PDH Concept Guide

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WARNING

Warning Symbols Used on the Product



The product is marked with this symbol when the user should refer to the instruction manual in order to protect the apparatus against damage.

The product is marked with this symbol to indicate that hazardous voltages are present



The product is marked with this symbol to indicate that a laser is fitted. The user should refer to the laser safety information in the Calibration Manual.

Hewlett-Packard Limited Telecommunications Networks Test Division South Queensferry West Lothian, Scotland EH30 9TG PDH Concept Guide

HP 37717C Communications Performance Analyzer

About This Book

The information on PDH testing in this book covers the following subjects:

- An Introduction to PDH, the PDH modules and their features.
- Measurement examples.
- Measurement result definitions
- Logging messages

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Introduction to PDH Testing

Information on PDH in general and the PDH test features of the HP 37717C.

Introduction to PDH / DSn

The Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH / DSn) is still the dominant technology in most existing telecommunications networks throughout the world, although it is being replaced in many networks by Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) or SONET networks. PDH / DSn networks were developed at a time when point-to-point transmission was the predominant network requirement. To support this requirement, the standard approach to network management and maintenance was to use manual distribution frames for access to individual signals. This is now considered out of date and consequently SDH / SONET is now the preferred network topology for new installations.

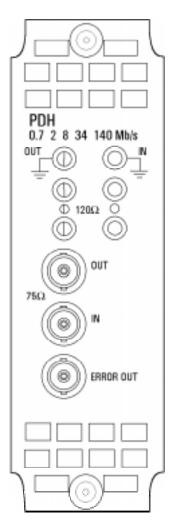
However PDH / DSn networks will exist for a long time to come even in networks where SDH /SONET is the preferred technology. PDH is the ETSI international standard, based on 2 Mb/s, defined by the ITU-T, and covers the hierarchal transmission rates of 2 Mb/s, 8 Mb/s, 34 Mb/s and 140 Mb/s. DSn is the ANSI standard covering transmission rates of 1.544 Mb/s (DS1) and 44.736 Mb/s (DS3). PDH is asynchronous at 8 Mb/s, 34 Mb/s and 140 Mb/s. In order to access a signal, for rerouting or test purposes, the whole line signal structure must be demultiplexed step by step down to the 2 Mb/s level, because of the asynchronous nature of the multiplexing.

At each multiplexing step, the bit rate of the individual tributary signals is controlled within specified limits and is not synchronized with the multiplex equipment. Because the bit rates of the individual tributaries are controlled within specific limits this type of multiplexing is referred to as Plesiochronous i.e. nearly synchronous. The individual tributaries are synchronized with the equipment at each multiplex step by the process of positive bit stuffing justification.

In new SDH / SONET networks, PDH / DSn signals are mapped into virtual containers / tributaries before being transported as part of the SDH / SONET payload. The SDH / SONET payload must then be demapped into a PDH / DSn tributary signal.

Therefore all PDH / DSn, SDH / SONET and mixed PDH/SDH DSn / SONET networks require test sets which have PDH / DSn interfaces and PDH / DSn test capability.

Unstructured PDH Generation and Measurement. Option UKK (USB)



Option UKK (USB), Unstructured PDH, provides generation and measurement of unstructured PDH at interface rates of 704 kb/s, 2.048 Mb/s, 8.448 Mb/s, 34.368 Mb/s and 139.264 Mb/s

Allows the addition of Frequency Offset to the PDH signal

Provides 75 Ω unbalanced or 120 Ω balanced input and output interfaces.

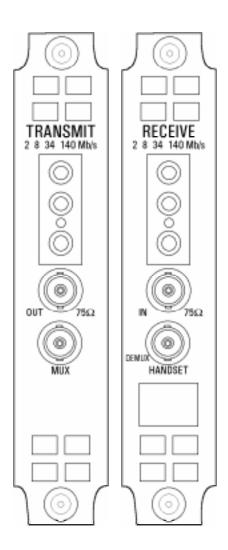
Allows selection of PRBS, WORD or USER patterns

Allows selection of Line Code AMI, HDB3 or CMI

Provides an ECL pulse each time an error occurs (Error Out)

Option UKK [USB]

Structured PDH Generation and Measurement. Options UKJ (USA) and UKN (USE)



Options UKJ (USA) and UKN (USE), provide generation and measurement of Structured or Unstructured PDH at interface rates of 2.048 Mb/s (E1), 8.448 Mb/s (E2), 34.368 Mb/s (E3) and 139.264 Mb/s (E4).

Structured test signal rates of 64 kb/s, 2.048 Mb/s, 8.448 Mb/s and 34.368 Mb/s are provided.

Frequency Offset can be added at the interface rates.

Line rate frequency can be measured.

Provides 75 Ω unbalanced or 120 Ω balanced input and output interfaces.

Allows selection of PRBS, WORD or USER patterns

Allows selection of Line Code AMI, HDB3 or CMI

Interface and test signal rates can be Framed or Unframed

MUX connector allows a 2 Mb/s signal from external equipment to be inserted into the HP 37717C test signal.

DEMUX connector allows a 2 Mb/s signal from the HP 37717C to be Dropped to external equipment.

Option UKN (USE) also provides generation and measurement of PDH signals with ATM payloads.

Information on the ATM capabilities of the UKN (USE) module is given in the "Users Guide" and the "ATM Concept Guide".

Option UKJ (USA)

Binary Interfaces. Option UH3 (US7)



Option UH3 (US7) provides binary NRZ interfaces for the structured PDH module option UKJ (USA), and the unstructured PDH module option UKK (USB).

The interfaces can operate at any of the standard rates \pm 100 ppm.

When used with option UKK (USB), with an external binary clock input, the interfaces can operate at any rate in the range 700 kb/s to 170 Mb/s.

TTL signal levels, at data and clock ports, and external clock port, are valid from 700 kb/s to 50 Mb/s, 75Ω to ground.

ECL signals, at data and clock ports, and external clock port, are valid from 700 kb/s to 170 Mb/s, 75 Ω to -2V.

The external clock input may be used to clock **coded** data from the PDH / DSn transmitter at standard rates. In addition if Option UKK (USB), Unstructured PDH, is fitted can clock **coded** data in the range 700 kb/s to 170 Mb/s.

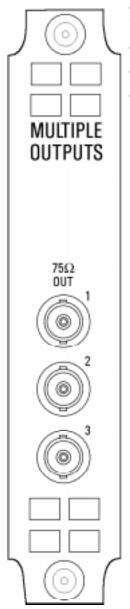
Simultaneous jitter of binary clock and binary data outputs is possible (2, 8, 34 & 140 Mb/s) if Option UHK (USB) or A3K, Jitter Generator, is fitted.

Jitter measurement on the binary clock input is possible (2, 8, 34 & 140 Mb/s \pm ;100 ppm) if Option UHN, A3L, A3V or A3N, Jitter Measurement, is fitted.

Frequency measurement of the external clock input and binary clock input is provided.

Option UH3 (US7)

Multiple PDH Outputs. Option UHC (US6)



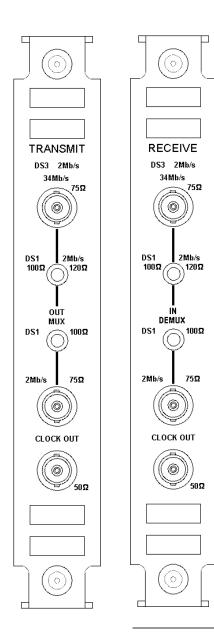
Option UHC (US6), Multiple PDH Outputs, provides three additional 75 Ω PDH outputs.

OUT 1 is delayed by 4 bits relative to the main PDH OUT.

OUT 2 is delayed by 8 bits relative to the main PDH OUT.

OUT 3 is delayed by 12 bits relative to the main PDH OUT.

DS1, DS3, E1 and E3 Transmit and Receive Interfaces for PDH/ DSn Payloads. Option 110



Option 110, provides generation and measurement of PDH /DSn signals at interface rates of: 1.544 Mb/s (DS1), 44.736 Mb/s (DS3), 2.048 Mb/s (E1), and 34.368 Mb/s (E3).

Frequency Offset can be added at the interface rates.

Line rate frequency can be measured.

Provides the following RZ input and output interfaces: DS3 and E3: 75 Ω unbalanced E1: 75 Ω unbalanced, 120 Ω balanced. DS1: 100 Ω balanced.

Allows selection of Line Code as: AMI or B8ZS at DS1 AMI or HDB3 at 2Mb/s. At DS3 the line code is fixed at B3ZS. At 34 Mb/s the line code is fixed at HDB3.

Provides Input sensitivity level selection.

Provides output level control for DS1 and DS3. DS1: DSX-1 or DS1-LO DS3: DS3-HI, DSX-3 or DS3-900'.

Allows errors and alarms to be injected into the test signal.

An E1 Drop/Insert port allows an E1(2.048 Mb/s) signal to be dropped/inserted from a E3 (34 Mb/s) signal. In conjunction with the SONET/SDH test module (option 120), this port allows the insertion of E1 into a TU-12/VT2.

A DS1 Drop/Insert port allows a DS1 signal to be dropped/ inserted from a DS3 or TU-11/VT1.5 when used in conjunction with the SONET/SDH test module. Introduction to PDH Testing DS1, DS3, E1 and E3 Transmit and Receive Interfaces for PDH/DSn Payloads. Option 110

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PDH / DSn Testing

This Chapter gives examples of the instrument operation in typical PDH test applications.

Alarm Monitoring

Options Required Structured PDH UKJ (USA), 110 or UKN (USE)

Application

Problems in the network at all levels in the hierarchy can be detected by the occurrence of alarms in each tributary of structured PDH systems.

Using the HP 37717C in a *receive only* mode, each tributary can be scanned and the state of Frame Loss, Remote (RAI) and AIS alarms viewed on the **RESULTS** display.

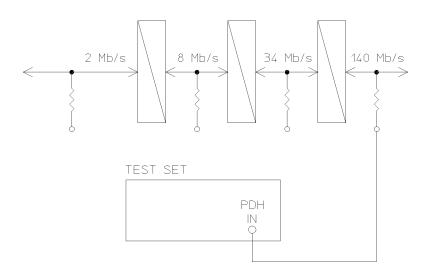
Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS** set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (Alarm Monitoring)

This setup procedure is based on Structured PDH 140 Mb/s line traffic interfaced at the line equipment 75 Ω protected Monitor point. If a protected Monitor Point is not available then an HP 15510A Protective Probe may be used at an unprotected Monitor point.

When 120 Ω Balanced alarm monitoring is desired at an unprotected Monitor point use an HP 15511A Protective Monitor Probe. The instrument is used in a *receive* only mode to monitor Frame Loss, AIS and Remote alarms.



 Connect the HP 37717C to the line terminal equipment protected Monitor point and set up the <u>RECEIVE</u> display <u>MAIN SETTINGS</u> as shown opposite.

The GAIN and EQUALIZER settings should be set to optimize the received signal.

RECEIVER INPUT E PDH MRIN STRUCT'D JITTER SETTINGS SETTINGS	3
SIGNAL [140 Mb/	/s]
TERMINATION 75Ω UNI LINE CODE CMI LEVEL [MONITOI EQUALIZER [OFF] GAIN [20 dB	
PAYLOAD TYPE [FRAMED] STRUCT	URED]
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST SELECT THI 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDER ABOVE	E
STATUS:	MULTIPLE Window

2 Set up the **RECEIVE** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

2M PAYLOAD determines the Framing and selection which should match that of the network equipment.

RECEIVER INPUT MAIN SETTINGS SETTINGS	[PDH	3
TEST SIGNAL 2M PAYLOAD 24Mb [3]	[2 Mb/s [PCM30CRC 8Mb 2Mb [2][4]]
PATTERN	[LIVE TRAFF	1C3
STATUS:		MULTIP WIND

PDH / DSn Testing Alarm Monitoring

Start the Test (Alarm Monitoring)

1 Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite and select **PDH ALM SCAN** ON .

If any of the three alarms, Frame Loss, RAI or AIS has occurred the appropriate point in the hierarchy will be highlighted.

The test can be halted at any time by selecting **OFF** on the **RESULTS** PDH ALM SCAN display.

RESULT	S [PDH ALM SCAN] [OFF]	
140Mb	INTERFACE	
34Mb	1 2 3 4	
8МЬ	1 Z 3 4 1 Z 3 4 1 Z 3 4 1 Z 3 4 	
2МЬ	$\begin{array}{c} 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1$	
STATUS:	ON	MULTIPLE WINDOW

2 To determine which alarm has occurred set the PDH ALM SCAN OFF and then set the **RECEIVE** STRUCTURED SETTINGS display to the tributary highlighted as shown opposite and press **RUN/STOP**.

