## PS 505 <br> POWER SUPPLY

## TEKTRONIX



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Tektronix, Inc.
P.O. Box 500

## WARRANTY

All TEKTRONIX instruments are warranted against defective materials and workmanship for one year. Any questions with respect to the warranty should be taken up with your TEKTRONIX Field Engineer or representative.

All requests for repairs and replacement parts should be directed to the TEKTRONIX Field Office or representative in your area. This will assure you the fastest possible service. Please include the instrument Type Number or Part Number and Serial Number with all requests for parts or service.

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Fig. 1 Exploded


## INTRODUCTION

The PS 505 is a variable-voltage, variable-current dc power supply that provides a convenient way to power bipolar logic, level shifters, light-emitting diodes, incandescent displays, and analog devices. It is designed to operate in the right-hand (high power) compartment of a TM 504 or TM 506 Power Module. When operated in the right-hand compartment of a TM 504 or TM 506, the PS 505 provides a floating output that is variable between 3.0 and 5.5 volts at a maximum of 4.0 amperes.

## note

If the PS 505 is operated in a compartment other than the right-hand (high power) compartment of a TM 504 or TM 506, the output current drawn from the PS 505 must be limited to 1.0 amperes maximum. However, the negative output terminal should be grounded at the front panel since there is a possible ground path of uncertain characteristics through the rear connector when the PS 505 is operated in any place other than in the right-hand compartment.

A front panel lamp, marked VOLTS, indicates the presence of voltage at the output terminals. The light intensity varies with the output voltage and verifies that the output is indeed variable. A front-panel, light-emitting diode indicates when the PS 505 goes into current limiting. Hard limiting causes the light emitting diode to glow brightly and causes the VOLTS lamp to dim. A check of the limiting circuitry and the operation of these lights can be made by momentarily shorting the output terminals.

A second front-panel mounted light-emitting diode indicates that the PS 505 is being operated in a compartment other than the right-hand (high power) compartment of the Power Module and that the output current must be limited to 1 ampere or less. It also indicates that the PS 505 is to have its negative output terminal grounded and operated in a non-floating mode.

## Installation

The PS 505 is calibrated and ready to use as received. Referring to Fig. 1-1, install the Power Supply and turn on the Power Module. Press the OUTPUT button to apply power to the PS 505. Check that the VOLTS indicator light on the front panel comes on (the light will be very dim at low voltages).

## NOTE

Because of the high current drawn by the PS 505, it is recommended that the Power Module be turned off before inserting or removing the PS 505. Arcing at the connector terminals can reduce connector life. However, no internal damage will result if the monitor is inserted into a live Power Module.


Fig. 1-1. Plug-In installation and removal.

## OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

## Overheating

The PS 505 is designed to operate at an ambient temperature from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. However, when operating several power supplies in a multi-plug-in Power Module, especially at low output voltages, or when operating close to other heat-producing equipment, internal temperature may exceed safe limits and actuate a thermal cutout in the Power Module. Refer to the Power Module Instruction Manual for more complete information.

## Load and Monitor Connections

Improper connections between the power supply output and the load(s) and/or monitoring device(s) are a common cause of errors. Multiple loads or monitoring devices must be connected directly to the output terminals with separate pairs of leads as shown in Fig. 1-2. Avoid using clip leads, since their contact resistance can exceed the output impedance of the PS 505 and cause significant measurement error.


Fig. 1-2. Monitor and load connections.

## Grounded and Floating Operation

The PS 505 is a "floating" supply (when installed in the high power compartment of the Power Module) since no internal connections are made to either the chassis or ground. The supply can thus be used as a positive or negative supply by simply connecting between the common and the regative or positive output terminal. However, there may be undesirable effects caused by grounding the supply to the chassis while the load is grounded at some point removed from the supply chassis. For example, if a remote load is connected as shown in Fig. 1-3, ground currents containing the power line frequency could result and create excessive noise and ripple in series with the load. Thus, floating operation is recommended to insure against problems caused by undesizable ground currents.


Fig. 1-3. Ground loop created by grounded remote load.

If the power supply is operated into a switching load where the current demand changes abruptly, it is recommended that a $12 \Omega$ shunting resistor be placed across the output terminals. This will ensure that the supply always sees a minimum load and improves regulation.

## NOTE

The PS 505 is ground referenced negative when installed in any other compartment of a Power Module except the high power compartment. If the PS 505 is installed in any compartment other than the high power compartment, operate it with a strap between the minus and ground terminals.

## Reverse Current Loading

In some applications as when driving an inductive load, the load might behave as a current source for part of its operating cycle. Since the output circuit of a series regulated supply is unidirectional, reverse current will not normally pass through the regulator. The internal reversecurrent diode (CR75) conducts only when the PS 505 terminal voltage reverses and therefore protects the series regulator against reverse currents. However, when operating a switching or inductive load, connecting a shunt resistor (Rs) of about $12 \Omega$ as shown in Fig. 1-4 provides an external reverse current path so the power supply sources or delivers current only.


