

# Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction Data Acquisition Devices

**Service Guide** 



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The following symbols indicate that precautions must be taken to maintain safe operation of the instrument.



Direct current



Warning

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#### **General Safety Information**

#### WARNING

- Do not use the device if it is damaged.Before you use the device, inspect the case. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Do not operate the device around explosive gas, vapor or dust.
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage (as marked on the device) between terminals, or between terminal and external ground.
- Always use the device with the cables provided.
- · Observe all markings on the device before connecting to the device.
- Turn off the device and application system power before connecting to the I/O terminals.
- When servicing the device, use only specified replacement parts.
- Do not operate the device with the removable cover removed or loosened.
- Do not connect any cables and terminal block prior to performing self-test process.
- Use only the power adapter supplied by the manufacturer to avoid any unexpected hazards.

#### CAUTION

- Do not load the output terminals above the specified current limits.
   Applying excessive voltage or overloading the device will cause irreversible damage to the circuitry.
- Applying excessive voltage or overloading the input terminal will damage the device permanently.
- If the device is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.
- Always use dry cloth to clean the device. Do not use ethyl alcohol or any other volatile liquid to clean the device.
- Do not permit any blockage of the ventilation holes of the device.

# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC

This instrument complies with the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) marking requirement. This affixed product label indicates that you must not discard this electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

#### **Product Category:**

With reference to the equipment types in the WEEE directive Annex 1, this instrument is classified as a "Monitoring and Control Instrument" product.

The affixed product label is shown as below:



#### Do not dispose in domestic household waste

To return this unwanted instrument, contact your nearest Agilent office, or visit:

http://www.agilent.com/environment/product

for more information.

#### In This Guide...

#### 1 Characteristics and Specifications 1

This chapter specifies the product specifications and electrical measurement specifications of the U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices.

#### 2 Calibration 15

This chapter describes the step-by-step calibration procedures that covers hardware setup, self calibration, performance verification procedures and adjustment procedures.

#### 3 Dismantle Procedures 41

This chapter shows the step-by-step disassemble procedures and list the available replacement parts together with its part number for U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices.

#### 4 Troubleshooting and Self-Test Procedures 47

This chapter includes the information on general troubleshooting hints and self test procedures for the U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices.

#### A Connector Pins Configuration 51

All the U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices pins configuration are provided in the appendix.

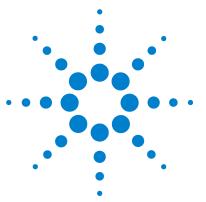
#### B Test Limits 55

This appendix provides the test limits of analog input and analog output for the U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices.

# **Contents**

1	Characteristics and Specifications
	Product Specifications 2
	Electrical Measurement Specifications 10
2	Calibration 15
	Introduction 16
	Types Of Signal Sources 17
	Input Configurations 18
	Hardware Connection 22
	Self-Calibration 26
	Adjustment Procedures 32
	Performance Verification Procedure 34
	A/D Data Conversion 38
3	Dismantle Procedures 41
	General Disassemble 42
	Replacement Parts 46
4	Troubleshooting and Self-Test Procedures 47
	Troubleshooting 48
	Self-Test Procedures 50
Α	Connector Pins Configuration 51
	Pins Configuration for U2331A, U2355A and U2356A 52
	Pins Configuration for U2351A, U2352A, U2353A and U2354A 53
В	Test Limits 55
	Analog Input 56

Analog Output 60



Agilent U2300A Series Multifunction USB DAQ Service Guide

# **Characteristics and Specifications**

Product Specifications 2
Electrical Measurement Specifications 10

This chapter specifies the specifications of the U2300A DAQ devices.

#### 1

# **Product Specifications**

# **Basic Multifunction DAQ Device Specifications**

**Table 1-1** Product specifications for basic multifunction DAQ device (U2351A, U2352A, U2353A, and U2354A)

Analog Input				
Model Number	U2351A	U2352A	U2353A	U2354A
Resolution		16 bits, no mi	ssing codes	
Number of channels	1	6 SE/8 DI (software s	selectable/channel)	
Maximum sampling rate	250 k	Sa/s	500 kS	a/s
Scan list memory	Up to 100 selectable channels entries			
Programmable bipolar input range	±10 V, ±5 V, ±2.5 V, ±1.25 V			
Programmable unipolar input range	0 to 10 V, 0 to 5 V, 0 to 2.5 V, 0 to 1.25 V			
Input coupling	DC			
Input impedance	1 GΩ / 100 pF			
Operational common mode voltage range	±7.5 V maximum <sup>[4]</sup>			
Overvoltage protection	Power on: Continuous ±30 V, Power off: Continuous ±15 V			
Trigger sources	External analog/digital trigger, SSI/star trigger <sup>[1]</sup>			
Trigger modes	Pre- trigger, delay-trigger, post-trigger and middle-trigger			
FIFO buffer size	Up to 8 MSa			

Analog Output				
Model Number	U2351A	U2352A	U2353A	U2354A
Resolution	16 bits	N/A	16 bits	N/A
Number of channels	2	N/A	2	N/A
Maximum update rate	1 MSa/s	N/A	1 MSa/s	N/A
Output ranges	0 to 10 V, ±10 V, 0 to AO_EXT_REF, ±AO_EXT_REF <sup>[2]</sup>	N/A	0 to 10 V, ±10 V, 0 to AO_EXT_REF, ±AO_EXT_REF <sup>[2]</sup>	N/A
Output coupling	DC	N/A	DC	N/A
Output impedance	0.1 Ω Typical	N/A	0.1 Ω Typical	N/A
Stability	Any passive load up to 1500 pF	N/A	Any passive load up to 1500 pF	N/A
Power-on state	0 V steady state	N/A	0 V steady state	N/A
Trigger sources	External analog/digital trigger, SSI/star trigger <sup>[1]</sup>	N/A	External analog/digital trigger, SSI/star trigger <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A
Trigger modes	Post-trigger and delay-trigger	N/A	Post-trigger and delay-trigger	N/A
FIFO buffer size	1 channel: Maximum 8 MSa 2 channels: Maximum 4 MSa/ch	N/A	1 channel: Maximum 8 MSa 2 channels: Maximum 4 MSa/ch	N/A
Function generation mode	Sine-wave, square-wave, triangle, sawtooth and noise waveform	N/A	Sine-wave, square-wave, triangle, sawtooth and noise waveform	N/A

Digital I/O			
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A		
Number of bits	24-bit programmable input/output		
Compatibility	TTL		
Input voltage	$V_{IL} = 0.7 \text{ V maximum, } I_{IL} = 10 \mu\text{A maximum}$		
	$V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V minimum}$ , $I_{IH} = 10 \mu\text{A maximum}$		
Input voltage range	–0.5 V to +5.5 V		
Output voltage	$V_{OL} = 0.45 \text{ V maximum, } I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA maximum}$		
	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V minimum}, I_{OH} = 400 \mu\text{A maximum}$		

#### 1 Characteristics and Specifications

General Purpose Digital Counter			
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A		
Maximum count	(2 <sup>31</sup> -1) bits		
Number of channels	Two independent up/down counter		
Compatibility	ΠL		
Clock source	Internal or external		
Base clock available	48 MHz		
Maximum clock source frequency	12 MHz		
Input frequency range	0.1 Hz to 6 MHz at 50% duty cycle		
Pulse width measurement range	0.167 μs to 178.956 s		

Analog Trigger			
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A		
Trigger source	All analog input channels, External analog trigger (EXTA_TRIG)		
Trigger level	±Full Scale for internal; ±10 V for external		
Trigger conditions	Above high, below low and window (software selectable)		
Trigger level resolution	8 bits		
Bandwidth	400 kHz		
Input Impedance for EXTA_TRIG	20 kΩ		
Coupling	DC		
Overvoltage Protection	Continuous for ± 35 V maximum		

Digital Trigger		
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A	
Compatibility	TTL/CMOS	
Response	Rising or falling edge	
Pulse width	20 ns minimum	

Calibration <sup>[3]</sup>		
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A	
On board reference voltage	5 V	
Temperature drift	±2 ppm/°C	
Stability	±6 ppm/1000 hours	

General		
Model Number	U2351A   U2352A   U2353A   U2354A	
Remote interface	Hi-Speed USB 2.0	
Device class	USBTMC Class Device <sup>[5][6]</sup>	
Programmable interface	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) and IVI-COM	

- [1] System Synchronous Interface (SSI) and Star-trigger commands are used when modular devices are used in instrument chassis.
- [2] Maximum external reference voltage for analog output (AO\_EXT\_REF) is ±10 V.
- [3] 20 minutes warm-up time is recommended.
- [4] Refer to Figure 1-1 for more information.
- [5] Compatible with Microsoft Windows operating systems only.
- [6] Requires a direct USB connection to the PC so the appropriate driver can be installed in the USB modular instrument or USB DAQ module.

