Keysight InfiniiVision 7000 Series Oscilloscopes

Service Guide



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Warranty

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A WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

In This Service Guide

This book provides the service information for the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes. This manual is divided into these chapters:

1 Characteristics and Specifications

This chapter contains a partial list of characteristics and specifications for the Keysight InfiniiVision 7000 Series oscilloscopes.

2 Testing Performance

This chapter explains how to verify correct oscilloscope operation and perform tests to ensure that the oscilloscope meets the performance specifications.

3 Calibrating and Adjusting

This chapter explains how to adjust the oscilloscope for optimum operating performance.

4 Troubleshooting

This chapter begins with suggestions for solving general problems that you may encounter with the oscilloscope. Procedures for troubleshooting the oscilloscope follow the problem solving suggestions.

5 Replacing Assemblies

This chapter describes how to remove assemblies from the 7000 Series oscilloscope.

6 Replaceable Parts

This chapter describes how to order replaceable assemblies and parts for the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes. It includes diagrams and parts lists for hardware that you can order.

At the front of the book you will find safety notice descriptions and document warranties.

Digital Channels

Because all of the oscilloscopes in the Keysight 7000 Series have analog channels, the analog channel topics in this book apply to all instruments. Whenever a topic discusses the digital channels, that information applies only to Mixed-Signal Oscilloscope (MSO) models or DSO models that have been upgraded to an MSO.

Abbreviated instructions for pressing a series of keys

Instructions for pressing a series of keys are written in an abbreviated manner. Instructions for pressing Key1, then pressing Key2, then pressing Key3 are abbreviated as follows:

Press $Key1 \rightarrow Key2 \rightarrow Key3$.

The keys may be front panel keys, or softkeys, which are located directly below the oscilloscope display.

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1 Characteristics and Specifications

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This chapter contains a partial list of characteristics and specifications for the Keysight InfiniiVision 7000 Series oscilloscopes.

For a full list of Keysight InfiniiVision 7000 Series oscilloscopes characteristics and specifications see the data sheet.

The data sheet is available at www.keysight.com/find/7000.



Power Requirements

Line voltage, frequency, and power

~Line 100-120 Vac, 50/60/400 Hz 100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz 120 W max

Measurement Category

Measurement Category

The InfiniiVision 7000 Series oscilloscope is intended to be used for measurements in Measurement Category I.

WARNING

Use this instrument only for measurements within its specified measurement category.

Measurement Category Definitions

Measurement category I is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS. Examples are measurements on circuits not derived from MAINS, and specially protected (internal) MAINS derived circuits. In the latter case, transient stresses are variable; for that reason, the transient withstand capability of the equipment is made known to the user.

Measurement category II is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. Examples are measurements on household appliances, portable tools and similar equipment.

Measurement category III is for measurements performed in the building installation. Examples are measurements on distribution boards, circuit-breakers, wiring, including cables, bus-bars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment, for example, stationary motors with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

Measurement category IV is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation. Examples are electricity meters and measurements on primary overcurrent protection devices and ripple control units.

Transient Withstand Capability

CAUTION

Maximum input voltage for analog inputs

CAT I 300 Vrms, 400 Vpk; transient overvoltage 1.6 kVpk with 10073C or 10074C 10:1 probe: CAT I 500 Vpk

CAUTION

Do not exceed 5 Vrms in 50 Ω mode. Input protection is enabled in 50 Ω mode, and the 50 Ω load will disconnect if greater than 5 Vrms is detected. However, the input could still be damaged, depending on the time constant of the signal. The 50 Ω input protection mode only functions when the oscilloscope is powered on.

CAUTION

Maximum input voltage for logic channels:

±40 V peak CAT I; transient overvoltage 800 Vpk

Environmental Conditions

Environment Indoor use only.

Ambient temperature Operating 0 °C to +55 °C; non-operating -40 °C to +70 °C

Humidity Operating 95% RH at 40 °C for 24 hr; non-operating 90% RH at 65 °C for 24 hr

Altitude Operating to 4,570 m (15,000 ft); non-operating to 15,244 m (50,000 ft)

Overvoltage Category This product is intended to be powered by MAINS that comply to Overvoltage Category II, which is typical of cord-and-plug connected equipment.

Pollution Degree The InfiniiVision 7000 Series Oscilloscope may be operated in environments of Pollution Degree 2 (or Pollution Degree 1).

Pollution Degree Definitions Pollution Degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. Example: A clean room or climate controlled office environment.

Pollution Degree 2. Normally only dry non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation may occur. Example: General indoor environment.

Pollution Degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. Example: Sheltered outdoor environment.

Specifications

Please see the *InfiniiVision 7000 Series Oscilloscopes Data Sheet* for complete, up-to-date specifications and characteristics.

To download a copy of the data sheet please visit: www.keysight.com/find/7000.

Or go to the Keysight home page at www.keysight.com and search for **7000 Series** oscilloscopes data sheet.

To order a data sheet by phone, please contact your local Keysight office. A contact list is provided on the next page. The most up-to-date list is available at: www.keysight.com/find/contactus

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1 Characteristics and Specifications

2 Testing Performance

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This chapter explains how to verify correct oscilloscope operation and perform tests to ensure that the oscilloscope meets the performance specifications.



Overview

To completely test and troubleshoot MSO models, create and use the test connector accessory as described in this chapter.

- The test connector is only required for oscilloscopes that have the MSO option licensed (enabled).
- The connector is used in the digital channel threshold accuracy test.
- The test connector keeps electrical distortion to a minimum and makes it easy for you to connect the oscilloscope probes to function generators and measurement equipment.

Let the Equipment Warm Up Before Testing

For accurate test results, let the test equipment and the oscilloscope warm up 30 minutes before testing.

Verifying Test Results

During the tests, record the readings in the Performance Test Record on page 55. To verify whether a test passes, verify that the reading is within the limits in the Performance Test Record.

If a performance test fails

If a performance test fails, first perform the User Cal procedure. Press the following keys to access User Cal: Utility→Service→Start User Cal.

List of Test Equipment

Below is a list of test equipment and accessories required to perform the performance test verification procedures.

 Table 1
 List of test equipment

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/ Part Number
Test connector, 8-by-2*	See page 28 for instructions on building test connector.	n/a
Digital Multimeter	0.1 mV resolution, 0.005% accuracy	Keysight 34401A
Power Splitter	Outputs differ by 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667B
Oscilloscope Calibrator	DC offset voltage of -5.5 V to 35.5 V, 0.1 V resolution 25 MHz–500 MHz sine wave, 5 ppm	Fluke 5820A
Signal Generator	25 MHz, 100 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, and 1 GHz sine waves	Keysight N5181A, E4400B, or 8648A
Power Meter & Sensor	1 GHz ±3% accuracy	Keysight E4418B & 8482A
BNC banana cable	BNC (m) to dual banana	Pomona 2BC-BNC-36 or Keysight 11001-66001
BNC cable (qty 3)	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 10503A [†]
Cable	Type N (m) 609.6 mm (24 in.)	Keysight 11500B
Probe cable*	No substitute	Keysight 01650-61607 [†] or Keysight N6450-60001
Adapter	BNC(f) to banana(m)	Keysight 1251-2277 [†]
Adapter	BNC Tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 [†] or Pomona 3285
Adapter	Type N (m) to BNC (m)	Keysight 1250-0082 or Pomona 3288 with Pomona 3533
Blocking capacitor and shorting cap	Note: if a BNC blocking capacitor is not available use an SMA blocking capacitor.	Keysight 10240-70001 + Keysight 1250-0774 or Keysight 11742A + Pomona 4288 + Pomona 5088A
Adapter (qty 3)	N(m) to BNC(f)	Keysight 1250-0780

2 Testing Performance

Table 1 List of test equipment

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/ Part Number
Feedthrough	50Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m)	Keysight 0960-0301

^{*} Required only for testing digital channels of oscilloscopes that have the MSO option.

Most parts and equipment are available at www.keysight.com. See respective manufacturer's websites for their equipment.

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ These parts available at www.parts.key sight.com at the time this manual was published.

Fluke MET/CAL Procedures

Fluke MET/CAL procedures are available for the 7000 Series oscilloscopes.



The MET/CAL badge with "PROCEDURES AVAILABLE" signifies that Fluke has created Warranted MET/CAL procedures to verify the performance of this instrument using MET/CAL metrology software. These procedures can be obtained from Fluke. Please see http://www.fluke.com and search for MET/CAL for more information.

Conventions

The following conventions will be used when referring to oscilloscope models throughout this chapter.

Table 2 Conventions

Models	Referred to as:
MSO/DS07012A/B, MSO/DS07014A/B	100 MHz Models
MSO/DS07032A/B, MSO/DS07034A/B	350 MHz Models
MSO/DS07052A/B, MSO/DS07054A/B	500 MHz Models
MSO/DS07104A/B	1 GHz Models

To construct the test connector (for use with MSO models only)

Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes that have digital channels enabled require the test connector described below. Follow the steps to build the test connector.

 Table 3
 Materials required to construct the test connectors

Description	Recommended Part	Qty
BNC (f) Connector	Keysight 1250-1032 or Pomona 4578	1
Berg Strip, 8-by-2	3M .100" x .100" Pin Strip Header or similar	1 strip, cut to length (8x2)
Jumper wire		

- 1 Obtain a BNC connector and an 8-by-2 section of Berg strip. A longer strip can be cut to length using wire cutters.
- 2 On one side of the Berg strip, solder a jumper wire to all of the pins (shown in Figure 1 on page 29).
- **3** On the other side of the Berg strip, solder another jumper wire to all of the pins.
- **4** Solder the center of the BNC connector to a center pin on one of the rows on the Berg strip.
- **5** Solder the ground tab of the BNC connector to a center pin on the other row on the Berg strip.

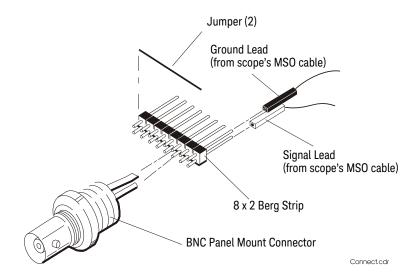


Figure 1 Constructing the 8-by-2 Connector

To test digital channels (MSO models only)

The acquisition system testing provides confidence that the acquisition system is functioning correctly. It does not, however, check a particular specification.

- 1 Disconnect all probes from the circuit under test and from any other input source.
- **2** Using probe leads and grabbers, connect digital channels D0, D1, D2, and D3 to the Probe Comp signal on the center of the front panel.
- 3 Press the AutoScale key.

If four square waves appear, the acquisition system is functioning correctly.

If the square waves do not appear, go to the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here to finish testing the digital channels.

- 4 Disconnect the digital channels from the calibration point.
- **5** Use steps 2 and 3 to test the following sets of digital channels. After you test one set of digital channels, remove them before connecting the next set.
 - D4, D5, D6, D7
 - D8, D9, D10, D11
 - D12, D13, D14, D15

To verify digital channel threshold accuracy (MSO models only)

This test verifies the digital channel threshold accuracy specification of the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes.

Threshold accuracy test limits = $\pm(100 \text{ mV} + 3\% \text{ of threshold setting})$

When to Test

You should perform this test every 12 months or after 2000 hours of operation, whichever comes first.

What to Test

Use these instructions to test the threshold settings of digital channels D7-D0. Then, use the same instructions to test digital channels D15-D8.

Verifying Test Results

After each threshold test, record the voltage reading in the Performance Test Record on page 55. To verify whether a test passes, verify that the voltage reading is within the limits in the Performance Test Record.

