and phase sense vary with the position of the tap and the symmetry (duty cycle) of the output from U7A. The output from the divider is fed back to the timing control input of U6 through voltage follower U5.

The voltage at the timing control of U6 determines the period of the output of U6. The half-frequency square wave, applied to timing control input, lengthens or shortens every other cycle from U6 and thus alters the symmetry of the output from the Divide-by-2.
The output from U7A switches the B Current Source on and off. The basic reference for the B Current Source is a temperature-stable reference diode VR1. The reference is fed from current source Q 14 , which itself is temperature stable because its base-mitter junction and its reference VR2 have similar thermal behavior. The output of the reference (taken with respect to the $-15 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{~F})$ supply) is divided by two by R63 and R64 and converted into a constant current source by U4 and Q10. The 10 kHz signal driving the base of Q8 alternately switches the current from Q10 between Q7 and Q6.
The current from Q6 drives Modulator B through Q9. The current waveform, however, is modified (by U1 and its associated components) to give it a slower rise and fall time. When Q6 is off, there is no charge on C34 and no current flows through R81. When Q6 switches on, a constant current begins to charge C34. Ul senses this voltage and turns on Q9 to cause an equal voltage to develop across R81 (since the
voltage across the inputs of U1 must always be zero). C34 charges exponentially until all the current from Q6 flows through Q9 and into Modulator B. The converse situation occurs when Q6 switches off.
The A Current Source is switched under command of the Controller. The current for the A Current Source originates in current source Q13. The reference for Q13 is also VR1. Q15, wired as a diode, thermally matches the base-emitter junction of Q13 to stablize it. R45 adjusts the current supplied to Modulator A so that the detected voltage from Modulator A can be set to the same value as that from Modulator B.

Power Supply Decoupling. Q22 and Q21 drop the level of the -15 V supply to -10 and -5 V respectively. They are the supplies for U6, U7A, and some of the bias references. Q23 multiplies the effect of C3 to assist in decoupling audio (e.g., line frequencies) on the +15 V supply.

Select Decoder and Data Latch. For a general discussion of instrument control, see Instrument Bus, page 8-48. U8A, U8C, and U8D shift the logic levels from TTL register U9 to levels compatible with the particular devices being driven.

## SERVICE SHEET BD1 - OVERALL BLOCK DIAGRAM

## OTHER REFERENCES

- Principles of Operation ......... Page 8-37


## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

The troubleshooting checks that follow are a starting place for locating an instrument fault. They are easy to perform and give much key information in a short amount of time. In most instances they can differentiate between an instrument hardware failure and a Controller or software problem. The comments associated with each procedure summarize the information known as a result of passing or failing the check. The checks should be done in order.

V1) Line Check
Procedure: Remove instrument top cover (three screws) and switch LINE to ON.

Normal Indications:

1. The fan runs indicating power is present on the power transformer secondaries.
2. The five green LEDs on the A10 Power Supply Regulators Assembly are lighted indicating that the supplies are nominally operating.

If Indication Abnormal:

1. Check rear-panel line fuse and line voltage selector. Check Mains wiring. See Service Sheet 23.
2. Check individual regulators. See Service Sheet BD2.

## $\sqrt{ } 2$ Power-Up Checks

Procedure: If there are any jumpers on the TEST test points on the A13 Controller Assembly, remove them. Switch LINE to STBY for five seconds and back to ON. Note the sequencing of the four TEST LEDs on the top of the Controller Assembly as the instrument powers up.

Normal Indication: The four TEST LEDs light in the following sequence:

1. Indeterminate for about $1 / 4$ second.
2. ()()()(1) for about $1 /$ second. This indicates the start of the power-up routines and the run of the Read Only Memory Check.
3. () (4) () () for about $1 /$ second. This indicates the run of the Local Oscillator Check.
4. (8) (4) (2)(1) for about 10 seconds. This indicates that all power-up checks passed and that a visual front-panel check is in progress (see $r \cdot 3$ below).
5. ()()() (1), with (1) blinking indefinitely until a key is pressed. The behavior of the LED (1) is also affected by the presence of an input signal.

Any other sequence indicates a failure of the check. Passing this check indicates that the Controller is functioning properly and that there is no catastrophic failure in the following circuits:

> Read Only Memory
> Random Access Memory
> Instrument Bus
> Local Oscillator (except for level)
> Keyboard (only that no key is down).

If Indication Abnormal: If the TEST LEDs come on and remain in the random state of step 1 above, check the Controller Kernel. See Service Sheet BD4. If other indications appear in or after step 2 above, consult Power-Up Checks, page 8-17, which discusses the individual checks, documents the error indications, and cross references to the service sheets.

## $\sqrt{ } 3$ Front-Panel LED Check

Procedure: Disconnect all connections to INPUT. Switch LINE to STBY and back to ON.

Normal Indication: After less than one second, all front-panel LEDs and display segments and decimal points should light for about 10 seconds, then the display blanks for one second then shows ".." with the MHz annunciator and FREQ key light on. This indicates that the Controller is able to output to the front-panel LED and display latches which are all operative.

## SERVICE SHEET BD1 (Cont'd)

If indication Abnormal: If one or more LEDs or display segments fail, check the respective components and drive circuits. See Service Sheet 21. Also check the CPU I/O port. See Service Sheet BD4.

## $\sqrt{ } 4$ Measurement Error Check

Procedure: Key in 43.1 SPCL. This enables Service Errors. Make the measurement in which the fault appears.

Normal Indications: As the Special Function code is entered, 43.1 should appear in the display. This indicates that the Controller responds to keyboard interrupts. After pressing the SPCL key, measurements should proceed as normal.

If Indication Abnormal: If the keys have no effect, check the keyboard interrupt. See Service Sheet 20. If the keystrokes produce an erroneous display, check the Keyboard. See Service Sheet BD4. If the measurement is improper or error messages appear in the display, consult the error message tables (see Error Messages in the Detailed Operating Instructions of the Operating Manual and Error Messages, page 8-15, or consult the block diagram service sheet that documents the section of the instrument that appears to have the fault (see Service Sheets BD2 through BD4).

## NOTE

For problems that are exclusive to the HP-IB, see Service Sheet BD4.


| SERVICE SHEET BD2 - RF AND POWER SUPPLY SECTION other references |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Overall Block Diagram <br> - Principles of Operatio |  |  |  |  |
| troubleshooting General |  |  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| caution |  |  |  |  |
|  <br>  malfunctions, or damage to the instrument. |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| OscilloscopePower Suply |  |  |  |  |
| Signal Generator................. HP 86640 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $\sqrt{ } 1$ Input Attenuator and Filter Check <br> Set signal generator to 5.25 MHz CW at -33 dBm . Connect its RE <br> the Mudulation Analyzert INPUT |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Connect ac coupled oscilloscope to A15J2 (RF OUT). Switch the input impedance of the oscilloscope to 5012 or terminate the input in son using a tec. |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Key in 41.0 SPCL . to initialize the instrument. Key in the Special Functions to set the input attenuationj) and set the signallevel as isted below. For cach setting, the 5.25 MHz sign appear within the limits indicated. If out of limits, see Service Shee |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Seatal |  |  | Oscilloscope Display Limits (mypol |  |
|  |  |  | Mrinum | Maximum |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 12, SPPCL | 10 | ${ }_{23} 3$ | 12 | 17 |
|  |  | 13 | 12 | ${ }_{17}^{17}$ |
| (1.tspct |  |  | ${ }^{12}$ |  |
|  | (10 |  | 12, |  |

## service shet bio (corta)


(v2) Overpower Protection Check
 display should show Error
check he he Overpower
aretection.



(3) PF Deector Chec

Ampror
( 4 ) Local Osillator Tuning Check

(v5) Local Osclllator Level Check




nот
The wepep can be hatted by pressing the SPCL Rey. If the


SERVICE SHEET BD2 (Contr)


 note

## 

(v6) Track Mode Check
note


2. Connect high.impedance, de coupied ossillascope to the rear-
panel FM OUTPUT.

 4. Adjust the osecilloscope tovertieally center the trace. Adjust he


 Diseriminator. IIp niter
Track
Loop Amplifier.
(v7) Input Mixer and IF Check $\begin{gathered}\text { NOTE } \\ \text { N }\end{gathered}$




SERVICE SHEET bot (Conida)
3. Keyin 41.0 SPCLL toinititilize che instrumen. Key in 1.3 SPCL to
 Cok input Mixer, f Filters, and $1 F$ Amplififers.


(vil) Power Supply Check





 ime and observe the five power supply LEDs. An extinguished


 ally regulator
4. $=$ : $=\mathrm{BD} 1$

${ }_{8} 88$

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On Figure 8-59: <br> - MP65 - A cover has been added to the empty circuit board slot in the RF section. This cover has been assigned reference designator MP65. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2212A and above | On the BD2 schematic: <br> - A15 - In the upper left portion of the block diagram, replace the A15 input assembly schematic (block 1) with the figure, P/O Figure 8-61. RF and Power Supply Sections Block Diagram (2212A and above), on page 8-88.3. |

## Reserved for future changes.





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## CHANGES

| 2212A and above | In the troubleshooting: <br> Check 3 - In $\sqrt{\sqrt{3}})$ Controller Kernel Check, replace the signature analysis <br> and part number tables with those found on page 8-92.3. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Reserved for future changes.

Signatures for $\sqrt{3}$ Controller Kernel Check, step 7

| With A14 Plugged In |  | With A14 Not Plugged In |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test Point | Signature | Test Point | Signature |
| DATA 0 | 9AUP | DATA 0 | A50A |
| DATA 1 | 907U | DATA 1 | 7PH4 |
| DATA 2 | 15F9 | DATA 2 | 1756 |
| DATA 3 | H5FA | DATA 3 | 08FP |
| DATA 4 | H2P8 | DATA 4 | H73C |
| DATA 5 | A2C1 | DATA 5 | 4C7P |
| DATA 6 | AO86 | DATA 6 | 01U1 |
| DATA 7 | 04C2 | DATA 7 | 7097 |

ROM Part Numbers

| ROM Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | $08901-80040$ |
| 2 | $08901-80041$ |
| 3 | $08901-80011$ |
| 4 | $08901-80012$ |
| 5 | $08901-80013$ |
| 6 | $1818-0926$ or 08901-80014 |
| 7 | $08901-80039$ or $08901-80015$ |
| 8 | $08901-80025$ |
| 11 | $1818-1364$ |

Mode 8901 A



## SERVICE SHEET 1 - RF INPUT (A15)

## other references


-nciples of Opera

## General <br> General

froceduref for checking the RF Input Assembly are given below.
 addition, any points outride the laheled area that must be check
re also identifed. Fixed signals are also slown on the schema
 and its in
ments.

v1 Input Attenuator Check
Set the signal generator to 11 MHz CW at +13 dBm . Connectits RF output to the input of an ac coupled oscilloscope. Switch th input impedance
$50 n$ using a tee.
Fine adjust the signal generator's level for an oscilloscope dis playors
Recomnect the signal generator's output to the Mudulation An
yzer's INPUT. (The input cable, W1 or W36, should be connected lyzer's INPUT. (The input cable. W1 or W36, should be connected
A152 with an extender cable.) Reconnect the oscilloscope to Ad5J
(RF OUT)
4. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument. Key in the Direct
Control Special Functions and check the signals indicated below.

SERVICE SHEET 1 (Conld)


Hint: If the oscilloscope display reads low for all ahove eonditions,
check the 5.25 MHz Hight Pass Filter, Overpower Protection, and input cable (W1 or W36).
(v2) 5.25 MHz High-Pass Filter Check

1. Set the signal generator to 5.25 MHz CW at +3 dBm . Connect its
RF output to the input of an ac coupled oscilloscope. Switch the
 son uaing a tee.
2. Fine adjust the signal generator's level for an uscilloscope dis.
play of 1 Vpp .
3. Reconnect the signal generator's output to the Modulation Ana-
lyzer's INPUT. Connect the input cable W1 or W36 to A151 lyzer's INPUT. (Connect the input cable, W1 or W36. to Alsj1 1 with
an extender cable.) Reconnect the oscill 4. Key in 41.0 SPCL and 0.047 SPCL to initialize the instrument 4. Key in 41.0 SPCL and 0.047 SPCL to initialize the instrument
and deet the attenuato to the hhr path Key in the Direct Control
Special Functions and check the signala indicated below.

| Cheosk | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|r\|r\|lll} \hline \text { Spucial } \\ \text { Funclian } \end{array}$ | Level [TTL) at |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oscillosocope } \\ \text { Display } \\ \text { (Vppol) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A28xa15 fin 28 | Q2.6 |  |
| Thru Path | ${ }^{0.024}$ | $\stackrel{\text { L }}{\text { L }}$ | H | ${ }^{0.76610 .00}$ |
| 5.25 MHz HPF | 0.02 C | н |  |  |

Hint. It the oscilloscope display reads low for both above conditions,
check the Inout Attenuator, Overpower Protection, and input cable check the In
(W1 or W36).
(v3) Ovarpower Protection Check

1. Set the eignal generato to 11 MHz CW at +13 dBm . Connect it
RF output to the Modulation Analyzer's INPUT.
2. Connect an ac coupled oscilloscope to A15J2 RFOUT, Switch
the input impedance of the oscilloscope to 50 Dor terminate Lhe input in 50 in using a tee.

ERVICE SHEET 1 (Cont'd)
Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument. Key in 1.1 SPCL
to set the input attenuation to 0 dB. Check the signals indicated tolow for the thru path only.
best

| Creck | Level (TTL) at |  | OscillascopeDisplayDill [Wpp] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A28xA15 Pin 17 | 01.6 |  |
| Thru Path | 1 | $\stackrel{\text { H }}{\text { L }}$ | 2.75 ${ }_{0} 0.00$ |

Hint: If the oscilloseope display reada low, check the Input Attenu
tor, $\overline{2.25} \mathrm{MHz}$ High Pass Filter, and input cable (W1 or W36).
4. Remove signal generator from INPUT. Set power supply to 20
Vdc. Touch the +20 V lead to the Modulation Analyzer's INPUT (the Te. Touch the 2 20V lead to the
Reconnect the signal generator. Check the signals indicared in
he table under step 3 for the condition of overpower. The del the table under step
6. Repeat ttep 3 to check the recovery from the overpower condition.

NOTE
If step 4 is repeated, it is usually necessary to first dis.
charge the input dc bucking capacitor by connection charge the input de blucking capacitior by connectink a
SOn termination to the INPUT. Disehurge it also after completing this check.

## $\sqrt{ } 4$ Overpower Detector Check

. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument
2. Connect a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope or a dc volt-
meter to A28XAI5 pin 21 . The node should he a TTL high.
 Madiation Analyer'rs INPUT the minus side ehould be at ground
The node should show a momentary low. The dispiay should als
show E06.

## NOTE

If steps 1 to 3 are to be repeated it is necessary to first
discharge the inputd de blocking capacitor by connecting a Itscharget he ipu a chocking capacitor yy connecting a
500 termination to the INPUT. Discharge it also after completing this chech.

## v Detector Amplifier Check

C. Set he eignal generator to 11 MHz CW at +13 dBm . Connect ita


SERVICE SHEET 1 (Conrid)
2. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument.
3. Key in 0.024 SPCL and 49.31 SPCL to turn the the output of the Detector Amplifier. Chen o the output of the Detector Amplifier. Change
the level of the signal generator as indicated below and note the digalay. Alternatively, measure
1 ITP1 (RF DET) with a dc voltmeter

|  | Diapay Umith | Voltago Limits at A15TP) (Vdc) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} +13 \\ +3 \\ +3 \\ 0 \text { ff } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.05 \text { to } 1.25 \\ -0.27 \text { to } 0.33 \\ -0.003 \text { to }+0.003 \end{gathered}$ | 1.05 to 1.25 <br> 0.27 to 0.213 <br> 0.008 to +0.008 |

Hint: If the off condition above if slighty out of
limit, perform the KF Detector offeet Adjustment.
(V6) RF Level Detector Olfset Chec
Remove the cable (W1 or W3b) from A15J
2. Measure the dc voltage at the junction of CR4 The inputimpedance of the voltmeter must be at east 10 Mn .)
3. Measure the de voltage at pin 2 of U2. It
hould be 50 to 70 mV more negative than the hould be 50 to 70 mV more negative than the
. Key in 0.020 SPCL to turn the detector off.
5. Measure the de voltage at the junction of CR 4
and $\mathrm{CH13}$. It should be between +8.5 and +10.0

$\sqrt{7}$ Detector Amplifier Discharge Check Set the signal generatur to 11 MHz CW at +13 Analyzer's $\operatorname{CNPUT}$. (Connect the input cable, W1 or W36, to AlSJ1 with an extender cable.)
2. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument.
3. Kee in 0.020 SPCL to turn the detector off. Key in 49.31 SPCL to connect the internal voltmeter to hould read between -0.0200 and 0.0200
4. Kees in 0.024 SPCL to turn the detector on. Key
in 49.31 SPC. The display should read between in 49.31 SPCL. The
1.0000 and 1.3000 .
5. Set the signal generator for $50 \% \mathrm{AM}$ at a 20 Hz rate. The display show
from its average value
Press RF LEVEL. Switch the signal generaor's AM off, then turn the RF off and note the
Modulation Analyzer's display as the reading decreases. The reading should decrease to leess
han $0.010-0.0$ watts by the second reading after he RF is switched off.

## viven Check

1. Perform the SWR partion of the RF Level Per
formance Test.

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A15 schematic: <br> - CR4 - Reverse the polarity of the diode symbol for CR4. <br> - R10 - Change the value of R10 to 52.8 ohms. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - 08901-60139 - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to |
| 2212A and above | On the A15 schematic: <br> - $\frac{08901-60183 \text { - Use the new schematic foldout with revision date }}{\text { rev.01NOV89. }}$ |
| 2212A to 2412A | On the A15 component locator: <br> - 08901-60183 - Use the new component locations, Figure 8-67. A15 RF Input Assembly Component Locations (2212A to 2412A), on page 8-94.3. |
| 2302A and above | On the A15 schematic: <br> - C4 - Change the value of C 4 to $68 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |
| 2421A and above | On the A15 schematic: <br> - 08901-60256 - On the schemtic foldout with revision rev.01NOV89 change the part number of the A15 schematic to 08901-60256. <br> - R10 - Change the value of R10 to 61.59 ohms and remove the asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ). <br> - C29 - Add a capacitor C29 at the junction ot R46 and the anode of CR4. <br> - AT1, AT2, AT3, R15, R19, R20, R21 - Delete R15, R19, R20, and R21; replace with AT1. Delete R27, R29, and R30; replace with AT2. Delete R38, R40, and R41; replace with AT3. |

## CHANGES

| 2424A and above | On the A15 component locator: <br> - 08901-60256 - Use the new component locations, Figure 8-67. A15 RF Input Assembly Component Locations (2424A and above), on page 8-94.4. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2543A and above | On the A15 schematic: <br> - W1-On the line between K1 and Q1 (between the nodes of C6 and R49) insert wire jumper, W1. <br> - R62, L5 - Delete R62 and L5. <br> - U3A - Change pin 1 to pin 12; pin 3 to pin 4; pin 4 to pin 5; pins 2, 5, 7 to pins 3, 6, 8; pin 10 to pin 11. <br> - U3B - Change pin 6 to pin 7; pin 8 to pin 9; pin 9 to pin 10. Pins 1, 2, 13, and 14 are not connected. |




Figure 8-67. A15 RF Input Assembly Component Locations (2424A and above)




## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A17 schematic: <br> - L5 - Change the value of L 5 to $240 \mu \mathrm{H}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - 08901-60139 - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to |
| 2227A and above | On the A18 schematic: <br> Q4 - Under IF OUTPUT AMPLIFIER GAIN 13 dB , delete the transistor ground connection. In the table of Transistor and Ingrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q4 to 1854-0477. |
| 2302A and above | On the A18 schematic: <br> - R23, R24 - Under INVERTING AMPLIFIER, change the value of R23 to 500 ohms and R24 to 383 ohms. |
| 2443A and above | On the A18 schematic: <br> Q7 - Add a ferrite bead, E1, to the base of Q9. |
| 2609A and above | On the A17 component locator: <br> - 08901-60104 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-69. A17 Input Mixer Assembly Component Locations (2609A and above), on page 8-96.3. <br> On the A17, A18, and A28 schematics: <br> - 08901-60104, 08901-60004, and 08901-60139 - Use the new schematic foldout with revision date, rev.01NOV89. |

Reserved for future changes.


