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## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

Product identifier used on the label Gagekote 8

Other means of identification

Chemical Name Mixture
CAS No. Mixture
EINECS No. Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions

on use

Recommended use PC14 Metal surface treatment products, including galvanic and electroplating

products

Restrictions on use Anything other than the above.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.

Address of Supplier Post Office Box 27777
Raleigh, NC 27611

USA

 Telephone
 +1 919-365-3800

 Fax
 +1 919-365-3945

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.us@vishaypg.com

Emergency telephone number 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (24 hours)

## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200

Physical hazards
Flammable Liquid, Category 2
Health hazards
Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

Eye Irritation, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2

Not classified

Hazard Symbol

Environmental hazards







Signal Word(s) DANGER

Hazard Statement(s) Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statement(s) Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

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sources. No smoking.

Do not breathe vapour.

Keep container tightly closed.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Other hazards None known.

Percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:

0%

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substances Not applicable

Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification
Toluene	45-55	108-88-3	203-625-9	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure
Methyl ethyl ketone	10-20	78-93-3	201-159-0	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Eye Irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**



## Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eye Contact

Ingestion

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid all contact. Avoid exposure during pregnancy.

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develops, get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs turn patient on side. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Rinse mouth with water but do not swallow. Never give anything by

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to a physician:

mouth to an unconscious person.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. - Inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Central nervous system - Inhalation.

Treat symptomatically.

IF SWALLOWED: Consider use of charcoal as a slurry (240mL water/30 g charcoal). Usual dose: 25 to 100 g in adults. If determined necessary (and under qualified medical supervision), the stomach should be emptied by gastric lavage with the airway protected by endotracheal intubation.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Unsuitable extinguishing Media

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As appropriate for surrounding fire. Extinguish preferably with foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon and Nitrogen oxides. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Large spillages:

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

Large spillages:

Avoid all contact. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapour. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Remove clothing and wash thoroughly before use. Isolate the area and allow vapours to disperse. In confined spaces, sewers, etc., the vapours may collect to form explosive mixtures with air.

Evacuate the area and keep personnel upwind.

Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste

Evacuate the area and keep personnel upwind. Notify police and fire brigade as soon as possible.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling

Storage temperature Incompatible materials Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not use sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Ambient. 5 - 25°C

Stable under normal conditions.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Toluene	108-88-3	100	375	150*	560*	NIOSH
		200	-	300	-	OSHA
		20	-	-	-	ACGIH, A4
Ethyl methyl ketone	78-93-3	200	590	300*	885*	NIOSH
		200	590	-	-	OSHA
		200	-	300	-	ACGIH

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1, Z-2 / NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen: Agents which cause concern that they could be carcinogenic for humans but which cannot be assessed conclusively because of the lack of data. In vitro or animal studies do not provide indications of carcinogenicity which are sufficient to classify the agent into one of the other categories.

### **Biological Exposure Indices**

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	Determinant	Biological Exposure Indices	Sampling Time	Note
Toluene	108-88-3	Toluene in blood Toluene in urine o-Cresol in urine with hydrolosis	0.02 mg/l 0.03 mg/l 0.3 mg/g creatinine	Prior to last shift of workweek End of shift End of shift	- - B
Ethyl methyl ketone	78-93-3	Ethyl methyl ketone in urine	2 mg/L	End of shift	Ns

Source: 2015 ACGIH Biological Exposure Indicies (BEIs)

B - Background Ns - Nonspecific

### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. or Use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment, and intrinsically safe electrical systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.

Eye/face protection



Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection.

Skin protection



### Hand protection:

Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Suitable materials:

Nitrile rubber (Minimum thickness: 0.45 mm) Butyl rubber (Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm)

#### **Body protection:**

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<sup>\* 15</sup> minutes average value

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Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

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Respiratory protection



In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s): Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid with perceptible odour.

Aromatic. Odor Odor Threshold Not available. Not established. pН Melting Point/Freezing Point Not established.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 82.2°C

Flash Point -1°C [Closed cup] Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1) 3.62 (BuAC = 1)Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable - Liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1.6 (Air)

Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 11.2 (Air)

45.4 mmHg Vapour pressure Vapour density 4 (Air = 1)

 $0.88 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ (H2O} = 1)$ Relative density

Water: 0.1% Solubility(ies) Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Not available. **Decomposition Temperature** Not available. Viscosity

Other information Volatile Organic Compound Content: 592 g/l

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel

considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Do not use sparking

tools.