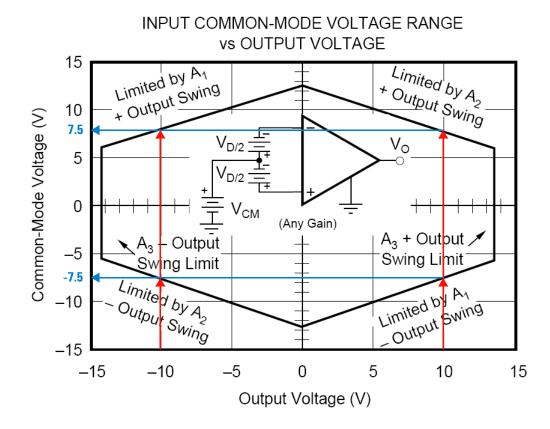


Figure 1-1 Operational common mode voltage range

This graph shows that the common mode voltage range is tightly linked with the output voltage. The output voltage range of the DAQ devices is  $\pm 10$  V. Therefore, the common mode voltage range is  $\pm 7.5$  V. Any operation beyond these voltage ranges may produce unexpected and unreliable results, and should be avoided.

# **High Density Multifunction DAQ Device Specifications**

**Table 1-2** Product specifications for high density multifunction DAQ device (U2355A, U2356A and U2331A)

Analog Input			
Model Number	U2355A	U2356A	U2331A
Resolution	16 bits, no mis	ssing codes	12 bits, no missing codes
Number of channels	64 S	SE/32 DI (software	selectable/channel)
Maximum sampling rate	250 kSa/s	500 kSa/s	3 MSa/s (single channel)
			1 MSa/s (multi channels)
Scan list memory	U	Jp to 100 selectable	channels entries
Programmable bipolar input range	±10 V, ±5 V, ±2	.5 V, ±1.25 V	±10 V, ±5 V, ±2.5 V,
			±1.25 V, ±1 V, ±0.5 V,
			±0.25 V, ±0.2 V, ±0.05 V
Programmable unipolar input range	0 to 10 V, 0-5 V, 0	-2.5 V, 0-1.25 V	0-10 V, 0-5 V, 0-4 V, 0-2.5 V, 0-2 V,
			0-1 V, 0-0.5 V, 0-0.4 V, 0-0.1V
Input coupling	DC		
Input impedance		1 GΩ / ′	100 pF
Operational common mode voltage range		±7.5 V ma	ıximum
Overvoltage protection	Power on: (	Continuous ±30 V, F	Power off: Continuous ±15 V
Trigger sources	External analog/digital trigger, SSI/star trigger <sup>[1]</sup>		
Trigger modes	Pre-trigger, delay-trigger, post-trigger and middle-trigger		
FIFO buffer size	Up to 8 MSa		MSa

Analog Output			
Model Number	U2355A	U2356A	U2331A
Resolution		12 bits	
Number of channels		2	
Maximum update rate		1 MSa/s	
Output ranges	0 to 10 V, ±	10 V, 0 to AO_EXT_REF,	±A0_EXT_REF <sup>[2]</sup>
Output coupling	DC		
Output impedance	0.1 Ω Typical		
Stability	Any passive load up to 1500 pF		
Power on state	0 V steady state		
Trigger sources	urces External analog/digital trigger, SSI/star trigger <sup>[1]</sup>		GI/star trigger <sup>[1]</sup>
Trigger modes	Post-trigger and delay-trigger		
FIFO buffer size	1 channel: Maximum 8 MSa, 2 channels: Maximum 4 MSa/ch		
Function generation mode	Sine-wave, square-wave, triangle, sawtooth and noise waveform		

#### 1 Characteristics and Specifications

Digital I/O			
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A		
Number of bits	24-bit programmable input/output		
Compatibility	TTL		
Input voltage	$V_{IL} = 0.7 \text{ V max}$ , $I_{IL} = 10 \mu\text{A max}$		
	$V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V min}$ , $I_{IH} = 10 \mu\text{A max}$		
Input voltage range	–0.5 V to +5.5 V		
Output voltage	$V_{OL} = 0.45 \text{ V max}$ , $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA max}$		
	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V min, } I_{OH} = 400 \mu\text{A max}$		

General Purpose Digital Counter				
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A			
Maximum count	(2 <sup>31</sup> -1) bits			
Number of channels	Two independent up/down counter			
Compatibility	TTL			
Clock source	Internal or external			
Base clock available	48 MHz			
Maximum clock source frequency	12 MHz			
Input frequency range	0.1 Hz to 6 MHz at 50% duty cycle			
Pulse width measurement range	0.167 μs to 178.956 s			

Analog trigger				
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A			
Trigger source	All analog input channels, External analog trigger (EXTA_TRIG)			
Trigger level	±Full Scale for internal; ±10 V for external			
Trigger conditions	Above high, below low and window (software selectable)			
Trigger level resolution	8 Bits			
Bandwidth	400 kHz			
Input Impedance for EXTA_TRIG	20 kΩ			
Coupling	DC			
Overvoltage Protection	Continuous for ±35 V maximum			

Digital Trigger		
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A	
Compatibility	TTL/CMOS	
Response	Rising or falling edge	
Pulse width	20 ns minimum	

Calibration <sup>[3]</sup>	
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A
On board reference	5 V
Temperature drift	±2 ppm/°C
Stability	±6 ppm/1000 hours

General	
Model Number	U2355A   U2356A   U2331A
Remote interface	Hi-Speed USB 2.0
Device class	USBTMC Class Device
Programmable interface	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) and IVI-COM

- [1] System Synchronous Interface (SSI) and Star-trigger commands are used when modular devices are used in instrument chassis.
- [2] Maximum external reference voltage for analog output (AO\_EXT\_REF) is ±10 V.
- [3] 20 minutes warm-up time is recommended.

# **Electrical Measurement Specifications**

# **Basic Multifunction USB DAQ Device**

Analog Input Measurement <sup>(1)</sup>					
Model Number	U2351A	U2352A	U2353A   U2354A		
Function	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 45 °C	23°C ± 5°C	0°C to 18°C 28°C to 45°C	
Offset Error	±1 mV	±5 mV	±1 mV	±5 mV	
Gain Error	±2 mV	±5 mV	±2 mV	±5 mV	
–3 dB small signal bandwidth <sup>[2]</sup>	760 kHz		1.5 MHz		
1% THD large signal bandwidth <sup>[2]</sup>	300 kHz		300 kHz		
System noise	1 mVrms	2 mVrms	1 mVrms	2.5 mVrms	
CMRR	62	dB	62 dB		
Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) <sup>[3]</sup>	88 dB		82 dB		
Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio (SINAD) <sup>[3]</sup>	80 dB		78 dB		
Total harmonic distortion (THD) <sup>[3]</sup>	−90 dB		−82 dB		
Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) <sup>[3]</sup>	80 dB		78 dB		
Effective number of bits (ENOB) <sup>[3]</sup>	13		12.	6	

Analog Output Measurement <sup>[1]</sup>				
Model Number	U2351A	U2353A		
		0 °C to 18 °C		
Function	23 °C ± 5 °C	28 °C to 45 °C		
Offset Error	±1 mV	±4 mV		
Gain Error	±4 mV	±5 mV		
Slew rate	19 V/µs			
Rise time	0.9 µs			
Fall time	0.9	μs		
Settling time to 1% output error	4	μѕ		
Driving capability	5 mA			
Glitch energy	5 ns-V (Typical), 80	) ns-V (Maximum)		

[1] Specifications are for 20 minutes of warm-up time, calibration temperature at 23  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and input range of  $\pm 10$  V.

[2] Specifications are based on the following test conditions.

Bandwidth Test	Model Number	Test Conditions (DUT setting at ±10 V bipolar)	
-3 dB small signal bandwidth     1% THD large signal bandwidth	U2351A U2352A	Sampling Rate: Input voltage: - —3 dB small signal bandwidth - 1% THD large signal bandwidth	250 kSa/s 10% FSR FSR –1 dB FS
	U2353A U2354A	Sampling Rate: Input voltage:3 dB small signal bandwidth - 1% THD large signal bandwidth	500 kSa/s 10% FSR FSR –1 dB FS

[3] Specifications are based on the following test conditions.