Fig. 1-4. Reverse current shunt ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ) with active load.

## Overvoltage

The PS 505 is protected from overvoltage conditions by an overvoltage protection circuit which blows the fuse at about 7 Vdc . Component failure in the PS 505 could result in load damage if external protection is not provided. Like wise, if the load (or other instruments connected to the load) produce a voltage across the PS 505 terminals which is the same polarity but of greater amplitude, damage to the PS 505 may result, depending on the amount of overvoltage and the impedance of the load.

## OPERATION

## Setup Information

The following steps demonstrate the use of the PS 505 controls and connectors.

1. Install the PS 505 into (preferably) the right hand compartment of the Power Module.
2. Press the OUTPUT button to apply power to the PS 505. Observe that the VOLTS indicator light comes on (the light will be very dim at low voltages).
3. Set the VOLTS controls for approximately 3.5 V .
4. Turn the CURRENT LIMIT control fully ccw (to protect the ammeter). Connect an ammeter between the + and - terminals and adjust the CURRENT LIMIT control for the maximum desired current output.
5. Remove the ammeter. Connect the load between the + and - terminals. Adjust the VOLTS control for the desired output.

## Series Operation

The outputs of two or more supplies can be connected in series as shown in Fig. 1-5 to obtain an output voltage equal to the sum of the output voltages from each supply. The maximum output is limited to $350 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{dc}+$ peak ac (i.e., the isolation voltage rating between the output terminals and ground). Each supply must be adjusted individually to obtain the desired output voltage.

## NOTE

The PS 505 has internal diodes connected across the output to protect any of the series-connected supplies against reverse polarity if the load is shorted, or one of the supplies is not on.


Fig. 1-5. Series-connected supplies.

## Parallel Operation



Parallel operation is not recommended unless a forward biased diode capable of handling the required current and voltage is inserted between each power supply and the load. Failure to do this may cause power supply damage.

The outputs of two or more current-limiting, automaticcrossover supplies can be connected in parallel as shown in Fig. 1-6 to obtain an output current equal to the sum of the output currents from each supply. Each supply must be adjusted individually to obtain the desired output current.

One supply should be set for the desired output voltage and the other should be set for a slightly higher voltage. The supply set for the desired voltage will then become a constant voltage source, while the supply with the higher voltage output becomes a current-limited source (due to automatic crossover) which results in their output voltage decreasing to that of the supply with the lowest output voltage.


Fig. 1-6. Parallel-connected supplies.

## APPLICATIONS

## Differential Voltage Measurements

Very small dc voltage changes or unknown voltages can be measured by connecting the PS 505, a null detector, and the source under test in a differential configuration as shown in Fig. 1-7. Comparison measurements at nearly the accuracy and sensitivity of costly differential voltmeters can be made with the inexpensive PS 505. The ultimate accuracy and sensitivity of the measurement depends on the PS 505 and the type of null detector used. A calibrated DC amplifier in a highgain oscilloscope such as the Tektronix 5100-Series Oscilloscope with a 5A20N Differential Amplifier plug-in will serve as a convenient null detector, or a sensitive milliameter with a series resistor is also satisfactory.

## note

Examine the circuit for ground loops when using a nult detector with one input terminal grounded (see Grounded and Floating Operation).


Fig. 1-7. Differential measurement connections.

# FUNCTIONS AVAILABLE AT REAR CONNECTOR 

Unassigned pins are available at the rear connector for routing signals to and from the PS 505 for specialized applications (see Rear Interface connector assignments at the rear of this manual). One or more compartments of a
multi-plug-in Power Module can be wired with barriers installed to provide specific functions between compartments. See Power Module instruction manual for additional information.

## CHARACTERISTICS

## Performance Conditions

Unless otherwise noted, the electrical characteristics are valid only if the instrument has been calibrated at an
ambient temperature between $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and is operated at an ambient temperature between $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

TABLE 1-1
Electrical

| Characteristics | Performance Requirements | Supplemental Information |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Line Regulation | Within 10 mV for a $\pm 10 \%$ line <br> voltage change | Within 5 mV for a 0.5 to 4.0 A load <br> change |
| Ripple and Noise | Transient recovery $\leqslant 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for a <br> constant voltage to recover within <br> 20 mV of nominal output voltage <br> after a 3.5 A change in output cur- <br> rent |  |
| Temperature Coefficient | 3 mV peak-to-peak or less | Power supply output voltage set to <br> 5 V with a supply load of 4.0 A |
| Stability | $0.01 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less | Line voltage, load and temperature <br> held constant |
| Foldback Current | When output current exceeds 4.1 A, <br> current folds back to less than 1.5 A <br> and latches | To restore to normal operation, turn <br> PS 505 power off. Reduce current <br> load to $\leqslant 4.0$ A, then turn PS 505 drift in 8 hours <br> power on |