Example 2Mb number 2 of 8Mb number 1 of 34 Mb number 1 is highlighted.

RECEIVER INPUT MAIN STRUCT'D SETTINGS	E PDH]	
TEST SIGNAL 2M PAYLORD 34Mb]	
PATTERN	ELIVE TRAFF	[2]	
STATUS:	3 4		MULTIPLE

3 Now view the Alarm Seconds results on the **RESULTS** display to determine which alarms have occurred.

RESULTS [PDH	IC ALARM SECONDS]	
POWER LOSS LOS LOS 140M LOF 34M LOF 8M LOF 2M ELRPSED TIME	RIS Pattern Loss Rati NFRAME Loss Rati MFRA Alm	
STATUS: CUMUL- SHORT ATIVE TERM	ERROR ALARM MORE MULTIP ANALYSIS SECONDS WINDO	

Analysis of N x 64 kb/s

Option Required Structured PDH UKJ (USA) or DS1,DS3,E1, E3 structured PDH 110

Application

Many customer premises receive subrate signals for example 128 Kb/s or 384 kb/s. The timeslots which make up these services may or may not be contiguous. Testing these services requires that the test set to be able to insert a pattern across the required timeslots.

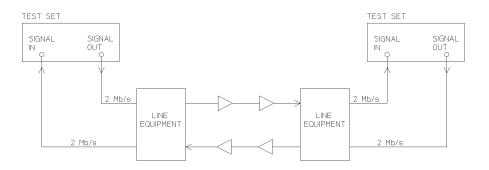
Testing N x 64 kb/s channels structured within a 2 Mb/s signal can be carried out on an End to End basis using two test sets.

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**, set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (N x 64 kb/s Analysis)

This setup procedure is interfaced at 2 Mb/s, with a test signal of 6 X 64 kb/s noncontiguous timeslots. A PRBS test pattern is transmitted across the 6 timeslots. A BER measurement is performed on the received test pattern.



PDH / DSn Testing Analysis of N x 64 kb/s

HP 37717C #1

1. Set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown opposite.

Any settings change made on the **TRANSMIT** or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

STATUS: Indep- Endent	JPLE)	MULTIP Windo	Ē
RECEIVER	COUPLED TO TRANSMITTER		
TRANSMITTER A	ND RECEIVER		
FUNCTION	E SETTINGS CONTROL	3	

2. Connect the HP 37717C to the line equipment and set up the **TRANSMIT MAIN SETTINGS** display as shown opposite.

The settings of SIGNAL rate and LINE CODE must match those of the network equipment.

PAYLOAD TYPE selects the Framing which must match that of the network equipment.

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT	E PDH TEST FUNCTION	1
SIGNAL	[2 Mb/s]
CLOCK SYNC [INTERNAL] TERMINATION LINE CODE FREQUENCY OFFSET	[750 UNBAL [HDB3 [DFF]]
PAYLORD TYPE [PCM31CRC	JE STRUCTURED	1
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDER	SELECT THE R ABOVE.	
STATUS:		MULTIPLE
		MINDOM

3. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

In this example timeslots 3, 5, 9, 25, 26 and 27 are selected.

TEST SIGNE.	Nd4 15/2	
1664 Fe.e.e	tar by Hennick Dit.	
PRITERA PRIMITY	STOL-1 PRED NOR ITS	
5/5 PVF1094 HIR4 X5/9	HURMONES	

PDH / DSn Testing Analysis of N x 64 kb/s

4. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

The RESULTS type may be changed during the measurement without interrupting the test.

G.821 G.82		OR ANALYSIS] 110 M.2120	
EC ES EFS SES UNAU DEG MIN CODE ES ELAPSED TIME	AnD ES	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
STATUS: BIT	AS CRC Mb/s	REBE	MULTIF WINDO

HP 37717C #2

1. Set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown opposite.

Any settings change made on the **TRANSMIT** or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

STATUS: INDEP- CO ENDENT	JPLED			MULTIPLE WINDOW
RECEIVER	COUPLED TO TR	RNSMITTER		
TRANSMITTER A	ND RECEIVER	[COUPLED		
FUNCTION	[SETTIN	GS CONTROL	3	

2. Set up the **RECEIVE** display **MAIN SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

The settings of SIGNAL rate and LINE CODE must match those of the network equipment.

PAYLOAD TYPE selects the Framing which must match that of the network equipment.

STATUS:			MULTIPL	
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDE	SE R A	LECT THE BOVE		
PRYLORD TYPE [PCM31CRC	30	STRUCTURED	1	
TERMINATION LINE CODE LEVEL	Ē	75Ω UNBAL HDB3 TERMINATE	1 1 1	
SIGNAL	C	2 Mb/s	1	
MAIN STRUCT'D JITTER SETTINGS SETTINGS		- 01	,	
RECEIVER INPUT	F 1	PDH	1	

PDH / DSn Testing Analysis of N x 64 kb/s

3. Set up the **RECEIVE STRUCTURED SETTINGS** display as shown opposite.

In this example timeslots 3, 5, 9, 25, 26 and 27 are selected.

TEST SIDUR	PURCTION NOTE	5	
1666 FR.R.R	Durgar By Tiesslot	in.	
PRITERA PRES PRIMETY	Earthalidity told in 27121-1 PPG MDMR 1TQ		

4. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

The RESULTS type may be changed during the measurement without interrupting the test.

RESULTS			DR ANALYSIS] 110 M.2120	
EC ES EFS VINAU DEG MIN CODE ES ELAPSED	TIME	And ES	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	
STATUS:	FRS 2 Mb/s	CRC	REBE	MULTIPLE WINDOW

Run the Test (N x 64 kb/s Analysis)

- 1. Press **RUN/STOP**.
- The measurement results and alarms are available on the **RESULTS** display during the test period.
- The test can be halted at any time by pressing **RUN/STOP**.

BERT Testing

Options Required Structured PDH **UKJ** (**USA**), DS1,DS3,E1, E3 structured PDH **110** or Unstructured PDH **UKK** (**USB**)

Application

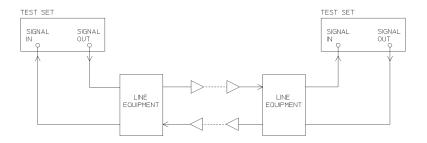
A transmission system must be specified for its overall error performance, measured over a period of time. Conformance to these specifications ensures that an installed system will meet the requirements of an Integrated Digital Network (IDN).

After troubleshooting, or during installation or commissioning, it is necessary to check that the transmission link meets this error performance.

This can be performed in two ways:

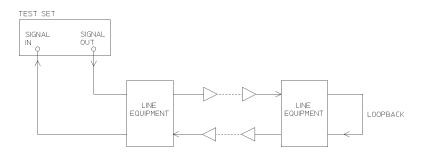
• End To End - Error performance measurements are made on an end-to-end basis testing the Go and Return paths separately but simultaneously. The measurements are often performed unattended and the results and other events, alarms for example, logged on a printer or disc and timed by a real time clock facility.

Two HP 37717C's are required for this measurement, one at each end of the link.



End-to End Test

• Loopback - Error performance measurements are made via a loopback at the remote end of the system testing the combined Go and Return paths. The measurements are often performed unattended and the results and other events, alarms for example, logged on a printer or disc and timed by a real time clock.



Loopback Test

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**, set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (BERT Testing)

This setup procedure is based on 140 Mb/s, CMI, PRBS test data terminated in 75 Ω . A SINGLE test period of 24 HOURS is used and use of the a printer or disc for recording of results and alarms is included. A graphical record of the results can be viewed on the HP 37717C **GRAPH** display at the end of the test period.

1. Set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown opposite (on both HP 37717C's if end to end).

Any settings change made on the **TRANSMIT** or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

TATUS: INDEP- COU	PLED			MULTIPL WINDOW
	OUPLED TO TRAN			
TRANSMITTER AN	ID RECEIVER	C COUPLED		
FUNCTION	E SETTINGS	CONTROL	1	

2. Connect the HP 37717C to the line equipment and set up the **TRANSMIT** display as shown opposite (on both HP 37717C's if end to end).

ſ	TRANSMITTER OUTPUT MAIN STRUCT'D JITTER SETTINGS SETTINGS SIGNAL]	
	CLOCK SYNC [INTERNAL] TERMINATION LINE CODE FREQUENCY OFFSET	750 UNBAL CMI C OFF	3	
	PAYLOAD TYPE [FRAMED PATTERN PRBS POLARITY	JEUNSTRUCTURE E 2^23-1 PRI E INVJ ITU	ED] BS]	
•	TATUS: 140 Mb/s 34 Mb/s 8 Mi	b/s 2 Mb/s		MULTIPLE WINDOW

3. Select the **LOGGING** function as shown opposite (on both HP 37717C's if end to end).

A LOGGING PERIOD selection of [USER PROGRAM] [10 MIN] provides the following:

A complete set of period and a complete set of cumulative results logged on the printer or disc every 10 minutes.

FUNCTION	E LOGGING	1
LOGGING SETUP	E CONTROL	1
LOGGING LOGGING PERIOD	E ON Ouser Profess E 10 3 e mins	
RESULTS LOGGED	[ALL	'i
LOG ERROR SECONDS LOG AT END OF TEST		, ¹
LOG ON DEMAND	RESULTS	
STATUS: Off 10 Mins	1 HOUR 24 HOURS	USER MULTIPLE PROGRAM WINDOW

A complete set of cumulative results logged on the printer or to disc at the end of the test period.

4. Set the RESULTS TIMING CONTROL as shown opposite (on both HP 37717C's if end to end).	RESULTS [TIMING CONTROL] SHORT TERM PERIOD [1 SECOND TEST TIMINO [SINGLE] GRAPH STORAGE [OFF] [INTERNAL]
	STATUS: 1 24 72 7 USER MULTIPLE Hour Hours Hours drys program withdom
5. Select the RESULTS PDH RESULTS ERROR ANALYSIS display	RESULTS [PDH I ERBOR HNRLYSIS) G.821 G.826 M.2100 M.2120

The RESULTS type displayed can be changed during the test period without interrupting the test.

The RESULTS **TIMING CONTROL** STORAGE selection enables the graphics. To disable graphics select STORAGE [OFF].

RESULTS [PDH	JE ERROR ANALYSISD M.2100 M.2110 M.2120 E BIT J	
EC ES EFS DEG MIN DEG MIN CODE ES ELRPSED TIME	RnD ES 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
STATUS: CUMUL- SHOR ATIVE TERM		MORE MULTIPLE

Start the Test (BERT Testing)

1. Press **RUN/STOP** (on both HP 37717C's if end to end).

The measurement results and alarms are available on the **RESULTS** display during the test period.

The graphical measurement results and alarms are stored in non volatile memory for viewing later on the **GRAPH** display.

The test can be halted at any time by pressing **RUN/STOP**.

At the End of the Test (BERT Testing)

- The Date and Time the test started and the instrument setup are logged on the selected logging device.
- All results are logged on the selected logging device at 10 minute intervals.
- Any alarms which occur during the test period will be logged on a printer or disc.
- At the end of the test period a complete set of cumulative results are logged on the printer or disc.
- A graphical record of the results during the test period can be viewed on the

GRAPH display. If Remote Control option A3B or A3D is fitted the graph results can be logged to an external printer, at a later date.

• Results and Alarm summaries can be viewed on the **GRAPH** display.

The total graphics store capacity is normally 20,000 events. If GRAPH STORAGE RESOLUTION [FULL] is selected on the **OTHER MISCELLANEOUS** display the capacity reduces to 10,000 events.

The resolution, determined by the selection made under STORAGE on the **RESULTS TIMING CONTROL** display, affects the ZOOM capability when viewing the bar graphs. If 1 SECOND is selected all resolutions are available under ZOOM. If 1 MIN is selected only 1 MIN/BAR, 15 MINS/BAR and 60 MINS/BAR are available. If 15 MINS is selected only 15 MINS/BAR and 60 MINS/BAR are available. If 1 HOUR is selected only 60 MINS/BAR is available.

Up to 10 sets of graphical results can be stored. If an attempt is made to store more than 10 sets of results, then a first in first out policy is operated and the oldest set of results will be lost. If graphics are enabled and a test is run which exceeds the remaining storage capacity, then some previously stored graphical results will be lost.