Dynamic Range Test	Model Number	Test Conditions (DUT setting at ±10 V bipolar)	)
SFDR, THD, SINAD,	U2351A	Sampling Rate:	250 kSa/s
SNR, ENOB	U2352A	Fundamental Frequency:	2.4109 kHz
		Number of points:	8192
		Fundamental input voltage:	FSR –1 dB FS
	U2353A	Sampling Rate:	500 kSa/s
	U2354A	Fundamental Frequency:	4.974 kHz
		Number of points:	16384
		Fundamental input voltage:	FSR –1 dB FS

# **High Density Multifunction USB DAQ Device**

Analog Input Measurement <sup>[1]</sup>						
Model Number	U2355A U2356A		U2:	U2331A		
Function	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C - 18 °C 28 °C - 45 °C	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 45 °C	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 45 °C
Offset Error	±1 mV	±2 mV	±1 mV	±2 mV	±2 mV	±3 mV
Gain Error	±2 mV	±3 mV	±2 mV	±6 mV	±6 mV	±7.5 mV
–3 dB small signal bandwidth <sup>[2]</sup>	760	kHz	1.3	MHz	1.2	MHz
1% THD large signal bandwidth <sup>[2]</sup>	400 kHz		400 kHz		N/A	
System noise	1 mVrms	2 mVrms	1 mVrms	4 mVrms	3 mVrms	5 mVrms
CMRR	64 dB		61 dB		62 dB	
Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) <sup>[3]</sup>	88	dB	86	dB	71	dB
Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio (SINAD) <sup>[3]</sup>	80	dB	78	dB	72	dB
Total harmonic distortion (THD) <sup>[3]</sup>	−90 dB		−84 dB		–76 dB	
Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) <sup>[3]</sup>	80 dB		78 dB		72 dB	
Effective number of bits (ENOB) <sup>[3]</sup>	1	13	1:	2.6	1	1.6

Analog Output Measurement <sup>[1]</sup>						
Model Number	U2355A	U2356A	U2331A			
Function	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 45 °C	23 °C ± 5 °C	0 °C to 18 °C 28 °C to 45 °C		
Offset Error	±1 mV	±4 mV	±1.5 mV	±3mV		
Gain Error	±4 mV	±5 mV	±4 mV	±5 mV		
Slew rate	19 V	/µs	19 V/μs			
Rise time	0.9	0.9 µs		μs		
Fall time	0.9 μs		0.9	μs		
Settling time to 1% output error	4 μs		4 μs			
Driving capability	5 mA		5 mA			
Glitch energy	5 ns-V (Typical), 80 ns-V (Maximum)		5 ns-V (Typical), 80 ns-V (Maximum)			

[1] Specifications are for 20 minutes of warm-up time, calibration temperature at 23  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and input range of  $\pm 10$  V.

[2] Specifications are based on the following test conditions.

Bandwidth Test	Model Number	Test Conditions (DUT setting at ±10 V bipolar)	
• –3 dB small signal bandwidth	U2355A	Sampling Rate: Input voltage:	250 kSa/s
• 1% THD large		<ul> <li>–3 dB small signal bandwidth</li> </ul>	10% FSR
signal bandwidth		<ul> <li>1% THD large signal bandwidth</li> </ul>	FSR –1 dB FS
	U2356A	Sampling Rate:	
		Input voltage:	500 kSa/s
		<ul> <li>–3 dB small signal bandwidth</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>1% THD large signal</li> </ul>	10% FSR
		bandwidth	FSR –1 dB FS
	U2331A	Sampling Rate:	
		Input voltage:	3 MSa/s
		<ul> <li>–3 dB small signal bandwidth</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>1% THD large signal</li> </ul>	10% FSR
		bandwidth	FSR –1 dB FS

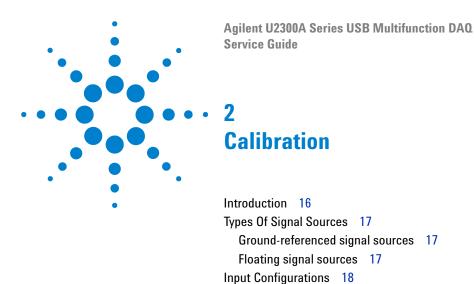
[3] Specifications are based on the following test conditions.

Dynamic Range Test	Model Number	Test Conditions	
		(DUT setting at ±10 V bipolar)	
SFDR, THD, SINAD,	U2355A	Sampling Rate:	250 kSa/s
SNR, ENOB		Fundamental Frequency:	2.4109 kHz
		Number of points:	8192
		Fundamental input voltage:	FSR –1 dB FS
	U2356A	Sampling Rate:	500 kSa/s
		Fundamental Frequency:	4.974 kHz
		Number of points:	16384
		Fundamental input voltage:	FSR –1 dB FS
	U2331A	Sampling Rate:	3 MSa/s
		Fundamental Frequency:	29.892 kHz
		Number of points:	65536
		Fundamental input voltage:	FSR –1 dB FS

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**Characteristics and Specifications** 



Single-ended connections 18
Differential Input Mode 20
Hardware Connection 22
Self-Calibration 26

Performance Verification Procedure 34

Adjustment Procedures 32

A/D Data Conversion 38

This chapter includes the equipments required for the calibration procedure and describe the hardware connection for analog input and analog output. The self-calibration procedure, performance verification procedure and adjustment procedure are also included.

#### Introduction

Prior to checking the performace of the instrument, ensure that you have all the equipments listed in the following to perform the verification procedure for analog input and analog output.

#### **Equipment Checklist**

- ✓ Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ devices
- ✓ Agilent Digital Multimeter (DMM) 34401A/34410A
- ✓ Fluke Calibrator 5520A/5720A
- ✓ Computer with Agilent IO Library Suites installed
- ✓ U2901A Terminal Block
- ✓ USB Mini-B Cable
- ✓ U2901A SCSI Cable

Follow the following steps to ensure the instrument gives accurate analog input readings and analog outputs.

- 1 Perform the self-calibration procedure. See "Self-Calibration".
- 2 Perform the performance verification procedure. See "Performance Verification Procedure", "Analog Input Connection" for information on analog input connection and "Analog Output Connection" for information on analog output connection.
- **3** If the instrument gives accurate readings or accurate outputs, adjustment procedure is not necessary. If the instrument does not give accurate readings or accurate outputs, perform the adjustment procedure. See "Adjustment Procedures".
- **4** After perform the adjustment procedure, repeat the self-calibration procedure and then perform the verification procedure.
- **5** If the instrument still does not give accurate readings or accurate outputs, repeat step 3 and step 4.

# **Types Of Signal Sources**

## **Ground-referenced signal sources**

A ground-referenced signal source is defined as a signal source that is connected in some way to the building's grounding system. This means that the signal source is connected to a common ground point with respect to the U2300A series DAQ (assume the host PC which is connected with DAQ is in the same power ground).

#### Floating signal sources

A floating signal source is a signal that is not connected to the building's grounding system. It is also a device with an isolated output. Example of floating signal sources are optical isolator output, transformer output, and thermocouple.

# **Input Configurations**

# **Single-ended connections**

A single-ended connection is applicable when the analog input signal is referenced to a ground and can be shared with other analog input signals. There are two different types of single-ended connections, which are RSE and NRSE configuration.

# Referenced Single-Ended (RSE) mode In referenced single-ended mode, all the input signals are connected to the ground provided by the U2300A series

DAQ and suitable for connections with floating signal sources. The following figure illustrates the RSE mode.

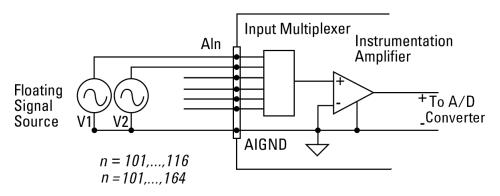


Figure 2-1 Floating source and RSE input connections

NOTE

When more than two floating sources are connected, these sources are referenced to the same common ground.

• Non-Referenced Single-Ended (NRSE) Mode
In NRSE mode, the DAQ device does not provide the grounding point. The ground reference point is provided by the external analog input signal. You can connect the signals in NRSE mode to measure ground-referenced signal sources, which are connected to the same grounding point. The following figure illustrates the connection. The signal local ground reference is connected to the negative input of the instrumentation Amplifier (AI\_SENSE pin on connector1). Hence, any potential difference of the common mode ground between signal ground and the signal ground on DAQ board will be rejected by the instrumentation amplifier.

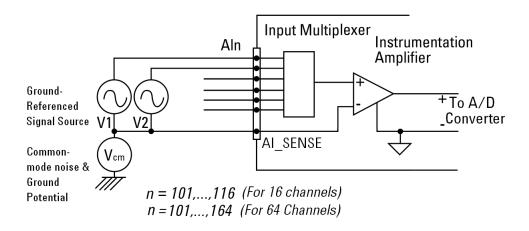


Figure 2-2 Ground-referenced sources and NRSE input connections

## **Differential Input Mode**

The differential input mode provides two inputs that respond to the difference of the signal voltage. The analog input of the U2300A series DAQ has its own reference ground or signal return path. The differential mode can be used for the common-mode noise rejection if the signal source is ground-referenced. The following figure shows the connection of ground-referenced signal sources under differential input mode.

