

High Performance Current Transducer IT 600-S ULTRASTAB

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.

 $I_{PM} = 0 ... 600 A$







Electrical data			
I _{PN}	Primary nominal current DC	600	Α
I _{PN}	Primary nominal current rms	425	Α
I _{PM}	Primary current, measuring range	0 ± 600	Α
Îp	Max overload capability 100 ms 1)	± 3000	Α
$R_{_{ m M}}$	Measuring resistance	\mathbf{R}_{Mmin} \mathbf{R}_{Mmax}	
	Over operating current, temperature and		
	supply voltage range	2.5 2.5	Ω
I _s	Secondary current	0 ± 400	mΑ
I _{SN}	Secondary nominal current rms	282	mA
K _N	Conversion ratio	1:1500	
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)	± 15	V
$I_{\rm c}$	Current consumption ± 15 V	≤ 200 + I _s	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

\mathcal{E}_{L}	Linearity error ²⁾	≤ 1	ppm
I _{OE}	Electrical offset current + self magnetization + effect of earth magnetic field @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C ²⁾	< 20	ppm
$\Delta \mathbf{I}_{OE}$	Offset stability (no load) 2)	< 1	ppm/month
TCI _{OE}	Temperature coefficient of I_{OE} (10°C 50°C) ²⁾	< 0.2	ppm/K
	Offset vs. power supply stability @ T _A = 25°C ²⁾		
	$@V_{c} = \pm 15 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	< 1.5	ppm/% of
			$V_{c} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

	General data			
$T_{_{A}}$	Ambient operating temperature	10 + 50	°C	
,,	Humidity (non condensing)	20 - 80 %	RH	
$T_{\rm s}$	Ambient storage temperature	- 20 + 85	°C	
Ü	Humidity (non condensing)	20 - 80 %	RH	
$R_{\rm s}$	Secondary coil resistance @ T _A = 25°C	28	Ω	
m	Mass	1	kg	

Notes: 1) Single pulse only, not AC.

The transducer may requires a few seconds to return to normal operation when autoreset system is running.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using an extremely accurate zero flux detector
- Electrostatic shield between primary and secondary circuit.

Special features

- 9-pin D-Sub male secondary connector
- Galvanically-isolated optocoupler output indicates transducer state.

Advantages

- Very high accuracy
- Excellent linearity
- Extremely low temperature drift
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- High immunity to external electrostatic and magnetic fields interference
- No insertion losses
- · High resolution
- Low noise on output signal
- Low noise reflected back onto primary conductor.

Applications

- Feed back element in high performance gradient amplifiers for MRI
- Feed back element in precision current regulated devices (power supplies...)
- Calibration unit
- Precision and high-stability inverters
- Energy measurement
- Medical equipment.

Application domain

Industrial and Medical.

²⁾All ppm figures refer to secondary measuring range 400 mA.



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Isolation characteristics			
V _b	Rated isolation voltage rms, reinforced isolation Rated isolation voltage rms, single isolation with IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2	300 2000	V V
V _d V _w V _b	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs Rated isolation voltage rms, reinforced isolation Rated isolation voltage rms, single isolation with EN 50178 standards and following conditions - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2	4.9 ¹⁾ 9.1 600 1000	kV kV V
dCp dCl CTl	Creepage distance Clearance distance Comparative Tracking Index (Group I)	10 10 600	mm mm V

If isolated cable is used for the primary circuit, the voltage category could be improved with the following table (for single isolation) (IEC 61010-1 standard):

Cable isolated	(primary)	Category

 HAR03
 2150 V CAT III

 HAR05
 2250 V CAT III

 HAR07
 2350 V CAT III

Note: 1) Between primary and secondary + shield.