Figure 8-69. A17 Input Mixer Assembly Component Locations (2609A and above)



SERVICE SHEET 3 - AM DEMODULATOR - ALE LOO

- her minces
- ALC Reference Adjustment .......................................... Pe 5-13




## troubleshooting

General
Procedures for checking the AM Demodulator Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diag a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, egg., $\frac{3}{3}$. addition, any paints outside the labeled circuit area that must be
 sembly and

CAUTION
Tighten SMC connectors to o.. $N \cdot m$ ( 5 in. ib). Hand tight ming of connectors is in sufficient. Hand tightened con.
Rectors can word loose and cause reduced performance, malfunctions, or damage to the instrument

## Equipment


(vi) $\mathbf{2 . 5} \mathbf{~ M H z}$ Low-Pass Filter and IF Buffer Amplifiers Check 1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at -7 dBm . Connect it o AbS (IF IN)
2. Connect an ac coupled oscilloscope to AGJ3 (IF OUTN) (A6B3i shown on Service Sheet 4.) Switch the input impedance of the
oscilloscope to 50 on or terminate the input in 50 n using a tee. The waveformorthe 1.5 MHz signal should be sinusoidal with an amply
dude of 300 to $360 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{p}}$ de of 300 to $360 \mathrm{~m} V_{\mathrm{pp}}$.

Hint: If the signal is faulty, trace the signal from A6J1 through Q9
(See Service Sheet 4 for the schematic.)
3. Connect the oscilloscope to A6J4 (IF OUT), (A6J4 is shown on
Service Sheet 4.) The waveform should be sinusoidal with an amplinude of 50 to 60 mV pp

## SERVICE SHEET 3 (Contd)

Hint: If the signal is faulty, check Q10 (see Service Sheet 4 for the
4. Connect a high impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the emit
ter of Q8. The oscilloscope should have a lowed. divider probe. The waveform should be sinusoidal with an ample
tide of 180 to 200 mV .
. If necessary, fine adjuthe signal generator level for an oscillo cope display of 200 mV pp.
6. Set che signal generator to 3 MHz . The waveform should have
an amplitude of 120 to 160 mV an amplitude of 120 to 160 mV pp.
Hint: The 3 dB frequency of the 2.5 MHz Low -Pass Filter is approx
(2) Voltage-Varlable Ampiltier Check

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at -7 dBm . Connect its R output to AbD (IF IN).
2. Connect a high-impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the emit. ter of Q8. The oscill otoscope should have a low-capacitance $10: 1$
divider probe. Adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of 200 mV pp.
3. Key in 0.0D0 SPCL to switch the ALC of
4. Measure the collector of $Q 26$ with a dc voltm ctr. The voltage
should be between -15 and -13 Vdc . Hint: Q26 and Q28 should be on. Q25 should be off
5. Measure the collector of Q22 with a dc voltmeter. The voltage
should be between +1.65 and +1.69 adc. should be between +1.65 and +1.69 Ydc .
6. Connect the oscilloscope (with divider probe) to the collector of
Q4. The waveform of the 1.5 MHz signal should be sinusoidal with 24 The waveform between 400 to 600 mV pp.
Hint: Pin 2 of U5 should be between -0.60 and -0.55 Vde . To test the action of the Voltage Variable Amplifier, short the collector of 46 to
its emitter. The waveform should be 6 Qp or more and may be is emitter. The waveform should be be 6 po more and may be
distorted (the resistor of U4 is at minimum resistance and the
Voltage-Variable Voltage-Variable Amplifier is at maximum gain). Remove the short
and then short pins 1 and 4 of U4. The amplitude should drop into and then short ping 1 and 4 of U4. The amplitude should drop int
the noise (the LED of Ut is off, resistance is maximum, and gain is
minimum).

CAUTION
Inadvertently connecting pin 1 of 144 to pin 2 or 3 may

## SERVICE SHEET 3 (Contd)

If necessary, fine adjust the signal generator level for a wave
8. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q20. The waveform
v 3 AM and Level Detector and Level Amplifier and Carrier
1.5 MHz CW at 0 dBm . Connect its RF output to AGJ2 (IF IN).
2. Key in 0.0 DO SPCL to switch the ALC off
3. Connect a high-impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the collec. tor of Q20. The oscilloscope should have a low -capacitance $10: 1$
divider probe. Adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of divider
$1 V_{\text {pp. }}$.
Hint: If th
fir Check.
Connect the oscilloscope to the anode of CR9. The waveform hit of a negative, half wave rectified sine wave with an ample-eno-conduction voltage is normal.
5. Connect the oscilloscope to the cathode of CR10. The waveform
should be a positive, half -wave rectified fine wave with an ampliuse between 2.3 to 2.7 Y Pp. Some distortion of the waveform is normal. 6. Measure the de voltage between the emitter of Q13 and the gate
of Q17. Multiply that voltage by 2.63. Now measure the do voltage t TP2 (DEMOD CARR LVL) which should be within $\pm 7 \%$ of the voltage (ignoring the polarity).
(4) ALC Reference, BW Control and Level Comparison AmpII-
$\qquad$
This test assumes that the (13) AM and Level Detector
and Level $A$ amplifier and Carrier Filter Check above gives and LeverAmph.

1. Measure pin 3 of U1 with a ad voltmeter. The voltage should be
between 2.095 and 2.105 Vdc . Record the voltage for future reference
Hint: If the voltage is only slightly out of limits and if the AM
Demodulator is only slightly in error, perform the ALC Reference Adjustment.

SERVICE SHEET 3 (Contd)
2. Set the signal generator for $1.5 \mathrm{MH}_{3} \mathrm{CW}$ at
dBms. Connect its RF output to $\mathrm{A} . \mathrm{s}_{2} 2(\mathrm{IF} \mathrm{IN})$.
3. Key in 0.0 D 2 SPCL to switch the ALC off and 4. Connect a high-impedance, de coupled oscillo 5. Connect the de voltmeter to TP2 (DEMOD 6. Slowly vary the signal generator level such
that the voltage at TP2 varies between +2.0 and Chat
+2.2 Vc. When the voltage at TP2 approach e
+2.2 Vdc ,
 drift to a level that is between -15 and -12 Vdc .
When the voltage at tP 2 approahene +3.0 Vdc . the

7. Adjust the signal generator level until the vol.
age at pin 6 of Ul holds steady at 0 Vac. The cage as pin 6 of Ul holds steady at 0 Vdc . The
voltage at $T P 2$ should be within $\pm 20 \mathrm{mV}$ of the voltage measured in step 1 .
8. Key in 0.0 ODO SPCL to set the ALC response time 6. The drift rate should he about ten tim step 6 . The drift rate should be bout ten times
slower It should take about 8 seconds for the level slower. It should take about 8 seconds for the level
at TP2 to drift from the negative to the positive extreme when the signal level ii rapidly switched

Hint: Q27 and Q3 should be on. Q2 should be off.
The collector of Q3 should be between -15 and -14 The
Vie.
9. Set the oscilloscope to view two channels. coupled with a divider probe) to pin 6 of U 2. Stet coupled with a divider probe to pin 6 of U2. Strict same rance. Check that the or reference is the
same for both channels. Repeat step 6 and very
 of U should be lar
10. Key in OOD1 SPCL to close the ALC loop with slow $A L C$ resp
level to 0 dEm.
11. Measure the de voltage at the collector of Q2 Hint: on.
12. Measure the dc voltage at TP? with voltmeter. The voltage solthould equal the voltage $\pm 20 \mathrm{mv}$
Hint: Checks (9) to (0) above and this check up
to step 9 verify all the circuits which demodulate
 the AM without the ALC loop being closed, Step
10 above closes the loup. If the loop is working 10 above closes the loup.
properly, the voltage eat TP2 should equal the ALC
Reference present at pin 3 of U1. The 1.5 MH Reference present at pin 3 of U1. The 1.5 MH
signal at the collector of $Q 4$ should be between 900 signal 1100 m
$\mathrm{~m} P \mathrm{pp}$.
13. Set the signal generator level to -17 dP Measure TP2 with a d dyerator veleterer. The voltage -17 dBm
should equal the voltage of step 1 within $\pm 20 \mathrm{mV}$

Hint This verifies the dina mic range of the ALC Hint This verifies the e dynamic range of the ALC
loop. If the range i is ind equate, the fault probably

Loop
5) AM Output Buffer Check

This check a ssumesthat all checks above Miss check assumes that anchecksabove
give positive results in other words , the
AM Demodulator is known to work).

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz at 0 dBm .
Set up $0 \%$ AM at a a kHz rate. Connect its RF
output to A6J 2 (IF IN).
2. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument 3. Connect a high-impedance, ac coupled oscillo 3. Connect a high-1mpedance, ac coupled oscillo
scope to the gate of Q17. Note the amplitude of the 4. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of
Q19. The amplitude should be the same within

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A6 schematic: <br> - C46, C51, L8 - Add an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) to C46, C51, and L8 to indicate factory selected components. <br> - Q17, U2, U4 - On the new SS3 foldout rev.01NOV89, in the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q17 to 1855-0597, U2 to 1826-0989, and U4 to 1990-0643. <br> In the Troubleshooting: <br> - OTHER REFERENCES - Under Other References, in the fourth line from the top, change 1.5 MHz to 455 kHz , and change "Page $5-18^{\prime \prime}$ to "Page $5-24$." <br> - Check 4 - In $\overline{\sqrt{4}}$, ALC Reference and Level Comparison Amplifier, Inverting Amplifier, and Control Current Source Check, step 8, replace the last sentence with the following. It should take about 8 seconds for the level at pin 6 of U1 to drift from the negative to the positive extreme when the signal level is rapidly switched from +1 to +3 V dc at TP2. <br> In step 12, Hint, delete the word "present" from the sentence, "Reference present at pin 3 of U1." Change "input bytes" to "input bits." |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| 2239A to 2308A | On the A6 schematic: <br> C51 - Change the value of C51 to 560 pF . |
| 2244A to 2308A | On the A6 schematic: <br> - $\mathbf{U 4}$ - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U4 to 1990-0643. |

## CHANGES

| 2309A and above | On the A6 component locator: <br> 08901-60240 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-72. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (ALC Loop) (2309A and above), on page 8-98.5. <br> On the A6 schematic: <br> 08901-60240 - Use the schematic foldout with revision date rev.01NOV89. <br> In the A6 Troubleshooting: <br> Check 2 - In ( $\sqrt{2}$ Voltage Variable Amplifier Check, delete the caution message. <br> Replace steps 1 through 8 with the new ( $\sqrt{2}$ Voltage Variable Amplifier Check on page 8-98.6 to 8-98.7. <br> Check 4 - In ( $\sqrt{4}$ ALC Reference BW Control and Level Comparison Amplifier, Inverting Amplifier, and Control Current Source Check, in step 8, Hint, delete the sentence "Q27 and Q3 should be on." Change Q2 to U5B. Replace the sentence, "The collector of Q3 should be between -15 and -14 V dc ," with "Pin 8 of U5B should be a TTL high." <br> In step 11, change the phrase, "the collector of Q26" to "Pin 3 of U5A." Change +5 V dc" to +12 V dc. Delete the existing hint, and add the following: "Hint: U5A should be on with a TTL low at pin 1. U5C should be off." <br> In the last sentence of step 13, Hint, delete "U4 or" and change the "Loop" to "Circuit." |
| :---: | :---: |

## CHANGES

| 2313A and above | On the A6 schematic: <br> - 08901-60246 - On the schematic foldout with revision date rev.01NOV89, change the part number of the A6 AM Demodulator Assembly to 08901-60246. <br> - CR22 - Add CR22 (use a schottkey diode symbol) parallel to R79; anode to ground 1, cathode to U3 pin 3. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2342A and above | On the A6 schematic: <br> - C51 - On the new SS3 foldout rev.01NOV89, change the value of C51 to 560 pF . |
| 2432A and above | On the A6 schematic: <br> - Q6 - On the new SS3 foldout rev.01NOV89, in the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q6 to 1855-0265. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |

## Reserved for future changes.



Figure 8-72. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (ALC Loop) (2309A and above)

## </2> Voltage Variable Amplifier Check (P/O CHANGE 28)

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at -7 dBm . Connect its RF output to A6J2 (IF IN).
2. Connect a high-impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the emitter of Q8. The oscilloscope should have a low-capacitance 10:1 divider probe. Adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of 200 mVpp .
3. Key in 0.000 SPCL to switch the ALC off.
4. Measure pin 11 of U5C with a dc voltmeter. The voltage should be between -15 and -13 Vdc.

Hint: U5C should be on. U5A should be off. Pin 9 of U5C should be a TTL low.
5. Measure pin 7 (the collector) of $Q 2 B$ with a dc voltmeter. The voltage should be between +1.66 and +1.69 Vdc .
6. Connect the oscilloscope (with divider probe) to the collector of Q4. The waveform of the 1.5 MHz signal should be sinusoidal with an amplitude between 400 and 600 mVpp .

Hint: If this step fails, check the R-Setting Circuits as follows:
a. Measure the drains of Q6 and Q7 with a dc voltmeter. The voltages should be within the limits shown in the schematic.

Hint: The voltage at pins 2 and 6 of $U 4$ should be within the limits shown in the schematic. The polarity at the output of U4A (pin 1) should conform to the polarity of its differential inputs. (For example, if pin 3 is more positive than pin 2, pin 1 should be positive and may be as high as +15V.) Similarly for U4B.
b. Connect the oscilloscope (with divider probe) to the base of Q5 and observe the ac waveform on the oscilloscope. Momentarily ground pin 8 (the collector) of Q2C and observe the waveform. Then momentarily place a lk ohm resistor in parallel with R8 and observe the waveform. The amplitude of the waveform should be as follows:


## </2> (cont'd)

c. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q4 and observe the ac waveform on the oscilloscope. Momentarily ground pin 14 (the collector) of Q2D and observe the ac waveform on the oscilloscope. Momentarily place a lk ohm resistor in parallel with R20 and observe the waveform. The amplitude of the waveform should be as follows:


Hint: Check the bias of Q4 and Q5.
7. If necessary, fine adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of 500 mVpp .
8. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q20. The waveform should be sinusoidal with an amplitude between 450 and 550 mVpp .


Figure 8-72. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (ALC Loop)


## 




## SERVICE SHEET 4 - AM DEMODULATOR - CONTROL (P/O A6) <br> other feferences

- Block Diagram .Service Sheet BD3
- Parts List

Page 6-17

- Direct Control Special Functions

Page 8-8

- Principles of Operation

Page 8-56

## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Pracedures for checking the AM Demodulator Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., (3). In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals also are shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., -1.9 to $^{2}+2.1 \mathrm{Vdc}$. Extend the board assembly and its input and output cables where necessary to make measurements.

## CAUTION

Tighten SMC connectors to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (5 in. lb). Hand tightening of connectors is insufficient. Hand tightened connectars can wark loose and cause reduced performance, malfunctions, or damage to the instrument.

## Equipment

Oscilloscope . HP 1740A
Signal Generator HP 8640B
Voltmeter .HP 3455A

## v FM IF Buffer Check

1. See 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter and IF Buffer Amplifiers Check on Service Sheet 3 .

## , 2 IF Detectors and IF Present Latch Check

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at 0 dBm . Connect its RF output to A6J2 (IF IN). (A6J2 is shown on Service Sheet 3.)
2. Key in 41.0 SPCL to initialize the instrument. Press RF LEVEL to halt automatic tuning
3. Connect an ac coupled, high-impedance oscilloscope to the emitter of Q9. The oscilloscope should have a low-capacitance 10:1 divider probe. Adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of 1 Vpp.

Hint: If the level is unadjustable, see the 2.5 MHz Low-Pass Filter and IF Buffer Amplifiers Check on Service Sheet 3.

## SERVICE SHEET 4 (Cont'd)

4. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q11. The 1.5 MHz waveform should be sinusoidal with an amplitude between 6.0 and $7.2 \mathrm{~V} p \mathrm{p}$. A small amount of distortion is normal.
5. If necessary, adjust the signal generator level for a waveform of $6 \mathrm{~V} p \mathrm{p}$. Measure the voltage at pin 2 of A25XA6 with a de voltmeter. The voltage should be between +1.1 and +1.3 Vdc
6. Connect the voltmeter to pin 7 of U7. The voltmeter should read a TTL low.
7. Slowly decrease the signal generator level until the voltmeter reading jumps to a TTL high. The amplitude of the waveform should be between 800 and 1000 mVpp when the voltmeter level switches.
8. Slowly increase the signal generator level until the voltmeter reading jumps to a TTL low. The amplitude of the waveform should be between 1000 and 1200 mVpp .
9. Key in 0.0 F 0 SPCL and 0.0 E 0 SPCL to disable resetting of the IF Present Latch to enable readback of it. The display should read 0001.0000 .
10. Reduce the signal generator level until the voltmeter reads a TTL high. The display should read 0000.0000 .
11. Key in 0.0 F 1 SPCL and 0.0 E 0 SPCL to reset the IF Present Latch and enable readback of it. The display should read 0000.0000 .
12. Increase the signal generator level until the voltmeter reads a TTL low. The display should read 0001.0000 .
13. Reduce the signal generator level until the voltmeter reads a TTL high. The display should remain 0001.0000 .
14. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q29. Adjust the signal generator level for approx imately +2 Vdc on the oscilloscope display.
15. Key in 0.0 F 0 to momentarily activate Q29. The voltage on the oscilloscope should momentarily discharge to OV then recharge to its previous level within a few milliseconds.

## v3 Select Decoder and Data Latch Check

1. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, check the pins indicated on U9 with a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope.

| Direct Control Special Function | Level [TTL) at U9 Pin |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7 | 9 | 10 |
| 0.0D0 | H | H | * |
| 0.0 E 0 | H | * | H |
| 0.0F0 | * | H | H |
| ng TTL pulsea, |  |  |  |

2. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, check the pins indicated on U8.

| Direct Control <br> Special <br> Functinn | Level (TTL) at U8 Pin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 14 |
| 0.0D0 | H | H |
| 0.0 D 3 |  |  |

3. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, check the pins indicated on U8.

| Direct Control <br> Special <br> Function | Level (TTL) at UP Pin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B | 9 |
| 0.0 FO | H | L |
| 0.0 F 3 |  |  |

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A6 schematic: <br> - U7 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2021A to 2609A $1826-0065$. |  |

Reserved for future changes.

Pin Check for U8B ( $\sqrt{ } 3$ ) Select Decoder and Data Latch Check

| Direct Control <br> Special Function | TLL Level at <br> U8 pin 16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.0D0 | L |
| 0.0D3 | $H$ |



Figure 8-74. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (Control) (2309A and above)


## P/O A6 ASSEMBLY



Figure 8-74. P/O A6 AM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (Control)

## SERVICE SHEET 5 - FM LIMITERS (P/O A4)

## OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram ......... . Service Sheet BD3
- Parts List ........................... . Page 6-11
- Principles of Operation ........ Page 8-57

TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Procedures for checking the FM Demodulator Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., $\sqrt{3}$. In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., +1.9 to +2.1 Vdc . Extend the board assembly and its input and output cables where necessary to make measurements.

