Errata

Title & Document Type: 11715A AM/FM Test Source Operating and Service Manual

Manual Part Number: 11715-90004

Revision Date: October 1989

HP References in this Manual

This manual may contain references to HP or Hewlett-Packard. Please note that Hewlett-Packard's former test and measurement, semiconductor products and chemical analysis businesses are now part of Agilent Technologies. We have made no changes to this manual copy. The HP XXXX referred to in this document is now the Agilent XXXX. For example, model number HP8648A is now model number Agilent 8648A.

About this Manual

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Support for Your Product

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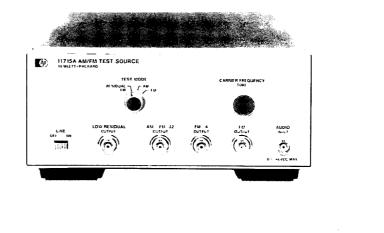
Search for the model number of this product, and the resulting product page will guide you to any available information. Our service centers may be able to perform calibration if no repair parts are needed, but no other support from Agilent is available.



OPERATING & SERVICE MANUAL

11715A AM/FM Test Source

General Information Installation Operation Performance Tests Adjustments Replaceable Parts Manual Changes Service

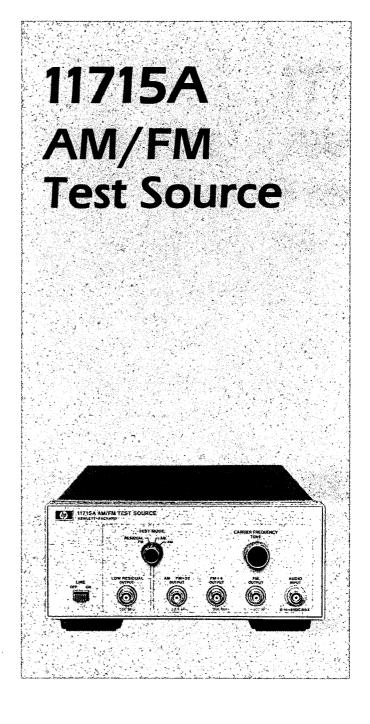






OPERATING & SERVICE MANUAL





October 1989 11715-90004



MANUAL CHANGES

MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

Model Number: 11715A Date Printed: June 1989 Part Number: 11715-90004

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after printing the manual.

To use this supplement, first, make all ERRATA corrections and then all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

SERIAL PREFIX OR NUMBER	MAKE MANUAL CHANGES	SERIAL PREFIX OR NUMBER	MAKE MANUAL CHANGES
1			
2035A	CHANGE 1 AND ERRATA		
2135A	CHANGE 1-2 AND ERRATA		
2238A	CHANGE 1-3 AND ERRATA		
2412A	CHANGE 1-4 AND ERRATA		
2445A	CHANGE 1-5 AND ERRATA		
2519A	CHANGE 1-6 AND ERRATA		
2737A	CHANGE 1-7 AND ERRATA		
2913A and above	CHANGE 1-8 AND ERRATA		

 \gg NEW ITEM

NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies, quote the manual identification information from your supplement or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.

Printed in U.S.A.

24 Aug 1994 6 Pages Text 2 Pages Illustrations 0 Foldouts



ERRATA

Page 1-0, Figure 1-1:

In the figure, change "OPTION 908" to "RACK MOUNTING ADAPTER KIT".

In the figure title, change "Options 907 and 908" to "Option 907 and Rack Mounting Adapter Kit".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit, delete "(Option 908)".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-8:

In part b., change the paragraph to read:

Fuses with a 1A slow-blow rating for 100/120 Vac (HP 2110-0007) and a .5A slow-blow rating for 220/240 Vac (HP 2110-0202) are supplied. One fuse is factory installed according to the voltage available in the country of original designation. Refer to Line Voltage Selection in Section II.

NOTE

Some instruments were shipped with temporary labels on the rear panel. If the line fuse is changed because of the line voltage available, a new label may be ordered, HP part 11715-80002.

\gg Page 1–6, Table 1–3:

Under Modulation Analyzer, in the Recommended Model column, add HP 8901B and HP 8902A

Page 2–2, Figure 2–2. Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers:

Replace Figure 2–2 Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers with the attached Figure 2–2 Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers on illustration page 2 of this change sheet.

» Page 3–2, Figure 3–1

Under AUDIO INPUT, AM, change the caution to read as follows:

CAUTION

Do not apply voltages more negative than 0V, or more positive than +5 Vpk (ac + dc) into the AUDIO INPUT jack when the TEST MODE switch is in the AM position. Damage to the modulating circuitry may result.

Under AUDIO INPUT, FM, change the caution to read as follows:

CAUTION

Do not apply voltages that exceed -5 Vpk, or +5 Vpk (ac + dc) into the AUDIO INPUT jack when the TEST MODE switch is in the FM position. Damage to the modulating circuitry may result.

ERRATA (CONT'D)

Page 3–3, Figure 3–2:

Change item 10 to read:

Fuse. 1A slow-blow for 100/120V operation. .5A slow-blow for 220/240V operation.

\gg Page 4–7, Figure 4–3:

Add this note to Figure 4-3:

NOTE

Always use short cables and tees to make direct connections between instruments when possible.

\gg Page 4–8:

Between step 5 and step 6, add the following:

CAUTION

When you disconnect the AM/FM TEST SOURCE the voltage goes up. Protect the thermal converter by disconnecting from the circuit before disconnecting the AM/FM TEST SOURCE.

Page 4-15, Figure 4-7:

Add this note to Figure 4–7:

NOTE

Always use short cables and tees to make direct connections between instruments when possible.

Page 5-2, paragraph 5-1:

Under A1R54, in the Range of Values column, change kHz to $k\Omega$. In the Basis of Selection column, change +20 dBm to -20 dBm.

\gg Page 6–5, Table 6–2:

Change A1CR2 to 5180-1897 Diode, VVC 29pF

Change A1CR3 to 5180-1897 Diode, VVC 29pF

Change A1CR4 to 1900-0278 Diode, Sch 4V C0.12

Change A1CR5 to 1900-0278 Diode, Sch 4V C0.12 $\,$

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change F1 to the following part numbers:

2110-0007 CD4 FUSE, 1A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 100, 120 VAC).

(Refer to page 1-2, paragraph 1-8)

2110-0202 CD1 FUSE, .5A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220, 240 VAC). (Refer to page 1–2, paragraph 1–8)

2

ERRATA (CONT'D)

Page 6–8, Table 6–2:

Change MP14 to 1400-0017 CD0 QNTY 3 CLAMP-CABLE .31-DIA .37-WD NYL.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP26 to 7121-4963 CD7 LABEL ID, HP LOGO.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

At serial prefix 2913A the color of the instrument covers and accessories were changed. The old color cover and accessories are no longer available. If your instrument has serial prefixes 2912A or below, and you must replace one of these parts, we recommend that you order the full set of covers and accessories as listed below.

Change MP1 to 5021-8413 CD6 FRAME FRONT. Change MP5 to 11715-00026 CD3 PANEL, FRONT. Change MP6 to 5062-3730 CD6 COVER, TOP. Change MP7 to 5062-3742 CD0 COVER, BOTTOM. Change MP8 to 5062-3806 CD7 COVER, SIDE. Change MP9 to 5041-8803 CD0 TRIM, TOP. Change MP10 to 5041-8801 CD8 FOOT, STANDARD. Change MP12 to 5001-0538 CD8 TRIM, SIDE.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change P/O MP13 to 2190-0918 CD4 QTY8 WASHER-LKHLCL NO.6 .141-IN-ID.

Change P/O MP14 to 2190-0918 CD4 WASHER-LKHLCL NO.6 .141-IN-ID.

Page 6-11 and Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

If U1 must be replaced and the 1826-0173 Voltage Regulator is no longer available, replace the -5V Regulator Circuit with the new configuration circuit shown in Change 1. A 0.125" diameter hole must be drilled near the lower right (as viewed from the rear) of the U1 Voltage Regulator socket to allow mounting the terminal (0360-1247).

Service Sheet 2 (component locator):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

Page 6-11, Table 6-11:

Change T1 to 9100-0474 CD2 QTY1 TRANSFORMER.

CHANGE 1 - SERIAL PREFIX 2035A

Page 6–11, Table 6–2:

Add R2 0757-0403 CD2 121 1% .125W F TC=0+100. Add R3 0698-3446 CD3 383 1% .125W F TC=0+100. Change U1 to 1826-0523 CD5 1C 337 V RGLTR TO-3.

Add below U1: 0360-1247 CD3 TERMINAL-STUD DBL-TUR INT-THD-MTG. 2200-0103 CD2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI.

Page 8–11, Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

Delete the -5V Regulator circuit in the lower right portion of the schematic and replace it with P/O Service Sheet 2 (schematic), contained in this manual change supplement.

Page 8–11, Service Sheet 2 (NOTE):

Change the Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers Table as follows: Change U1 1826-0173 to U1 1826-0523.

CHANGE 2 - HAS BEEN DELETED

CHANGE 3 - SERIAL PREFIX 2238A

Page 6–10, Figure 6–3:

In the top center portion of the figure, delete the reference "MP42 1-INCH STICKY FINGERS UNDER MP41".

Page 6–11, Table 6–2:

Delete MP42 0363-0147 CD6 CONTACT-FINGER .37-WD .13-FREE-HGT BE-CU.

CHANGE 4 - SERIAL PREFIX 2412A

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change A1CR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0162 CD5 DIODE-VVC 29PF 10%.

CHANGE 5 - SERIAL PREFIX 2445A

Page 6-5, Table 6-2:

Change A1CR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0065 CD7 DIODE-VVC 29PF 3%.

CHANGE 6 - SERIAL PREFIX 2519A

Page 1–2, paragraph 1–7:

Under Front Handle Kit (Option 907), change 5061-0088 to 5061-9688. Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit (Option 908), change 5061-0072 to 5061-9672.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP2 to 5021-5831 CD6 SIDE STRUTS. Change below MP2 to 0515-1331 CD5 SCREW 4.0 FLPD Change MP4 to 11715-00021 CD8 REAR PANEL.

CHANGE 7 - SERIAL PREFIX 2737A

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change the quantity of MP14 from 3 to 6. NOTE: Each cable clamp (MP14) requires one screw, one flat and one lock washer, and one nut.

Change the quantity of MP28 from 4 to 5.

Delete MP20 and MP21.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

Delete MP45 and all the sublisted parts under MP45.

Change S1 to Part Number 5061-4825 CD0 LINE SWITCH POWER CABLE.

Under S1, add 2200-0165 CD6 QTY 2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25 IN-LG FLHD POZI-DRIV.

CHANGE 8 - SERIAL PREFIX 2913A

At serial prefix 2913A the color of the instrument covers and accessories were changed. The old color cover and accessories are no longer available. If your instrument has serial prefixes 2912A or below, and you must replace one of these parts, we recommend that you order the full set of covers and accessories. Affected cabinet parts are MP1, MP5-MP10, and, MP12. (See the ERRATA section of these manual changes for the correct part numbers.)

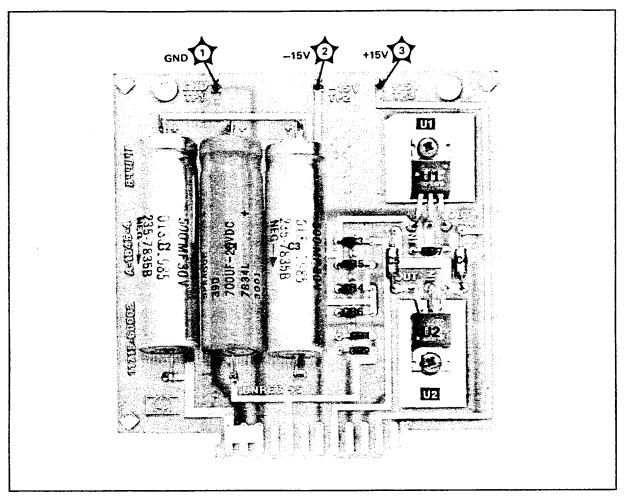
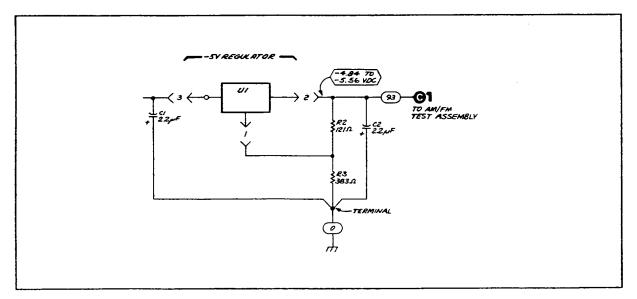


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component Locator (P/O Errata)



P/O Service Sheet 2 (Schematic). -5 Volt Regulator Circuit (P/O Change 1).

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Piug Type	Cable HP Part Number	C D	Plug Description	Cable Length (inches)	Cable Color	For Use In Country
250V	8120-1351	0	90°/STR BS1363A*	90	Mint Gray	United Kingdom,
E	8120-1703	4	90°/90°	90	Mint Gray	Cyprus, Nigeria,
						Rhodesia,
b b						Singapore
250V	8120-1369	0	STR/STR	79	Gray	Austrailia,
E	8120-0696	4	NZSS198/ASC112*	80	Gray	New Zealand
			STR/90°			
250V	8120-1689	7	STR/STR*	79	Mint Gray	East and West
	8120-1692	2	STR/90°	79	Mint Gray	Europe, Saudi
ړۀ●ه						Arabia, Egypt,
						(unpolarized in
	0400 4070					many nations)
125V	8120-1378 8120-1521	1	STR/STR NEMA5-15P* STR/90°	80 80	Jade Gray	United States, Canada, Mexico,
∕o∕	6120-1521	P	516/90	00	Jade Gray	Phillipines, Taiwan
	8120-1751	1	STR/STR	90	Jade Gray	U.S./Canada
	0.2001	Ľ				
100V	8120-4753	2	STR/STR	90	Dark Gray	Japan only
(Same plug as above)	8120-4754	3	STR/90°	90	Dark Gray	Japan only
250V	8120-2104	3	STR/STR SEV1011 1959-24507	79	Gray	Switzerland
			Туре 12			
	8120-2296	4	STR/90°	79	Gray	
-	8120-3997	4	STR/90°	177	Gray	
250V	8120-0698	6	STR/STR NEMA6-15P	90	Black	United States,
						Canada
250V	8120-2956	3	90°/STR	79	Gray	Denmark
EQ	8120-2957	4	90°/90°		-	
	8120-3997	4	STR/STR			
250V	8120-4211	7	STR/STR*IEC83-B1	79	Black	South Africa, India
EO	8120-4600	8	STR/90°	79	Gray	
250V	8120-1860	6	STR/STR*CEE22-V1	59	Jade Gray	<u> </u>
			(Systems Cabinet Use)]
	8120-1575	0	STR/STR	31	Jade Gray	
	8120-2191	8	STR/90°	59	Jade Gray	
	8120-4379	8	90°/90°	80	Jade Gray	
			y identifier for plug only. Num d; L = Line; N = Neutral; ST		cable is HP Part	Number for complete

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

MANUAL IDENTIFICATION
 Model Number: 11715A
 Date Printed: June 1982
 Part Number: 11715-90004

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To use this supplement, first, make all ERRATA corrections and then all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

SERIAL PREFIX OR NUMBER	MAKE MANUAL CHANGES	SERIAL PREFIX OR NUMBER	MAKE MANUAL CHANGES
2035A	1		
2135A	1,2		
2238A	1-3		
2412A	1-4		
2445A	1-5		
2519A	1-6		
2737A	1-7		
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>> NEW ITEM

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Printed in U.S.A.

PACKARD

3 September 1987

- 4 Pages Text
- 2 Pages Illustrations

ERRATA

Page 1-0, Figure 1-1:

In the figure, change "OPTION 908" to "RACK MOUNTING ADAPTER KIT". In the figure title, change "Options 907 and 908" to "Option 907 and Rack Mounting Adapter Kit".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit, delete "(Option 908)".

>> Page 2-2, Figure 2-2. Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers: Replace Figure 2-2 Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers with the attached Figure 2-2 Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers on illustration page 2 of this change sheet. Page 4-15, Figure 4-7:

Add this note to Figure 4-7:

NOTE

Always use short cables and tees to make direct connections between instruments when possible.

Page 5-2, paragraph 5-1:

Under AlR54, in the Range of Values column, change kHz to k ohms. In the Basis of Selection column, change +20 dBm to -20 dBm. Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change Fl to the following part numbers:

2110-0201 (CD0) FUSE, .25A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 100, 120 VAC). 2110-0318 (CD0) FUSE, .125A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220, 240 VAC).

F1; 2110-0318. If this part fails, replace with the part described in Change 2.

Change MP14 to 1400-0017 CD0 QNTY 3 CLAMP-CABLE .31-DIA .37-WD NYL. >> Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP26 to 7121-4963 CD7 LABEL ID, HP LOGO.

Page 6-11 and Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

If Ul must be replaced and the 1826-0173 Voltage Regulator is no longer available, replace the -5V Regulator Circuit with the new configuration circuit shown in Change 1. A 0.125" diameter hole must be drilled near the lower right (as viewed from the rear) of the Ul Voltage Regulator socket to allow mounting the terminal (0360-1247).

Service Sheet 2 (component locations):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

>> Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

CHANGE 1 - Serial Prefix 2035A Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Add R2 0757-0403 (CD2) 121 1% .125W F TC=0+100. Add R3 0698-3446 (CD3) 383 1% .125W F TC=04100. Change U1 to 1826-0523 (CD5) 1C 337 V RGLIR TO-3. Add below Ul: 0360-1247 (CD3) TERMINAL-STUD DBL-TUR INT-THD-MTG. 2200-0103 (CD2) SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI. Page 8-11, Service Sheet 2 (schematic): Delete the -5V Regulator circuit in the lower right portion of the schematic and replace it with P/O Service Sheet 2 (schematic), contained in this manual change supplement. Page 8-11, Service Sheet 2 (NOTE): Change the Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers Table as follows: "Ul 1826-0173" to "Ul 1826-0523". CHANGE 2 - Serial Prefix 2135A Page 3-3, Figure 3-2: Change item 10 to read: Fuse. 0.25A slow-blow for 100/120V operation. 0.150A slow blow for 220/240V operation. Page 6-7, Table 6-2: 0201 Change F1, part number 2110-0318 to 2110-0320 (CD4) FUSE, .150A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220,240 VAC). (See erratum with same page reference to be sure correct part number is changed.) CHANGE 3 - Serial Prefix 2238A Page 6-10, Figure 6-3: In the top center portion of the figure, delete the reference "MP42 1-INCH STICKY FINGERS UNDER MP41". Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Delete MP42 0363-0147 (CD6) CONTACT-FINGER .37-WD .13-FREE-HGT BE-CU. CHANGE 4 - Serial Prefix 2412A Page 6-5, Table 6-2: Change AlCR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0162 (CD5) DIODE-VVC 29PF 10%. CHANGE 5 - Serial Prefix 2445A Page 6-5, Table 6-2: Change AlCR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0065 (CD7) DIODE-VVC 29PF 3%.

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CHANGE 6 - Serial Prefix 2519A

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Front Handle Kit (Option 907), change 5061-0088 to 5061-9688. Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit (Option 908), change 5061-0072 to 5061-9672. Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change the following part numbers:

MPl	5021-5813	CD4
MP2	5021-5831	CD6
	0515-1331	CD5
MP4	11715-00021	CD8
MP6	5061-9340	CD6
MP7	5061-9442	CD7
MP8	5061-9506	CDO

>> CHANGE 7 - Serial Prefix 2737A

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP5 to Part Number 11715-00024 CD1 FRONT DRESS PANEL. Change the quantity of MP14 from 3 to 6. NOTE: Each cable clamp (MP14) requires one screw, one flat and one lock washer, and one nut. Change the quantity of MP28 from 4 to 5. Delete MP20 and MP21.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

Delete MP45 and all the sublisted parts under MP45. Change S1 to Part Number 5061-4825 CD0 LINE SWITCH POWER CABLE. Under S1, add Part Number 2200-0165 CD6 QTY 2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25 IN-LG FLHD POZI-DRIV.

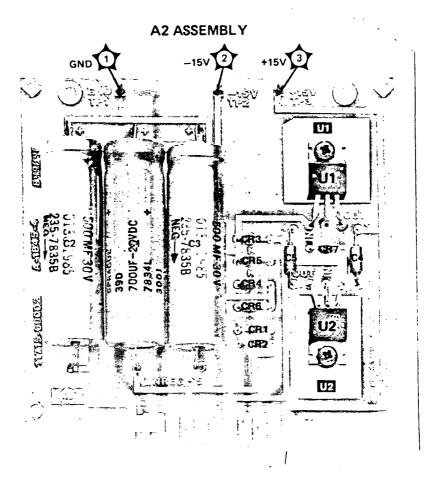
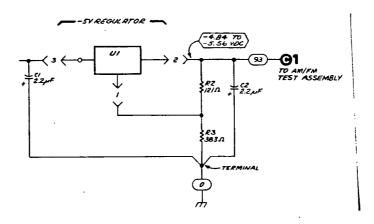


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component and Test Point Locations (P/O Errata)



P/O Service Sheet 2 (Schematic). -5 Volt Regulator Circuit (P/O Change 1).

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250V 8120-1351 0 90°/STR BS1363A* 90 Mint Gray United Kingdom, Cyprus, Nigeria, Brodesia, Singapore 250V 8120-1369 0 STR/STR 79 Gray Australia, New Zealand 0 900 900 Mint Gray Vinted Kingdom, Cyprus, Nigeria, Singapore 250V 8120-1369 0 STR/STR 79 Gray Australia, New Zealand 1 STR/STR* 79 Mint Gray Least and West East and West 1 250V 8120-1689 7 STR/STR 79 Mint Gray Least and West 1 STR/STR 90 Jade Gray United States, Canada, Mexico, Philiphes, Taiwan United States, Canada, Mexico, Philiphes, Taiwan 1 STR/STR 90 Dark Gray Japan only 250V 8120-1751 1 STR/STR 90 Dark Gray Japan only 260V 8120-2764 3 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 100V 8120-2266 4 STR/90° 79<	Plug Type	Cable HP Part Number	C D	Plug Description	Cable Length (inches)	Cable Color	For Use In Country
Image: String of the	E		-			•	Cyprus, Nigeria, Rhodesia,
8120-1692 2 STR/90° 79 Mint Gray Europe, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, (unpolarized in many nations) 125V 8120-1378 1 STR/STR NEMA5-15P* 80 Jade Gray United States, Canada, Mexico, Philliphes, Taiwan 100V 8120-1751 1 STR/STR 90 Jade Gray United States, Canada, Mexico, Philliphes, Taiwan 100V 8120-4753 2 STR/STR 90 Dark Gray Japan only 250V 8120-2104 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2296 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2966 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2967 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-2957 4 90°/90° 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-4600 8			-	NZSS198/ASC112*			1
Bit20-1521 6 STR/90° 80 Jade Gray Diffed States, Ganada, Mexico, Phillipines, Taiwan U.S./Canada 100V 8120-1751 1 STR/STR 90 Jade Gray Jagan only Jagan only Jagan only Jagan only 100V 8120-4753 2 STR/STR 90 Dark Gray Jagan only Jagan only 250V 8120-4754 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2296 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2997 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/STR 79 Gray United States, Canada 250V 8120-2957 4 STR/STR NEMA6-15P 90 Black United States, Canada 250V 8120-2957 4 STR/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-4201 7 STR/STR'IEC83-B1 79 Black South Africa, India 250V 8120-1860 6 <td></td> <td>8120-1692</td> <td>2</td> <td>STR/90°</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>Europe, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, (unpolarized in</td>		8120-1692	2	STR/90°		-	Europe, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, (unpolarized in
V Image: Status and a method in the	125V						United States,
N 1 STR/STR 90 Jade Gray U.S./Canada 100V 8120-4753 2 STR/STR 90 Dark Gray Japan only 250V 8120-4754 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Japan only 250V 8120-2104 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2296 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 8120-3997 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/STR 79 Gray Canada 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/90° 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/90° 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-4600 8 STR/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-4600 8 STR/STR*/EE22-V1 59 Jade Gray South Africa, India 250V 8120-1575 </td <td>\°</td> <td>8120-1521</td> <td>0</td> <td>STR/90°</td> <td>80</td> <td>Jade Gray</td> <td></td>	\°	8120-1521	0	STR/90°	80	Jade Gray	
(Same plug as above) 8120-4754 3 STR/90° 90 Dark Gray Japan only 250V 8120-2104 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Japan only 250V 8120-2296 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2296 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-2997 4 STR/90° 79 Gray Switzerland 250V 8120-0698 6 STR/STR NEMA6-15P 90 Black United States, Canada 250V 8120-2957 4 STR/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-2957 4 90°/90° 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-4600 8 STR/STR*IEC83-B1 79 Black South Africa, India 250V 8120-1575 0 STR/STR*CEE22-V1 59 Jade Gray South Africa, India 250V 8120-1575 0 STR/STR 31		8120-1751	1	STR/STR	90	Jade Gray	
(Same plug as above) 8120-4754 3 STR/90° 90 Dark Gray Japan only 250V 8120-2104 3 STR/STR SEV1011 79 Gray Switzerland Image: Several stress of the severa stress of the several stress of the severa stress of		8120-4753	2	STR/STR	90	Dark Gray	Japan only
Image: Second					90	Dark Gray	
250V 8120-0698 6 STR/STR NEMA6-15P 90 Black United States, Canada 250V 8120-2956 3 90°/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-2957 4 90°/90° 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-2957 4 STR/STR 79 Gray Denmark 250V 8120-3997 4 STR/STR*IEC83-B1 79 Black South Africa, India 250V 8120-4211 7 STR/STR*IEC83-B1 79 Black South Africa, India 250V 8120-4600 8 STR/90° 79 Gray South Africa, India 250V 8120-1575 0 STR/STR*CEE22-V1 (Systems Cabinet Use) 59 Jade Gray 250V 8120-1575 0 STR/STR 31 Jade Gray 8120-2191 8 STR/90° 59 Jade Gray Jade Gray 8120-4379 8 90°/90° 80 Jade Gray Jade Gray		8120-2296	4	1959-24507 Type 12 STR/90°	79	Gray	Switzerland
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		8120-2191	8	STR/STR STR/90°	59		
			-			Jade Gray	

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

- MANUAL IDENTIFICATION Model Number: 11715A Date Printed: June 1982 Part Number: 11715-90004

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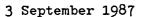
1 1,2 1-3 1-4 1-5 1-6 1-7	
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1-7	

>> NEW ITEM

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Printed in U.S.A.



