Potentiostat / Galvanostat

 $EC301 - \pm 30 \ V$ compliance voltage, $\pm 1 \ A$ maximum current



- ±30 V compliance voltage
- ±1 A maximum current
- ±15 V polarization range
- Front-panel setup and operation
- Free full-featured Windows software
- · 1 MHz control bandwidth for EIS
- Ramps from 0.1 mV/s to 10 kV/s
- Ethernet and GPIB interfaces

• EC301 ... \$7990 (U.S. list)

EC301 Potentiostat / Galvanostat

The EC301 gives electrochemists the opportunity to equip their labs with high compliance, research-grade instrumentation at a very attractive price. Stand-alone front-panel operation allows easy use in the field or in handling routine electrode preparation. The free Windows software (SRSLab) has routines for all major electrochemical experiments and can be downloaded from the SRS web site. The EC301 has an open command set which allows scientists to write their own unique waveforms and even write custom software.

Front-Panel Operation

The intuitive front panel of the EC301 allows you to quickly and easily set up several scan types (CV, LSV, steps and holds). Unlike many competitive models, the EC301 is a stand-alone instrument – you don't need to use a computer. The array of indicator LEDs make it easy to know the state of the instrument at a glance.

Software Included

The SRSLab software supports all the major electrochemical techniques including voltammetry, pulsed waveforms, step techniques, and EIS. You can even design your own custom measurements. Data is acquired over the TCP/IP interface or via IEEE-488 (GPIB). The software lets you easily configure sequences of experiments and shows you the data as they are generated. The data is easily exported to spreadsheets and graphing packages.



Designed for EIS

The EC301 was designed with electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) in mind. Instead of employing driven shields, we bring the measurement close to the cell. This means higher accuracy and less susceptibility to parasitic effects. Shunt resistor current measurements in all ranges enhance control loop stability, enabling EIS at high frequencies. An external frequency response analyzer (FRA) can be used measure EIS at frequencies up to 1 MHz using analog connections. The EC301 performs stand-alone EIS measurements up to 100 kHz.

Compliance Limiting

Quite often, electrochemists are working with sensitive cells which would be destroyed if the full compliance of a potentiostat were brought to bear. Bubbles in a flow cell system can easily cause potentiostats to lose voltage control by blocking feedback to the instrument from the reference electrode. Without compliance limiting, a carefully prepared electrode will be ruined. With this feature, the user can simply select the maximum potential the counter electrode will be allowed to apply. When the limit is reached, it is clamped to the preset level. Compliance limiting guarantees safe operation even if control is lost.

Floating Working Electrode

In normal operation, the working electrode current return path is tied to chassis ground. However, there are times in which electrochemists wish to experiment with working electrodes that are intrinsically grounded (e.g., water pipes, rebar in concrete, an autoclave). Once the shorting bar from the rear panel of the instrument is removed, the ground return path floats, allowing these experiments.

Fast Cyclic Voltammetry

The EC301 supports scan rates up to 10 kV/s. Potential, current and an auxiliary signal are all acquired simultaneously at 250,000 samples per second. Furthermore, an AC line detection circuit allows synchronization of repetitive scans with the power line cycle.

Built-in Temperature Measurement

Temperature is a critical parameter in many battery, fuel cell and corrosion experiments, but it is often not recorded. Not



EC301 front panel

knowing the temperature at which the data were acquired can make it difficult to compare your results. With a built-in input for a 100 Ω platinum RTD, the EC301 makes it easy to acquire and plot temperature right along with the rest of your data.

Open Command Set

While our software supports all major electrochemical techniques, we realize that electrochemistry isn't static. When a new technique or procedure is developed, the open command set lets experimentalists write customized software to support it. You can write in LabVIEW, MATLAB, or any other language.

Ordering Information

QCM200 Quartz Crystal Microbalance \$ 0100CAB Replacement terminal cables 0100RTD RTD for EC301	7,990 2,995 \$150 \$250 \$100
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EC301 rear panel



Power Amplifier (CE)

Compliance voltage $\pm 30\,V$ Maximum current $\pm 1\,A$

Bandwidth >1 MHz ($10 \text{ k}\Omega$ load, $<100 \mu\text{A}$)

Slew rate $\geq 10 \, V/\mu s$

CE limit Limits counter electrode voltage

when enabled

 $\pm 500\,mV$ to $\pm 30\,V$ Set range

Bandwidth

Bandwidth limit 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz, 1 MHz cutoff frequencies

Differential Electrometer (EC19 Module)

Input range

 $>1 \text{ T}\Omega$ in parallel with 20 pF Input impedance

Input bias current <20 pA Bandwidth >10 MHz **CMRR** $>80 \, dB \, (<10 \, kHz)$

Potentiostat Mode

 $\pm 15 \, V$ Applied voltage range

Resolution $500 \,\mu\text{V}$ (200 μV performing an

automatic scan)

Accuracy $\pm 0.2\%$ of setting ± 5 mV Automatic scan rate $0.1\,mV/s$ to $10\,kV/s$ Noise and ripple $<20 \,\mu\text{Vrms} (1 \,\text{Hz to} \, 10 \,\text{kHz})$

Galvanostat Mode

Applied current ranges $\pm 1 \text{ nA}$ to $\pm 1 \text{ A}$ in decades

Resolution 16-bit

Accuracy

1 A range $\pm 0.5\%$ of reading $\pm 0.2\%$ of range $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading $\pm 0.2\%$ of range All other I-ranges