CAUTION
Tighten SMC connectors to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (5 in. lb). Hand tightening of connectors is insufficient. Hand tightened connectors can work loose and cause reduced performance, malfunctions, or damage to the instrument.

## Equipment

Oscilloscope..................... . HP 1740A
Signal Generator ................ HP 8640B
Voltmeter . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . HP 3455A

## $\sqrt{ } 1$ IF Limiters and Counter IF Buffer Check

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at -60 dBm . Connect its RF output to A4J1 (IF IN) with a $50 \Omega$ termination in parallel with it.
2. Connect oscilloscope to A4TP2 (DISC IN). The oscilloscope input should have a low-capacitance 10:1 divider probe. The waveform of the 1.5 MHz signal should be sinusoidal with an amplitude of 0.17 to 0.34 Vpp and an offset of +9.6 to +10.0 Vdc.

Hint: Each limiter has a gain of 22 dB .
3. Increase the signal generator level to 0 dBm . The waveform shoud be a square wave with an amplitude of 0.9 to 1.1 Vpp and an offset of +9.6 to +10.0 Vdc.
4. Check A4J2 (IF OUT). The waveform should be slightly asymmetrical "square wave" with an amplitude of 3 to 4 Vpp .

## CHANGES

| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2426A and above | On the A4 schematic: <br> - 08901-60184 - Change the part number of the A4 FM Demodulator Assembly to 08901-60184. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |



Figure 8-76. P/O A4 FM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (FM Limiters)


## SERYICE SHEET 6 - FM DISCRIMINATOR (P/O A4) OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram ........................... Service Sheet BD3
- FM Sensitivity Adjustment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 5-15 or 5-16
- FM Flatness Adjustment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 5-17
- Parts List Page 6-11
- Parts List .............................. Page 6-11
Direct Control Special Functions .................. Page 8-8
- Principles of Operation ......................... Page 8-57


## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Procedures for checking the FM Demodulator Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., $\sqrt{ } 3\rangle$. In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., +1.9 to +2.1 Vdc . Extend the board assembly and its input and output cables where necessary to make measurements.

## CAUTION

Tighten SMC connectors to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (5 in. lb). Hand tightening of connectors is insufficient. Hand tightened connectors can work loose and cause reduced performance, malfunctions, or damage to the instrument

## Equipment

Oscilloscope
HP 1740A
Signal Generator
HP 8640B
Voltmeter .
HP 3455A
(v1) Squelch Detector Check

## NOTE

This check assumes that the IF Limiters and Counter IF Buffer Check on Service Sheet 5 gives positive results.

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at -51 dBm . Connect its RF output to A4J1 (IF IN) with a $50 \Omega$ ) termination in parallel with it. (A4J1 is shown on Service Sheet 5 .)
2. Check the gate (can) of Q21 with a dc voltmeter. The voltage should be -0.1 to +0.1 Vdc (i.e., squelched).
3. Key in 0.152 SPCL to unsquelch. The voltage should not change.
(It is still squelched by the lack of adequate signal.)
4. Increase the signal generator's level to -45 dBm . The gate of Q 21 should be -15 to -14 Vdc (i.e., unsquelched).

## SERVICE SHEET 6 (Cont'd)

5. Key in 0.150 SPCL to squelch. The gate of Q21 should be -0.1 to +0.1 Vdc

## v2 Precision Limiter Check

NOTE
This check assumes that the IF Limiters and Counter IF Buffer Check on Service Sheet 5 gives positive results.

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at 0 dBm . Connect its RF output to A 4 J$\rfloor$ (IF IN) with a $50 \Omega$ termination in parallel with it. (A4Jl is shown on Service Sheet 5 .)
2. Check the collectors (cans) of Q12, Q13, Q14, and Q15 with an oscilloscope. The oscilloscope input should have a low-capacitance $10: 1$ divider probe. The 1.5 MHz waveform should be a trapezoidal wave with an amplitude of 15 to 19 Vpp .

## v3 Charge-Count Discriminator Check NOTE <br> This check assumes that the $\langle 2$ Precision Limiter Check gives positive

 results.1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at 0 dBm . Connect its RF output to A4J1 (IF IN) with a 50 s termination in parallel with it. (A4Jl is shown on Service Sheet 5.)
2. Check A4TP3 (DISC OUT) with an oscilloscope. The oscilloscope input should have a lowcapacitance l0:1 divider probe. The waveform
should be a 3 MHz i.e., a doubled 1.5 MHz ) triangle wave with an amplitude of 3 to 4 Vpp and an of fset of -1 to +1 Vdc . The triangle may be slightly asymmetric'sl and adjacent cycles may be uneven.
3. Check A4TP4 (- INPUT) and A4TP6 (- IN. PUT) with an oscilloscope. The offset voltages should be the same within $\pm 10 \mathrm{mVdc}$. In addition, A4TP6 will have a superimposed 3 MHz "square wave" with an amplitude of 25 to 40 mV pp . The square wave may be asymmetrical and adjacent cycles may be uneven
4. Decrease the signal generator frequency to 500 kHz . Check A4TP3 again. The offset level should be -7 to -5 Vdc .

## $\sqrt{ } 4$ FM Output Amplifier Check NOTE

This check assumes that the ChargeCount Discriminator Check gives posi tive results.

1. Set the signal generator to 1.5 MHz CW at 0 dBm. Connect its RF output to A4J (IF IN) with a $50 \Omega$ termination in parallel with it. (A4JI is shown on Service Sheet 5 .)
2. Key in 0.152 SPCL to unsquelch. Check A4TP5 (FM OUT) with an oscilloscope. The waveform should be a 3 MHz (i.e., a doubled 1.5 MHz ) sine wave with an amplitude of 0.4 to 0.8 Vpp and an offset of -1.9 to -1.3 Vdc . The waveform will be distorted and adjacent cycles may not be even.
3. Key in 0.150 SPCL to squelch. The ac compo nent of the signal should decrease markedly.

Hint: Pin 10 of A25XA4 should be a TTL low.

## CHANGES

| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2426A and above | On the A4 schematic: <br> - A4 - In the upper left corner of the schematic, change the part number of the A4 FM Demodulator Assembly to 08901-60184. <br> - R80, R81 - In the CHARGE-COUNT DISCRIMINATOR, change the value of R80 and R81 to 26.1 ohms. <br> - C50, C51, R105 - In the lower, right corner of the schematic, add C51 (2200 pF ) to ground to the right of and in parallel with C50. Add R105 ( 4.64 k ) between C50 and C51. <br> - Q35, R106 - On the CHARGE-COUNT DISCRIMINATOR output path, to the right of C39, add Q35 (and N-channel FET). Connect Q35's drain between C39 and R86 through a new resistor R106 ( 215 ohms), connect its gate to the gate of Q21, and connect its source to ground. <br> - Q23, Q26, Q28, Q33 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q23, Q26, Q28, Q33 to 1854-0637. |
| 2543A and above | On the schematic: <br> - Q18 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q18 to 1854-0830. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |



Figure 8-78. P/O A4 FM Demodulator Assembly Component Locations (FM Discriminator)


Figura 8-79. FM Diseriminator Schematic Diagram

SERVICE SHEET 7 - AUDIO FILTER (A2)
other references

(v1) 260 kHz Low-Pass FIlters and Modulation Selectors Check 1. Disconnect the cables from A2J1 (AM IN) and A2J2 (FM IN) Extend the A2 Audio Filter Assembly. Jumper a lead between chassis ground and the cover of the A2 assemply.
2. Construct the following input load fin the AM input. The 775 n
resistor can be constructed from a 2150 resistor in parallel with a 2. Construct the following input load firs the AM input. The 775 n
resistor can be constructed from 2150 n resistor in parallel with a
1210 resistor.

SERVICE SHEET 7 (Conl'd)

|  |
| :---: |

3. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at +13 dBm . Connect its 50 n
output to the input of the load. Connect the output of the load output to the input of the load. Connect the output of the loa
directly to A2IJ (AM IN). An intervening cable will add too mue
capacitance capacitance to the load.
4. Key in 0.120 SPCL and 0.111 SPCL to select low audio gain and
5. Connect a high.impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the inpu of the load. The oscilloscope should have a low-capacitance $10: 1$
divider probe. Adjust the synthesizer level for a waveform of 5 Vpp. 6. Connect the oscilloscope to pin 3 of U1A. The 1 kHz waveform should have an amplitude between 450 and 500 mV pp. Hint: Pin 1 of U1A should he a TTL low. If for any reason the signal into the Audio Overvoltage Detector is too high, the Modulation
Selectors will he latched open (see Service Sheet 8 ). 7. If necessary, adjust th , synthesizer level for a waveform of 50 mV Vp. Increase the syntl esizer frequency to 50 kHz . The 50 kH
waveform should have an amplitude between 500 and 530 mV pp. 8. Increase the synthesier frequency until the waveform ampli-
tude is $35 \mathrm{~m} V$ pp. The synthesizer frequency should be between 240 and 280 kH
6. Increase the synthesizer frequency to 1.5 MHz . The waveform
should drop into the noise. should drop into the noise.
7. Construct the following input load for the FM input. The 760 n resistor can be constructell from a $909 \Omega$ resistor in parallel with
$4640 \Omega$ resistor.

8. Set the synthesizer to 1 kHz . Connect its 50 n output to the
input of the load. Connect the output of the load directly to $A 2 / 2$
(FM IN)
9. Key in 0.118 SPCL to select high-gain $F M$.

## SERVICE SHEET 7 (Cont'd)

13. Connect the oscilloscope to the input of the load. Adjust the
synthesizer for a waveform of 5 Vpp .
14. Connect the oscilloscope to pin 14 of U1D. The 1 kHz waveform

Hint: Pin 16 of UID should be low
15. Adjust the level for a waveform of 2 V pp. Increase the synthes. izer frequency to 150 kHz . The 150 kH
amplitude between 1.95 and 2.05 V .
16. Increase the synthesizer frequency until the waveform ampli
tude is 1.4 V . tude is 1.4 Opp. The synthesizer frequency should be between 240 17. Increase the synthesizer frequency to 1.5 MHz . The waveform 17. Increase the synthesize
should drop into the noise.
18. Set the synthesizer frequency to 1 kHz
19. Key in 0.112 SPCL to select low-gain FM. The wavefurm
should have an amplitude between 195 and $205 \mathrm{~m} V \mathrm{Vp}$.

Hint: Pin 9 nf UIC should be a TTL low.
V2) Ampllifers 1, 2, and 3, 15 kHz and $>20 \mathrm{kHz}$ Low-Pass NOTE
NOLecto
 ters anc
results.

1. Disconnect the cables from A 2 J 1 (AM IN) and A 2 J 2 (FM IN). Extend the A2 Audio Filter Assembly. Jumper
chassis ground and the cover of the A2 assembly.
2. Construct the input load for the FM input as described in step 10
of the
( 10 260 kHz Low-Pass Filters and Modulation Selectors
3. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at +10 dBm . Connect its 50 n output to the input of the load. Conncet the output of the load
directly to AN2 FM IN) An intervening cable will add too muyt directly to A2J2 (FM IN)
capacitance to the load.
4. Key in 0.120 SPCL and 0.118 SPCL to select low audio gain and Gran.
5. Connect a hish-impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to the bas
of Q1A. Adjust the synthesizer level for a waveform of 1.5 V pp.

SERVICE SHEET 7 (Cont'o) Hint: If for any reason the signal into the Audio Selectors will latch open (see Severice Sodulation
6. Connect the oacilloscope to A2TP2 (AMPL 1 amplitude between 4.1 and 4.3 Vpp .
${ }_{4}^{7} \mathrm{Vp}$
8. Key in 0.139 SPCL to select the 6 dB Attenua1 kHz wavet the oscilloscope to pin 14 of U40). The 1 kHz waveform should have an amplitude be-
tween 1.9 and 2.1 Vpp . tween 1.0 and 2.1
9. Key in 0.13 C SPCL to select the 15 kHz Low Pass Filter. The waveform sho
tude between 1.9 and $2.1 V_{p p}$.
Hint: Pin 16 of U4D and pins 8 and 16 of U 2 should he a TTL low.
10. Increase the synthesize frequency to 10 kHz . The waveform should have an amplitude between .9 and 2.1 Vpp .
11. Increase the synthesizer frequency until the waveform amplitude is 1.4 Vpp . The synthes
frequency should be between 14 and 16 kHz .
12. Increase the synthesizer frequency to 150
kHz . The waveform should drop into the noise.
13. Set the synthesizer frequency to 1 kHz . Key n0.13A to select the $>20 \mathrm{kHz} \mathrm{H}$ Low. Pass Filter. The
kHz waveform should have an amplitude beween 1.9 and 2.1 Vpp .
Hint: Pin 9 of U2C should be a TTL low.
4. Increase the synthesizer frequency to 10 kHz . he waveform should have an amplitude between 9 and 2.1 Vpp .
15. Increase the synthesizer frequency until the frequency should be between 100 and 120 kHz .
16. Increase the aynthesizer frequency to 450
17. Key in 0.139 SPCL to get all filters off. Set the synthesizer frequency to 1 kHz . If necessary adjust
$2 V_{\text {pp. }}$
18. Connect the oscilloscope to A2TP3 (AMPL2 mplitude hetween 9.5 aveform should have an名
19. Adjust the aynthesizer level for a waveform

Connect the oscilloscope to A2TP4 (AMPL3 UT). The 1 kHz waveform should have an amplide between 9.9 and 10.1 V pp.
Hint: Pin 8 of U4B should be a TTL low
21. Reduce the synthesizer level by exactly 20
22. Key in 0.121 SPCL to set audio gain to high. 9.9 and 10.1 Vpp.

Hint: Pin 9 of U4C should be a TTL low
3. Increase the eynthesizer frequency until the waveform mpplitude is i.1. Vpp The .he snnthesizer
frequency should be between 240 and 280 kHz .

## CHANGES

| All Serial Prefixes | On the A2 schematic: <br> - L5 - In 260 KHZ LOW-PASS FILTER, change the value of L5 to $910 \mu \mathrm{H}$. <br> - C14 - Under AMPLIFIER I, change C14 to 820 pF . <br> - $\overline{\text { Q1 }}$ - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change $\overline{Q 1}$ to 1854-0830. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2009A and above | On the A2 schematic: <br> - C32, C33, L10, L12, L13, L14 - Under > 20 KHZ LOW-PASS FILTER, change the value of C32 to $750 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{C} 33$ to $620 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{L} 10$ to $2 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{L} 12$ to $1.1 \mathrm{nH}, \mathrm{L} 13$ to $750 \mu \mathrm{H}$, and L 14 to $560 \mu \mathrm{H}$. |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| 2705A and above | On the A2 schematic: <br> - $\frac{\text { R51 }}{\text { ohms. }}$ Under 15 KHZ LOW-PASS FILTER, change the value of R51 to 100 |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |



Figure 80. Az audiof fitere Asembly Compenent Lostions

| (a3) | 8. Increase the synthesizer frequency to 1 kHz . Key in 0.142 SPCL select the 50 Hz High-Pass Filter. The waveform should be between 1.95 and 2.05 Vpp . |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| es Diagran |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parsenit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9. Decrease the synthesizer frequency to 50 Hz . The wavefor 10. Key in 0.141 SPCL and 0.139 SPCL to select no high- or low |  |  |  |  |  |
| troubleshooting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dures for checking th | Hint: Pin 16 of U 12 D should be a TTI low <br> 12. Key in 0.134 SPCL to select the 3 kHz Low-Pass Filter. Th <br> Hint: Pin <br> hould be a TTL low. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| that must be checked are also identified. Fixed sign |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| caution | 13. Increase the evyntesizizf frequency to 3 ktz . The waveform |  |  |  |  |  |
| Modulation Analyzer is to be turned off, discon udio synthesizer first to prevent damage to the hes by the large signal present. | v2 De-emphasis and Oulput Amplitiers Check <br> Unplug the A2 Audio Filter Assembly <br> 2. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at +4 dBm . Connect ite 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High-pa | 4. Connect a high (FLTR OUT). Adjust the synthesizer level for a waveform of 2 Vpp Hint: If the level is faulty, see and Filter Switching Check <br> v1) High-Pass and Low-Pass Filter |  |  |  |  |  |
| , F |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| the andio syntesizer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amplifier should be +2 fullowed by -1 <br> 6. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, set the synthesizer frequency as indicated. Th |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecta high.impedance, dc coupped osecilosecope to |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | cantal |  |  | wal (IT). |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | U1316 | (138 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{2122}$ |  | L |  |  |
| . Dearease the synthesieicer freuence to 300 Hz . The waveform |  |  |  |  |  |  |










 4.V.
4ive Pe Pin 9 of U14c should be a TTL Low.




(13) Dopectors Check







 Hint: Iow.giong TTI. pulseses should appear at pinil 16 of U15D





Hint Pin 11 of UYID should be
should appear at pin 10 of U2CIC.
should appear at at in thoor tharc.
 13. Connect hhe osilisocose to oin 120 of U90. The voltages should be
beeween betwen +3.4 nund +3.8 sdo




sumamempacm:

$=\frac{2}{2}$


 "-

## -




5

= $=-{ }^{-2 m}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |





5 Unplus the $A 4$ FM Demodulutor A Asemb



## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A3 component locator: <br> - C12, C14, C4, C6, L2, L3 - Change L2 to L3 and L3 to L2. Change C12 to C14 and C14 to C12. Change C4 to C6 and C6 to C4. <br> On the A3 schematic: <br> - U23, U13A, U12D - Change the following Signal names: U23 pin 15 to 3 kHz LPF(L), U23 pin 14 to $3 \mathrm{kHz} \operatorname{LPF}(H)$, U13A pin 1 to 3 kHz LPF(L), U12D pin 16 to 3 kHz LPF(H). |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| 2105A and above | On the A3 schematic: <br> - R49 - Change the value of R49 to 26.1 k . <br> - U7, U8, U10, U11 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U7, U8, U10, and U11 to 1826-0783. |
| 2239A and above | On the A3 schematic: <br> - R1, R4 - Change the value of R1 to 19 k . Change the value of R4 to 9 k . |
| 2518A and above | On the A3 schematic: <br> - C4, C6, C47, C48, C53 - Change the value of C4, C6, and C47 to $0.03 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Change C48 and C53 to 3900 pF . <br> - R1, R29, R4, R36. Change the value of R1 and R29 to 25 k . Change the value of R4 to 12.5 k . Change the value of R 36 to 7.4 k . |
| 2324A and above | On the A3 schematic: <br> - U4, U9 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U4 and U9 to 1826-0753. |

## CHANGES

| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> Errata <br> O8901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | On the A3 schematic: <br> - R51, R55 - Under INVERTING/ NON-INVERTING AMPLIFIER, change the <br> valus and R55 to 1 k. |



## SERVICE SHEET 9 - VOLTMETER - AUDIO DETECTORS (P/O A5) <br> HER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram

Voltmeter Offset and Sensitivity Adjustmen
Parts List

- Parts List

Direct Control Special Functions
Principles of Operation Shet BD3
$\ldots . . . . . . . . .$. Page $5-10$
Page $6-15$ Principles of Operation .............................. Page . Page $8-61$

## troubleshooting

## General

Procedures for checking the Voltmeter Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., (v3). In
addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., +1.9 to +2.1 V dcc . Extend the board assembly where necessary to make measurements.

## CAUTION

CMOS circuits can be damaged by static charges and circuit transients. Do not remove this assembly from the instrument while power is applied. Discharge the board replacement device, and soldering iron to the same potential. (Use the conductive foam pad provided in the Service Accessory Kit HP 08901.60089.)

## Equipment



Voltmeter..
HP
HP
1710
HP ${ }_{3}$ H55A

## (1)Sample and Hold Drive Check

1. Key in 49.0 SPCL to set up the Voltmeter to measure ground.
2. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below For each setting, check the points indicated with a high-impedance. de coupled oscilloscope. For each setting, the oscilloscope should read as indicated.