- 4 Pages Text
- 1 Pages Illustrations



ERRATA

Page 1-0, Figure 1-1:

In the figure, change "OPTION 908" to "RACK MOUNTING ADAPTER KIT". In the figure title, change "Options 907 and 908" to "Option 907 and Rack Mounting Adapter Kit".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit, delete "(Option 908)". Page 4-15, Figure 4-7:

Add this note to Figure 4-7:

NOTE

Always use short cables and tees to make direct connections between instruments when possible.

Page 5-2, paragraph 5-1:

Under AlR54, in the Range of Values column, change kHz to k ohms. In the Basis of Selection column, change +20 dBm to -20 dBm.

Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change Fl to the following part numbers:

2110-0201 (CD0) FUSE, .25A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 100, 120 VAC). 2110-0318 (CD0) FUSE, .125A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220, 240 VAC).

F1; 2110-0318. If this part fails, replace with the part described in Change 2.

>> Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP14 to 1400-0017 CDO QNTY 3 CLAMP-CABLE .31-DIA .37-WD NYL. >> Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP26 to 7121-4963 CD7 LABEL ID, HP LOGO.

Page 6-11 and Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

If Ul must be replaced and the 1826-0173 Voltage Regulator is no longer available, replace the -5V Regulator Circuit with the new configuration circuit shown in Change 1. A 0.125" diameter hole must be drilled near the lower right (as viewed from the rear) of the Ul Voltage Regulator socket to allow mounting the terminal (0360-1247).

Service Sheet 2 (component locations):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

CHANGE 1 - Serial Prefix 2035A Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Add R2 0757-0403 (CD2) 121 1% .125W F TC=0+100. Add R3 0698-3446 (CD3) 383 1% .125W F TC=0+100. Change Ul to 1826-0523 (CD5) 1C 337 V RGLTR TO-3. Add below U1: 0360-1247 (CD3) TERMINAL-STUD DBL-TUR INT-THD-MTG. 2200-0103 (CD2) SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI. Page 8-11, Service Sheet 2 (schematic): Delete the -5V Regulator circuit in the lower right portion of the schematic and replace it with P/O Service Sheet 2 (schematic), contained in this manual change supplement. Page 8-11, Service Sheet 2 (NOTE): Change the Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers Table as follows: "Ul 1826-0173" to "Ul 1826-0523". CHANGE 2 - Serial Prefix 2135A Page 3-3, Figure 3-2: Change item 10 to read: Fuse. 0.25A slow-blow for 100/120V operation. 0.150A slow blow for 220/240V operation. Page 6-7, Table 6-2: Change F1, part number 2110-0318 to 2110-0320 (CD4) FUSE, .150A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220,240 VAC). (See erratum with same page reference to be sure correct part number is changed.) CHANGE 3 - Serial Prefix 2238A Page 6-10, Figure 6-3: In the top center portion of the figure, delete the reference "MP42 1-INCH STICKY FINGERS UNDER MP41". Page 6-11, Table 6-2: Delete MP42 0363-0147 (CD6) CONTACT-FINGER .37-WD .13-FREE-HGT BE-CU. CHANGE 4 - Serial Prefix 2412A Page 6-5, Table 6-2: Change AlCR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0162 (CD5) DIODE-VVC 29PF 10%. r CHANGE 5 - Serial Prefix 2445A Page 6-5, Table 6-2: Change AlCR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0065 (CD7) DIODE-VVC 29PF 3%.

CHANGE 6 - Serial Prefix 2519A

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Front Handle Kit (Option 907), change 5061-0088 to 5061-9688. Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit (Option 908), change 5061-0072 to 5061-9672.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change the following part numbers:

. . .

MP1	5021-5813	CD4
MP2	5021-5831	-CD6
	0515-1331	CD5
MP4	11715-00021	CD8
MP6	5061-9340	CD6
MP7	5061-9442	CD7
MP8	5061-9506	CDO

>> CHANGE 7 - Serial Prefix 2737A

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

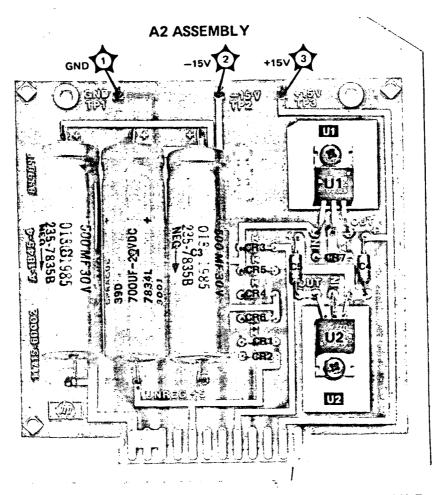
Change MP5 to Part Number 11715-00024 CD1 FRONT DRESS PANEL. Change the quantity of MP14 from 3 to 6. NOTE: Each cable clamp (MP14) requires one screw, one flat and one lock washer, and one nut. Change the quantity of MP28 from 4 to 5. Delete MP20 and MP21.

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

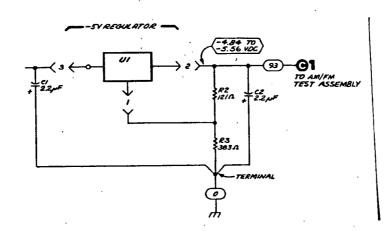
Delete MP45 and all the sublisted parts under MP45. Change Sl to Part Number 5061-4825 CD0 LINE SWITCH POWER CABLE. Under Sl, add Part Number 2200-0165 CD6 QTY 2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25 IN-LG FLHD POZI-DRIV.

4

Model 11715A







P/O Service Sheet 2 (Schematic). -5 Volt Regulator Circuit (P/O Change 1).

MANUAL CHANGES

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

MANUAL IDENTIFICATION
 Model Number: 11715A
 Date Printed: June 1982
 Part Number: 11715-90004

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2035A	1		
2135A	1,2		
2238A	1-3		
2412A	1-4		
2445A	1-5		
2519A	1-6		

>> NEW ITEM

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7 July 1987 5 Pages Text 1 Pages Illustrations

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Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

Change Fl to the following part numbers:

2110-0201 (CD0) FUSE, .25A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 100, 120 VAC). 2110-0318 (CD0) FUSE, .125A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220, 240 VAC).

F1; 2110-0318. If this part fails, replace with the part described in Change 2.

Page 6-8, Table 6-2:

Change MP26 to 7121-4963 CD7 LABEL ID, HP LOGO.

Page 6-11 and Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

If Ul must be replaced and the 1826-0173 Voltage Regulator is no longer available, replace the -5V Regulator Circuit with the new configuration circuit shown in Change 1. A 0.125" diameter hole must be drilled near the lower right (as viewed from the rear) of the Ul Voltage Regulator socket to allow mounting the terminal (0360-1247).

Service Sheet 2 (component locations):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

ERRATA (cont'd)

>> Page 4-15, Figure 4-7: Add this note to Figure 4-7:

NOTE

Always use short cables and tees to make direct connections between instruments when possible.

>> Page 5-2, Table 5-1:

Under AlR54, in the Range of Values column, change kHz to k ohms. In the Basis of Selection column, change +20 dBm to -20 dBm. Page 6-7, Table 6-2:

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Change AlCR2 and CR3 to HP Part Number 0122-0065 (CD7) DIODE-VVC 29PF 3%.

CHANGE 6 - Serial Prefix 2519A

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Front Handle Kit (Option 907), change 5061-0088 to 5061-9688. Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit (Option 908), change 5061-0072 to 5061-9672.

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MP2	5021-5831	CD6
	0515-1331	CD5
MP4	11715-00021	CD8
MP6	5061-9340	CD6
MP7	5061-9442	CD7
MP8	5061-9506	CD0

Model 11715A

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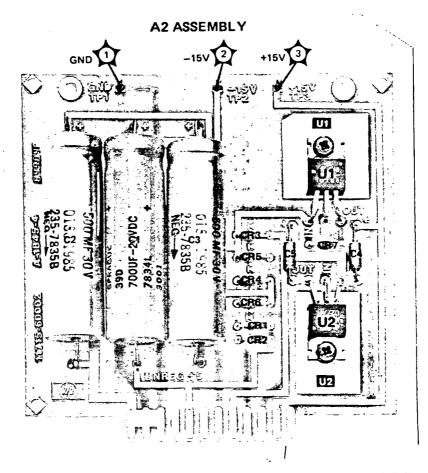
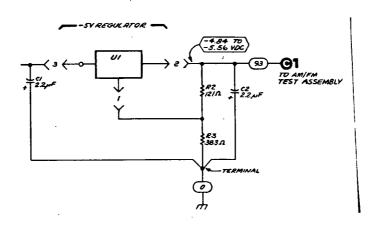


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component and Test Point Locations (P/O Errata)



P/O Service Sheet 2 (Schematic). -5 Volt Regulator Circuit (P/O Change 1).

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

MANUAL IDENTIFICATION
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 Date Printed: Sept. 1979
 Part Number: 11715-90004

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>> NEW ITEM

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01 May 1985 4 Pages Text 1 Pages Illustrations

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11715-90004

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Model 11715A

2.13

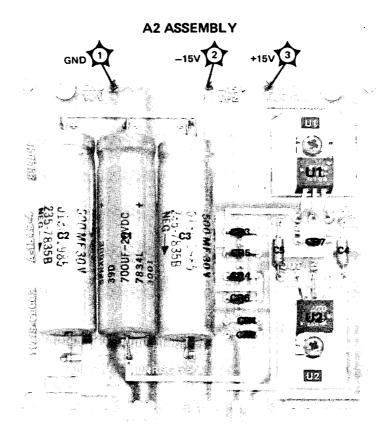
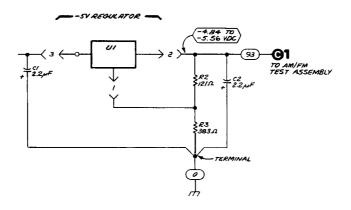


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component and Test Point Locations (P/O Errata)



P/O Service Sheet 2 (Schematic). -5 Volt Regulator Circuit (P/O Change 1).

CERTIFICATION

Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

WARRANTY

This Hewlett-Packard instrument product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of shipment. During the warranty period, Hewlett-Packard Company will at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective.

For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to a service facility designated by HP. Buyer shall prepay shipping charges to HP and HP shall pay shipping charges to return the product to Buyer. However, Buyer shall pay all shipping charges, duties, and taxes for products returned to HP from another country.

HP warrants that its software and firmware designated by HP for use with an instrument will execute its programming instructions when properly installed on that instrument. HP does not warrant that the operation of the instrument, or software, or firmware will be uninterrupted or error free.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by Buyer, Buyer-supplied software or interfacing, unauthorized modification or misuse, operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product, or improper site preparation or maintenance.

NO OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. HP SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

THE REMEDIES PROVIDED HEREIN ARE BUYER'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES. HP SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY.

ASSISTANCE

Product maintenance agreements and other customer assistance agreements are available for Hewlett-Packard products.

For any assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. Addresses are provided at the back of this manual.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

GENERAL

This product and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation.

This product is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal.

BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is set to match the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed.

SAFETY EARTH GROUND

An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

SAFETY SYMBOLS

Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (refer to Table of Contents).

Indicates hazardous voltages

Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

CAUTION

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could

result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product. Do not proceed beyond a CAU-TION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection).

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

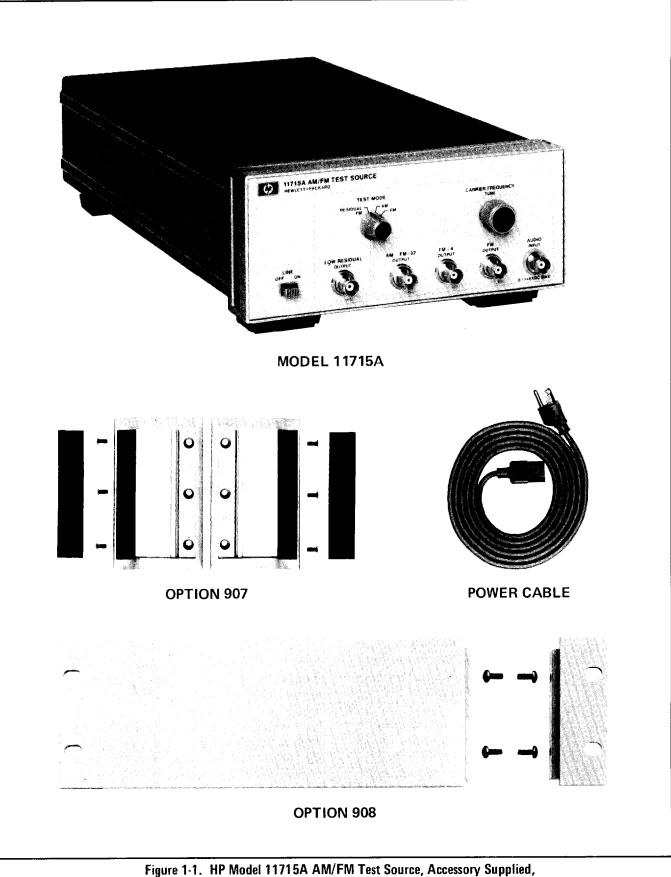
If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Servicing instructions are for use by service-trained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.



and Options 907 and 908.

OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

11715A AM/FM Test Source

SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 1905A.

For additional important information about serial numbers see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I.



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MANUAL PART NO. 11715-90004 Microfiche Part No. 11715-90005

Printed: JUNE 1982

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Model 11715A

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. INTRODUCTION

This manual contains information required to install, operate, test, adjust, and service the Hewlett-Packard Model 11715A AM/FM Test Source. Figure 1-1 shows the AM/FM Test Source with all supplied equipment including parts supplied with Option 907, Front Handle Kit, and Option 908, Rack Mounting Adapter Kit.

This section of the manual describes the instruments documented by this manual and covers instrument description, options, accessories, specifications, and other basic information. The other sections contain the following information:

Section II, Installation: provides information about initial inspection, preparation for use, storage, and shipment.

Section III, Operation: provides information about panel features and operating instructions.

Section IV, Performance Tests: provides the information required to check performance of the instrument against the specifications in Table 1-1. Included are mathematical justifications for some of the tests.

Section V, Adjustments: provides the information required to properly adjust the instrument.

Section VI, Replaceable Parts: provides ordering information for all replaceable parts and assemblies.

Section VII, Manual Changes: this section is reserved for manual change information in future revisions of this manual.

Section VIII, Service: provides the information required to repair the instrument.

Also, on the title page of this manual, below the manual part number, is a "Microfiche" part number. This number may be used to order 100×150 mm (4 x 6-inch) microfilm transparencies of the manual. Each microfiche contains up to 96 photoduplicates of the manual pages. The microfiche package also includes the latest Manual Changes supplement.

1-2. SPECIFICATIONS

Instrument specifications are listed in Table 1-1. These are the performance standards, or limits against which the instrument may be tested. Characteristics listed under Supplemental Information, Table 1-2, are not warranted specifications but are typical characteristics included as additional information.

1-3. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

This product is a Safety Class I instrument (i.e., provided with a protective earth terminal). The instrument and manual should be reviewed for safety markings and instructions before operation.

The AM/FM Test Source and all related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation. Refer to the Safety Considerations page found at the beginning of this manual for a summary of the safety information.

Safety information pertinent to the task at hand (installation, operation, performance testing, adjustment, or service) is found throughout this manual.

1-4. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL

Attached to the instrument is a serial number plate. The serial number is in the form 1234A00123. The first four digits and the letter are the serial prefix. The last five digits form the sequential suffix that is unique to each instrument. The contents of this manual apply directly to instruments having the same serial number prefix(es) as listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.

For information concerning a serial number prefix not listed on the title page or in the Manual Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

1-5. MANUAL CHANGES SUPPLEMENT

An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial prefix that is not listed on the title page. This unlisted serial prefix indicates that the instrument is different from those documented in this manual. The manual for this instrument is supplied with a Manual Changes supplement that contains "change information" that documents the differences.

In addition to change information, the supplement may contain information for correcting errors in the manual. To keep this manual as current and accurate as possible, Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest Manual Changes supplement. The supplement for this manual is keyed to this manual's print date and part number, both of which appear on the title page. Complimentary copies of the supplement are available from Hewlett-Packard.

1-6. **DESCRIPTION**

The AM/FM Test Source generates a 560 MHz CW low residual FM signal and a separate tuneable carrier that can be amplitude or frequency modulated. It features wideband, low incidental, low distortion modulators so that it can be used as a signal source for testing the Hewlett-Packard Model 8901A Modulation Analyzer. Figure 1-2 shows a block diagram of the instrument.

1-7. OPTIONS

The following options may have been ordered and received with the AM/FM Test Source. If they were not ordered with the original shipment and are now desired, they can be ordered from the nearest Hewlett-Packard office using the part number included in each of the following paragraphs.

Front Handle Kit (Option 907). Ease of handling is increased with the front-panel handles. Order HP part number 5061-0088.

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Rack Mounting Adapter Kit (Option 908). The AM/FM Test Source can be solidly mounted to the instrument rack using the flange kit. Order HP part number 5061-0072.

1-8. ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

The accessories supplied with the AM/FM Test Source are shown in Figure 1-1.

a. The line power cable may be supplied in several plug configurations, depending on the destination of the original shipment. Refer to Power Cables in Section II.

b. Fuses with a 0.25A slow-blow rating for 100/120 Vac (HP 2110-0201) and a 0.125A slowblow rating for 220/240 Vac (HP 2110-0318) are supplied. One fuse is factory installed according to the voltage available in the country of original designation. Refer to Line Voltage Selection in Section II.

1-9. EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE

Modulation Source: The Hewlett-Packard Model 3320B Automatic Synthesizer provides a wideband (0.1 Hz to 13 MHz), flat, modulation source for the AM/FM Test Source.

Modulation Source: The oscillator portion of the Hewlett-Packard Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set provides an extremely pure modulation source for the AM/FM Test Source.

1-10. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Table 1-3 lists the test equipment and accessories recommended for use in testing, adjusting, and servicing the AM/FM Test Source. If any of the recommended equipment is unavailable, instruments with equivalent minimum specifications may be substituted. Model 11715A

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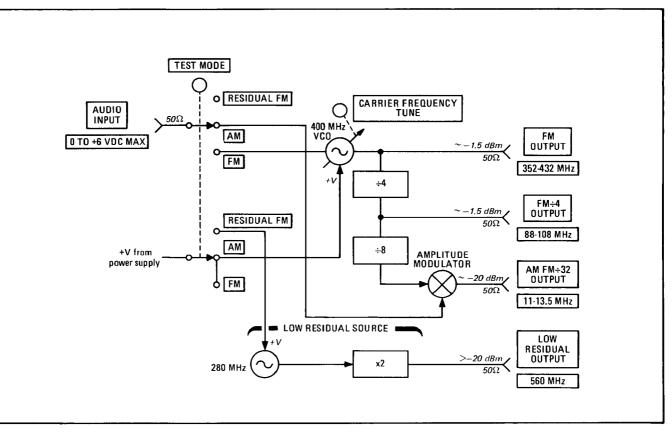


Figure 1-2. HP Model 11715A Test Source Block Diagram



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Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits		Conditions	
FM OUTPUTS				
Frequency Range	11 to 13.5 MHz 88 to 108 MHz 352 to 432 MHz	at AM FM ÷ 32 o at FM ÷ 4 outpu at FM output	-	
FM Peak Deviation	>12.5 kHz >100 kHz >400 kHz	11 to 13.5 MHz 88 to 108 MHz 352 to 432 MHz	carrier	
FM Distortion	<0.025% THD (<-72 dB)	Carrier Frequency	Peak Deviation	Modulation Rate
		12.5 MHz 100 MHz 400 MHz	12.5 kHz 100 kHz 400 kHz	<10 kHz <100 kHz <100 kHz
FM Flatness	$\pm 0.1\%$ $\pm 0.25\%$	dc to 100 kHz ra dc to 200 kHz ra		
Incidental AM	< 0.08%	<50 kHz peak d 1 kHz rate;	100 MHz carrier; <50 kHz peak deviation; 1 kHz rate; 50 Hz to 3 kHz bandwidth	
AM OUTPUT				, <u>,</u> ,
Frequency Range	11 to 13.5 MHz	at AM FM ÷ 32 o	output	
AM Depth	to 99%			
AM Distortion	<0.05% THD (<-66 dB) <0.1% THD (<-66 dB)	50% AM; 20 Hz 95% AM; 20 Hz		
AM Flatness	$\pm 0.1\%$ $\pm 0.25\%$	50 Hz to 50 kHz rates 20 Hz to 100 kHz rates		
Incidental ΦM	< 0.008 rad peak	12.5 MHz carrier 1 kHz rate; 50 H		width
AM Linearity	± 0.1% ± 0.2%	≤ 95% AM ≤ 99% AM		
Residual AM	< 0.01% rms	50 Hz to 3 kHz l	oandwidth	
LOW RESIDUAL OUTPUT				
Residual FM	< 3 Hz rms	50 Hz to 3 kHz I	oandwidth	

Table 1-1. Specifications (1 of 2)

Model 11715A

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Table 1-1. Specifications (2 of 2)				
Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions		
GENERAL				
Power Requirements				
Line Voltage:				
100 or 120 Vac	+5%10%	48 to 440 Hz		
220 or 240 Vac	+5% -10%	48 to 66 Hz		
Power Dissipation	40 V•A maximum			
Conducted and Radiated	MIL STD 461A, VDE 0871	Conducted and radiated interference is within		
Electromagnetic	(Level B), CISPR publication	the requirements of methods CE03 and RE02		
Interference	11	of MIL STD 461A, VDE 0871 (Level B), and CISPR publication 11.		
Conducted and Radiated	MIL STD 461A-1968	Meets the requirements of methods CS01, CS02,		
Electromagnetic		and RS03 (1 volt/metre) of MIL STD 461A		
Susceptibility		dated 1968.		
Net Weight	4.4 kg (9.5 lb) nominal			
Dimensions:				
Height	102 mm (4.0 in.) nominal			
Width	212 mm (8.4 in.) nominal			
Depth	444 mm (17.5 in.) nominal			
Temperature:				
Operating	0 to 55°C			
Storage	-55 to $75^{\circ}C$			

Table 1-1. Specifications (2 of 2)

Table 1-2. Supplemental Information (1 of 2)

FM OUTPUTS

Frequency Range: 10	.3 to 14.7 MHz (at AM FM÷32 output)
	to 118 MHz (at FM÷4 output)
33	0 to 470 MHz (at FM output)
) ohm impedance): $-20 \text{ dBm } \pm 1 \text{ dB} (11 \text{ to } 13.5 \text{ MHz})$
	-1.5 dBm ±3 dB (88 to 108 MHz, 352 to 432 MHz)
FM Flatness (dc to 10 M	/Hz rates): ±2.5%
Residual FM (50 Hz to	15 kHz bandwidth): <1 Hz rms (12.5 MHz)
	<8 Hz rms (100 MHz)
	<32 Hz rms (400 MHz)
FM Stereo Separation:	>60 dB (88 to 108 MHz, 75 kHz pk deviation, 1 kHz rate)
FM Audio Input Sensiti	vity (dc coupled, 50 ohm impedance):
	(2.3 kHz pk deviation ±0.5 kHz)/0.1 Vpk (11 to 13.5 MHz)
	$(18.5 \text{ kHz pk deviation } \pm 4 \text{ kHz})/0.1 \text{ Vpk } (88 \text{ to } 108 \text{ MHz})$
	$(74 \text{ kHz pk deviation } \pm 16 \text{ kHz})/0.1 \text{ Vpk} (352 \text{ to } 432 \text{ MHz})$

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AM OUTPUT

Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model	Use*
Audio Spectrum Analyzer	Center Frequency: 1 kHz Resolution Bandwidth: 30 Hz Amplitude Accuracy: ±2 dB	HP 3580A	Р
Audio Synthesizer	Frequency Range: 10 Hz to 2 MHz Amplitude Range: -20 dBm to 0 dBm Flatness: ±1% Harmonic Distortion: <-60 dB	HP 3320B or HP 3330B	Р
Detector	Operating Frequency: 100 MHz Low Level Sensitivity: $>0.4 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{W}$	HP 423A	Р
Feedthrough Termination, 50Ω	Accuracy: ±1%	HP 11048C	Р
Voltmeter	DC Volts Range: to 10V Accuracy: ±0.1% Resolution at 10 mV: 0.01 mV AC Volts Range: to 4V Resolution at 10 mV: ±0.1 mV Accuracy: ±1% Math capability desirable	HP 3455A	P, A, T
Frequency Counter (not required if HP 8901A is used)	Frequency Range: 10 MHz to 450 MHz Accuracy: ±0.1%	HP 5'383A	Ρ, Α, Τ
Frequency Doubler	Input Frequency: 400 MHz	HP 11690A	Р
Modulation Analyzer	Carrier Frequency Range: 12 MHz to 400 MHz Demodulator Sensitivity: FM: 1V/kHz AM: 1V/10% Filters: 50 Hz high-pass 3 kHz low-pass	HP 8901A	Р
Oscilloscope	Frequency Range: dc to 10 kHz Vertical Sensitivity: 5 mV/div.	HP 1740A	Р, Т

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipment (1 of 2)

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Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model	Use*
Power Meter and Power Sensor (not required if HP 8901A is used)	Instrument Accuracy: ±2 dB Frequency Range: 10 MHz to 560 MHz	HP 435A and HP 8481A	Α, Τ
Power Supply	Output Range: 0 to ±25 Vdc	HP 6216A	Р
Resistor, 10 k Ω	Tolerance: ±5%	HP 0757-0442	P
RF Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency Range: 12 MHz to 1600 MHz Vertical Scale: 10 dB/div and 1 or 2 dB/div Resolution Bandwidth: 3 kHz	HP 8555A/8552B/ 141T	Р
Signal Generator	Carrier Frequency: 100 MHz Output Level: -10 to +10 dBm Modulation: 10% AM at 1 kHz rate	НР 8640В	Р
Thermal Converter	Calibration Accuracy: $\pm 0.05\%$ (10 Hz to 2 MHz) Input Impedance: $50\Omega \pm 0.15\Omega$ Output Impedance: $< 10\Omega$ Output Voltage for Full Range Input: $\approx 7.0 \text{ mV}$ Max. Input Voltage: $>1 \text{ Vrms}$	HP 11050A	Р
6 dB Attenuator	Accuracy: ±0.3 dB VSWR: <1.2 Connectors: BNC	Texscan FP-50 2446 N. Shadeland Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46219	Р

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipment (2 of 2)

SECTION II

2-1. INTRODUCTION

This section provides the information needed to install the AM/FM Test Source. Included is information pertinent to initial inspection, power requirements, line voltage selection, power cables, interconnection, environment, instrument mounting, storage, and shipment.

