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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name M-Coat C
Chemical Name Mixture
CAS No. Mixture
EINECS No. Mixture
REACH Registration No. None assigned.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

and uses advised against

Identified Use(s)

Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers.

Uses Advised Against None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.

Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

USA

 Telephone
 +44 (0) 1256 462131

 Fax
 +44 (0) 1256 471441

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.uk@vishaypg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 GHS Classification Flam. Liq. 3; H226

Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373

2.2 Label elements GHS Classification

Product Name M-Coat C

Hazard Pictogram(s)







Signal Word(s) Dange

Contains: Xylene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. and Trimethoxy(methyl)silane

Hazard Statement(s) H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statement(s) P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P260: Do not breathe vapour.

 ${\tt P305+P351+P338: IF\ IN\ EYES: Rinse\ cautiously\ with\ water\ for\ several\ minutes.}$

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

OSHA Defined Hazards/ Additional Information None.

2.3 Other hazards Contact with water or humid air will form methanol.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures GHS Classification

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification
Dimethyl Siloxane, Hydroxy- Terminated	< 65	70131-67-8	-	Not classified
Xylene	25	1330-20-7	215-535-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373
Trimethylated Silica	< 25	68909-20-6	272-697-1	Not classified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	10	64742-89-8	265-192-2	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 *
Trimethoxy(methyl)silane	5 - 10	1185-55-3	214-685-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Skin Sens. 1; H317

For full text of H/P Statements see section 16.

*Contains: < 0.1% Benzene

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



4.1 Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eye Contact

Ingestion

Do not breathe vapour. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if exposure to high levels of material are likely. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is laboured, oxygen should be administered by qualified

personnel. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing immediately and drench affected skin with plenty of water, then wash with soap and water. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a POISON

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause

an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Product generates methyl alcohol which may cause blindness and damage to nervous system.

Treat symptomatically.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

5.2

5.3

Suitable Extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As appropriate for surrounding fire. Extinguishing media: Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Flammable liquid and vapour. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Silicon Dioxide, Silicon Oxide, Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Product may emit formaldehyde vapour at temperatures above 180°C in the presence of air. Formaldehyde vapour is a suspected carcinogen, toxic by inhalation and irritating to eyes and the respiratory system. Exposure limits should be strictly respected. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.

Containers may explode when involved in a fire.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Advice for fire-fighters

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ensure full personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal of spillages. Stop leak if safe to do so. Keep upwind. Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste.

See Section: 8, 13

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid contact with moisture.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Storage temperature

Storage life

Incompatible materials

Ambient. Keep at temperature not exceeding (°C): 27

Stable under normal conditions.

Keep away from: Oxidizing agents. Contact with water or humid air will form methanol.

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7.3 Specific end use(s)

Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 **Control parameters**

8.1.1 **Occupational Exposure Limits**

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	1330-20-7	100	435	150*	655*	NIOSH
		100	435	-	-	OSHA
		100	-	150	-	ACGIH

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 / *NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

The other components listed in Section 3 do not have occupational exposure limits.

8.1.2 Biological limit value

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	Determinant	Biological Exposure Indices	Sampling Time	Note
Xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acids in urine.	15 g/g Creatinine	End of shift	-

Source: BEI: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH).

The other components listed in Section 3 do not have biological exposure indicies.

8.2 **Exposure controls**

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation or use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Keep good industrial hygiene. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.

Eye/ face protection

Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection.





Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Recommended: Neoprene.

Body protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Recommended: Neoprene.

protection. A self contained breathing apparatus may be appropriate.

Respiratory protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if exposure to levels above the occupational exposure limit is likely. Open system(s): Use NIOSH approved respiratory

Not applicable. Thermal hazards

8.2.3 **Environmental Exposure Controls** Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Milky white / Transparent Liquid.

Odour
Odour threshold
Not available.

pH
Not established.

Melting point/freezing point
Initial boiling point and boiling range
Flash point
Evaporation rate
Naphthalene odor.

Not available.

Not available.

107°C

>23°C

Evaporation rate
0.6 (BuAc = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable - Liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 0.9 Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 6.0

Vapour pressure 25 (mmHg @ 20° C) Vapour density 3.7 (Air = 1) Relative density 0.85 (H₂O = 1)

Solubility(ies) The substance is essentially insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
Explosive properties
Not explosive.
Oxidising properties
Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information Volatile Organic Compound Content: 300 g/L

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Stability and reactivity
 10.2 Chemical stability
 Stable under normal conditions.
 Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Flammable liquid and vapour. Contact with water or humid air will form

methanol.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Avoid contact with moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from: Oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s) May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Silicon Dioxide, Silicon Oxide,

Formaldehyde, Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon

compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects (Substances in preparations / mixtures)

Acute toxicity

Ingestion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 20.0 mg/l.

Skin Contact Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Skin corrosion/irritationSkin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.Serious eye damage/irritationEye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.Respiratory or skin sensitizationSkin Sens. 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.CarcinogenicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Reproductive toxicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3: May cause respiratory irritation.

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STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 2: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Aspiration hazard Asp. Tox. 1; May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Other information

Likely routes of exposure

InhalationYesIngestionAccidentalSkin ContactYes

NTP Report on Carcinogens No components listed.

IARC Monographs No components listed as Groups 1 or 2.

Carcinogenic according to OSHA No components listed.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Estimated Mixture LC50 >100 mg/l (Fish)

12.2 Persistence and degradability
 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
 Part of the components are biodegradable.
 The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have low mobility in soil (Insoluble in water).

12.5 Other adverse effects Not classified as PBT or vPvB. None of the substances in this product fulfil the

criteria for being regarded as a PBT or vPvB substance.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. Dispose of contents in

accordance with local, state or national legislation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID / IMDG / IATA

14.1 UN number UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S (Xylene)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4 Packing group III

14.5 Environmental hazards Not classified as a Marine Pollutant./Environmentally hazardous substance.

14.6 Special precautions for user See Section: 2
 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Not applicable.

72/70 and the IDC Code

73/78 and the IBC Code

14.8 Additional Information None.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental

regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

15.1.1 U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory status

All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act

Chamical Substance Inventory (TSCA)

None known.

Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA).

15.1.2 US State Regulations

15.1.3 European regulations

Substance(s) of Very High Concern (SVHCs)

Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use

None.

Wassergefährdungsklasse (Germany) Water hazard class: 2

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment Not available.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16.

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References: Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Harmonised Classification(s) for Xylene (CAS# 1330-20-7) and Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (CAS# 64742-89-8). Existing ECHA registration(s) for Xylene (CAS# 1330-20-7), and the Classification and Labelling Inventory for Trimethylated Silica (CAS# 68909-20-6), Trimethoxy(methyl)silane (CAS# 1185-55-3) and Dimethyl Siloxane, Hydroxy-Terminated (CAS# 70131-67-8).

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	Boiling Point (°C)/ Estimated Flash Point [Closed cup]
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Threshold Calculation
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Threshold Calculation
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Threshold Calculation
STOT SE 3; H335	Threshold Calculation
STOT RE 2; H373	Threshold Calculation

LEGEND

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEIs: Biological Exposure Indicies

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PELs: Permissible Exposure Limits RELs: Recommended Exposure limits STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TLVs: Threshold limit values

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Hazard Statement(s)

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H325: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

No information available.