

Agilent 8473B/C Crystal Detector

Operating and Service Manual

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Assistance

Product maintenance agreements and other customer assistance agreements are available for Agilent Technologies products.

For assistance, call your local Agilent Technologies Sales and Service Office (refer to "Service and Support" on page vii).

Service and Support

By internet, phone, or fax, get assistance with all your test and measurement needs.

Online assistance: www.agilent.com/find/assist

United States (tel) 1 800 452 4844	Latin America (tel) (305) 269 7500 (fax) (305) 269 7599	Canada (tel) 1 877 894 4414 (fax) (905) 282-6495	Europe (tel) (+31) 20 547 2323 (fax) (+31) 20 547 2390
New Zealand (tel) 0 800 738 378 (fax) (+64) 4 495 8950	Japan (tel) (+81) 426 56 7832 (fax) (+81) 426 56 7840	Australia (tel) 1 800 629 485 (fax) (+61) 3 9210 5947	

Asia Call Center Numbers

Country	Phone Number	Fax Number
Singapore	1-800-375-8100	(65) 836-0252
Malaysia	1-800-828-848	1-800-801664
Philippines	(632) 8426802 1-800-16510170 (PLDT Subscriber Only)	(632) 8426809 1-800-16510288 (PLDT Subscriber Only)
Thailand	(088) 226-008 (outside Bangkok) (662) 661-3999 (within Bangkok)	(66) 1-661-3714
Hong Kong	800-930-871	(852) 2506 9233
Taiwan	0800-047-866	(886) 2 25456723
People's Republic of China	800-810-0189 (preferred) 10800-650-0021	10800-650-0121
India	1-600-11-2929	000-800-650-1101

Safety and Regulatory Information

Review this product and related documentation to familiarize yourself with safety markings and instructions before you operate the instrument. This product has been designed and tested in accordance with international standards.

WARNING

The WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

CAUTION

The **CAUTION** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a **CAUTION** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

Instrument Markings



When you see this symbol on your instrument, you should refer to the instrument's instruction manual for important information.



This symbol indicates hazardous voltages.



The laser radiation symbol is marked on products that have a laser output.



This symbol indicates that the instrument requires alternating current (ac) input.



The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community. If it is accompanied by a year, it indicates the year the design was proven.

The C-Tick mark is a registered trademark of the Australian Spectrum Agency.





The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the Canadian Standards Association.

1SM1-A	This text indicates that the instrument is an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product (CISPER 11, Clause 4).
	This symbol indicates that the power line switch is ON.
<u>ტ</u>	This symbol indicates that the power line switch is OFF or in STANDBY position.



This is a Safety Class I product (provided with a protective earthing terminal). An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the product input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set. Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the product must be made inoperative and secured against any unintended operation.

Before Applying Power

Verify that the product is configured to match the available main power source as described in the input power configuration instructions in this manual. If this product is to be powered by autotransformer, make sure the common terminal is connected to the neutral (grounded) side of the ac power supply.

Overview

This manual contains operating instructions for the Agilent Technologies 8473B and 8473C Crystal Detectors. Included in the manual is the information required to install and test the crystal detector.

Description

The Agilent 8473B and 8473C crystal detector is a 50W (nominal) device designed for measurement use in coaxial systems. The detector converts RF power levels applied to the 50W input connector into proportional values of dc voltage. The RF input connector is a male APC 3.5 type connector (SMA compatible). The detector module uses a Low Barrier Schottky diode and thin film matching circuit that yield high sensitivity and broadband performance. The detector measures relative power up to 200mW and has a BNC female connector for the output jack which allows the detected output to be connected to a SWR meter. The output voltage polarity is negative, unless Option 003 is selected. The frequency range is 10 MHz to 18 GHz for the 8473B, and 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz for the 8473C. Complete specifications for the crystal detectors are available in Table 1.

Options

The crystal detector is available with the following options (see Table 1 for further descriptions):

Option 001:

Matched pair of detectors.

Option 002:

Square law load.

Option 003:

Positive polarity output.

Specifications

Instrument specifications are listed in Table 1. These specifications are the performance standards, or limits against which the instrument may be tested.