To prevent accidental overwriting of previously stored results the graphics capability should be disabled, when graphical results are not required, by selecting STORAGE [OFF] on the **RESULTS TIMING CONTROL** display.

Cross Multiplexer Testing

Option Required Structured PDH **UKJ** (**USA**), DS1, DS3, E1, E3 structured PDH **110**

Application

For comprehensive testing of network equipment it is essential that the test equipment can multiplex/demultiplex the test signal.

The insertion of tributary signals into the PDH multiplexer, which are then multiplexed into the 140 Mb/s PDH structure should take place without introducing errors. The insertion and structuring process is tested by adding a test pattern to the tributary inserted at the tributary insert port. At the high rate side of the PDH multiplexer the tributary is destructured and a BER test performed.

By using a protected monitor point at the high rate side of the PDH multiplexer the mux/demux need not be taken out of service.

Default (Known State) Settings

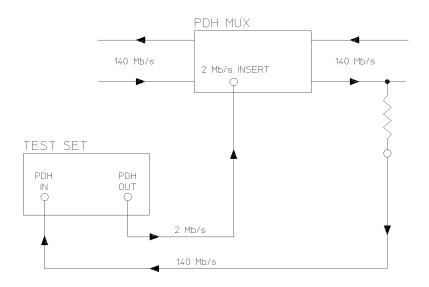
It is advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state before setting up a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**, set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Cross Multiplexer Testing Test Setup Procedure

In this setup a 2 Mb/s Framed tributary, containing a test pattern, is inserted at the tributary insert port of the PDH multiplexer. The 140 Mb/s structured PDH signal is obtained from a protected monitor point. The 2 Mb/s tributary is destructured by the HP 37717C test set and an Error measurement is performed on the 2 Mb/s tributary test pattern.

A SINGLE test period of 24 HOURS is used and the printer is enabled to record results and alarms.

The HP 37717C PDH/SDH test set GRAPHICS function is enabled. The graphical results can be viewed on the **GRAPH** display.



Cross Multiplexer Testing

1. Connect the HP 37717C to the network equipment and set up the **OTHER**

SETTINGS CONTROL display as shown opposite.

FUNCTION	[SETTIN	GS CONTROL]	
TRANSMITTER	AND RECEIVER	(INDEPENDENT)	
STATUS: INDEP- CO	JUPLED		MULTIPL

2. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display as shown opposite.

The PAYLOAD TYPE determines the Framing, which is selected from the softkey menu.

Selections of Framing and Code must match those of the network equipment.

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT MAIN STRUCT'D JITTER SETTINGS SETTINGS	E PDH TEST FUNCTION	1	
SIGNAL	[2 Mb/s	1	
CLOCK SYNC [INTERNAL] TERMINATION LINE CODE FREQUENCY OFFSET	[75Ω UNBAL [HDB3 [OFF]	
PAYLOAD TYPE (PCM31CRC PATTERN PRBS POLARITY	CUNSTRUCTURE	D] 5]	
FRES FULNKIIT	L INOJ IIU		
STATUS: UNFRAMED PCM30 PCM3	1 PCM30CRC	PCM31CRC	MULTIPLE WINDOW

3. Set up the **RECEIVE** display **MAIN SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

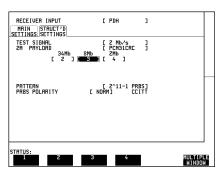
The GAIN and EQUALIZER settings should be set to optimize the received signal.

RECEIVER INPUT E	PDH]
SIGNAL	140 Mb/s]
TERMINATION LINE CODE LEVEL EQUALIZER [OFF] GAIN	
PRYLORD TYPE [FRAMED]	STRUCTURED]
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST S 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDER	LECT THE BROVE
STATUS:	MULTIPLE Window

4. Set up the **RECEIVE** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

The required 2 Mb/s test signal is selected under 34Mb: 8Mb: 2Mb

2M Payload determines the test signal framing and must match that of the network equipment.



5. Select the logging device and set up the **OTHER** display, **LOGGING** function, as shown opposite.

WHEN [PERIOD EC>0] ensures results are not logged on the selected logging device when a print period is error free.

FUNCTION	E LOGGING	CONTROL	1	
LOGGING LOGGING PERIOD	- [[ON 1 HOUR]	
RESULTS LOGGED WHEN CONTENT	C 0 C C	Selected Period Cox ER & ANAL Per & Cumui DFF	Ĩ	
LOG AT END OF TES		ALL RESULTS	ร์	
STATUS: ALVAYS PERIOD	-			

Continuity Check

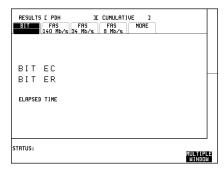
Before running the test carry out a continuity test to verify the measurement path.

1. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

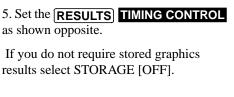
2. Press **RUN/STOP** to start a measurement.

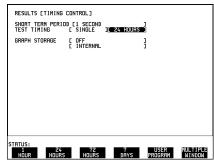
3. Press error add **SINGLE** three times and check that the errors are recorded on the **RESULTS** display.

4. Press **RUN/STOP** to stop the measurement.



Start the Cross Multiplexer Test

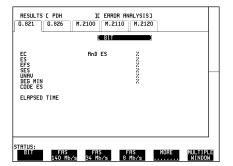




6. Press **RUN/STOP** to start the measurement.

G.821 Analysis results are displayed but any of the other results can be viewed without affecting the measurement.

The following error results are available on the **RESULTS** display during the test period:



- 2 Mb/s FAS, CRC, REBE and BIT
- 8, 34 and 140 Mb/s FAS

The graphical measurement results and alarms are stored in non volatile memory for viewing later on the **GRAPH** display.

The test can be halted at any time by pressing **RUN/STOP**.

At the End of the Test (Cross Multiplexer Testing)

- The Date and Time the test started and the instrument set-up are logged on the logging device selected.
- Results are logged on the selected logging device at 1 hour intervals if the error count is greater than 0.
- Any alarms which occur during the test period will be logged on the selected logging device.
- At the end of the test period a complete set of cumulative results are logged on the selected logging device.
- A graphical record of the results during the test period can be viewed on the **GRAPH** display. If Remote Control option A3B or A3D is fitted the graph results can be logged to an external printer, at a later date.
- Results and Alarm summaries can be viewed on the **GRAPH** display.

The total graphics store capacity is normally 20,000 events. If GRAPH STORAGE RESOLUTION [FULL] is selected on the **OTHER MISCELLANEOUS** display the capacity reduces to 10,000 events.

The resolution, determined by the selection made under STORAGE on the **RESULTS TIMING CONTROL** display, affects the ZOOM capability when viewing the bar graphs. If 1 SECOND is selected all resolutions are available under ZOOM. If 1 MIN is selected only 1 MIN/BAR, 15 MINS/BAR and 60 MINS/BAR are available. If 15 MINS is selected only 15 MINS/BAR and 60 MINS/BAR are available. If 1 HOUR is selected only 60 MINS/BAR is available.

Up to 10 sets of graphical results can be stored. If an attempt is made to store more than 10 sets of results, then a first in first out policy is operated and the oldest set of results will be lost. If graphics are enabled and a test is run which exceeds the remaining storage capacity, then some previously stored graphical results will be lost.

To prevent accidental overwriting of previously stored results the graphics capability should be disabled, when graphical results are not required, by selecting STORAGE [OFF] on the **RESULTS TIMING CONTROL** display.

FAS Monitoring

NOTE

Options Required Structured PDH **UKJ** (**USA**), DS1, DS3, E1, E3 structured PDH **110** or Unstructured PDH **UKK** (**USB**)

Option UKK (USB) - Unstructured PDH allows FAS Monitoring to be carried out at 2, 8, 34 and 140 Mb/s. Application

Degradation in error performance can be detected by the occurrence of Frame Alignment Signal (FAS) errors in PDH /DSn systems.

Using the HP 37717C in a *receive only* mode, FAS errors can be measured and viewed on the **RESULTS** display. In addition, the results can be logged on the selected logging device for examination later.

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**, set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

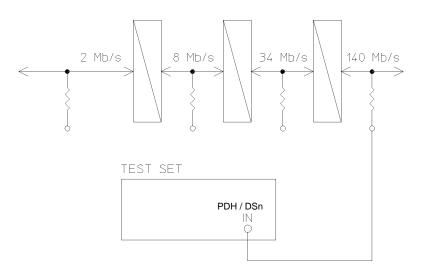
Test Setup Procedure (FAS Monitoring)

This setup procedure is based on Structured PDH 140 Mb/s line traffic interfaced at the line equipment protected Monitor point. If a protected Monitor Point is not available then an HP 15510A Protective Probe may be used at an unprotected Monitor point.

The instrument is used in a *receive only* mode to measure FAS Errors. A Timed Start test period is used which allows the measurement to be started at a time when the user would not normally be available.

All Error Ratio and Analysis results are logged on the selected logging device at 2 hour intervals and at the end of the test period. Occurrences of error seconds and alarms are logged on the selected logging device in real time.

PDH / DSn Testing FAS Monitoring



FAS Monitoring

1. Connect the HP 37717C to the line terminal equipment protected Monitor point and set up the **RECEIVE** display **MAIN SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

When Balanced FAS monitoring is desired at an unprotected Monitor point use an HP 15511A Protective Monitor Probe.

The GAIN and EQUALIZER settings should be set to optimize the received signal.

RECEIVER INPUT E PDH MAIN STRUCT'D JITTER SETTINGS SETTINGS]
SIGNAL [140 Mb/s	3
TERMINATION 750 UNBAL Line code cmi Level (Monitor Equalizer (OFF) gain (20 db	3
PAYLOAD TYPE [FRAMED][STRUCTURED	1
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST SELECT THE 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDER ABOVE	
STATUS:	MULTIPLE Window

PDH / DSn Testing FAS Monitoring

2. Set up the **[RECEIVE]** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

2M PAYLOAD Framing selection should match that of the network equipment.

		-
PATTERN	LLIVE TRAFFIC	
TEST SIGNAL 2M PAYLOAD 34Mb 8 C 2] C 3	[2 Mb/s [PCM30CRC 1b 2Mb 3][4]	3

3. Set up the **OTHER LOGGING** display as shown opposite.

FUNCTION	[LOGGING]	
LOGGING SETUP	[CONTROL]	
LOGGING LOGGING PERIOD	C ON 3 C 1 HOUR 3	
RESULTS LOGGED WHEN CONTENT	E SELECTED] Ferildon (****) E er & Anal] E per & cumul]	
LOG ERROR SECONDS LOG AT END OF TES	S COFF]	
LOG ON DEMAND	RESULTS	
STATUS: ALWAYS PERIOD EC > 0		MULTIPLE WINDOW

Start the Test (FAS Monitoring)

4.Set the RESULTS TIMING CONTROL	
as shown opposite.	RESULTS MININ
The test period will begin at the START	TEST TIMING START GRAPH STORAGE
time selected on this display.	

RESULTS E Short Term Test Timin Stari Graph Stor	I PERIOD C IG C		24 HOURS 12:00	1	
STATUS: TROUBLE SCAN	TIMING Control	PDH RESULTS	PDH Alm Scan	MORE	MULTIPLE WINDOW

PDH / DSn Testing FAS Monitoring

5.Set up the **RESULTS** PDH display as shown opposite.

The following error types can be monitored:

140 Mb/s - FAS (Short Term, Cumulative and G.821 Analysis)

34 Mb/s- FAS (Short Term, Cumulative and G.821 Analysis)

8 Mb/s - FAS (Short Term, Cumulative and G.821 Analysis)

RESULTS FAS 140 Mb/s	FRS	JE CUMULATIVE FRS FRS M 8 Mb/s 2 Mb/s M) IORE
FAS	140M	EC	
FAS	140M	ER	
ELAPSET	TIME		
CLHFJEL	, TINE		
STATUS:			
			MULTI

2 Mb/s - FAS, CRC and REBE (Short Term, Cumulative and G.821 Analysis)

- Any occurrence of Alarms or Error Seconds during the test period are logged on the selected logging device.
- Cumulative and Period versions of Error Results and Analysis Results are logged on the selected logging device at 1 hour intervals.
- The test can be halted at any time by pressing **RUN/STOP**.

At the End of the Test

Cumulative and Period versions of Error Results and Analysis Results are logged on the selected logging device.

Frequency Measurement

Options Required

If measuring frequency at PDH rates one of the following options is required.

