

Keysight Technologies Tips for Preventing Spectrum Analyzer Damage Application Brief



Ensure proper grounding

- Always use the three-prong AC power cord supplied with the analyzer.
- Proper grounding of the instrument will prevent a build-up of electrostatic charge which may be harmful to the instrument and the operator.
- Do not damage the earth-grounding protection by using an extension cable, power cable, or autotransformer without a protective ground conductor.
- Check AC power quality and polarity; typical AC voltage required is 100 V, 120 V, 220 V \pm 10% or 240 V \pm 5%/-10%. Typical expected grounding wire resistance is < 1 Ω , the voltage between neutral and ground line is < 1 V. Install uninterruptible power supply [UPS] if necessary.
- For more information, visit
 www.metrologyforum.tm.keysight.com/grounding.shtml

Read the warning labels and specifications

- Do not exceed the values provided in the specifications guide or as indicated by the yellow warning labels on the analyzer.
- Refer to the specification guide for conditions required to meet with the listed specification. Note information regarding stabilization time, instrument settings and calibration/ alignment requirements.
- For example, the yellow warning label on the front panel of E4440A PSA indicates the maximum RF input power can be applied is 30 dBm (1 W) and 0 Vdc DC Coupled or 100 Vdc AC Coupled.

Avoid overpowering the analyzer

- Avoid front end damage by having some idea of the signal level to be measured with the spectrum analyzer.
 Overpowering the front end can cause damage to the front end components. Typical maximum RF input signal level is 30 dBm (1 W).
- Before turning on or turning off the connected equipment or the DUT, turn off or reduce the DUT/source power. This should help to prevent unexpected voltage swell or sag affecting the input or the output of analyzer.
- Properly apply a DC block, limiter or external attenuator as needed. For more info visit www.keysight.com/find/mta.
- For example,
 - Keysight 11867A RF limiter is available to provide input protection. It will reflect signals up to a level of 10 W average power and 100 W peak power. 11867A will provide input protection, within the specified frequency range for the attenuator and mixer for many spectrum analyzer applications.
 - 11742A blocking capacitor blocks DC signals below
 45 MHz and passes signals up to 26.5 GHz. Ideal for use with high frequency oscilloscopes or in biased microwave circuits, it will suppress low frequency signals that can damage expensive measuring equipment.

Protect the RF input connector

- Be careful not to bend, bump or flex any device under test (DUT) connected to the input of the analyzer (such as filters, attenuators, or large cables). This will reduce the amount of strain placed on the input connector and the mounted hardware.
- Ensure externally connected items are properly supported (not freely suspended) from the input.
- Do not mix using 50 Ω and 75 Ω connectors and cables.



Follow proper RF cable and connector care

- Avoid repeated bending of cables. A single sharp bend can damage a cable instantly.
- Limit the number of connections and disconnections to reduce wear.
- Inspect the connectors prior to use; look for dirt, nicks, and other signs of damage or wear. A bad connector can ruin the good connector instantly.
- Always use torque wrench and gauge tools for connecting RF connectors.
- Clean dirty connectors to prevent poor electrical connections or damage to the connector. For more cable and connector care tips, refer to Application Note 326 found at www.keysight.com/find/cable_care

Follow electrostatic discharge precautions

- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy electronic components. Whenever possible, conduct testing at a static-safe workstation. Keep electrostatic-generating materials at least one meter away from all components. Before connecting any coaxial cable to an analyzer, momentarily short the center and outer conductors of the cable together to ground.
- Install ESD protective covers on all RF connectors prior to shipping and moving equipment.
- For more information visit the Electrostatic Discharge Association **www.esda.org**

Check for proper ventilation and humidity

- Periodically check and clean the cooling vents of the instrument. Inadequate airflow can result in excessive operating temperatures which can lead to instrument failures. Optimal operating temperature is between 20 °C to 30 °C.
- When installing the product in a cabinet, the convection air currents in and out of the instrument must not be restricted. The ambient temperature must be less than the maximum operating temperature of the product by 4 °C for every 100 W dissipated in the cabinet. If the total power dissipated in the cabinet is greater than 800 W, then forced convection must be used.

Use proper lifting techniques

- Lift the instrument by the handles when transporting.
- Avoid picking up the instrument with your hand over the front panel. If the instrument slips, damage may occur to the keypad, knob, or input connectors.
- Use a cart or two persons to help move any heavy instrument.

Use proper packing for transport

 Instrument damage can result from using packaging materials other than those specified. Never use styrene pellets in any shape as packaging materials. They do not adequately cushion the equipment and can cause equipment damage by generating static electricity. If possible, retain the original packaging for re-use when shipping the instrument.

Change your instrument settings

- Review the measurement procedures and settings needed for a particular application prior to making any measurements (refer to measurement guide).
- Depending on the type of repair, the analyzer settings may have been reset to the factory defaults.

Get the latest information about your product

- Check for updated service notes: www.keysight.com/find/servicenotes
- Subscribe to the Keysight e-mail updates: www.keysight.com/find/emailupdate
- Check signal/spectrum analyzer product information: www.keysight.com/find/sa
- For worldwide service locations visit: www.keysight.com/find/assist



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