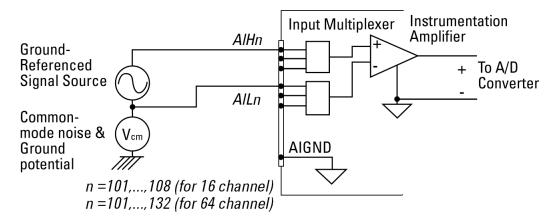


Figure 2-3 Ground-referenced source and differential input mode

The following figure illustrates the connection of a floating signal source to the U2300A series DAQ in differential input mode. For floating signal sources, additional resistor is needed at each channel to provide a bias return path. The resistor value is equivalent to about 100 times the source impedance. If the source impedance is less than 100 W, you can connect the negative polarity of the signal directly to AI\_GND, as well as the negative input of the Instrumentation Amplifier. The noise couples in differential input mode are less compared to the single-ended mode.

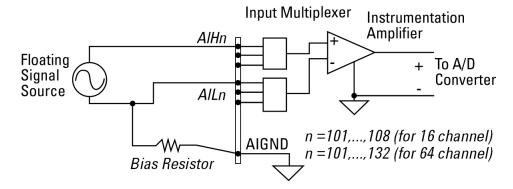


Figure 2-4 Floating source and differential input

#### NOTE

- Agilent U2300A series DAQ is designed with high input impedance.
   Please ensure that all the connection are connected properly before acquiring any data. Failing to do so may cause data fluctuation or erroneous readings.
- Unused pins at multiplexing DAQ inputs can be treated as floating source with infinite output impedance. Therefore, necessary grounding system is required in user application system.

#### **Hardware Connection**

The connection to verify the analog input readings and analog outputs are different. To verify the analog input readings, see "Analog Input Connection" for descriptions on the way to connect the instruments. To verify the analog outputs, see "Analog Output Connection" for descriptions on hardware setup.

#### **Analog Input Connection**

The equipments required for analog input connection are the DAQ device, Fluke calibrator, terminal block, USB mini-B cable and SCSI cable. Follow the following step-by-step instruction for analog input connection.

1 Connect the DAQ device to a PC with a USB mini-B cable and connect the DAQ device to a U2901A terminal block using the U2901A SCSI cable.

#### NOTE

- Ensure that the PC has the DAQ device's driver and the Agilent IO
   Libraries 14.2 or higher installed. Note that the Agilent Measurement
   Manager software comes with the standard purchase of the U2300A
   Series DAQ devices.
- If you do not have the DAQ device's driver and the Agilent IO Libraries 14.2 or higher installed, refer to the Agilent U2300A Series Data Acquisition Devices and Agilent Measurement Manager Quick Start Guide, for more information on the installation.
- **2** Short all the DAQ device's analog input channels. Refer to "Connector Pins Configuration" for the pins assignment.
- **3** Connect the DAQ device's analog input channels to the calibrator output.
- **4** Connect the DAQ device's analog input ground (AI\_GND) to the calibrator ground. See Figure 2-1. Note that the analog inputs shown in the figure uses U2351A as an example.

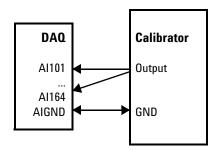


Figure 2-5 The analog input and calibrator connection

#### Setup diagram

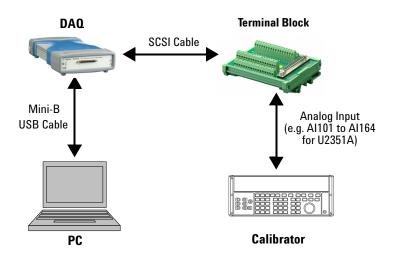


Figure 2-6 The analog input and calibrator connection

#### **Analog Output Connection**

The equipments required for analog output connection are the DAQ device, DMM, terminal block, USB mini-B cable and SCSI cable. Follow the follwing step-by-step instruction for analog input connection.

1 Connect the DAQ device to a PC with a USB mini-B cable and connect the DAQ device to a U2901A terminal block using the U2901A SCSI cable.

#### NOTE

- Ensure that the PC has the DAQ device's driver and the Agilent IO Libraries 14.2 or higher installed. Note that the Agilent Measurement Manager software comes with the standard purchase of the U2300A Series DAQ devices.
- If you do not have the DAQ device's driver and the Agilent IO Libraries 14.2 or higher installed, refer to the Agilent U2300A Series Data Acquisition Devices and Agilent Measurement Manager Quick Start Guide, for more information on the installation.
- **2** Connect a wire at each pin you would like to test on the U2901A terminal block. (Refer to "Connector Pins Configuration" for the pins assignment)
- **3** Connect the DAQ device's analog output channel 1 (AO201) to the DMM input.
- 4 Connect the DAQ device's analog output ground (AO GND) to DMM GND.
- **5** Repeat steps 3 and 4 for analog output channel 2 (AO202).

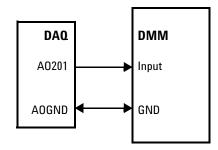


Figure 2-7 The analog input and DMM connection

#### Setup diagram

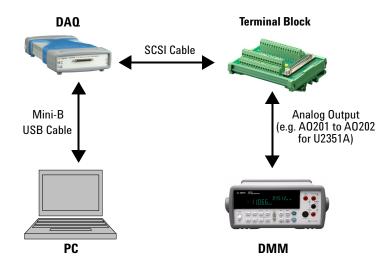


Figure 2-8 The analog output and DMM connection

#### **Self-Calibration**

Self-calibration can be operated using the following SCPI command via Agilent Connection Expert.

CALibration: BEGin

In calibration mode, the command will initiate a voltage adjustment in sequence for the specified Digital Analog Converter (DAC) channel. This sequence sets a zero and gain adjustment constant for each DAC output.

The function of DAQ device will not carry on until the self-calibration has completed. You can query the status of the self-calibration performed using the following SCPI command.

\*OPC?

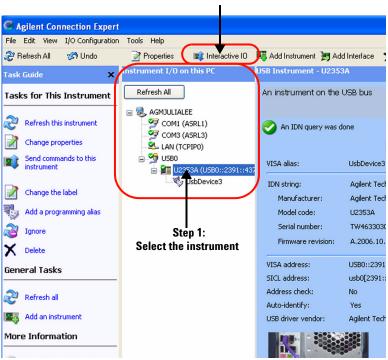
Two ways of performing the self-calibration will be introduced in this section. The first option is to use the Agilent Connection Expert to send the SCPI commands and the second option is to use the Agilent Measurement Manager application software.

#### **Option 1: Self-calibration with Agilent Connection Expert**

#### WARNING

- Unplug all cables that are connected to the DAQ device before performing self-calibration.
- Any cables connected to the DAQ device may cause the failure of the self-calibration process.
- 1 Power on the DAQ and disconnect all connections from DAQ device. Warm it up for 30 minutes to ensure that it is operating at stable condition.
- 2 Go to Start > All Programs > Agilent IO Libraries Suite > Agilent Connection Expert to launch the Agilent Connection Expert.

- **3** Connect the DAQ device to the PC with mini-B type USB cable. The connected DAQ device will be visible in the **Instrument I/O on this PC** panel as illustrated in Figure 2-5.
- **4** Select the DAQ device that you wish to send the SCPI commands to and then click the **Interactive IO** icon on the toolbar to launch the Agilent Interactive IO. See Figure 2-5.



Step 2: Click the Interactive IO icon

Figure 2-9 Launch the Interactive IO in Agilent Connection Expert

5 The Agilent Interactive IO dialog box will appear as shown in Figure 2-6. Click Send & Read to send the "\*IDN?" default command. This instrument's response should appear in the Instrument Session History panel.

#### 2 Calibration

**6** Successful communication between the Agilent Connection Expert and the connected hardware will be shown in the **Instrument Session History** panel. The users may now send other SCPI commands to the instrument.

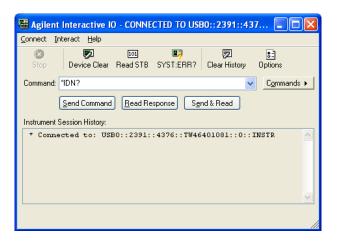


Figure 2-10 Interactive IO dialog box

- **7** Ensure that the DAQ device has been warmed up for 30 minutes. Send the SCPI commands "\*RST" and "\*CLS" to clear the register in DAQ device.
- **8** Send "CAL:BEG" to start the self-calibration process. This process may take a few minutes to complete.
- **9** Send "\*OPC?" to check the operation complete status.
- 10 If "\*OPC?" return 1, send "SYST: ERR?" to check if any system error has occurred during the self-calibration process. If there is no system error, the self-calibration process is done. Otherwise, the self-calibration process is failed.

#### **Option 2: Self-calibration with Agilent Measurement Manager**

#### WARNING

- Unplug all cables that are connected to the DAQ device before performing self-calibration.
- Any cables connected to the DAQ device may cause the failure of the self-calibration process.
- 1 Power on the DAQ device and disconnect all connections from it. Warm it up for 30 minutes to ensure that it is operating at stable condition.
- **2** Connect the DAQ device to the PC with mini-B type USB cable. Launch the Agilent Measurement Manager and select the DAQ device you wish to do the self-calibration process.
- 3 Go to Tools and select Self Calibration.
- 4 The **Self Calibration Form** dialog box will appear as shown below.