Structured PDH UKJ (USA) or UKN (USE), or DS1, DS3, E1, E3 structured PDH 110, or Unstructured PDH UKK (USB)

If measuring frequency at SDH rates the following options must be fitted:

- For STM-0/1 electrical interfaces: A3R [A3S].
- For STM- Optical Interfaces: A3R and UH1.
- For STM-0/1/4 Optical Interfaces: A3R and 130 (1310 and 1550nm) or 131 (1310nm).

Application

The clock frequency and the amount of offset from the ITU standard rate can be measured to give an indication of probability of errors. The measurement can be made in out of service or monitor mode and is generally of short duration.

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS** set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (Frequency Measurement)

If measuring on live traffic the measurement is interfaced at the line terminal equipment Monitor point.

The HP 37717C is used in a *receive only* mode to measure the PDH / DSn frequency. The PDH / DSn frequency is measured and compared with the internal ITU standard frequency selected

PDH / DSn Testing Frequency Measurement

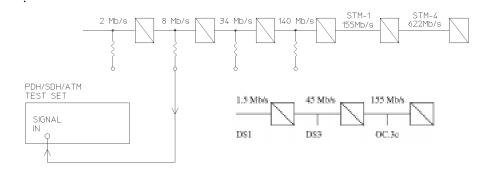


Figure 1

Frequency Measurement

1. Select SIGNAL [8 Mb/s] on the **RECEIVE** display.

For frequency measurement PATTERN; TERMINATION and CODE are not relevant.

SIGNAL LEVEL TEST MODE	0 C C	8 Mb/s MONITOR OUT OF SR	I I I I I	
CODE	E	HDB3	1	
PATTERN	E	2^15-1	1	
TERMINATION		75Ω UNBAL		
TATUS: 140 Mb/s 34 Mb/s	8 Mb/s	2 Mb/s	704 kb/s	MULTIP WINDO

2. Select **RESULTS PDH FREQUENCY** .

RESULTS [PDH	IC FRE	UENCY		
FREQUENCY		Ηz		
OFFSET		Ηz	·	
		PP	e m	
STATUS: CUMUL- SHORT	ERROR	ALARM	FREQ-	MULTIPLE

PDH / DSn Testing Frequency Measurement

Run the Test (Frequency Measurement)

Connect the PDH / DSn IN port to the line terminal equipment monitor point.

The measured frequency and amount of offset from the internal standard is displayed.

If the PDH / DSn frequency is different from the selected BIT RATE the error message **Unable to recover clock** appears on the display. A FREQ reading is displayed but this should be ignored.

RESULTS [PDH	IC FREQUENCY		
FREQUENCY OFFSET	8447999H -1H +0p	z	-
STATUS: Cumul- Short Ative term f	ERROR ALARM INALYSIS SECONDS	FREQ- UENCY	MULTIPLE WINDOW

At the End of the Test (Frequency Measurement)

Disconnect the HP 37717C from the line terminal equipment.

Frequency Offset Tolerance

Options Required

If checking frequency offset tolerance at PDH /DSn rates one of the following options is required.

• UKJ (USA) or UKK (USB) or 110 - Modules with PDH capability

If checking frequency offset tolerance at SDH rates one of the following options must be fitted:

- A3R [A3S] SDH Module
- A3R and UH1 (STM-1 Optical Interface)
- A3R and 130 or 131 STM-0/1/4 Optical Interface

Application

The capability of the network equipment to reliably recover the clock is tested by varying the clock rate of the generated data and checking for the occurrence of transmission errors.

The measurement can be made via a loopback or in a cross-multiplexer configuration, and is generally of short duration.

The ITU G.703 Recommendation for Clock Tolerance is:

- DS1 1.544 Mb/s ± 32 ppm
- E1 2.048 Mb/s ± 50 ppm
- E2 8.448 Mb/s ± 30 ppm
- E3 34.368 Mb/s ± 20 ppm
- DS3 44.736 Mb/s ± 20 ppm
- E4 139.264 Mb/s ± 15 ppm

In SDH systems if the master timing reference is lost a standby reference within 20 ppm can be used for a limited time:

- STM-1 155.520 Mb/s ± 20 ppm
- STM-4 622.080 Mb/s ± 20 ppm.

PDH / DSn Testing Frequency Offset Tolerance

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS** set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (Frequency Offset Tolerance)

This setup procedure tests the clock recovery capability of the line terminal equipment at 34 Mb/s using a PRBS pattern connected to the 75Ω interface. The frequency of the generated data is offset and the data is looped back and monitored for errors.

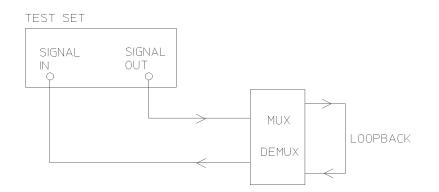


Figure 2

Frequency Offset Tolerance Test

1. Set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown below.

Any settings change made on the

TRANSMIT or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

FUNCTION	E SETTINGS CONTRO	JL]
TRANSMITTER A		LED]
RECEIVER	COUPLED TO TRANSMITTER	7
STATUS: INDEP- COL	IPLED	MULT
ENDENT		MIN

PDH / DSn Testing Frequency Offset Tolerance

2. Set up the **RECEIVE** display as shown opposite.

Select the PATTERN required from the menu.

TATUS:			MULTIP WINDO
PAYLOAD TYPE [UNFRAMED PATTERN PRBS POLARITY] UNSTRUCTURE [2^15-1 PRB [INV] ITU	D S]	
TERMINATION LINE CODE LEVEL	75Ω UNBAL HDB3 [TERMINATE	J	
SIGNAL	[34 Mb/s	3	
RECEIVER INPUT	C PDH	1	

3. Set the RESULTS TIMING CONTROL as shown opposite.	RESULTS CTHINING CONVENTION SHORT TERM PERIOD [1 SECOND]2 24 HOURS] TEST TIMING [TIMED]2 24 HOURS] SRAPH STORAGE [OFF GRAPH STORAGE [OFF [INTERNAL]
4. Select the RESULTS PDH Results display.	STATUS: TROUBLE TIMINE POH SCAN CONTROL RESULTS ALM SCAN
Any of the other results can be selected without affecting the measurement.	BIT EC BIT ER CODE EC CODE ER ELAPSED TIME
	STATUS: CUNUL- SHORT ERROR ALARM FREQ- MULTIPLE ATIVE TERM ANALYSIS SECONDS UENCY MINDON

Continuity Check

Before running the test carry out a continuity test to verify the measurement path.

1. Connect a loopback at the desired point on the line terminal or cross-multiplexer equipment.

2. Press **RUN/STOP** to start a measurement.

PDH / DSn Testing Frequency Offset Tolerance

3. Press error add **SINGLE** three times and check that the errors are recorded on the **RESULTS** display.

4. Press **RUN/STOP** to stop the measurement.

Run the Test (Frequency Offset Tolerance)

1. Connect the HP 37717C to the 75Ω interface of the multiplexer and set up the **TRANSMIT** display as shown opposite.

2. Press **RUN/STOP** to start the measurement.

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT PDH STRUCT'D TEST SETTINGS FUNCTION	C PDH	1	
SIGNAL CLOCK SYNC FREQUENCY OFFSET	E 34 Mb/s INTERNAL E DIF]	
CODE	HDB3		
PRTTERN	[2^15-1	1	
TERMINATION	750 UNBAL		
STATUS: OFF +20 -20 PPM PPM	USER OFFSET	M	ULTIPLE WINDOW

3. Select TX CLOCK OFFSET [+20ppm] and check that the Error Count and Error Ratio results are unchanged.

4. Select TX CLOCK OFFSET [-20ppm] and check that the Error Count and Error Ratio results are unchanged.

NOTE The OFFSET values used above conform to ITU, G.703 Recommendation. If different values are required selection of [USER OFFSET] allows offsets of up to 100 ppm to be used.

At the End of the Test

- 1. Halt the test by pressing **RUN/STOP**, and disconnect the HP 37717C.
- 2. Remove the loopback from the line terminal or cross-multiplexer equipment.

Multiplexer Testing

Application

PDH multiplexers combine four lower rate signals into a higher rate signal for transmission or further multiplexing. It is important that each multiplexer port operates error free and no "crosstalk" occurs between ports.

Multiplexing of the tributaries can be verified by performing a BER test at each of the four ports. However a more rigorous test involves loading all four ports to simulate live traffic conditions. This verifies the individual ports and detects any crosstalk problems between the ports.

Default (Known State) Settings

It is advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state before setting up a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS** set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Multiplexer Test Setup Procedure

The following Options must be fitted to the HP 37717C to perform this test:

- UHC (US6) Multiple Outputs
- UKJ (USA) or UKK (USB) or 110 PDH Module

In this setup the PDH OUT signal and the three additional data outputs, from the Multiple Outputs option, load the 34 Mb/s input ports of the multiplexer. The HP 37717C (Structured PDH Option UKJ (USA)) destructures the 140 Mb/s signal and a BER test is performed on each of the 34 Mb/s signals in turn.

A SINGLE test period of 15 Minutes is used and the selected logging device is enabled to record results and alarms.

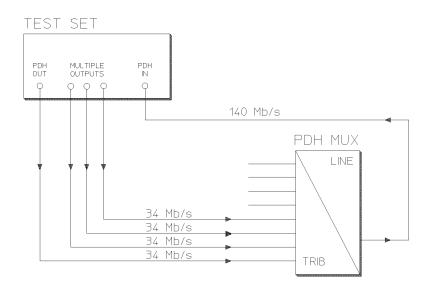


Figure 3 Structured PDH Multiplexer Test

NOTE This test can be performed using the Unstructured PDH Option UKK (USB) but the equipment configuration is slightly different as shown below.

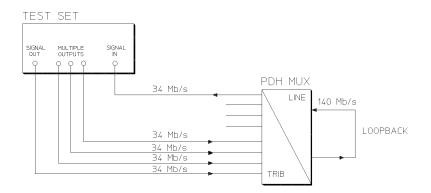


Figure 4 Unstructured PDH Multiplexer Test

1. Connect the HP 37717C to the network equipment and set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown opposite.

FUNCTION	E SETTIN	GS CONTROL]	
TRANSMITTER A	ND RECEIVER	[INDEPENDENT]	
TATUS:			
INDEP- CO ENDENT	UPLED		MULTI WIND

2. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display **MAIN SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

PAYLOAD TYPE, PATTERN and PRBS POLARITY selections should meet the requirements of the network equipment.

E PDH TEST FUNCTION	1
[34 Mb/s]
75Ω UNBAL HDB3 C OFF	J
JEUNSTRUCTURE E 2^15-1 PRB E INV] ITU	D] S]
	MULTIPLE Nindow
	TEST FUNCTION [34 Mb/s 75Ω UNBAL HDB3 C OFF JCUNSTRUCTURE C 2715-1 PRB

3. Set up the **RECEIVE** display MAIN SETTINGS as shown below.

PAYLOAD TYPE [STRUCTURED]

ensures the 140 Mb/s signal is destructured into the four 34 Mb/s test signals

RECEIVER INPUT	C	PDH	1
SIGNAL	C	140 Mb/s	1
TERMINATION		750 UNBAL	
LINE CODE LEVEL	E	CMI TERMINATE	1
PAYLOAD TYPE [FRAMED	٦Ľ	STRUCTURED	1
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDE	SE R A	LECT THE BOVE	
STATUS:			
511105:			MULTIPLE WINDOW

4. Set up the **RECEIVE** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

The required 34 Mb/s test signal is selected under 34Mb.

RECEIVER INPUT MAIN STRUCTOD SETTINGS SEMIINGS	C PDH	3	
TEST SIGNAL 34M PAYLORD 34Mb [3]	[34 Mb/s [FRAMED	3	
PATTERN PRBS POLARITY	[2^15-1 PRI [INV] CC]	85] ITT	
STATUS:		MULTI WIND	PLE

5. Select the logging output required with the **OTHER** display, **LOGGING** function, LOGGING SETUP **DEVICE** then select LOGGING SETUP **CONTROL** and set up the display as shown opposite.

FUNCTION	[LOGGING]	
LOGGING SETUP	[CONTROL]	-
LOGGING LOGGING PERIOD	COFF)	
LOG ERROR SECONDS LOG AT END OF TES	T COFF J RLL RESULTS	
LOG ON DEMAND	RESULTS	
STATUS: Off on		
UN UN		WINDOW

Start the Multiplexer Test

6. Set the **RESULTS TIMING CONTROL** as shown opposite.

RESULTS CTIMING SHORT TERM MENI TEST TIMING		niwi 引
BRAPH STORAGE	E OFF E INTERNAL	25
	° ← -	

7. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

8. Press **RUN/STOP** to start the measurement.

9. Repeat the test for the other three 34 Mb/s signals, selectable on the

RECEIVE	STRUCTURED SETTINGS
display.	