2-2. INITIAL INSPECTION

WARNING

To avoid hazardous electrical shock, do not perform electrical tests when there are signs of shipping damage to any portion of the outer enclosure (covers, panels, meters).

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically. The contents of the shipment should be as shown in Figure 1-1. Procedures for checking electrical performance are given in Section IV. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not pass the electrical performance test, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning material shows signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection.

2-3. PREPARATION FOR USE

2-4. Power Requirements

The AM/FM Test Source requires a power source of 100 or 120 Vac (+5%, -10%) from 48 to 440 Hz; or 220, or 240 Vac (+5%, -10%) from 48 to 66 Hz. Power consumption is 40 V·A maximum.



This is a Safety Class I product (i.e., provided with a protective earth terminal). An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the product must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an external autotransformer, make sure the autotransformer's common terminal is connected to the earthed pole of the power source.

2-5. Line Voltage and Fuse Selection

CAUTION

BEFORE PLUGGING THIS INSTRU-MENT into the Mains (line) voltage, be sure the correct voltage and fuse have been selected.

Verify that the line voltage selection card and the fuse are matched to the power source. Refer to Figure 2-1, Line Voltage and Fuse Selection. Refer to Paragraph 1-8 for fuse part numbers.

2-6. Power Cables

WARNING

BEFORE CONNECTING THIS IN-STRUMENT, the protective earth terminals of this instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the (Mains) power cord. The Mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by the use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding).

This instrument is equipped with a three-wire power cable. When connected to an appropriate ac power receptacle, this cable grounds the instrument cabinet. The type of power cable plug shipped with each instrument depends on the country of destination. Refer to Figure 2-2 for the part numbers of the power cables available.

3.5 mA).

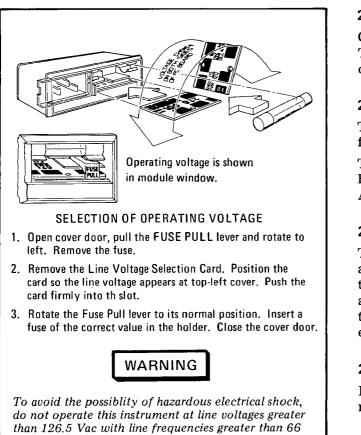


Figure 2-1. Line Voltage and Fuse Selection

Hz (leakage currents at these line settings may exceed

2-7. Mating Connectors

Coaxial mating connectors used with the AM/FM Test Source should be 50-ohm BNC connectors.

2-8. Operating Environment

The operating environment should be within the following limitations:

 Temperature
 0°C to +55°C

 Humidity
 <95% relative</td>

 Altitude
 <4570 metres (15 000 feet)</td>

2-9. Bench Operation

The instrument cabinet has plastic feet and foldaway tilt stands for convenience in bench operation. (The plastic feet are shaped to ensure selfaligning of the instruments when stacked.) The tilt stands raise the front of the instrument for easier view of the front panel.

2-10. Rack Mounting

Rack mounting information is provided with the rack mounting adapter kits. If the kits were not

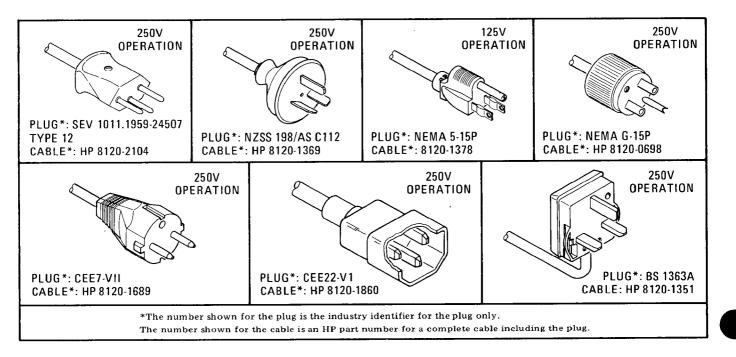


Figure 2-2. Power Cable and Mains Plug Part Numbers

2-10. Rack Mounting (Cont'd)

ordered with the instrument as options, they may be ordered through the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. Refer to paragraph 1-17, Options, in Section I.

2-11. STORAGE AND SHIPMENT

2-12. Environment

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The instrument should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The following environmental limitations apply to both storage and shipment:

Temperature $\dots \dots \dots$
Humidity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots < 95\%$ relative
Altitude

2-13. Packaging

Original Packaging. Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices. If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number. Also mark the container FRAGILE to assure careful handling. In any correspondence refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.

Other Packaging. The following general instructions should be used for re-packaging with commercially available materials:

a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to a Hewlett-Packard office or service center, attach a tag indicating the service required, return address, model number, and full serial number.)

b. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 2.4 MPa (350 psi) test material is adequate.

c. Use enough shock-absorbing material (75 to 100 mm layer; 3 to 4 inches) around all sides of instrument to provide firm cushion and prevent movement in the container. Protect the front panel with cardboard.

d. Seal the shipping container securely.

e. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to assure careful handling.

SECTION III OPERATION

3-1. INTRODUCTION

This section provides complete operating information for the AM/FM Test Source. Included is a description of all front- and rear-panel controls and connectors, operating instructions, and operator's maintenance.

3-2. PANEL FEATURES

Front- and rear-panel controls and connectors are shown and described in Figures 3-1 and 3-2.

3-3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Instrument operation is shown and explained in Figures 3-3 and 3-4.

3-4. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

Operator's maintenance is limited to fuse replacement. The fuse is located on the rear panel next to the line power cable jack. To remove the fuse, first remove the line power cable from its jack. Slide the fuse compartment cover to the left, then pull the handle marked FUSE PULL and remove the fuse.



Be sure to select the correct fuse rating for the selected line voltage (see Line Voltage and Fuse Selection on page 2-1); fuse ratings are listed on the fuse compartment.

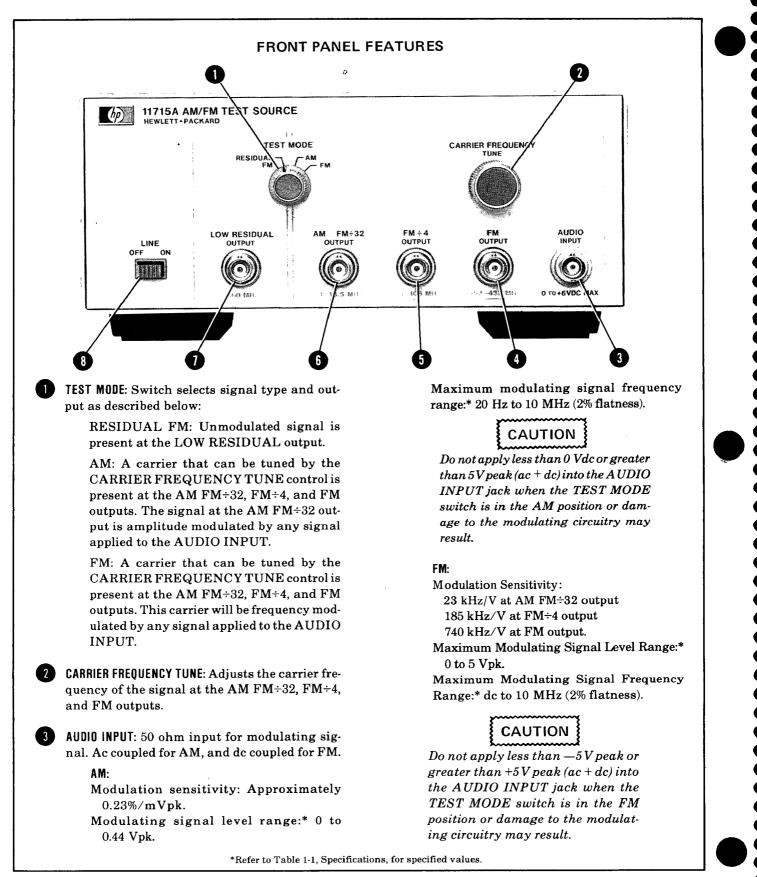


Figure 3-1. Front-Panel Controls and Connectors (1 of 2)



FM OUTPUT: 352-432 MHz carrier at approximately -1.5 dBm into 50 ohms.

5 FM÷4 OUTPUT: 88—108 MHz carrier at approximately —1.5 dBm into 50 ohms.

6 AM FM÷32 OUTPUT: 11-13.5 MHz carrier at ap-

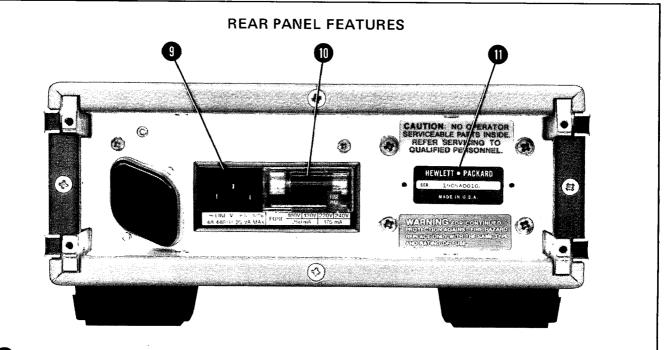
proximately -20 dBm into 50 ohms.

LOW RESIDUAL OUTPUT: 560 MHz fixed frequency unmodulated signal at approximately -20 dBm into 50 ohms.



LINE: Applies mains power when depressed.





Line Power Module permits operation from 100, 120, 220, or 240 Vac. The number visible in window indicates nominal line voltage to which instrument must be connected (see Figure 2-1). Center conductor is safety earth ground.

Fuse. 0.25A slow-blow for 100/120V operation. 0.125A slow-blow for 220/240V operation.

Serial Number Plate. First four numbers and letter comprise the prefix that denotes the instrument

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configuration. The last five digits form the suffix that is unique to each instrument.



Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor inside or outside the instrument or disconnetion of the protective earth terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

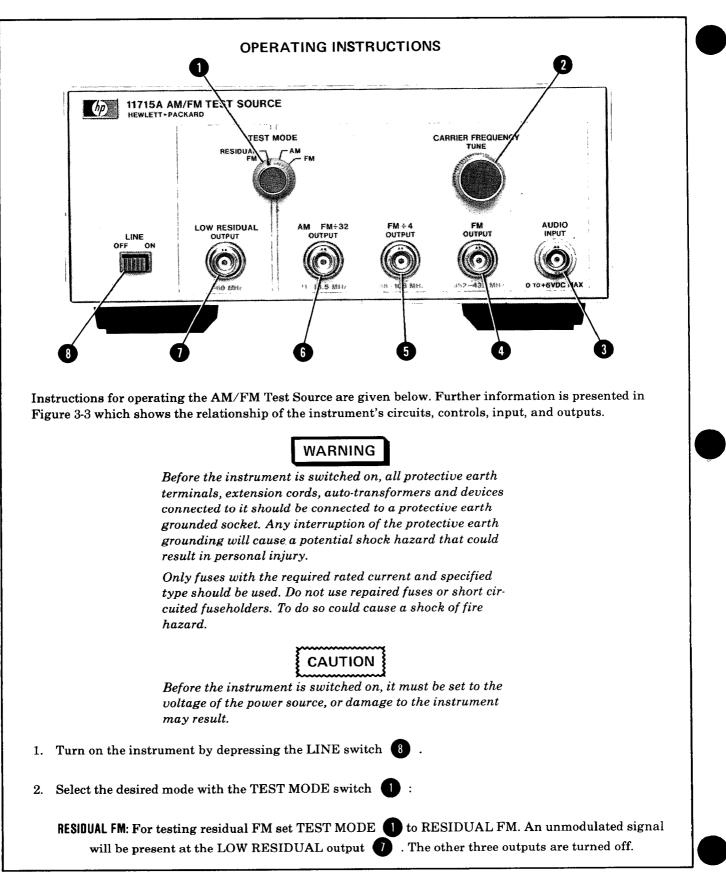
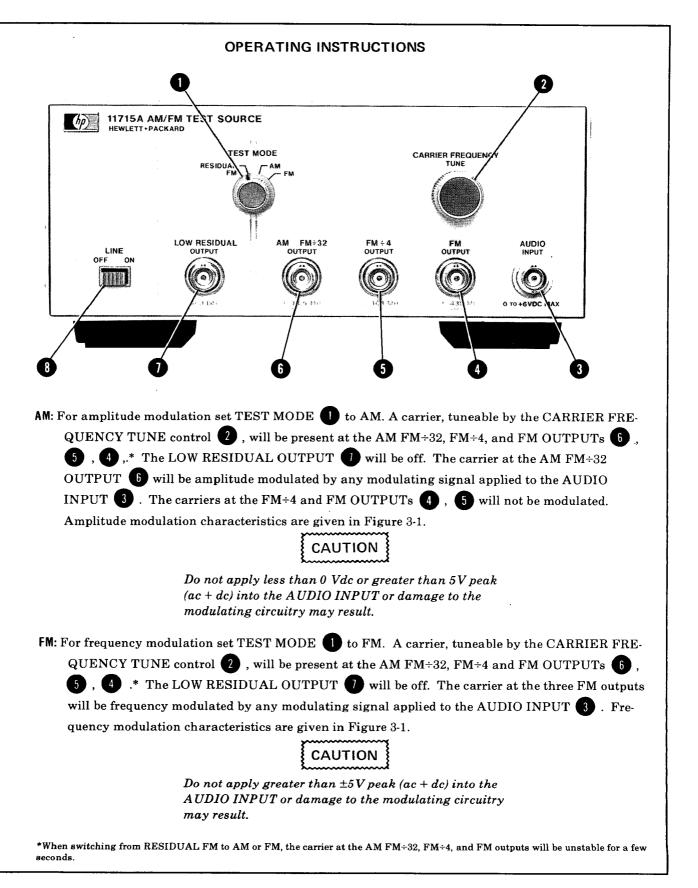
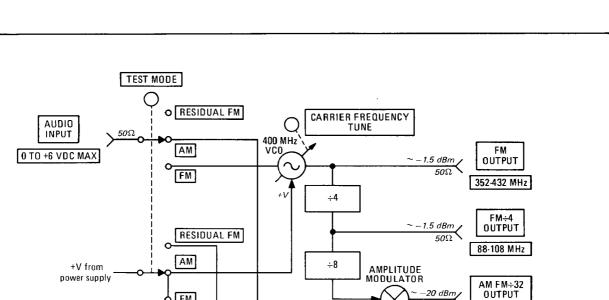


Figure 3-3. Operating Instructions (1 of 2)





 $\frac{-20 \ dBm}{50\Omega}$

>-20 dBm

*50*Ω

11-13.5 MHz

LOW RESIDUAL OUTPUT

560 MHz

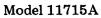
Figure 3-4. HP Model 11715A AM/FM Test Source Block Diagram

LOW RESIDUAL SOURCE

x2

6 FM

280 MHz



SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-1. INTRODUCTION

The procedures in this section test the AM/FM Test Source's electrical performance using the specifications of Table 1-1 as the performance standards.

The tests are as follows:

Frequency Range Performance Test

Residual AM and FM Performance Test

FM Distortion Performance Test

FM Flatness Performance Test

Incidental AM Performance Test

AM Distortion and Linearity and Incidental Φ M Performance Test

AM Flatness Performance Test

The AM Distortion and Linearity and Incidental Φ M Performance Test requires the removal of the instrument top cover and the top cover of the A1 AM/FM Assembly. Observe the warnings and caution given in that test. All other tests can be performed with the covers on.

Some of the tests measure parameters that are derived from the specified parameters. The mathematical derivations are given in the paragraphs following the performance tests.

4-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Equipment required for the performance tests is listed in Table 1-3, Recommended Test Equipment. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

4-3. TEST RECORD

Results of the performance tests may be tabulated on the Performance Test Record (Table 4-1) at the end of this section. The Test Record lists all of the tested specifications and their acceptable limits. The results, recorded at incoming inspection, can be used for comparison in periodic maintenance and troubleshooting and after repairs or adjustments.

4-4. CALIBRATION CYCLE

This instrument requires periodic verification of performance. Depending on the use and environmental conditions, the instrument should be checked using the performance tests in this section at least every year.

4-5. ABBREVIATED PERFORMANCE TESTING

No abbreviation of performance testing is recommended.

4-6. FREQUENCY RANGE PERFORMANCE TEST

SPECIFICATIONS:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions
FM OUTPUT Frequency Range	11 to 13.5 MHz 88 to 108 MHz 352 to 432 MHz	at AM FM÷32 output at FM÷4 output at FM output
AM OUTPUT Frequency Range	11 to 13.5 MHz	at AM FM ÷32 output

DESCRIPTION: The carrier frequency from the modulatable outputs is measured directly with a counter as the carrier is tuned over its range.

PROCEDURE: 1. Connect the counter to the output shown below. For each output set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE as indicated and then tune the CARRIER FRE-QUENCY TUNE over its entire range and note the frequency extremes which should be less than the minima or greater than the maxima indicated.

AM/FM	Test Source	Fn	at Frequency Extre	xtremes	
Output	TEST MODE	Actual	Maximum for Fully ccw	Minimum for Fully cw	Actual
FM	FM		352	432	
FM÷4	FM		88	108	
AM FM÷32	FM		11	13.5	
AM FM÷32	AM		11	13.5	

4-7. RESIDUAL AM AND FM PERFORMANCE TEST

.

SPECIFICATION:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions
AM OUTPUT Residual AM	<0.01 % rms	50 Hz to 3 kHz bandwidth
LO RESIDUAL OUTPUT Residual FM	<3 Hz rms	50 Hz to 3 kHz bandwidth

DESCRIPTION: Residual FM on the low residual output and residual AM on the AM output is demodulated directly by the modulation analyzer. To increase measurement sensitivity, the residual modulation is measured with a true rms voltmeter connected to the modulation analyzer's modulation output.

NOTE

Residual AM and FM for both the AM/FM Test Source and the 8901A Modulation Analyzer are specified to the same limits. The instruments are intended to measure each other. To pass this test the combined performance of both instruments must be within the specified test limits.

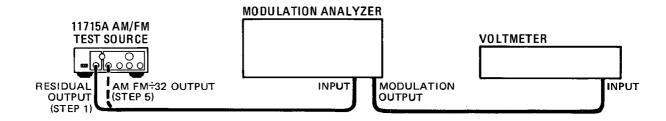


Figure 4-1. Residual FM and AM Test Setup

EQUIPMENT:	Modulation	Anal	yze	er					HP 8901A
	Voltmeter	• •		•		•	•		HP 3455A

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-1.
- 2. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to RESIDUAL FM.
- 3. Set the modulation analyzer to measure FM with a 50 Hz high-pass and 3 kHz low-pass filter. FM de-emphasis should be off, and tuning should not be in the track mode.

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-7. RESIDUAL AM AND FM PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

4. Set the voltmeter to measure ac volts. The voltmeter should read 3 mVrms or less (3 Hz rms deviation or less since the sensitivity of the modulation output of the HP 8901A is 1 mV/Hz).

Residual FM: _____3 mVrms

- 5. Connect the AM FM÷32 OUTPUT of the AM/FM Test Source to the input of the modulation analyzer.
- 6. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to AM.
- 7. Set the modulation analyzer to measure frequency. Tune the AM/FM Test Source's CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE for a frequency of approximately 12.5 MHz.
- 8. Set the modulation analyzer to measure AM. The voltmeter should read 1 mVrms or less (0.01 % rms or less since the sensitivity of the modulation output of the HP 8901A is 100 mV/%).

Residual AM: _____ 1 mVrms

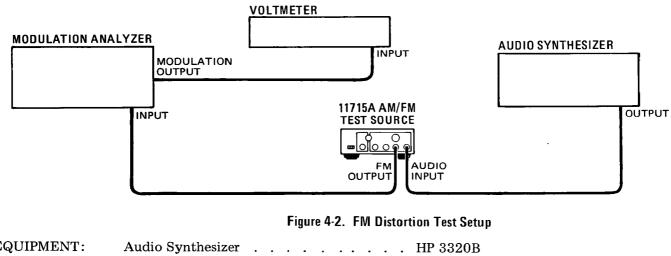
4-8. FM DISTORTION PERFORMANCE TEST

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits		Conditions	
FM OUTPUTS FM Distortion	<0.025% THD (<-72 dB)	Carrier Frequency	Peak Deviation	Modulation Rate
		12.5 MHz 100 MHz 400 MHz	12.5 kHz 100 kHz 400 kHz	< 10 kHz < 100 kHz < 100 kHz

DESCRIPTION: FM distortion is determined by measuring the FM linearity with a modulation analyzer. First, the AM/FM Test Source is set to its nominal center frequency and frequency modulated with 30 kHz peak deviation (a relatively small amount of FM). The carrier is shifted up and then down by 400 kHz and the change in FM deviation noted. To enhance the resolution of the measurement, the FM is measured at the modulation analyzer's modulation output with a voltmeter. The relationship between FM linearity and FM distortion is discussed in paragraph 4-13.

NOTE

FM distortion cannot be measured directly from the modulation analyzer because of the possibility of distortion cancellation.



EQUIPMENT:	Audio SynthesizerHP 3320BModulation AnalyzerHP 3901AVoltmeterHP 3455A				
PROCEDURE:	1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.				
	2. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to FM.				
	3. Set the audio synthesizer to 10 kHz at approximately -18 dBm.				
	4. Set the voltmeter to measure ac volts.				