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



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Output noise figures: @ 25°C

Random Noise ppm (rms):

0 – 10 Hz	0 – 10 kHz	0 – 50 kHz
< 0.05	< 3	< 10

Re-injected noise measured on primary cable (DC - 50 kHz)

< 10

 μV_{RMS}

Dynamic performance data

BW Frequency bandwidth for small signal 0.5 %, of $I_{PN}(DC)$ (± 3 dB)

DC .. > 100 kHz **di/dt** di/dt accurately followed t_r Response time ¹⁾ to 90 % of I_{PN} step > 100 A/µs < 1 μs

Note: 1) With a di/dt of 100 A/µs.



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Over current protection - Electrical specification - Status

As soon as electrical saturation appears, the transducer switches from normal operation to over current mode.

This electrical saturation appears in any case beyond 1.1 time the current range. The primary current corresponding to this trip level is related to the temperature inside the transducer.

Under these conditions:

• the contact (operation status) between pin 3 to 8 (of D-SUB-9 connector) switches off, this contact becomes open.

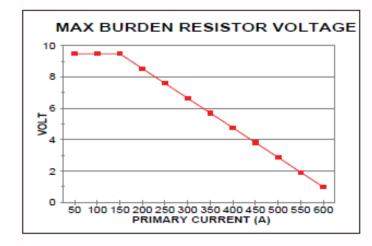
• Fault level (off state) $I_p > 110 \% \text{ of } I_{pN} DC$

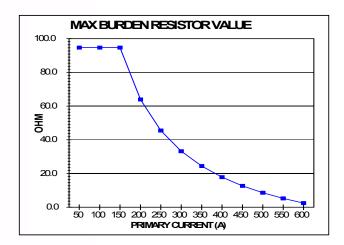
Max voltage pin 3 to pin 8, off-State
Max current pin 3 to pin 8, on-State
Reverse voltage pin 3 to pin 8, off-State
V

To maintain safe start-up ${\bf R}_{_{\rm M}}$ must not exceed 2.5 Ω during fault condition.

The over current mode remains until the primary current decreases to a value lower than the recovery current

Max secondary current versus measuring resistor





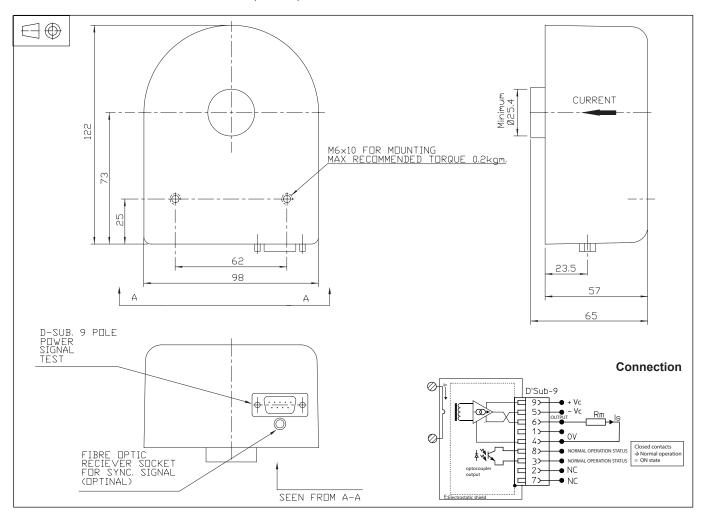
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Miscellaneous

Bus bar free zone (length: 75 mm) (from center) $r \ge 75$ mm



Dimensions IT 600-S ULTRASTAB (in mm.)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance ± 0.3 mm

Transducer fastening

Flat mounting Recommended fastening torque 1.96 Nm
 Connection of secondary connector UNC 4-40
 Primary through hole Ø ≤ 25.4 mm

Connection

• Normal operation status (Pins 3 to 8)

Normal operation means: - ± 15 V present

- zero detector is working

- compensation current

 \leq 110 % of $\boldsymbol{I}_{PN\,DC}$

The contacts of the related relay are closed under normal operation.

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- We recommend that a shielded output cable and plug are used to ensure the maximum immunity against electrostatic fields.
- Pin 4 should be connected to cable and connector shield to maintain lowest output noise.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 50°C.