SERVICE SHEET 9 (Cont'd)


## v Peak Detector Check

. Unplug the A3 Audio De-Emphasis and Output Assembly
2. Set the audio source to 1 kHz at 0.7 V rms. Connect its output to pin 9 of A25XA5.
3. Connect an ac voltmeter also to pin 9 of A25XA5. Adjust the level of the source to 707.1 mVrm

## SERVICE SHEET 9 (Conto

Key in 0.1E0 SPCL to set the peak detector discharge mode to hold.
5. Connect the voltmeter to A5TP7 (PK DET CAP). Set the voltmeter to measure dc. The voltmeter should read between +990 and +1010 mVdc of the level of step 3 could not be set exactly
.414 times the reading of step $3 \pm 1 \%$. .414 times the reading of step $3 \pm 1 \%$.
. Connect the voltmeter to A5TP6 (PK DET UUT). The voltmeter should read within $\pm 1 \%$ of the reading in step 5

Iint: The collector of $Q 9$ should be between +14 and +15 Vdc . Q8 should be on. If the reading is only slightly in error, perform the Voltmeter Of et and Sensitivity Adjustments. In normal opera tion the Peak Detector should be accurate to $\pm 0.1 \%$ 1 mV from 20 Hz to 200 kHz and to 4 Vpk . When must be less than -70 dB .

Key in 0.1 E 1 sPCL to set the peak detector ischarge mode to fast
8. Connect a high-impedance, dc coupled oscillogcope to Ā̈TP7. The waveform should be as follows:


Hint: If the waveform is faulty, see (vi) Sample and Hold Drive Check.

Average Detector Check
Unplug the A3Audio De-emphasis andOutput Assembly.
2 Set the audio source to 1 kHz at 0.7 Vrms. Connect its output to pin 9 of A25XA5.
3. Connect an ac voltmeter also to pin 9 of A25XA5. Adjust the level of the source to 707.1 mVrms as read by the voltmeter
4. Connect a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope to A5TP5 (RECT OUT). The waveform should be as follows:

5. Increase the source frequency to 100 kHz (or preferrably 150 kHz ) without altering the amplitude. The waveform should appear as in step 4 of the negative peak should be unchanged.

- Dearease the source frequery 1 kHz

6. Decrease the source frequency to 1 kHz .
7. Connect a dc voltmeter to A5TP4 (AVG OUT). mVdr.

Hint: If the reading is only slightly in error or if the Average Detector is known to be inaccurate at low levels, perform the Voltmeter Offset and Sensitivity Adjustments. In normal operation the Average Detector should be accurate to $\pm 0.1 \% \pm 1$
mV from 20 Hz to 200 kHz and to 2.83 Vrms . When testing the detector, the distortion of the source must be less than -70 dB .

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U1 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change $\overline{\mathrm{A} 5} \mathrm{U} 1$ to 1826-1048. <br> On the A5 Component Locator: <br> - CR10, CR11 - Change CR10 to CR11 and CR11 to CR10. <br> - R7, R29 - Change R7 to R29 and R29 to R7. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2545A | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U2, U3, U5 - If A5U2, U3, or U5 are replaced, change the part number of A5R85 as written under serial prefix 2227A. |
| 2012A to 2545A | On the A5 schematic: <br> - R27 - Change R27 to VR6, a 3.3V zener diode with the cathode connected to the +15 V supply. |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| 2051A and above | On the A5 Component Locator: <br> - R84, R85 - Use the partial component locator on page 8-110.5. <br> On the A5 schematic: <br> - R84, R85 - Use the partial schematic, P/O Figure 8-85. A5 Voltmeter Schematic Diagram (2051A and above), on page 8-110.5. |
| 2052A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U5 - In the Table Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change the part number of U5 to 1826-0266. |
| 2142A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U1 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change $\overline{\mathrm{U} 1}$ to 1826-0471. |

## CHANGES

| 2201A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - C8 - Under HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER change the value of C8 to 75pF. <br> - C9, C11, U2 - Under HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER delete C9 and C11 and their connection to U2. Change U2 pin 1 output to NC. <br> - Notes - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U2 to 1826-0371. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2201A to 2447A | On the A5 schematic: <br> - R9 - Under HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER change the value of R9 to 15 M ohms. <br> - R24 - Under SUMMER AND FILTER change the value of R24 to 15M ohm. |
| 2227A and above <br> 2227A to 2545A | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U4 - On the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change the part number of U4 to 1826-0371. <br> On the A5 schematic: <br> - R85 - On the partial schematic on page 8-110.5, locate R85 under BUFFER AMPLIFIER and change its value to 147 k ohms. |
| 2302A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - C2, C4, C5 - In the lower left corner of the schematic, change the value of C2, $\overline{\mathrm{C}} 4$, and C 5 to $68 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |
| 2450A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - R9 - Under HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER change the value of R9 to 10 M ohms. <br> - $\overline{\text { R24 }}$ - Under SUMMER AND FILTER change the value of R24 to 10 M ohms. |
| 2606A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - 08901-60293 - Change the A5 Voltmeter Assembly to 08901-60293. |
| 2629A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - Service Sheet 9 - Use the new SS9 schematic foldout on page with the revision date of rev.01NOV89. <br> - A5 Component Locator - Use the new A5 Component Locator, Figure 8-84. A5 Component Locator (2629A and above), on page 8-110.6. |

## CHANGES

| 2616A and above On the A25 schematic: |
| :--- | :--- |
| - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |

## Reserved for future changes



Figure 8-84. A5 Component Locator (2051A to 2623A)






## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A5 schematic: <br> CR13J - Change the voltage values next to CR13J to " +2.85 to $+3.13 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc"}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2545A | On the A5 schematic: <br> - U10, U11, U12 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U10, U11 and U12 to 1820-1547. |
| 2012A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - R59, R63 - On the schematic, change the value of R59 to 10 k ohms, and R63 to 2.5 k ohms. |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the part number of the A25 Audio Motherboard Assembly to 08901-60120. |
| 2026A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - R73, R75 - Under RAMP GENERATOR, change the value of R73 to 681 ohms and R75 to 162 ohms. |
| 2302A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - C29 - Under VOLTAGE REFERENCE change the value of C29 to 68 uF . |
| 2606A and above | On the A5 schematic: <br> - $\frac{08901-60293}{08901-60293}$ - Change the part number of the A5 Voltmeter Assembly to |
| 2629A and above | On the A5 component locator: <br> - A5 Component Locator - Use the new A5 Component Locator, Figure 8-87. A5 Component Locator (2629A and above), on page 8-112.3. <br> On the A5 schematic: <br> - Service Sheet 10 - Use the new SS10 schematic foldout on page with the revision date of rev.10NOV89. |

## CHANGES

| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the part number of the A25 Audio Motherboard <br> Assembly to 08901-60286. |
| :--- | :--- |





## CHANGES

| 1933A to 2751A | On the A19 schematic: <br> - C43, R63, R72, R74 - Change the value of C43 to 8.2 pF , and add an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right)$ to indicate a factory selected component. Change the value of R63 to 75 ohms, and R72 and R74 to 909 ohms. Add asterisks (*) to R63, R72 and R74 to indicate factory selected components. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - $\frac{08901-60139 \text { - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to }}{\mathbf{0 8 9 0 1 - 6 0 1 3 9 .}}$ |
| 2350A to 2751A | On the A19 schematic: <br> - $\frac{\text { C38, R86 }}{51.1 \text { ohms. }}$. Change the value of C38 to 100 pF . Change the value of R86 to |
| 2350A to 2617A | On the A19 schematic: <br> - R21, R27 - Change the value of R21 to 121 ohms, and R27 to 51.1 ohms. |
| 2618A to 2751A | On the A19 component locator: <br> - 08901-20274 - Use the new component locator, A19 LO Divider Assembly Component Locations (2618A to 2751A), on page 8-114.3. <br> On the A19 schematic: <br> - 08901-60274 - Change the part number of the A19 LO Divider Assembly to 08901-60274. <br> Use the schematic partials, P/0 A19 LO Divider Assembly (2618A to 2751A), on pages 8-114.4 and 8-114.5. <br> - R21, R27, R87 - Change the value of R21 and R87 to 51.1 ohms, and R27 to 261 ohms. <br> - U7, U8 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U7 and U8 to 1820-3485. |

## CHANGES

| 2911A and above | On the A19 component locator: <br> 08902-60126 - Use the new component locators and component coordinates for SS11A and SS11B, A19 LO Divider Assembly Component Locations (2911A and above), on page 8-114.6 through 8-114.9 <br> On the A19 schematic: <br> - 08902-60126 - Use the new schematic foldouts SS11A and SS11B with revision date rev.01NOV89. <br> - NOTES - Use the schematic foldout NOTES from service sheet 11, and add note 9 as follows: <br> OUT_DIS_H means OUTPUT DISABLE (H) <br> DBLR/OUT_L means BAND DOUBLER OR OUTPUT DISABLE (L) DBLR/OUT_H means BAND DOUBLER OR OUTPUT DISABLE (H) O/DBLR/OUT means BAND 0 OR DOUBLER OR OUTPUT DISABLE ( $H$ ) 0_2_Of_DBL means BAND 0-2 OR BAND DOUBLER (H). |
| :---: | :---: |












Model 8901 A

 roubleshooting

| Seneral |
| :---: |
| Procedurese |




## Cautions






Equipment

(1) High Frequency vco and Output Buter Ampliliers Checi








 (13) Tune Vollage Filler and
 2. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated belown

 $\qquad$



SERVICE SHEET 12 (contod
Key in 0.0 eb SPCl.
4. Connect an ac volteteer to A24TP (TUNE)


 ${ }^{\text {Com }}$ io dijust the audio source level for a voltmeter reading of 1. Key in o.pa spct. 10 oremove the filter. The volteteter should (44) Sampler Check








 7. Connect adc coupled osillososope to AzzTPI ISAMP AMPI..)



(v5) Bandwiduh and Loop Swichng HH VCO Tune






| SERVICE SHEET 12 (Conta) |
| :---: |
| Presesulumamatco |




.. Kes in the Direct Cortrol Special Functions indicated below.

(6) No-HFF.vco Delector and Out-ot-Lock Detector Check
 2. Redice the signal level to $-10 \mathrm{dBm} . \mathrm{A} 2$ 23nSs should $b$ e on.
 Key in 0.0F8 SPCL. Az2DSS2 should be off.

Serice Model 8901 A


## CHANGES

| All Serial Prefixes | On the A24 schematic: <br> - R7 - Under VCO-TUNE VOLTAGE CLAMP, change the voltage connection for R7 to -15 V (F1). <br> On the A23 schematic: <br> - R55 - Add an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) to R55 to indicate a factory selected component. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2031A and above | On the A23 schematic: <br> - C45 - Add C45, 1.8 pF , between the CR8/CR9 junction and ground <br> - Q6. In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change $\overline{Q 6}$ to 1853-0281. |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - $\frac{08901-60139}{08901-60139}$ - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to |
| 2312A and above | On the A24 schematic: <br> - C17 - Under HIGH FREQUENCY VCO, change the value of C17 to 10 pF . |
| 2324A and above | On the A24 schematic: <br> - U3 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change A24U3 to 1826-0785. |
| 2545A and above | On the A23 component locator: <br> - 08901-60144 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-67. A23 Sampler Assembly Component Locations (2545A and above), on page 8-116.3. <br> On the A23 schematic: <br> - 08901-60144 - Change the part number of the A23 Sampler Assembly to 08901-60144. <br> - Q11, Q12 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change A23Q11 and Q12 to 1855-0420. |

## Reserved for future changes.



Figure 8-67. A23 Sampler Assembly Component Locations (2545A and above)

ervice


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$\qquad$



SERVICE SHEET 13 - LOW FREQUENCY VCXO AND FILTER (A21, A22)

## other references

: Block Diagram
 Service Sheet BD 2
.. Page $6-39 \& 6-41$
troubleshooting
General
Procedures for checking the Low Frequency VCxO and Filter Assemblies are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the
schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number ingide, e.g., (V). In addition, any points outside the labeled circuil rea that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are albo shown on the schematic inside $a$ hexagon, e.g., $, 7+1.96+2,1$ vde.
Extend the board assembly CAUTION
Tighten SMC connectors to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(5$ in. 1 b$)$. Hand tight. ening of connectors is insufficieient. Hand tightened con. nectors can work loose and cause reduced
malfunctions, or damage to the instrument.

## Equipment


v1 Low Frequency vCxO General Check

1. Connect a de voltmeter to A20TP3 (LF VCXO TUNE). (A20TP3
is shown on service Sheet 14).
2. Connect a highimpedance, ac coupled oscilloscope to A22J1 (LF
3. Key in 0.01 SPCL to connect the DAC to the LF VCXO
4. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, note the reading on the voltmeter and the wave form level on the oscilloscope. The waveform should be sinusoidal
with a period of approximately 500 ns. The readings should be with h period of approximatel.
within the limits shown below.

SERVICE SHEET 13 (Cont'd)

| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Direct Control } \\ \text { Specifil } \\ \text { Funclions } \end{gathered}$ | Limils |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Voltmeter (Vac) | Osthlliscope (Vppl |
| $0.080,0.090$ 0.0 A 0 , and 0.0 BO 0 $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}$ 0.0 AF , and 0.0 BF | 0 $+00+2$ $+370+40$ | 0.36 to 0.52 0.36 to 0.52 | 5. Connect a counter (in the esignal generator) in place of the oscillo-

scope. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below.
For each setting, observe the frequency which should be as shown For each
below.

| Direct Contral Special Funclions | Frequency Limits (Mhz) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}, 0.0 \mathrm{AF}, 0.0 \mathrm{BF}$ $0.080,0.090,0.0 \mathrm{~A} 0,0.0 \mathrm{~B} 0$ | 2.0063 or higher <br> 1.9937 or lower |

Hint: If the signal at A22J1 is not correct, but the tuning voltage is,
perform the ( $\sqrt{\sqrt{2}} 9.26$ and 11.26 MHz Xtal Oscillators and Double Berform the $\left(\sqrt{y^{2}}\right) 9.26$ anced
(12) 9.26 and 11.25 MHz Xtal Oscillators and Double

NOTE
This check assumes that the VCXO tune line works prop
erly. See step 4 of the $(\sqrt[11]{ })$ Lou Frequency VCXO General
Check.

Connect a counter (in the signal generator) to A22TP2
2. Key in 0.01 B SPCL to connect the DAC to the LF VCXO
3. Key in the following Direct Control Special Functions. For each
setting, note the counter reading.

| Diract Conirol Spacal Functions | Frequency Limis (MHz) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.080,0.090,0.0 \mathrm{~A} 0,0.0 \mathrm{~B} 0$ $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}, 0.0 \mathrm{AF}, 0.0 \mathrm{BF}$ | 9.2628 or higher 9.2572 or lower |

## SERVICE SHEET 13 (Cont'd)

5. Key in the following Direct Control Special Functions. For each

| Direct Control Special functions | Frequancy Limut (MHz] |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}, 0.0 \mathrm{AF}, 0.0 \mathrm{BF}$ $0.080,0.090,0.0 \mathrm{~A} 0,0.0 \mathrm{~B} 0$ | 11.2637 or higher <br> 11.2563 or lower |

Hint: With A22Y1 unplugged the voltage at A22TP1 should be 0.6 to
0.8 Vpp (sinusoidal) as measured with a high-impedance ac coupled ${ }^{0} \mathrm{osc} 1 \mathrm{Ilosco}$
3) Low Frequency vCxO Filter Check NOT
This check assumes that the (vi) Low Frequency VCXO
Connect a high-impedance, ac coupled oscilloscope either in with OOUT) with W 13 connecting to A23 gnal should be sinusoidal with an amplitude of 0.5 to 1.0 V pp and period of approximately 500 ns .


## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A22 schematic: <br> - CR2, CR4, CR6, CR8 - Change the symbols for CR2, CR4, CR6 and CR8 to <br> standard diode symbols. These are not Schottkey diodes. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - 08901-60139 - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to <br> $08901-60139$. |
|  |  |



ERVICE SHEET 14 - LO CONTROL - ANALOG CIRCUIT
other references
: Block Diagram

- Pirect Control Special Functions

Service Sheet RD Sheet BD 2
Page 6.36
Page 8.8
Page Page 8.70

## roubleshooting



Equipmen
Audio Suuree
Multimeter Multimeter
Oscilloscope

## HP 339A $H P$ 3455A

1) Sweep Down and Sweep Up Current Sources Check
1. Key in 0.01 F SPCL to open the LO loops.
2. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For 2. Key in the Direct Control Special Function
each setting, check the pins indicated wis.
highimpedance, dc coupled oscilioscope.

| Dreat Control Funclion | Voltras Lumis (Vdel at |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | บ3¢-8 | บ38. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | A28xa20.32 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{FE} \\ & 0.0 \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} +4.5 \text { to to. } 5.4 \\ 0 \text { to }+0.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { to }+0.8 \\ +1.2 \text { to }+1.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +1.8 \mathrm{tot}+2.3 \\ & -12 \mathrm{to} .11 \end{aligned}$ |


| Oirect ControlSpacial Functio | Conatition of Base Emilter Junction of |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 04 | 07 | ${ }_{5} 5$ | 01 | 02 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{FE} \\ & 0.0 \mathrm{FE} 2 \end{aligned}$ | Off <br> On | $\begin{aligned} & o_{n} \\ & \text { off } \end{aligned}$ | Off Off | $\begin{aligned} & \text { off } \\ & \text { On } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { off } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |

Hint: For this check Q10 and Q11 must be off. The voltaye at the
3. Press Automatic operation
4. Check the voltage at the collector of Q5 with a high-impedance
dc coupled oscilloscope. The waveform should be a square wave de coupled oscilloscope. The waveform should be a square wav
with a a amplitude of approximately 1.6 pp and $a$ period of approx imately 2.8 ms, but more importantly, observe the falling edge. S

## (v2) Digitial-lo-Analog Converters and DAC Control

 Key in 0.0 FFF SPCL to inhibit LO sweep. Key in 0.01 E SPCL each setting, me
a de voltmeter.

| Direct Control Spetial Functions | Vollage Limits (Vdc) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.080,0.090,0.0 \mathrm{AO}, 0.0 \mathrm{BO}$ $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}, 0.0 \mathrm{AF}, 0.0 \mathrm{BF}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \text { to }-8 \\ -9 t+12 \end{gathered}$ |

Hint: For this check Q18 must be off and Q13 on. The gate of Q18
should be between -15.4 and 11 Vdc. The gate of Q13 should b should be between -15.4 and
between -0.1 and +0.02 Vdc.

Hint: If pin 6 of U4B is correct but $T P 4$ is not, check the component Service Sheet 12.) A20Q11 must be on

## SERVICE SHEET 14 (Cont'd

Hint: To rest U4A independent of the DAC, key in 0.013 SPCL to open switch Q13, then connect a $10 \mathrm{k} \cap$ resistor between the +15 V

Hint: Since the output of the DAC is a current source, it is difficult to transeconductance amplifier). 3. Key in 55.0 SPCL to cause the LO to Lweep slowly back and forth
across its range. The voltage at TT4 should sweep slowly between across its range. The vilt
the limits given in step 2 .
$\sqrt{3}$ LF VCXO Tune Amplifier and LF VCXO Tune Filler Check NOTE
This check assumes that the (1a) Digital-to-Analog Con-
verter and DAC Control Amplitier Check gives positive verter
results.

1. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For
each setting, measure the dc resistance indicated

| Diract ControlSpacial Function | Hesistance [1] Belwen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{2} 13$ Ping 283 | 014 Plns 283 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \mathrm{FA} A \\ & 0.0 \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} <600 \\ \gg 10000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & >10000 \\ & <6000 \end{aligned}$ |

Hint: When U13 is low resistance, the voltage across R69.9 should be
between 3 and 7 Vdc; when high, the voltage should be between 0 and 50 mVdc . When U14 is low resistance, the voltage across R7 should be between 11 and 14 Vdc ; when high, the voltage should be between 0 and 50 mVdc .
2. Connect a de voltmeter to A2OTP3 (LF VCXO TUNE).
3. Key in 0.01 B SPCL to connect the DAC to the LF VCXO
4. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For
each setting, note the reading on the voltmeter

| Diraci Conirol Special Functions |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0.1180,0.090,0.0 \mathrm{~A} 0,0.0 \mathrm{BO}$ $0.08 \mathrm{~F}, 0.09 \mathrm{~F}, 0.0 \mathrm{AF}, 0.0 \mathrm{BF}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { to }+2 \\ -8750+40 \end{gathered}$ |

Hint: For this check, Q18 must be on and Q13 off. The gate of Q18 should be between -0.0.2 and
between -15.4 and -14.0 Vdc .

## SERVICE SHEET 14 (Cont'd)

(V4) Track Loop Amplifier Check rack loo 2. Check pin 14 uf USD with a dc voltmeter. The
voltage should be between -15.4 and -11 Vdc. 3. Check Q10. The gate.to-source voltage should
be between -0.02 and 0 Vdc. 4. Turn the instrument to STBY. Unplug A4 FM
Demodulator Assembly. Turn the instrument Demodulator
back to ON .
5. Key in 0.0 OF SPCL to inhibit LO sweep. Key in
0.01D SPCL. .
6. Set the audio source (in the distortion meat surement set ) to 1 kHz k at 0.5 V V rms. Connect it
output to pin 3 of 282 A 20 . output to pin 3 of A28XA20.
7. Connect a high.impedance, ac coupled oscillo
scope to pin 3 of Az8XA20.
8. Fine adjust the audio saurce level for 2 V pp a
read on the oscilloscope.
9. Connect the oscilloscope to the source of FE
Q10. 10. Key in the Direct Control Special Function indicated below. For each setting the oscillosco should read as indicated.

| aireat Sontrol Spectal Function | Voltage Limits mVppl |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0.004 | 600 to 880 |
| 0.005 | 300 to 440 |
| 0.006 | 150 to 220 |
| ${ }_{0}^{0.0007}$ | 75 to 110 <br> 38 to 58 <br> 88 |
| 0.009 | 19 to 28 |
| 0.00 A | 10 to 14 |

## CHANGES

| All Serial Prefixes | On the A20 schematic: <br> - U1, U4 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change the part number of U1 to 1826-0989, and U4 to 1826-0328. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1933A to 2616A | On the A20 schematic: <br> - U13, U14 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change the part number of U13 and U14 to 1990-0643. |
| 2128A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - 08901-60139 - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to 08901-60139. |
| 2324A and above | On the A20 schematic: <br> - E1, 09 - In the VOLTAGE REFERENCE, add a ferrite bead, E1, to the base |
| 2542A to 2616A | On the A20 component locator: <br> - Q24, Q25 - Change Q24 to Q24A. Change Q25 to Q24B. (Q24 is a dual package PNP transistor.) <br> On the A20 schematic: <br> Q24, ©25 - Under the LF VCXO TUNE AMPLIFIER, change Q24 to Q24A, and Q25 to Q24B. Number the pins of Q24A as follows: collector is pin 1, base is pin 2, emitter is pin 3. Number the pins of Q24B as follows: collector is pin 7, base is pin 6, emitter is pin 5. <br> Under NOTES draw a top-view pinout of A20Q24 as follows: starting to the left of the tab and proceeding counterclockwise, number the pins $1,2,3,4,5$, 6, 7. <br> In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, delete Q25, and change Q24 to 1853-0594. |

## CHANGES

| 2617A and above | On the A20 component locator: <br> - 08901-60285 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-96. A20 LO Control Assembly Component Locations (2617A and above), on page 8-120.3. <br> On the A20 schematic: <br> - 08901-60285 - Use the new schematic foldout with revision date, rev.01NOV89. |
| :---: | :---: |



Figure 8-96. A20 LO Control Assembly Component Locations (2617A and above)


Figure 8-96. P/O A20 LO Control Assembly Component Locations (Analog Circuits)



## SERVICE SHEET 15 - LO CONTROL - DIGITAL CIRCUITS (P/O A20)

## OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram Service Sheet BD2
- Parts List
$\qquad$ ....... Page 6-36
- Direct Control Special Functions ............. Page 8-8
- Principles of Operation ........................... Page 8-71


## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Procedures for checking the LO Control Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., $\sqrt{3}$. In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals also are shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., $\langle+1.9$ to $+2.1 \mathrm{Vdc}\rangle$. Extend the board assembly where necessary to make measurements.

## CAUTION

CMOS circuits can be damaged by static charges and circuit transients. Do not remove this assembly from the instrument while power is applied. Discharge the board, replacement device, and soldering iron to the same potential. (Use the conductive foam pad provided in the Service Accessory Kit HP 08901-60089.)

## Equipment

Oscilloscope
HP 1740A
Voltmeter. .HP 3455A

## (v1) Decoders and Latches General Check

1. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For each setting, check the pins indicated with a dc voltmeter or a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope. The Direct Control Special Functions are in the form 0.0sd. "s" is given in the table. Key in 0.0 s 0 SPCL first; a TTL low should be on the pins. Then key in 0.0 sF ; a TTL high should be on the pins. Furthermore, the pins should remain at their last state when any other IC is being addressed by the Direct Control Special Function.

Example: Key in 0.000 SPCL. Pins 16, 15, 10, and 9 of U19 should all read a TTL low. Key in 0.00F SPCL. The pins should all be high. Key in 0.010 SPCL. The same pins should remain high.

## SERVICE SHEET 15 (Cont'd)

| Direct Cantrol <br> Special Function | If | Pins to Check |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0.00 d | U 17 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.01 d | U 18 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.02 d | U 16 | 10,9 |
| 0.03 d | U 16 | 16,15 |
| 0.08 d | U 19 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.09 d | U 20 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.0 Ad | U 21 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.0 Bd | U 22 | $16,15,10,9$ |
| 0.0 Fd | U 7 | $15,10,9$ |

2. Key in 0.010 SPCL. Check pin 7 of U5B. It should be between +12 and +15 Vdc .
3. Key in 0.018 SPCL. Pin 7 of U5B should now be between -15 and -12 Vdc .

## $\sqrt{ } 2$ Overpower and Attenuators Control Latch Check

1. Check that pin 1 of U15 is not a TTL low.
2. Key in 0.040 SPCL. Check pins 3 and 6 of U15 with a dc voltmeter or a high-impedance, dc
coupled oscilloscope. The pins should be TTL high. Pin 14 of U15 should be a TTL low.
3. Key in 0.04 F SPCL. Check pins 3,6 , and 14 of U15. The pins should all be TTL low.
4. Momentarily short pin 1 of U1̄̄ to ground. Creck pins 3,6 , and 11 of U15. The pins should all go TTL high while pin 1 is grounded but return low when the short on pin I has been removed. (U15 does not remain reset because pin 9 is constantly being pulsed.)
5. Key in 0.050 SPCL to enable the Overpower Protect Status read-back transistor Q16. Check the collector of Q16 with a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope. The collector of Q16 should be a steady high. The display should show 0000.0000 .
6. Momentarily short pin 1 of U15. The waveform at the collector of Q16 should be a train of short, low-going TTL pulses with a period of approximately 7 ms . The pulses should remain unchanged when pin 1 is ungrounded. Also, the display should go from 0000.0000 to 0001.0000 when pin 1 of U15 is grounded and remain 0001.0000 when pin 1 is ungrounded.

## CHANGES



## Reserved for future changes.



Figure 8-98. A20 LO Control Assembly Component Locations (2617A and above)


Figure 8-98. P/O A20 LO Control Assembly Component Locations
(Digital Circuits)



Figure 8-89. L0 Control - Oigital Circuliz Schamatic Diagram

SERVICE SHEET 16 - COUNTER - TIME BASE CIRCUITS (P/O A11)

## OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram ....................... Service Sheet BD4

8 Parts List . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Page 6-23

- Direct Control Special Functions ................ Page 8.8
- Principles of Operation ......................... . Page 8-72


## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Procedures for checking the Counter Assembly are given below. The circuits to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.g., (3). In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., +1.9 to -2.1 Vdc . Extend the board assembly where necessary to make measurements.

## CAUTION

Tighten SMC connectors to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(5 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{lb})$. Hand tight. ening of connectors is insufficient. Hand tightened connectors can work loose and cause reduced performance, malfunctions, or damage to the instrument.

## Equipment

Oscilloscope HP 1740A
Signal Generator HP 8640B10 MHz Time Base Reference Oscillator and ECL-to-TTL Translator Check

1. Connect a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope to U2A pin 3. The waveform should be an ECL square wave with a period of 100 ns.

Hint: If the instrument has Option 002 (the high-stability internal reference oscillator), the input to AllJ4 ( 10 MHz IN) should be a non-sinusoidal waveform of approximately 1 Vppand 100 ns period. If the frequency of the time base reference is only slightly off, per form the Internal Reference Frequency Adjustment.
2. Connect the oscilloscope to the collector of Q4 and then Q3. The waveform in each case should be a TTL "square" wave with a period of 100 ns .
(2) External Time Base Buffer and Time Base Select Switch Check

## NOTE

This check assumes that the 10 MHz Time Base Reference Oscillator and ECL-to-TTL Translator Check gives positive results.


## SERVICE SHEET 16 (Cont'd)

1. Set the signal generator to 10 MHz CW at +13 dBm . Connect its RF output to A11J6 (EXT 10 MHz IN) or to the rear-panel 99 (TIME BASE 10 MHz INPUT).
2. Measure the following points with a high-impedance, de coupled oscillascope with the signal generator output both on and off:

| Signal <br> Gensrator <br> Dutput | Signal Condition (TTL) |  |  |  |  |  | OS1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U21-4 | U4A-2 | U4E-10 | U30-11 | U3B-6 | U3C-8 |  |
| On | (1) | $(1)$ | L | $(1)$ | H | $(1)$ | On |
| Off | H | H | H | H | $(2)$ | $(2)$ | Off | | (1) Square wave at signal generator's frequency. |
| :--- |
| (2) Square wave at internal time base reference frequency. |

## Time Base Dividers Check

 NOTEThis check assumes that the ( $\sqrt{2}$ External Time Base Buffer and Time Base Select Switch Check gives positive results.

1. Check the following points with a high-impedance, dc coupled oscilloscope (all waveforms are TTL pulses):

| IC | Pin | Mominal Period ( $\mu \mathbf{s}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U10A | 2 | 0.5 |
| U10A | 12 | 0.5 |
| U4B | 4 | 0.5 |
| U9A | 12 | 4 |
| U9B | 5 | 8 |
| U8A | 12 | 40 |
| U8B | 5 | 80 |
| U10B | 5 | 160 |
| U20B | 6 | 160 |

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A11 schematic: <br> - A11 - Use the partial schematic, P/O Figure 8-101. Counter - Timebase <br> Ciruits Schematic Diagram, on page 8-124.3. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2623A and above | On the A11 schematic: <br> - 08901-60292 - Change the part number of the the A11 Counter Assembly <br> (standard) to 08901-60290. Change the part number of the A11 Counter <br> Assembly (option 002) to 08901-60291. |

Reserved for future changes.


P/O Figure 8-101. Counter - Timebase Ciruits Schematic Diagram


| VICE | SERVICE SHEET 17 (COnt 6 ) |  | da | robe: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Block Diagram ....................... Serice |  | Ounctiluen | Leaten | Stanure |
|  | Hint: Pins 1 and 4 of U6A should be 'JTL high. The waveform at pin 5 of U6A sho mately 50 ns . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dovitit } \\ & \text { dot } \\ & \text { datL) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| твоив |  | d3L) | ${ }^{\text {Allubib pin }}$ |  |
| ${ }^{\text {coib }}$ |  | Hint If fiol | ty the ${ }^{\text {dee }}$ |  |
|  | 8. Remove the jumper foom pin 10 of UIB. |  | der | ys; eee |
|  | 9. Key in 0.363 SPCL to enable Stage l. Connect the oscilloscope to pin to of U1B. The waveform should be low-going ECL pulses with a period of approximately 7 ms . | I/O Port Check step 7. If no si service sheet. | restauts, | ere |
| asembly wher necesaraty to make meastement. |  | 7. Remove A13 | Uls foom the |  |
| [caution] | piementit (ither may be hish). |  | Caution |  |
|  <br> malfunctions, or damage to the instrument. | (v2) Stages 2, 3, and 4, Count Transter Logic, |  |  | lifetime is ution when the socket or |
| Equipment Oacilloscope |  |  |  | alyear prob |
| ture Analyzer ................PP 5004A | results and Time Base Dividers are operative (see Service Sheet | Dancriven | Latalon | somutur |
| (v1) Stage 1 Check |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Disconnect all cables from the All Counter Assembly. For Option 002 only, connect W31 (yellow) back to A11J5 (INT 10 MHz IN) using an extender cable. | 1. Remove the three ribbon cables (W20, W21, and W23) that con- nect to the rear of the A27 Digital Mother Board Assembly.W23is on the bottom of the mother board. | (eat |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Jumper pin 10 of U1B to A11TP1 (GND) to enable stage 1 <br> 4. Key in 0.314 SPCL to assure SA Initialization is disabled. |  |  | m is with the <br> oints with th |  |
|  | 4. Disconnect all cables from the A11 Counter Assembly. Jumper A11J1 ( $\div 8 \mathrm{IN}$ ) to A11J5 (INT 10 MHz OUT). For Option 002 only, connect W31 (yellow) back to A11J4 (10 MHz IN) using an extender cable. |  |  |  |
| Hint: Pins 4, 5, and 6 of U1A should be ECL low. Pin 11 of U1B definitions on the service sheet schematic for the ECL levels used in the instrument. | 5. Jumper A13TP6 (TEST C) to A1sTP1 (GND) on the A13 Controller Assembly. Momentarily ground |  |  |  |


$\operatorname{cox}_{5}=$
(13) Input Selector and Votmelet Gate Crock


## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | In the Troubleshooting Section: <br> - - In $\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}$ Stage 1 Check, step 1, change A11J5 to A11J4. <br> - - In ( $\sqrt{2}$ Stage 2, 3, and 4, Count Transfer Logic, and Counter Gate Control Check, step 7, change A13U14 to A11U14. <br> On the A11 schematic: <br> - R16 - Change the value of R16 to 1 k ohm. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2623A and above | On the A11 schematic: <br> - 08901-60292 - Change the part number of the the A11 Counter Assembly (standard) to 08901-60290. Change the part number of the A11 Counter Assembly (option 002) to 08901-60291. |

Model 8901 A



| SERTO A13) SHEET 18 - CONTROLLER - MICROPROCESSOR |
| :---: |
| other references |
|  |
| , |
| nature |
| Principles of Operation ............................... Page 8 P74 |
| thoubleshootin |
| General |
| Procedures for checking the Controller Assembly are given below The circuits to check are marked on the achematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.s., (J3). In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., +1.9 to $^{+2.1} \mathrm{Vdc}$. Extend the board |
|  |
| CAUTIONS |
| MOS and CMOS ICs can be damaged by static charges and circait transients. Do not remove this assembly from the instrument while power is applied. Discharge the conductive foam pad provided in the Service Accessors Kit HP 0890I-60089.) When unplugging ICs, place the board on a conductive pad. When the IC is unplugged |
| Several ICs on this assembly are held in high.grip sockets. Both the socket and the device can be damaged if an attempt is made to remove the device with an 1 C exlraction tool. The recommenaed procedure is to firs slide the tip between the IC and the socket and slowly pry up the IC one pin at a time. |
| If the Modulation Analyzer powers up correctly, it is a strong indication that the Controller circuits ate |
|  |
| Haill b comppite even uhe frirt phase ofthe powerup |
|  |
| Because of the close interrelationstip of the circuit |
| re |
|  |
| For example, almost any maliunction will prevent the Modn. |
| Lation Analyzer from tuning properly. |
| In addition, keep the following points in mind when troubleshooting the Controller |



SERVICE SHEET 18 (Contral

(12) Memory Select Decoders and Rom Check note
This chroct is a continumatian of the Controtler Kerrel
Check of Sevvice Sheet BDA.

 Assemb.
to 0 .

NOTES
HP IB cable W3o weed wut be co
AI3 and A4d may be misested into any of the three apen
siots in the Digital Section.
2. Short A19TP2 ( KESETT to A13TP1 (GND). Switeh the ROMC
 connect he signature analyzer clock to wRT, start and stop th
ADDRESS 15 , and ground to GND. See the sibnature analyzer


| $\substack{\text { Seletetad } \\ \text { RoM }}$ |  | Slaraure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 14 \\ & 13 \\ & 13 \\ & 12 \\ & 11 \\ & 10 \\ & 9 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Smateed Ram | Pino 1131313 | signaure |
| R.am | 7 | ${ }^{\text {ab2u }}$ |
| Suleceod am | Pinonatulis | slenaur |
| 1. | 9 | Анз9 |

SERVICE SHEET 18 (Contd)

note



|  | Slar/siop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{16}$ | Pin | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {Al3U12 }}$ | 12 |  |  |  | 1125 |  |  |  |  |
|  | A13012 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {chic }}^{\text {cin }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Press }}$ | ${ }_{\text {pros }}$ | ${ }^{\text {spag }}$ | ${ }_{\text {prsa }}$ |  | \%res |
|  |  | ${ }_{10}^{10}$ | Hest |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { sicic } \\ \text { RHur }}}{ }$ | $\substack{\text { ABF } \\ \text { pous } \\ \hline}$ | ${ }^{\text {ATSGU }}$ | $\xrightarrow{\text { Fratio }}$ | ${ }^{\text {copra }}$ |  |
|  | А13, | $\stackrel{3}{7}$ | Sise | ${ }^{1} 1258$ | ${ }_{\text {coser }}^{\text {cisa }}$ | tean |  | ${ }^{\text {cosed }}$ | fric |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| пom kumber | Parthumber |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{2}$ |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | (0anal |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| $\stackrel{6}{7}$ |  |
| 8 |  |
|  |  |

int A fulty ignature indicates a fauty ROM.
$\sqrt{3})_{\text {Enable Decoder Check }}$

1. Keyithe Direct Control Speiall Functionsi

SERVICE SHEET 18 (Conrd)


## CHANGES

| 2212A and above | In the SS18 troubleshooting: <br> - Check 2 - In $\sqrt{2}$ Memory Select Decoders and ROM Check, replace the signature analysis and part number tables with those found on page 8-128.3. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2623A and above | On the A13 component locator: <br> C10, C11, L1 - Delete C10, C11, and L1. On the A13 schematic: <br> C10, C11, L1 - Delete C10, C11, and L1. |

## Reserved for future changes.

Signatures for Memory Select Decoders and ROM Check, step 3

| ROM | Start/Stop |  | Signature on CONTROL BUS DATA Test Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IC | Pin | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 | A13U12 | 15 | IPU9 | 4HOC | U93P | 76PU | 3919 | P64P | 167F | 4119 |
| 2 | A13U12 | 14 | 4P82 | 4P18 | 9427 | 22C5 | 18AH | A678 | A075 | 025A |
| 3 | A13U12 | 13 | FUUH | 4071 | P1U9 | 86A5 | 89HC | HC04 | UP6U | P675 |
| 4 | A13U12 | 12 | PF63 | CHC3 | H738 | FFU3 | 5085 | P57A | 69FU | HF09 |
| 5 | A13U12 | 11 | H5C4 | 4937 | 86CP | A58F | A136 | FC40 | 9834 | A624 |
| 6 | A13U12 | 10 | 0959 | U952 | FHUF | POU9 | 65UU | 29UP | CP7H | AOU8 |
| 7 | A13U12 | 9 | 2CA4 | 1A8H | C898 | 76AA | UC8A | 588A | F71A | 8627 |
| 8 | A13U12 | 7 | U451 | U20U | P807 | HC50 | 0967 | CPU1 | 84C6 | H63A |
| 11 | A14U18 | 9 | 3378 | 673F | 3250 | AFC9 | 5A23 | PC30 | 5475 | 9FU9 |

ROM Part Numbers

| ROM Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | $08901-80040$ |
| 2 | $08901-80041$ |
| 3 | $08901-80011$ |
| 4 | $08901-80012$ |
| 5 | $08901-80013$ |
| 6 | $1818-0926$ or $08901-80014$ |
| 7 | $08901-80039$ or $08901-80015$ |
| 8 | $08901-80025$ |
| 11 | $1818-1364$ |



## SERVICE SHEET 19 - CONTROLLER - ROMS (P/O A13)

## OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram .............................. Service Sheet BD4
- Parts List ........................................... . Page 6-25
- Direct Control Special Functions ..................... . Page 8-8
- Signature Analysis .................................. . . Page 8-18
- Principles of Operation .............................. Page 8-74


## TROUBLESHOOTING

Procedures for checking the ROMs are given in the Memory Select Decoders and ROM Check on Service Sheet 18.