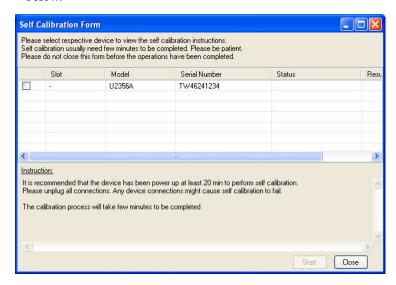


Figure 2-11 Self Calibration Form dialog box in Agilent Measurement Manager

#### 2 Calibration

- **5** Select the instrument that you would like to perform self-calibration and the **Start** button will be enabled. Click **Start** to proceed. See Figure 2-8.
- **6** The calibration process will take a few minutes to be completed. Once done, the status and results of the process will be displayed as shown in Figure 2-9.

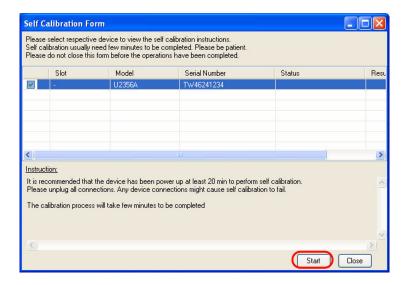


Figure 2-12 Self Calibration Form dialog box in Agilent Measurement Manager with a device being selected

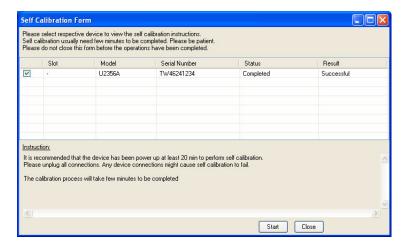


Figure 2-13 Self Calibration Form dialog box in Agilent Measurement Manaer showing the status and resultof the self-calibration process

#### **Adjustment Procedures**

#### DAQ on-board 5 V calibration

If in the performance verification procedure is not accurate, adjustment procedure is required. The following flowchart shows the steps for 5 V calibration.

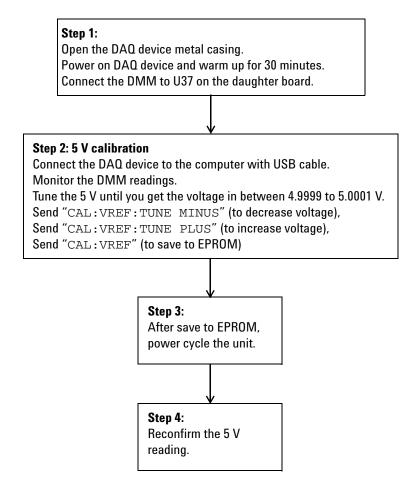
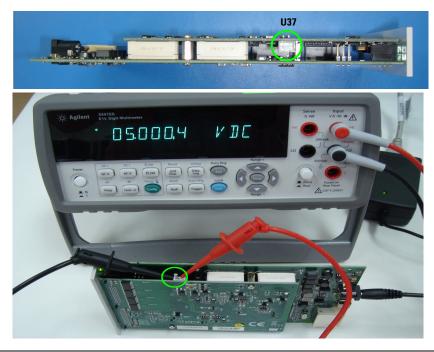


Figure 2-14 The flowchart showing the steps for 5 V calibration

**Table 2-3** Step-by-step descriptions for Figure 2-10

#### Step Descriptions

Step 1 Before power on the DAQ device, open the DAQ device's metal casing. Refer to "Dismantle Procedures" for more information to disassemble the unit. Then, power on the DAQ device and warm it up for approximately 30 minutes. Connect the DMM to **U37** on the daughter board. The following images shows the location of **U37** and the way to connect it.



- Step 2 Ensure that the DAQ device's driver is installed in the computer before connecting it to the computer. The driver can be obtained from the *Agilent USB Modular Instrument U2300A & U2700A Series Product Reference CD-ROM*. Measure the voltage difference at **U37** with the DMM. If the measured voltage is more than 5 V, send the command "CAL:VREF:TUNE MINUS" to decrease the voltage, otherwise if the measured voltage is less than 5 V, send the command "CAL:VREF:TUNE PLUS" to increase the voltage. Tune the voltage until the measured voltage is in the range of 4.9999 V and 5.0001 V. When the tuning process is done, send "CAL:VREF" to save it in the EPROM.
- Step 3 Power cycle the DAQ device by turning on and off the DAQ device.
- Step 4 Measure the voltage at **U37** again to ensure the measured voltage is in the range of 4.9999V to 5.0001 V. If there is any problem occurs, the DMM will not measure the voltage in the specified range.

  Proceed to self calibration procedure.

#### **Performance Verification Procedure**

Prior to calibrate the instrument, check the performance of the instrument to see if any adjustment is required, "Step 2: DAQ configuration and verification test".

This is to ensure that the DAQ device gives accurate readings or outputs. The performance verification procedure for analog input and analog output are automated and are verify using the Automated Calibration software.

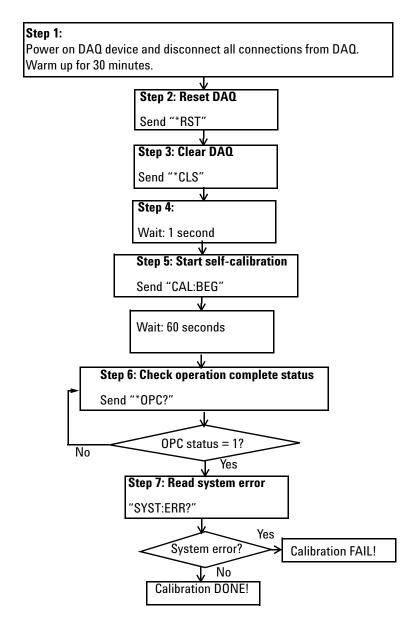
The performance verification procedure involve two steps:

Step 1: DAQ self-calibration

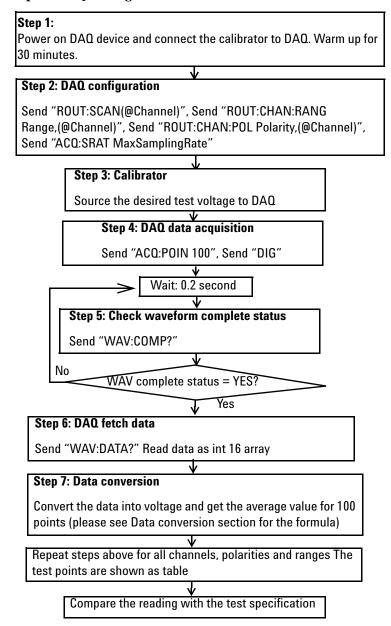
Step 2: DAQ configuration and verification test

**Analog Output** 

Step 1: DAQ self-calibration



Step 2: DAQ configuration and verification test



NOTE

Byte ordering must use LSB first.

#### **Analog Output**

#### Step 1:

Power on DAQ device and conenct the DMM to DAQ. Warm up for 30 minutes

#### Step 2: DAQ configuration

Send "SOUR:VOLT:POL Polarity,(@Channel)", Send "SOUR:VOLT"RSRC INT,(@Channel)", Send "SOUR:VOLT Voltage,(@Channel)"

#### Step 3: DMM

Measure the output voltage of DAQ

Repeat steps above for all channels and polarities. The test points are shown as table

Compare the reading with the test specification

#### A/D Data Conversion

A/D data conversion converts analog voltage into digital information. The following section illustrates the format of acquired raw data for the A/D conversion.

Below is the illustrated example of the acquired raw data scan list for CH 101, CH 102, and CH 103.

#800000200	 byte>								
Data length indicator, The next 8 bytes (0000 0200)	1st data LSB	1st data MSB	1st data LSB	1st data MSB	1st data LSB	1st data MSB	2nd data LSB	2nd data MSB	
specifying the actual data length only, not actual data. Data length (200 bytes long)	СН	101	СН	102	СН	103	СН	101	

#### 16-bit Data Format

LSB	MSB
DDDD DDDD	DDDD DDDD

#### 12-bit Data Format

LSB	MSB
DDDD XXXX	DDDD DDDD

D - Data bits

X - Unused bits

#### Raw data conversion

To convert the data into an actual float number, we need the voltage range and polarity information. Below are the calculations on the raw data conversion for both bipolar and unipolar.

To perform a sample calculation of the conversion, take the U2356A as an example. The resolution of U2356A is 16 bits and the range is taken as 10 V. The Int16b value calculated using conversion algorithm is 12768. Hence, the 16 bits binary read back calculation will be as follows.

NOTE

The raw data provided by U2300A series DAQ devices is in the byte order of LSB first.