Automatic scan rate 1 pA/s to 2 A/s

ZRA Mode

 CE_{Sense} and WE electrodes held within $\pm 5\,\text{mV}$ of each other Voltage offset

Voltage Measurement

 $\pm 15 V$ Range Resolution 16-bit

Accuracy $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading ± 5 mV

Acquisition rate 4 us (250 kS/s)

Current Measurement

 ± 1 nA to ± 1 A in decades Range

Resolution 16-bit

Accuracy

1 A range $\pm 0.5\%$ of reading $\pm 0.2\%$ of range All other current $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading $\pm 0.2\%$ of range

 $4 \mu s (250 kS/s)$ Acquisition rate

Voltage and Current Outputs (front-panel BNCs)

Voltage output $\pm 15 V$ output

Accuracy $\pm 0.2\%$ of $V_{RE} - V_{WE}$ Sense

 $\pm 5\,\text{mV}$

Output impedance 50Ω Max. output current 10 mA

Filters No filtering or 10 Hz low-pass

±15 V (full range) Bias rejection

Current output

 I_{WE} within $\pm 0.5\%$ of (V_{BNC}) Accuracy $\stackrel{\rm WL}{\times} \stackrel{\rm I}{\rm I}_{\rm Range}) \pm 0.2\,\% \times \stackrel{\rm I}{\rm I}_{\rm Range}$ $\stackrel{\rm I}{\rm I}_{\rm WE}$ within $\pm 0.2\,\%$ of $\stackrel{\rm (V}{\rm BNC}$ (1A range) Accuracy (all other ranges) \times I_{Range}) $\pm 0.2 \% \times I_{Range}$

Max. output current 10 mA

Filters No filtering or 10 Hz low-pass

±2 V (full range) Bias rejection

IR Compensation

Positive feedback

Range 3Ω to $3G\Omega$

(depends on current range)

Resolution $1 \,\mathrm{m}\Omega$ (1 A range),

 $100 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ (1 nA range)

Current interrupt

Switching time $<5 \,\mu s$ (1 k Ω resistive load)

Interrupt duration $100 \,\mu s$ to $1 \, s$ Interrupt frequency 0.1 Hz to 300 Hz

EIS

Mode Potentiostatic / Galvanostatic

Sine Wave Generator (open control loop; closed loop specifications are subject to load, power and bandwidth

limitations)

Frequency range 1 mHz to 100 kHz

Frequency resolution 1 mHz Dynamic range 120 dB

Sweep Linear or logarithmic

Potentiostatic ampl. 10 mVpp to 15 Vpp 1% of full scale current to 2x full Galvanostatic ampl.

(1A range) scale current

Amplitude resolution 1 mV (potentiostatic) or 0.1% of full scale current (galvanostatic)

Potentiostatic DC offset ±14.9 V

(| offset + amplitude | <15V)

Impedance Analyzer

1 mHz to 100 kHz Frequency

Phase Accuracy 2 degrees (typical, load and

frequency dependent) 1% (typical, load and

Amplitude Accuracy

frequency dependent)



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Temperature Measurement

 100Ω Pt RTD Sensor

 ± 1 °C (-100 °C to +200 °C) Accuracy

Rotating Electrode Output (front-panel BNC)

Range 0 to 10 V settable analog output

Accuracy ± 1 % of setting ± 5 mV

External Input (front-panel BNC)

Input range $\pm 15 \text{ V}$ (potentiostat mode), $\pm 2 \text{ V}$

(galvanostat mode)

Potentiostat mode 1 V input corresponds to an applied

voltage of 1 V

Galvanostat mode 1 V input corresponds to an applied

voltage of 1 A

Impedance $10 \,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ in parallel with $50 \,\mathrm{pF}$

Bandwidth $>1 \, \mathrm{MHz}$

ADD TO SCAN Adds the external input voltage to

internally-generated scans button DIRECT CONTROL Takes the control voltage or current

solely from the external input

Rear-Panel Inputs and Outputs

Timebase 10 MHz, 1 Vpp ±15 V output Raw E

Raw I $\pm 2 V$ output (1 V full scale) CE / 3 $\pm 10 \, \text{V}, \, \text{V}_{\text{CE}} / 3 \, \text{voltage output},$

1 MHz bandwidth

Sync ADC ±10 V analog input

CI sync TTL output for IR compensation Scan trigger Digital input. Falling edge begins

automatic scan

Program E/I $\pm 15 \,\mathrm{V}$ input (sum of internal and

external voltage programs)

ADC 1,2,3 $\pm 10 \,\mathrm{V}$ analog inputs (general purpose)

General

button

 $17" \times 5.25" \times 19.5"$ (WHL) Dimensions

Weight

Warranty One year parts and labor on defects

in materials & workmanship

SRSLab Software

Communication IEEE-488.2 & TCP/IP interfaces

Operating system Windows

Measurements Cyclic Voltammetry (CV)

Linear Sweep Voltammetry

Cyclic Staircase Voltammetry (Tast)

Square Wave Voltammetry

Differential Pulse Voltammetry

(DPV) Differential Normal Pulse

Voltammetry (DNPV)

Timed Hold

Quartz Crystal Microbalance

(QCM) Electrochemical Impedance

Spectroscopy (EIS)