NOTE			

RF may leak through the output connector, especially below 1 GHz. It can be reduced, if objectionable, with a suitable low-pass filter. $\,$

Table 1 Specifications

	8473B	8473C
Frequency range (GHz)	0.01 to 18	0.01 to 26.5
Frequency response ^{1, 2, 3}	±0.2 dB over any octave to 8 GHz	±0.2 dB over any octave to 8 GHz
	0.01 to 12 .4 GHz: ±0.3 dB	0.01 to 12 .4 GHz: ±0.3 dB
	0.01 to 18 GHz: ±0.6 dB	0.01 to 20 GHz: ±0.6 dB
		20 to 26.5 GHz: ±1.5 dB
		from a -3.3 dB linear slope.
Maximum Operating input power	200 mW, peak or average	200 mW, peak or average
Maximum short term input power	1 watt (typical) peak or average for <1 minute	1 watt (typical) peak or average for <1 minute
Sensitivity ^{1, 4}		
Low level <-20 dBm	>0.5 mV/ μW	0.01 to 18 GHz: $>$ 0.5 mV/ μ W
		18 to 26.5 GHz: >0.18 mV/ μW
High level	< 0.35 mW produces 100 mV output	$<\!\!-0.35$ mW produces 100 mV output up to 18 GHz
SWR ^{1, 2}	0.01 to 4 GHz: 1.2	0.01 to 4 GHz: 1.2
	4 GHz to 18 GHz: 1.5	4 to 18 GHz: 1.5
		18 to 26.5 GHz: 2.2
Input impedance	50Ω (nominal)	50Ω (nominal)
Output impedance ²	1 to 2 KΩ (typically 1.3 KΩ)	1 to 2 K Ω (typically 1.3 K Ω)
	shunted by 20 to 60 pF (typically 30 pF)	shunted by 20 to 60 pF (typically 30 pF)
Output polarity	Negative (refer to options for positive polarity units)	Negative (refer to options for positive polarity units)
Detector element	Supplied (refer to Table 2 on page 12 for replacement modules)	Supplied (refer to Table 2 on page 12 for replacement modules)
Bias	Not required	Not required
Noise	${<}50~\mu\text{V}$ p-p with CW applied to produce 100 mV output, 400 kHz bandwidth	${<}50~\mu\text{V}$ p-p with CW applied to produce 100 mV output, 400 kHz bandwidt

Table 1 **Specifications**

	8473B	8473C
Options		
001	Matched detector pair	Matched detector pair
Frequency response	0.01 to 12.4 GHz: ±0.2 dB	0.01 to 12.4 GHz: ±0.2 dB
characteristics (exclusive of basic sensitivity) track within values listed	0.01 to 18 GHz: ±0.3 dB	0.01 to 18 GHz: ±0.3 dB
to the right.		0.01 to 26.5 GHz: ±0.5 dB
002	Square law load	Square law load
By choosing Option 002, the deviation from ideal square law response will be ± 0.5 dB, although the sensitivity specification is decreased by a factor of 4.		
003	Positive polarity output	Positive polarity output
Environmental		
Operating Temperature	−20° C to +85° C	−20° C to +85° C
Humidity	<95% relative	<95% relative
Vibration	20 G from 80 to 2,000 Hz	20 G from 80 to 2,000 Hz
Shock	100 G for 11 ms	100 G for 11 ms
Altitude	4,570 m (15, 000 ft.)	4,570 m (15, 000 ft.)
General		
Weight	Net 14 g (0.5 oz)	Net 14 g (0.5 oz)
Dimensions	48 mm long, 10 mm diameter (1.9 in. long, 0.38 in. diameter)	48 mm long, 10 mm diameter (1.9 in. long, 0.38 in. diameter)

- 1. Specifications given for $+25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Measurement made at -20 dBm.
- 3. See Figure 1 on page 7.
- 4. Sensitivity decreases with increasing temperature, typically: 0.5 dB from -20° C to $+25^{\circ}$ C; 0.5 dB from $+25^{\circ}$ C to $+40^{\circ}$ C;

 - 1 dB from $+40^{\circ}$ C to $+55^{\circ}$ C; 1.25 dB from $+55^{\circ}$ C to $+75^{\circ}$ C;
 - 1 dB from $+75^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

Installation

Initial Inspection

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically.

The procedures for checking electrical performances are given under "Performance Tests" on page 9. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not pass the electrical performance test, notify the nearest Agilent office (refer to "Service and Support" on page vii). If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning material shows signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the Agilent office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection. At Agilent's option, the office will arrange for repair or replacement without waiting for claim settlement.

Mating Connectors

The mating output connector used with the crystal detector must be a male BNC connector. The mating RF input connector must be a female APC 3.5 (SMA compatible) connector.

Storage and Shipment

Environment

The instrument should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The following environmental limitations apply to both storage and shipment:

a. Temperature: $-54 \times C$ to $+85 \times C$

b. Humidity: <95% relative

c. Altitude: <7,620 metres (25,000 feet)

d. Shock: 100 G for 11 ms

e. Vibration: 20 G from 80 to 2,000 Hz

Original Packaging

Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Agilent offices. If the instrument is being returned to Agilent for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and serial number. Also, mark the container FRAGILE to assure careful handling. In any correspondence, refer to the instrument by model number and serial number.

Operation

CAUTION

Static discharge can damage the detector module. A 100 pF capacitor (1.2 m [4 ft.] of coax cable) charged to 14 volts stores 10^{-8} joules, the maximum pulse rating of the detector module. Connect cables to test equipment and discharge the center conductor before connecting to the detector.