RESULTS [PDH	JE ERROR F		
G.821 G.826	M.2100 M.2110	M.2120	
	E BIT	3	
EC ES	AnD ES	Z	
ES EFS SES		Z	
UNAU DEG MIN		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
CODE ES			
ELAPSED TIME			
STATUS:			MULTI
			WIND

G.821 ANALYSIS is selected but any of

the other results can be selected from the

softkey menu without affecting the measurement.

- The measurement results and alarms are available on the **RESULTS** display during the test period.
- The test can be halted at any time by pressing **RUN/STOP**.

At the End of the Multiplexer Test

- The Date and Time the test started and the instrument setup are logged on the selected logging device.
- All results are logged on the selected logging device at the end of the test.
- Any alarms which occur during the test period will be logged on the selected logging device.

Round Trip Delay

Application

In certain applications the time taken for a signal to pass through the network can be very important for example Voice Traffic where excessive delay can make speech difficult to understand. The Round Trip delay feature of the HP 37717C allows measurement of the delay at any interface or test signal rate.

Default (Known State) Settings

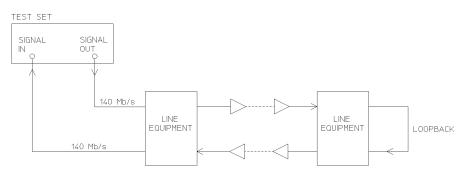
It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**. set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure (Round Trip Delay)

The following Option must be fitted to the HP 37717C to perform this test:

• UKJ (USA) or 110 - Structured PDH Module

This setup is interfaced at 140 Mb/s with a test signal of 64 kb/s. A test pattern is transmitted in the 64 kb/s slot and a timer is set running. A loopback is applied to the network equipment to return the test signal. The received pattern stops the timer and the Round Trip Delay is calculated.



Round Trip Delay

PDH / DSn Testing Round Trip Delay

 Connect the HP 37717C to the network equipment as shown and set up the
 OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL display as shown opposite.

Any settings change made on the **TRANSMIT** or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

	E SETTINGS CONTROL	
	COUPLED TO TRANSMITTER	
heeriven		
STATUS:		
INDEP- CO ENDENT	UPLED	MULTIP WINDO

2. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display **MAIN SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

The SIGNAL rate and LINE CODE settings must match those of the network equipment.

Ensure that the **TRANSMIT** TEST FUNCTION display is set for bit errors.

E PDH	1
TEST FUNCTION	
[140 Mb/s	1
75Ω UNBAL CMI C OFF	1
JE STRUCTURED	1
T SELECT THE ER ABOVE.	
	MULTIPLE WINDOW
	TEST FUNCTION C 140 Mb/s 750 UNBAL CMI C OFF JE STRUCTURED

3. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

The 2M PAYLOAD selection determines the Framing which should match that of the network equipment.

The test 64 kb/s slot is selected under 34Mb; 8Mb; 2Mb; 64kb.

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT MAIN STRUCTION SETTINGS SETTINGS FUNCTION		PDH]	
TEST SIGNAL 2M PRYLOAD 34Mb 8Mb	5	64 kb/s PCM31 2Mb 64kt 4] [1)]	
HANDSET PATTERN PABS POLARITY [B/G PATTERN B/G PATTERN 64 kb/s	NORI	DFF 2^11-1 PRB 1] CCI AIS NUMBERED		
STATUS:			MULTIP	

Continuity Check

Before running the test carry out a continuity test to verify the measurement path.

PDH / DSn Testing **Round Trip Delay**

1. Connect a loopback at the desired point on the line terminal equipment and set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

2. Press **RUN/STOP** to start a measurement.

3. Press error add **SINGLE** three times and check that the errors are recorded on the **RESULTS** display.

4. Press **RUN/STOP** to stop the measurement.

Start the Test (Round Trip Delay)

5. Set the RESULTS	TIMING CONTROL
as shown opposite.	

RESULTS [PDH	JE CUMULATIVE FRS 2 Mb/s	1	
BIT EC			
BIT ER			
ELAPSED TIME			
STATUS:		MULTIP	
		WINDO	

RESULTS COMMING	RESULTS [TIMING CONTROL]				
SHORT TERM PERIN TEST TIMING	DD [1 SECONDS [MRNUAL]		1		
GRAPH STORAGE	C OFF C INTERNAL]		
STATUS:					
TROUBLE TIMIN SCAN CONTR		PDH Alm Scan	MORE	MULTIPLE WINDOW	

6. Select the **RESULTS PDH RESULTS** TRIP DELAY display.

Select ACTION **ON** to start the test.

The Round Trip Delay result is displayed in milliseconds.

[OFF DELAY ™ sec ELAPSED TIME STATUS: OFF ON MULTIPLE WINDOW

JE TRIP DELAY

1

RESULTS [PDH

ACTION

The delay measurement range is up to 2 seconds. The Resolution varies according to the received rate:

- 2 Mb/s 1µs
- 8, 34, 140 Mb/s 10µs
- STM-1 0.5 ms

M.2100, M.2110, M.2120 Analysis

Application

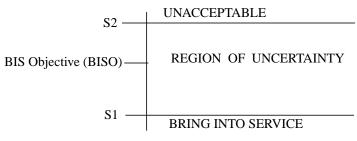
Previously ITU-T G.821 was the only international recommendation available to measure the quality of a communications link. ITU-T G.821 was originally an "Out of Service" measurement and analysis for commissioning a link and troubleshooting during severe disruption. The commissioning test was a one month "Out of Service" test based on errored and severely errored seconds. A one month test with the subsequent loss of revenue is clearly unacceptable.

Due to demand ITU-T G.821 also evolved into proprietary methods for "In Service" testing based on FAS and code errors. Demand for high quality leased lines meant an "In Service" performance standard, closer to real conditions and allowing comparisons between providers, was required.

The ITU-T M.2100 series was specifically defined to provide a clear indication of link quality, for service providers using long term performance analysis. "Bringing into Service" and "repair criteria" analysis were also included.

M.2100 analysis is based on frame errors and provides Error Seconds (anomaly), Severely Errored Seconds (defect) and Unavailability results for receive and transmit directions. Transmit results are only available for 2 Mb/s signals with CRC framing. "Out of Service" testing is only available for the receive direction. M.2110 is an "Out of Service" measurement for "bringing into service" testing of paths. A 15 minute BER test (G.821) is performed and if this is error free a 24 hour M.2110 test is performed. If the 24 hour M.2110 test displays PASS (S1 limit not reached) the path can be returned to service. If FAIL is displayed (S2 limit reached or exceeded) the 15 minute BER test should be repeated, If ? (UNCERTAIN)is displayed (result between the S1 and S2 limits) run the 7 day BIS test.

The PASS FAIL and UNCERTAIN parameters are determined by the S1 and S2 limits which are user selectable.



PDH / DSn Testing M.2100, M.2110, M.2120 Analysis

Default (Known State) Settings

It can be advisable to set the HP 37717C to a known state prior to setting up to make a measurement. This clears all previous settings and provides a clearly defined instrument state. Select **OTHER**, **STORED SETTINGS**. set STORED SETTINGS NUMBER to 0 and ACTION to **RECALL**.

Test Setup Procedure M2110 Analysis

The following Option must be fitted to the HP 37717C to perform this test:

• UKJ - Structured PDH Module

This setup procedure is interfaced at 140 Mb/s, with a test signal of 2 Mb/s with PCM30CRC framing.

1. Set up the **OTHER SETTINGS CONTROL** display as shown opposite.

Any settings change made on the **[TRANSMIT**] or **RECEIVE** displays will automatically occur on the other.

FUNCTION	E SETTINGS CONTROL]	
TRANSMITTER	AND RECEIVER		
RECEIVER	R COUPLED TO TRANSMITTER		
STATUS: INDEP- ENDENT	OUPLED	MULTIP WINDO	E

2. Connect the HP 37717C to the line equipment and set up the **TRANSMIT MAIN SETTINGS** display as shown opposite.

The settings of SIGNAL rate and LINE CODE must match those of the network equipment.

TRANSMITTER DUTPUT	C PDH TEST FUNCTION	1
SIGNAL	[140 Mb/s	1
CLOCK SYNC [INTERNAL] TERMINATION LINE CODE FREQUENCY OFFSET	75Ω UNBAL CMI C OFF	1
PRYLORD TYPE [FRAMED	JE STRUCTUREI)]
TO SET TEST SIGNAL, FIRST 'STRUCT'D SETTINGS' FOLDE	SELECT THE R ABOVE.	
STATUS:		MULTIPLE WINDOW

PDH / DSn Testing M.2100, M.2110, M.2120 Analysis

3. Set up the **TRANSMIT** display **STRUCTURED SETTINGS** as shown opposite.

2M PAYLOAD selects the Framing which must match that of the network equipment.

TRANSMITTER OUTPUT MAIN STRUCTAD SETTINGS SENTINGS FU		
TEST SIGNAL 2M PRYLOAD 34Mb	[2 Mb/s] [PCM30CRC] 8Mb 2Mb [1][1]	
PATTERN PRBS POLARITY B/G PRTTERN	[2^15-1 PRBS] [INU] CCITT [RIS]	
STATUS:		MULTIPL

4. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

SHORT TERM PERI TEST TIMING	C SINGLE JC 1 H	OUR J	
GRAPH STORAGE	C OFF C INTERNAL		

5. Press **RUN/STOP** to start the measurement.

At the end of the test period check that the G.821 results are error free.

RESULTS [PDH	JE ERROR M.2100 M.2110 BIT		
EC ES EFS SES UNRU DEG MIN CODE ES ELRPSED TIME	AnD ES	~~~~~~	
STATUS:			MULTIPL Window

PDH / DSn Testing M.2100, M.2110, M.2120 Analysis

6. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite

Select the Path Allocation value required in the range 0.5% to 40%.

The Path Allocation value determines the S1 and S2 limits and these will change on the display as the Path Allocation value is changed.

RESULTS [PDH J[ERROR RNALYSIS] G.821 G.826 M.2100 M.2110	
BIS LIMITS PETTHERMORE DE 20.02]	
ES S1	
BIS S2 "	
LIMITS- SES S1 S2 "	
BIS RESULTS-	
ELRPSED TIME	
STATUS:	
PATH USER	MULTIPLE
ALLOC. PROGRAM	WINDOW

7. Set up the **RESULTS** display as shown opposite.

Press **RUN/STOP** to start the measurement.

SHORT TERM PERI TEST TIMING GRAPH STORAGE	[SINGLE][24 HOURS]	
	C OFF] C INTERNAL]	

8. View the M.2110 results.

BIS Results of PASS, FAIL and ? (uncertain) are possible.

If PASS is displayed (S1 limit not reached) the path may be returned to service immediately.

If FAIL is displayed (S2 limit reached or exceeded) repeat the BER (G.821) test.

If ? is displayed (result between the S1 and S2 limits) run the 7 day BIS test.

RESULTS [PDH G.821 G.826	IC ERROR ANALYSIS] M.2100 M.2110
BIS LIMITS BIS ES S LIMITS- SES S BIS RESULTS- ELRPSED TIME	
STATUS: PATH USER ALLOC. PROGRE	MULTIPL M NINDOW

3

Trouble Scan page 52 Short Term Results page 53 Cumulative Results page 54 PDH Error Analysis G.821, G.826, M.2100, M.2110, M.2120 page 55 Alarm Seconds page 70 Frequency Measurement page 71

Result Definitions

Information about the PDH results.

Trouble Scan

All possible error sources and alarms are scanned simultaneously. Up to 4 non-zero error counts are displayed in priority order.

UPDH (Option UKK[USB])	SDH (Option A3R [A3S])	SPDH (Option UKJ[USA])	SPDH (Option 110)	ATM (Option UKN) + SDH	ATM (Option UKN) + SPDH
CRC BIT CODE FRAME REBE	RS B1 BIP or B1 BIP MS B2 BIP or B2 BIP Path B3 BIP or B3 BIP VC3 PATH BIP TU2 BIP A1A2 FRAME MS FEBE or MS REI PATH FEBE or HP REI PATH FEBE or HP REI TU2 FEBE or LP REI TU2 FEBE or LP REI BIT	CRC BIT CODE FAS 140M FAS 34M FAS 34M FAS 2M REBE	CRC4(E2) CRC6(DS1- ESF) BIT CODE FRAME REBE(E1) CP-Parity (DS3 CBP framing) P-Parity (DS3 framing) FEBE (DS3 CBP framing)	B1 BIP (SDH only) B2 BIP (SDH only) B3 BIP (SDH only) Non Corrected HEC Corrected HEC Lost Cells Misinserted Cells Path FEBE or REI Bit Errored Cells	EM BIP Non Corrected HEC Corrected HEC Lost Cells Misinserted Cells EM FEBE Bit Errored Cells

Error Count Priority

If any alarms are active "ALARMS ACTIVE" is displayed.