TABLE 1-2
Environmental

| Characteristics | Performance Requirements | Supplemental Information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature Operating | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Altitude Operating | To 15,000 feet |  |
| Storage | To 50,000 feet |  |
| Vibration Operating and Non-Operating | With instrument complete and operating, vibration frequency swept from 10 to 50 to 10 Hz at 1 minute per sweep. Vibrate 15 minutes in each of the three major axes at $0.015^{\prime \prime}$ total displacement. Hold 3 minutes at any major resonance, or if none, at 50 Hz . Total time, 54 minutes. |  |
| Shock Operating and Non-Operating | 30 g 's, $1 / 2$ sine, 11 ms duration, 2 shocks in each direction along 3 major axes, for a total of 12 shocks |  |

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# ELECTRICAL REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST 

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

## SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number

00X Part removed after this serial number

## ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

## ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR | ACTUATOR | PLSTC | PLASTIC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | QTZ | QUARTZ |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | RECP | RECEPTACLE |
| CER | CERAMIC | RES | RESISTOR |
| CKT | CIRCUIT | RF | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP | COMPOSITION | SEL | SELECTED |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | SENS | SENSITIVE |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | SEP | SEPARATELY |
| FXD | FIXED | VAR | VARIABLE |
| INCAND | INCANDESCENT | WW | WIREWOUND |
| LED | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| NONWIR | NONWIREWOUND | XTAL | CRYSTAL |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| MANUFACTURER |  | ADDRES | CITY,8TATE.21P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00213 | Sage Electronics Corp., Subsidiary of |  |  |
|  | Nytronics, Inc.; | Orange St. | Darlington, SC 29532 |
| 01121 | Allen-Bradley Co. | 1201 2nd St. South | M1lwaukee, WI 53204 |
| 03508 | General Electric Co., Semi-Conductor |  |  |
|  | Products Dept. | Electronics Park | Syracuse, NY 13201 |
| 04713 | Motorola, Inc., Semiconductor |  |  |
|  | Products Div. | 5005 E. McDowell Rd. | Phoenix, AZ 85008 |
| 07263 | Fairchild Semiconductor, A Div. of |  |  |
|  | Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp. | 464 Ellis St. | Mountain View, CA 94040 |
| 07910 | Teledyne Semiconductor | 12515 Chadron Ave. | Hawthorne, CA 90250 |
| 08806 | General Electric Co., Miniature |  |  |
|  | Lamp Products Dept. | Nela PK. | Cleveland, OH 44112 |
| 14099 | Semtech Corp. | 652 Mitchell Rd. | Newbury Park, CA 91320 |
| 14936 | General Instrument Corp., Semiconductor Products Group | 600 W. John St. | Hicksville, NY 11802 |
| 18324 | Signetics Corp. | 811 E. Arques | Sunnyvale, CA 94086 |
| 28480 | Hewlett-Packard Co., Corporate Hq. | 1501 Page M111 Rd. | Palo Alto, CA 94304 |
| 56289 | Sprague Electric Co. |  | North Adams, MA 01247 |
| 58474 | Superior Electric Co., The | 383 Middle St. | Bristol, CT 06010 |
| 71400 | Bussman Mfg., Division of McGraw Edison Co. | 2536 W. University St. | St. Louis, MO 63107 |
| 71590 | Centralab Electronics, Div. of |  |  |
|  | Globe-Union, Inc. | 5757 N. Green Bay Ave. | M1lwaukee, WI 53201 |
| 73138 | Beckman Instruments, Inc., Helipot Div. | 2500 Harbor Blvd. | Fullerton, CA 92634 |
| 75042 | TRW Electronic Components, IRC Fixed Resistors, Philadelphia Division | 401 N. Broad St. | Philadelphia, PA 19108 |
| 80009 | Tektronix, Inc. | P. O. Box 500 | Beaverton, OR 97005 |
| 81483 | International Rectifier Corp. | 9220 Sunset Blvd. | Los Angeles, CA 90069 |
| 90201 | Mallory Capacitor Co., Div. of |  |  |
|  | P. R. Mallory Co., Inc. | 3029 E. Washington St. | Indianapolis, IN 46206 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 670-3252-00 |  | CKT BOARD ASSY:MAIN | 80009 | 670-3252-00 |
| C10 | 283-0081-00 |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.1 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 36C600 |
| C12 | 290-0524-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: $4.7 \mathrm{JF}, 20 \%$, 10V | 90201 | TDC475M010EL |
| C14 | 283-0081-00 |  | CAP. ,FXD, CER DI: $0.1 \mathrm{UF},+80-20 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | 56289 | 36 C 600 |
| C20 | 290-0324-00 |  | CAP. , FXD, ELCTLT: $750 \mathrm{UF},+75-10 \%$, 40 V | 56289 | 39D757G040HJ4 |
| C35 | 290-0524-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: $4.70 \mathrm{~F}, 20 \%$, 10V | 90201 | TDC475M010EL |