CAUTION

DO NOT NEEDLESSLY HANDLE DETECTOR MODULE USED IN CRYSTAL DETECTOR. Static electricity which builds up on a person, especially on a cold dry day, must never be allowed to discharge through the crystal detector. Avoid exposed leads to or from the crystal detector, since these are often touched accidently.

Operating Information

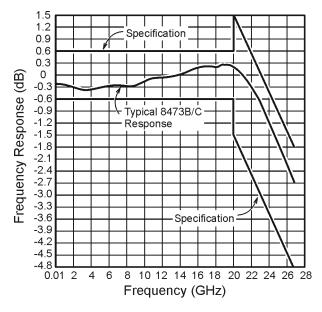
The crystal detector can be used as a demodulator to obtain a pulse envelope which can then be observed on an oscilloscope. It can also be used as a general purpose detector.

When using the detector with an oscilloscope, and the waveshapes to be observed have rise times of less than 5 ms, the coaxial cable connecting oscilloscope and detector should be as short as possible and shunted with a resistor. Ideally, this resistor should be 50W to terminate the coaxial cable properly. However, with 50W resistance, the output video pulse may be too small to drive some oscilloscopes. Therefore, the cable should be shunted with the smallest value of resistance that will obtain suitable deflection on the oscilloscope; typically the value will lie between 50W and 2 KW. The larger the resistance the more degration of rise time.

The power applied to the detector can be either modulated or continuous wave (CW). If modulated at a 1,000 Hz rate, an SWR meter can be used as an indicator. For CW detection, a dc milliammeter or millivoltmeter can be used as the indicator.

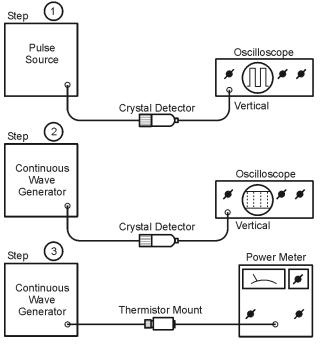
Frequency Response

The thin film input matching circuit was optimized for flat frequency response, and low SWR which yields improved performance in leveling loops and power monitoring applications. Figure 1 shows the typical frequency response of the crystal detector.



ao101b

Figure 1 Typical Frequency Response of 8473B or 8473C Detector



ao102b

Figure 2 Peak Power Measurement

Operator's Checks

Peak Power Measurement

The arrangement of equipment for peak power measurement is shown in Figure 2. The procedure involves calibration of an oscilloscope which, in turn, is used to calibrate a CW generator. The output of the calibrated CW generator is measured with a power meter; the peak power of a pulse is thereby measured. The procedure is as follows:

- 1. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 2, step 1. Observe pulse on a dc-coupled oscilloscope. Using a marking pencil, mark on the graticule the base-to-peak amplitude of the pulse envelope.
- 2. Replace the pulse source with a CW generator. While observing the oscilloscope trace, adjust amplitude of CW generator output to make detector output equal to that of the pulse generator, as indicated by markings on graticule (step 1).
- 3. Leave CW generator at setting obtained in step 2. Disconnect detector from CW generator. Connect output of CW generator to power meter. Measure adjusted levels (set in step 2) of CW generator output. The peak power of the pulse envelope observed in step 1 is equal to the output power of the CW generator.

Performance Tests

The following paragraphs suggest methods to use for testing detector specifications. For these tests refer to the manuals of the equipment involved for operating instructions.

Frequency Response Test

- 1. Using signal sources covering 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz with a 10 dB isolating attenuator and a power meter, connect power sensor to attenuator. Adjust RF power level to -20 dBm input to power sensor.
- 2. Without changing RF power level of signal source, disconnect power sensor.
- 3. Connect detector to attenuator. Measure dc voltage output from detector output from detector and record measurement.
- 4. Change frequency of signal source and repeat steps 1 through 3.
- 5. Since the detector follows a square-law response at this power level, it's output is proportional to power (P_{dB} a 10 log V_{o}). Total variation of detector readings should meet specifications (see Table 1 on page 2) for all frequencies of interest across the band.

NOTE

Multiple mismatch errors caused by attenuator SWR, power sensor SWR, and detector SWR should be taken into account, as well as the accuracy of the indicator used to measure the detector output.

High Level Sensitivity Test

- 1. Use a signal source at some convenient frequency between 10 MHz and 18 GHz and a dc voltmeter or oscilloscope as the indicator. Connect the detector to signal source and adjust RF power level for a 100 mV detected output from detector.
- 2. Disconnect detector from signal source and measure RF output level. The RF output level should be £0.35 mW.