 Table 4
 Equipment Required to Test Digital Channel Threshold Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Digital Multimeter	0.1 mV resolution, 0.005% accuracy	Keysight 34401A
Oscilloscope Calibrator	DC offset voltage 6.3 V	Fluke 5820A
BNC-Banana Cable		Keysight 11001-66001 or Pomona 2BC-BNC-36
BNC Tee		Keysight 1250-0781 or Pomona 3285
50 Ω BNC Cable		Keysight 10503A
BNC Test Connector, 8-by-2		User-built (See page 28)
Probe Cable		Keysight 01650-61607 or Keysight N6450-60001

- 1 Turn on the test equipment and the oscilloscope. Let them warm up for 30 minutes before starting the test.
- **2** Set up the oscilloscope calibrator.
 - **a** Set the oscilloscope calibrator to provide a DC offset voltage at the Channel 1 output.
 - **b** Use the multimeter to monitor the oscilloscope calibrator DC output voltage.
- **3** Use the 8-by-2 test connector and the BNC cable assembly to connect digital channels D0-D7 to one side of the BNC Tee. Then connect the D0-D7 ground lead to the ground side of the 8-by-2 connector. See Figure 2.

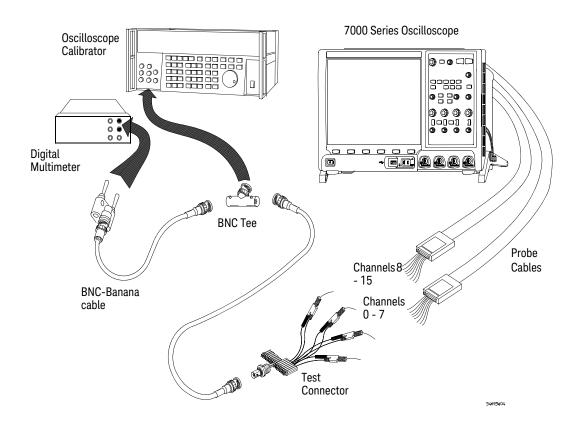


Figure 2 Setting Up Equipment for Digital Channel Threshold Accuracy Test

- **4** Use a BNC-banana cable to connect the multimeter to the other side of the BNC Tee.
- **5** Connect the BNC Tee to the Channel 1 output of the calibrator as shown in Figure 2.
- **6** On the oscilloscope, press the **D15-D0** key, then press the **Thresholds** softkey, then press the **D7 D0** softkey repeatedly until the check mark is next to **User**.
- 7 Press the **User** softkey to the right of the **D7 D0** softkey, then turn the Entry knob () on the front panel of the oscilloscope to set the threshold test settings as shown in **Table 5**.

Threshold voltage setting (in oscilloscope User softkey)	DC offset voltage setting (on oscilloscope calibrator)	Limits
+5.00 V	+5.250 V ±1 mV dc	Lower limit = +4.750 V Upper limit = +5.250 V
-5.00 V	-4.750 V ±1 mV dc	Lower limit = -5.250 V Upper limit = -4.750 V
0.00 V	+100m V ±1 mV dc	Upper limit = +100 mV Lower limit = -100 mV

Table 5 Threshold Accuracy Voltage Test Settings

- 8 Do the following steps for each of the threshold voltage levels shown in Table 5.
 - **a** Set the threshold voltage shown in the **User** softkey using the Entry knob on the oscilloscope.
 - **b** Enter the corresponding DC offset voltage on the oscilloscope calibrator front panel. Then use the multimeter to verify the voltage.
 - Digital channel activity indicators are displayed on the status line at the top of the oscilloscope display. The activity indicators for D7-D0 should show all of the channels at digital high levels.
 - **c** Use the knob on the oscilloscope calibrator to decrease the offset voltage, in increments of 10 mV, until the activity indicators for digital channels D7-D0 are all at digital low levels. Record the oscilloscope calibrator voltage in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).
 - **d** Use the knob on the oscilloscope calibrator to increase the offset voltage, in increments of 10 mV, until the activity indicators for digital channels D7-D0 are all at digital high levels. Record the oscilloscope calibrator voltage in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).

Before proceeding to the next step, make sure that you have recorded the oscilloscope calibrator voltage levels for each of the threshold settings shown in **Table 5**.

- **9** Use the 8-by-2 test connector to connect digital channels D15-D8 to the output of the oscilloscope calibrator. Then connect the D15-D8 ground lead to the ground side of the 8-by-2 connector.
- **10** Repeat this procedure (steps 6 through 8) for digital channels D15-D8 to verify threshold accuracy and record the threshold levels in the Performance Test

l/Part

Record (see page 55). Be sure to set the thresholds with the **User** softkey for the appropriate set of channels.

To verify voltage measurement accuracy

This test verifies the accuracy of the analog channel voltage measurement for each channel. In this test, you will measure the dc voltage output of an oscilloscope calibrator using dual cursors on the oscilloscope, and compare the results with the multimeter reading.

Test limits: ±2.0% of full scale ±1 LSB*

- Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range.
- Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.
 *1 LSB = 0.4% of full scale

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Mode
Oscilloscope Calibrator	14 mV to 35 Vdc, 0.1 V resolution	Fluke 5820A

 Table 6
 Equipment Required to Verify Voltage Measurement Accuracy

Oscilloscope Calibrator	14 mV to 35 Vdc, 0.1 V resolution	Fluke 5820A	
Digital multimeter	Better than 0.01% accuracy	Keysight 34401A	
Cable	BNC, Qty 2	Keysight 10503A	
Shorting cap	BNC	Keysight 1250-0774	
Adapter	BNC (f) to banana (m)	Keysight 1251-2277	
Adapter	BNC tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 or Pomona 3285	
Blocking capacitor		Keysight 10240-70001 + Keysight 1250-0774 or Keysight 11742A + Pomona 4288 + Pomona 5088A	

- **1** Set up the oscilloscope.
 - **a** Adjust the channel 1 position knob to place the baseline at 0.5 major division from the bottom of the display.
 - **b** Set the Volts/Div setting to the value in the first line in Table 7.

 Table 7
 Settings Used to Verify Voltage Measurement Accuracy

Volts/Div Setting	Oscilloscope Calibrator Setting	Test Limits		
5 V/Div	35 V	34.04 V	to	35.96 V
2 V/Div	14 V	13.616 V	to	14.384 V
1 V/Div	7 V	6.808 V	to	7.192 V
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.404 V	to	3.596 V
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.3616 V	to	1.4384 V
100 mV/Div	700 mV	680.8 mV	to	719.2 mV
50 mV/Div	350 mV	340.4 mV	to	359.6 mV
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136.16 mV	to	143.84 mV
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68.08 mV	to	71.92 mV
5 mV/Div	35 mV	34.04 mV	to	35.96 mV
2 mV/Div ¹	14 mV	13.232 mV	to	14.768 mV

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range.

Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.

- c Press the **Acquire** key. Then press the **Averaging** softkey and set **#Avgs** to 64. Wait a few seconds for the measurement to settle.
- 2 Press the **Cursors** key, set the **Mode** softkey to **Normal**, then press the **XY** softkey and select **Y**. Press the **Y1** softkey, then use the Entry knob (labeled on the front panel) to set the Y1 cursor on the baseline of the signal.
- **3** Use the BNC tee and cables to connect the oscilloscope calibrator /power supply to both the oscilloscope and the multimeter (see Figure 3).

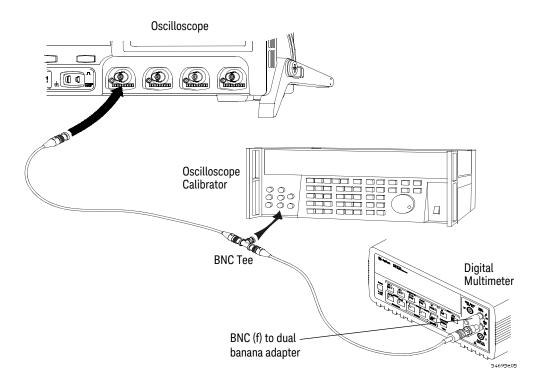


Figure 3 Setting up Equipment for Voltage Measurement Accuracy Test

- **4** Adjust the output so that the multimeter reading displays the first Volts/div calibrator setting value in **Table 7**.
 - Wait a few seconds for the measurement to settle.
- **5** Press the **Y2** softkey, then position the Y2 cursor to the center of the voltage trace using the Entry knob.
 - The ΔY value on the lower line of the display should be within the test limits of Table 7. If a result is not within the test limits, go to the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.
- **6** Continue to check the voltage measurement accuracy with the remaining Volts/div setting values in Table 7.

- **7** When you are finished checking all of the voltage values, disconnect the oscilloscope calibrator from the oscilloscope.
- **8** Repeat this procedure for the remaining channels to be tested.

Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

On the more sensitive ranges, such as 2 mV/div and 5 mV/div, noise may be a factor. To eliminate the noise, add a BNC Tee, blocking capacitor, and shorting cap at the oscilloscope channel input to shunt the noise to ground. See Figure 4. If a BNC capacitor is not available, use an SMA blocking capacitor, adapter, and cap. See "Blocking capacitor and shorting cap in the equipment list on page 25 for details.

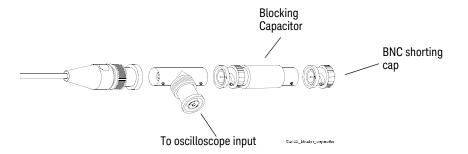


Figure 4 Using a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

To verify bandwidth

This test checks the bandwidth of the oscilloscope. In this test you will use a signal generator and a power meter.

1 GHz Models

Test limits at 2 mV/div to 5 V/div

- · All channels (-3 dB)
 - dc to 1 GHz

500 MHz Models

Test limits at 2 mV/div to 5 V/div

- · All channels (-3 dB)
 - dc to 500 MHz

350 MHz Models

Test limits at 2 mV/div to 5 V/div

- All channels (-3 dB)
 - dc to 350 MHz

100 MHz Models

Test limits at 2 mV/div to 5 V/div

- All channels (-3 dB)
 - dc to 100 MHz

 Table 8
 Equipment Required to Verify Bandwidth

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	100 kHz - 1 GHz at 200 mVrms	Keysight N5181A, E4400B, or 8648A
Power Meter/Sensor	1 MHz - 1 GHz ±3% accuracy	Keysight E4418B/8482A
Power Splitter	outputs differ by < 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667A
Cable	Type N (m) 24 inch	Keysight 11500B
Adapter	Type N (m) to BNC (m)	Keysight 1250-0082 or Pomona 3288 with Pomona 3533

- 1 Connect the equipment (see Figure 5).
 - **a** Use the N cable to connect the signal generator to the input of the power splitter input.
 - **b** Connect the power sensor to one output of the power splitter.
 - **c** Use an N-to-BNC adapter to connect the other splitter output to the channel 1 input.

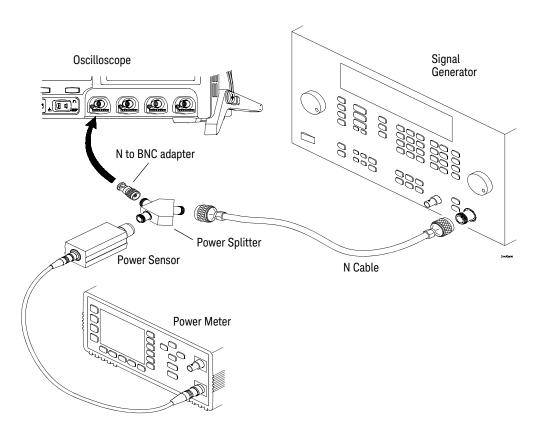


Figure 5 Setting Up Equipment for Bandwidth Verification Test

2 Set up the power meter.

Set the power meter to display measurements in units of watts.