SHOW HISTORY and the alarm led's can be used to determine which alarms are active.

If no alarms are active and no non-zero error counts are detected then "NO TROUBLE" is displayed.

Result Definitions Short Term Results

Short Term Results

Displays period results obtained during the measurement. The period is user-defined under SHORT TERM PERIOD on the **RESULTS** display. Many result parameters are presented in two forms: a count of error events (EC or COUNT) and a ratio of the number of errors to the total possible in the time period (ER or RATIO).

PDH Results (Options UKJ[USA], UKK[USB] and 110)

BIT EC	Counts Bit errors occurring during the Short Term
	Period.
BIT ER	Calculates the ratio of Bit errors to the number of
	clocks in the Short Term Period.
CODE EC	Counts Code errors occurring during the Short Term
	Period.
CODE ER	Calculates the ratio of Code errors to the number of
	clocks in the Short Term Period.
FRAME (FAS)	Compares the received FAS word with the correct
	value.
CRC	Compares the received CRC4 with the calculated CRC4
	(2 Mb/s only).
REBE	Detects Bit 1 of the NFAS word in frames 13 and 15
	being set to 0 (2 Mb/s only).

If Option 110 (DS1 and DS3 line rates and payloads provided) or option UKJ and A3R is fitted, (DS1 and DS3 payloads) the following additional results are available:

DS1 CRC	Compares the received CRC6 with the calculated CRC6.
DS3 P-Bit	Compares the received P-Bit parity with the calculated parity.
DS3 C-Bit	Compares the received C-Bit parity with the calculated parity
DS3 FEBE	Calculated from the received FEBE bits.

Cumulative Results

Provides a cumulative display of the results during the measurement period. Many result parameters are presented in two forms: a count of error events (EC or COUNT) and a ratio of the number of errors to the total possible in the time period (ER or RATIO).

PDH Results (Options UKJ[USA], UKK [USB] and 110)

BIT EC	Counts Bit errors occurring during the measurement
	Period.
BIT ER	Calculates the ratio of Bit errors to the number of
	clocks in the measurement Period.
CODE EC	Counts Code errors occurring during the measurement
	Period.
CODE ER	Calculates the ratio of Code errors to the number of
	clocks in the measurement Period.
FRAME (FAS)	Compares the received FAS word with the correct
	value.
CRC	Compares the received CRC4 with the calculated CRC4
	(2 Mb/s only).
REBE	Detects Bit 1 of the NFAS word in frames 13 and 15
	being set to 0 (2 Mb/s only).

If Option 110 (DS1 and DS3 line rates and payloads provided) or option UKJ and A3R is fitted, (DS1 and DS3 payloads) the following additional results are available:

DS1 CRC	Compares the received CRC6 with the calculated CRC6.
DS3 P-Bit	Compares the received P-Bit parity with the calculated parity.
DS3 C-Bit	Compares the received C-Bit parity with the calculated parity
DS3 FEBE	Calculated from the received FEBE bits.

PDH Error Analysis G.821, G.826, M.2100, M.2110, M.2120

Analysis results are calculated for the following error sources:

Option UKK[USB]

Out of Service G.821 BIT (All Rates)

M.2100 (All Rates)

In-Service G.821 FRAME (Not 704 kb/s),

G.821 CRC and REBE (2 Mb/s, CRC Framing only).

Option UKJ[USA], 110

G.821 BIT and FAS (2,8,34,140 Mb/s), CRC and REBE (2 Mb/s, CRC Framing only).

G.826 (All Rates)

M.2100 (All Rates)

M.2110 BIS Bring Into Service (All Rates)

M.2120 Circuit Maintenance (All Rates)

G.821 Bit Errors

These result from a bit by bit comparison of the received pattern and the internal reference pattern.

Table 3-1 PDH C

PDH G.821 - Bit Analysis

Display	Definition
EC	Error Count - Cumulative Bit error count during the measurement period.
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Bit error. Percentage Error Seconds is also displayed - error seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
% Ann. D ES	Percentage Annex D Error Seconds - As% ES, only error second is normalised to 64 kb/s rate as per ITU-T G.821 Annex D.

Table 3-1PDH G.821 - Bit Analysis

Display	Definition
EFS	Error Free Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain zero errors. Percentage Error Free Seconds is also displayed - error free seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
SES	Severely Errored Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10 ⁻³ . Percentage Severely Errored Seconds is also displayed - severely errored seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
UNAV	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} , and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is < 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Unavailable Seconds is also displayed - unavailable seconds expressed as a percentage of the total elapsed time.
DEG MIN	Degrade Minutes - Cumulative count of degraded minutes. Available seconds, excluding Severely Errored Seconds, are packaged into 1 minute blocks. The Bit Error Ratio for the packaged block is measured and if it exceeds 1 in 10 ⁻⁶ a Degraded Minute is registered. Percentage Degraded Minutes is also displayed -Degraded Minutes expressed as a percentage of the total number of packaged 1 minute blocks.
CODE ES	Code Errored Second - Cumulative count of seconds that contain at least 1 Code error.

G.821 Frame (FAS) Errors

These result from a bit by bit comparison of the received FAS word with the correct value, once frame alignment has been achieved.

Table 3-2PDH G.821 - Frame (FAS) Analysis (Not 704 kb/s)

Display	Definition
EC	Error Count - Cumulative Frame error count during the measurement period.
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error. Percentage Error Seconds is also displayed - error seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
% Ann. D ES	Percentage Annex D Error Seconds - As % ES, only error second is normalized to 64 kb/ s rate as per ITU-T G.821 Annex D.
EFS	Error Free Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain zero errors. Percentage Error Free Seconds is also displayed - error free seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
SES	Severely Errored Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10 ⁻³ . Percentage Severely Errored Seconds is also displayed - severely errored seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.

Table 3-2PDH G.821 - Frame (FAS) Analysis (Not 704 kb/s)

Display	Definition
UNAV	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} , and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is < 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Unavailable Seconds is also displayed - unavailable seconds expressed as a percentage of the total elapsed time.
DEG MIN	Degraded Minutes - Cumulative count of degraded minutes. Available seconds, excluding Severely Errored Seconds, are packaged into 1 minute blocks. The Bit Error Ratio for the packaged block is measured and if it exceeds 1 in 10 ⁻⁶ a Degraded Minute is registered. Percentage Degraded Minutes is also displayed - degraded minutes expressed as a percentage of the total number of packaged 1 minute blocks.
CODE ES	Code Errored Second - Cumulative count of seconds that contain at least 1 Code error.

G.821 CRC Errors

These result from a comparison of the received CRC4 with the calculated CRC4.

Table 3-3 PDH G.821 - CRC Analysis (2 Mb/s, CRC Framing)

Display	Definition
EC	Error Count - Cumulative CRC error count during the measurement period.
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 CRC error. Percentage Error Seconds is also displayed - error seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
% Ann. D ES	Percentage Annex D Error Seconds - As % ES, only error second is normalized to 64 kb/ s rate as per ITU-T G.821 Annex D.
EFS	Error Free Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain zero errors. Percentage Error Free Seconds is also displayed - error free seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
SES	Severely Errored Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Severely Errored Seconds is also displayed - severely errored seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
UNAV	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} , and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is < 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Unavailable Seconds is also displayed - unavailable seconds expressed as a percentage of the total elapsed time.

Table 3-3 PDH G.821 - CRC Analysis (2 Mb/s, CRC Framing)

Display	Definition
DEG MIN	Degrade Minutes - Cumulative count of degraded minutes. Available seconds, excluding Severely Errored Seconds, are packaged into 1 minute blocks. The Bit Error Ratio for the packaged block is measured and if it exceeds 1 in 10 ⁻⁶ a Degraded Minute is registered. Percentage Degraded Minutes is also displayed - degraded minutes expressed as a percentage of the total number of packaged 1 minute blocks.
CODE ES	Code Errored Second - Cumulative count of seconds that contain at least 1 Code error.

G.821 REBE Errors

These are calculated from bit 1 of the NFAS word in frames 13 and 15 of the received 2 Mb/s.

Table 3-4 PDH G.821 - REBE Analysis (2 Mb/s, CRC Framing)

Display	Definition
EC	Error Count - Cumulative REBE error count during the measurement period.
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 REBE error. Percentage Error Seconds is also displayed - error seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
% Ann. D ES	Percentage Annex D Error Seconds - As % ES, only error second is normalized to 64 kb/ s rate as per ITU-T G.821 Annex D.
EFS	Error Free Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain zero errors. Percentage Error Free Seconds is also displayed - error free seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
SES	Severely Errored Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Severely Errored Seconds is also displayed - severely errored seconds expressed as a percentage of the available time.
UNAV	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is > 1 in 10^{-3} , and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive seconds in which the Bit Error Ratio is < 1 in 10^{-3} . Percentage Unavailable Seconds is also displayed - unavailable seconds expressed as a percentage of the total elapsed time.
DEG MIN	Degraded Minutes - Cumulative count of degraded minutes. Available seconds excluding Severely Errored Seconds, are packaged into 1 minute blocks. The Bit Error Ratio for the packaged block is measured and if it exceeds 1 in 10 ⁻⁶ a Degraded Minute is registered. Percentage Degraded Minutes is also displayed - degraded minutes expressed as a percentage of the total number of packaged 1 minute blocks.
CODE ES	Code Errored Second - Cumulative count of seconds that contain at least 1 Code error.

G.826 PDH Analysis

PDH G.826 Analysis results are only available on Option UKJ[USA], 110.

Table 3-5 PDH G.826 Analysis - 2 Mb/s CRC4 Framed (PCM30CRC, PCM31CRC)

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 G.703 Code error or 1 CRC error.
FAR ES	Transmit Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 REBE error.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 805 CRC errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF and AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 805 REBE errors or RAI has occurred for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods. Near-end occurrences of LOS, LOF and AIS are not included in the cumulative result.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.
EB	Errored Block count - An errored block is a CRC4 with one or more bits in error.
BBE	Background Block Error count - Cumulative count of errored blocks excluding those in severely errored seconds.
BBER	Background Block Error Ratio - The ratio of errored blocks to total blocks. Total blocks excludes severely errored seconds and periods of unavailability.
PUAS	Path Unavailable Second count - Logical OR of the Near and Far end unavailable seconds.

Table 3-6

PDH G.826 Analysis - 2 Mb/s Framed - Not CRC4

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 G.703 Code error or 1 Frame error.

Table 3-6PDH G.826 Analysis - 2 Mb/s Framed - Not CRC4

Display	Definition
FAR ES	Transmit Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 28 Frame errors or BER 1X10 ⁻³ , or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, PSL and AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods. Near-end occurrences of LOS, LOF and AIS are not included in the cumulative result.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-7 PDH G.826 Analysis - 2 Mb/s Unframed

Display	Definition
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 G.703 Code error.
SES	Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain a DEFECT. Defects are LOS and AIS.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-8PDH G.826 Analysis - 8 Mb/s Framed

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 41 Frame errors or BER 1X10 ⁻³ or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, AIS and PSL.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods. Near-end occurrences of LOS, LOF and AIS are not included in the cumulative result.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-9

PDH G.826 Analysis - 34 Mb/s Framed

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 52 Frame errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, AIS and PSL.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods. Near-end occurrences of LOS, LOF and AIS are not included in the cumulative result.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.

Table 3-9PDH G.826 Analysis - 34 Mb/s Framed

Display	Definition	
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.	

Table 3-10PDH G.826 Analysis - 140 Mb/s Framed

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 69 Frame errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time where RAI occurs for 2 consecutive 100 ms periods. Near-end occurrences of LOS, LOF and AIS are not included in the cumulative result.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-11PDH G.826 Analysis - 8, 34 and 140 Mb/s Unframed

Display	Definition
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DEFECT. Defects are LOS and AIS.
SES	Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain a DEFECT. Defects are LOS and AIS.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.