Incompatible materials Keep away from: Aerosol, Flammable liquid, Oxidizing agents, Corrosive

Substances, Acids and Alkalis.

May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Hazardous decomposition product(s)

Combustion products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide and Nitrogen oxides.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Information on toxicological effects (Substances in preparations / mixtures)

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acute toxicity - Ingestion

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/dav.

**Acute toxicity - Inhalation** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

> Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >20.0 mg/l. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

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bw/day.

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

oluene: Irritating to skin. (EU Method B.4)

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

Irritating to eyes. (OECD 405)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity, Category 2: Suspected of damaging the unborn child. -

Inhalation.

Toluene: Toxicity for reproduction: Positive 2000 ppm (Ono A, et al, 1996)

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC 500 ppm (OECD 414)

STOT - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3: May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Toluene: NOAEC of 50 ppm (188mg/m3) can be determined for acute neurobehavioural

effects. (Muttray A, et al, 2005)

STOT - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2: May cause

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Central nervous

system. - Inhalation.

Toluene: LOAEC 600 ppm (OECD 453)

Methyl ethyl ketone: No data. Harmonised Classification

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Toluene: Kinematic Viscosity; 0.55 cST

Information on likely routes of exposure

 Inhalation
 Possible – accidental exposure

 Ingestion
 Unlikely – accidental exposure

 Skin Contact
 Possible – accidental exposure

 Eye Contact
 Unlikely – accidental exposure

Early onset symptoms related to exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes

serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Delayed health effects from exposure**Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure. (Affected organs: Central nervous system).

Other information

NTP Report on Carcinogens Not Listed

IARC Monographs Toluene – Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

OSHA Designated Carcinogen Not Listed

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability

Part of the components are poorly biodegradable.

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have low mobility in soil. (The product is essentially

insoluble in water.)

Other adverse effects None known.

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

Waste treatment methods Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous wasteSend after pre-

treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste incinerator facility according to

egislation.

Additional Information Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

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### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ADR/RID **IMDG** IATA **UN** number 1263 1263 1263 **UN proper shipping name PAINT PAINT PAINT** Transport hazard class(es) 33 Packing group Ш Ш Ш

**Environmental hazards** Not classified Not classified as a Not classified

Marine Pollutant.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

See Section: 2

Not Listed

Not Listed

Not Listed

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **US Federal Regulations** 

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Toluene: Subject to 25,000 lb reporting threshold

Ethyl methyl ketone: Subject to 25,000 lb reporting threshold

EPCRA/SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Not Listed

Substances

EPCRA Section 313 Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

Program

NIOSH Occupational Carcinogen List OSHA List of highly hazardous chemicals, toxics and

NTP Report on Carcinogens (RoC) List

Poison Prevention Packaging Act

Toluene: Substance requiring special packaging - Solvents for paint or other

similar surface-coating material

Toluene: De Minimis limit: 1%

**US State Regulations** 

Toluene: Safe harbor level - MADL: 7000 ug/day California State, Proposition 65 List Toluene: Initial Candidate Chemicals List California State, Safer Consumer Products Regulations Ethyl methyl ketone: Candidate Chemicals List

Maine State, Toxic Chemicals in Children's Products Act

Toluene: COC list, CHC list Toluene: RTKHSL, SHHSL New Jersey State Worker and Community RTK Act Ethyl methyl ketone: RTKHSL. SHHSL

Toluene: Hazardous Substance List. Environmental Hazard List Pennsylvania State, Worker and Community RTK Act

Ethyl methyl ketone: Hazardous Substance List. Environmental Hazard List

Rhode Island State, Hazardous Substances RTK Act Toluene: Hazardous Substance List

Ethyl methyl ketone: Hazardous Substance List

Non-Regional

IARC Monographs, List of Classifications Toluene: Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: New SDS Regulation compliant with HazCom 2012 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care.

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### References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

EU Data: Existing ECHA registration(s) for and Harmonised Classification(s) for Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3) and Ethyl methyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3).

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure
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Flammable Liquid, Category 2	Flash Point [Closed cup] Test Result/ Boiling Point (°C)
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	Expert judgement
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Eye Irritation, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3	Threshold Calculation
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2	Threshold Calculation

#### **LEGEND**

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEI: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH)

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Irr: Irritation

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PEL: Permissible exposure limit

REL: Recommended exposure limit SCL: Specific Concentration Limit

Skin": Risk of overexposure via dermal contact

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit value

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act TWA: Time Weighted Average

URT: Upper respiratory tract

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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