- 3 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Press the Save/Recall key, then press the Default Setup softkey.
 - **b** Press the **Acquire** key, then press the **Realtime** softkey to unselect Realtime.
 - c Set channel 1 Coupling to DC.
 - d Set channel 1 Imped to 50 0hm.
 - e Set the time base to 500 ns/div.
 - **f** Set the Volts/Div for channel 1 to 200 mV/div.
 - g Press the Acquire key, then press the Averaging softkey.
 - **h** Turn the Entry knob to set **# Avgs** to 8 averages.
- 4 Set the signal generator for 1 MHz and six divisions of amplitude.

The signal on the oscilloscope screen should be about five cycles at six divisions amplitude.

- 5 Set up the Amplitude measurement
 - a Press the Quick Meas key.
 - **b** Press the **Clear Meas** softkey.
 - **c** Press the **Select:** softkey and use the Entry knob to select **Std Deviation** within the select menu.
 - **d** Press the **Measure Std Dev** softkey.
- **6** Note the oscilloscope Std Dev(1) reading at the bottom of the screen. (This is the RMS value with any dc offset removed.)
- 7 Set the power meter Cal Factor % to the 1 MHz value on the calibration chart on the power sensor.
- **8** Note the reading on the power meter and covert to Vrms using the expression:

$$Vin_{1MHz} = \sqrt{Pmeas_{1MHz} \times 50\Omega}$$

For example, if the power meter reading is 892 uW, then Vin_{1MHz} = (892*10⁻⁶ * 50Ω)^{1/2} = 211.2 mV_{rms}.

- **9** Change the signal generator output frequency according to the maximum frequency for the oscilloscope using the following:
 - 1 GHz Models: 1 GHz

- 500 MHz Models: 500 MHz

350 MHz Models: 350 MHz

- 100 MHz Models: 100 MHz
- **10** Referencing the frequency from step 9, set the power meter Cal Factor % to the frequency value on the calibration chart on the power sensor.

11 Set the oscilloscope sweep speed according to the following:

1 GHz Models: 500 ps/div
500 MHz Models: 1 ns/div
350 MHz Models: 2 ns/div
100 MHz Models: 5 ns/div

12 Note the oscilloscope Std Dev(1) reading at the bottom of the screen.

13 Note the reading on the power meter and covert to Vrms using the expression:

$$Vin_{max_freq} = \sqrt{Pmeas_{max_freq} \times 50\Omega}$$

14 Calculate the response using the expression:

$$response(dB) = 20 log_{10} \left[\frac{Vout_{max freq} / Vin_{max freq}}{Vout_{1 MHz} / Vin_{1 MHz}} \right]$$

Example

lf:

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Pmeas_{1_MHz}=892\;uW} \\ {\rm Std\; Dev(n)} \ _{1MHz}=210.4\; {\rm mV} \\ {\rm Pmeas} \ _{max_freq}=687\; {\rm uW} \\ {\rm Std\; Dev(n)} \ _{max\;freq}=161.6\; {\rm mV} \end{array}$

Then after converting the values from the power meter to Vrms:

response(dB) =
$$20 \log_{10} \left[\frac{161.6 \text{ mV} / 185.3 \text{ mV}}{210.4 \text{ mV} / 211.2 \text{ mV}} \right] = -1.16 \text{ dB}$$

- **15** The result from step 14 should be within -3.0 dB. Record the result in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).
- **16** Move the power splitter from the channel 1 to the channel 2 input.
- 17 Turn off the current channel and turn on the next channel using the channel keys.
- **18** Repeat steps 3 through 17 for the remaining channels, setting the parameters of the channel being tested where appropriate.

To verify time scale accuracy

This test verifies the accuracy of the time scale. In this test you will measure the absolute error of the timebase oscillator and compare the results to the specification.

Table 9 Equipment Required to Verify Time Scale Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	100 kHz - 1 GHz, 0.01 Hz frequency resolution, jitter: < 2ps	Keysight N5181A, E4400B, or 8648A
Cable	BNC, 3 feet	Keysight 10503A

- 1 Set up the signal generator.
 - **a** Set the output to 10 MHz, approximately 1 V_{pp} sine wave.
- **2** Connect the output of the signal generator to oscilloscope channel 1 using the BNC cable.
- **3** Set up the oscilloscope:
 - a Press AutoScale.
 - **b** Set the oscilloscope Channel 1 vertical sensitivity to 200 mv/div.
 - **c** Set the oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 5 ns/div.
 - **d** Adjust the intensity to get a sharp, clear trace.
 - **e** Adjust the oscilloscope's trigger level so that the rising edge of the waveform at the center of the screen is located where the center horizontal and vertical grid lines cross (center screen).
 - **f** Ensure the horizontal position control is set to 0.0 seconds.

- 4 Make the measurement.
 - **a** Set oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 1 ms/div.
 - **b** Set horizontal position control to +1 ms (rotate control CCW).
 - **c** Set the oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 5 ns/div.
 - **d** Record the number of nanoseconds from where the rising edge crosses the center horizontal grid line to the center vertical grid line. The number of nanoseconds is equivalent to the time scale error in ppm.
 - e Use the following formula to calculate the test limits. TSA Limit: ±15 ppm (±0.0015%)
 - **f** Record the result and compare it to the limits in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).

To verify horizontal delta t accuracy

This test verifies the horizontal Δt accuracy. In this test, you will use the oscilloscope to measure the output of a time mark generator.

Test limits: ±0.0015% of reading ±0.1% of full scale ±20 ps (same channel)

Table 10 Equipment Required to Verify Horizontal ∆t Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Oscilloscope Calibrator	Stability 5 ppm after 1/2 hour	Fluke 5820A
Cable	BNC, 3 feet	Keysight 10503A

- 1 Connect the equipment:
 - **a** Connect the calibrator output to the oscilloscope channel 1 input.
- 2 Set up the signal source.
 - 1 Select **Marker** on the oscilloscope calibrator.
 - **2** Set the calibrator for 100 μ s markers (period = 100 μ s).
- **3** Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Set channel 1 Coupling to DC.
 - **b** Set channel 1 **Imped** to **50 0hm**.
 - \boldsymbol{c} $\,$ Press the $\boldsymbol{\text{Display}}$ key, then set the $\boldsymbol{\text{Vectors}}$ softkey to off.
 - **d** Press the **AutoScale** key.
 - e Set the time base to 20 μ s/div.
 - $\label{eq:force_force} \textbf{f} \quad \text{Press the } \textbf{Menu/Zoom} \text{ key, then set the } \textbf{Time } \textbf{Ref} \text{ softkey to } \textbf{Left}.$
 - **g** Adjust the Trigger Level knob to obtain a stable display.
- 4 Press the **Quick Meas** softkey, set the **Source** softkey to **1**, then press **Select** and choose **Period**. Press the **Measure** softkey and measure the following:

Period 100 μ s – The test limits are 99.8 μ s to 100.2 μ s.

If the measurements are not within the test limits, go to the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.

5 Change the calibrator to 100 ns markers. Change the time base to 20 ns/div. Adjust the trigger level to obtain a stable display.

6 Measure the following. If the measurements are not within the test limits, go to the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.

Period 100 ns— The test limits are 99.8 ns to 100.2 ns.

- 7 Change the time base to 2 ns/div and the calibrator to 5 ns markers.
- **8** Measure the following. If the measurement is not within the test limits, go to the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.

Period 5 ns — The test limits are 4.96 ns to 5.04 ns.

To verify trigger sensitivity

This test verifies the trigger sensitivity. In this test, you will apply a sine wave to the oscilloscope at the upper bandwidth limit. You will then decrease the amplitude of the signal to the specified levels, and check to see if the oscilloscope is still triggered.

Test limits for:

- · Internal trigger on all models:
 - < 10 mV/div: greater of 1 div or 5 mV_{pp} >=10 mV/div: 0.6 div
- External trigger on all 2-channel models (MSO/DSO7xx2A/B):
 - Trigger range: 1.0V

```
DC to 100 MHz: < 100 mV<sub>pp</sub> >100 MHz to max bandwidth: < 200 mV<sub>pp</sub>
```

Trigger range: 8.0V

```
DC to 100 MHz: < 250 mV<sub>pp</sub> >100 MHz to max bandwidth: < 500 mV<sub>pp</sub>
```

· External trigger on 4-channel models:

```
(MSO/DSO7xx4A/B)
DC to 500 MHz: < 500 mV<sub>pp</sub>
```

 Table 11
 Equipment Required to Verify Trigger Sensitivity

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	25 MHz, 100 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, and 1 GHz sine waves	Keysight N5181A, E4400B, or 8648A
Power splitter	Outputs differ < 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667A
Cable	BNC, Qty 3	Keysight 10503A
Adapter	N (m) to BNC (f), Qty 3	Keysight 1250-0780
Feedthrough	50Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m)	Keysight 0960-0301

Test Internal Trigger Sensitivity (all models)

- 1 Connect the equipment (see Figure 6).
 - **a** Connect the signal generator output to the oscilloscope channel 1 input.

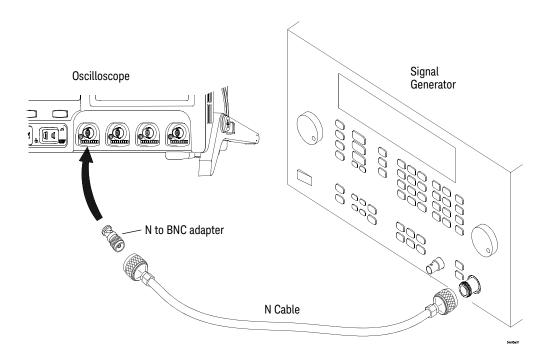


Figure 6 Setting Up Equipment for Internal Trigger Sensitivity Test

2 Verify the trigger sensitivity at maximum bandwidth.

1 GHz models: 1 GHz 500 MHz models: 500 MHz 350 MHz models: 350 MHz 100 MHz models: 100 MHz

- a Press the Save/Recall key, then press the Default Setup softkey.
- **b** Set channel 1 **Imped** to **50 0hm**.
- **c** Set the output frequency of the signal generator to the maximum bandwidth of the oscilloscope and set the amplitude to about 10 mV_{np}.
- d Press the AutoScale key.
- e Set the time base to 10 ns/div.
- f Set channel 1 to 5 mV/div.
- **g** Decrease the amplitude from the signal generator until 1 vertical division of the signal is displayed.

The trigger is stable when the displayed waveform is stable. If the trigger is not stable, try adjusting the trigger level. If adjusting the trigger level makes the trigger stable, the test still passes. If adjusting the trigger does not help, see the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.

- h Record the result as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).
- 3 Repeat this procedure for the remaining oscilloscope channels.

Test External Trigger Sensitivity (2-channel models)

Verify the external trigger sensitivity at these settings:

Trigger range = +/- 1 V

- 500 MHz (MSO/DS07052A/B), 200 mV $_{\rm pp}$
- \sim 350 MHz (MSO/DSO7032A/B), 200 mV $_{\rm pp}$
- 100 MHz (MSO/DS07012A/B), 200 mV_{pp}

Trigger range = +/- 8 V

- \sim 500 MHz (MSO/DS07052A/B), 500 mV_{pp}
- 350 MHz (MSO/DSO7032A/B), 500 mV_{pp}
- \sim 100 MHz (MSO/DS07012A/B), 500 mV $_{\rm pp}$

- 1 Connect the equipment (see Figure 7).
 - **a** Use the N cable to connect the signal generator to the power splitter input.
 - **b** Connect one output of the power splitter to the Ext Trigger input.
 - **c** Connect the power sensor to the other output of the power splitter.