| C64 | 290-0524-00 |  | CAP.,FXD, ELCTLT: 4.7UF, 20\%, 10V | 90201 | TDC475M010EL |
| C75 | 290-0519-00 |  | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 100UF, 20\%, 20V | 56289 | 196D 107X0020MA3 |
| CR20 | 152-0488-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 200V,1500MA | 14936 | KBP-02-8 |
| CR35 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30v, 150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR36 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR38 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR39 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR42 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30v, 150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR65 | 152-0141-02 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,150MA | 07910 | CD8220 |
| CR75 | 152-0040-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,600v,1A | 14099 | SC-6 |
| DS 10 | 150-1001-00 |  | LAMP, LED: RED, 2V, 100MA | 28480 | 5082-4403 |
| DS40 | 150-1001-00 |  | LAMP, LED: RED, 2V, 100MA | 28480 | 5082-4403 |
| DS75 | 150-0048-00 |  | LAMP, INCAND: $5 \mathrm{~V}, 60 \mathrm{MA}$ | 08806 | 683 |
| F10 | 159-0014-00 |  | FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 3GA, 5A, 250V, FAST-BLOW | 71400 | MTH5 |
| J75 | 129-0064-01 |  | POST, BDG, ELEC:RED,5-WAY MINIATURE | 58474 | BB10167G2BX |
| J76 | 129-0064-00 |  | POST, BDG, ELEC:CHARCOAL, 5-WAY MINIATURE | 58474 | BINP BB10167G13T |
| J77 | 129-0064-02 |  | POST, BDG, ELEC:WHITE, 5-WAY, MINIATURE | 58474 | DF21WTC |
| Q10 | 151-0515-01 |  | TRANSISTOR:50V,8A | 04713 | 2N4441 |
| Q25 | 151-0342-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q45 | 151-0342-00 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 07263 | 2N4249 |
| Q50 | 151-0364-00 |  | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 03508 | X43C181 |
| Q52 | 151-0190-00 |  | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 04713 | 2N3904 |
| R10 | 315-0911-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP :910 OHM, 5\%, 0.25 W | 01121 | CB9115 |
| R12 | 315-0121-00 |  | RES., FXD, COMP : 120 OHM, 5\%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1215 |
| R22 | 301-0222-00 |  | RES., FXD, COMP :2.2K OHM, $5 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | Eb2225 |
| R24 | 321-0129-00 |  | RES. , FXD, FILM:215 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-2150F |
| R25 | 321-0181-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM: 750 OHM, 1\%,0.125 | 75042 | CEAT0-7500F |
| R30 | 311-1563-00 |  | RES. ,VAR, NONWIR : 1 K OHM, $20 \%, 0.50 \mathrm{~W}$ | 73138 | $91 \mathrm{~A}-10000 \mathrm{M}$ |
| R31 | 321-0239-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, FILM: 3.01 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEAT0-3011F |
| R32 | 321-0238-00 |  | RES., FXX, FILM: 2.94 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEAT0-2941F } \\ & \text { CEATO-3091F } \end{aligned}$ |
| R33 | 321-0240-00 |  | RES. , FXD, FILM: 3.09 K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 01121 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CEATO-3091F } \\ & \text { 11M338 } \end{aligned}$ |
| R35 | 311-1524-00 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 20 K OHM, $10 \%$, 1 W |  |  |
| R37 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP: 1 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R40 | 315-0911-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP: 910 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB9 115 |
| R42 | 315-0273-00 |  | RES. ,FXD, COMP: 27 K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R45 | 321-0254-00 |  | RES., FXD, FILM:4.32K OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEAT0-4321F |
| R48 | 315-0102-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP: $1 \mathrm{~K} 0 \mathrm{HM}, 5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R50 | 301-0680-00 |  | RES., FXD, СОMP:68 ОНM, 5\%,0.50W | 01121 | EB6805 |
| R52 | 315-0912-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP:9.1K OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB9 125 |
| R55 | 311-1524-00 |  | RES., VAR, NONWIR:20K OHM, $10 \%$, 1W | 01121 | 11M338 |
| R56 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES., FXD, COMP: 330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R57 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP: 330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R60 | 321-0192-00 |  | RES. , FXD, FILM: 976 OHM, $1 \%, 0.125 \mathrm{~W}$ | 75042 | CEATO-9760F |
| R61 | 315-0121-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP : 120 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB1215 |