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PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-8. FM DISTORTION PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

- 5. Set the modulation analyzer to measure frequency. Set its tune mode to track tuning (key in 4.1 SPCL).
- 6. Adjust the AM/FM Test Source's CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE for a frequency of 400.000 ±0.010 MHz.
- 7. Set the modulation analyzer to measure *average* FM with a 50 Hz high-pass filter. The low-pass filter and FM de-emphasis should be off. Fine adjust the audio synthesizer level for a reading of 20 kHz rms on the modulation analyzer.

NOTE

The next three steps should be done fairly rapidly to minimize the effect of carrier drift on the measurement.

8. Set the modulation analyzer to measure frequency. Readjust the audio synthesizer level for a reading of 2 Vrms on the voltmeter. Either note this reading or, if the voltmeter has a "% error" feature, enter this reading as a reference.

Voltmeter Reading: _____ Vrms

9. Adjust CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE for a frequency of 400.400 ± 0.010 MHz. The voltmeter should read within ± 2 mVrms of the reading in step 8 or $\pm 0.1\%$ error.

Linearity at 400.4 MHz: -2 _____ +2 mVrms

-0.1	+0.1% error
------	-------------

10. Adjust CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE for a frequency of 399.600 ± 0.010 MHz. The voltmeter should read within ± 2 mVrms of the reading in step 8 or $\pm 0.1\%$ error.

Linearity at 399.6 MHz: -2 _____ +2 mVrms

-0.1 ______ +0.1% error

4-6

4-9. FM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST

SPECIFICATION:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions
FM OUTPUTS		
FM Flatness	±0.1%	dc to 100 kHz rates
	±0.25%	dc to 200 kHz rates

DESCRIPTION: The AM/FM Test Source is externally frequency modulated at a 5 and then 640 kHz rate. At the 5 kHz rate the FM deviation at the FM÷32 output (12.5 MHz carrier) is adjusted to give a carrier null as noted on an RF spectrum analyzer. The audio input level required to give the null is also noted. For greatest accuracy, the level is measured by a thermal converter and dc voltmeter. Then the audio rate is increased to 640 kHz and the second harmonic of the doubled signal from the FM output (1600 MHz carrier) observed on a spectrum analyzer. The audio level is adjusted to the previous level and then re-adjusted for a carrier null. Since both the FM rate and deviation have been increased by a factor of 128, the carrier null should occur at the same audio input level. If it does not, the change in audio level will equal the flatness variation of the AM/FM Test Source's FM system.

The flatness is measured at a rate much higher than that specified in order to obtain measurable variations. If the variations are within the test limits, then by extrapolation to lower rates, the instrument should be within its specification.

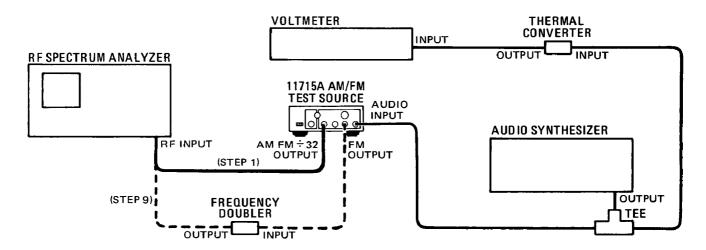


Figure 4-3. FM Flatness Test Setup

EQUIPMENT:	Audio Synthesizer HP 3320B	
	Frequency Doubler HP 11690A	
	RF Spectrum Analyzer HP 8555A/8552B/1417	Г
	Thermal Converter HP 11050A	
	Voltmeter HP 3455A	

PROCEDURE:

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-3. Keep the thermal converter close to the AM/FM Test Source's AUDIO INPUT. Observe the following caution.

4-9. FM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

CAUTION

Be sure that the output level of the audio synthesizer at no time exceeds the damage level of the thermal converter.

- 2. Set the audio synthesizer to exactly 5 kHz at approximately +7 dBm.
- 3. Set the voltmeter to measure dc volts.
- 4. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to FM. The CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE should be set for approximately 12.5 MHz. This can be measured with a counter or else set the CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE to its midrange.
- 5. Set the spectrum analyzer to measure the 12.5 MHz carrier with a frequency span of 5 kHz per division, a resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz, a 10 dB per division vertical log scale, and no input attenuation. Momentarily disconnect the AM/FM Test Source's AUDIO INPUT and adjust the spectrum analyzer's display for full-screen deflection of the carrier.
- 6. Adjust the audio synthesizer's level until the carrier nulls into the noise baseline of the spectrum analyzer display. (The level should be adjusted so that it is half way between the two levels at which the carrier comes out of the noise.)

NOTE

Perform the next steps as quickly as possible to avoid any effects caused by drift.

7. Note the voltmeter reading.

Voltmeter Reading: _____ Vdc

- 8. Set the audio synthesizer frequency to exactly 640 kHz.
- 9. Connect the AM/FM Test Source's FM OUTPUT through the frequency doubler to the input of the spectrum analyzer.
- 10. Tune the spectrum analyzer to observe the second harmonic of the doubled signal (approximately 1600 MHz). Use a 10 kHz or less resolution bandwidth and a 500 kHz per division frequency span.
- 11. Adjust the audio synthesizer level to give the voltmeter reading noted in step 7.
- 12. Now readjust the level for a carrier null (as described in step 6 above) and note the change in level required to do it. The level change required should be less than ± 0.04 dB (less than $\pm 0.46\%$) as read on the synthesizer.

FM Flatness at 640 kHz: -0.04 _____ +0.04 dB

4-10. INCIDENTAL AM PERFORMANCE TEST

SPECIFICATION:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions
FM OUTPUTS Incidental AM	<0.08% rms	100 MHz carrier frequency; <50 kHz peak deviation; 1 kHz rate; 50 Hz to 3 kHz bandwidth

DESCRIPTION:

Incidental AM is measured at the output of a calibrated detector with an audio spectrum analyzer. The low signal levels involved make the use of a spectrum analyzer necessary. A modulation analyzer is used to calibrate the detector and set up the required FM.

To calibrate the detector, the RF level of the AM/FM Test Source is measured. (The FM is also set to 50 kHz.) Then a signal generator is set to that same level and then amplitude modulated with 10% AM — used as reference. The detector is connected to the signal generator's output and the detected audio output used to set up a (10% AM) reference on the audio spectrum analyzer. Finally, the detector is connected to the FM÷4 output of the AM/FM Test Source and the (incidental) AM noted.

NOTE

Incidental AM cannot be measured directly from the modulation analyzer because of the possibility of incidental AM cancellation.

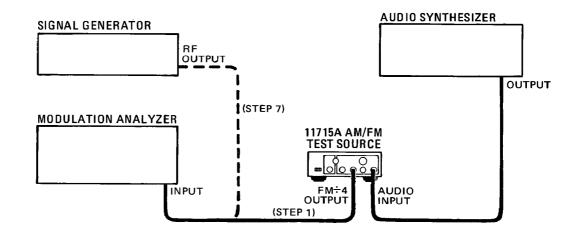


Figure 4-4. Calibration Test Setup

EQUIP	MENT:	
		Audio Synthesizer HP 3320B
		Audio Spectrum Analyzer HP 3580A
		Detector HP 423A
		Feed Thru Termination, 50Ω HP 11048C
		Modulation Analyzer HP 8901A
		Signal Generator HP 8640B
_		

4-10. INCIDENTAL AM PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

- **PROCEDURE:** 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-4.
 - 2. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to FM.
 - 3. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at -1 dBm.
 - 4. Set the modulation analyzer to measure frequency. Adjust the AM/FM Test Source's CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE for a frequency of 100 MHz.
 - 5. Set the modulation analyzer to measure peak FM with no high-pass or low-pass filter and no FM de-emphasis. Tuning should not be in the track mode. Adjust the audio synthesizer level for 50 kHz FM deviation.
 - 6. Set the modulation analyzer to measure RF level. Set the measured level as a 0 dB reference.
 - 7. Without altering any of the settings of the equipment now set up, connect the signal generator's RF output to the modulation analyzer's input in place of the AM/FM Test Source.
 - 8. Set the signal generator to 100 MHz CW at 0 dBm, then fine adjust the RF level for a reading of 0 dB on the modulation analyzer.
 - 9. Set the modulation analyzer to measure AM. Set the signal generator for 10% AM as measured by the modulation analyzer. The AM rate should be 1 kHz.
 - 10. Without altering any of the settings of the equipment now set up, connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-5. Connect the 50Ω feed thru directly (no cable) to the spectrum analyzer's input. Connect the 6 dB attenuator directly to the feed thru.

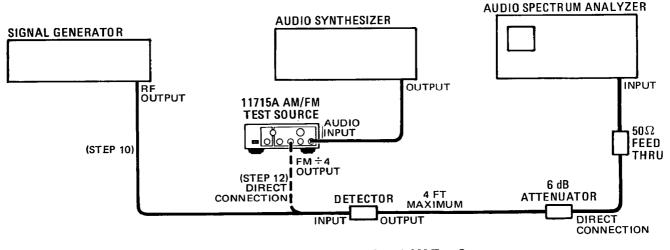


Figure 4-5. Incidental AM Test Setup

4-10. INCIDENTAL AM PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

- 11. Set the spectrum analyzer to view the 1 kHz signal with a 30 Hz resolution bandwidth and 10 dB per division vertical display. Adjust the input sensitivity to set the 1 kHz signal to the top of the display.
- 12. Connect the FM÷4 OUTPUT of the AM/FM Test Source to the input of the detector directly, using no cable. The 1 kHz signal on the spectrum analyzer display should be -42 dB or less (0.08% or less).

Incidental AM: ______-42 dB

4-11. AM DISTORTION AND LINEARITY AND INCIDENTAL Φ M PERFORMANCE TEST

SPECIFICATION:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions
AM OUTPUT AM Distortion	<0.05% THD (<-66 dB) <0.1% THD (<-60 dB)	<50% AM depth; 20 Hz to 100 kHz rates <95% AM depth; 20 Hz to 100 kHz rates
AM Linearity	±0.1% ±0.2%	<95% AM <99% AM
Incidental ΦM	<0.008 rad peak	12.5 MHz carrier; 50% AM; 1 kHz rate; 50 Hz to 3 kHz bandwidth

DESCRIPTION: AM distortion, AM linearity, and incidental Φ M are evaluated by measuring RF feedthrough (the minimum level to which the RF carrier can be shut off by the amplitude modulator) and AM sensitivity for two RF levels. For both measurements, the RF level is controlled by injecting an external dc current into the dc port of the amplitude modulator. To accomplish this, the top cover of the instrument and the A1 AM/FM Assembly cover must be removed.

To measure RF feedthrough, the dc current into the amplitude modulator is adjusted to give the minimum RF carrier as observed on a spectrum analyzer. The relationship between RF feedthrough and AM distortion, AM linearity, and incidental ΦM is discussed in paragraph 4-15.

To measure AM sensitivity vs. RF level, the instrument is modulated with a small amount of AM. The amplitude of the AM envelope (not the % AM) is measured by a modulation analyzer whose ALC circuit has been switched off. Next, the RF level is doubled by varying the dc current into the amplitude modulator and the change in envelope amplitude is noted. The relationship between AM linearity and AM distortion (due to compression) is discussed in paragraph 4-14.

NOTE

AM distortion and incidental ΦM cannot be measured directly from the modulation analyzer because of the possibility of cancellation.

4-11. AM DISTORTION AND LINEARITY AND INCIDENTAL OM PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

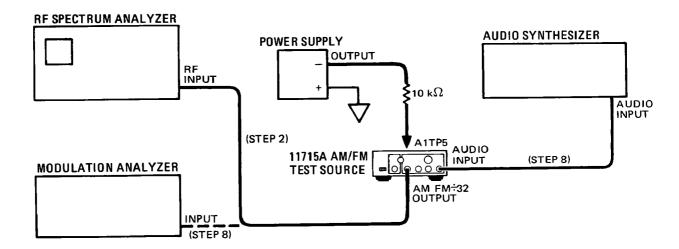


Figure 4-6. AM Distortion and Linearity and Incidental Φ M Test Setup

EQUIPMENT:	Audio Synthesizer	•	•							HP 3320B
•	Modulation Analyzer .	•	•							HP 8901A
	Power Supply									
	Resistor, $10 \text{ k}\Omega$	•	•							HP 0757-0442
	RF Spectrum Analyzer	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	HP 8555A/8552B/141T

PROCEDURE:

WARNING

This performance test is performed with power supplied to the instrument and with protective covers removed. The test should be performed only by service trained personnel who are aware of the hazard involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Do not remove the bottom cover for this test.

A pin-to-pin voltage difference of 60 Vpk may be found on the A2 Power Supply Assembly. Be careful while working on the circuit board with power supplied to the instrument.

CAUTION

Use care when replacing the cover over the A1 AM/FM Assembly to avoid damaging the RFI fingers on the inner edge of the cover. Place the cover squarely over the assembly and press evenly until it is seated. If the RFI fingers should become skewed, apply a firm pressure to slide them into place.

1. Remove the instrument top cover and the cover over the A1 AM/FM Assembly.

4-11. AM DISTORTION AND LINEARITY AND INCIDENTAL **MM PERFORMANCE TEST** (Cont'd)

- 2. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-6. Connect the negative output of the power supply to A1TP5 through the 10 k Ω resistor.
- 3. Turn the power supply to 0V output.
- 4. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to AM. The CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE should be set for approximately 12.5 MHz as measured at the AM FM÷32 output. This can be measured with the modulation analyzer or else set the CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE to its midrange.
- 5. Set the spectrum analyzer to view the 12.5 MHz carrier with a frequency span of 500 kHz per division, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz, a 10 dB per division vertical log scale, and 20 dB of input attenuation. Set the vertical scale to bring the carrier to the top reference line.
- 6. Increase the voltage of the power supply and note the spectrum analyzer display. Adjust the voltage until the signal drops to a minimum. The minimum should be at least 44 dB below the reference line.

RF Feedthrough: _____44 dB

- 7. Switch the power supply off.
- 8. Connect the modulation analyzer and audio source to the AM/FM Test Source as shown in Figure 4-6.
- 9. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at -12 dBm.
- 10. Set the modulation analyzer to measure AM. Set its high-pass filter to 300 Hz and low-pass filter to 3 kHz. Adjust the audio source level for approximately 20% AM.
- 11. Set the modulation analyzer's detector to average; freeze the tuning to the present frequency; set the input attenuation to 10 dB; set the AM range to 40%; set the AM ALC off; and disable all error messages. (For the HP 8901A, press MHz then key in 1.2 SPCL, 2.1 SPCL, 6.2 SPCL, and 8.7 SPCL.) Set the displayed reading as a ratio reference in %.
- 12. Switch the power supply leads so that the positive lead connects to A1TP5. Set the supply to approximately 17 Vdc. This increases the RF level by about 6 dB. The modulation analyzer display should read between 99.7 and 100.3% relative.

AM Linearity with 6 dB Increase in Output: 99.7 _____ 100.3%

4-12. AM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST

SPECIFICATION:

Electrical Characteristic	Performance Limits	Conditions			
AM OUTPUT					
AM Flatness	±0.1%	50 Hz to 50 kHz rates			
	$\pm 0.25\%$	20 Hz to 100 kHz rates			

DESCRIPTION:

To make the measurement of flatness at high rates, the AM/FM Test Source is externally amplitude modulated at a 20 kHz and then a 2 MHz rate. At the 20 kHz rate the AM depth is adjusted to a convenient depth as noted on an RF spectrum analyzer and the upper sideband of the signal is then set to a convenient reference line. The audio input level is also noted. For greatest accuracy, the level is measured by a thermal converter and dc voltmeter. Then the audio rate is increased to 2 MHz and the upper sideband relocated. The audio level is adjusted to the previous level. The shift in level of the upper sideband equals the flatness variation of the AM/FM Test Source's AM system.

The flatness is measured at a rate much higher than that specified in order to obtain measurable variations. If the variations are within the test limits, then by extrapolation to lower rates, the instrument should be within its specification.

To make the measurement of flatness at low rates, the phase shift between the audio input and AM output of the AM/FM Test Source is measured from a Lissajous pattern observed on an oscilloscope. Since the low-frequency roll off of the AM is caused by a dc blocking capacitor, the relationship between phase shift and flatness is well defined.

RF SPECTRUM ANALYZER

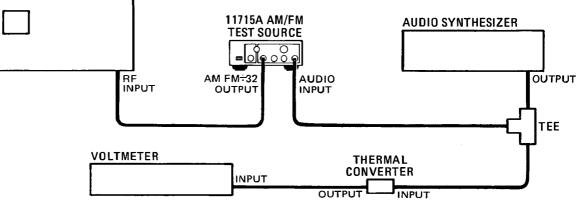


Figure 4-7. High-Frequency AM Flatness Test Setup

EQUIPMENT:	Audio Synthesizer						•		HP 3320B
	Oscilloscope							•	HP 1740A
	RF Spectrum Analyzer	•		•				•	HP 8555A/8552B/141T
	Thermal Converter	•		•		•	•	•	HP 11050A
	Voltmeter	•	•	•	•		•		HP 3455A

4-12. AM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

PROCEDURE: 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-7. Keep the thermal converter close to the AM/FM Test Source's AUDIO INPUT. Observe the following caution.

CAUTION

Be sure that the output level of the audio synthesizer at no time exceeds the damage level of the thermal converter.

- 2. Set the audio synthesizer to 20 kHz at approximately +6 dBm.
- 3. Set the voltmeter to measure dc volts.
- 4. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to AM. The CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE should be set for approximately 12.5 MHz at the AM FM÷32 output. This can be measured with a counter or else set the CARRIER FREQUENCY TUNE to its midrange.
- 5. Set the spectrum analyzer to view the 12.5 MHz carrier with a frequency span of 20 kHz per division, a resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz, a 10 dB per division vertical log scale, and 20 dB of input attenuation.
- 6. Adjust the audio synthesizer's level until the sidebands are 8 dB down from the carrier. (This gives approximately 80% AM.) Now set the vertical scale of the spectrum analyzer to 2 or preferably 1 dB per division and adjust the vertical gain to set the upper sideband to a convenient reference line.

NOTE

Perform the next four steps as quickly as possible to avoid any effects caused by drift.

7. Note the voltmeter reading.

Voltmeter Reading: _____ Vdc

- 8. Set the audio synthesizer frequency to 2 MHz.
- 9. Without changing resolution bandwidth or vertical sensitivity on the spectrum analyzer, position the upper sideband horizontally to the center of the display.
- 10. Adjust the audio synthesizer level to give the voltmeter reading noted in step 7. The level of the upper sideband should be within ± 0.4 dB (within $\pm 4.7\%$) of the previous reference.

AM Flatness at 2 MHz: -0.4 _____ +0.4 dB

- 11. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-8.
- 12. Set the audio synthesizer to 1 kHz at approximately 0 dBm.
- 13. Set the oscilloscope sweep to external, dc coupled. Set its vertical sensitivity to 50 mV per division, dc coupled.

4-12. AM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)

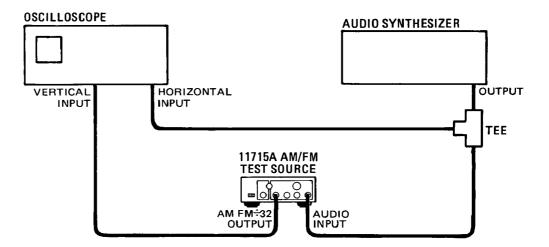


Figure 4-8. Low-Frequency AM Flatness Test Setup

14. Adjust the audio synthesizer level and the oscilloscope's vertical and horizontal sensitivity and position controls to give the Lissajous pattern shown in Figure 4-9. (This gives approximately 67% AM.)

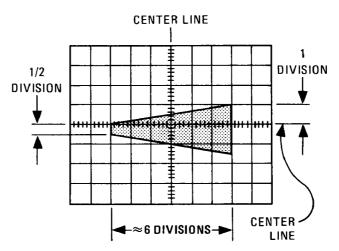


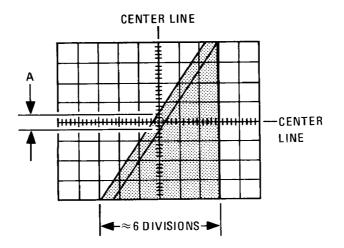
Figure 4-9. Lissajous Pattern for 1 kHz AM Rate (~67% AM)

- 15. Decrease the audio synthesizer frequency to 10 Hz.
- 16. Set the oscilloscope's vertical sensitivity control to 5 mV per division without altering the setting of the sensitivity vernier. Readjust the vertical position to position the center of the upper loop of the Lissajous pattern to the horizontal center line of the display as shown in Figure 4-10. The vertical excursion of the upper loop should be 1.4 divisions or less (labeled A in Figure 4-10).

AM Flatness at 10 Hz: _____ 1.4 divisions

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-12. AM FLATNESS PERFORMANCE TEST (Cont'd)





PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-13. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FM LINEARITY AND FM DISTORTION.

The following discussion justifies the method of testing FM distortion by measuring FM linearity. This method is used in the FM Distortion Performance Test (paragraph 4-8) and shows how to compute distortion.

A curve showing the relationship between the audio input v to the AM/FM Test Source and the output frequency f is shown in Figure 4-11.

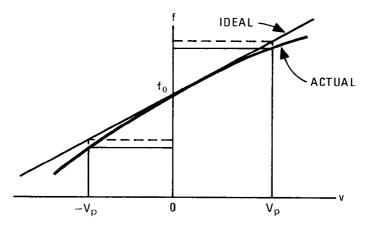


Figure 4-11. Curve of Output Frequency vs Input Voltage

The departure from a perfectly straight line (and the reason for FM distortion) is assumed to be due to a second order (square) term in the transfer function. This is a valid assumption for a worst case analysis because the distortion is small to begin with and is generated by the well-understood, smooth tuning characteristic of a varactor-tuned oscillator.

The transfer function is

$$f = f_0 + f_1 v + f_2 v^2$$

The input voltage v is assumed to be

$$v = V_p \sin \omega t$$
.

The output frequency f as a function of time then becomes

$$f = f_0 + f_1 V_p \sin \omega t + f_2 V_p^2 \sin^2 \omega t$$

= $(f_0 + 1/2 f_2 V_p^2) + f_1 V_p \sin \omega t - 1/2 f_2 V_p^2 \cos 2\omega t.$

 $f_1 V_p \sin \omega t$ is the fundamental component of the FM and $1/2 f_2 V_p^2 \cos 2\omega t$ is the second harmonic distortion component of the FM. The ratio of their coefficients is the magnitude of the second harmonic distortion d_2 .

$$d_2 = \frac{1/2 f_2 V_p^2}{f_1 V_p} = \frac{f_2 V_p}{2f_1}$$

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PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-13. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FM LINEARITY AND FM DISTORTION (Cont'd)

 f_1 and f_2 are measured by noting the difference in FM sensitivity with tune voltages of 0, V_P , and $-V_P$ (voltages which give ±400 kHz frequency shift). The FM sensitivity is simply the derivative of the tuning characteristic.

$$f'(v) = f_1 + 2f_2 v.$$

For $v = 0, f'(0) = f_1$.

For $v = V_p$, $f'(V_p) = f_1 + 2f_2 V_p$ from which f_2 is determined:

$$f_2 = \frac{f'(V_p) - f'(0)}{2V_p}.$$

The distortion is then

$$d_2 = \frac{1}{4} \frac{f'(V_p) - f'(0)}{f'(0)} = \frac{\Delta}{4}.$$

 Δ is the relative FM sensitivity measured by the voltmeter at frequency offsets of 0 and ±400 kHz. To meet a distortion specification of 0.025%, Δ must not exceed ±0.1%.

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-14. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AM LINEARITY AND AM DISTORTION DUE TO COMPRESSION

The following discussion justifies the method of testing AM distortion (due to compression) by measuring AM linearity. This method is used in the AM Distortion and Incidental Φ M Performance Test (paragraph 4-11) and shows how to compute distortion.

A curve showing the relationship between the voltage v applied to the AM modulator of the AM/FM Test Source and the output amplitude a is shown in Figure 4-12.

NOTE

AM distortion and non-linearity are also due to RF feedthrough of the amplitude modulator. This topic is dealt with separately in paragraph 4-15.

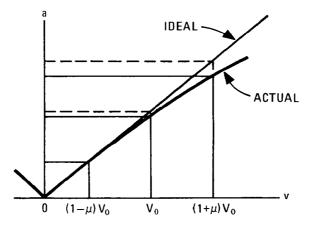


Figure 4-12. Curve of Output Amplitude vs Input Voltage

The departure from a perfectly straight line (and one reason for AM distortion) is assumed to be due to a third order (cubic) term in the transfer function. This is a valid assumption for a worst case analysis because the distortion is small to begin with and is generated by the compression characteristic of a double-balanced amplitude modulator.