#### **Bipolar:**

Converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{2 \times Int16 \text{ value}}{2^{\text{resolution}}}\right) \times Range$$

Example of converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{2 \times 12768}{2^{16}}\right) \times 10 = 3.896 \text{ V}$$

#### **Unipolar:**

Converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{Int16 \text{ value}}{2^{resolution}} + 0.5\right) \times Range$$

Example of converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{12768}{2^{16}} + 0.5\right) \times 10 = 6.948 \text{ V}$$

NOTE

The converted value is of float type. As such, you may need to type cast the Int16 value to float in your programming environment.

To perform a sample calculation of the conversion, take the U2331A as an example. The resolution of U2331A is 12 bits and the range is taken as 10 V. The Int12b value calculated using conversion algorithm is 12768.

There are unused bits in the 12-bit data format. Therefore, there is a need to perform a 4-bit right shift operation. Hence, the 12 bits binary read back calculation will be as follows.

#### NOTE

The raw data provided by U2300A series DAQ devices is in the byte order of LSB first.

#### **Bipolar:**

Converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{2 \times Int16 \text{ value}}{2^{\text{resolution}}}\right) \times Range$$

Example of converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{2 \times 798}{2^{12}}\right) \times 10 = 3.896 \text{ V}$$

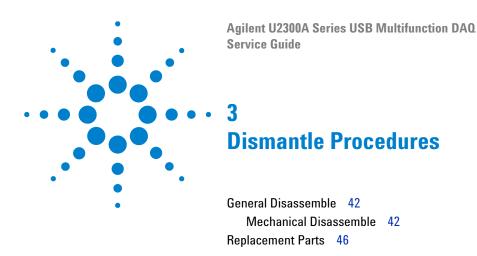
#### Unipolar:

Converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{\text{Int16 value}}{2^{\text{resolution}}} + 0.5\right) \times \text{Range}$$

Example of converted value = 
$$\left(\frac{798}{2^{12}} + 0.5\right) \times 10 = 6.948 \text{ V}$$

#### NOTE

- The converted value is of float type. As such, you may need to type cast the Int12 value to float in your programming environment.
- For the U2331A, there is a need to perform a 4-bit right shift operation.
   This is because it is equipped with 12-bit ADC, and the last 4 bits are truncated.



This chapter describes the step-by-step disassemble procedures and list the available replacement parts for U2300A Series DAQ devices,

#### **General Disassemble**

This chapter provides the step-by-step guides on how to dismantle the module and install the replacement assembly. To assemble back the module, follow the instructions in reverse order.

NOTE

The parts shown in the following figures are representative and may look different than what you have in your module.

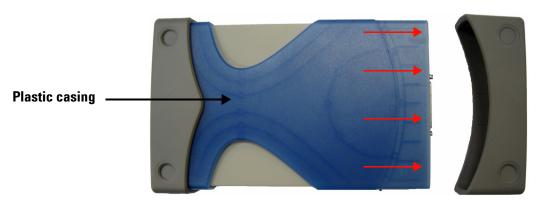
The removable assemblies include:

- · Plastic casing
- · Metal casing
- · Rear metal casing
- Front metal casing, which is attached to the carrier board and measurement board

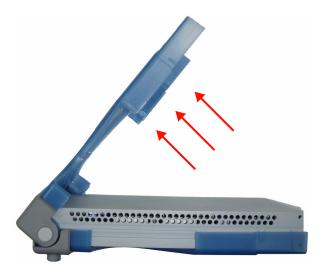
#### **Mechanical Disassemble**

Follow the instructions in this section for the instrument disassemble process.

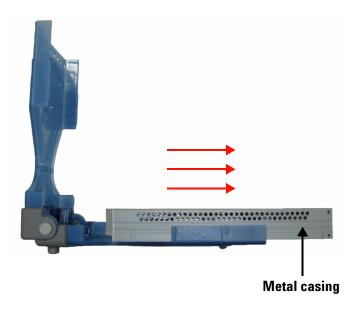
Step 1: Pull the bumper out to remove the plastic casing.



Step 2: Flip the plastic casing open.



Step 3: Slide the metal casing out of the plastic casing.



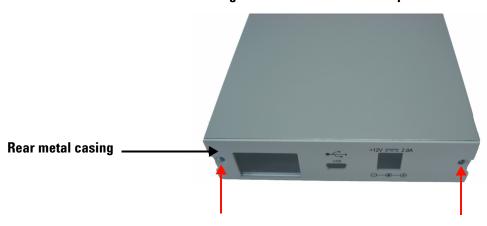
Step 4: Unscrew all the following indicated screws from metal casing.



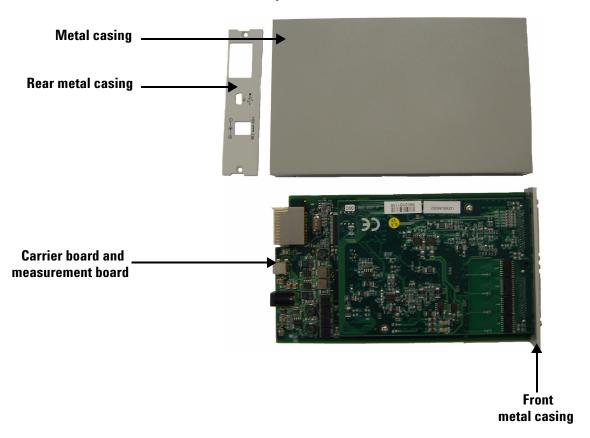
Step 5: Gently pull the front metal piece out, which is attached to the carrier and measurement boards.



Step 6: Unscrew all the following indicated screws from the metal casing and remove the rear metal piece.



#### **Disassembled parts:**



#### **Replacement Parts**

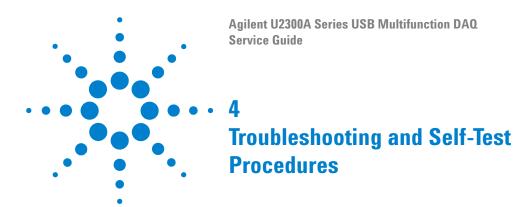
This section provides the information of orderable replacement parts for U2300A Series DAQ devices. The parts availabled for replacement are listed in the table below with the reference part numbers and the respective part names.

You can order the replacement parts from Agilent using the part number provided in the table below. To order replacement parts from Agilent, do the following:

- 1 Identify the Agilent part number of the required parts as shown in the replacement parts list.
- 2 Contact your nearest Agilent Sales Office or Service Center.
- **3** Provide the instrument model number and serial number.

Table 3-4 Replacement parts list

Part Number	Part Name	
U2351-60002	Metal Casing	
5190-0013	Plastic Cover	
U2351-00201	Rear Metal Piece	
U2351-61201	L-shape Mount	



Troubleshooting 48
Self-Test Procedures 50

This chapter provides the information on general troubleshooting and self-test procedures.

#### **Troubleshooting**

This section provides suggestions for solving general problems that you may encounter with the instrument. It guides you on what to check in the following situations:

#### 1. Power Indicator LED is not lit

Verify that the ac power cord is connected to the power inlet in the DAQ device.

#### 2. Power Indicator LED is lit but the AO/ AI Indicator LED is not lit

Verify that the USB cable is connected to the PC and the USB inlet in the DAQ device.

#### 3. Power Indicator LED is lit and AO/ AI Indicator LED is lit

Verify if the SCPI commands are correct with "SYSTem: ERROR?" command.

Refer to *U2300A Series USB Multifunction Programming Guide* for SCPI error messages.

#### 4. Power Indicator LED is flashing

Verify that the green LED on the AC/DC adapter is steady. If the LED continues to flash, then there is a hardware defect. Please contact the Agilent Service Center for repair.

If the Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ module is installed in the U2781A 6-slot mainframe, then remove it temporarily and use the AC/DC adapter shipped with the Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ module to power it up.

NOTE

If there is no response from the instrument, contact the nearest Agilent Service Center to obtain further assistance.

#### **Self-Test Procedures**

#### WARNING

Do not connect any cables and terminal block prior to performing self-test procedures.

- 4 Go to Start > All Programs > Agilent IO Libraries Suite > Agilent Connection Expert to launch the Agilent Connection Expert.
- 5 Go to Start > All Programs > Agilent T&M Toolkit > Agilent Interactive IO to launch the Interactive I/O dialog box.
- **6** Send the SCPI command "\*TST?" to the instrument to start perform the self-test of the instrument.
- **7** The command will return either "+0" to indicate all tests passes or "+1" to indicate one or more tests failed.
- **8** If the command returns "+1", apply SCPI command "SYSTem: ERRor?" to enquire the error message.

NOTE

Refer to *Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction Data Acquisition Programming Guide* for SCPI error messages.