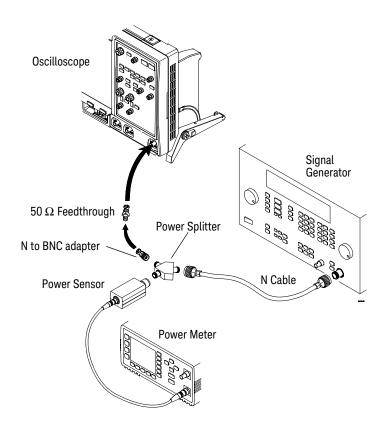


Figure 7 Setting Up Equipment for 2-Channel External Trigger Sensitivity Test

- 2 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{a} \quad \text{Press the } \textbf{Save/Recall} \text{ key, then press the } \textbf{Default Setup} \text{ softkey.}$
 - ${\bf b}~$ Set the External Trigger impedance to ${\bf 50~0hm}.$
 - **c** Change the trigger **Mode** from Auto to **Normal**.
 - \mathbf{d} Use the **Range** softkey and the Entry knob to set the range to 1.0 V.

- **3** Verify the trigger sensitivity at maximum frequency.
 - a Change the signal generator output frequency: MSO/DSO7052A/B: 500 MHz MSO/DSO7032A/B: 350 MHz MSO/DSO7012A/B: 100 MHz
 - **b** Set the power meter Cal Factor % to the appropriate value (100, 350 or 500 MHz) on the calibration chart on the power sensor. If necessary, do a linear interpolation if the correct factor is not included in the power meter's calibration chart.
 - c Adjust the signal generator output for a reading on the power meter of 100 μ W. (200 mV_{pp} = 70.71mV rms, Power = Vin²/50 Ω = 70.71 mV²/50 Ω = 100 μ W.)
 - **d** Press the Trigger **Edge** key, then press the **Source** softkey to set the trigger source to external trigger.
 - **e** Check for stable triggering and adjust the trigger level if necessary. Triggering is indicated by the **Trig'd** indicator at the top of the display. When it is flashing, the oscilloscope is not triggered. When it is not flashing, the oscilloscope is triggered.
 - **f** Record the results as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).
 - If the test fails, see the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.
- **4** Verify the trigger sensitivity at maximum frequency for trigger range of 8.0 V.
 - **a** Press the **Mode/Coupling** key, press the **External** softkey, then press the **Range** softkey and use the Entry knob to set the range to 8.0 V.
 - **b** Adjust the signal generator output for reading on the power meter of 625 μ W. (500mV_{pp} = 176.78mV rms, Power = Vin²/50 Ω = 176.78 mV²/50 Ω = 625 μ W.)
 - **c** Check for stable triggering and adjust the trigger level if necessary. Triggering is indicated by the **Trig'd** indicator at the top of the display. When it is flashing, the oscilloscope is not triggered. When it is not flashing, the oscilloscope is triggered.
 - **d** Record the results as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).

Test External Trigger Sensitivity (4-channel models)

This test applies to 4-channel models only.

Verify the external trigger sensitivity at these settings:

- All 4-channel models: 500 MHz, 500 mV_{pp}
- 1 Connect the equipment (see Figure 8).
 - **a** Use the N cable to connect the signal generator to the power splitter input.
 - ${\bf b}$ Connect one output of the power splitter to the Aux Trig input through a 50Ω feedthrough termination.
 - **c** Connect the power sensor to the other output of the power splitter.

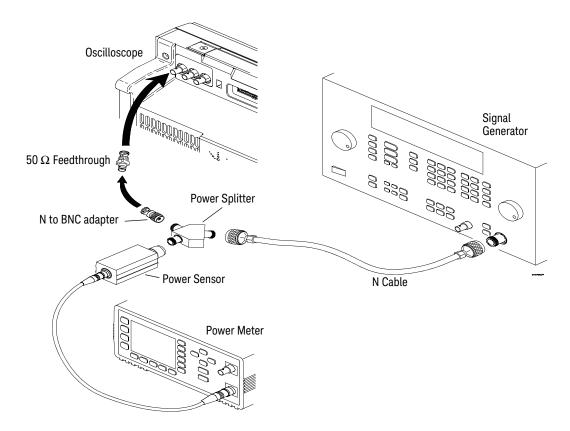


Figure 8 Setting Up Equipment for 4-Channel External Trigger Sensitivity Test

- 2 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Press the Save/Recall key, then press the Default Setup softkey.
- **3** Change the signal generator output frequency to 500 MHz.
- 4 Set the power meter Cal Factor % to the appropriate value (500 MHz) on the calibration chart on the power sensor. If necessary, do a linear interpolation if a 500 MHz factor is not included in the power meter's calibration chart.
- **5** Adjust the signal generator output for reading on the power meter of 625 μW. $(500\text{mV}_{DD} = 176.78\text{mV} \text{ rms}, \text{Power} = \text{Vin}^2/50\Omega = 176.78 \text{ mV}^2/50\Omega = 625 \text{ μW}.)$
- **6** Press the Trigger **Edge** key, then press the **Source** softkey to set the trigger source to **External**.
- 7 Check for stable triggering and adjust the trigger level if necessary. Triggering is indicated by the **Trig'd** indicator at the top of the display. When it is flashing, the oscilloscope is not triggered. When it is not flashing, the oscilloscope is triggered.
- **8** Record the results as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see page 55).

If the test fails, see the "Troubleshooting" chapter. Then return here.

Keysight 7000 Series Oscilloscopes Performance Test Record

Test Interval	t Testing		Work Order	r No re		_
Threshold Accuracy Test (100 mV + 3% of threshold setting)	Specification 5 V - 250 mV 5 V + 250 mV -5 V - 250 mV -5 V + 250 mV 0 V - 100 mV	Limits 4.750 V 5.250 V -5.250 V -4.750 V -100 mV	Ch D7-D0	Ch D15-D8		
Voltage Measureme		100 mV				-
Range	Power Supply Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
5 V/Div 2 V/Div	35 V 14 V	34.04 V to 35.96 V				
1 V/Div	7 V	13.616 V to 14.384 V 6.808 V to 7.192 V				
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.404 V to 3.596 V				
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.3616 V to 1.4384 V			-	
100 mV/Div	700 mV	680.8 mV to 719.2 mV				
50 mV/Div	350 mV	340.4 mV to 359.6 mV				
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136.16 mV to 143.84 mV				
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68.08 mV to 71.92 mV				
5 mV/Div	35 mV	34.04 mV to 35.96 mV				
2 mV/Div	14 mV	13.232 mV to 14.768 mV				
Band wid th	Model	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
	710x	-3 dB at 1 GHz				
	705x	-3 dB at 500 MHz				
	703x	-3 dB at 350 MHz				
	701x	-3 dB at 100 MHz				
Time Scale Accura	cy Limits		Calculated TSA Limit (ppm)	Measured time scale error (ppm		
	TSA Limit: ±15 ppm (±0	.0015%)				

Continued on next page.

2 Testing Performance

	Generator Setting	Test Limits	Results			
Period	100 μs	99.8 µs to 100.2 µs				
Period	100 ns	99.8 ns to 100.2 ns				
Period	5 ns	4.96 ns to 5.04 ns				
Trigger Sensitivity	1	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
	Internal trigger					
	1 GHz models	1 division at 1 GHz				
	500 MHz models	1 division at 500 MHz				
	350 MHz models	1 division at 350 MHz				
	100 MHz models	1 division at 100 MHz				

Trigger Sensitivity		Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
33 ,	External trigger (7052, 7	032, 7012)				
	± 1 V range:	, .				
	3	100 mV at 25 MHz				
	7052	200 mV at 500 MHz				
	7032	200 mV at 350 MHz				
	7012	200 mV at 100 MHz				
	External trigger (7052, 7 ± 8 V range:	032, 7012)				
	3	250 mV at 25 MHz				
	7052	500 mV at 500 MHz				
	7032	500 mV at 350 MHz				
	7012	500 mV at 100 MHz				
	External trigger (7104, 7	054, 7034, 7014)				
		500 mV at 500 MHz				
* Where applicable						

3 Calibrating and Adjusting

This chapter explains how to adjust the oscilloscope for optimum operating performance. You should perform self-calibration according to the following recommendations:

- Every 12 months or after 2000 hours of operation
- If the ambient temperature is >10 °C from the calibration temperature
- If you want to maximize the measurement accuracy

The amount of use, environmental conditions, and experience with other instruments help determine if you need shorter adjustment intervals.

Let the Equipment Warm Up Before Adjusting

Before you start the adjustments, let the oscilloscope and test equipment warm up for at least 30 minutes.



Read All Cautions and Warnings

Read the following cautions and warning before making adjustments or performing self-calibration.

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES!

Read the safety notice at the front of this book before proceeding.

Maintenance is performed with power supplied to the oscilloscope and with the protective covers removed. Only trained service personnel who are aware of the hazards involved should perform the maintenance. Whenever possible, perform the procedures with the power cord removed from the oscilloscope.

CAUTION

REMOVE POWER TO AVOID DAMAGE!

Do not disconnect any cables or remove any assemblies with power applied to the oscilloscope. Otherwise, damage to the oscilloscope can occur.

CAUTION

USE EXTERNAL FAN TO REDUCE TEMPERATURE!

When you must operate the oscilloscope with its cover and main shield removed, use an external fan to provide continuous air flow over the samplers (the ICs with heat sinks on them). Air flow over the samplers is reduced when the cover and main shield is removed, which leads to higher than normal operating temperatures. Have the fan blow air across the system board where the heat sinks are located. If the cover is removed but the main shield remains installed and the bottom holes are not blocked, the instrument will cool properly.

CAUTION

AVOID DAMAGE TO ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS!

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. When you use any of the procedures in this chapter, use proper ESD precautions. As a minimum, place the oscilloscope on a properly grounded ESD mat and wear a properly grounded ESD strap.

User Calibration

Perform user-calibration:

- Each year or after 2000 hours of operation.
- If the ambient temperature is >10° C from the calibration temperature.
- If you want to maximize the measurement accuracy.

The amount of use, environmental conditions, and experience with other instruments help determine if you need shorter User Cal intervals.

User Cal performs an internal self-alignment routine to optimize the signal path in the oscilloscope. The routine uses internally generated signals to optimize circuits that affect channel sensitivity, offset, and trigger parameters. Disconnect all inputs and allow the oscilloscope to warm up before performing this procedure.

Performing User Cal will invalidate your Certificate of Calibration. If NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) traceability is required perform the procedures in **Chapter 2** in this book using traceable sources.

To perform User Cal

- 1 Set the rear-panel CALIBRATION switch to UNPROTECTED.
- 2 Connect short (12 inch maximum) equal length cables to each analog channel's BNC connector on the front of the oscilloscope. You will need two equal-length cables for a 2-channel oscilloscope or four equal-length cables for a 4-channel oscilloscope.

Use 50Ω RG58AU or equivalent BNC cables when performing User Cal.

a For a 2-channel oscilloscope, connect a BNC tee to the equal length cables. Then connect a BNC(f)-to-BNC(f) (also called a barrel connector) to the tee as shown below.

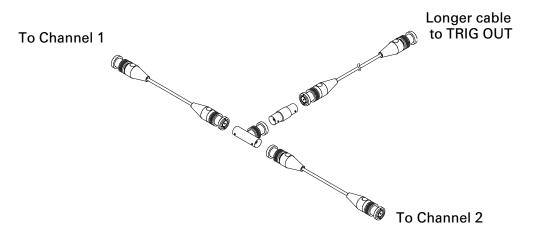


Figure 9 User Calibration cable for 2-channel oscilloscope

b For a 4-channel oscilloscope, connect BNC tees to the equal-length cables as shown below. Then connect a BNC(f)-to-BNC(f) (barrel connector) to the tee as shown below.

