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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name SR-4 Cement
Chemical Name Mixture
CAS No. Mixture
EINECS No. Mixture

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

and uses advised against

Identified Use(s) Adhesives.

Uses Advised Against For professional users only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.

Post Office Box 27777 Raleigh, NC 27611

USA

 Telephone
 919-365-3800

 Fax
 919-365-3945

E-Mail (competent person) mm.us@vishaypg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 GHS Classification Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336

2.2 Label elements

Product Name SR-4 Cement

Hazard Pictogram(s)





Signal Word(s) Danger

Contains: Methyl ethyl ketone

Hazard Statement(s) H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statement(s) P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. P261: Avoid breathing vapours.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

OSHA Defined Hazards None.

2.3 Other hazards Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures

GHS Classification

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	63.4	78-93-3	201-159-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066
Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, copolymer with chloroethene	6.1 – 10.2	9003-22-9	-	Not classified
Polyurethane Polymer (Hexanedioic acid, polymer with 1,4-butanediol, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol and 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene])	6.1 – 10.2	56815-45-3	-	Not classified
4-Methylpentan-2-one	10.1	108-10-1	203-550-1	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 STOT SE 3; H335
Methanol	2	67-56-1	200-659-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Acute Tox. 3; H331 STOT SE 1; H370 (SCL: C ≥ 10%) STOT SE 2; H371 (SCL: 3% ≤ C < 10%)
Lactol spirits (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.)	1.9	64742-89-8	265-192-2	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 *
Toluene	1.8	108-88-3	203-625-9	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373
Isobutyl isobutyrate	0.5	97-85-8	202-612-5	Flam. Liq. 3; H226

^{*}Contains: < 0.1 %W/W benzene

For full text of H/P Statements see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



4.1 Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Inhalation

Skin Contact

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the responder should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear suitable protective clothing.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is laboured, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with plenty of water. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not give anything by mouth to an

> unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into the lungs. If aspiration is

suspected obtain immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May be harmful if swallowed and

enters airways.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and 4.3

special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

5.2

5.3

Suitable Extinguishing media

Advice for fire-fighters

As appropriate for surrounding fire. Extinguish preferably with foam, carbon

dioxide or dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel

considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. May polymerise on

prolonged heating. Containers may explode when involved in a fire.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying

with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapours. Wear respiratory protection. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces.

6.2 **Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning Ensure suitable personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal of spillages. Stop leak if safe to do so. Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Do not absorb spillage in sawdust or other combustible material. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste.

See Section: 8, 13

6.4 Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ambient

Storage temperature

Storage life

Incompatible materials

Stable under normal conditions. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Strong Acids (Nitric acid),

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Amines, Ammonia, strong bases and Alkalis.

7.3 Specific end use(s) See Section: 1.2

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	200	590	300*	885*	NIOSH
		200	590	-	-	OSHA
		200	-	300	-	ACGIH
4-Methyl-pentan-2-one	108-10-1	50	205	75*	300*	NIOSH
		100	410	-	-	OSHA
		20	-	75	-	ACGIH, A3
Methanol	67-56-1	200	260	250*	325*	NIOSH
		200	260	-	-	OSHA
		200	-	250	-	ACGIH, Skin
Toluene	108-88-3	100	375	150*	560*	NIOSH
		200	-	300	-	OSHA
		20	-	-	-	ACGIH

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 and Z-2 / NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

Occupational exposure limits have not been established for the other components listed in Section 3.

8.1.2 Biological limit value

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	Determinant	Biological Exposure Indices	Sampling Time	Note
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone in urine	2 mg/l	End of Shift	Ns
4-Methyl-pentan-2-one	108-10-1	4-Methyl-pentan-2-one in urine	1 mg/l	End of Shift	=
Methanol	67-56-1	Methanol in urine	15 mg/l	End of Shift	B, Ns
		Toluene in blood	0.02 mg/l	Prior to last shift of workweek	-
Toluene 108	108-88-3	Toluene in urine	0.03 mg/l	End of Shift	ı
	100-00-3	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis)	0.03 mg/g Creatinine	End of Shift	В

Source: 2015 ACGIH Biological Exposure Indicies (BEIs)

 ${\bf Biological\ Exposure\ Indicies\ have\ not\ been\ established\ for\ the\ other\ components\ listed\ in\ Section\ 3.}$

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation or use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment, and intrinsically safe electrical systems. Local exhaust recommended.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.

Eye/ face protection

Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection. Have available eyewash bottle with clean water.

^{*15} minutes average value

A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Skin: Potential significant exposure by the cutaneous route.

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Skin protection



Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Recommended: Neoprene.

Body protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat,

apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s):

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Use NIOSH approved respiratory

protection.