Low Level Sensitivity Test

- 1. Use a signal source covering 10 MHz to 18 GHz for the 8473B or 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz for the 8473C, a 10 dB attenuator, and a power meter. Connect attenuator to signal source and power sensor to attenuator. Adjust RF power level for -20 dBm output from attenuator. Verify the ambient temperature.
- 2. Disconnect power sensor from attenuator and connect detector. Measure the dc voltage output from detector. The output should be >5.0 mV up to 186 GHz for the 8473B/C and >1.8 mV from 18 to 26.5 GHz for the 8473C at 25× C. Between 20× C and 30× C with -20 dBm input power and a high impedance video load the sensitivity slope is typically -0.04 dB/× C.

NOTE

Multiple mismatch errors caused by attenutator SWR, power sensor SWR, and detector SWR should be taken into account, as well as accuracy of the indicator used to measure detector output.

Match Test (SWR)

To verify the detector SWR specifications, use any system whose measurement accuracies for SWR (residual SWR) are known.

Adjustments

The detector has no internal adjustments.

Service

The succeeding paragraphs give instructions for repair of the crystal detector. Additional maintenance information can be obtained from the local Agilent office. Part numbers for replaceable parts are given in Table 2 on page 12.

Replaceable Parts

To order a replaceable part, address order or inquiry to the nearest Agilent office (refer to "Service and Support" on page vii). Include the following information for each part: model number, Agilent part number, and description.

Diode Module Replacement

The diode module assembly includes the sealed diode and thin film matching circuit. All other internal parts are to be retained for re-use in the detector. The detector is operational after the diode module has been replaced since replacement assemblies are pre-tested.

CAUTION

The special diode module (see Figure 3 on page 13) contained in the detector can be damaged in handling, removal, or installation if certain precautions are not taken. The handling precautions which follow should be read before performance of any operation with the diode module when it is out of either the housing or the module shipping container.

- a. Before installing diode module into housing, touch exposed metal on housing with your hand to discharge static electricity. Then insert module into housing.
- When handing diode to another person, touch hands first to ensure there is no difference in static electricity potential between you.
- c. Ohmmeters should not be used to measure forward and back resistance since it is easy to damage these diodes. The difficulty arises because of the ohmmeter's open-circuit voltages and short currents.

Replacing Diode Module

CAUTION		

The diode module can be damaged in handling or installation if precautions are not taken. Before installing the diode module into the connector housing, touch the exposed metal of the connector housing with your hands to discharge static electricity.

Table 2 Replaceable Parts

Description	Part Number		
8473B and 8473C Assemblies ¹			
BNC Connector Cap	1250-1514		
Output Pin	08473-60001		
RF Connector Housing	08473-60002		
RF Washer (2)	33330-20006		
Diode Module	Below		
Replacement Diode Module Assemblies ¹	8473B	8473C	
Single Diode Negative Polarity	08473-80001	08473-80004	
Single Diode Positive Polarity (Option 003)	08473-80003	08473-80006	
Matched Pair Diodes Negative Polarity (Option 001)	08473-80002	08473-80005	

^{1.} Refer to Table 1 on page 2 for description of options.

NOTE	Parts mentioned in the following procedure are identified in Figure 3 on page 13.		
	1. Remove the RF connector housing from BNC connector cap using 5/16 inch wrench and plastic jaw pliers. Protect crystal detector body with heavy paper or tape.		
	2. Remove the diode module RF washer and output pin assembly.		
CAUTION	Do not rotate module while inserting or removing; damage may result.		
CAUTION	When inserting diode module (large pin end) into center conductor, exercise some restraint, do not force. The fingers of the center conductor or the diode module might be damaged if the module is not centered.		

- 3. Install the RF washer and diode module as shown in Figure 3. Insert the larger diameter pin into the center conductor contacts of the RF connector housing. Do not rotate the module.
- 4. Place the other RF washer on the diode module as shown.
- 5. Install the output pin assembly on the diode module as shown.
- 6. Carefully place BNC connector cap over the diode module and tighten firmly into place.

CAUTION

Do not exceed 0.8 NPm (7 inch-lbs) torque.

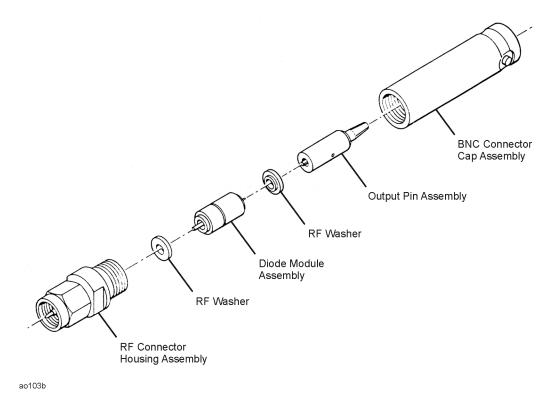


Figure 3 Model 8473B or 8473C Crystal Detector Assembly