The transfer function is

$$a = a_1 v + a_3 v^3$$

The input voltage v is assumed to be

$$v = V_0 (1 + \mu \sin \omega t),$$

where V_0 is a dc voltage applied internally to the AM modulator and $\mu V_0 \sin \omega t$ represents the externally applied ac signal. $\mu \leq 1$ and is equal to the modulation index *m* only for the ideal transfer function.

The output amplitude a as a function of time then becomes

$$a = a_1 V_0 (1 + \mu \sin \omega t) + a_3 V_0^3 (1 + \mu \sin \omega t)^3$$

Model 11715A

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-14. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AM LINEARITY AND AM DISTORTION DUE TO COMPRESSION (Cont'd)

 $= (a_1 V_0 + a_3 V_0^3 + 3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3) + (a_1 \mu V_0 + 3 a_3 \mu V_0^3 + 3/4 a_3 \mu^3 V_0^3) \sin \omega t$ -3/2 $a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3 \cos 2\omega t - 1/4 a_3 \mu^3 V_0^3 \sin 3 \omega t.$

 $(a_1 \mu V_0 + 3a_3 \mu V_0^3 + 3/4 a_3 \mu^3 V_0^3) \sin \omega t$ is the fundamental component of the AM, $3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3 \cos 2\omega t$ is the second harmonic distortion component, and $1/4a_3 \mu^3 V_0^3 \sin 3\omega t$ is the third harmonic component. Note that the coefficient of the second harmonic term is much larger than the third harmonic term. Thus the second harmonic distortion predominates.

The ratio of the coefficients of the second harmonic term to the fundamental term is the magnitude of the second harmonic distortion d_2 .

$$d_2 = \frac{3/2 a_3 \mu V_0^2}{a_1 + 3a_3 V_0^2 + 3/4a_3 \mu^2 V_0^2}.$$

 a_1 and a_3 are measured by noting the difference in AM envelope sensitivity (with the ALC circuit of the modulation analyzer off) as the RF level is varied from its nominal level to twice that level (the condition encountered with 100% AM). The AM envelope sensitivity is simply the derivative of the amplitude modulator's transfer function.

$$a'(v) = a_1 + 3a_3v^2$$
.

For $v = V_0$, $a'(V_0) = a_1 + 3a_3 V_0^2$.

For $v = 2V_0$, $a'(2V_0) = a_1 + 12a_3V_0^2$.

From these equations a_1 and a_3 are determined:

$$a_{1} = \frac{4a'(V_{0}) - a'(2V_{0})}{3} \approx a'(V_{0}), \text{ and}$$
$$a_{3} = \frac{a'(2V_{0}) - a'(V_{0})}{9V_{0}^{2}}.$$

The approximation assumes $a'(V_0) \approx a'(2V_0)$, which is true because the slope of the transfer function changes but slightly between V_0 and $2V_0$.

The second harmonic distortion is then

$$d_2 = \frac{1/6 \,\mu \, [a'(2V_0) - a'(V_0)]}{a'(V_0) + 1/12 \,\mu^2 [a'(2V_0) - a'(V_0)]} \approx \frac{\mu}{6} \, \frac{a'(2V_0) - a'(V_0)}{a'(V_0)} = \frac{\mu\Delta}{6} \approx \frac{m\Delta}{6}$$

 Δ is the relative AM envelope sensitivity measured by the voltmeter at V_0 and $2V_0$. To meet a distortion specification of 0.05% with 50% AM, Δ must not exceed ±0.6%.

AM linearity is a measure of the AM error created by the nonlinearity of the actual transfer function. The non-linearity creates two values for the modulation index depending on whether the peak or trough is measured. The two values for modulation index are defined as

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PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-14. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AM LINEARITY AND AM DISTORTION DUE TO COMPRESSION (Cont'd)

$$m+ = \frac{a_{\max} - a_{avg}}{a_{avg}} \text{ for the peak, and}$$
$$m- = \frac{a_{avg} - a_{\min}}{a_{avg}} \text{ for the trough.}$$

 a_{\max} , the maximum value of a, occurs when $\omega t = \pi/2$. a_{\min} , the minimum value of a, occurs when $\omega t = 3\pi/2$. a_{avg} , the average value of a, is the first (or dc) term of the expansion for a above. Thus

$$m+ = \frac{\left[a_1 V_0 (1+\mu) + a_3 V_0^3 (1+\mu)^3\right] - \left[a_1 V_0 + a_3 V_0^3 + 3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3\right]}{a_1 V_0 + a_3 V_0^3 + 3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3},$$

and

$$m - = \frac{\left[a_1 V_0 + a_3 V_0^3 + 3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3 \right] - \left[a_1 V_0 (1 - \mu) + a_3 V_0^3 (1 - \mu)^3 \right]}{a_1 V_0 + a_3 V_0^3 + 3/2 a_3 \mu^2 V_0^3}.$$

For small values of μ , m^+ and m^- converge to

$$m_0 = \frac{a_1 + 3a_3 V_0^2}{a_1 + a_3 V_0^2} \mu \approx \frac{a_1 + 2a_3 V_0^2}{a_1} \mu$$

This is the "linear" or low-level modulation measured on the non-ideal transfer function. It differs slightly from μ because the slope of the actual transfer function is slightly different from the ideal one at V_0 .

If the high-level modulation is compared with m_0 , the two values for AM linearity can be calculated. Since AM linearity is specified for 95% and 99% AM, the calculation can be simplified by letting $\mu=1$. Then

$$m + = \frac{a_1 + 11/2 \ a_3 \ V_0^2}{a_1 + 5/2 \ a_3 \ V_0^2} \approx \frac{a_1 + 3a_3 \ V_0^2}{a_1}, \text{ and }$$

m-=1.

The two values for AM linearity ϵ^+ and ϵ^- can then be calculated (again for $\mu=1$)

$$e^{+} = \frac{m^{+} - m_{0}}{m_{0}} = \frac{(a_{1} + 3a_{3}V_{0}^{2}) - (a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2})}{a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2}} = \frac{a_{3}V_{0}^{2}}{a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2}} \approx \frac{a_{3}V_{0}^{2}}{a_{1}} \approx \frac{\Delta}{9}, \text{ and}$$

$$e^{-} = \frac{m^{-} - m_{0}}{m_{0}} = \frac{a_{1} - (a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2})}{a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2}} = \frac{-2a_{3}V_{0}^{2}}{a_{1} + 2a_{3}V_{0}^{2}} \approx \frac{-2a_{3}V_{0}}{a_{1}} \approx \frac{-2\Delta}{9}.$$

Clearly, ϵ - is the more stringent of the two. To meet a linearity specification of ±0.1% at 95% AM, ϵ - must not exceed ±0.45%. This specification is not as stringent as the requirements related to RF feedthrough. See paragraph 4-15.

4-15. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RF FEEDTHROUGH AND AM DISTORTION, AM LINEARITY, AND INCIDENTAL Φ M.

The following discussion justifies the method of testing incidental ΦM used in the AM Distortion and Linearity and Incidental ΦM Performance Test (paragraph 4-11) and shows how to compute distortion.

The effect of RF feedthrough of the amplitude modulator on AM linearity and incidental ΦM is most easily visualized by a phasor diagram. Figure 4-13 shows two phasor diagrams — one for the AM peak and one for AM trough.

NOTE

AM distortion and non-linearity are also due to compression in the amplitude modulator. This topic is dealt with separately in paragraph 4-14.

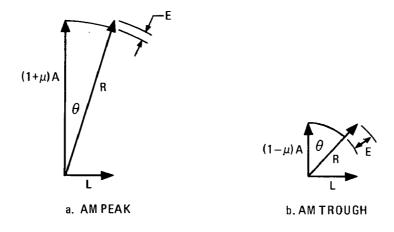


Figure 4-13. Phasor Diagrams for the Output of the Amplitude Modulator for the AM Peak and AM Trough.

The resultant output from the amplitude modulator is the vector sum R of the RF input attenuated by the modulator, $(1+\mu)A$ or $(1-\mu)A$, and a leakage signal L. $\mu \leq 1$ and equals the modulation index m only when L is not present. L is in quadrature with $(1\pm\mu)A$ because it results from leakage through a parasitic capacitance which produces 90° phase shift.

Consider first the effect of leakage on AM distortion and linearity. The leakage has the greatest effect at the AM trough. (See Figure 4-13b.) It causes the resultant R to be slightly larger than $(1-\mu)A$. The resultant is

$$R = \sqrt{(1-\mu)^2 A^2 + L^2}.$$

The amplitude error E is

$$E = R - (1 - \mu)A.$$

The amplitude error causes an AM error ϵ of

$$= E/\mu A.$$

For this analysis the effect of leakage on the AM peak is being ignored. (The situation depicted in Figure 4-13 is greatly exaggerated.)

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4-15. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RF FEEDTHROUGH AND AM DISTORTION, AM LINEARITY AND INCIDENTAL Φ M (Cont')

Using the above equations, the normalized leakage L/A which is allowable for the specified AM linearity ϵ can be calculated.

$$L/A = \sqrt{\mu \epsilon (\mu \epsilon + 2 - 2\mu)} \approx \sqrt{2\mu \epsilon (1 - \mu)}$$

where it is assumed that $\epsilon \ll 2$.

To meet a linearity specification of $\epsilon = 0.1\%$ at m = 95%, $L/A \le 0.0098$ or -40.2 dB. To meet a linearity specification of $\epsilon = 0.2\%$ at m = 99%, $L/A \le 0.0063$ or -44.0 dB (the more stringent of the two).

If the predominant contributor to distortion is assumed to be the second harmonic, the distortion d_2 can be shown to be $\epsilon/2$. To meet a distortion specification of $d_2 = 0.05\%$ at m = 50%, $L/A \le 0.022$ or -33.0 dB. To meet a distortion specification of $d_2 = 0.1\%$ at m = 95%, $L/A \le 0.014$ or -37.2 dB.

R not only varies in amplitude as the envelope varies, but it also rotates. The variation in rotation gives rise to incidental ΦM . For the peak and trough respectively, the phase shift θ is

$$\theta_{\min} = \tan^{-1} \quad \frac{L}{(1+\mu)A} \approx \frac{L}{(1+\mu)A}$$
$$\theta_{\max} = \tan^{-1} \quad \frac{L}{(1-\mu)A} \approx \frac{L}{(1-\mu)A}.$$

The peak incidental phase deviation is the difference between θ_{max} or θ_{min} and the average value of the angle θ_{avg} , whichever is larger. For sinusoidal amplitude modulation, θ_{avg} is slightly smaller than the arithmetic average since the resultant dwells near θ_{min} longer than near θ_{max} . The time-variant angle for this case is

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{L}{A} \frac{1}{1 + \mu \sin \omega t} \approx \frac{L}{A} \frac{1}{1 + \mu \sin \omega t}$$

Integrating this over one period gives the result

$$\theta_{\rm avg} \approx \frac{L}{\sqrt{1-\mu^2}A}$$

The peak incidental phase deviation is then

$$\Delta \theta = \theta_{\max} - \theta_{avg} \approx \frac{L}{A} \left(\frac{1}{1-\mu} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\mu^2}} \right).$$

If a leakage L/A of 0.0063 is assumed for m = 50%, $\Delta \theta = 0.0053$ rad which is within the specification of 0.008 rad.

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Table 4-1. Performance Test Record

	ett-Packard I 11715A	Tested By:					
	M Test Source No	Date:					
		Results					
Para. No.	Test Description	Minimum	Actual	Maximum			
4-6	Frequency Range Performance Test						
	OUTPUT TEST MODE						
	FM FM (lowest freq.)			352 MHz			
	FM FM (highest freq.)	432 MHz		88 MHz			
	FM÷4 FM (lowest freq.) FM÷4 FM (highest freq.)	108 MHz		00 WIIZ			
	AM FM \div 32 FM (lowest freq.)			11 MHz			
	AM FM÷32 FM (highest freq.)	13.5 MHz		11 MHz			
	AM FM÷32 AM (lowest freq.) AM FM÷32 AM (highest freq.)	13.5 MHz		I I MILLS			
	AM FM÷32 AM (highest freq.)	10.0 11112					
4-7	Residual AM and FM Performance Test						
	Residual FM			3 mVrms			
	Residual AM			1 mVrms			
4-8	FM Distortion Performance Test						
10	Voltmeter Reading (step 8)						
1	Linearity at 400.4 MHz	-2 mVrms		+2 mVrms			
	Linearity at 400.4 Mill	-0.1% error		+0.1% error			
	Linearity at 399.6 MHz	-2 mVrms		+2 mVrms			
	- 	-0.1% error		+0.1% error			
4-9	FM Flatness Performance Test						
1	Voltmeter Reading (step 7)						
	FM Flatness at 640 kHz	0.04 dB		+0.04 dB			
4-10	Incidental AM Performance Test						
	Incidental AM			-42 dB			
4-11	AM Distortion and Linearity and Incidental Φ M Performance Test						
	RF Feedthrough			44 dB			
	AM Linearity With 6 dB Increase						
	in Output	99.7%		100.3%			
4-12	AM Flatness Performance Test						
	Voltmeter Reading (step 7)			+0.4 dB			
	AM Flatness at 2 MHz	-0.4 dB					
	AM Flatness at 10 Hz			1.4 divisions			

SECTION V ADJUSTMENTS

5-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains adjustments that assure peak performance of the AM/FM Test Source. The instrument should be readjusted after repair or failure to pass a performance test. Allow a 1 minute warm-up prior to performing the adjustments. Removing the instrument's top cover and the A1 AM/FM assembly top cover is the only disassembly required for all adjustments.

The adjustments are as follows:

400 MHz VCO Adjustment

Low Residual Source Adjustment

To determine which performance tests and adjustments to perform after a repair, refer to paragraph 5-5 Related Adjustments.

5-2. SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

This section contains information, cautions, and warnings which must be followed for your protection and to avoid damage to the equipment.

WARNINGS

Adjustments described in this section are performed with power supplied to the instrument and with protective covers removed. Maintenance should be performed only by service trained personnel who are aware of the hazard involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Where maintenance can be performed without power applied, the power should be removed.

Do not remove the bottom cover for the adjustments.

A pin-to-pin voltage difference of 60 Vpk may be found on the A2 Power Supply Assembly. Be careful while working on the circuit board with power supplied to the instrument.

CAUTION

Use care when replacing the cover over the A1 AM/FM Assembly to avoid damaging the RFI fingers on the inner edge of the cover. Place the cover squarely over the assembly and press evenly until it is seated. If the RFI fingers should become skewed, apply a firm pressure to slide them into place.

5-3. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Each adjustment procedure contains a list of required test equipment. If substitutions must be made for the specified model numbers, refer to Table 1-3 for the minimum specifications.

5-4. FACTORY-SELECTED COMPONENTS

Factory-selected components are identified on the schematics and parts list by an asterisk which follows the reference designator. The normal value or range of the components is shown. The Manual Changes Supplements will provide updated information pertaining to the selected components. Table 5-1 lists the reference designator, the criteria used for selecting a particular value, the normal value range, and the service sheet where the component part is shown. Selection procedures are given below.

a. A1R54 Selection: The AM/FM Test Source should not be modulated during this procedure. Select AM or FM with the TEST MODE switch. Connect a frequency counter to the AM FM \div 32 OUTPUT and adjust the CARRIER FRE-QUENCY TUNE control for a counter indication of 12.5 MHz. Disconnect the counter and connect a power meter to the AM FM \div 32 OUTPUT. The power should be between -21 and -19 dBm. If it is not, try different values for R54. Refer to Table 5-1 for the range of values.

5-5. RELATED ADJUSTMENTS

The procedures in this section are completely independent of each other and can be done in any order. It is advisable to check power supply voltages first before doing an adjustment.

The 400 MHz VCO Adjustment (paragraph 5-7) should be done after any repairs to the 400 MHz VCO circuit and the Low Residual Source Adjustment (paragraph 5-8) should be done after any repairs to the 280 MHz Oscillator.

5-6. ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS

Adjustment locations are shown on Figure 8-1 which is adjacent to the Service Sheet 1 schematic.

Reference Designator	Service Sheet	Range of Values	Basis of Selection					
A1R54	1	3.48 to 5.62 kHz	+20 dBm ±1 dB at 12.5 MHz at AM FM÷32 output					

Table 5-1. Factory Selected Components

ADJUSTMENTS

5-7. 400 MHz VCO ADJUSTMENT

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 1.

1.

DESCRIPTION: The tuning voltage of the 400 MHz VCO is set by means of the CARRIER FRE-QUENCY TUNE control to a pre-determined level as measured by a dc voltmeter. The tank circuit's inductor is then adjusted by physically altering its size to give the correct frequency as measured by a counter connected to the FM output.

EQUIPMENT:Counter..</th

PROCEDURE:

Set the voltmeter to measure dc. Connect its input to A1TP4 in the A1 AM/FM Assembly.

- 2. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to AM. Adjust the CARRIER FRE-QUENCY TUNE for a reading of between -4.61 and -4.59 Vdc on the voltmeter.
- 3. Connect the counter to the FM OUTPUT of the AM/FM Test Source. (If a modulation analyzer is used for a counter, set its tuning to the track mode.)
- 4. Adjust A1L3 until the counter reads between 397 and 403 MHz. This is done by unsoldering the loop, sliding it in or out slightly, then resoldering it. Slide the loop in to raise the frequency. Slight adjustment of the loop can be made by changing its shape. Narrowing the loop will raise the frequency.
- 5. Perform the Frequency Range Performance Test (paragraph 4-6).

5-8. LOW RESIDUAL SOURCE ADJUSTMENT

REFERENCE: Service Sheet 1.

DESCRIPTION: The tuning capacitor of the Low Residual Source is adjusted for maximum power. Then the oscillator is turned off and on several times to assure that it starts up properly. The frequency is also checked.

 EQUIPMENT:
 Counter
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PROCEDURE:

- E: 1. Connect the power meter to the LOW RESIDUAL OUTPUT of the AM/FM Test Source. (If a modulation analyzer is used, set it to measure RF level.)
 - 2. Set the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to RESIDUAL FM.
 - 3. Adjust A1C19 for maximum power. The power should exceed -20 dBm (0.01 mW). If not, refer to the A1R54 selection procedure (paragraph 5-4).
 - 4. Switch the AM/FM Test Source's TEST MODE to AM and back to RESIDUAL FM several times. Allow several seconds to elapse after switching to AM. Check that the power comes up quickly when switched to RESIDUAL FM.
 - 5. Connect the counter to the LOW RESIDUAL OUTPUT of the AM/FM Test Source (or switch the modulation analyzer to measure frequency). Switch TEST MODE to RESIDUAL FM. The frequency should be between 559.95 and 560.05 MHz.
 - 6. Perform the residual FM portion of the Residual AM and FM Performance Test (paragraph 4-7).

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for ordering parts. Table 6-1 lists abbreviations used in the parts list and throughout the manual. Table 6-2 lists all replaceable parts in reference designator order. Table 6-3 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers.

6-2. ABBREVIATIONS

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Table 6-1 lists abbreviations used in the parts list, schematics, and throughout the manual. In some cases, two forms of the abbreviation are used, one all in capital letters, and one partial or no capitals. This occurs because the abbreviations in the parts list are always all capitals. However, in the schematics and other parts of the manual, other abbreviation forms are used with both lower case and upper case letter.

6-3. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-2 is the list of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:

a. Electrical assemblies and their componnents in alphanumeric order by reference designation.

b. Chassis-mounted parts in alphanumeric order by reference designation.

c. Mechanical parts.

The information given for each part consists of the following:

a. The Hewlett-Packard part number.

b. Part number check digit (CD).

c. The total quantity (Qty) for the entire instrument.

d. The description of the part.

e. A typical manufacturer of the part in a five digit code.

f. The manufacturer's number for the part.

6-4. FACTORY SELECTED PARTS (*)

Parts marked with an asterisk (*) are factory selected parts. The value listed in the parts list is the nominal value. Refer to Sections V and VIII of this manual for information on determining what value to use for replacement.

6-5. PARTS LIST BACKDATING (†)

Parts marked with a dagger (†) are different in instruments with serial number prefixes lower than the one that this manual applies to directly. Table 7-1 lists the backdating changes by serial number prefix. The backdating changes are contained in Section VII.

6-6. PARTS LIST UPDATING

Production changes to AM/FM Test Sources made after the publication date of this manual are accompanied by a change in the serial number prefix. Changes to the parts list are recorded by serial number prefix on a MANUAL CHANGES supplement. Also, parts list errors are noted in the ER-RATA portion of the MANUAL CHANGES supplement.

6-7. ORDERING INFORMATION

To order a part listed in the replaceable parts table, quote the Hewlett-Packard part number (with the check digit) indicate the quantity required, and address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. The check digit will ensure accurate and timely processing of your order.

To order a part that is not listed in the replaceable parts table, include the instrument model number, instrument serial number, description and function of the part, and the number of parts required. Address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

6-8. RECOMMENDED SPARES LIST

Stocking spare parts for an instrument is often done to ensure quick return to service after a malfunction occurs. Hewlett-Packard prepares a

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RECOMMENDED SPARES LIST (Cont'd)

"Recommended Spares" list for this instrument. The contents of the lists are based on failure reports and repair data. Quantities given are for one year of parts support. A complimentary copy of the "Recommended Spares" list may be requested from your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

When stocking parts to support more than one AM/FM Test Source or to support a variety of

Hewlett-Packard instruments, it may be more economical to work from one consolidated list rather than simply adding together stocking quantities from the individual instrument lists. Hewlett-Packard will prepare consolidated "Recommended Spares" list for any number or combination of instruments. Contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office for details. Model 11715A

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (1 of 2)

REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

 A assembly AT attenuator; isolator; termination B fan; motor BT battery C capacitor CP coupler CR diode; diode thyristor; varactor DC directional coupler DL delay line DS annunciator; signaling device (audible or visual); lamp; LED 	E miscellaneous electrical part F. fusc FL filter H. hardware HY connector (stationary portion); jack K relay L coll; inductor M meter MP miscellaneous mechanical part	 P electrical connector (movable portion); plug Q transistor: SCR; triode thyristor R resistor RT thermistor S switch T transformer TB terminal board TC thermocouple TP test point 	 U integrated circuit; microcircuit V electron tube VR voltage regulator; breakdown diode W cable; transmission path; wire X socket Y crystal unit (piezo- electric or quartz) Z tuned cavity; tuned circuit
	ABBREV	TATIONS	
A ampere	COFF		
ac alternating current	COEF coefficient	EDP electronic data	INT internal
ACCESS accessory	COMP composition	processing ELECT electrolytic	kg kilogram kHz kilohertz
ADJ adjustment	COMPL complete	ENCAP encapsulated	$k\Omega$ kilohm
A/D analog-to-digital	CONN connector	EXT external	kV kilovolt
AF audio frequency	CP cadmium plate	F farad	lbpound
AFC automatic	CRT cathode-ray tube	FET field-effect	LC inductance-
frequency control AGC automatic gain	CTL complementary	transistor	capacitance
control	transistor logic CW continuous wave	F/F flip-flop	LED light-emitting diode
AL aluminum	cw clockwise	FH flat head FIL H fillister head	LF low frequency LG long
ALC automatic level	cm centimeter	FM. frequency modulation	LH left hand
control	D/A digital-to-analog	FP front panel	LIM limit
AM amplitude modula-	dB decibel	FREQ frequency	LIN linear taper (used
tion	dBm decibel referred	FXD fixed	in parts list)
AMPL amplifier	to 1 mW	g gram	lin linear
APC automatic phase	dc direct current	GE germanium	LK WASH lock washer
control ASSYassembly	deg degree (temperature	GHz gigahertz	LO low; local oscillator
AUX auxiliary	interval or differ- ence)	GL glass GRD ground(ed)	LOG logarithmic taper
avg average	degree (plane	H henry	(used in parts list) log logrithm(ic)
AWG American wire	o angle)	h hour	LPF low pass filter
gauge	C degree Celsius	HET heterodyne	LV low voltage
BAL balance	o (centigrade)	HEX hexagonal	m meter (distance)
BCD binary coded	F degree Fahrenheit	HD head	mA milliampere
decimal	K degree Kelvin	HDW hardware	MAX maximum
BD board BE CU beryllium	DEPC deposited carbon DET detector	HF high frequency	$M\Omega$ megohm
copper	diam detector	HG mercury HI high	MEG meg (10^6) (used
BFO beat frequency	DIA diameter (used in	HP Hewlett-Packard	in parts list) MET FLM metal film
oscillator	parts list)	HPF high pass filter	MET FLM metal linh MET OX metallic oxide
BH binder head	DIFF AMPL differential	HR hour (used in	MF medium frequency;
BKDN breakdown	amplifier	parts list)	microfarad (used in
BP bandpass	div division	HV high voltage	parts list)
BPF bandpass filter	DPDT double-pole,	Hz Hertz	MFR manufacturer
BRS brass BWO backward-wave	double-throw	IC integrated circuit	mg milligram
oscillator	DR drive DSB double sideband	ID inside diameter	MHz megahertz
CAL calibrate	DTL diode transistor	IF intermediate frequency	mH millihenry
ccw counter-clockwise	logic	IMPG impregnated	mho mho MIN minimum
CER ceramic	DVM digital voltmeter	in inch	min minute (time)
CHAN channel	ECL emitter coupled	INCD incandescent	' minute (plane
cm centimeter	logic	INCL include(s)	angle)
CMO cabinet mount only	EMF electromotive force	INP input	MINAT miniature
COAX coaxial		INS insulation	mm millimeter