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A13 schematic: <br> - U5, U6, U7 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, <br> change U5 to 08901-80011, U6 to 08901-80012, and U7 to 08901-80013. |
| :--- | :--- |





## SERVICESHEET 20-KEYBOARD ANDDISPLAY - KEYBOARD CIRCUITS (P/O A1)

 OTHER REFERENCES

- Principles of Operation


## thoualeshooting

General
rocedures for checking the Keyboard and Display Assembly are
iven below. The circuits or points to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check are mark and and an onber side, e.g, (GI). In addition, any points outside the labeled circu rea that must be checked are identified. Fixed signals are also
hown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g., $+1,9$ to +2, ydo
 he keyboard.
Equipmen
Oscilloscope......
Signature Analyzer
Signature
Voltmeter

| HP |
| :---: |
| $H P 54004$ |

1) Keystroke Detector Check

Press any key and observe TEST LED (2) on the A13 Controlle Assembsy. Enech time the key is pressed the LED Lhe should Congrile, i.e
hange state. If it does, the Controller is being properly interrupted.
2. Remove the ribbon cable W2O

Cle the following voltage

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Kys } \\ \text { nave } \end{array}$ | Yollage Limils wetien on Alu3g Pln |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ? | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 7 |  |
| None | -0.01 to +0.01 | 0.6 to 1.1 3.0104 .3 | $4.5 \text { to } 5.5$ | 0 to 0.5 4.0 to 5.5 | $\stackrel{\text { H }}{\text { L }}$ |

Hint: Any key should give the same voltage readings. The voltage a
U39 pin 2 will be higher than the condition of one key down if more than pin 2 will be high
than one key is down.
4. Connect a high-impedance, de coupled oscilloscope io U21 pin U39 pin 2 . Press then release any key. The dot on the oscilloscop hould move as follows
final position after release o
position momentarily after release o--- o position

SERVICE SHEET 20 (Conl'd)
Hint: The dot should dwell at the intermediale position (2) moment-NOTE
This check assumes proper operation of the following
keys: Shitt, SPCL, decimal, and all numeric. Otherwish keys
use
(3) $)$ below which
 (1) above.

1. From the Truubleshouling Table fir $)$ deternuine the row of
the key to bechecked and enter the Direct Contrul Special Function Che key to be checked and enter the Direct Contrull Special Function

Disable keyboard interrupts by shorting A13TP1 (GND) to
3. Pressing any key in the appropriate row of the table should give he digplay shown. (No key downy gives the display 1111.0000 . Press.
ing a key not in the giver row sives this display also. ing a key not in the given row gives his display als

To repeat step $p$ above it is first necessary to remove the
Jomper on herent

## (3) Front-Panel Keys and Scanners Check - Using Signature Analysis

1. Ground A13TP7 (TEST D) on the A13 Controller Assembly
2. Connect signature analyzcr start and stop to Al3TP4: TEST A
3. Connect signature analyzer ctack to A13TP11(WRT). Set clock

4et Modulation Analyzer's ink swich to stivy and bach to ON. Disegegard Front Panel Display readouts.
5. Connect the signature analyzer's probe to A13TP5 (TEST B)
6. Press the front-panel keys and note the signature. The signa-
wures are documented in Figure 8.108 .

Hint: Pressing keys simultaneously alters the signatures. If no meaningful results can be obtained, cuntinue on with step 7 .

## SERVICE SHEET 20 (Conl'd)

Connect the signature analyzer's probe to the points indicated
in the table below and check the signatures. (Nu keys should be in the ta

| Pin | U21 | U22 | ${ }^{2} 2$ | ${ }^{38}$ | Pin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | - | v005 | 24 P | geau | 1 |
| 2 | - | ${ }_{24}{ }^{483}$ | 1381 | ${ }_{4767}$ | ${ }^{2}$ |
| 3 |  | F767 | F767 | 1999 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| 4 | ${ }^{\text {U }}$ | ${ }^{24} 4$ | ${ }^{24 \mathrm{P}}{ }^{194}$ | amo | 4 |
| 5 | ${ }_{\text {8PR }}{ }^{\text {P7 }}$ | ${ }_{4} 4005$ | ${ }^{1381}$ | 0 | 5 5 6 |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |  |  | F767 01000 | 0000 0000 | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 8 | AA4P | 1767 | F767 | oono | 8 |
| 9 | F767 | ${ }^{24} \mathrm{~Pa}$ | 24 P 3 | 0010 | 9 |
| 10 | 1381 | ขubs | 1381 | мопо | 10 |
| 11 | AA4P | ${ }^{7} 767$ | F767 | 0000 | ${ }^{11}$ |
| 12 | AAIP | 24 P 3 | $24 \mathrm{P3}$ | 0000 | 12 |
| 113 | ${ }_{\text {8PAH }}^{\text {8P3 }}$ | v005 | ${ }_{2}^{1381}$ | ${ }_{\text {FTH7 }}$ | ${ }^{13}$ |
| ${ }_{1}^{14}$ | ${ }^{24} 43$ | $24 \mathrm{P3}$ | ${ }^{24 P 3}$ | ${ }^{\text {F767 }}$ | $\stackrel{14}{15}$ |
| 16 | - | - | - |  | 15 <br> 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

SHEET 20 (Cont'd)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Girese Connaral } \\ \text { Supecil } \\ \text { funclion } \end{gathered}$ | Display ve. Key Pressad |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 011.0000 | 101.0000 | 11010000 | 1110.000 |
| 0.750 | (N/A) | LCL | $\rightarrow 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ | 15 kHz |
| 0.760 | ${ }^{3} \mathrm{kHz}$ | 300 Hz | ${ }_{50} \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $750 \sim$ |
| 0.770 | ${ }^{75}{ }^{\text {res }}$ | ${ }_{50}{ }^{\text {es }}$ | 25.ss | Hem.disp |
| ${ }^{0.780}$ | ${ }_{\text {RFP }}^{\text {RFEVEL }}$ | ${ }_{\text {¢ }}^{\text {¢ }}$ / ${ }^{\text {dibrator }}$ | ${ }_{8}^{\text {FM }}$ |  |
| ${ }_{0} \mathbf{7} 70$ | Clear | - (decimal point) | $\underbrace{}_{\mathrm{kH}_{2} \text { Sthit }}$ | ${ }_{\text {SRCL }}^{\text {PREQ }}$ |
| ${ }^{0.78 \mathrm{P}}$ | (N/A) | $\mathrm{kH}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{MHz}^{\text {a }}$ | ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ ) |
| 0.760 | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | avg | feak hold |
| 0.700 | ${ }_{7}^{\text {PEAK- }}$ | PEAK + | 9 |  |
| - 0.7 FE | ${ }_{3}^{7}$ | 的 | 5 | 4 0 |


| $\stackrel{\text { 哭 }}{\square}$ | yo kerfensssa ofua |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square^{x 98} \square^{\mathrm{man}} \square^{\mathrm{mm}} \square^{\mathrm{km}}$ |  | ( $)$ <br> (o) |

Figure 8-100. Signatures tor the Front-Panel Keys and Scanners Check

## CHANGES

| 2447A and above | On the A1 component locator: <br> - 08901-60261 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-109. P/O A1 <br> Keyboard and Display Assembly Component Locations (Keyboard Circuits) <br> (2447A and above), on page 8-132.3. |
| :--- | :--- |

Reserved for future changes.


Figure 8-109. P/O A1 Keyboard and Display Assembly Component Locations (Keyboard Circuits) (2447A and above)


Figure 8-109. P/0 A1 Keyboard and Display Assembly Component Locations (Keyboard Circuits)



| $L$ | ［ts\％ 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 8 2000 |
| g | ftec |
| F | 8 cc 0 |
| 8 | 10900 |
| 8 | 8090 |
| I | toge |
| ubio fuipazasd jo saqunN |  |

tuiod praicap parssopay uo



| $748{ }^{\text {¢ }} \mathrm{S} \mathrm{S} \mathrm{H}$ | －3มd | taso |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | T3＾\T ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 6890 |
|  | W 4 | ＋ 890 |
| 14 SIT 5 S Y | Wd | 8.990 |
|  | W\％ | 1390 |
| 248\％7 1 ¢\％ | （7）Tys s | zaso |
|  | gp | 1990 |
|  | 4 | 8990 |
| $24^{2}$ | 0．4 | 1990 |
| 248：7 ${ }^{\text {cay }}$ | ［10\％YVEd | saso |
|  | －wvad | 1090 |
|  | －หどすd | 2090 |
|  | sroer | －4900 |
|  | ${ }_{50} \mathrm{sc}_{2}$ | 4890 |
| ${ }^{2} \mathrm{Y}^{3} \mathrm{rI} \mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{Ka}} \mathrm{Y}$ | sios | ta90 |
|  | sr g 8 | 8990 |
|  |  | 1790 |
|  | 2 Hy 5 T | 1690 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {TH }}$ ¢ $¢$ | 8690 |
|  | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H} 008$ | 569\％ |
|  | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H}$ O¢ | 8690 |
| $74397 \%$ 令 |  | 1892 |
|  | 2011 | Houllury lelpais <br>  |


|  74 ตึ！ 1 रəข | nolswertivo 10dS | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ 8990 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | casscyucav | 20：0 |
| solepuntuy | gLowas | 8LS 0 |
| zoperpunauy | LILIIT | ace 0 |
| dongepounury | тэу | เع9：0 |
|  | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{HN}$ | ces 0 |
| морер！ииииу | s7em | LZE0 |
| sone！junumy | suptpex | zze 0 |
| 2028punury | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H} 4$ | ＋6\％ 0 |
|  | \％ | 989\％ |
|  | ग1！ 1 | ualaund lepards ј01） |


 BLON




Vecte dH

juewd！nb3
sasey पzoq ui









F－9 ${ }^{\text {asm }}$

sヨวNヨษヨコヨy 女ヨu



## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A1 schematic: <br> - R20, R22, R23, R26, R27 - Change the value of R20, R22, R23, R26, and R27 to 330 ohms. <br> - R21, R24, R25 - Change the value of R21, R24, and R25 to 348 ohms. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2212A and above | On the A1 schematic: <br> - DS5, R21 - Delete DS5 and R21 and their connection to +5 V . |
| 2447A and above | On the A1 component locator: <br> - 08901-60261 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-111. P/O A1 Keyboard and Display Assembly Component Locations (Decoder and Display Circuits) (2447A and above), on page 8-134.3. <br> On the A1 schematic: <br> - 08901-60261 - Use the new schematic foldout with revision date rev.01NOV89. |

Reserved for future changes.


Figure 8-111. P/O A1 Keyboard and Display Assembly
Component Locations (Decoder and Display Circuits) (2447A and above)



SERVICE SHEET 22 - remote interface hp-ib (A14) other references

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## roubleshooting

General
Procedures for checking the Remote Interface Assembly are given
elow. The circuits to check are marked on the schematio di
 addition, any woints outside the labeled circuit area that must be hecked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the


## CAUTIONS

MOS and CMOS ICs can be damaged by statio charges
and circuit transients. Do not remove this assembly from and circuit transients. Do not remove thid assembly fro
the instrument while power is applied. Discharge the the instrument while power is applied. Discharge the
buard and replacement IC to the same potential. Use the board and replacement IC to the same potential. ( Sue te te
conductiv foum pad provided in the Service Accessory
 hourd on a conductive pad.
insert it into the foum also.
Several ICs on this assembly are held in hight.grip
sockets. Bath the socket and the device can be damaged if
 extraction tool. The recommended procedure is to fir
ground the tip of a small blade-type screvurriuer, the slide the eito betwen a the II cand the socket and slowly pry
up the IC one pin at t time.
The following checks use the HP.IB Functional Checks in the Oper-
ting Manual as a basis for troubleshooting the Remote Interface Assembly. It is assumed in the following procedures that the failure was detected during the functional checks. Therefore, it is only ecessary to perform the troubleshooting procedures starting with the equivalent functional check in which the failure occurred. Dur-
nig the procedures, the 6.1 S Serive Special Functions (see page
8-14) are also used to help locate the failure.

When using the troubleshooting flowcharts, it is inportant that the sociated notes be read. These notes help clarify the steps that are lagged. The troubleshooting procedures assume that the bus con
roller and the bus cuntroller's $\mathrm{HP}-\mathrm{IB}$ interface are aperating proprrly. This means that it is assumed that the required inputs are
rest form all of the HPIB Functional Checks after any repair to the emote Interface Assembly.

SERvice Sheet 22 (Gonit
When using the flow charts, referi to the Remote Interface Assembly principles ur oferal
Refer to replacement inf a probable defective part does not correct the Remo
Interface problem check any related circuits that are connccted Interface problem, check any related circuits that are conncected to The fauty area. For example, some bus controiltra simultaneousl
function as both talker and listener. As a result, they may mask failure of the Remoter Interfacechandshaking cappobilities. Thask cal
happen when either the RRFD or NDAC output driver on the thu happen when either the NRFD or NDAC output driver on the bus
fails in a high atate. This is a very subtle problem. The quickest way to determine if thisis is happening is to monitor the driver output
white activating both output levels of the individual driveru.

## Equipment

## Digital Test/Exxender Board . ......HP (89901-60081 

## (v1) Address Recognillon Check

1. Perform the steps shown in the Address Recognition Trouble

## (v2) Remole and Local Messages and the LCL Key Check

 1. Perform the steps shown in the Remote and Local Messages anthe LCL Key Troubleshovting Flowchart (see Figure $8 \cdot 115$ ).
(v3) Sending the Data Message Chec

1. Perform the steps shown in the Sending the Data Message

## (v4) Receiving the Data Message Check

1. Perform the Receiving the Data Message portion of the HP-IB
Functional Checks refer to the Operating Manual:.

Hint: Most of the circuits that are used in this check were used in previous checks. Check the inputs and outputs of gates U 2 and U 6.1 they are good, the probem could be U.3, the Controlle
Sheet 18 ), or the annunciators (see Service Sheet 21 ).
(v5) Local Lockout and Clear Lockout/Set Local

1. Perform the Local Lockout and Clear Lockout/Set Local Mes sapes portion
ing Manuail.
Hint: Most of the circuits that are used in this check were used in previous checks. If the instrument fails this cleck, the problem is Keyboard circuits (see Service Sheet 20 )

## SERVICE SHEET 22 (Gont

## (v6) Clear Message Check

1. Perform the Clear Message portion of the HP.IB Functional

Hint The circuits that are used in this check were used in previous checks. If a problem occurss during the Clear Meessage Checkecr repeat
the previous checks starting at (i1) Addreas Recognition Check. (v) Abort Message Check

1. Ferform the steps shown in the Abort Message Troubleshooting

Hint: Most of the circuits that are used in this check were used in
previous checks. The flowchart is primarily used to check the IFC previous checks. The flowchart is primarily used to check the IFC
(v) Status Byte Message Check

1. Pertiorm the Status Byte Message portion of the HP.IB Func Hat
Hint: Most of the circuits that are used in this check were used in previous checks. The most important difference is that the Con trouter must recounize that the Serial P
the status byte when addressed to talk.
(v9) Require Service Message Check
2. Perform the Require Service Message portion of the HP-IB
Functional Checks (refer to the Operating Manual)

Hint: Most of the circuits that are used in this check were used in previsus checks. The most important difference is that the Con previcus checks. The most important difference 18 that the Con.
troller must drive the SRQ L ) line low. It does this through gate
U12D and he Po (U13). Repeat the check and monitor the input Und output of U12D
(v10) Trigger Message and Clear Key Triggering 1. Perform the Trigger Message and Clear Key Triggering portion
of the IIPIB Functional Checks (refer to the Operating Manual).
(v11) Memory Select Decoders and ROM 11 Check

1. Perform the Memory Select Decoders and ROM Check on Ser
vice Sheet 18 .
(12) Select Decoder and Address Switches Check
2. Key in the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. For
each setting, check the pins on Ull indicated.
seyboard and Display - Decoder and
P/OA1
SERVICE SHEET

SERVICE SHEET 22 (Cont'd)

2. Key in 0.450 SPCL to readback part of SL. The
display should be of the form abcd 0000 where a-1 if SID is open;
$b=1$ if SIC is open; $\mathrm{b}=1$ if BlC is open;
$=-1$ if $S 18$ is open;
$d-1$ if SIA is open.
3. Key in 0.460 SPCL to read back the rest of SI and U.3.000 where
$a=1$ if U3B is set
$b=1$ if SIG is ope
$b=1$ if $S$ SiG is ipen
$c=1$ if $S I F$ is open
$d=1$ i $S I E$ is open.