| Ckt No. | Tektronix Part No. | Serial/Model No. Eff Dscont | Name \& Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R64 | 315-0121-00 |  | RES. , FXD, COMP: 120 OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1215 |
| R65 | 315-0472-00 |  | RES.,FXD,COMP:4.7K ОHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB4725 |
| R67 | 315-0912-00 |  | RES., FXD, COMP:9.1K OHM, 5\%,0.25W | 01121 | CB9 125 |
| R70 | 308-0548-00 |  | RES. , FXD, WW:0.1 ОHM, 3\%, 5.0W | 00213 | 1550S-R1000H |
| R75 | 315-0331-00 |  | RES., FXD, COMP: 330 OHM, $5 \%, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}$ | 01121 | CB3315 |
| S35 | 260-1208-00 |  | SWITCH, PUSH:DPDT | 71590 | 2KABO 10000-359 |
| S10 | 260-1310-01 |  | SWITCH, PUSH: | 71590 | 2KAAOO1000-437 |
| U35 | 156-0158-00 |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI: DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 18324 | S5558V |
| U65 | 156-0067-00 |  | MICROCIRCUIT,LI: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER | 07263 | UA741 |
| VR12 | 152-0280-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,6.2V,5\% | 04713 | 1N753A |
| VR20 | 152-0175-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,5.6V,5\% | 04713 | 1N752A |
| VR22 | 152-0306-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,9.1V,5\% | 81483 | 1N960B |
| VR25 | 152-0212-00 |  | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.5W,9V,5\% | 04713 | SZ50646 |

## SYMBOLS AND REFERENCE DESIGNATORS

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Capacitors }= & \text { Values one or greater are in picofarads }(\mathrm{pF}) . \\
& \text { Values less than one are in microfarads }(\mu \mathrm{F}) . \\
\text { Resistors }= & \text { Ohms }(\Omega)
\end{array}
$$

Symbols used on the diagrams are based on ANSI Y32.2-1970.
Logic symbology is based on MIL-STD-806B in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The following special symbols are used on the diagrams:


P/O circuit board

# INPUT-OUTPUT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PLUG-IN REAR INTERFACE CONNECTOR 



Assignments listed for pins 1A-13A and 18-13B are avaliable in all power modules; however, only those pins marked with an asterisk (") are used by the PS 505.
'Connect voltage between pins 26B( + ) and 23B( - ). Paraliel capacilors may be neoded to stop

## CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS



Adjustment is generally required after a repair has been made, or after long time intervals in which normal aging of components may affect instrument accuracy.

To ensure instrument accuracy, check the calibration every 2000 hours of operation, or every six months if used infrequently.

## NOTE <br> OVERHAUL SERVICES AVAILABLE

Tektronix, Inc. provides complete instrument repair and calibration at local Field Service Centers and at the Factory Service Center. Contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative for further information.

Before complete calibration, thoroughly clean and inspect this instrument as outlined in the Service section of the Power Module manual. The Power Module manual also contains information for general maintenance of this instrument, including preventive maintenance, component identification and replacement, etc.

## WARNING

Dangerous potentials exist at several points throughout this instrument. When the instrument is operated with the covers removed, do not touch exposed connections or components. Disconnect power before cleaning the instrument or replacing parts.

## Equipment Required

1. TM 500 Series Power Module having a high power compartment.
2. Variable autotransformer. Must be capable of supplying sufficient wattage (depends on what plug-in modules are installed) over a range of 90 to 132 Vac or 180 to 264 Vac. The autotransformer must also have an ac voltmeter to indicate output voltage.
3. A dc voltmeter having an accuracy within $\pm 0.1 \%$ and a measurement range of 6 volts. For example, a DM 501 Digital Multimeter (operates in a TM 500 Series Power Module), or a dc voltmeter may be used.
4. A dc ammeter having an accuracy within $3 \%$ and a measurement range of 5 amps . For example, a Triplett 630NA multimeter.
5. Test Oscilloscope. Must have a minimum bandpass of 500 Hz and a deflection factor of $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$ with a 1 X probe. For example, a $5103 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{D} 10$ Oscilloscope with 5B10N Time Base/Amplifier plug-in, a 5A18N Dual Trace Amplifier plug-in, and a P6028 Probe. Any oscilloscope 1X probe combination that will meet the listed requirements may be used.
6. Load resistor: 1 ohm, 20 watts, $\pm 5 \%$. To be obtained locally.
7. Load resistor: 3 ohm, 5 watts, $\pm 5 \%$. To be obtained locally.