To Channel 2 To Channel 3 Longer cable to TRIG OUT

Figure 10 User Calibration cable for 4-channel oscilloscope

- **3** Connect a BNC cable (40 inches maximum) from the TRIG OUT connector on the rear panel to the BNC barrel connector.
- **4** Press the **Utility** key, then press the **Service** softkey.
- **5** Begin the Self Cal by pressing the **Start User Cal** softkey.
- **6** When the User Cal is completed, set the rear-panel CALIBRATION switch to PROTECTED.

User Cal Status

Pressing the **User Cal Status** softkey displays the following summary results of the previous User Cal, and the status of probe calibrations for probes that can be calibrated. Note that AutoProbes do not need to be calibrated, but InfiniiMax probes can be calibrated.

Results:
User Cal date:
Change in temperature since last User Cal:
Failure:
Comments:
Probe Cal Status:

4 Troubleshooting

This chapter begins with suggestions for solving general problems that you may encounter with the oscilloscope. It tells you what to do in these cases:

- If there is no trace display
- If the trace display is unusual or unexpected
- · If you cannot see a channel
- If you cannot get any response from the oscilloscope

Procedures for troubleshooting the oscilloscope follow the problem solving suggestions. The troubleshooting section shows you how to:

- Check out the oscilloscope
- Check power supply
- · Check the system board
- · Check the display
- · Check the fan
- Run internal self-tests
- · Verify default setup

Read All Cautions and Warnings

Before you begin any troubleshooting, read all Warning and Cautions in the "Troubleshooting" section.



Solving General Problems with the Oscilloscope

This section describes how to solve general problems that you may encounter while using the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes to make measurements.

After troubleshooting the oscilloscope, if you need to replace parts, refer to the "Replaceable Parts" chapter.

If there is no display

- Check that the power cord is firmly seated in the oscilloscope power receptacle.
- Check that the power source is live.
- Check that the front-panel power switch is on.
- ✓ If there is still no display, go to the troubleshooting procedures in this chapter.

If there is no trace display

- ✓ Check that the INTENSITY knob on the front panel is adjusted correctly.
- ✓ Recall the default setup by pressing Save/Recall then Default Setup. This will ensure that the trigger mode is Auto.
- Check that the probe clips are securely connected to points in the circuit under test, and that the ground is connected.
- ✔ Check that the circuit under test is powered on.
- ✔ Press the AutoScale key.
- ✔ Obtain service from Keysight Technologies, if necessary.

If the trace display is unusual or unexpected

- ✓ Check that the Horizontal time/division setting is correct for the expected frequency range of the input signals.
- ✓ The sampling speed of the oscilloscope depends on the time/division setting. It may be that when time/division is set to slower speeds, the oscilloscope is sampling too slowly to capture all of the transitions on the waveform. Use peak detect mode.

- Check that all oscilloscope probes are connected to the correct signals in the circuit under test.
- ✓ Ensure that the probe's ground lead is securely connected to a ground point in the circuit under test. For high-speed measurements, each probe's individual ground lead should also be connected to a ground point closest to the signal point in the circuit under test.
- Check that the trigger setup is correct.
- ✓ A correct trigger setup is the most important factor in helping you capture the data you desire. See the User's Guide for information about triggering.
- ✓ Check that infinite persistence in the Display menu is turned off, then press the Clear Display softkey.
- Press the AutoScale key.

If you cannot see a channel

- ✓ Recall the default setup by pressing Save/Recall then Default Setup. This will ensure that the trigger mode is Auto.
- ✓ Check that the oscilloscope probe's BNC connector is securely attached to the oscilloscope's input connector.
- Check that the probe clips are securely connected to points in the circuit under test.
- Check that the circuit under test is powered on.

You may have pressed the AutoScale key before an input signal was available.

Performing the checks listed here ensures that the signals from the circuit under test will be seen by the oscilloscope. Perform the remaining checks in this topic to make sure the oscilloscope channels are on, and to obtain an automatic setup.

- Check that the desired oscilloscope channels are turned on.
 - **a** Press the analog channel key until it is illuminated.
 - **b** On models with the MSO option, press the digital channels (**D15-D0**) key until it is illuminated.
- ✔ Press the AutoScale key to automatically set up all channels.

Troubleshooting the Oscilloscope

The service policy for the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes is assembly level replacement. If you need parts or assistance from Keysight Technologies to repair your instrument, go to www.keysight.com and locate the service facility for your area.

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES EXIST - REMOVE POWER FIRST!

The procedures described in this section are performed with power supplied to the oscilloscope and with the protective covers removed. Only trained service personnel who are aware of the hazards involved should perform the procedures. Whenever possible, perform the procedures with the power cord removed from the oscilloscope. Read the safety notice at the back of this book before proceeding.

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES EXIST – HIGH VOLTAGE IS PRESENT ON POWER SUPPLY HEAT SINKS!



The power supply heat sinks of the 7000 Series oscilloscopes are at a high potential. This presents an electric shock hazard. Protect yourself from electric shock by keeping this area covered or by not coming in contact with the heat sinks when the power cord is attached to the oscilloscope!

CAUTION

REMOVE POWER TO AVOID DAMAGE!

Do not disconnect any cables or remove any assemblies while power is applied to the oscilloscope, or damage to the oscilloscope can occur.

CAUTION

AVOID ESD DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS!

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) can damage electronic components. Use proper ESD precautions when doing any of the procedures in this chapter. As a minimum, place the oscilloscope on a properly grounded ESD mat and wear a properly grounded ESD strap.

Equipment required for troubleshooting

The equipment listed in this table is required to troubleshoot the oscilloscope.

Table 12 Equipment Required to Troubleshoot the Oscilloscope

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Digital multimeter	Accuracy ±0.05,% 1 mV resolution	Keysight 34401A
Oscilloscope	Capable of measuring \geq 500 MHz signal. 1 $M\Omega$ input impedance.	Keysight DS06102A, MS06102A, DS07104A/B, or MS07104A/B

To check out the oscilloscope

- 1 Disconnect any external cables from the front panel.
- 2 Disconnect the power cord, then remove the cabinet following the instructions on page 81.

CAUTION

USE AN EXTERNAL FAN TO AVOID OVERHEATING COMPONENTS!

When you remove the oscilloscope cover and main shield, use an external fan to provide continuous air flow over the heat sinks. Air flow over the heat sinks is reduced when the cover and main shield are removed, which leads to higher than normal operating temperatures. Have the fan blow air across the system board where the heat sinks are located. Otherwise, damage to the components can occur. If the cover of a 7000 Series oscilloscope is removed but the main shield remains installed and the bottom holes are not blocked, the instrument will cool properly.

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES EXIST - HIGH VOLTAGE IS PRESENT ON POWER SUPPLY HEAT SINKS!



The power supply heat sinks of the oscilloscope are at a high potential. This presents an electric shock hazard. Protect yourself from electric shock by keeping this area covered or by not coming in contact with the heat sinks when the power cord is attached to the oscilloscope!

3 Connect the power cord to the rear of the oscilloscope, then to a suitable ac voltage source.

The oscilloscope power supply automatically adjusts for input line voltages in the range of 100 to 240 VAC. Ensure that you have the correct line cord (see page 103). The power cord provided is matched to the country of origin.



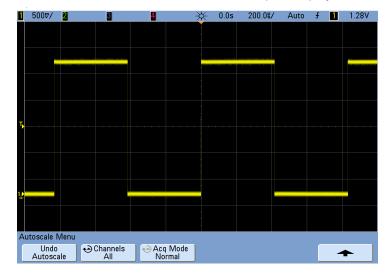
AVOID INJURY.

Always operate the oscilloscope with an approved three conductor power cable. Do not negate the protective action of the three conductor power cable.

- · Press the power switch.
 - When the oscilloscope is turned on, the front panel LEDs will briefly light up in groups from bottom to top.
 - Next the Keysight logo appear on the display.
 - Next a message will appear with tips on getting started using the oscilloscope. At this time you can press any key to remove the message and view the display. Or you can wait and the message will automatically disappear.
 - It will take a total of about 10-15 seconds for the oscilloscope to go through its basic self test and power-up routine.
- 4 Proceed to "To verify basic oscilloscope operation" on page 69.

To verify basic oscilloscope operation

- 1 Press the **Save/Recall** key on the front panel, then press the **Default Setup** softkey under the display. The oscilloscope is now configured to its default settings.
- **2** Connect an oscilloscope probe from channel 1 to the **Probe Comp** signal terminal on the front panel.
- 3 Connect the probe's ground lead to the ground terminal that is next to the Probe Comp terminal.
- 4 Press AutoScale.
- 5 You should see a waveform on the oscilloscope's display similar to this:



If you see the waveform, but the square wave is not shaped correctly as shown above, perform the procedure "To compensate the analog probes" on page 70.

If you do not see the waveform, ensure your power source is adequate, the oscilloscope is properly powered-on, and the probe is connected securely to the front-panel analog channel input BNC and to the Probe Comp terminal.

6 If you still do not see the waveform, use the troubleshooting flowchart in this chapter to isolate the problem.

4 Troubleshooting

To compensate the analog probes

You should compensate your analog probes to match their characteristics to the oscilloscope's channels. A poorly compensated probe can introduce measurement errors.

- 1 Perform the procedure "To verify basic oscilloscope operation" on page 69
- **2** Use a nonmetallic tool to adjust the trimmer capacitor on the probe for the flattest pulse possible. The trimmer capacitor is located on the probe BNC connector.

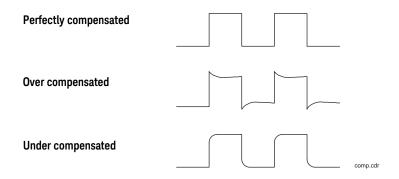


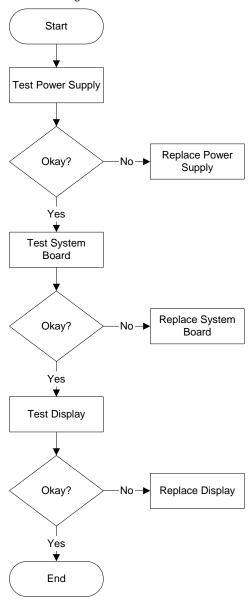
Figure 11 Example pulses

3 Connect probes to all other analog channels (channel 2 of a 2-channel oscilloscope, or channels 2, 3, and 4 of a 4-channel oscilloscope). Repeat the procedure for each channel. This matches each probe to each channel.

The process of compensating the probes serves as a basic test to verify that the oscilloscope is functional.

Troubleshooting Flowchart

The following flowchart describes how to troubleshoot the oscilloscope.



4 Troubleshooting

System board drawings

Refer to these two drawings to locate test points on the system board.

