Gated Integrators and Boxcar Averagers

SR245 — Computer interface module with GPIB and RS-232



- · Eight analog I/O ports
- · 8-bit digital I/O port
- · Two TTL I/O ports
- · RS-232 and GPIB interfaces
- · 3500 point sample memory
- · Simple command structure

• SR245 ... \$1500 (U.S. list)

SR245 Computer Interface

The SR245 Computer Interface module is a powerful tool for data acquisition. It provides both an analog and a digital interface between your computer and your experiment.

Analog I/O

The eight analog I/O channels can be designated through software as all inputs, all outputs, or as a combination of inputs and outputs. All channels have 13 bits of resolution over the ± 10.24 VDC full-scale range, with 0.05 % accuracy.

Digital I/O

Two front-panel digital I/O bits are provided for use as counters or triggers and can be set or read by the computer. Additionally, an 8-bit input and an 8-bit output port are available (on an internal connector) for your own custom digital interfaces.

RS-232 and GPIB interfaces

Both RS-232 and GPIB interfaces are standard features of the SR245. Simple commands make programming easy from a variety of high-level languages—all that's necessary is the ability to send and receive ASCII strings. For example, sending "?5" instructs the module to measure the voltage on the 5th analog input BNC. Other commands allow you to record in the module's 3500 point buffer memory, ramp an analog output at a specified rate (for gate scanning), or read the contents of a digital counter.

Ordering Information

SR245 Computer interface module

\$1500



phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

SR245 Specifications

Analog Ports			value x ($x = -10.237 \text{ V}$ to $+10.237 \text{ V}$)
		CD 4 5 4 5	n=1 to 8
Configuration	Any number of the eight ports may	SB< <i>n</i> >=< <i>m</i> >	Designates digital bit n as output and sets its value to m ($n = 1, 2$ and
	be designated under program control as input ports, the rest		m = 0, 1
	default to output ports.	SB < n > = I	Designates the selected bit as an
Inputs	1 M Ω impedance	5B 11 1	input $(n = 1, 2)$
inp att	±10.24 VDC range (protected to 40 VDC)	SD=< <i>n</i> >	Sets the 8-bit digital output port to
	13-bit resolution (2.5 mV)		the value $n (n = 0 \text{ to } 255)$
	0.5% accuracy	SM = < n >	Sets the GPIB SRQ mask to the
	Input offset <2.5 mV		value $n (n=0 \text{ to } 255)$
Outnuta	Maximum A/D rate is 2 kHz	Trigger Commands	
Outputs	<1 Ω impedance. Short circuit current limit is 20 mA.	Trigger Communus	
	13-bit resolution (2.5 mV)	MS	Sets the synchronous mode.
	0.5 % accuracy		Responses to ? commands are
	Output offset <2.5 mV		returned after next trigger.
		MA	Sets the asynchronous mode
Digital Ports			(default). Responses to ? commands
Truno	Two front nonel I/O TTI hits one		are returned after command is received.
Type	Two front-panel I/O TTL bits, one 8-bit digital input port, one 8-bit	T <n></n>	Designates every n^{th} pulse at B1 as
	latched digital output port	1 70	a trigger $(n = 1 \text{ to } 32,767)$
Front-panel inputs	Input impedances $> 100 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	DT	Masks the trigger input so that no
•	Minimum pulse width is 200 ns		triggers are recognized
	Maximum count rate is 4 MHz	ET	Unmasks the trigger input
	Logic one >3 VDC, logic zero <0.7 VDC	PB <n></n>	Outputs a 10 µs TTL pulse at digital
Front-panel outputs	Inputs protected to $\pm 10 \text{VDC}$ Can drive 50Ω loads to TTL levels	P/< <i>n</i> >	port n ($n=1, 2$) Outputs a 10 μ s TTL pulse at B2
r Tont-paner outputs	Can drive 3032 loads to 11L levels	1 / 1/1/	each n th trigger ($n = 1$ to 255)
General		Scan Commands	
T	HEEE 400 (CDVD) 1 D.C 222		
Interfaces	IEEE-488 (GPIB) and RS-232	SC <i>,<k>:<n></n></k></i>	Scans the list <i>ik</i> of analog ports or digital port for <i>n</i> triggers. Total #
Power	(110 baud to 19.2 kbaud) +24 V/60 mA, 24 V/60 mA,		of samples may not exceed 3711.
1 OWEI	+12 V/20 mA, approx. 8 watts		(ik = 1 to 8, D)
Mechanical	Single-width standard NIM module	ES	Ends the current scan immediately
Warranty	One year parts and labor on defects		and resets the point sending counter
	in materials and workmanship	N	Sends the next point of stored scan
Command List		?N	Returns # of points scanned Adds $n \times 2.5$ mV to the value of
Command List		A <n>,<i>></i></n>	analog port 8 (must be positive)
Input/Output Commar	nds		on every i th trigger $(n,i=1 \text{ to } 255)$
		SS <i>,<k>:<n></n></k></i>	Scans the list ik of analog ports or
I < n > n = 0 to 8	Designates the first n analog ports		digital port for n triggers. Data is
	as inputs, the remainder become outputs		sent in a 2 byte binary format while
? < n > n = 1 to 8	Returns the value of the designated	V	scan is in progress. $(ik=1 \text{ to } 8, D)$
2D<===1.2	analog port	X	Sends the data of a stored scan in 2 byte binary format
P < n > n = 1,2	Returns the value (0 or 1) of the designated digital port		2 byte omary format
?D	Returns the value of the 8-bit	Miscellaneous Com	mands
· =	digital input port		
?S	Returns the value of the status byte,	MR	Master reset returns the SR245
_	and clears the status byte		to its default values.
C	Configures B2 as an input and	W <n></n>	Introduces a delay of $(n \times 400 \mu\text{s})$
20	resets the B2 counter		before sending each character over
?C	Returns number of pulses occurring		the RS-232 interface ($n = 0$ to 255)

Z<i>,<k>



S < n > = < x >

at B2 since the previous ?C

Sets the analog port n (which must

be designated as an output) to the

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Changes the end-of-record

characters sent by SR245 to those

specified by the ASCII codes, i...k