## Preliminary Procedure

## NOTE

The performance of this instrument can be checked at any temperature within the $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range. Make any adjustment at a temperature of $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
a. Check that the correct nominal line selector block ( 110 Vac or 220 Vac ) has been installed on the TM 500 Series Power Module line selector pins and that the regulating range selected includes the input line voltage, see Installation section of Power Module manual..
b. Connect Power Module to the variable autotransformer and the autotransformer to the line voltage source.
c. Remove the PS 505 side covers and install the Power Supply into the far right (high power) compartment of the Power Module.
d. Set the autotransformer to the nominal line voltage that the Power Module line selector is set to and apply power to the PS 505 by pulling the Power Module Power switch out.

## ADJUSTMENTS

e. Set the following controls:

```
VOLTS
OUTPUT
CURRENT LIMIT
```

OUTPUT CURRENT LIMIT

Fully ccw
Off (out position)
Fully ccw

## 1. Adjust 5.5 Adj, R30

Connect the meter leads from the dc voltmeter to the PS 505 + and - binding posts at the monitor connection points (see drawing insert). Press in the PS 505 OUTPUT pushbutton.

Check for a dc voltmeter reading between 2.5 and 3.5 volts. Slowly turn the PS 505 VOLTS control cw and check for a steady increasing voltage that does not exceed 5.5 volts at the maximum cw position of the control.

If the check above is not met, adjust 5.5 Adj, R30 until the maximum voltage obtained at the maximum cw position of the VOLTS control is $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~V}$. Rotate the VOLTS control fully ccw and check for a voltmeter reading of $3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.15 \mathrm{~V}$.

## 2. Check Line Regulation

With the dc voltmeter still connected to the PS 505 and the VOLTS control set fully ccw, connect a 1 ohm, 20 watt load resistor in series with the dc ammeter, then connect the combination between the + and -binding posts load connection points (see drawing insert). Check that the CURRENT LIMIT indicator is lit. Rotate the CURRENT LIMIT control fully clockwise and check that the CURRENT LIMIT indicator is not lit.

Turn the PS 505 VOLTS control cw until the ammeter reads 4 A . Note the dc voltmeter reading. Raise the autotransformer voltage $10 \%$ and check that the dc voltmeter reading does not vary by more than $\pm 10 \mathrm{mV}$ from the noted dc voltmeter reading. Lower the autotransformer voltage $10 \%$ below the nominal line voltage and again check for a dc voltmeter reading within $\pm 10 \mathrm{mV}$ of the noted voltmeter reading.

Return the autotransformer voltage to the nominal line voltage and check for a dc voltmeter reading within $\pm 5 \mathrm{mV}$ of the noted dc voltmeter reading.


Again note the dc voltmeter reading, then disconnect the 1 ohm load resistor and the ammeter. Check for dc voltmeter reading change of less than $\pm 5 \mathrm{mV}$ from the second noted dc voltmeter reading. Raise the autotransformer voltage $10 \%$ above the nominal line voltage and check that the dc voltmeter reading remains within $\pm 10 \mathrm{mV}$ of the second noted voltmeter reading. Lower the autotransformer 10\% below the nominal line voltage and again check for a voltmeter reading within $\pm 10 \mathrm{mV}$ of the second noted voltmeter reading. Return the autotransformer voltage to the nominal line voltage.

## Disconnect the dc voltmeter.

## 3. Check Ripple

Connect a 1 ohm, 20 watt load resistor in series with the dc ammeter, then connect the combination between the + and - binding posts load connection points (see drawing insert).

Connect the 1 X probe from the oscilloscope vertical input connector to the + and - binding posts monitor connection points (see drawing insert). The probe ground clip is connected to the - binding post. Set the test oscilloscope controls for a vertical sensitivity of $5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div}$, ac vertical coupling, sweep rate of 5 ms with line triggering. Vary the autotransformer from nominal line voltage to $10 \%$ above nominal line voltage and then $10 \%$ below nominal line voltage and back to nominal line voltage. Check that the test oscilloscope displayed ripple amplitude does not exceed 3 mV peak-to-peak as the autotransformer is varied.

Disconnect the test oscilloscope.


## 4. Check Foldback

With the load resistor and ammeter connected as in step 3, slowly turn the PS 505 VOLTS control cw while
observing the ammeter reading. When the ammeter reads between 4.1A and 4.5A, the current should suddenly drop to an ammeter reading between 0.5A and 1.5A. The PS 505 is now in its foldback condition and will stay there until one condition of part $A$ and one condition of part $B$ below are satisfied.
A. 1. Lower the PS 505 output voltage.
2. Increase the load resistance.
B. 1. Push the PS 505 OUTPUT pushbutton to its off position then push it to its on position.
2. Turn the PS 505 CURRENT LIMIT control fully ccw then fully cw .