NOTE All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

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Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (2 of 2)

MOD modulator
MOM momentary
MOM momentary MOS metal-oxide
semiconductor
sennconductor
ms millisecond MTG mounting
MTG mounting
MTR meter (indicating
device)
mV millivolt
mVac millivolt, ac mVdc millivolt, dc
mivac minimore, ac
mVdc millivolt, dc
mVpk millivolt, peak
mVpk millivolt, peak mVp-p millivolt, peak-
to-peak
mVrms millivolt, rms
million tt
MUX muniplex
MUX multiplex MY mylar
μA microampere
μF microfarad
UH microhenry
μ s microsecond
$\mu \mathbf{V}$ microvolt
$\mu \mathbf{V}$ microvolt
μ vac microvolt, ac
$\mu V dc$ microvolt, dc
µVpk microvolt, peak
μ Vp-p microvolt, peak-
μVac microvolt, ac μVdc microvolt, dc μVpk microvolt, peak μVp-p microvolt, peak to-peak to-peak
to-реак
μVrms microvolt, rms
μ Vrms microvolt, rms μ W microwatt nA nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed
μ Vrmsmicrovolt, rms μ Wmicrowatt nAnanoampere NCno connection N/Cnormally closed NF peon
μ Vrmsmicrovolt, rms μ Wmicrowatt nAnanoampere NCno connection N/Cnormally closed NF peon
μ Vrmsmicrovolt, rms μ Wmicrowatt nAnanoampere NCno connection N/Cnormally closed NF peon
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE neon NEG negative nF nanofarad
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE neon NEG negative nF nanofarad
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microwatt nA nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF nanofarad NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF nanofarad NIPL nickel plate N/O normally open
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE neon NEG neodition nF nanofarad NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open NORM normal
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE neon NEG negative nF nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NPN negative-positive-
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms nA nanoampere NC noromally closed N/C normally closed NEG negative nF nanofarad NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM nominal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative negative
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms N/C normally closed NEG negative nF negative N/O normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms nA nanoampere NC noromally closed N/C normally closed NEG negative nF nanofarad NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM nominal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative negative
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms N/C normally closed NEG negative nF negative N/O normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC normally closed NE normally closed NE neon NEG neon negative neon NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normally open NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO NPO cero (zero tempera- ture coefficient) ture coefficient)
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms nA nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF negative nF nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive negative NPO NPO negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient) NRFR
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms nA nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NEG negative nF nanofarad NI PL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative NPO negative NPO negative NRFR not recommended for field replace-
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF normally closed N/O negative nF nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NPN negative-positive- negative normal NPO negative-positive- negative not recommended for field replace- ment
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC normally closed N/C normally closed NE neon NEG negative nF neon NIPL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normally open NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO NRFR not recommended for field replace- ment NSR not separately
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE neon NEG neon NEG neoative nF neoative nF neoative NOM normally open NOM normally open NORM normal NPN negative-positive negative NPO NPO negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient) NRFR NRFR not recommended for field replacement NSR not separately replaceable
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF negative nF normally open NOM normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO NRFR not recommended for field replace- ment NSR not separately replaceable ns
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF negative nF normally open NOM normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO NRFR not recommended for field replace- ment NSR not separately replaceable ns
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF nanofarad NIPL nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NPN negative-positive- negative normal NPO negative-positive- negative not recommended for field replace- ment NSR not separately replaceable ns ns nanosecond
μVrms microvolt, rms μW microvolt, rms μW nanoampere NC nanoampere NC no connection N/C normally closed NE negative nF negative nF nickel plate N/O normally open NOM normal NORM normal NPN negative-positive- negative NPO NRFR not recommended for field replace- ment NSR not separately replaceable ns

OD outside diameter
OH oval head
OH oval head OP AMPL operational
amplifier
OPT option
OSC oscillator OX oxide
OX oxide
oz ounce
Ω ohm
P peak (used in parts
list)
PAM pulse-amplitude
modulation
PC printed circuit
PCM pulse-code modula-
tion; pulse-count
modulation
PDM pulse-duration
modulation
pF picofarad
PH BRZ phosphor bronze
PHL Phillips
PIN positive-intrinsic-
negative
PIV peak inverse
voltage
pk peak PL phase lock
PL phase lock
PLO phase lock
oscillator
PM phase modulation
PNP positive-negative-
positive
P/O part of POLY polystyrene PORC porrelain
POLY polystyrene
POLY polystyrene PORC porcelain POS positive: position(s)
POS positive; position(s)
(used in parts list)
POSN position
POT potentiometer
p-p peak-to-peak
PP peak-to-peak (used
in parts list)
PPM pulse-position
modulation
PREAMPL preamplifier
PRF pulse-repetition frequency
PRR pulse repetition rate
ps picosecond
PT point
PTM pulse-time
modulation
PWM pulse-width
modulation

PWV peak working voltage
RC resistance-
capacitance
RECT rectifier REF reference REG regulated
REF reference
REG regulated
REPL replaceable RF radio frequency
RFI radio frequency interference
RH round head; right hand
RLC resistance-
inductance-
canacitance
RMO rack mount only
rms root-mean-square
RND round
ROM read-only memory
R&P rack and panel
R&P rack and panel RWV reverse working
voltage
S scattering parameter
s second (time)
" . second (plane angle)
S-B slow-blow (fuse)
(used in parts list)
SCR silicon controlled
rectifier; screw
SE selenium SECT sections SEMICON semicon-
SECT sections
ductor
SHF superhigh fre-
quency
SI silicon SIL silver SL slide SNR signal-to-noise ratio
SIL silver
SL side
SPDT single-pole,
double-throw
SPG spring
SR split ring SPST single-pole,
SPST single-pole, single-throw
SSB single sideband
SST stainless steel
STL steel
SQsquare SWR standing-wave ratio
SYNC synchronize
T timed (slow-blow fuse)
TA tantalum
TC temperature

compensating

TD time delay TERM terminal TFT thin-film transistor
TERM terminal
TFT thin-film transistor
TEL time-init consistor
TGL toggle
THD thread
THRU through
TI titanium
THD toggte THD thread THRU through TI titanium TOL tolerance TRIM trimmer TSTR transistor TTL transistor
TRIM trimmer
TSTR transistor
TTL transistor-transistor
logia
TV television
TV television TVI television interference
TWT traveling wave tube
TWT traveling wave tube $U \dots micro (10^{-6})$ (used
U micro (10^{-6}) (used
in parts list)
UF microfarad (used in
parts list)
UHF ultrahigh frequency
UNREG unregulated
V volt
VA voltampere
Vac
VAC
VA voltampere Vac volts, ac VAR variable
vco voltage-controlled
oscillator
oscillator Vdc volts, dc VDCW. volts, dc, working
VDCW volts, dc, working
(used in parts list)
(used in parts list) V(F) volts, filtered VFO variable-frequency
VFO variable-frequency
oscillator
VHF very-high fre-
quency
Vpk volts, peak
The second secon
Vrms volts, rms
Vrms Vons, mis
VSWR voltage standing
wave ratio
VTO voltage-tuned
oscillator
VTVM vacuum-tube
voltmeter
V(X) volts, switched
W
W/ with
WIV working inverse
voltage
WW wirewound
W/O without
YIG yttrium-iron-garnet Z ₀ characteristic
impedance

NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

MULTIPLIERS

Abbreviation	Prefix	Multiple
Т	tera	10^{12}
G	giga	109
М	mega	106
k	kilo	10 ³
da	deka	10
d	deci	101
с	centi	10^{-2}
m	milli	10-3
μ	micro	10-6
'n	nano	10 ⁹
p	pico	10-12
f	femto	10-15
a	atto	10-18

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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1	11715-60001	0	1	AM/FM ASSEMBLY	28480	11715-60001
A1C1 A1C2 A1C3 A1C4 A1C5	0180-0553 0180-2618 0180-0553 0180-0553 0160-3878	00000	4 3 16	CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-20% 25VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-20% 25VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-20% 25VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 25088 28480 28480 28480 28480	0180-0553 033631810× 0180-0553 0180-0553 0180-0553 0160-3878
A1C6 A1C7 A1C8 A1C9 A1C9	0180-2618 0180-0553 0160-0576 0160-4389 0160-0576	20565	5 1	CAPACITOR=FXD 33UF+=10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 22UF+=20% 25V0C TA CAPACITUR=FXD 1UF +=20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 100PF +=5PF 200VDC CER CAPACITUR=FXD 1UF +=20% 50VDC CER	25088 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	033631810K 0180=0553 0160=0576 0160=4369 0160=0576
A1C11 A1C12 A1C13 A1C14 A1C14 A1C15	0160-4103 0160-3879 0160-4031 0160-4103 0160-4383	27520	3 2 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF +-5% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 330PF +-5% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF +-5% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8PF +-5PF 200VDC CER	72982 28480 28480 72982 28480	8121-M10U-COG+221J 0160-3879 0160-4031 6121-M100-COG+221J 0160-4383
A1C16 A1C17 A1C18 A1C19 A1C20	0160-4492 0160-3879 0160-4103 0121-0452 0160-3878	27246	3	CAPACITUR-FX0 18PF +-5X 200VDC CER 0+-30 CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20X 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 220PF +-5X 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-V RWR-AIK 1.3-5.4PF 250V CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20X 100VDC CER	28480 28480 72982 74970 28480	0160-4492 0160-3879 8121-M100-CUG-221J 187-0105-005 0160-3878
A1C21 A1C22 A1C23 A1C23 A1C24 A1C25	0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-4521	66668 668	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITUR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITUR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 12PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-4521
A1C26 A1C27 A1C28 A1C29 A1C30	0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-4521	6 6 6 6 6 6		CAPACITUR=FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITUR=FXD 12PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-38/6 6160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-4521
A1C31 A1C32 A1C33 A1C34 A1C35	0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-3878 0160-4491	6 6 6 1	2	CAPACITUR-FX0 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CEH CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 8,2PF +-5% 200VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	u160-3878 u160-3878 u160-3878 u160-3878 u160-3878 u160-3878
A1C36 A1C37 A1C38 A1C39 A1C40	0160-3878 0160-3874 0160-0576 0160-4491 0160-0576	62515	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20X 100VDC CEH CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +-5PF 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10F +-20X 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 82PF +-5X 200VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10F +-20X 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-5878 0160-3874 0160-0576 0160-4491 0160-0576
A1C41 A1C42 A1C43 A1C44 A1C45	0180=1714 0180=1714 0180=1714 0160=4492 0160=4492	7 7 7 2 2	3	CAPACITOR=FX0 330UF+=10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 330UF+=10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 330UF+=10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 186F +=5% 200VDC CER 0+=30 CAPACITOR=FXD 186F +=5% 200VDC CER 0+=30	56289 56289 56289 28480 28480	1500337×900682 1500337×900682 1500337×900682 01604492 01604492
A1C46 A1C47 A1C48 A1C49 A1C50	0160=4386 0160=3878 0180=2618 0140=0197 0160=2207	3 6 2 4 3	1 2 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 33PF +=5X 200VDC CER 0+=30 CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +=20X 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+=10X 10VUC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 180PF +=5X 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +=5X 300VDC MICA	28480 28480 25088 72136 28480	0160-4386 0160-3878 D35631910× DM 557181J0300#V1CR 0160-2207
A1C51 A1C52	0140-0197 0160-0576	4 5		CAPACITUP+FXD 180PF +=5% 300VDC M1CA CAPACITUP+FXD .1UF +=20% 50VDC CER	72136 28480	DM15F181J0300×V1CR 0160=0576
A1CR1 A1CR2 A1CR3 A1CR4 A1CR5	1901-0050 0122-0065 0122-0065 1901-0179 1901-0179	3 7 7 7 7	1 2 2	DIODE-SMITCHING RUV 200MA 2NS DU-35 DIODE-VVC 29PF 3% DIODE-VVC 29PF 3% DIODE-VVC 29PF 3% DIODE-SMITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SMITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 0122-0065 0122-0065 1901-0179 1901-0179
A1J1 A1J2 A1J3 A1J4 A1J5	1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220	00000	6	CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC SU-OHM Connector-RF SMC M PC SO-OHM Connector-RF SMC M PC SU-OHM Connector-RF SMC M PC SU-OHM Connector-RF SMC M PC SU-OHM	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220 1250-1220
A1J6	1250-1220	0		CONNECTOR-RF SMC M PC 50-0HM	28480	1250-1220
A1K1	0490-1202	5	1	RELAY 2C SVDC-COIL .5A 115VAC	28480	0490-1202
A1L1 A1L2 A1L3	9135-0072 9100-2251	0 S	2	INDUCTOR, 56NH Coll-MLD 220NH 10% 0=32 .095Dx,25LG-NDM Coll-NAME 1000 14-CANE	28480 28480	9135-9072 9100-2251
A1L4 A1L5	9140-0141 9100-2251	7	1	COIL=16AWG LOOP 16=GAUGE COIL=MLD 680NH 10% 0=33 .095Dx.25LG=NUM COIL=MLD 220NH 10% 0=32 .095Dx.25LG=NUM	28480 28480	9140=0141 9100=2251
A1L6 A1L7 A1L8 A1L9 A1L9 A1L10				PART IS ETCHED TPACE ON CIRCUIT BUARD. PART IS ETCHED TRACE ON CIRCUIT BUARD.		

See introduction to this section for ordering information *Indicates factory selected value

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Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1L11 A1L12 A1L13 A1L13 A1L14 A1L15	9100-2247 9100-2256 9100-2256	4 5 5	1 2	PART IS ETCHED TRACÉ ON CIRCUIT BUARD. Part IS Etched trace on circuit board. Coil-MLD 100NH 10% Q=34 .095DX.25LG=NUM Coil-MLD 560NH 10% Q=34 .095DX.25LG=NUM Coil-MLD 560NH 10% Q=34 .095DX.25LG=NUM	28480 28480 28480	9100-2247 9100-2256 9100-2256
A1 ^{MP} 1	11715-00007 2190-0124	0 4	5 4	ENDPLATE,BOARD ENCLOSURE(HOLDS RF CONNECTORS) WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 10 .195-IN-ID NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 10-32-THD .067-IN-THK	28480 28480 28480	11715-00007 2190-0124 2950-0078
A1Q1 A1Q2 A1Q3	2950-0078 1854-0637 1854-0247 0340-0834 1853-0459	1 9 0 3	1 1 1 2	TRANSISTOR NPN 2022194 SI TU-5 PD=800MM TRANSISTOR NPN SI TU-39 PD=1% FT=800MHZ INSULATOR=xSTR PULY1 TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=625M% FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=625M% FT=200MHZ	01295 28480 28480 28480 28480	2N2219A 1854-0247 0340-0854 1853-0459 1853-0459
A194 A195 A196 A197	1853=0459 1854=0810 1854=0810 1854=0810	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	TRANSISTOR NPN SJ PDE625MW FTE200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SJ PDE625MW FTE200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SJ TD=72 PDE200MW	28480 28480 28480	1854-0810 1854-0810 1854-0890
A1R1 A1R2 A1R3 A1R3 A1R5	0757-0280 0698-3154 0698-3150 0699-0090 0757-0442	30699	2 2 1 2 3	RESISTOR 1K 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 PESISTOR 4.22% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 2.37% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 61.11 .1% .25% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOP 10K 1% .1% .125% F TC=0+=100	24546 24546 24546 28480 28480 24546	C4-1/8-T0-1001=F C4-1/8-T0-4221=F C4-1/8-T0-2371=F 06990090 C4-1/8-T0-1002=F
A1R6 A1R7 A1R8 A1R9 A1R10	0698-3152 0757-0280 0757-0403 0757-0401 0757-0401	8 3 2 0 0	1 1 7	RESISTOR 3,49k 12 .1250 F TCE0+=100 RESISTOR 1K 12 .1250 F TCE0+=100 RESISTOR 121 12 .1250 F TCE0+=100 RESISTOR 100 12 .1250 F TCE0+=100 RESISTOR 100 12 .1250 F TCE0+=100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4=1/8=TV=3481=F C4=1/8=TV=1v01=F C4=1/8=TV=21N=F C4=1/8=TV=101=F C4=1/8=TV=101=F
A1R11 A1R12 A1R13 A1R14 A1R15	0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0401 0757-0401 0757-0401	99000		RESISTON 10K 1% .125K F TC#0+-100 RESISTON 10K 1% .125K F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125K F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125K F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125M F TC#0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4=1/8=70=1002=F C4=1/8=70=1002=F C4=1/8=70=101=F C4=1/8=70=101=F C4=1/8=70=101=F
A1R16 A1R17 A1R18 A1R19 A1R20	0757-0401 0757-0346 0698-3122 0699-0094 0699-0089	02236	1 1 1	RESISTUR 100 12 .1254 F 1C=0+-160 RESISTOR 10 12 .1254 F 7C=0+-100 RESISTOR 412 12 .1254 F 7C=0+-100 RESISTUR 790 .12 .254 F 7C=0+-50 RESISTOR 53.27 .12 .254 F 7C=0+-50	24546 24546 03888 28480 28480	C4-1/8-T0-101=F C4-1/8-T0-10×0=F PME55-1/8-T0-4120=F R699-0044 0699-0089
A1R21 A1R22 A1R23 A1R24 A1R25	0757-0428 0757-0428 0698-7205 0698-7199 0757-0732	1 0 1 0	2 2 1 1	RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 51.1 % .05K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 28.7 1% .05K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 909 1% .25K F TC=0+=100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4=1/b=TU=1021=F C4=1/b=TU=1021=F C3=1/b=TU=51R1=G C3=1/b=TU=2BH7=G C5=1/4=TU=9U9H=F
A1R26 A1R27 A1R28 A1R29 A1R30	0698-7229 0698-7229 0698-7229 0757-0274 0698-3430	8 8 5 5	8 1 1	RESISTUR 511 1% .05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% .05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% .05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.21% 1% .125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 21.5 1% .125% F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 03888	C3=1/H=Tu=511R=G C3=1/H=Tu=511R=G C3=1/H=Tu=511R=G C4=1/H=Tu=1213=F PME55=1/H=Tu=21R5=F
A1R31 A1R32 A1R33 A1R34 A1R35	0757-0401 0698-7229 0757-0276 0757-0276 0698-7229	0 8 7 7 8	\$	RESISTOR 100 11 .125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 511 11 .05% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 61.9 11 .125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 61.9 11 .125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 511 11 .05% F TC=0++100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-101-F C3-1/8-T0-511R-G C4-1/8-T0-5192-F C4-1/8-T0-5192-F C3-1/8-T0-511R-G
A1R36 A1R37 A1R38 A1R39 A1R40	0698-7229 0698-3440 0698-7205 0698-3440 0698-3440 0698-7206	8 7 0 7 1		RESISTOR 511 1% .050 F TC=u+=100 RESISTOR 196 1% .1250 F TC=u+=100 RESISTOR 51, 1 % .050 F TC=u+=100 RESISTOR 196 1% .1250 F TC=u+=100 RESISTOR 56.2 1% .050 F TC=u+=100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C3-1/8-10-5118-G C4-1/8-10-1968-F C3-1/8-100-5181-G C4-1/8-T0-1968-F C3-1/8-T00-5582-G
A 1 R 4 1 A 1 R 4 2 A 1 R 4 3 A 1 R 4 4 A 1 R 4 5	0698-7218 0698-7260 0698-7200 0698-7218 0698-7225	5 7 5 4	2 1 1 2	RESISTUR 178 1% .05% F TC±0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .05% F TC±0+-100 RESISTOR 31.6 1% .05% F TC±0+-10% RESISTOR 178 1% .05% F TC±0+-100 RESISTOR 346 1% .05% F TC±0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C3-1/8-10-108+6 C3-1/8-10-1002-6 C3-1/8-100-5186-6 C3-1/8-10-1788-6 C3-1/8-10-3488-6
A1R46 A1R47 A1R48 A1R48 A1R49 A1R50	0698-7225 0698-7229 0698-7203 0698-7229 0698-7203	4 8 8 8	2	RESISTOR 348 1% 05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% 05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 42,2 1% 05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% 05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 42,2 1% 05% F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C3=1/8=10=348H=G C3=1/8=10=511R=G C3=1/8=100=42R2=G C3=1/8=10=511R=G C3=1/8=10=42R2=G
A1R51 A1R52 A1R53 A1R54* A1R55	0699-0093 0699-0090 0698-3154 0757-0438 0698-7223	2 9 0 3 2) 1 2	RESISTOR 247.5 .12 .25% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 61,11 .12 .25% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 4,25% IZ .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5.11% IZ .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 287 12 .05% F TC=0+=100	28480 28460 24546 24546 24546	0699-0093 0699-0090 C4aj/8=10-4221-F C4aj/8=10-5111-F C3=1/8=10-287H=G
A1856 A1857	0698=7194 0698=7223	5	1	RESISTOR 17.5 1% .05% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 287 1% .05% F TC=0+-100	24546 24546	C3=1/8=100=1748=G C3=1/8=10=247K=G

See introduction to this section for ordering information *Indicates factory selected value

Model 11715A

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Table 6-2.	Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1T1 A1TP1 A1TP2 A1TP3 A1TP4 A1TP5	11715-80001 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	4 00000	1	TRANSFORMER CONNECTUR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SU CONNECTUR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SU CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	11715-80001 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A1 TP6 A1 TP7	1251-0600	u 0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SU CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SO	28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600
A1U1 A1U2 A1U3 A1U4 A1U5	1826-0372 1826-0372 1820-2140 1820-0817 1820-0817	NN488	2 1 2	IC A251 LIMITEP IC A251 LIMITER IC CNTR ECL IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL IC FF ECL D-M/S DUAL	28480 28480 07263 04713 04713	1826-0372 1826-0372 11C05DC MC10151P MC10151P
A1U6	0955-0126 1251-3172	6 7	1 1	MIXER, DOUBLE 12.5 MHZ Connector-sgl cont skt .u3-IN-8sc-sz Rnd	28480 28480	v955-0126 1251-5172
A1 Y1	0410-0447	0	1	CRYSTAL=QUARTZ FREU#280MHZ113TH OVERTONE	28480	0410-0447
A2	11715-60002	1	t	PUNER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY	28480	11715-60002
A2C1 A2C2 A2C3 A2C4 A2C4 A2C5	0180-2102 0180-1985 0180-1985 0180-0197 0180-0197	94488	1 2 4	CAPACITUR-FXN 7000F+75+10% 25V0C AL CAPACITUR-FXD 5000F+75-10% 30V0C AL CAPACITUR-FXD 5000F+75-10% 30V0C AL CAPACITUR-FXD 2,20F++10% 20V0C TA CAPACITOR-FXD 2,20F++10% 20V0C TA	56289 56289 56289 56289 56289	340707G025FL4 340507G030FL4 1500225X9020A2 1500225X9020A2 1500225X9020A2
A2CR1 A2CR2 A2CR3 A2CR4 A2CR5	1901-0328 1901-0328 1901-0328 1901-0328 1901-0328	8 8 8 8 8	7	DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 60S DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 60S DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 60S DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 60S DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 60S	03508 03508 03508 03508 03508	Δ14D Δ140 Δ140 Δ140 Δ140
A2CR6 A2CR7	1901-0328 1901-0328	8 8		DIODE-PWP RECT 400V 14 6US DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 14 6US	03508 03508	A140 A140
A2TP1 A2TP2 A2TP3	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	0 0 0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SW CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SW CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SW	28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
42U1 42U2	1826-0106 2200-0105 2260-0009 1826-0277 2200-0105 2260-0009	0 4 3 6 4 3	1 2 1	IC 7815 V RGLTR TU-220 SCREW-MACH 4-40, 312-IN-LG PAN-HO-POZI NUTHEX-#/LKWR 4-40-THD ,094-IN-THK IC V RGLTR TC-220 SCREW-MACH 4-40, 312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI NUT-HEX-#/LKWR 4-40-THD ,094-IN-THK	04713 00000 27014 00000 00000	ORDER RA DESCHIDIION Order Ra deschidion Order Ra deschidion Fussorie Order Ra deschidion
A 3	0960-0443 0890-0301 7120-6143	1 1 7	1 1	MODULE, FILTER LINE Tubing-Hs .75-D/.375-RCvd .03-MALL Pulyu Label, Line Morule	28480 28480 28480	ñ960=0443 0490=0301 7129≈6143
C1 C2 C3	0180-0197 0890-0212 0180-0197 0890-0212 0160-3926	8 3 8 3 5	5	CAPACITOR=FXD 2,2UF+=10% 20VDC TA TUBING CAPACITOR=FXD 2,2UF+=10% 20VDC TA TUBING CAPACITUR=FDTHPU 100PF 20% 200V CER	56289 00000 56289 00000 28480	1500225x9020A2 Order by description Usud25x9020A2 Order by description 0160=3926
C4 C5 C6 C7 C8	0160=3926 9135=0002 9135=0002 9135=0002 9135=0002	5888	8	CAPACITUR-FDTMPH LUUPF 20% 200V CEP Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160=3926 9135=0002 9135=0002 9135=0002 9135=0002
C9 C10 C11 C12	9135-0002 9135-0002 9135-0002 9135-0002	8 8 8 8		FILTER, LOW PASS Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass Filter, Low Pass	28480 28480 28480 28480 26480	9135-0002 9135-0002 9135-0002 9135-0002
₽ 1	2110-0318 2110-0201	0	1	FUSE, .25A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 100, 120 VAC) FUSE, .125A 250V SLOW-BLOW (FOR 220, 240 VAC)	04703 04703	313.125 313.250
J1	1250=1091 1250=0964 2190=0068 0590=1011	3 7 5 6	4 4 4 4	P20 WI CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-RK S0-0HM NUT-RF CONN RNC/TNC: CLAMP NUT FOR WASHER-LK INTL T 1/2 IN _505-IN-1D NUT-KNRLD-R 15/37-32-THD _12+IN-THK	28480 24931 28480 28480	1250-1091 N126-2 2190-0068 0590-1091
J2	1250-1091 1250-0964 2190+0068 0590-1011	3 7 5 6		P/O W2 CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-RR 50-0MM NUT-RF CONN BNC/TNC: CLAMP NUT FOR WASHER-LK INTL T 1/2 IN .505-IN-ID NUT-KNRLD-R 15/32-32-TMD .12+IN-TMK	28480 24931 28480 28480	1250-1041 V126-2 2190-0068 0590-1011