Start with the talker waiting for the listener to release NRFD (not ready for date) indicating it is read. When the listener is ready. NRFD gees high falkee. The talker then places valid data on DIO1 through
DIO甘 and sets DAV (ddata valid llow truel. NRFD then goes low (true) and the talker waits for the listener to indicate it has accepted the data or The talker sets DAV high (false) and again waits for the listener to release NRFD
INOTE that if ATN is true, all instruments on the bus must handshake rekardless of whether they are
talkers listeners or bystanders. Reing in remote arl local has nothing to do with handshaking. If ATN is talkers, listeners. or SHanders. Being in remote or local has nothing to do with handshaking. If ATN is false, they only handshake if addressed.


 notes




 4. Xequatik "dant tare

 6. Displatry SPi.iB addreses set on the Addreses







## CHANGES

| 2424A and above | On the A14 Schematic: <br> - 08901-60257. In the upper left portion of the schematic, change the part <br> number of the A14 schematic to 08901-60257. <br> U8, U22F . Use the schematic partial, P/O Figure 8-120. Remote Interface <br> Assembly (2424A and above), on page 8-138.3. <br> In the table of INTEGRATED CIRCUT PART NUMBERS, change the part <br> number of A14U8 to 1820-2740. <br> Change the U8 entries in the table of DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUTT <br> VOLTAGE AND GROUND CONNECTIONS as follows: +5V, pin 20; ground, <br> pin 10. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3022A and above On the A14 Schematic: |  |
| - R5 - Under INTERFACE CONTROL, change the value of R5 to $2150 \Omega$. |  |



 inta 60002 . Connect its 6 600ss noutput to the high and low pronks of a




 | he mor |
| :---: |
| 1 Yop. |

Set the instruments line voltage selector to the proper seting
(v2) Full Wave Rectillers Check
If there are any jumpery un the TEST test points on the A13
Controller Assembly. remove them.
 INE to STBY then hack to ON to reset the instrument While al
ontpanel LEDSs a are ighted check the averame dc coltage and a


| PIn to Cheek Dn A2BXA10 | Avarage Vollage Limlts (Vdc) | Maximam AC Ripple [Vpp] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 |
| $\underset{\substack{21 \\ 180 \text { or } 43 \\ 40}}{ }$ |  | 1 |
| 220 or 44 | ${ }_{-1350-7}$ | 1.5 |

Hint: An open rectifier diode will result tin excescsive eippie at the lin
 $\underset{\substack{\text { improperer } \\ \text { regulitor. }}}{\text { lin }}$
(3) + +15V Regulator Check

Hint: If AOODS $1+1+15 V$ is off with LINE set toON, but on with LINE



SERVICE SHEET 23 (Cont'd)






## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A10 component locator: <br> - C22 - Find R6 and R2. Parallel with R6 and perpendicular to R2, there is a small unmarked capacitor. Label this capacitor C22. <br> On the A26 component locator: <br> - CR6, CR7, CR9, VR1, VR2 - Change the following reference designators: <br> CR6 to CR7 <br> CR7 to CR9 <br> CR9 to CR6 <br> VR1 to VR2 <br> VR2 to VR1 <br> On the A26 schematic: <br> - J5A - On the top left side of the schematic, change J5A pin 7 to pin 8; change the color code of this line from 0 to 04 . Connect this same line to " $E$ " on the A30 LINE POWER ASSEMBLY. <br> Change J5A pin 8 to pin 7; change the color code of this line from 04 to 0. Connect this same line to "C" on the A30 LINE POWER ASSEMBLY. <br> - B1 - Use the schematic partial on page 8-140.3. This partial shows the correct wiring for safely grounding the fan (B1). |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2012A and above | On the A10 schematic: <br> - R15, R17, R19 - Change the value of R15 to $1 \mathbf{k}, \mathrm{R} 17$ to 825 ohms, and R19 to 1.1 k. <br> - Q7, Q9 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q7 and Q9 to 1854-0811. |
| 2133A and above | On the A30 schematic: <br> - C1 - Add C1, 0.1 $\mu \mathrm{F}$, between lines " L " and " N ." |
| 2212A and above | On the A26 schematic: <br> - C5 - In the upper left portion of the schematic, add the following note to C5: $\overline{\mathrm{C} 5}$ is inserted for Option 004 instruments only. |
| 2308A to 2916A | On the A10 schematic: <br> - Q1, Q5 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q1 and Q5 to 1884-0244. |

## CHANGES

| 2518A and above | On the A10 schematic: <br> - R3, R7 - Change the value of R3 to 422 ohms. Change the value of R7 to 0.47 ohms. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2607A and above | On the A10 schematic: <br> - C21, C22, C9, C10 - Change the value of C21 and C22 to $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Change the value of C 9 and C 10 to $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |
| 2751A and above | On the A26 schematic: <br> - 08901-60294 - Change the part number of the A26 schematic to 08901-60294. <br> - K1-A26 is shown in two places on this service sheet, to the left of the A10 schematic, and to the right of the A10 schematic. On the left-hand schematic, locate P/O K1 (STANDBY RELAY). Number the switch pivot junction dot " 2 " and the dot to its left " 13 ." Number the junction dot connected to the anode of CR5 "4" and the dot connected to the cathode of CR5 "5." On the right-hand schematic, locate P/O K1. Number the switch pivot junction dot "7," the ground junction dot " 11 ," and the third junction dot " 12 ." |
| 2925A and above | On the A10 schematic: <br> - Q1, 05 - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q1, Q5 to 1884-0345. <br> - R67, R68 - Add R67 ( 133 ohms) between the junction of VR2 anode and Q1 gate, and ground. Add R68 ( 133 ohms) between the junction of VR3 anode and Q5 gate, and the -15 V supply. |



Fan Grounding Schematic Diagram (All serial prefixes)


## SERVICE SHEET $24-+5 \mathrm{~V},-5 \mathrm{~V}$, AND +4OV POWER

 SUPPLIES (A10)
## OTHER REFERENCES

- Block Diagram

Service Sheet BD 2

- Power Supply Adjustment ........ Page 5-4



## TROUBLESHOOTING

## General

Procedures for checking the $+5 \mathrm{~V},-5 \mathrm{~V}$, and +40 V Power Supplies are Piven below. The circuits or points to check are marked on the schematic diagram by a hexagon with a check mark and a number inside, e.E., (3). In addition, any points outside the labeled circuit area that must be checked are also identified. Fixed signals are also shown on the schematic inside a hexagon, e.g. $+1.9 \mathrm{ta}+2.2 \mathrm{Vdc}$ Extend the A10 Power Supply Regulators Assembly where necessary to make measurements. This will require removal of the left

Most often a dead power supply is the result of a short on its uutput which originates on one of the other assemblies. Follow the (v) Power Supply Check on Service Sheet BD2 to isolate a short to an assembly.

```
Equipment
    Oscilloseope ........................... 1740A
    Volmeter ....................HP 3455A
```


+5V Regulator Check 1. Measure the voltages indicated below with a dc voitmeter. The
voltages given are for normally loaded, unloaded (all other assemblies disconnected), and short-circuit conditions.

| Polnt to Measurs on A10 or A20Xalo | Typleal Yollege (VGC) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hornal | Unloaded | Short |
| TP5 | +5.3 | +5.3 | 0.0 |
| Pin 6. 28 | +5.3 | +5.3 | +0.1 |
| U1D Pin 14 | +13.7 | +13.7 | $-9.6$ |

Hint: If the above voltages in a column are correct, the supply is working normally under the condition stated

## ERVICE SHEET 24 (Cont'd)

## v2) 5 V Regulator Check

Measure the voltages indicated below with a dc voltmeter. The oltages given are for normally loaded, unloaded (all other assem blies disconnected), and short circuit conditions.

| Poind to thaasure on 1010 or A2bxalo | Tyaical Vollage (Vda) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Norma\| | Unlonded | Sthor1 |
| 'TP4 | -5.2 | -5.2 | 0.0 |
| Pin 17, 39 | -5.5 | -5.2 | $-0.3$ |
| U1B Pin 7 | -15.0 | -15.0 | +9.6 |

Hint: If the above voltages in a column are correet, the supply is working normally under the condition stated
v 3 +40V Regulator Check
. Measure the voltages indicated below with a dc voltmeter. The oltages given are for normally loaded, unluaded the RF Section disconnected), and ahort-circuit conditions

| Point to Measure an A 10 | Typlaal Volage \|VGGI |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mormat | Unloadad | Shart |
| TP6 | +41 | +41 | 0 |
| Cathode CR8 | +68 | +66 | +68 |

Hint: If the above voltages in a column are correct, the supply is working normally under the condition stated. Line ripple at the ing.


Figure 8-125. P/O A10 Power Supply Regulators Aspmbly Companent Lacations +40 V and $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ Regulatots)

## CHANGES



## P/O A29 ASSEMBLY

PIN 1

(MP1 UNDER SCREW ON OPPOSITE SIDE OF HEAT SINK)

Figure 8-126. P/O A29 Series Regulator Heat Assembly Component Locations ( +40 V and $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ Regulators)


## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | On the A25 schematic: <br> - C1, C2 - Change the value of C 1 to $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and C 2 to 100 pF . |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the part number of the A25 Audio Motherboard Assembly to 08901-60120. |
| 2021A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - XA5, X7, X8, X9 - Add a line connecting XA5 pin 28, STOP COUNT (H), to X 7 pin 8, X8 pin 8, and X9 pin 8. These pins are currently labeled NC. Label the pins, STOP COUNT (H). <br> -. $\mathrm{J2}, \mathrm{X} 7, \mathrm{X8}, \mathrm{X} 9$ - Add a line connecting J2 pin 7, e=2(L), to X7 pin 30, X8 pin 30 , and $\mathrm{X9}$ pin 30 . These pins are currently labeled NC. Label the pins, $\mathrm{e}=2(\mathrm{~L})$. <br> e. W23 - Use the schematic partial, P/O Figure 8-129. Audio Motherboard Schematic Diagram (2021A and above), on page 8-144.3. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the part number of the A25 Audio Motherboard Assembly to 08901-60286. |

Reserved for future changes.


P/O Figure 8-129. Audio Motherboard Schematic Diagram (2021A and above)


## A25 ASSEMBLY


( $\mathrm{J} 1, \mathrm{~J} 2, \mathrm{~J} 4, \mathrm{~J} 5$ ARE ON UNDERSIDE)

Figure 8-128. A25 Audio Motherboard Assembly Component Locations


Figure 8-130. A27 Digital Motherboard Assembly Component Locations


CHANGES

| 2128 A and above | On the A28 schematic: <br> - 08901-60139 - Change the part number of A28 RF Motherboard Assembly to |
| :---: | :---: |


|  | SS27 |
| ---: | ---: |
| rev.01NOV89 | $8-148.1$ |




GERVICE SHEET 28 - FM CALIBRATOR (OPTION 010, A51) other references

- Block Diagram
$\therefore$ PMrts List
$\qquad$ Parts List ...
rol Special Funct
roubleshooting
General
rocedures for checking the FM Calibrator Assembly are given rocedures for checting the FM Calibrator Assembly are given
below The circuits o oceck are marked on the schematic diagram by $a$ hexagnon with a check mark and anumber inside, eg.g. ( 3 . In
ddition, any points outside the labeled eircuit arta that must be addition, any points sutside the labeled circulu areat that must be
 CAUTION
 ning of connectors is insuifficient. Hand fithterned con-
nectors can work loose and cause reduced performance. malifunctions, or dumage to the instrument
Equipment

(11) Trapezoid Generation Circuits and Mode Control Cneck Measure pin 3 of Ul with a dc voilmeter The voltage should be


2. Measure the collector of 910 with a de voltmeter. The voiltage
should be between -10.6 and $9.6 \mathrm{Vdc}$.
. Measure pin 6 of U 3 with a de voltmeter. The voltage should he

3. Key in the Direect Control Special Functions indicated below. For
each setting check the points indicated with a hight 1 impedance, dc each setting check the
coupled oscililoscope.

## SERVICE SHEET 28 (Cont'd)



ERVICE SHEET 28 (Cont'a)
(2) $\begin{aligned} & 10.1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { vCO, Output Amplifier, and } \\ & \text { Counter Bulfer Checks }\end{aligned}$ 1. Comnex an ac coupled oscilloscope to A51J1
110 MHz OLT Switch the input of the oscillo. 10 MHz OL Swith the input of the os cillo. see.
Key in 0.191 SFCl wo set the VCO frequency
olow The uscilloscope waveform should be as


 profer The w
xiluare wave
if necessary to make the connection.

Key in 0.191 . SPCL then 46.3 SPCL to set 7
he internal. counter. The display should read etween Loogoverl and 1011000.

Hint: If the display is grossly in error but the perion of the display is is is srossly in error but the
display is only sligher, the counter If the display is only sighenyly in ercor, performer the the
Calibratur Adjustments. The voltage at A5ITP2 Calibratur Adjustments. The voltage at A511P2
TRAPEZOID OUTT, should be between - 10 and 0 ${ }^{m V d c}$.
6. Key in 0.192 SPCL then 46.3 SPCL to set the
frequency tu high and read it. The disploy sh ond requeney Lu high and read it. The display should
read 60000 to 7600 higher than in step 5 . Hint: The voltage at $\overline{\text { It }}$ TPP2 should be between Reinstall A51 and secure it with its screen Reconnect the cablest $t$ A 51 . Reconnect any other assemblies in their normal contiiguration.
nect CALIBRATION OUTPUT to INPUT.
8. Key in 12.1 SPCL to measure the residual FM
or hhe FM Calibrator. The display should read 110 kHz or less.

3) Select Decoder and Data Latch Check Key in 0.190 SPCL.
2. Check pin 1 of U7 with a high impedance, dc
coupled oscilloscope. The waveform hound below going TTL pulses with period of approximately 7
3. Check pins 11115 , and 16 of U8. Pins 15 and 16 should be TLL low, pin in should be the comple
ment of the waveform in step 2 .

Key in 0.193 SPCL . Pins 15 and 16 of U8
hould be TTL hight.

## CHANGES

| All Serial Prefixes | On the A51 schematic: <br> - C18, C19 - In the OSCILLATOR COLLECTOR SUPPLY, change the reference designator C18 to C19, and change C19 to C18. <br> - R24 - Add an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) to R24 to indicate a factory selected component. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| 2212A and above | On the A51 schematic: <br> - $\frac{\text { C10 }}{{ }^{4} \mathrm{NC} \text { ". In the TRIANGLE GENERATOR, delete C10, and label pin } 1 \text { of U4 }}$ |
| 2227A and above | On the A51 schematic: <br> - U4 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change U4 to 1826-0371. |
| 2543A and above | On the A51 schematic: <br> - Q9 - In the table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change $\overline{\text { Q9 }}$ to 1854-0295. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |



## ervice sheet 29 - am Calibrator soption 010, a50

## other references

##  <br> - Driect Controi Speciail Functions <br> . Service Sheet BD3 Page $5 \cdot 21$ Pape 8.49 Page 8.8 Page 8.83

thoubleshooting
General
Procedures for checking the AM Calibrator A Asembly are given
beluw. The circuits to ochcck are marked on the schematic diagram


 caurion



Equipment

(1) Modulation Source Circuits Check

1. Measure the emitter of $\mathbf{1 2 5}$. with a dc voltmeter. The voltage



SERVICE SHEET 29 (Contid)
int For all settings above, pin y of U6 should be as follows:

K. Kyin the Direct Control Special Functions indicated below. F.
cact setting, check the peims
ndicated

|  | Voluge Ivel \|Yect 1 a |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | USA Pin 2 | Cr95 callote |
| ${ }^{0.188}$ | -9.90-9.4 |  |

(2) RF and Detector Circults Che


 (100 mVpp.
Cimnera the sacilloscope to the collector of QID (pin ti . The
 Key in 0.183 SPCIT to tourn both modulators off. The waveform
 excrucing the eninging an
mplitude within 88 mV .


SERVICE SHEET 29 (Con'd)



 (3) Selact Decoder and Data Latch Check
Key in 0.180 SPCL. Check pin lof U8B with

 maximum between +4 and 26 V a minimum be
tween -9 ond -IV , and p perioco of opproximately
2. Key in the Direte Control Special Functions
indicated below. For each setting, check the pins Sindicyted beleow. For each setting, check the pins
on U9 indicaled.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Diract Cantrol } \\ & \text { Special } \\ & \text { Einctinn } \end{aligned}$ | Leve iftua |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 | 15 | 11 |
| 0.180 | ${ }_{\text {L }}$ | L | н |


 Hint: None of the following stea
perly with both modulators on.
 2.5 Vpp .
 should be as follows:

Sone of the following ster will should be as tollows




## CHANGES

| 2021A to 2609A | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60120 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60120. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2134A and above | On the A50 schematic: <br> - $\mathbf{Q 9}$ - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q9 to 1854-0811. |
| 2229A and above | On the A50 component locator: <br> - 08901-60209 - Use the new component locator, Figure 8-136. A50 AM Calibrator Assembly Component Locations (Option 010) (2229A and above), on page 8-152.3. <br> On the A50 schematic: <br> - 08901-60209 - Change the part number of the A50 AM Calibrator Assembly to 08901-60209. <br> Use the schematic partial, P/O Service Sheet 29 - A50 AM Calibrator Assembly Schematic Diagram (Option 010) (2229A and above), on page 8-152.4 <br> - Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5 - Change Q2 to Q3, Q3 to Q4, Q4 to Q5A, Q5 to Q5B. <br> - $\mathbf{Q 5 , 0 9}$ - In the Table of Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers, change Q9 to 1854-0071; change Q5 to 1854-0475. <br> - R90 - Change the value of R90 to 215 ohms. |
| 2616A and above | On the A25 schematic: <br> - 08901-60286 - Change the A25 assembly part number to 08901-60286. |

Reserved for future changes.


Figure 8-136. A50 AM Calibrator Assembly
Component Locations (Option 010) (2229A and above)


P/O Figure 8-137. A50 AM Calibrator Schematic Diagram (Option 010) (2229A and above)

Mocel s901A


SERVICE SHEETA
GENERAL
general removal procedures

1. Remove the two top plastic stand dffs ont
ing the Poxidriv screws from each standoff.
2. Uncrew the Prididiv screw wathe middle of the rear edgg of the
top cover. This sis a captive screw and will cause the top coverto push
top cover. Thisis a cappii
away from the frame.
3. Lift the top cover off the instrument.

Bottom Cover Removal
Turn the instrument upside down.
2. Remove the wo top plazkics stand doffs on the
3. Unscrew the Poxidiviv screw at the middle of the rear edge of the
bot
bott tom cover. This is cappit
to puah away from the frame.
4. Lift the bottom cover off he instrument.
side Cover Removal

1. Remove the two ocrews holding tach s.ide panel. strap handie in
2. Remove the strap handle caps and the strap handes.
3. Slide the eide panel towards the rear of the instrument and then

Information Card Tray Removal

1. Turn the instrument upside dow
2. Remvev two plasticstand offs from oneside of the bottom cover
3. Rotate the information card tray away from the remaining two
front-panel disassembly procedure
Front-Panel Assembly Removal
4. Remove the information card tray
5. Pry up the trim strip on the top of the instrument just above the
front panel with a small serewdriver.
6. Remove the three screws in the channel covered by the trim
strin.
7. Remove the two outside screws and the center screw from the
botem channel.

SERYICE SHEET A (Conta)
6. To completely separate the front panel from the instrument.

Separatilon of the AA Keyboard and Display Assembly from the
Front-Press Panel and Sibut-Panel Front-Dross Panel and Subl-Panel

1. Remove hhe fort pane asemuly from the instrument (refer to
Frontrianel Assembly Removal Procedure)

 3. Remove thesixi remaninings screws (26) and wasters which fasten
the Al asembly

to the sub-panel. ${ }^{\text {4. Disconnect the front panel LINE switch (9) jumpers at the AI }}$ 5. Separate the $\mathrm{A}_{1}$ assembly from the frontdress panel and Separallon ot the Front-Dress Panel and Display Window from | Separallon of |
| :--- |
| the Sub-Panel |

1. Remove the frontpanel assemby from the instrument (refer to
Front Panel A Asembly
Removal Procedure. 2. To rem ove the front dieplay window (4), remove the threeretain-


 have to be
switch 9 ( $)$.
REPLACEMENT OF PUSHBUTTONSWITCHES ANO ANNUN
CIATOR LEDS CRLTAR LEDS
Key Cap Replacement


 Watch the angular pooition of the key cap as you snap it in $p$
since eight different positions for instalalation are possible.
Key Cap LED Replacement


SERVICE SHEET A (Conid)

|  |
| :---: |
|  |



 be repiaced withour having t tear ous
cape following precedure

1. Remove the pushbutton key cap trefert to Key Cap Replacement
Procure).

- 


 of the swich stem with a pair of $f$ mall tweezers.
3. Inserta new LFD (ane with long leadss. Make sure the polarityi
right. Pull the leads through the circuit buard and solder. 4. Clip off the excess LED lead length on the cirecuit side of the
keyboard.