Disconnect the load resistor and ammeter. Press the PS 505 OUTPUT pushbutton to its off position.

## 5. Check Reduced Operation

Remove the PS 505 from the far right (high power) compartment of the Power Module and install it into one of the lower powered compartments.

Turn the PS 505 VOLTS control fully ccw and check that the NON FLOATING indicator lights, then connect a 3 ohm, 5 watt load resistor in series with the dc ammeter. Connect the load resistor-ammeter combination between the + and -binding posts load connection points (see drawing insert).

Slowly turn the PS 505 VOLTS control to its fully cw position while observing both the PS 505 CURRENT LIMIT indicator and the ammeter reading.

Check that the ammeter indicates increasing current to at least 1 A but not more than 1.5 A , at which time the PS 505 CURRENT LIMIT indicator lights. Note that any further increase in output voltage does not increase the output current beyond the point where current limiting becomes active.

Disconnect all test equipment.

## PARTS LOCATIO



## S LOCATION GRID



## THEORY OF OPERATION

## Reference Supply

The reference supply consists of constant current source Q25 and VR25, and current source Q45. The supply furnishes constant current for the current limiting circuitry, -5 volts for the operational amplifiers, and a stable reference voltage for the voltage error amplifier.

## Voltage Error Amplifier

Voltage error amplifier U35B drives the current amplifier which is composed of Q50, Q52 and a transistor that is located in the TM 500-Series Power Module. VOLTS control, R35 sets the stable reference voltage (variable from 3 to 5.5 volts) for U35B1. Internal adjustment (5.5 Adj) R30 sets the upper output voltage limit for R35 at 5.5 volts.

## Current Limit Monitor

Current limit monitor U35A compares the voltage across current sensing resistor, R70 with the reference voltage set by CURRENT LIMIT control R55. When the voltage across current sensing resistor R70 is larger than the reference voltage, the output of U35A goes negative. U35A output pulling negative turns on the CURRENT LIMIT light emitting diode (led) DS40, forward biases CR39 and reverse biases CR38, lowering the output voltage.

## Current Foldback Limit

Fixed current foldback limit U65 compares the voltage across current sensing resistor R70 with a fixed voltage set
by voltage divider R61-R60. When the voltage across R70 is greater than the fixed voltage of R61-R60, the output of U65 goes negative causing the voltage across CURRENT LIMIT control R55 to be reduced. The reduced voltage across R55 causes U35A to latch into its current limiting mode, which reduces the output current to a maximum of 1.5A. To reset U35A to normal operation turn TM 500 Series Power Module power off, then reduce the current load of the PS 505 to within acceptable limits (depends on TM 500 Series Power Module connection, see Operating Instructions) before turning TM 500 Series Power Module power on.

## Overvoltage Protection

When the voltage at the PS 505 front-panel + output terminal reaches about 7 volts overvoltage protection silicon controlled rectifier (scr) Q10 turns on. Q10 turning on shorts the +11.5 volt supply to the - output terminal causing the Fuse F10 to blow.

## Output Current Selection

If the PS 505 is operated in any compartment of a TM 500 Series Power Module except the high power compartment of the TM 504 and TM 506 Power Modules, S10 reduces the current limit to 1A, turns on NON FLOATING indicator led, and disables the foldback limit protection U65.



Power Supply (1) DEH

## MECHANICAL REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

## PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS
X000 Part first added at this serial number
00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS
Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

## INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

## 12345 <br> Name \& Description

Assembly and/or Component
Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component
... *...
Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part
-. - *-.
Parts of Detail Part
Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part
... *...

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol ... *... indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