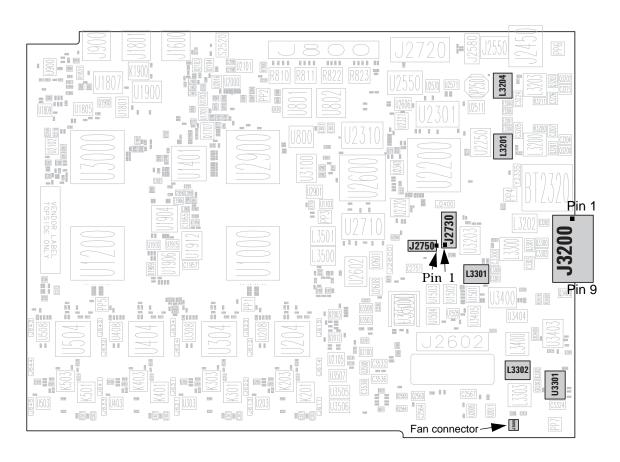


Figure 12 System Board Test Points - Top Side

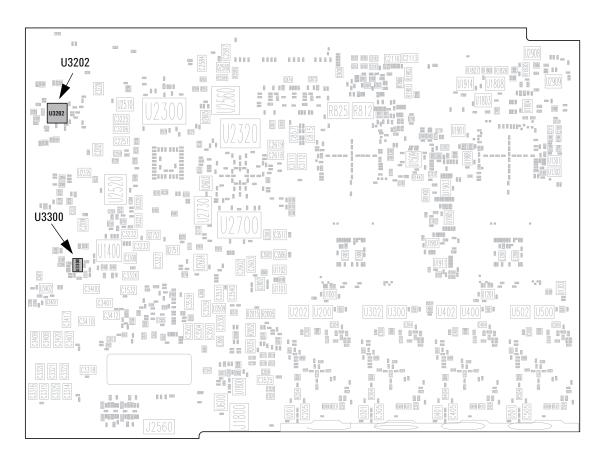


Figure 13 System Board Test Points - Bottom Side

4 Troubleshooting

To check the 7000 Series oscilloscope power supply

1 Disconnect the power cord from the oscilloscope. Then remove the oscilloscope cover.

CAUTION

USE AN EXTERNAL FAN TO AVOID OVERHEATING COMPONENTS!

When you remove the oscilloscope cover and main shield, use an external fan to provide continuous air flow over the heat sinks. Air flow over the heat sinks is reduced when the cover and main shield are removed, which leads to higher than normal operating temperatures. Have the fan blow air across the system board where the heat sinks are located. Otherwise, damage to the components can occur. If the cover of a 7000 Series oscilloscope is removed but the main shield remains installed and the bottom holes are not blocked, the instrument will cool properly.

- **2** Connect the negative lead of the multimeter to a ground point on the oscilloscope.
- **3** Connect the power cord and turn on the oscilloscope.
- 4 Measure the power supply voltage at J3200, pin 9 on the system board. See Figure 12 on page 72. The voltage should be 15 V ±10%.
 - If the voltage is not correct, continue to the next step.
 - If the voltage is correct, the power supply is good.
- **5** Disconnect the cable from the system board and check the voltage between pins 9 & 5 of the connector coming from the power supply.
- **6** If it is less than 14 V, the problem is in the cable or the power supply. Remove the cable and test it for shorts or opens using the DMM. Replace the defective assembly.
- 7 If the voltage is 15 V ±10% only when the cable is disconnected from the system board, then test the system board.

To check the 7000 Series system board

- 1 Remove the handle, tilt legs, and cabinet.
- **2** Check that all cable connections are securely connected from the system board to:
 - Power supply
 - Keyboard (7000 Series only)
 - Display (7000 Series only)
 - Inverter board (7000 Series only)
 - Fan
- **3** Verify the voltages at the system board test points listed in the table below. Refer to Figure 12 on page 72 and Figure 13 on page 73to locate the test points.

 Table 13
 Regulator Voltage Test Points

Test point	Voltage	Output from regulator:
L3204	3.3 (+- 0.1)	U3202
L3201	5.0 (+- 0.1)	U3202
L3301	1.5 (+- 0.1)	U3300
L3302	-5.2 (+- 0.1)	U3301

- 4 If the voltage at test point L3301 and/or L3302 is not within the specified range, replace the system board.
- **5** If the voltage at test point L3204 and/or L3201 is not correct:
 - Disconnect J2730 from the system board and measure pins 1 and 2 on the system board connector. This is the voltage to the display, and it should be 3.3V. If it is not, replace the system board. If the voltage is correct, replace the display.
 - Disconnect J2750 from the system board and measure pins 1, 2, and 3. This is the voltage to the inverter, and it should be 12.4 V. If it is not, replace the system board. If the voltage is correct, replace the display.

4 Troubleshooting

6 If all cables are properly connected and none of the previous tests confirm a failure on another assembly, replace the system board.

To check the 7000 Series display

- **1** Disconnect the power cord.
- 2 Check to verify that the backlight inverter cable is connected.
- 3 Ensure the display LCD cable is connected.
- 4 Connect the power cord.
- 5 Use the DMM to check the Inverter Power voltage (see table below). Refer to Figure 12 on page 72 and Figure 13 on page 73 to locate the test points.
- 6 If the voltage is incorrect, replace the system board.
- 7 If the voltage is correct, use an oscilloscope to check the LCD clock (see table below).

Table 14 Display Signals on the System Board

	Signal	Normal/Typical Result
Inverter Power	J2750 Pin 1, 2, or 3	12.4 V
Video Signal	J2730 Pin 14 and 15	62.5 MHz clock

- **8** If the clock signal is good, replace the LCD.
- **9** If the clock signal is absent, replace the system board.

To check the fan

The fan speed is controlled by a circuit on the system board.

- 1 If the fan is running, perform the internal self-tests. Go to "To run the internal self-tests" on page 78.
- 2 If the fan is not running, it may be defective. Follow these steps:
 - **a** Disconnect the fan cable from the system board.
 - \boldsymbol{b} $\,$ Measure the fan voltage at the connector on the system board.
 - See the figure below for the location of the fan connector.
 - **c** If the fan voltage is approximately +8.5 Vdc at room temperature, replace the fan. If the fan voltage is not approximately +8.5 Vdc, replace the system board.

The proper voltage range depending on temperature is between +6.0 Vdc to +11.5 Vdc.

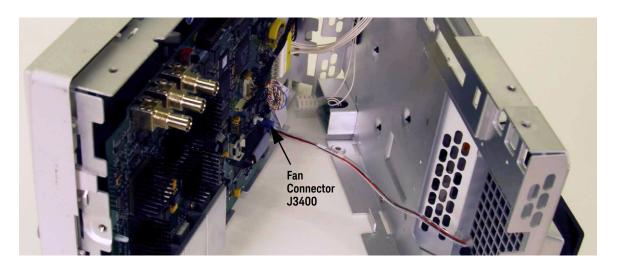


Figure 14 Location of the Fan Connector

4 Troubleshooting

To run the internal self-tests

Self Test performs a series of internal procedures to verify that the oscilloscope is operating properly.

It is recommended that you run the Self Test:

- after experiencing abnormal operation
- for additional information to better describe an oscilloscope failure
- to verify proper operation after the oscilloscope has been repaired

Successfully passing Self Test does not guarantee 100% of the oscilloscope's functionality. Self Test is designed to provide an 80% confidence level that the oscilloscope is operating properly.

- 1 Press the **Utility** key, then press the **Service** softkey.
- **2** Begin the internal self tests by pressing the **Start Self Test** softkey.

To verify default setup

The oscilloscope is designed to turn on with the setup from the last turn on or previous setup. However, if the Secure Environment option is installed, the oscilloscope will always execute a Default Setup upon power-up.

To recall the factory default setup:

- 1 Press the Save/Recall key.
- 2 Press the **Default Setup** softkey.

This returns the oscilloscope to its factory default settings and places the oscilloscope in a known operating condition. The major default settings are:

- Horizontal main mode, 100 us/div scale, 0 s delay, center time reference
- Vertical Channel 1 on, 5 V/div scale, dc coupling, 0 V position, probe factor to 1.0 if an AutoProbe probe is not connected to the channel
- Trigger Edge trigger, Auto sweep mode, 0 V level, channel 1 source, dc coupling, rising edge slope, 60 ns holdoff time
- Display Vectors on, 33% grid intensity, infinite persistence off
- Other Acquire mode normal, Run/Stop to Run, cursor measurements off

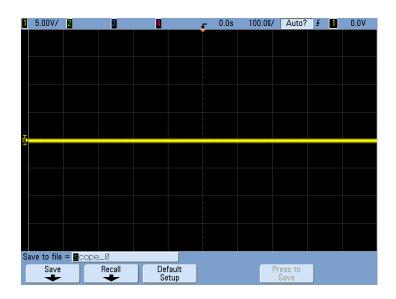


Figure 15 Default setup screen

3 If your screen looks substantially different, replace the system board.

4 Troubleshooting

5 Replacing Assemblies

This chapter describes how to remove assemblies from the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes. To install a replacement assembly after you have removed an old one, follow the instructions in reverse order.

The parts shown in the following figures are representative and may look different from what you have in your oscilloscope.

The removable assemblies include:

Handle (page 83)

Adjustable Legs (page 84)

Cabinet (page 85)

Rear Deck (page 86)

Acquisition and Inverter Assemblies(page 88)

Front Panel Assembly (page 91)

Fan Assembly (page 97)

Power Supply Shield (page 98)

Power Switch (page 100)

Power Supply (page 100)

AC Input Board (page 101)

Tools Used for Disassembly

Use these tools to remove and replace the oscilloscope assemblies:

- T6, T10, and T20 TORX drivers
- 5/8-inch and 9/32-inch socket drivers
- · Flat head screw driver



See how the Oscilloscope Parts Fit Together

An exploded view of the oscilloscope is included in the "Replaceable Parts" chapter. It shows the individual part numbers used in the assemblies, and shows you how the parts fit together.

Read All Warnings and Cautions

Read the following warnings and cautions before removing and replacing any assemblies in the oscilloscope.

WARNING

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES!

Read the safety summary at the back of this book before proceeding.

Maintenance is performed with power supplied to the oscilloscope and with the protective covers removed. Only trained service personnel who are aware of the hazards involved should perform the maintenance. Whenever possible, perform the procedures with the power cord removed from the oscilloscope.

WARNING

AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK!

Hazardous voltages exist on the LCD assembly and power supply. To avoid electrical shock:



- 1 Disconnect the power cord from the oscilloscope.
- 2 Wait at least three minutes for the capacitors in the oscilloscope to discharge before you begin disassembly.

Read the Safety Summary at the back of this manual before you begin.

CAUTION

REMOVE POWER TO AVOID DAMAGE!

Remove power before you begin to remove and replace assemblies. Do not remove or replace assemblies while the oscilloscope is turned on, or damage to the components can occur.

CAUTION

AVOID DAMAGE TO ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS!

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) can damage electronic components. When doing any of the procedures in this chapter, use proper ESD precautions. As a minimum, you should place the instrument on a properly grounded ESD mat and wear a properly grounded ESD strap.

Removing the Handle

The Strap Handle must be removed prior to removing the cabinet. The removal of the Strap handle may also be necessary when mounting oscilloscope in a rack.

- 1 Using T20 TORX driver, remove the screws holding strap handle caps in place.
- 2 Lift Strap handle off cabinet.



Figure 16 Removing the handle

To remove the Adjustable Legs

Adjustable legs must be removed prior to removing the cabinet.

- 1 Using a T20 TORX, remove shoulder screw and washer.
- **2** Pull adjustable leg assembly from cabinet. Assembly contains latching mechanism and spring.



Figure 17 Removing adjustable leg

To remove Cabinet

Removing the cabinet allows access to the rear deck, fan assembly, power supply cover, power supply assembly, and power switch assembly.

- 1 Using T20 TORX, remove the three screws securing cabinet to rear deck assembly.
- 2 Carefully slide cabinet back away from rear deck assembly.



Figure 18 Removing cabinet

To remove the Rear Deck Assembly

Removing the rear deck allows access to the front deck, acquisition board, and inverter board.