Table 3-11PDH G.826 Analysis - 8, 34 and 140 Mb/s Unframed

Display	Definition
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-12G.826 Analysis DS1 Unframed

Display	Definition
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF and DS1 AIS.
SES	Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF and DS1 AIS.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-13G.826 Analysis DS3 Unframed

Display	Definition
ES	Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF.
SES	Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.

Table 3-13G.826 Analysis DS3 Unframed

Display	Definition	
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.	

Table 3-14 PDH G.826 Analysis - DS1, D4 & SLC-96 Framing

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 8 Frame errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, DS1 Frame Loss and DS1 AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.

Table 3-15 PDH G.826 Analysis - DS1, ESF Framing

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1CRC6 error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.

Table 3-15 PDH G.826 Analysis - DS1, ESF Framing

Display	Definition
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 320 CRC6 errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, DS1 Frame Loss and DS1 AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.
EB	Errored Block count - An errored block is a CRC6 with one or more bits in error.
BBE	Background Block Error count - Cumulative count of errored blocks excluding those in severely errored seconds.
BBER	Background Block Error Ratio - The ratio of errored blocks to total blocks. Total blocks excludes severely errored seconds and periods of unavailability.
PUAS	Path Unavailable Second count - Logical OR of the Near and Far end unavailable seconds.

Table 3-16

PDH G.826 Analysis - DS3, M13 Framing

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 P-Bit parity error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DS3 FERF.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 2444 P-Bit parity or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, DS3 Frame Loss and DS3 AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 1 DS3 FERF.

Table 3-16 PDH G.826 Analysis - DS3, M13 Framing

Display	Definition
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.
EB	Errored Block count - An errored block is a P-Bit parity with one or more bits in error.
BBE	Background Block Error count - Cumulative count of errored blocks excluding those in severely errored seconds.
BBER	Background Block Error Ratio - The ratio of errored blocks to total blocks. Total blocks excludes severely errored seconds and periods of unavailability.
PUAS	Path Unavailable Second count - Logical OR of the Near and Far end unavailable seconds.

Table 3-17PDH G.826 Analysis - DS3, C-Bit Framing

Display	Definition
NEAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 Frame error.
FAR ES	Receive Error Second - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.
NEAR SES	Receive Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 8 Frame errors or a DEFECT. Defects are LOS, LOF, DS1 Frame Loss and DS1 AIS.
FAR SES	Transmit Severely errored Seconds - Cumulative count of 1 second periods within available time that contain at least 1 DS1 FERF.
ESR	Error Second Ratio - The ratio of errored seconds to the total seconds of available time. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.
SESR	Severely Errored Second Ratio - The ratio of severely errored seconds to the total seconds of available time.

Table 3-17 PDH G.826 Analysis - DS3, C-Bit Framing

Display	Definition
UAS	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable seconds. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive severely errored seconds and ends at the start of 10 or more consecutive non severely errored seconds.
EB	Errored Block count - An errored block is a frame byte with one or more bits in error.
BBE	Background Block Error count - Cumulative count of errored blocks excluding those in severely errored seconds.
BBER	Background Block Error Ratio - The ratio of errored blocks to total blocks. Total blocks excludes severely errored seconds and periods of unavailability.
PUAS	Path Unavailable Second count - Logical OR of the Near and Far end unavailable seconds.

PDH M.2100 Analysis

For Option UKK[USB], Analysis results based on ITU-T G.821 or M.2100 can be selected on the **OTHER MISCELLANEOUS** display under RESULTS DISPLAY MODE.

For Option UKJ[USA], 110 Analysis results based on ITU-T G.821 or M.2100 can be selected on the **RESULTS** [PDH] [ERROR ANALYSIS] display.

M.2100 Analysis is based on Frame/CRC/REBE errors.

PDH M.2100 - Analysis (Not 704 kb/s)

Table 3-18

Display	Definition
RX ES	Receive Error Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 FAS error. 2 Mb/s, CRC Framing - Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 CRC4 error.
TX ES	Transmit Error Seconds - 2 Mb/s, CRC Framing only. Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain at least 1 REBE error.
RX SES	Receive Severely Errored Seconds - Cumulative count of seconds within available time in which the error ratio exceeds a threshold. The threshold changes according to the selected rate as follows: 140 Mb/s - \geq 568 Frame Bit errors 34 Mb/s - \geq 223 Frame Bit errors 8 Mb/s - \geq 99 Frame Bit errors 2 Mb/s (Non CRC4) - \geq 28 Frame Bit errors 2 Mb/s (CRC4) - \geq 830 CRC4 errors
TX SES	Transmit Severely Errored Seconds - 2 Mb/s, CRC Framing only. Cumulative count of seconds within available time that contain \geq 830 REBE errors.

Result Definitions PDH Error Analysis G.821, G.826, M.2100, M.2110, M.2120

Table 3-18PDH M.2100 - Analysis (Not 704 kb/s)

Display	Definition
UNAV	Unavailable Seconds - Cumulative count of unavailable second. A period of unavailability begins at the start of 10 or more consecutive Severely Errored Seconds, and ends at the start of 10 or more non Severely Errored Seconds.

PDH M.2110 BIS (Bring Into Service)

Provides a 2 Hour, 24 Hour and 7 Day PASS, FAIL, ? indication for BIS testing as described in M.2110. The ES and SES results are compared to the S1 and S2 thresholds and indicate PASS, FAIL or ? (uncertain). If the result is "uncertain", the procedures laid down in M.2110 should be followed.

The S1 and S2 thresholds can be set in two different ways:

1. USER PROGRAM - S1 and S2 values are input by the user.

2. PATH ALLOCATION - The HP 37717C calculates the S1 and S2 values, from the user entered Path Allocation value, according to tables and procedures in M.2100.

G.821 G.826	M.2100 M.2110 M.2120	
BIS LIMITS	[USER PROGRAM] 2-hr 24-hr ?-day	
ES S1 BIS S2 LIMITS- SES S1	[7] [147] [1210] [22] [199] " [0] [0] [30]	
BIS RESULTS-	ČŽIČ 81 """	
ELAPSED TIME		

PDH M.2120 Circuit Maintenance

Provides a threshold report when any of the relevant thresholds are exceeded within a 15 Minute (TR1 ES & SES) or 24 Hour period (TR2 ES & SES).

The TR1 and TR2 thresholds can be set in two different ways:

1. USER PROGRAM - TR1 ES & SES and TR2 ES & SES values are input by the user.

2. PATH ALLOCATION - The HP 37717C calculates the TR1 and TR2 values, from the user entered Path Allocation and Maintenance Factor. The Maintenance Factor is a scaling factor used only to calculate

RESULTS [PDH][ERROR RINRLYSIS] G.821 G.826 M.2100 M.2110 H.2120	
MRINT. THRESHOLD [USER PROGRAM] TR1(15-min) TR2(24-br) MRINTENNCE ES [130] THRESHOLDS SES [120] THRESHOLD RE [15] THRESHOLDS RE [15] THRESHOLDS TX	
STATUS:	MULTIPLE WINDOW

the TR2 threshold from the entered Path Allocation.

Result Definitions **Alarm Seconds**

Alarm Seconds

PDH Alarm Seconds

Alarm Second measurements are carried out on all the alarms in PDH Status/Alarm Indications except for Clock Loss and FEAC codes (option 120 instruments).

Table 3-19

PDH Alarm Seconds

Alarm	Options	Description
Power Loss	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	All rates
Loss of Signal	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	All rates
AIS	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	All rates
Pattern Loss	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	All rates
LOF 140M	UKJ[USA], 110	140 Mb/s Frame Loss
LOF 34M	UKJ[USA], 110	34 Mb/s Frame Loss
LOF 8M	UKJ[USA], 110	8 Mb/s Frame Loss
LOF 2M	UKJ[USA], 110	2 Mb/s Frame Loss
Frame Loss	UKK[USB]	2 Mb/s In Service Only
DS1 OOF	110	Frame Loss detected
DS3 OOF	110	Frame Loss detected
DS1 AIS	110	Detection of AIS
DS3 AIS	110	Detection of AIS
RAI /X-BIT/YELLOW	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	Not 704 kb/s
Multiframe Loss	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	2 Mb/s, CAS or CRC Framing
Remote M'Frame Alarm	UKJ[USA], UKK[USB], 110	2 Mb/s, CAS Framing Only
Excess Zero	110	DS1: applies to B8ZS only.
DS3 Idle	110	Available DS3 only.
DS3 Framing Mismatch	110	Frame format does not match received format

Result Definitions
Frequency Measurement

Frequency Measurement

Frequency measurement is available at standard PDH and SDH rates.

The measured frequency is displayed in Hz with 1 Hz resolution.

Offset from the standard rate is displayed in Hz and ppm (parts per million). The measurement is carried out continuously, regardless of the state of the RUN/STOP key selection.

Result Definitions
Frequency Measurement

PDH Logging Messages

Logging Devices

Results may be logged to the Disc Drive. A color bit map of graphics results can be recorded on the disk drive by using the screen dump feature.

If Remote Control Option A3X is fitted, results may be logged to the Internal Printer.

If Remote Control Option A3B or A3D, is fitted results can be logged to an external HP DeskJet printer or suitable alternative non HP printer.

An alternative suppliers RS-232-C printer can be 40 column width or 80 column width. If a 40 column width printer is used Graphics results cannot be logged.

Results Logging

Header and results are logged to the selected device when:

- **PRINT NOW** is pressed.
- If LOGGING [ON] is selected on the **OTHER LOGGING** display and a measurement is started by pressing **RUN/STOP**

		Hewlett Packard Instrument Conf			
RECEIVER					
Receive Signal	:	34 Mb/s	Termination	:	75 Ohm UNBAL
Linecode	:	HDB3	Payload	:	FRAMED
Payload Type	:	UNFRAMED			
Pattern	:	2^23-1	Polarity	:	INVERTED
Hit Threshold	:	1.00	Filter	:	OFF
Range	:	1.6 UI	RMS Filter	:	12 kHZ HP
MEASUREMENT STARTE	D	23 Jul 97 13:09:02	Print Peri	od	10 Minutes

Logging Header Example

If **PRINT NOW** is pressed the cumulative results are logged. If a measurement is in progress the current results are logged. If a measurement is not in progress the cumulative results for the last measurement are logged.

During the Measurement Period

If LOG ERROR SECOND [ON] is selected on the **OTHER** LOGGING display all occurrences of an Error Second will be logged:

- Bit
- Code (PDH)
- Frame (PDH)
- CRC (PDH)
- REBE (PDH)
- DS3 Frame (SDH)
- DS3 P-Bit (SDH)
- DS3 C-Bit (SDH)
- DS3 FEBE (SDH)
- DS1 Frame (SDH)
- DS1 CRC6 (SDH)
- A1A2 FRAME (SDH)
- RS B1 BIP/B1 BIP (SDH)
- MS B2 BIP/B2 BIP (SDH)
- MS FEBE/RS REI (SDH)
- Path B3 BIP/B3 BIP (SDH)
- Path FEBE/HP REI (SDH)
- Path IEC/HP IEC (SDH)
- TU Path BIP (SDH)
- TU Path FEBE/LP REI (SDH)
- Hit Count (Jitter)
- Hit seconds (Jitter)
- Positive Peak Amplitude (Jitter)

- Negative Peak Amplitude (Jitter)
- Peak to Peak Amplitude (Jitter)
- RMS Amplitude (Jitter)
- Positive Peak (2Mb/s Wander)
- Negative Peak (2Mb/s Wander)
- Peak to Peak (2Mb/s Wander)
- Peak to Peak (15 min) (2Mb/s Wander)
- Peak to Peak (24 hours) (2Mb/s Wander)
- Time Interval Error (2Mb/s Wander)
- Estimated Bit Slips (2Mb/s Wander)
- Estimated Frame Slips (2Mb/s Wander)
- EM BIP (ATM)
- FEBE/REI (ATM)
- Corrected HEC (ATM)
- Non Corrected HEC (ATM)
- Cell Loss (ATM)
- Errored Cells (ATM)
- Misinserted Cells (ATM)

All Alarm occurrences will be logged both when set and cleared:

- Signal Loss
- AIS (PDH & ATM)
- Pattern Sync Loss (PDH & ATM)
- Loss Of Frame (SDH, PDH & ATM)
- Out Of Frame (SDH)
- Multiframe (PDH)
- Remote Loss (PDH)
- Remote Multiframe Loss (PDH)
- Loss of Pointer (SDH)