ITEM NAME
In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

ABBREVIATIONS

| " | INCH | FLH | FLAT HEAD | PWR | POWER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | NUMBER SIZE | FLTR | FILTER | RCPT | RECEPTACLE |
| ACTR | ACTUATOR | FR | FRAME or FRONT | RES | RESISTOR |
| ADPTR | ADAPTER | FSTNR | FASTENER | RDG | RIGID |
| ALIGN | ALIGNMENT | FT | FOOT | RLF | RELIEF |
| AL | ALUMINUM | FXD | FIXED | RTNR | RETAINER |
| ASSEM | ASSEMBLED | GSKT | GASKET | SCH | SOCKET HEAD |
| ASSY | ASSEMBLY | HDL | HANDLE | SCOPE | OSCILLOSCOPE |
| ATTEN | ATTENUATOR | HEX | HEXAGON | SCR | SCREW |
| AWG | AMERICAN WIRE GAGE | HEX HD | HEXAGONAL HEAD | SE | SINGLE END |
| BD | BOARD | HEX SOC | HEXAGONAL SOCKET | SECT | SECTION |
| BRKT | BRACKET | HLCPS | HELICAL COMPRESSION | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR |
| BRS | BRASS | HLEXT | HELICAL EXTENSION | SHLD | SHIELD |
| BRZ | BRON2E | HV | HIGH VOLtage | SHLDR | SHOULDERED |
| BSHG | BUSHING | IC | INTEGRATED CIRCUIT | SKT | SOCKET |
| CAB | CABINET | ID | INSIDE DIAMETER | SL | SLIDE |
| CAP | CAPACITOR | IDENT | IDENTIFICATION | SLFLKG | SELF-LOCKING |
| CER | CERAMIC | IMPLR | IMPELLER | SLVG | SLEEVING |
| CHAS | CHASSIS | IN | INCH | SPR | SPRING |
| CXT | CIRCUIT | INCAND | INCANDESCENT | SQ | SQUARE |
| COMP | COMPOSITTION | INSUL | INSULATOR | SST | STAINLESS STEEL |
| CONN | CONNECTOR | INTL | INTERNAL | STL | STEEL |
| cov | COVER | LPHLDR | LAMPHOLDER | SW | SWITCH |
| CPLG | COUPLING | MACH | MACHINE | T | TUBE |
| CRT | CAThode ray tube | MECH | MECHANICAL | TERM | TERMINAL |
| DEG | DEGREE | MTG | MOUNTING | THD | THREAD |
| DWR | DRAWER | NIP | NIPPLE | THK | THICK |
| ELCTRN | ELECTRON | NON WIRE | NOT WIRE WOUND | TNSN | TENSION |
| ELEC | ELECTRICAL | OBD | ORDER BY DESCRIPTION | TPG | TAPPING |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC | OD | OUTSIDE DIAMETER | TRH | TRUSS HEAD |
| ELEM | ELEMENT | OVH | OVAL HEAD | V | VOLTAGE |
| EPL | ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST | PH BRZ | PHOSPHOR BRON2E | VAR | VARIABLE |
| EQPT | EQUIPMENT | PL | PLAIN Or PLATE | W/ | WITH |
| EXT | EXTERNAL | PLSTC | PLASTIC | WSHR | WASHER |
| FIL | FILLISTER HEAD | PN | PART NUMBER | XFMR | TRANSFORMER |
| FLEX | FLEXIBLE | PNH | PAN HEAD | XSTR | TRANSISTOR |

## CROSS INDEX MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

MFR.CODE MANUFACTURER
ADDRESS
CITY,STATE,ZIP

| 01295 | Texas Instruments, Inc., Components Group | P. O. Box 5012 | Dallas, TX 75222 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08261 | Spectra-Strip Corp. | 7100 Lampson Ave. | Garden Grove, CA 92642 |
| 45722 | USM Corp., Parker-Kalon Fastener Div. | 1 PeeRay Drive | Clifton, NJ 07014 |
| 58474 | Superior Electric Co., The | 383 Middle St. | Bristol, CT 06010 |
| 73743 | Fischer Special Mfg. Co. | 446 Morgan St. | Cincinnati, OH 45206 |
| 74445 | Holo-Krome Co. | 31 Brook St. West | Hartford, CT 06110 |
| 78189 | Illinois Tool Works, Inc. Shakeproof Division | St. Charles Road | Elgin, IL 60126 |
| 79807 | Wrought Washer Mfg. Co. | 2100 S. O Bay St. | Milwaukee, WI 53207 |
| 80009 | Tektronix, Inc. | P. 0. Box 500 | Beaverton, OR 97005 |
| 83385 | Central Screw Co. | 2530 Crescent Dr. | Broadview, IL 60153 |

Fig. \&


## ACCESSORIES

1 MANUAL, TECH : INSTRUCTION (NOT SHOWN) $\quad 80009 \quad 070-1784-00$

## REPACKAGING

065-0151-00
1 CARTON ASSEMBLY: (NOT SHOWN)
80009 065-0151-00



PS 505

## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.
A single change may affect several sections. Sections of the manual are often printed at different times, so some of the information on the change pages may already be in your manual. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until ALL changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear in this section, your manual is correct as printed.

ELECTRTCAL PARTS LIST AND SCHEMATIC CHANGE
Change to:
R45 321-0252-00 RES.,FXD,FILM:4.12K OHM (nominal value) se1.

ADJUSTMENTS Step 4. Check Foldback
CHANGE TO READ:
With the load resistor and ammeter connected as in step 3, slowly turn the PS 505 VOLTS control cw while observing the ammeter reading. When the ammeter reads between 4.1 A and 4.5 A , the current should suddenly drop to an ammeter reading between 0.5 A and 1.5 A . If this change does not occur, select a new value for R45 (4.02K, 4.12K, 4.22 K or 4.32 K ). The PS 505 is now in its foldback condition and will stay there until one condition of part $A$ and one condition of part B below are satisfied.