See introduction to this section for ordering information $\ast Indicates factory selected value$

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Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
73	1250=1091 1250=0964 2190=0068 0590=1011	3756		P/O W3 CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-RR 50-0HM NUT-RF CONN BNC/INCI CLAMP NUT FOR WASHER-LK INTL T 1/2 IN .505-IN-ID NUT-KNRLD-R 15/32-32-THD .12-IN-THK	28480 24931 28480 28480	1250-1091 N126-2 2190-0066 0590-1011
34	1250=1091 1250=0964 2190=0068 0590=1011	3756		P/O W4 Connector_rf bnc fem sgl=hole_rr so-dhm Nut=rf conn bnc/tnc! clamp nut for Washer=lk intl t 1/2 in _sos=in=ID Nut=knrld_r 15/32-32-thd _12-in=thk	28480 24931 28480 28480	1250-1091 N120-2 2190-0008 v590-1011
JS	1250-0118 0360-1190 2190-0016 2950-0001	3 5 3 8	1 1 6 4	CONNECTOR-RF UNC FEM SGL-HULE-FR 50-0HM TERMINAL-SLOR LUG PL-MTG FOR-#370-SCR WASHER-LK INTL T 376 IN .377-IN-ID NUT-MEX-DBL-CMAM 378-32-THD .094-IN-THK	28480 28480 28480 00000	1250=0118 0360=1190 2190=0016 Order by Description
MP1 MP2 MP3	5020-8813 5020-8831 2510-0192 11715-00002 2360-0333	80654	1 2 8 1 4	FRAME, FRONT SIDE STRUTS SCREW-MACH 8-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG PANEL, FRONT-SUB SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 00000	5020-8813 5020-8831 2510-0192 11715-00002 UKDER BY DESCHIPTION
MP4 MPS	11715-00003 11715-00001	64	1	PANEL, REAR Panel, Front	28480 28480	11715-00003 11715-00001
MP6 MP7	5060-9830 5060-9842	59	1	COVER, TOP Cover, Bottum	28480 28480	5060-9830 5060-9842
MP8 MP9 MP10 MP11 MP12	5060=9906 5040=7203 5040=7201 1460=1345 5001=0438	6 0 8 5 7	2 1 4 2 2	COVER, SIDE TRIM STRIP Foot(Standard) Tilt Stand SST TRIM, SIDE, 3-1/2	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5060-9906 5040-7203 5040-7201 1460-1345 5001-0438
MP 1 3	1400-0053 2360-0199 3050-0010 2190-0018 2420-0002	44250	3 6 14 6 10	CLAMP=CABLE .172=DIA .575=KÜ NYL SCREM-MACH 6-32 .438=IN=LG PAN=HD=PÜZI WASHER=FL MTLC ND. 6 .147=IN=ID MASHER=LK HLCL ND. 6 .141=IN=ID NUT=HEX=DBL=CHAM 6-32=THD .109=IN=THK	28480 00000 28480 28480 28480	1400-0053 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 2090-0010 2190-0018 2420-0002
MP14	1400-0024 2360-0199 3050-0010 2190-0018 2420-0002	94255	3	CLAMP-CABLE .25-DIA .5-ND NYL SCREW-MACH 6-32 .436-IN-LG PAN-HD-PUZI WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .147-IN-ID NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK	26480 00000 28480 28480 28480 28480	5450=0005 Chdem Ba descwiblion 1400=0016 1400=0054
MP15 MP16	0460-0114 11715-20003	3	4	FDAM STRIP Limit Shock #1 Nut Assigned	67730 28480	TESA 761-4763 11715-20003
MP17 - MP19 MP20 MP21	0370-2248 0370-0914	7	1	NOT ASSIGNED KNOB, PUSHBUTTON (ON-OFF) BEZEL-PB KNOB, 490LG, 330W, 165HI, JADE	28480 28480	0570-2248 0370-0914
MP22 MP23	0370=1099 2950=0043 2190=0016 2950=0001 Q370=3011 2950=0043 2190=0016 0360=0024	48384832	1 4 1	$\begin{array}{l} KNCB-BASE-PTH 1/2 \; JGK \; \ \ 25-IN-IO \\ NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM \; \ 3/B-32-IHD \; \ \ ,094-IN-THK \\ wASHER-LK \; INTL \; T \; \ 3/B-32-IHD \; \ ,094-IN-THK \\ KNOB \; \ ROUND(CARRIER \; \ FREQUENCY \; \ TUNE) \\ NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM \; \ 3/B-32-IHD \; \ ,094-IN-THK \\ KNOB \; \ ROUND(CARRIER \; \ FREQUENCY \; \ TUNE) \\ NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM \; \ 3/B-32-IHD \; \ ,094-IN-THK \\ wASHER-LK \; \ INTL \; \; \ T/B \; \ IN \; \ ,377-IN-IO \\ TERMINAL-SLOF \; LUG \; PL-MTG \; \ FOR-B3/8-SCR \end{array}$	28480 00000 28480 00000 28480 00000 28480 28480 28480	0370=1099 GROER BY DESCRIPTION 2190-0010 URDER BY DESCRIPTION 0370=3011 URDER BY DESCRIPTION 2190=0010 0360=0024
MP24 MP25 Mp26 Mp27 Mp28 Mp29 - MP31	5040-0345 7120-1254 11715-00015 0400-0010	7	2 1 1 4	NOT ASSIGNED INSULATOR, CONNECTOR NAMEPLATE J12-IN-WD _54-IN-LG AL Shield Circuit GROMMET _25 od Not Assigned	28480 28480 28480 00000	5040-0345 7120-1254 11715-00015 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP29 - MP31 MP32 MP33 MP35 MP36	0340-0486 0340-0875 7120-3528 7120-4163 7120-8053	8 9 6 7 2	1 1 1 1	INSULATOR-COVER NYLON INSULATOR-XSTR THEM-CNDCT LABEL, INFO "CAUTION" LABEL, ID"WARNING,HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE" LABEL, WARNING"WARNING FOR CONTINUED"	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0340-0486 0340-0875 7120-3528 7120-4163 7120-4163 7120-8053
MP37	11715-00013 0400-0018 2360-0117 2200-0105	8064		POWER DECK GROMMET-CHAN NCH .U52-IN-THK-PNL SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480 00000 00000	11715-00013 0400-0018 Order by description Order by description
MP38 MP39	11715-00012 2360-0139 2190-0006 2420-0002 11715-00009 2360-0117	2	14	TRANSFORMER SUPPORT BRACKETS SCREW-MACH 6-32 2-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI WASHER-LK HLCL NO, 6 .141-IN-ID NUT-HEX-OBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK SUPPORT, SHOCK SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-PUZI	28480 00000 28480 28480 28480 00000	11715-00012 Order by description 2190-0006 2420-0002 11715-00009 Order by description

See introduction to this section for ordering information *Indicates factory selected value (() ()

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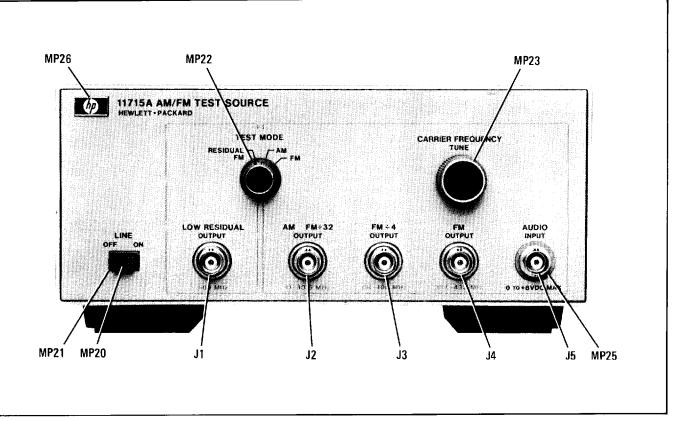
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Figure 6-1. Chassis and Mechanical Parts Identification Front Panel

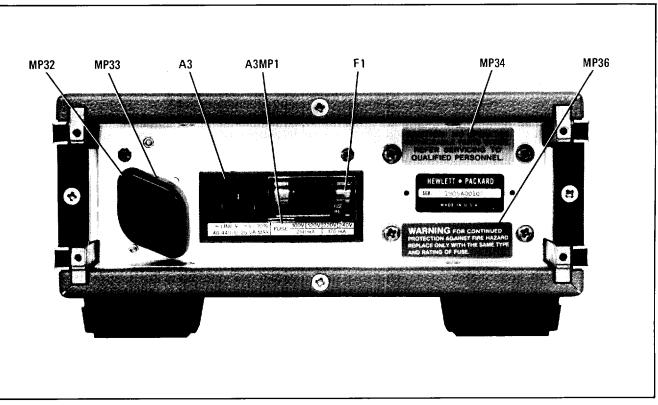


Figure 6-2. Chassis and Mechanical Parts Identification Rear Panel

Model 11715A

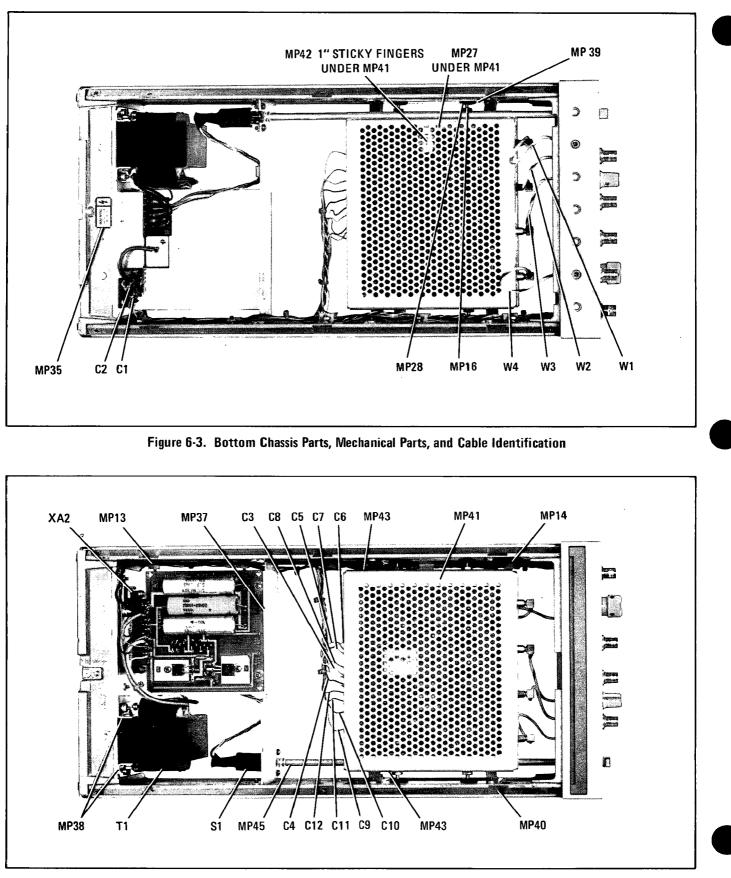


Figure 6-4. Top Chassis Parts, Mechanical Parts, and Cable Identification

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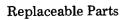
Table 6-2.	Replaceable	Parts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
MP40	1520-0006	1	4	SHOCK MOUNT _5=EFF=HG1 4_5=L8=L0AU=CAP	26480	1520-0006
	2580-0002	4	4	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 8-32-THD _085+IN=THK	00000	URDER BY DESCRIPTION
	2190-0017	4	4	WASHER-LK HLCL NO, 8 ,168-IN-ID	28480	2190-0017
MP41	11715=00004	7	5	COVER, BOARD ENCLOSURE (TOP & BOTTOM)	28480	11715-00004
MP42	0363-0147	6		CONTACT-FINGER .37-+D .13-FREE-HGT BE-CU	30817	97-520-000
MP43	11715-20004	9	5	SIDE PLATE, BUARD ENCLUSURE	28480	11715-20004
	2200-0165	6	6	SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000	URDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP44	11715-00006	9	t	ENDPLATE, BOARD ENCLOSURE (HOLD FEED-THRUS	26480	11715-00006
Mp 4 5	11715-20005 -		1	RUD, SWITCH	28480	11715-20005
	0510-0067	5	5	NUT-SHMET-D-TP 4-40-THD 21-WD STL	28480 28480	0510+0067 0890-0301
	0890-0301	1	_	TUBING-HS .75-D/.375-HCVD .03-WALL POLYO SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN+LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
	2200-0103	5	Ş	SPREMAMARN 4-40 "Solver LavenDeldI	00000	DADER BY DESCRIPTION
Ri	2100-3593	8	1	RESISTOR-VAR PREC W/CP 10+TRM 5K 10%	28480	2100-3593
-	2190-0016	3		WASHER-LK INTL T 3/6 IN .377-IN-ID	28480	2190-0010
	2950-0043	8		NUT=HEX=DUL=CHAM 378=32+THD .094=IN=THK	00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
\$1	3101-2210	3	1	SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON	28480	3101-2216
82	3100-1616	3	i	SWITCH, RUTARY	28480	3100-1616
	2190-0016	3		WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID	28480	2190-0010
	2950-0001	8		NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THE	00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
T1	9100-0647	4	1	TRANSFORMER	26480	9100-0647
-	0890=0029	0		TUBINGHHS "187-DZ U93-HCVD "U2-WALL	26480	0 490 - 00 29
	2190-0006	1		NASHER-LK HLCL NO. 6 .141-IN-ID	28480	2190=0000
	2360-0197	s	•	SCREW-MACH 0-32 ,575-IN-LG PAN-HD-PUZI	00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
	3050-0010	5		WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .147-IN-ID	26480	3050-0010
U1	1826-0173	ι	1	IC V RGLTR TO-3	27014	L*320x=5.2
	2190-0006	1		WASHER-LK HECL ND. 6 .141-IN-ID	26480	2190-0096
	0624-0305	s	5	SCREW-TPG 6-20 _5+IN-LG PAM-HD-POZI	90000	ORDER BY DESCHIPTION
w1	11715-60010	1	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, J1 TO USCILLATUR	28480	11715-60010
H2	11715-60007	6	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, J2 TO USCILLATOR	28480	11715-60007
43	11715-60008	7	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, J3 TU USCILLATOR	28480	11715-60008
M4	11715-60009	8	1	CARLE ASSEMBLY, JA TO USCILLATUR	28480	11715-60009
XA2	1251-0382	5	1	CONNECTURIPC EDGE 12-CUNT/ROW 1_RUM	26480	1251-0382
	2200-0147	4	2	SCREW-MACH 4-40 S-IN-LG PAN-HD-PUZI	00000	UNDER BY DESCRIPTION
	3050-0105	6	5	WASHER-FL MILC NO. 4 125-IN-ID	26480	3050-0105
	2190-0003	8	s	WASHER-LK HLCL ND. 4 ,115-IN-ID	28480	2190-0003
	2300-0197	2		SCREW-MACH 0-32 _375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZJ	00000	URDER BY DESCRIPTION
	2360-0139	2		SCREW-MACH 6-32 2-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	90000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
	3050=0010	5		WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .147-IN-ID	58480	3050-0010
	2190-0006	1		WASHER-LK HLCL NG. 6 ,141-19-10	28460	2190-0006
	2420-0002	6		NUT+HEX=DBL+CHAM 6=32=THD .109=10+THK	28480	2420-0002

Table 6-3. Code List of Manufacturers

00000 ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER 01295 TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV CALLAS TX 75222	Manufacturer Name	Address Zi	p Code
03506GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTOR DEPTSYMACUSENY1320103506KOI PYROFILM CORPMOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTSMOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTSMOUNTAIN VIEw4207231FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIVMOUNTAIN VIEwGA0429404224546CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD)BRADFORDPA1670124931SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO INCBRADFORDPA1670125068SIEMKS CORPISELINNJ0883027014NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPSAVTA CLAPACA9505128460MEMLETT-PACKARO CO CORPORATE HOPALD ALTOCA9430436617INSTRUMENT SPECIALTIES CO INCPALD ALTOCA9430436627SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CONOPTH ADAMS012473718ELECTRO MOTIVE CORP SUB IECNILLIMANTICCT0622672162ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS INCHASECAMN560933750UNITED MINERAL & CHEMICAL CORPNEW YORKNY10013	ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PROD DEPT KDI PYROFILM CORP MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIV CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADPORD) SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO INC SIEMENS CDRP NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP MEMLETTEPACKARD CO CORPORATE HO INSTRUMENT SPECIALTIES CO INC SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO ELECTRO MOTIVE CORP SUB IEC ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS INC JOHNSON E F CO	SYNACUSE NY 132 WHIPPANY NJ 079 PHOENIX AZ 850 MOUNTAIN VIEW CA 940 BRADFORD PA 167 INDIANAPOLIS IN 462 ISELIN NJ 088 SANTA CLARA CA 950 PALO ALTO CA 943 LITTLE FALLS NJ 074 NOPTH ADAMS MA 012 ² wILLIMANTIC CT 062 FRIE PA 165 WASECA MN 560 DES PLAINES IL 660	01 81 62 42 27 30 51 04 24 47 26 12 93 16

See introduction to this section for ordering information *Indicates factory selected value



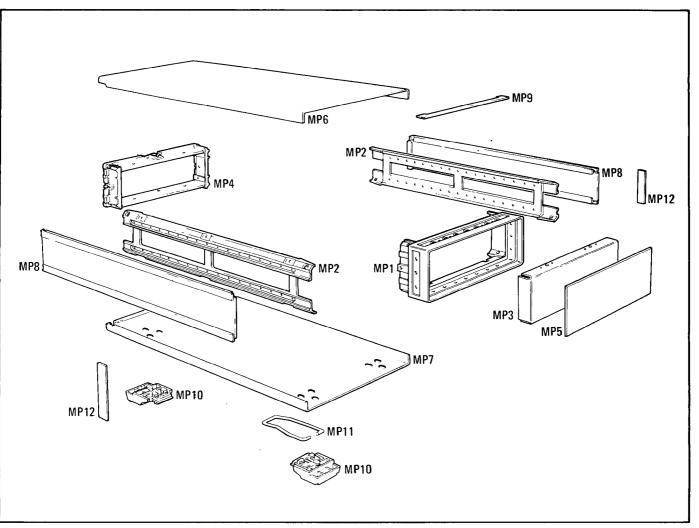


Figure 6-5. Cabinet Parts

Model 11715A

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SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

7-1. INTRODUCTION

This section normally contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. Since this manual does apply directly to instruments having serial numbers listed on the title page, no change information is given here. Refer to INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I for additional important information about serial number coverage.

SECTION VIII SERVICE

8-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for troubleshooting and repairing the AM/FM Test Source. Principles of operation and troubleshooting information are located opposite the schematics on the foldout service sheets. The rest of this section includes general service information.

8-2. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

This section contains warnings and cautions that must be followed for your protection and to avoid damage to the equipment.

WARNINGS

Maintenance described herein is performed with power supplied to the instrument, and protective covers removed Such maintenance should be performed only by service-trained personnel who are aware of the hazards involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Where maintenance can be performed without power applied, the power should be removed.

Before any repair is completed, ensure that all safety features are intact and functioning, and that all necessary parts are connected to their protective grounding means.

8-3. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Circuit blocks are labeled by function on the schematic diagrams. The main blocks have brief descriptions on the page facing the schematic.

8-4. TROUBLESHOOTING

8-5. General. Most troubleshooting information is on the schematics in the form of bias voltages and signal levels. Also, some troubleshooting hints are given on the page opposite the schematics.

8-6. Part Location Aids. The locations of major assemblies, cables, and chassis parts are shown in Section VI following the parts list. Components of the A1 and A2 assemblies are shown on the com-

ponent locator photos adjacent to the schematics. Also, integrated circuits, transistors, adjustments, test points, and connectors are labeled on the circuit boards.

8-7. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment required to maintain the AM/FM Test Source is listed in Table 1-3. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

8-8. REPAIR

8-9. Factory-Selected Components

Some component values are selected at the time of final checkout at the factory (see Table 5-1). Usually these values are not extremely critical; they are selected to provide optimum compatibility with associated components. These components are identified on individual schematics by an asterisk (*). The recommended procedure for replacing a factory-selected part is as follows:

a. Try the same value as the component just removed, then perform the calibration test specificied for the circuit in the performance and adjustment sections of this manual.

b. If calibration cannot be accomplished, try the typical value shown in the parts list and repeat the test.

c. If the test results are still not satisfactory, substitute various values within the tolerances specified in Table 5-1, until the desired result is obtained.

8-10. Etched Circuits

The etched circuit boards in the AM/FM Test Source are of the plated-through type consisting of metallic conductors bonded to both sides of insulating material. The metallic conductors are extended through the component mounting holes by a plating process. Soldering can be done from either side of the board with equally good results.

8-10. Etched Circuits (Cont'd)

a. Avoid unnecessary component substitution; it can result in damage to the circuit board and/or adjacent components.

b. Do not use a high-power soldering iron on etched circuit boards. Excessive heat may lift a conductor or damage the board.

c. Use a suction device or wooden toothpick to remove solder from component mounting holes. DO NOT USE A SHARP METAL OBJECT SUCH AS AN AWL OR TWIST DRILL FOR THIS PURPOSE. SHARP OBJECTS MAY DAMAGE THE PLATED-THROUGH CONDUCTOR.

d. After soldering, remove excess flux from the soldered areas and apply a protective coating to prevent contamination and corrosion. (Avoid getting flux remover on the printed circuit board extractors.)

8-11. Etched Conductor Repair

A broken or burned section of conductor can be repaired by bridging the damaged section with a length of tinned copper wire. Allow adequate overlay and remove any varnish from etched conductor before soldering wire into place.

8-12. Pozidriv Screwdrivers. Many screws in the instrument appear to be Phillips, but are not. To avoid damage to the screw slots, Pozidriv screwdrivers should be used. HP 8710-0899 is a No. 1 Pozidriv. HP 8710-0900 is a No. 2 Pozidriv.

8-13. Top Cover Removal. To remove the instruments top cover perform the following procedure.

a. Unscrew the Pozidriv screw at the back edge of the top cover. This is a captive screw and will cause the top cover to slide towards the rear.

b. Lift off the cover.

8-14. A1 AM/FM Assembly Top Cover Removal and Replacement. To remove and replace the A1 AM/FM assembly top cover perform the following procedure.

a. The cover is held in place by pressure from the "sticky finger" RFI seals. To remove it lift straight up.



Use care when replacing the cover over the A1 AM/FM Assembly to avoid damaging the RFI fingers on the inner edge of the cover. Place the cover squarely over the assembly and press evenly until it is seated. If the RFI fingers should become skewed, apply a firm pressure to slide them into place.

b. To replace the cover place it on the assembly and press down until it is firmly seated.