SERYICE SHEET A (Cont(d)
instrument powerer on, test the swaye. Snaph function the key rap. With the ${ }^{\text {ins.D }}$ werks


1. Remove the pushbutuon key cap. You will have trpull hard. Use
your free hand to hoid the boari down as you pult
. Loceedure).
2. Renove the swith by chipping away the meleded plastic tabs at
he irruit of the keyboard which hoid he switch in place.
 ond ut tited and that there is no excess solder around the leads.
 heat takking oupunted
Be8t 1 ean be ordereid,

mes, however, are


* 

CAUTIONS 6. To assure proper switch assembly, verify that




 f not enough heat isanpplied, the plas stic
will tend to stick to to tie tio of the eron



Figure 8-49. Typical Assembly Ior Heat Slaking Derasilian

CHANGES


| Item Number | Raference Designator | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MP60 | Knurled Nut (Opt. 010 only) |
| 2 | MP13 | Front Dress Panel |
| 3 | MP58 | HP Logo |
| 4 | MP40 | Front Display Window |
| 5 | P:OMP15 | Divider Strip |
| 6 | MP34 | Front Panel Display RFI Shield |
| 7 | M15 | Front Sub-Panel |
| 8 | MP34 | Retaining Clip |
| 9 | S1 | Front Panel LINE Switch |
| 10 | See MP60 | Star Washer |
| 11 | Sees Sl | Lock Washer |
| 12 | See S1 | Machine Screw |
| 13 | W32 | Calibration Output Cable Assembly (Opt. 010 only except in combination with Option 001) |
| 14 | A 1 | Keyboard and Display Assembly |
| 15 | MP47 | A1 Support Shield |
| 16 | See MP47 | Washer |
| 17 | See MP47 | Lock Washer |
| 18 | See MP47 | Machine Screw |
| 19 | W20 | Cable |
| 20 | W24 | Cable |
| 21 | See MP15 | Keyboard and Display Insulator |
| 22 | See MP15 | Machine Screw |
| 23 | See MP15 | Lock Washer |
| 24 | See MP15 | Washer |
| 25 | See MP15 | Spacer |
| 26 | See MP15 | Machine Sorew |
| 27 | See MP15 | Lock Washer |
| 28 | See MP15 | Washer |
| 29 | W19 | Cable Assembly (BNC to SMC jacks) |
| 30 | See MP60 | Star Washer |
| 31 | W1 | Cable Assembly (Type N to SMC jacks) |
| 32 | See MP59 | Star Washer |
| 33 | MP59 | Knurled Nut (except Opt. 001) |
| 34 | MP60 | Knurled Nut (except Opt. 001) |



Figure 8-141. Front Panel Illustrated Parts Breakdown

## SERVICE SHEET B

## REAR-PANEL DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

In order to remove the Power Transformer ( T 1 ), the Line Power Module (A30), or the Remote Interface Connector Assembly (A31). the rear-panel assembly must be separated from the instrument.

## Rear-Panel Removal

1. Remove the top and bottom covers and the side panels of the instrument (refer to General Removal Procedures, Service Sheet A).
2. Unplug the fan plug (6), heat sink wiring harness plug (30), and transformer plug (28) from the Power Supply Motherboard (A26).
3. Remove the four pan-head screws (21) which hold the support bracket (for the LO Section) in place.
4. Remove the top left and bottom left machine screws (50) and lock washers at the power transformer cover (51). These two screws secure the wire duct support (24).
5. Remove the two machine screws at each of the four corners of the rear panel (where it connects to the corner struts).
6. The rear panel can now be pulled a short distance away from the instrument.
7. The rear panel, in most cases, can be worked on without being completely disconnected from the instrument. However, if it becomes necessary to remove the rear panel, this can be accomplished by unplugging the DIP plug at A31 J 1 (not shown) on the underneath side of the Remote Interface Connector Assembly (22) and by disconnecting the input/output jacks at either the jacks themselves or at the assemblies to which their cables lead

## Fan Assembly (B1) Removal

1. Remove the top and bottom covers of the instrument (refer to General Rernoval Procedures, Service Sheet A).
2. Unplug the fan power supply plug (6) at A26J5B on the Power Supply Motherboard.
3. To remove the fan ground wire (not shown) and its solder lug, remove hex nut (20) and lock washer from the fan-cover machine screw (54) and pull off the solder lug (17). Slide the fan cable insulating grommet (4) out of the holding groove in the rear panel.
4. Remove the four machine screws located at the four corners of the fan cover. Pull the fan assembly away from the instrument. Notice the rubber shock mounts (15) through which the machine screws are fit. These dampen fan vibrations. When re-installing the fan assembly, tighten the hex nuts (20) down so the end of each machine screw is visible.

## SERVICE SHEET B (Cont'd)

## Heat Sink Assembly (A29) Removal

1. Remove the top and bottom covers of the instrument (refer to General Removal Procedures, Service Sheet A)
2. Unplug the heat sink wiring harness connec tor (30) at A26J4 on the Power Supply Mother. board.
3. Remove the four machine screws (41) and lock washers which hold the heat sink in place (these are located at the four corners of the heat sink
4. Pull the heat sink assembly (39) a short distance away from the back of the instrument.
5. Slide the grommet (32) out of the rectangular slot on the rear panel located just hehind the heat sink).
6. Feed the connector (30) through the rectangular slot and remove the heat sink assembly from the instrument.

## Transformer (T1) Removal

1. Remove the rear panel of the instrument (refer to Rear-Panel Removal Procedure).
2. Unscrew the top right and bottom right screws at the transformer cover (51). The transformer is
now mechanically disconnected from the rear panel. however, it is still electrically connected (hard wiredit to the line power module (31).
3. To completely disconnect the transformer from the instrument, unsolder the wires cunnect ing it to the line power module.

## Line Power Module (A30) Removal

1. Remoze the rear panel of the instrument (refer to Rear-Panel Removal Procedure).
2. Unsolder the line power module ( 31 ) from the power transformer (23).
3. To remove the line power module, push in the tabs on the sides of the module and push it out through the rear panel.

## Remote Interface Connector Assembly (A31)

## Removal

1. Remove the instrument rear panel (refer to Rear-Panel Removal Procedure),
2. Unplug the connector cable at A3IJ1 (not shown) from the bottom side of the Remote Interface Connector Assembly (22).
3. Unscrew the standoffs : 8 ; on either side of the remote interface connector and push the interface assembly through the rear panel.

## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | In the parts table: <br> - Item 54, Item 56 - Change item 54 description to Machine Screw (6-32 X 2.50). Change item 56 description to Machine Screw (6-32 X 2.25). <br> - Item 58 - Add item 58, reference designator - MP28, description - star washer. <br> In the Illustrated parts breakdown: <br> - Item 58 - Show a star washer between item 2 (Fan Cover) and item 3 (Fan Assembly) and in line with item 54 (Machine Screw). Designate this washer item 58. |
| :---: | :---: |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Henm } \\ \text { Number } \end{gathered}$ | Ralerence Dasignalor | Descriplian |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MP33 | Wire Finger Guard |
| 2 | MP2 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Fan Cover |
| 3 | B1 | Fan Assembly |
| 4 | $\mathrm{P} / 0 \mathrm{Bi}$ | Grommet |
| 5 | P\%R1 | Plastic Tubing |
| 6 | Pfobi | ${ }^{\text {3.Pin Plug }}$ |
| 7 | MPs8 | Plug except Opt. 001-J10, Input 50n) |
| 8 | P/0a31 | Standoff |
| 9 | $\mathrm{J}_{12}$ | BNC Connector |
| 10 | MP5 | Plug iexcept Opt. 001/010, Calibration Output) |
| 11 | P ¢ $\mathrm{A}^{\text {3 }}$ | Lock Washer |
| 12 | See MPa7 | Machine Screw |
| 13 | See MP37 | Lock Washer |
| 14 | Ste MP28 | Shock Mount |
| 15 | See MP28 | Shock Mount |
| 16 | See 112 | Star Wagher |
| 17 | See MP28 | Solder Terminal Lug |
| 18 | See J12 | Hex Nut |
| 19 | See MP28 | Lock Washer Hex Nut |
| 20 | $\mathrm{Secm}_{\mathrm{MPa7}}$ | Hex Nut |
| 21 22 | $\underset{\text { MP37 }}{\text { M }}$ |  |
| 23 | TI | Power Transformer |
| 24 | MP31 | Wire Dact Support |
| 25 | See T1 | Wesher |
| ${ }^{26}$ | See T1 | Lock Washer |
| ${ }^{27}$ | See T1 | Hex Nut |
| 28 | P/o Tl | 8.Pin Connectur |
| ${ }^{29}$ | MP16 | Rear Panel |
| ${ }^{30}$ | P/OA29W1 | 12-Pin Comnector |
| 31 | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {A }}$ | Line Power Module |
| 32 | P/O A29W1 | ${ }_{\text {Cox }}^{\substack{\text { Grommet } \\ \text { Hex Nut }}}$ |
| 33 <br> 34 | ${ }_{\text {Sec Azeq3 }}$ | Hex Nut |
| ${ }_{35}$ |  | Wusher |
| ${ }^{36}$ | Aу0'tbi | Line Power Cord |
| ${ }^{37}$ | A29MP1 | Cable Clamp |
| ${ }^{36}$ | $\mathrm{F}_{1}$ | 1 Amp Fuse (120 Vac) 2 Amp Fuse (220 Vac |
| ${ }^{39}$ | A29MP2 | Heat Sink Includes sockets for Q1-Q4) |
| ${ }^{40}$ | See A29MP2 | Lock Wesher |
| ${ }^{41}$ | See A29MP2 | Machine Screw (6.32 x .625) |
| ${ }^{42}$ | See A29Q3 | Heat Conducting Insulator |
| 43 44 |  | 2N6055 NPN Power Transistor Lock Washer |
| ${ }_{45}^{14}$ | See A29¢3 | Machine Screw (6-32 . .625) |
| 11 | See A99QJ | Luck Washet |
| 47 | See A 2983 | Machine Screw (6-32 x.625) |


| $1110 \mathrm{~m}$ Number | Relerance Designator | Iascriplon |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{48}$ | See Az993 | Insulatur Cover |
| 49 | See T1 | Lock Wa.sher |
| 50 | See T1 | Machine Screw (10.32 $\times 2.25$ ) |
| 51 | See T1 | Transformer Cover |
| 52 | See T1 | Machine Screw (10-32 $\times 2.25$ ) |
| ${ }^{53}$ | See T1 | Lock Washer |
| 54 | MP28 | Machine Screw ( $6.32 \times 2.25$ ) |
| ${ }^{56}$ | MP28 | Washer |
| 56 57 | ${ }_{\substack{\text { See MP28 } \\ \text { MP28 }}}$ | $\underset{\text { Machine Screw (6.32 } \times 2.50 \text { ) }}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ |
| 57 | MP28 | Washer |



## CHANGES

| All serial prefixes | Service Special Functions: <br> - 46.N. Under 46.N Count Internal Signals, change " $\mathrm{N}=2 \mathrm{FM}$ Calibrator" to <br> "N=3 FM Calibrator." |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

## SERVICE SHEET C

SERVICE SPECIAL FUNCTIONS
40.0 Controller Reset
41.0 Contruller Clear
42.0 Display Software Date
43.N Service Error Display Control

N=0 Disable Display of Service Errors
$\mathrm{N}=1$ Enable Display of Service Errors
46.N Count Internal Signals
$\mathrm{N}=1$ Intermediate Frequency
$\mathrm{N}=2$ Voltage-to-Time Converter
$\mathrm{N}=2 \mathrm{FM}$ Calibrator
$\mathrm{N}=4 \mathrm{HFVCO}+8$
$\mathrm{N}=8$ Selected Time Base Reference
$\mathrm{N}=9$ External Time Base Reference $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{A}$ Internal Time Base Reference $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{B}$ (Spare)
49.N Display Internal Voltages (49.XY $=49 . \mathrm{X}-49 . \mathrm{Y}$ ) $\mathrm{N}=0$ Ground
$\mathrm{N}=1$ RF Level Ground
$\mathrm{N}-2 \mathrm{RF}$ Level/2.96
$\mathrm{N}=3$ RF Level
$N=4 \mathrm{X} 10 \mathrm{AM}$ Calibrator Level
$\mathrm{N}=5 \mathrm{X} 1$ AM Calibrator Level
$\mathrm{N}=6$ Audio Range
$\mathrm{N}=8$ Ground
$\mathrm{N}=9$ Average Detector
N=A Peak Detector
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{B}$ Average IF Level
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{D}$ IF Level
$\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{E}$ AIC Current
$50 . \mathrm{N}$ Display Internal Voltages $(50 . \mathrm{XY}=50 . \mathrm{X} .50 \mathrm{Y})$ $\mathrm{N}=0$ Ground
$\mathrm{N}-1$-15V Supply
$\mathrm{N}=2-5 \mathrm{~V}$ Supply
$\mathrm{N}=3+$ V Supply
$\underset{\mathrm{N}=4+15 \mathrm{~V} \text { Supply }}{\mathrm{N}=5+40 \mathrm{~V} \text { Supply }}$
52.N Read Only Memory Verification ( $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{ROM}$ Number 1.8,11<Actual Checksum> <Expected Checksum

## SERVICE SHEET C (Cont'd)

54.N Local Oscillator Test

N=0 Performs all tests below - displays number of first test failed

| N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Test } \\ & \text { Na. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Display } \\ \text { Digitsts } \end{gathered}$ | Test |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 01 | $1 \& 2$ | (Undefined) |
| 1 | 02 | $3 \& 4$ | Time Base |
| 1 | 03 | 5\&6 | Counter |
| 1 | 04 | 7\&8 | HF VCO and Divider Output |
| 2 | 05 | 1\&2 | HF VCO Tuned to Top of Range |
| 2 | 06 | $3 \& 4$ | HF VCO Tuned to Bottom of Range |
| 2 | 07 | 5\&6 | HF VCO Tuned to Mid-Range |
| 2 | 08 | $7 \& 8$ | (Undefinea) |
| 3 | 09 | $1 \& 2$ | Gain of Most Significant DAC |
| 3 | 10 | 3\&4 | Gain of Least Significant DAC |
| 3 | 11 | $5 \& 6$ | (Undefined) |
| 3 | 12 | 7\& \% | :Undefined |
| 4 | 13 | $1 \& 2$ | Phase Lock Loop Acquisition |
| 4 | 14 | $3 \& 4$ | Phase Lock Loop Stability |
| 4 | 15 | $5 \& 6$ | 'Undefinedi |
| 4 | 16 | $7 \& 8$ | (Undefined) |
| 5 | 17 | $1 \& 2$ | Tune LF VCXO with DAC |
| 5 | 18 | 3\&4 | Gain of LF VCXO Drive |
| 5 | 19 | 5\&6 | (Endefined) |
| 5 | 20 | 7\&8 | (Undefined) |

55.0 Sweep Doubler Band
56.0 Sweep Bands 4 through 8
57.0 Sweep Bands DBLR through 3
60.0 Key Scan (Jumper A1STP1 to A13TP3) (See Figure8-143 for key scan codes.)
61.N Display HP-IB Status
$\mathrm{N}=0$ ) <Addressed to Talk>. <Addressed to Listen> True=
$\mathrm{N}=1<\mathrm{DAV}>. \angle \mathrm{RFD}><\mathrm{DAC}>$ (True $=1$ )
$\mathrm{N}=2<$ ATN $><$ REN $>$ (True $=1)$
$\mathrm{N}=2<\mathrm{ATN}>,<\mathrm{REN}>$ (True $=1$
$\mathrm{~N}=3<\mathrm{SPM}><\mathrm{SRQ}>$ (True $=1)$
N=4 PIO Port A (True=1)

| Display Digit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mnemonic | 108 | 107 | 106 | 105 | 104 | 108 | 102 | 101 |

$\mathrm{N}=5$ PIO Port B (True=1)

| Display Digit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mnemonic | ATN | ARD | AAD | SRQ | RNL | ATT | ATL | SDV |

## ERROR MESSAGE SUMMARY

The error messages are grouped by error code as follows
a. E01 through E19 and E90 through E99 are Operating Errors Refer to the Operating Manual for additional information.
b. E20 through E29 are Entry Errors. Refer to the Operating Manual for additional information.
c. E30 through E89 are Service Errors. Refer to page 8.15 for additional information.

## NOTE

Not all of the auailable error message numbers are used

## Operating Errors (E01 through E19 and E90 through E99)

E01 - Signal out of IF Range.
E02 - Input circuits underdriven
E04 - Audio circuits overdriven
E05 - FM squelched.
E06 - Input power protect relay open.
E07-Display overrange.
E08-Calibrator signal not at input (Option 010 only). E09 - Option not installed.
E10 - Input frequency out of range.
B12 - Calculaten value out of range
. 002 only)
E96 - No input signal sensed by instrument (HP-IB only

## Entry Errors (E20 through E29)

E20 - Entered value out of range.
E21 - Invalid key sequence.
E22 - Invalid Special Function prefix
E23 - Invalid Special Function suffix
E24 - Invalid HP.IB code.

## Service Errors (E30 Thraugh E89)

E70 - Phase lock loop step-down.
E71 - Phase lock loop step-up.
E72 - Audio overload.
E74 - FM Calibrator overdeviation.
E75 - FM Calibrator under deviation.
E76 - AM Calibrator modulators unequal
E77 - AM Calibrator channel B out of range.
E78-Key not found.
E80 A dio autange rangeback
B1
E81 - LO tuning adjusted to center signal in IF bandpass. E89 - Software error

Direct Control Special Function Readtack Sumtinary

| Direct Control Special Function | Display vs. Key Pressed (No Key Pressed = \$111.0000] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0111.0000 | 1011.0000 | 1101.0000 | 1110.0000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0.750 \\ & 0.760 \\ & 0.770 \\ & 0.780 \\ & 0.790 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{~A} 0 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{~B} 0 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{C} 0 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{O} 0 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{E} 0 \\ & 0.7 \mathrm{~F} 0 \end{aligned}$ | ```(N/A) 3 kHz 75 \mus RF LEVEL AUTO OPER CLEAR (N/A) dB PEAK- 7 3``` | ```LCL 300 Hz 50 \mus M CALIBRATOR . (decimal point) kHz । % PEAK- 6 2``` | ```20 kHz 50 Hz 25 \mus FM S (Shift) kHz . MHz AVG 9 5 1``` | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & 750 \mu \mathrm{~s} \\ & \text { PRE-DISP } \\ & \text { AM } \\ & \text { FREQ } \\ & \text { SPCL } \\ & \text { (N/A) } \\ & \text { PEAK HOLD } \\ & 8 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |


| Function Readtack | Diract Contral | Service Sheet | Meaning of Readback |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overpower Protect | 0.050 | 15 | $d 0=1$ if relay tripped |
| IF Present | 0.0 E 0 | 4 | $d 0=1$ if IF present |
| FM Squelch | 0.170 | 8 | $\mathrm{d} 0=1$ if squelched |
| Audio Overvoltage | 0.150 | 8 | $d 0=1$ if overvoltage |
| Parity | 0.1 Fd then 0.1 D 0 | 20 | $d 0=0$ if $\mathrm{d} 0+\mathrm{d} 1+\mathrm{d} 2+\mathrm{dS}$ is even <br> $\mathrm{d} 0=1$ if $\mathrm{d} 0+\mathrm{d} 1+\mathrm{d} 2+\mathrm{d} 3$ is odd |
| Time Base Oven | 0.300 | 17 | $d 0=0$ if cold |
| Time Base | 0.360 | 17 | d3 $\times$ state of time base |
| Counter Carry | 0.360 | 17 | d2=1 if earry |
| Counter Stage 4 | 0.350 | 17 | d=output |
| Counter Stage 3 | 0.340 | 17 | d=output |
| Counter Stage 2 | 0.380 | 17 | $d=$ output |
| Counter Stage 1 | 0.320 | 17 | d=output |
| HP-IB Address | 0.450 | 22 | $\mathrm{d}=$ complement of most significant bits |
| HP-IB Address | 0.460 | 22 | $d 0=$ complement of least significant bits $\mathrm{dl}=0$ if talk only <br> $\mathrm{d} 2=0$ is listen only <br> $\mathrm{d} 3=1$ if serial poll FF set |

Moiel s901

IRECT CONTfOL SPEGIAL FUNCTION READOUT SUMMAR


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Figure 8-143. Key Scan Codes


[^0]:    ASSISTANCE
    Product maintenance agreements and other customer assistance agreements are auailable for Hewlett-Packard products.

    For any assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office.