Agilent U2300A Series USB Multifunction DAQ Service Guide

### **Connector Pins Configuration**

Pins Configuration for U2331A, U2355A and U2356A 52
Pins Configuration for U2351A, U2352A, U2353A and U2354A 53

This appendix attached the pins configuration for all the U2300A Series DAQ devices.

#### Pins Configuration for U2331A, U2355A and U2356A

The U2300A Series DAQ is equipped with 68-pin very high density cable interconnect (VHDCI) type connectors.

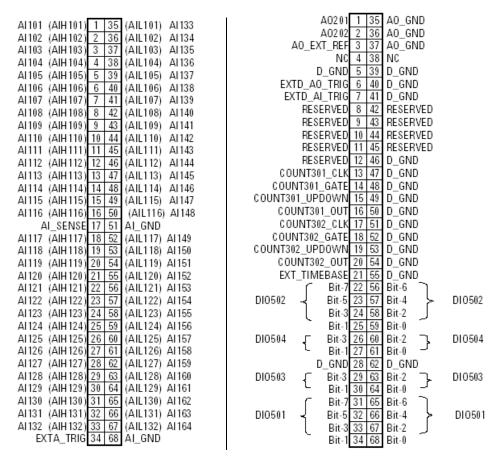


Figure A-1 Pins Configuration of Connector 1 for U2331A, U2355A, U2356A

Figure A-2 Pins Configuration of Connector 2 for U2331A, U2355A, U2356A

NOTE

(AIH101..132) and (AIL101..132) are for differential mode connection pair.

#### Pins Configuration for U2351A, U2352A, U2353A and U2354A

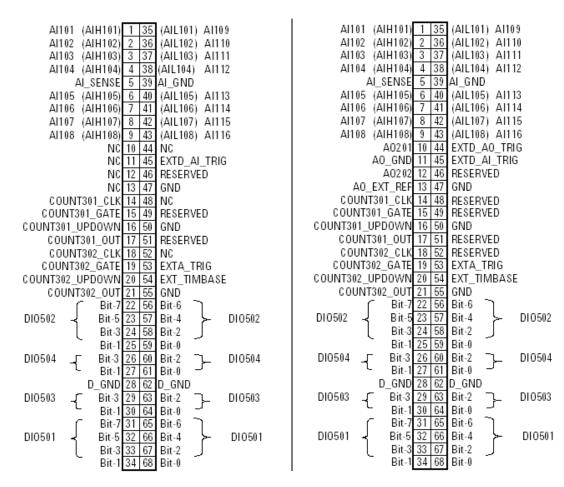


Figure A-3 Pins Configuration for U2352A, U2354A

Figure A-4 Pins Configuration for U2351A, U2353A

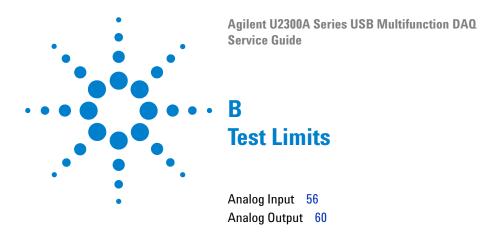
NOTE

(AIH101..108) and (AIL101..108) are for differential mode connection pair.

#### **A** Connector Pins Configuration

 Table A-5
 68-pin VHDCI connector pins descriptions

Signal Name	Direction	Reference	Description
		Ground	
AI_GND	N/A	N/A	Analog input (AI) ground. All three ground
			references (AI_GND, AO_GND, and D_GND) are
			connected together on board.
For 16 Channels:	Input	AI_GND	U2351A/U2352A/U2353A/U2354A
AI<101116>			Analog input channels 101~116. Each channel pair, Al <i,< td=""></i,<>
			i+8>(i = 101108), can be configured either as two
			single-ended inputs or one differential input (marked as
			AIH<101108> and AIL<101108>).
			U2331A/U2356A/U2355A
For 64 Channels:			Analog input channels 101~164). Each channel pair, Al <i,< td=""></i,<>
AI<101164>			i+32> (i = 101132), is configured either as two
			single-ended inputs or one differential input (marked as
			AIH<101132> and AIL<101132>)
AI_SENSE	Input	AI_GND	Analog input sense. The reference pin for any
			Al<101116> or Al<101164> channels in NRSE input
			configuration.
EXTA_TRIG	Input	AI_GND	External Al analog trigger
A0201	Output	AO_GND	Analog output channel 1
A0202	Output	AO_GND	Analog output channel 2
AO_EXT_REF	Input	AO_GND	External reference for AO channels
AO_GND	N/A	N/A	Analog ground for AO
EXTD_AO_TRIG	Input	D_GND	External A0 waveform trigger
EXTD_AI_TRIG	Input	D_GND	External AI digital trigger
RESERVED	Output	N/A	Reserved pins. Do not connect them to any signal.
COUNT<301,302>_CLK	Input	D_GND	Source of counter <301,302>
COUNT<301,302>_GATE	Input	D_GND	Gate of counter <301,302>
COUNT<301,302>_OUT	Input	D_GND	Output of counter <301,302>
COUNT<301,302>_UPDOWN	Input	D_GND	Up/Down of counter <301,302>
EXT_TIMEBASE	Input	D_GND	External Timebase
D_GND	N/A	N/A	Digital ground
DI0501<7,0>	PI0	D_GND	Programmable DIO of Channel 501
DI0502<7,0>	PI0	D_GND	Programmable DIO of Channel 502
DI0503<4,0>	PI0	D_GND	Programmable DIO of Channel 503
DI0504<4,0>	PI0	D_GND	Programmable DIO of Channel 504



This appendix provides the test limits for analog input and analog output when performing the verification procedure.

## Analog Input

Offset/	Setting	Range (V)	e (S	Test Point (V)	ıt (V)	Test Lii	lest Limit (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V)	Polarity	Min	Max	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.001	BIP	-10	10	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.002	BIP	-10	10	Positive FS	9.98779	9.98579	9.98979	DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-9.98779	-9.98979		-9.98579 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	BIP	<u>-</u> -2	2	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.002	BIP	-2	2	Positive FS	4.99390	4.99190	4.99590	DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	BIP	-2	2	Negative FS	-4.99390	-4.99590		-4.99190 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	0.00100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Positive FS	2.49695	2.49545	2.49845	2.49845 DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Negative FS	-2.49695	-2.49845		-2.49545 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	BIP	-1.25		1.25 Center FS	0.0000.0	-0.00100	0.00100	0.00100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	BIP	-1.25	1.25	-1.25 1.25 Positive FS	1.24847	1.24697	1.24997	1.24997 DAQ reading — Offset
0.0015	BIP	-1.25	1.25	1.25 Negative FS	-1.24847	-1.24997	-1.24697	-1.24697 DAQ reading - Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	10	Center FS	5.00000	4.99850	5.00150	5.00150 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.002	UNIP	0	10	Positive FS	9.99390	9.99190	9.99590	DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	UNIP	0	10	Negative FS	0.00610	0.00410	0.00810	DAQ reading — Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	2	Center FS	2.50000	2.49850	2.50150	$Offset = DAQ \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.002	UNIP	0	2	Positive FS	4.99695	4.99495	4.99895	4.99895 DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	UNIP	0	2	Negative FS	0.00305	0.00105	0.00505	DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Center FS	1.25000	1.24900	1.25100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Positive FS	2.49847	2.49747	2.49947	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Negative FS	0.00153	0.00053	0.00253	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	1.25	1.25 Center FS	0.62500	0.62400	0.62600	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	1.25	1.25 Positive FS	1.24924	1.24824	1.25024	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	2	c	10.		0000		П	

Offset/ Gain Error (V)								
Gain Error (V)	Setting	Range (V)	(V)	Test Point (V)	ıt (V)	Test Limit (V)	nit (V)	Test Result
	<b>Polarity</b>	Min	Max	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.001	BIP	-10	10	Center FS	0.0000.0	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.002	BIP	-10	10	Positive FS	9.98779	9.98579	9.98979	DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-9.98779	-9.98979	-9.98579	-9.98579 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	BIP	-2	2	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.002	BIP	-2	2	Positive FS	4.99390	4.99190	4.99590	DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	BIP	-2	2	Negative FS	-4.99390	-4.99590		-4.99190 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Positive FS	2.49695	2.49545	2.49845	2.49845 DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Negative FS	-2.49695		-2.49845 -2.49545	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-1.25		1.25 Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	BIP	-1.25	1.25	1.25 Positive FS	1.24847	1.24697	1.24997	DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	BIP	-1.25		1.25 Negative FS	-1.24847	-1.24997	-1.24697	-1.24697 DAQ reading - Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	10	Center FS	5.00000	4.99900	5.00100	Offset = $DAQ$ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	UNIP	0	10	Positive FS	9.99390	9.99240	9.99540	DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	10	Negative FS	0.00610	0.00460	0.00760	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2	Center FS	2.50000	2.49900	2.50100	$Offset = DAQ \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.0015	UNIP	0	2	Positive FS	4.99695	4.99545	4.99845	DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	2	Negative FS	0.00305	0.00155	0.00455	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Center FS	1.25000	1.24900	1.25100	Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Positive FS	2.49847	2.49747	2.49947	DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Negative FS	0.00153	0.00053	0.00253	DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	1.25	1.25 Center FS	0.62500	0.62400	0.62600	$Offset = DAQ \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.001	UNIP	0	1.25	1.25 Positive FS	1.24924	1.24824	1.25024	DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	1.25	1.25 Negative FS	0.00076	-0.00024	0.00176	DAQ reading – Offset