8-15. Bottom Cover Removal. To remove the instrument's bottom cover, perform the following procedure.

a. Place the instrument upside down.

b. Unscrew the Pozidriv screw at the back edge of the bottom cover. This is a captive screw and will cause the bottom cover to slide towards the rear.

c. Slide the cover towards the rear until the front feet clear the front frame then lift the cover off.

8-16. A1 AM/FM Assembly Bottom Cover Removal and Replacement. To remove and replace the A1 AM/FM Assembly bottom cover perform the following procedure.

a. The cover is held in place by pressure from the "sticky finger" RFI seals. To remove it, lift straight up.

CAUTION

Use care when replacing the cover over the A1 AM/FM Assembly to avoid damaging the RFI fingers on the inner edge of the cover. Place the cover squarely over the assembly and press evenly until it is seated. If the RFI fingers should become skewed, apply a firm pressure to slide them into place.

b. To replace the cover, place it on the assembly and press down until it is firmly seated.

8-17. SCHEMATIC SYMBOLOGY

8-18. General. A summary of schematic diagram symbols is given in Table 8-1, Schematic Diagram Notes. Logic symbols are explained in the following paragraph.

8-19. Logic Symbology. The logic symbols used in this manual are based on the American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Y32.14-1973, "Graphic

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 8-19. Logic Symbology (Cont'd). Symbols for Logic Diagrams Two State Devices''. A summary of the symbology used in this manual is given in Table 8-1, Schematic Diagram Notes. Symbols for the devices used in the AM/FM Test Source are briefly explained below.

a. D-Type Flip-Flop. A D-type flip-flop symbol is shown in Figure 8-1. D-type flip-flops are normally used to store one bit of binary data. The data (a high or low voltage level) at the D_1 input is stored and transferred to the outputs when the C1 input is active (i.e., during a low to high

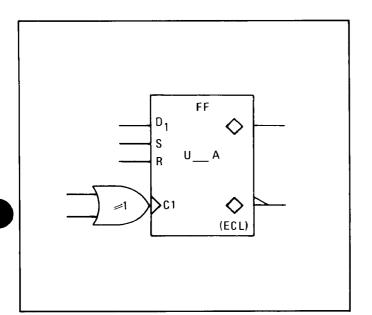


Figure 8-1. D-Type Flip-Flop Symbol

transition at C1). When active, the S and R inputs asynchronously set or reset the flip-flop. If both the S and R inputs are active the output states will be undeterminable.

b. 4 Counter. A 4 counter symbol is shown in Figure 8-2. The counter consists of two flipflops which are internally connected to form a divide-by-four counter. Each time the +1 input goes positive the contents of the counter are incremented one count. The result is that the frequency of the signal at the output is one fourth of that at the +1 input.

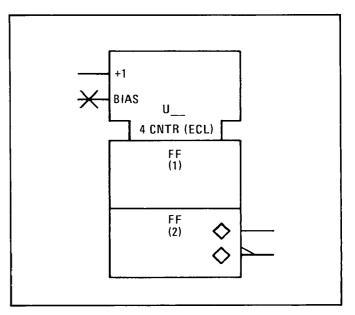


Figure 8-2. 4 Counter Symbol

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Table 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (1 of 4)

*	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES Asterisk denotes a factory-selected value. Value shown is typical. Part may be omitted.
9	Tool-aided adjustment.
	Encloses front-panel designation.
	- Circuit assembly borderline.
	- Other assembly borderline. Also used to indicate mechanical interconnection (ganging).
->	 Heavy line with arrows indicates path and direction of main signal.
	Indicates stripline (i.e., RF transmission line above ground).
<u>≰cw</u>	Wiper moves toward cw with clockwise rotation of control (as viewed from shaft or knot
\$	Numbered Test Point. Measurement aid provided.
	Encloses wire color code. Code used is the same as the resistor color code. First number identifies the base color, second number identifies the wider stripe, and the third number identifies the narrower stripe, e.g., (947) denotes white base, yellow wide stripe, violet narrow stripe.
Ŧ	A direct conducting connection to the earth, or a conducting connection to a structure that has a similar function (e.g., the frame of an air, sea, or land vehicle).
<i>ф</i>	A conducting connection to a chassis or frame.
\Diamond	Common connections. All like-designated points are connected.
1 812	Letters = off page connection, e.g., (AK)
	Number = Service Sheet number for off-page connection, e.g., 12
•	Relay contact moves in direction of arrow when energized.
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Table 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (2 of 4) SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES **Digital Symbology Reference Information** Definitions Active Active State - A binary physical or logical state that corresponds to the true (1-state) of an input, an output, or a function. The opposite of the inactive state. Enable Enabled Condition - A logical state that occurs when dependency conditions are satisfied. A convenient way to think of it is as follows: A function becomes active when • it is enabled (dependency conditions - if any - are satisfied) • and its external stimulus (e.g., voltage level) enters the active state. Input and Output Indicators Polarity Indicator – The active state is relative low voltage level. Implied Indicator – Absence of polarity indicator implies that the active state is a relative high voltage level. Dynamic Indicator – The active state is a transition from a relative low to a relative high voltage level (i.e., positive edge triggered). Open Emitter (or collector) Output - The output must form part of a distributed connection. Non-Logic Input — The input responds to an analog signal or bias voltage. Combinational Logic Functions ≩1 OR - One or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active. Sequential **Logic Functions** Flip-Flop – Binary element with two stable states, set and reset. When the flip-flop is set, FF its outputs will be in their active states. When the flip-flop is reset, its outputs will be in their inactive states. S Set Input – When active causes the flip-flop to set. R Reset Input – When active, causes the flip-flop to reset.

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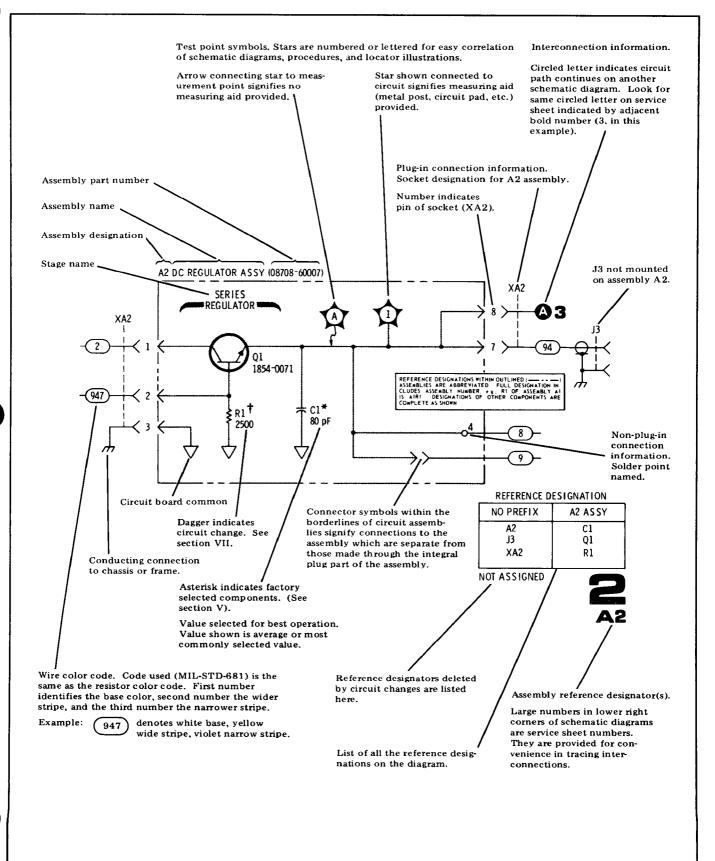
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Table 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (3 of 4)

	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES
	Digital Symbology Reference Information
Sequential Logic Functions (Cont'd)	
D	Data Input – Always enabled by a C (control) input. When the D input is dependency- enabled, a high (or logic 1), at D, will set the flip-flop; a low (or a logic 0) will reset the flip-flop.
4 CNTR	Counter-Array of flip-flops connected to form a counter with modulus 4.
Other Notes	
BIAS	Bias Input — Sets the values of high and low voltage levels. Refer to the table of LOGIC LEVELS on the schematic.
(ECL)	Identifies the logic family — In this case the device is Emitter Coupled Logic. If no family is shown, the device is assumed to be TTL (Transistor—Transistor Logic).





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SERVICE SHEET 1

REFERENCES: In addition to this service sheet refer to:

- Performance Tests Page 4-1
- Adjustments Page 5-1
- Parts List Page 6-1

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The AM/FM Test Source generates two types of signals. One is an umodulated 560 MHz signal that features very low residual FM. The other is a tuneable carrier that can be amplitude or frequency modulated. These signals are generated on the A1 AM/FM Assembly. See the schematic on the facing foldout page for inputs, outputs, controls, and circuit blocks. The circuit descriptions given below are keyed to the circuit blocks labelled on the schematic.

Power Supply Filtering

These circuits contribute to the low residual specifications of the AM/FM Test Source.

400 MHz Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO)

This oscillator's frequency is set by CR2, CR3, L3, and C9. It is tuned and frequency modulated by varying the reverse bias on the two varactor diodes CR2, and CR3. Note that there is no feedback path from the collector to the emitter of Q2. Oscillation is possible because the emitter circuit of Q2 looks like a negative resistance to the tuned circuit. This negative resistance cancels the tank circuits losses making it behave like an ideal resonant circuit.

Limiters

The limiters have two purposes. They prevent any unwanted amplitude modulation of the 400 MHz VCO signal and they buffer the VCO from the FM output and the divider circuits.

÷4 and ÷8 Circuits

These circuits divide the 400 MHz VCO signal to produce the three frequency ranges shown on the

outputs on the schematic. The devices used for the dividers are described in paragraph 8-19 and Table 8-1.

Amplitude Modulator

The modulator is a double-balanced mixer but the roles of the three ports are changed. The local oscillator (LO) port is the carrier input, the intermediate frequency (IF) output is the broadband modulating signal input, and the radio frequency (RF) input is the output. A dc bias is applied to the IF port and the divided VCO signal (the carrier) is applied to the LO port. The bias unbalances the mixer, allowing the carrier to appear at the RF output. Carrier amplitude is a function of the bias level. Therefore, the carrier can be amplutude modulated by superimposing a modulating signal on the bias voltage. One hundred percent modulation occurs when the peak value of the modulating signal equals the bias voltage.

TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

General

Important signal levels and bias voltages are given on the schematic. Modulation characteristics are given in Table 1-1, Specifications, and Table 1-2, Supplemental Information.

Residual AM and FM

Check for power supply ripple at the power supply filter outputs with an oscilloscope. It should be so low that it is unmeasurable.

Modulation Distortion and Linearity

For AM check the modulator bias and output levels. Then, try substituting the amplitude modulator, U6, for AM or the varactors, CR2, and CR3, for FM.

400 MHz VCO or 280 MHz Oscillator Won't Oscillate

Measure dc bias voltages first then substitute the oscillator transistor, Q2, or Q7. Also perform the adjustment procedures in Section V.

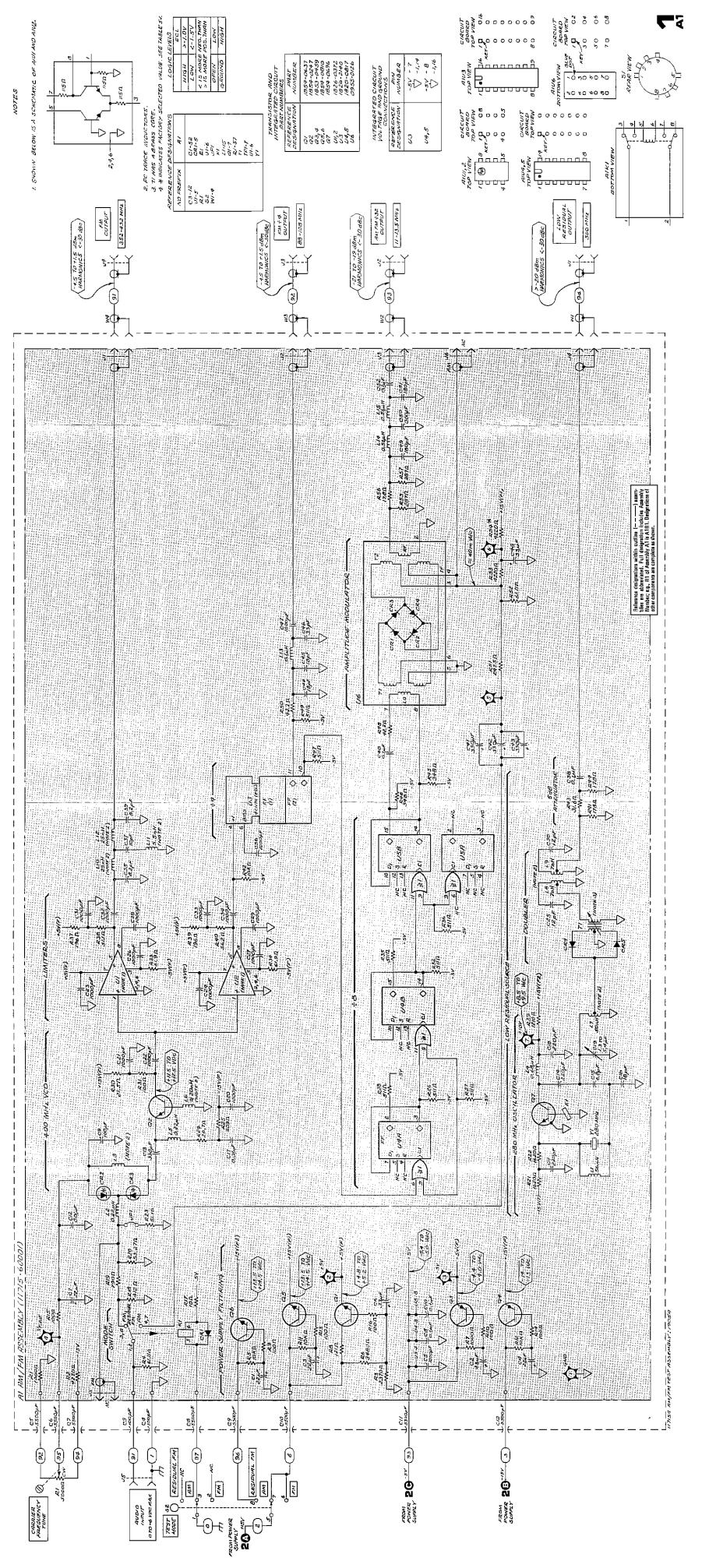
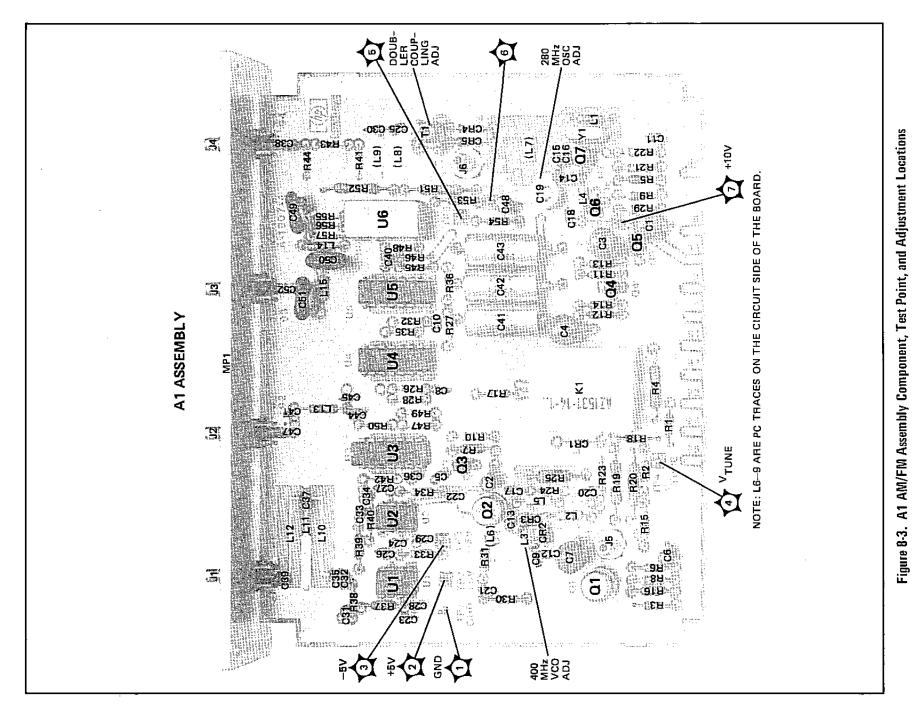


Figure B-4. A1 AM/FM Assembly Schematic Diagram

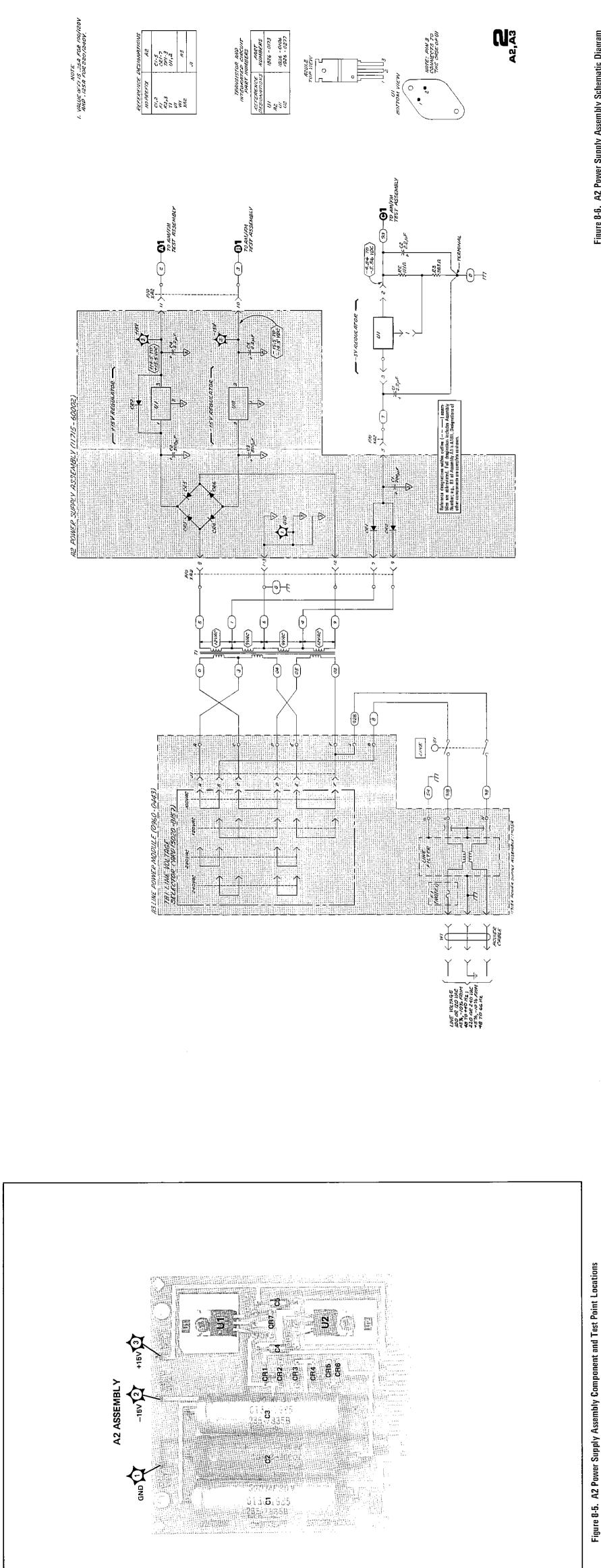
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Service

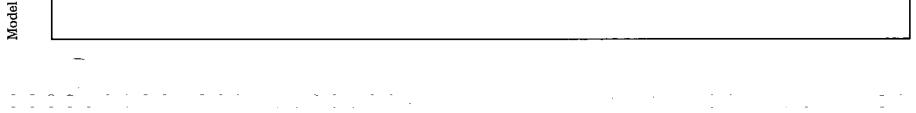


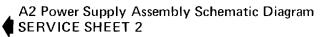
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Model 11715A			
	SERVICE SHEET 2 WARNING Mains voltage is present at the line power module whenever the power cable is con- nected. This hazardous voltage could cause serious personal injury if contacted. TROUBLESHOOTING Voltages are given on the schematic diagram.		
Service			8-10
			A1 AM/FM Assembly Schematic Diagram SERVICE SHEET 1



Service





MANUAL IDENTIFICATION -

AM/FM TEST SOURCE

Model Number: 11715A Date Printed: September, 1979 Part Number: 11715-90004

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

To use this supplement:

Make all ERRATA corrections

Make all appropriate serial number related changes indicated in the tables below.

Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes	Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes
► 2035A	1		

NEW ITEM

ERRATA

Page 1-0, Figure 1-1:

In the figure, change "OPTION 908" to "RACK MOUNTING ADAPTER KIT". In the figure title change "Options 907 and 908" to "Option 907 and Rack Mounting Adapter Kit".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit delete "(Option 908)".

Page 6-11 and Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

If U1 must be replaced and the 1826-0173 Voltage Regulator is no longer available, replace the -5VRegulator Circuit with the new configuration circuit shown in Change 1. A 0.125" diameter hole must be drilled near the lower right (as viewed from the rear) of the U1 Voltage Regulator socket to allow mounting the terminal (0360-1247).

Service Sheet 2 (component locations):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

NOTE

Manual change supplements are revised as often as necessary to keep manuals as current and accurate as possible. Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest edition of this supplement. Free copies are available from all HP offices. When requesting copies quote the manual identification information from your supplement, or the model number and print date from the title page of the manual.



2 October 1980 3 Pages



ERRATA (Cont'd)

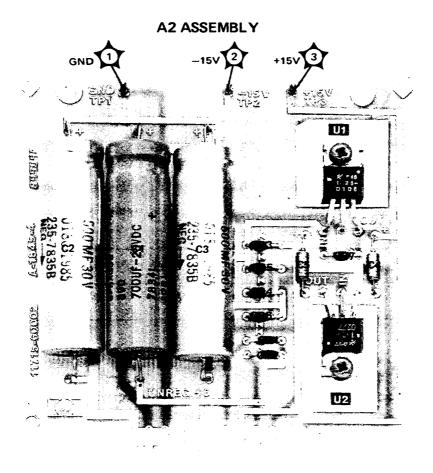


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component and Test Point Locations (P/O Errata)



11715-90004

► CHANGE 1

Page 6-11, Table 6-2:

Add R2 0757-0403 CD2 121 1% .125W F TC=0±100. Add R3 0698-3446 CD3 383 1% .125W F TC=0±100.

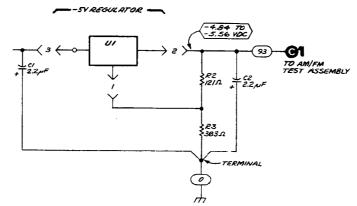
Change U1 to 1826-0523 CD5 1C 337 V RGLTR TO-3.

Add below U1:

0360-1247 CD3 TERMINAL-STUD DBL-TUR INT-THD-MTG. 2200-0103 CD2 SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI.

Service Sheet 2 (schematic):

- Change the Transistor and Integrated Circuit Part Numbers Table on the right-hand side of the schematic as follows: "U1 1826-0173" to "U1 1826-0523".
- Delete the -5V Regulator circuit in the lower right-hand portion of the schematic and replace it with the following circuit:







AM/FM TEST SOURCE

• MANUAL IDENTIFICATION -

Model Number: 11715A Date Printed: September, 1979 Part Number: 11715-90004

This supplement contains important information for correcting manual errors and for adapting the manual to instruments containing improvements made after the printing of the manual.

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Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes	Serial Prefix
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Serial Prefix or Number	Make Manual Changes
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► NEW ITEM

ERRATA

Page 1-0, Figure 1-1:

In the figure, change "OPTION 908" to "RACK MOUNTING ADAPTER KIT". In the figure title change "Options 907 and 908" to "Option 907 and Rack Mounting Adapter Kit".

Page 1-2, paragraph 1-7:

Under Rack Mounting Adapter Kit delete "(Option 908)".

Service Sheet 2 (component locations):

Replace Figure 8-5 with the attached Figure 8-5.

NOTE

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2 October 1979 2 Pages



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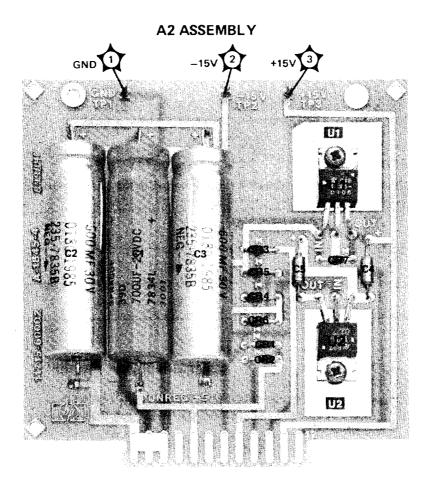


Figure 8-5. A2 Power Supply Assembly Component and Test Point Locations (P/O Errata)