- 1 Using a T20 TORX, locate and remove all screws securing rear deck to front deck.
- 2 Remove BNC securing nuts and washers.







Figure 19 Removing the rear deck assembly

3 Carefully separate rear deck from front deck. Take care not damage extender switch.



Sheet metal parts may have sharp edges. Handle with care to avoid injury.

4 Disconnect power harness and fan cable from acquisition board. Note cable locations for re-assembly

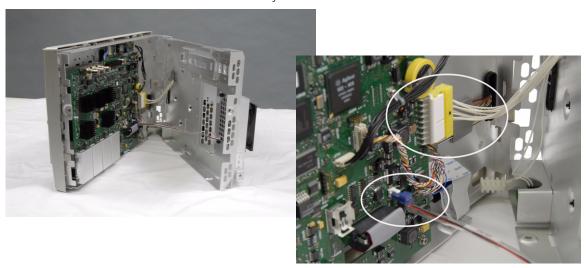


Figure 20 Separating front and rear deck assemblies

To remove Acquisition and Inverter assemblies

The following illustrates how to remove the Acquisition and Dual inverter printed circuit boards.

NOTE

If the battery on the acquisition board needs to be replaced, use a CR2477/1HF or CR2477/HFN 3V manganese dioxide lithium battery.

1 Using a TORK T6 driver locate and remove the 4 screws on the front of the instrument (4 Channel version).

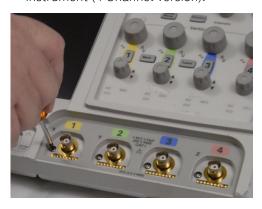


Figure 21 Removing the T6 screws

2 Disconnect Inverter, keyboard and display cables. Note locations for re-connection. It should be noted that cables can be removed from cable clamps at this time as well. The cable restraining pads that affix the display cable to the front deck are adhesive and great care should be taken when removing them so as not to damage the cable.



3 Using a TORX T10 driver locate and remove 7 mounting screws.

Note: when removing or replacing Acquisition board care should be taken so as not to damage grounding spring on front deck.

Figure 22 TORX T10 mounting screw locations

4 Carefully unlock the two alignment pins. Carefully lift acquisition board off front deck.

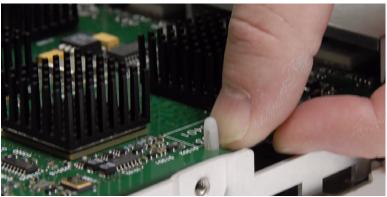


Figure 23 Unlocking alignment pin

- **5** Using a TORX T10 driver locate and remove the two screws securing the Dual Inverter board to the front deck.
- 6 Disconnect all cables, lift board off front deck.



Figure 24 Removal of inverter board

To remove the Front Panel assembly

1 Remove cable shield from front deck. Carefully squeeze the shield so that it clears the sheet metal tabs holding it place then slide it free of the front deck:



WARNING

Thin sheet metal parts may have sharp edges. Handle with care to avoid injury.

Figure 25 Removing cable shield

2 Remove keyboard cables that extend thru front deck.



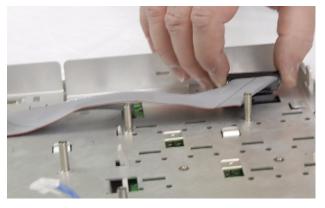


Figure 26 Removing keyboard cables

3 Carefully remove knobs from front panel. They may be gently pried loose with a flat head screw driver taking care not to scratch the faceplate, then pulled straight off.



Figure 27 Removing knobs

4 Remove bezel from front deck. Bezel is secured to front deck by molded-in retaining clips located around the perimeter of the bezel. Gently pry these outward (either by hand or using a flat head screwdriver). Working your way around the bezel releasing the clips gently lift the bezel away from the front deck.

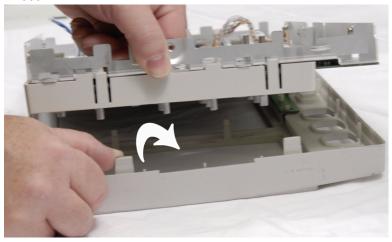


Figure 28 Removing the bezel

5 To remove the Softkey board printed circuit board from the bezel, insure cable has been disconnected and slide board off alignment post.

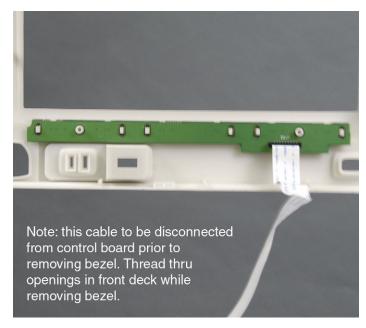


Figure 29 Removal of softkey board

6 To remove the front panel assembly carefully release front panel clips that secure front panel assembly to the front deck by pulling them clear of the sheet metal tabs or openings.



Figure 30 Removing front panel assembly from front deck

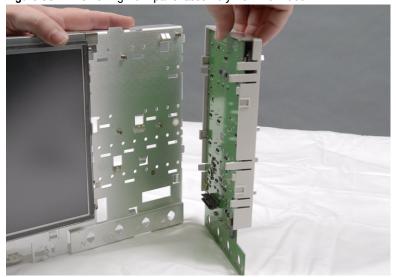


Figure 31 Front panel assembly separated from front deck

7 To separate the front panel control board from the front panel carefully pull back locking tabs that secure the front panel to the printed circuit board.

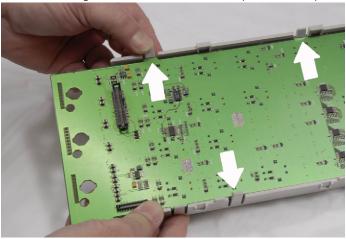


Figure 32 Separating front panel from printed circuit board

8 Once front panel is removed assembly can be separated into individual components (control board, front panel and keypad).



Figure 33 Front panel disassembly

9 Using a TORX T10 remove the four screws that secure the display to the front deck. The upper right screw also secures the inverter cable shield. Take care

while threading display cables thru front deck sheet metal openings. Display cable clips/strain reliefs must be disconnected prior to removing display assembly (see figure 22).



Figure 34 Removing display assembly

To remove the Fan assembly

- 1 Insure that fan power cable has been disconnected from Acquisition board.
- 2 Carefully slide fan assembly (fan and fan mount) to the right, then lift away from rear deck. Note, fan mount is soft and can be damaged by sharp sheet metal edges. Take care that the fan power cable is not damaged when pulling across sheet metal edges.

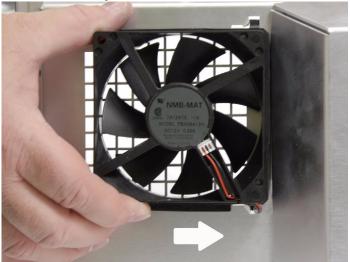


Figure 35 Removing fan assembly

To remove the power supply shield

1 To remove power supply shield, locate and remove using a TORX T20 the three screws securing the power supply cover to the rear deck.



Figure 36 Power supply cover screw removal



Thin sheet metal parts may have sharp edges. Handle with care to avoid injury.

2 Once screws have been removed, carefully remove the power supply cover by lifting the cover up and off retaining tabs on rear deck.



Figure 37 Lifting power supply cover off

To remove the power supply

- 1 Disconnect all cables from power supply board.
- **2** Locate and remove using a TORX T10 driver the four screws securing the power supply assembly to the rear deck.



Figure 38 Removing the power supply

To remove the AC input board

- 1 Disconnect all cables on AC input board.
- 2 Disconnect the ground wire from its chassis terminal.
- **3** Locate and remove using a TORX T20 driver the single screw securing the assembly to the rear deck.
- 4 Slide assembly to right and lift out of rear deck.
- **5** Take care that you do not damage the switch extender during removal.

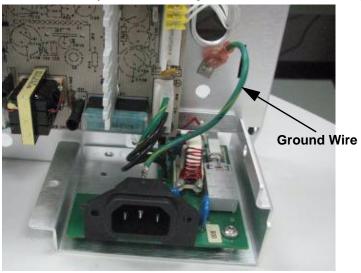


Figure 39 Removing the AC input board

5 Replacing Assemblies

6 To remove the switch extender, gently pry open the extender using a flat head screwdriver.

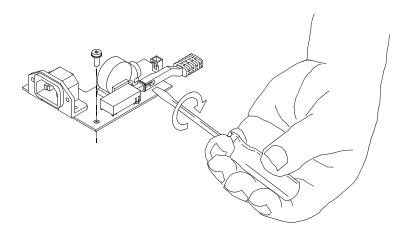


Figure 40 Removing power switch extender

CAUTION

Twisting the latch too much could cause it to break!

6 Replaceable Parts

This chapter describes how to order replaceable assemblies and parts for the Keysight 7000 Series oscilloscopes.

Diagrams and parts lists are included for assemblies and hardware that you can order.

Before working on the oscilloscope, read the safety summary at the back of this book.



Ordering Replaceable Parts

Listed Parts

To order a part in the parts list, quote the Keysight Technologies part number, indicate the quantity desired, and address the order to the nearest Keysight Technologies Sales Office. To find your nearest sales office go to www.keysight.com.

Unlisted Parts

To order a part not listed in the parts list, include the instrument part number, instrument serial number, a description of the part (including its function), and the number of parts required. Address the order to the nearest Keysight Technologies Sales Office.

Direct Mail Order System

Within the USA, Keysight Technologies can supply parts through a direct mail order system. There are several advantages to this system:

- Direct ordering and shipping from the Keysight Technologies parts center in California, USA.
- No maximum or minimum on any mail order. (There is a minimum amount for parts ordered through a local Keysight Technologies Sales Office when the orders require billing and invoicing.)
- · Prepaid transportation. (There is a small handling charge for each order.)
- No invoices.

In order for Keysight Technologies to provide these advantages, please send a check or money order with each order.

Mail order forms and specific ordering information are available through your local Keysight Technologies Sales Office. Addresses and telephone numbers are located in a separate document shipped with the manuals.

Exchange Assemblies

Some parts used in this instrument have been set up for an exchange program. This program allows the customer to exchange a faulty assembly with one that has been repaired, calibrated, and performance-verified by the factory. The cost is significantly less than that of a new part. The exchange parts have a part number in the form XXXXX-695XX.

After receiving the repaired exchange part from Keysight Technologies, a United States customer has 30 days to return the faulty assembly. For orders not originating in the United States, contact the local Keysight Technologies service organization. If the faulty assembly is not returned within 30 days, the customer will be charged an additional amount. The additional amount will be the difference in price between a new assembly and that of an exchange assembly.

Exploded Views

The following exploded views provide a graphical representation of the oscilloscope at the time this manual was released. Not all parts are shown. Your parts may be slightly different thank those shown. These views provide reference designator numbers that map to those used in the parts list table in this chapter.