- MS AIS (SDH)
- Path AIS/AU AIS (SDH)
- Pattern Loss (SDH)
- Clock Loss (SDH)
- MS FERF/MS RDI (SDH)
- Path FERF/HP RDI (SDH)
- K1K2 Change (SDH)
- H4 Multiframe Loss (SDH)
- TU Loss of Pointer (SDH)
- TU AIS (SDH)
- TU Path FERF/LP RDI (SDH)
- DS3 Frame Loss (SDH)
- DS3 AIS (SDH)
- DS3 FERF (SDH)
- DS1 Frame Loss (SDH)
- DS1 AIS (SDH)
- DS1 FERF (SDH)
- Jitter Lock Loss (Option UHN[US9])
- Excess Jitter (Option UHN[US9])
- Excess Wander (Option UHN[US9])
- Wander Ref Loss (Option UHN[US9])
- Wander Signal Loss (Option UHN[US9])
- FERF/RDI (ATM)
- Loss of Cell Sync (ATM)
- Selected Cell Not Received (ATM)
- Congestion Experienced (ATM)
- Test Cell Loss (ATM)
- VP AIS (ATM)

- VP FERF/VP RDI (ATM)
- VC AIS (ATM)
- VC FERF/VC RDI (ATM)

In addition the following events are logged:

- All Alarms Clear
- Power Failure
- Power Restored
- New Day
- Squelched Printing stopped to conserve paper during period of Unavailability
- Unsquelched Printing restarted after period of Unavailability
- Print Demanded if **PRINT NOW** is pressed.
- Print Period if selected on **OTHER LOGGING** display.
- Printing Enabled if Printer enabled during a measurement.
- Measurement Complete

13:02:48	ALL ALARMS CLEAR
13:03:04 AIS 140M	SET
13:03:04 Jitter Unloc	K SET
13:03:04 Signal Loss	140M SET
13:03:04 Pattern Loss	SET
13:03:04 AIS 140M	CLEAR
13:03:04 Jitter Unloc	CLEAR
13:03:08 Signal Loss	140M CLEAR
13:03:08 AIS 140M	SET
13:03:08 Jitter Unloc	K SET
13:03:08 AIS 140M	CLEAR
13:03:08 Pattern Loss	CLEAR
13:03:17 Jitter Unloc	CLEAR
13:03:18	ALL ALARMS CLEAR
13:03:41 AIS 140M	SET
13:03:42 Pattern Loss	SET
13:03:49 Pattern Loss	CLEAR
13:03:49 AIS 140M	CLEAR
13:03:50	ALL ALARMS CLEAR

Logging During Measurement Example

At the End of the Measurement Period

A complete set of measurement results are logged.

MEASUREMENT COMPLET			-		1 00h 02m 27
		Cumulative F			
Error Results :					
		FAS 140M	FAS 34M	FAS 8M	FAS 2M
Error Count		N/A	0	N/A	N/Z
Error Ratio		N/A	0	N/A	N/2
		BIT (test)	CODE	CRC	REBI
Error Count		0	0	N/A	N/2
Error Ratio		0	0	N/A	N/2
					JITTER
Hit Count					147285
Hit Seconds					56
Hit Free Seconds					91
Positive Peak					0.736
Negative Peak					0.746
Peak-to-Peak					1.482
RMS					0.040
Analysis Results :					
P	IT (test)	G.821 ANAI FAS 140M	FAS 34M	FAS 8M	FAS 21
Errored Sec	11 (Cesc) 0	N/A	TAS 54M	N/A	N/A
Errored Sec	0.00000	N/A	0.00000	N/A	N/2
ES (Annex D)	0.00000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/2 N/2
Error Free Sec	147	N/A	147	N/A	N/2
Error Free Sec	100	N/A	100	N/A	N/2
Severely Err Sec	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/2
Severely Err Sec	0.00000	N/A	0.00000	N/A	N/2
Degraded Minutes	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/Z
%Degraded Minutes	0.00000	N/A	0.00000	N/A	N/Z
Unavailable Sec	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/Z
%Unavailable Sec	0.00000	N/A	0.00000	N/A	N/2
			CODE	CRC4	REBI
Errored Sec			0	N/A	N/2
%Errored Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
Error Free Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
Error Free Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
Severely Err Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
Severely Err Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
Degraded Minutes			N/A	N/A	N/2
%Degraded Minutes			N/A	N/A	N/2
Unavailable Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
&Unavailable Sec			N/A	N/A	N/2
		G.826 ANAL			2424
Removed Consord-			140Mb/s Far		34Mb/s Far
Errored Seconds	aanda	N/A	N/A N/A	0	(
Severely Errored Se Unavailable Seconds		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0	(
Path Unavailable Seconds		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0	(
Errored Second Rati		N/A N/A		0	-
			N/A		C

M.2100 ANA	LYSIS		
Ra	140Mb/s Tx	Rx	34Mb/s Tx
N/Z	A N/A	0	0
N/2	A N/A	0	0
N/2	A N/A	0	0
M.2110 ANZ	LYSIS		
	2-hr	24-hr	7-day
	WAIT	WAIT	WAIT
M.2120 ANZ	LYSIS		
TR1 R2	c TR1 Tx	TR2 Rx	TR2 Tx
C	0 0	0	0
Offset :	11 Hz	Offset :	+0.3 ppm
	R3 N/2 N/2 N.2110 AN2 M.2110 AN2 M.2120 AN2 TR1 R3 (N/A N/A N/A N/A M.2110 ANALYSIS 2-hr WAIT M.2120 ANALYSIS TR1 Rx TR1 Tx 0 0	Rx 140Mb/s TxRxN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A0N/AM.2110 ANALYSIS2-hr24-hrWAITWAITM.2120 ANALYSISTR1 RxTR1 TxTR2 Rx000

Logging At End of Measurement Example

Bar Graph Logging

To log the Bar Graphs:

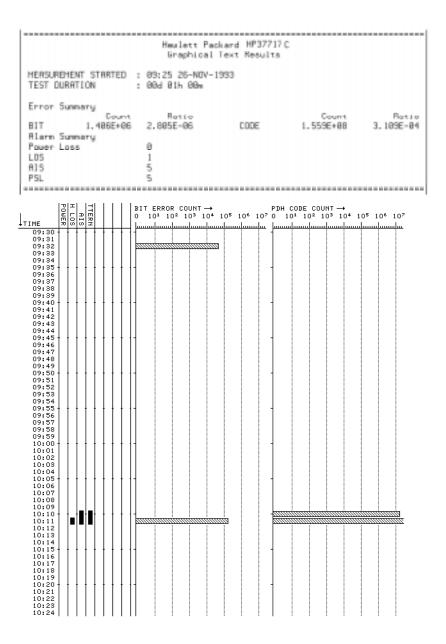
On the **OTHER LOGGING** display, LOGGING SETUP **DEVICE**, select the required logging device under LOGGING PORT.

On the **OTHER LOGGING** CONTROL display, select LOGGING [ON].

Display the Bar Graphs required on the Bar Graph display and press **PRINT**.

Select THIS SCREEN

The Error Summary, the Alarm Summary, the selected Bar Graphs and the Alarms Graph are logged.



Bar Graph Logging

Graphics Text Results Logging

To log the Alarm Summaries:

Select the required logging device under LOGGING PORT on the **OTHER LOGGING** display.

Select LOGGING [ON] on the **OTHER LOGGING** display (RS232 or HPIB).

Display the results required on the Text Results display and press **PRINT**. The Error Summary and Alarm Summary are logged.

Results Snapshot Logging

To log the Results Snapshot:

Select the required External logging device under LOGGING PORT on the **OTHER** LOGGING display.

Select LOGGING [ON] on the **OTHER LOGGING** display.

Select LOG ON DEMAND [RESULTS] on the **OTHER LOGGING** display and press **PRINT NOW**.

		Hewlett Packard	HP37717C		
		Instrument Conf	iguration		
RECEIVER					
Receive Signal	: 34 1	4b/s	Termination	: 75 0	hm UNBAL
Linecode	: HDB3	3	Payload	: FRAM	ED
Payload Type	: UNFI	RAMED			
Pattern	: 2^23	3-1	Polarity	: INVE	RTED
Hit Threshold	: 1.00)	Filter	: OFF	
Range	: 1.6	IJ	RMS Filter	: 12 k	HZ HP
MEASUREMENT STARTE	D 23 J	Jul 97 13:09:02	Print	Period 10	Minutes
13:10:07 PRINT DE	MANDED-	RESULTS SNAPSHO	T Elapsed	Time 00d 0	0h 01m 04
		RESULTS SNAPSHO	-		
		Cumulative R	esults		
Error Results :		Cumulative R FAS 140M	esults FAS 34M	FAS 8M	FAS 21
Error Results : Error Count		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A	esults FAS 34M 0	FAS 8M N/A	FAS 21
Error Results : Error Count		Cumulative R FAS 140M	esults FAS 34M	FAS 8M	FAS 21
13:10:07 PRINT DE Error Results : Error Count Error Ratio		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A	esults FAS 34M 0 0	FAS 8M N/A N/A	FAS 21
Error Results : Error Count Error Ratio		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A N/A	esults FAS 34M 0 0 CODE	FAS 8M N/A N/A CRC	FAS 21 N/2 N/2 REBI
Error Results : Error Count Error Ratio Error Count		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A N/A BIT (test)	esults FAS 34M 0 0 CODE	FAS 8M N/A N/A CRC	FAS 21 N/2 N/2
Error Results : Error Count		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A N/A BIT (test) 946675	FAS 34M 0 0 CODE 0	FAS 8M N/A N/A CRC N/A	FAS 21 N/2 N/2 REBI N/2
Error Results : Error Count Error Ratio Error Count		Cumulative R FAS 140M N/A N/A BIT (test) 946675	FAS 34M 0 0 CODE 0	FAS 8M N/A N/A CRC N/A	FAS 21 N/2 N/2 REBI N/2 N/2

Positive Peak 0.00 Negative Peak 0.00 Negative Peak 0.00 RMS 0.00 Analysis Results : G.821 ANALYSIS Errored Sec S.31250 N/A 14 N/A N/A	Hit Free Seconds					64
Negative Peak 0.02 Peak-to-Peak 0.03 RS 0.00 Analysis Results : G.821 MALYSIS Errored Sec 61 N/A 14 N/A N/A %Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 21.87500 N/A N/A %Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 14 N/A N/A %Errored Sec 3 N/A 50 N/A N/A %Error Free Sec 3 N/A 76.12500 N/A 14 N/A N/A %Error Free Sec 14 N/A 14 N/A N/A So Megraded Minutes N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Nuavailable Sec 0 N/A 0 N/A N/A Severely Err Sec N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec N/A N/A N/A <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.016</td></t<>						0.016
Pak-to-Peak RMS 0.00 Analysis Results : G.821 ANALYSIS EIT (test) FAS 140M FAS 34M FAS 8M FAS 7 Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 14 N/A N/A %Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 21.87500 N/A N/A %Error Free Sec 3 N/A 50 N/A N/A %Everely Err Sec 14 N/A N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec 1.87500 N/A N/A N/A N/A Nebegraded Minutes N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Webegraded Minutes N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Webegraded Minutes N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N						0.036
NMS 0.000 Analysis Results : C.821 MALYSIS ETrored Sec 6.821 MALYSIS Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 14 N/A N/A %Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A 21.87500 N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec 3 N/A 50 N/A N/A N/A %Error Free Sec 4.68750 N/A 78.12500 N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec 14 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Unavailable Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec 0 N/A 0 N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A %Errored Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Errored Sec N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A						0.052
G.821 ANALYSIS BIT (test) FAS 140M FAS 5M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 7 Errored Sec S1250 N/A 14 N/A						0.001
G.821 ANALYSIS BIT (test) FAS 140M FAS 5M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 6M FAS 7 Errored Sec S1250 N/A 14 N/A						
BIT (test) FAS 140M FAS 34M FAS 6M FAS 2 Errored Sec 61 N/A 1.4 N/A N/A KErrored Sec 95.31250 N/A N/A N/A N/A Errored Sec 95.31250 N/A N/A N/A N/A Error Free Sec 3 N/A 50 N/A N/A Severely Err Sec 1.4 N/A 1.4 N/A N/A Severely Err Sec 1.87500 N/A N/A N/A N/A Viavailable Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A N/A Viavailable Sec 0 N/A 0 N/A N/A Viavailable Sec 0.00000 N/A N/A N/A Errored Sec 0 N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec N/A N/A N/A N/A Severely Err Sec N/A N/A N/A N/A Viavailable Sec N/A N/A N/A	Analysis Results :		a 001 000			
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In This Book

This book provides information on HP 37717C modules with PDH capability. It also provides applications associated with these modules. The individual applications contain techniques which may be of value for purposes other than those shown.



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