Analog Input U2331A:								
Offset/	Setting	Range (V)	(V)	V) Test Point (V	t (V)	Test Limit (V)	nit (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V)	Polarity	Min Max	Мах	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.002	BIP	-10	10	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00200	0.00200	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.006	BIP	-10	10	Positive FS	9.80469	69862'6	9.81069	DAQ reading – Offset
0.006	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-9.80469	-9.81069		–9.79869 DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	BIP	-2	2	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00150	0.00150	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.004	BIP	-2	2	Positive FS	4.90234	4.89834	4.90634	4.90634 DAQ reading – Offset
0.004	BIP	-2	2	Negative FS	-4.90234	-4.90634		-4.89834 DAQ reading - Offset
0.0015	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00150	0.00150	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.002	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Positive FS	2.45117	2.44917	2.45317	2.45317 DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	BIP	-2.5	2.5	Negative FS	-2.45117	-2.45317	-2.44917	–2.44917 DAO reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-1.25	1.25	1.25 Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	BIP	-1.25		1.25 Positive FS	1.22559	1.22409	1.22709	DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	BIP	-1.25		1.25 Negative FS	-1.22559	-1.22709		–1.22409   DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-1	1	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	$Offset = DAO\ reading - Calibrator\ source\ voltage$
0.001	BIP	-	_	Positive FS	0.98047	0.97947	0.98147	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	1-	1	Negative FS	-0.98047	-0.98147		–0.97947   DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.5	0.5	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	$Offset = DAO \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.001	BIP	-0.5	0.5	Positive FS	0.49023	0.48923	0.49123	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.5	0.5	Negative FS	-0.49023	-0.49123		–0.48923 DAO reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.25		0.25 Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	$Offset = DAO \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.001	BIP	-0.25	0.25	0.25 Positive FS	0.24512	0.24412	0.24612	0.24612 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.25		0.25 Negative FS	-0.24512	-0.24612	-0.24412	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.2	0.2	Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.001	BIP	-0.2	0.2	Positive FS	0.19609	0.19509	0.19709	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.2	0.2	Negative FS	-0.19609	-0.19709	-0.19509	–0.19509 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.05	0.05	0.05 Center FS	0.00000	-0.00100	0.00100	$Offset = DAO \ reading - Calibrator \ source \ voltage$
0.001	BIP	-0.05	0.05	-0.05 0.05 Positive FS	0.04902	0.04802		0.05002 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	BIP	-0.05	0.05	-0.05 0.05 Negative FS	-0.04902	-0.05002	-0.04802	-0.04802 DAO reading - Offset

Offset/	Setting		Range (V)	Test Point (V	t (V)	lest Lin	lest Limit (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V)	Polarity Min Max	Min	Max	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.0015	UNIP	0	10	Center FS	5.00000	4.99850	5.00150	Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.004	UNIP	0	10	Positive FS	9.90234	9.89834	9.90634	9.90634 DAQ reading – Offset
0.004	UNIP	0	10	Negative FS	0.09766	0.09366		0.10166 DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	2	Center FS	2.50000	2.49850	2.50150	Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.002	UNIP	0	2	Positive FS	4.95117	4.94917		4.95317 DAQ reading – Offset
0.002	UNIP	0	2	Negative FS	0.04883	0.04683	0.05083	0.05083 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	4	Center FS	2.00000	1.99850		2.00150 Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.0015	UNIP	0	4	Positive FS	3.96094	3.95894	3.96294	3.96294 DAQ reading – Offset
0.0015	UNIP	0	4	Negative FS	0.03906	0.03706	0.04106	0.04106 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Center FS	1.25000	1.24900		1.25100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Positive FS	2.47559	2.47409	2.47709	2.47709 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2.5	Negative FS	0.02441	0.02291	0.02591	0.02591 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2	Center FS	1.0000	0.99900		1.00100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	2	Positive FS	1.98047	1.97947	1.98147	DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	2	Negative FS	0.01953	0.01853		0.02053 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	-	Center FS	0.50000	0.49900	0.50100	0.50100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	1	Positive FS	0.99023	0.98923	0.99123	0.99123 DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	-	Negative FS	0.00977	0.00877		0.01077 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0.5	Center FS	0.25000	0.24900	0.25100	0.25100 Offset = DAQ reading – Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	0.5	Positive FS	0.49512	0.49412		0.49612 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0.5	Negative FS	0.00488	0.00388	0.00588	0.00588 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0.4	Center FS	0.20000	0.19900		0.20100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	0.4	Positive FS	0.39609	0.39509		0.39709 DAQ reading — Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0.4	Negative FS	0.00391	0.00291	0.00491	0.00491 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0.1	Center FS	0.05000	0.04900		0.05100 Offset = DAQ reading - Calibrator source voltage
0.001	UNIP	0	0.1	Positive FS	0.09902	0.09802	0.10002	0.10002 DAQ reading – Offset
0.001	IINIP	0	0.1	Negative FS	0 00098	-0 00002	0.00198	0.00008 0.00002 0.00108 DAO 2004ing Officet

# Analog Output

Analog Output U2351A, U2353A:								
Offset/	Setting	Rang	le (V)	Setting   Range (V)   Test Point (V)	it (V)	Test Limit (V)	it (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V) Polarity Min Max Location	Polarity	Min	Мах	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.001	BIP		-10 10	0	0.000.0	-0.0010	0.0010	-0.0010 0.0010 Offset = DMM reading - DAQ source voltage
0.004	BIP	-10	10	-10 10 Positive FS 9.9997	2666'6	9.9957	10.0037	9.9957   10.0037   DMM reading – Offset
0.004	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-10.0000	-10.0040	-9.9960	BIP   -10   10   Negative FS   -10.0000   -10.0040   -9.9960   DMM reading - Offset
0.001	UNIP	0	0 10 0	0	0.000.0	-0.0010	0.0010	-0.0010 0.0010 Offset = DMM reading – DAQ source voltage
0.002	UNIP	0	10	UNIP 0 10 Positive FS	8666'6	9.9978	10.0018	9.9978   10.0018   DMM reading – Offset

Analog Output U2355A, U2356A:								
Offset/	Setting	Rang	le (V)	Setting Range (V) Test Point (V) Test Limit (V)	t (V)	Test Lim	it (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V) Polarity Min Max Location	Polarity	Min	Max	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.001	BIP -10 10 0	-10	10	0	0.0000	-0.0010	0.0010	0.0000 -0.0010 0.0010 Offset = DMM reading - DAQ source voltage
0.004	BIP	-10	10	Positive FS	9.9951	9.9911	9.9991	BIP   -10   10   Positive FS   9.9951   9.9911   9.9991   DMM reading – Offset
0.004	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-10.0000	-10.0040	-9.9960	BIP   -10   10   Negative FS   -10.0000   -10.0040   -9.9960   DMM reading - Offset
0.001	0 10 0 NNN	0	10	0	0.0000	-0.0010	0.0010	0.0000 -0.0010 0.0010 Offset = DMM reading - DAQ source voltage
0.002	UNIP	0	10	UNIP 0 10 Positive FS 9.9976 9.9956 9.9996 DMM – Offset	9.9976	9.9956	9.6666	DMM – Offset

Analog Output U2331A:								
Offset/	Setting	Rang	le (V)	Setting   Range (V)   Test Point (V)	ıt (V)	Test Limit (V)	it (V)	Test Result
Gain Error (V) Polarity Min Max Location	Polarity	Min	Max	Location	Value	Lower	Upper	Reading
0.0015	BIP -10 10 0	-10	10	0	0.0000	-0.0015	0.0015	0.0000 -0.0015 0.0015 Offset = DMM reading - DAQ source voltage
0.004	BIP	-10	10	Positive FS	9.9951	9.9911	9.9991	BIP   -10   10   Positive FS   9.9951   9.9911   9.9991   DMM reading - Offset
0.004	BIP	-10	10	Negative FS	-10.0000	-10.0040	-9.9960	BIP   -10   10   Negative FS   -10.0000   -10.0040   -9.9960   DMM reading - Offset
0.0025	UNIP		0 10 0	0	0.0000	-0.0025	0.0025	-0.0025 0.0025 Offset = DMM reading - DAQ source voltage
0.004	UNIP	0	10	0 10 Positive FS	9.9976	9.9936	10.0016	9.9936   10.0016   DMM reading — Offset

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