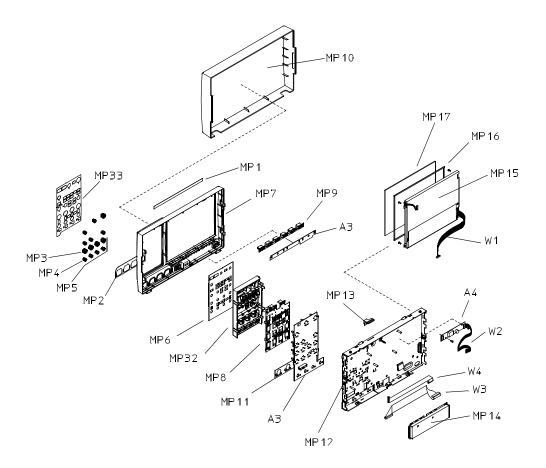


Figure 41 Exploded View 1 of 2

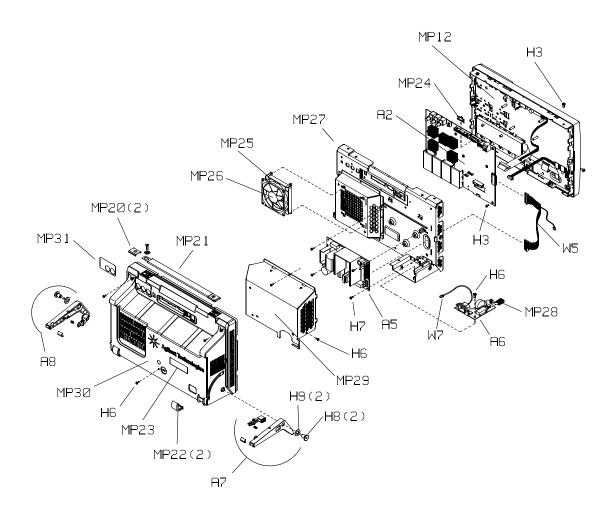


Figure 42 Exploded View 2 of 2

Replaceable Parts List

The information given for each part consists of the following:

- · Reference designation.
- · Keysight Technologies part number.
- Total quantity (QTY) in the instrument or on assembly.
- · Description of the part.

 Table 15
 Replaceable Parts

D-1 D	Keysight Part	Obs	Description.	
Ref Des	Number	Qty	Description	
A2	54688-66510	1	2-ch 100 MHz system board	
A2	54689-66510	1	4-ch 100 MHz system board	
A2	54690-66510	1	2-ch 350 MHz system board	
A2	54691-66510	1	4-ch 350 MHz system board	
A2	54692-66510	1	2-ch 500 MHz system board	
A2	54693-66510	1	4-ch 500 MHz system board	
A2	54695-66510	1	4-ch 1 GHz system board	
A3	54695-66418	1	2-ch keyboard PC board assembly, two pieces (includes main keyboard and softkey keyboard), 7000A Series	
A3	54695-66419	1	4-ch keyboard PC board assembly, two pieces (includes main keyboard and softkey keyboard), 7000A Series	
A3	54695-66420	1	2-ch keyboard PC board assembly, two pieces (includes main keyboard and softkey keyboard), 7000B Series	
A3	54695-66421	1	4-ch keyboard PC board assembly, two pieces (includes main keyboard and softkey keyboard), 7000B Series	
A4	0950-4068	1	Inverter, dual backlight	
A5	0950-4691		Power Supply AC/DC SWG 110W Single O/P	
A6	54684-66516	1	AC line filter/power switch PC board assembly	
A8	54695-68708	1	Tilting Leg Right Assembly	
A7	54695-68709	1	Tilting Leg Left Assembly	
H1	1400-0611	2	Clamp-FL-CA 1-WD PVC	
H2	54684-42202	1	Hole plug front panel (2 Channel only, not shown)	
Н3	0515-0372	13	Screw-Machine w/Crest-Cup-Con-Wshr Pan-HD TORX-T10 M3X0.5 8mm-LG SST-300 Passivate	

	Keysight Part		
Ref Des	Number	Qty	Description
H4	0515-0658	4	Screw-Machine w/Crest-Cup-Con-Wshr Pan-HD TORX-T6 M2X0.4 6mm-LG SST-300 Passivate
H5	2950-0054	14	Nut, 1/2-28 THD (secures rear BNCs, not shown)
Н6	0515-2143	3	Screw-Machine w/Patch-LK Pan-HD TORX-T20 M4X0.7 6mm-LG SST-300 Passivate
H7	5022-6627	4	Screw-Machine w/Split-Lock-Flat-Wshr Pan-HD TORX-T10 M3X0.5 8mm-LG SST-300 passivate
Н8	54695-26301	2	Screw-Shoulder
Н9	3050-2320	2	Washer-Flat Non-metalic 10.5mm ID 20mm-OD 2mm-tHK Polyamide
H10	0515-2049	2	Screw-Machine w/Patch-LK 90-DEG-FLT-HD TORX-T20 M5X0.8 16mm-LG SST-300 Passivate
H11	2190-0068	3	Washer-LK Intl T 1/2 In505 IN-ID (for rear BNCs, not shown)
MP1	54688-94301	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 100 MHz (DSO7012A)
MP1	54688-94302	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 100 MHz (MSO7012A)
MP1	54688-94303	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 100 MHz (DSO7012B)
MP1	54688-94305	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 100 MHz (MSO7012B)
MP1	54689-94301	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 100 MHz (DSO7014A)
MP1	54689-94302	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 100 MHz (MSO7014A)
MP1	54689-94303	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 100 MHz (DSO7014B)
MP1	54689-94304	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 100 MHz (MSO7014B)
MP1	54690-94301	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 350 MHz (DSO7032A)
MP1	54690-94302	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 350 MHz (MSO7032A)
MP1	54690-94303	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 350 MHz (DSO7032B)
MP1	54690-94304	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 350 MHz (MSO7032B)

Dof Doo	Keysight Part	Other	Description
Ref Des	Number	Qty	Description
MP1	54691-94301	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 350 MHz (DSO7034A)
MP1	54691-94302	1	ID Label 4Ch MSO 350 MHz (MSO7034A)
MP1	54691-94303	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 350 MHz (DSO7034B)
MP1	54691-94304	1	ID Label 4Ch MSO 350 MHz (MSO7034B)
MP1	54692-94301	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 500 MHz (DSO7052A)
MP1	54692-94302	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 500 MHz (MSO7052A)
MP1	54692-94303	1	ID Label 2 Ch DSO 500 MHz (DSO7052B)
MP1	54692-94304	1	ID Label 2 Ch MSO 500 MHz (MSO7052B)
MP1	54693-94301	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 500 MHz (DSO7054A)
MP1	54693-94302	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 500 MHz (MSO7054A)
MP1	54693-94303	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 500 MHz (DSO7054B)
MP1	54693-94304	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 500 MHz (MSO7054B)
MP1	54695-94301	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 1GHz (DSO7104A)
MP1	54695-94302	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 1GHz (MSO7104A)
MP1	54695-94317	1	ID Label 4 Ch DSO 1GHz (DSO7104B)
MP1	54695-94318	1	ID Label 4 Ch MSO 1GHz (MSO7104B)
MP2	54695-94306	1	2-Channel BNC Label, 7000A Series
MP2	54695-94307	1	4-Channel BNC Label, 7000A Series
MP2	54695-94321	1	2-Channel BNC Label, 7000B Series
MP2	54695-94322	1	4-Channel BNC Label, 7000B Series
MP3	54913-47402	5	Knob 18mm Flint Gray
MP4	54913-47401	9	Knob 12mm Flint Gray
MP5	54695-94310	1	2 CH Colored Labels for Knob Centers
MP5	54913-94300	1	4 CH Colored Labels for Knob Centers
MP6	54695-94303	1	2 CH Control Panel Label, 7000A Series

- 12	Keysight Part			
Ref Des	Number	Qty	Description	
MP6	54695-94304	1	4 CH Control Panel Label, 7000A Series	
MP6	54695-94319	1	2 CH Control Panel Label, 7000B Series	
MP6	54695-94320	1	4 CH Control Panel Label, 7000B Series	
MP7	54695-42201	1	Bezel, 7000A Series	
MP7	54695-42202	1	Bezel, 7000B Series	
MP8	54695-41902	1	Keypad, rubber - Main 4 Channel (also used for 2-channel), 7000A, Series	
MP8	54695-41904	1	Keypad, rubber - Main 4 Channel (also used for 2-channel), 7000B Series	
MP9	54695-41903	1	Keypad, rubber - Soft	
MP10	54913-44101	1	Cover - Front	
MP11	54684-94314	1	Auto Probe Label	
MP12	54695-00101	1	Front Deck, 7000A Series	
MP12	54695-00106	1	Front Deck, 7000B Series	
MP13	54695-00104	1	Inverter Cable Shield	
MP14	54695-00601	1	Cable Cover	
MP15	2090-0947	1	Display LCD 12.1 Inch TFT (210x270.9x10.9mm)	
MP16	54695-47101	1	Display Gasket	
MP17	01680-88001	1	Lens	
MP20	5042-6805	2	Cap - Strap Handle	
MP21	54695-68711	1	Strap Handle	
MP22	54695-44701	2	Foot Pad	
MP23	5090-4157	1	Serial Label	
MP24	54695-00105	1	Video Connector Ground Plate	
MP25	54684-44701	1	Fan Mount	

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
MP26	54684-68501	1	Fan
MP27	54695-00102	1	Rear Deck
MP28	54695-43901	1	Extender, Pwr Switch
MP29	54695-00103	1	Power Supply Cover
MP30	54695-44401	1	Bucket
MP31	54695-94309	1	2 CH Rear Label
MP32	54913-40201	1	Panel Control
MP33	54695-94311	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-94312	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-94313	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-94314	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-94315	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Japanese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-94316	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Japanese, 7000A Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 7000B Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 7000B Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 7000B Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 7000B Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	2CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Japanese, 7000B Series
MP33	54695-943xx	*	4CH Control Panel Label Overlay - Japanese, 7000B Series

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
W1	54695-61601	1	LVDS Display Cable
W2	54695-61602	1	Inverter Cable
W3	54684-61601	1	Cable - Keyboard
W4	54695-61604	1	Softkeyboard Cable, 7000A Series
W4	54709-61604	1	Softkeyboard Cable, 7000B Series
W5	54695-61603	1	Cable - DC
Not shown	54695-62301	1	Accessory Pouch
W6	Power cord	0-1	Part number varies by country. Contact your local Keysight sales office for replacement.
W7	54695-61605	1	AC Line Filter Ground cable (not shown, see page 101 for photo)
	10074C	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 150 MHz
	10073C	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 500 MHz
	N2863A	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 300 MHz

^{*}Optional item.

Safety Notices

This apparatus has been designed and tested in accordance with IEC Publication 1010, Safety Requirements for Measuring Apparatus, and has been supplied in a safe condition. This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with terminal for protective earthing). Before applying power, verify that the correct safety precautions are taken (see the following warnings). In addition, note the external markings on the instrument that are described under "Safety Symbols."

Warnings

Before turning on the instrument, you must connect the protective earth terminal of the instrument to the protective conductor of the (mains) power cord. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. You must not negate the protective action by using an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding). Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.

Only fuses with the required rated current, voltage, and specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) should be used. Do not use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuseholders. To do so could cause a shock or fire hazard.

If you energize this instrument by an auto transformer (for voltage reduction or mains isolation), the common terminal must be connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Whenever it is likely that the ground protection is impaired, you must make the instrument inoperative and secure it against any unintended operation.

Service instructions are for trained service personnel. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any service unless qualified to do so. Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

Do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the instrument.

Capacitors inside the instrument may retain a charge even if the instrument is disconnected from its source of supply.

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable gasses or fumes. Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

Do not use the instrument in a manner not specified by the manufacturer.

To clean the instrument

If the instrument requires cleaning: (1) Remove power from the instrument. (2) Clean the external surfaces of the instrument with a soft cloth dampened with a mixture of mild detergent and water. (3) Make sure that the instrument is completely dry before reconnecting it to a power source.

Safety Symbols



Instruction manual symbol: the product is marked with this symbol when it is necessary for you to refer to the instruction manual in order to protect against damage to the product.



Hazardous voltage symbol.



Earth terminal symbol: Used to indicate a circuit common connected to grounded chassis.

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verify

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