Long Term Exposure: A full facepiece respirator with organic vapor cartridge

may be worn.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties The following information is based on a consideration of the properties of the

main components of this mixture. (Methyl ethyl ketone CAS# 78-93-3)
Appearance Colourless liquid

Odour Aromatic odor
Odour threshold Not available.
pH Not established.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 80°C (176°F) (CAS# 78-93-3)

Flash point -9°C (16°F) [Closed cup] (CAS# 78-93-3)

Evaporation rate >1 (BuAC = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable - Liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1.8 (CAS# 78-93-3)

Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 6.9 (CAS# 78-93-3)

Vapour pressure 78 mm Hg (CAS# 78-93-3)

Vapour density >1 (Air = 1)

Relative density Approximately 0.81 (Water = 1)
Solubility(ies) Slightly soluble in: Water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
Explosive properties
Not explosive.
Oxidising properties
Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information Volatile Organic Compound Content (%): 60 - 70

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Stability and reactivity
 10.2 Chemical stability
 Stable under normal conditions.
 Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Highly flammable liquid and vapour. The vapour may be invisible, heavier than

air and spread along ground. May polymerise on prolonged heating.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Strong Acids (Nitric acid),

Amines, Ammonia, strong bases and Alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s) May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects (Substances in preparations / mixtures)

Acute toxicity

Ingestion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 20.0 mg/l.

Skin Contact Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Skin corrosion/irritation Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposureAspiration hazard
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Other information

Likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation Yes
Ingestion Accidental
Skin Contact Yes

NTP Report on Carcinogens

None of the components are listed.

IARC Monographs

4-Methyl-pentan-2-one (CAS# 108-10-1): Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to

humans.

Regulated as a Carcinogen by OSHA None of the components are listed.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity Not harmful to aquatic organisms. Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met.

Estimated Mixture LC50 >100 mg/l (Fish)

12.2 Persistence and degradability
 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
 Part of the components are poorly biodegradable.
 The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have moderate mobility in soil (Slightly soluble in:

Water).

12.5 Other adverse effects Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residue. Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Recycle only completely emptied packaging.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID / IMDG / IATA

14.1 **UN number** UN 1993

14.2 **UN Proper Shipping Name** FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone and 4-Methyl-pentan-2-one)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4 Packing group Ш

14.5 **Environmental hazards** Not classified as a Marine Pollutant./ Environmentally hazardous substance

14.6 Special precautions for user See Section: 2 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Not applicable.

14.8 **Additional Information** None.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental

73/78 and the IBC Code

regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

15.1.1 **U.S. Federal Regulations**

> All of the components are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical TSCA Inventory Status

Substance Inventory (TSCA).

15.1.2 US State Regulations

Methanol: Maximum Allowable Dose Level: 47000 µg/day (inhalation), 23000 California State Proposition 65 List

µg/day (oral).

Toluene: Maximum Allowable Dose Level: 7000 µg/day.

European regulations 15.1.2

Substance(s) of Very High Concern (SVHCs)

For professional users only.

REACH: ANNEX XVII restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use

and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles.

Toluene: Entry number: 48. Restricted as a substance or in mixtures > 0.1% w/w

used in adhesives or spray paints for the general public.

Wassergefährdungsklasse (Germany) Water hazard class: 1

15.2 Not available. **Chemical Safety Assessment**

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16.

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References: Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Harmonised Classification(s) for Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS# 78-93-3), 4-Methylpentan-2-one (CAS# 108-10-1), Methanol (CAS# 67-56-1), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (Lactol spirits) (CAS# 64742-89-8) and Toluene (CAS# 108-88-3). Existing ECHA registration(s) for Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS# 78-93-3), 4-Methylpentan-2-one (CAS# 108-10-1), Methanol (CAS# 67-56-1), Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. (Lactol spirits) (CAS# 64742-89-8) and Toluene (CAS# 108-88-3), and the Classification and Labelling Inventory for Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, copolymer with chloroethene ((CAS# 9003-22-9) and Isobutyl isobutyrate (CAS# 97-85-8).

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	Estimated Flash Point / Estimated Boiling Point (°C)
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Threshold Calculation
STOT SE 3; H336	Threshold Calculation

LEGEND

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEIs: Biological Exposure Indicies

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PELs: Permissible Exposure Limits RELs: Recommended Exposure limits STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TLVs: Threshold limit values

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

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OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration

Notes

B: Background – The determinant may be present in biological specimens collected from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration which could affect interpretation of the result. Such background concentrations are incorporated in the BEI value.

Ns: Nonspecific – The determinant is nonspecific, since it is also observed after exposure to other chemicals.

Hazard Statement(s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
H336: May cause respiratory irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H301: Toxic if swallowed.
H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H370: Causes damage to organs.

H371: Toxic in contact with skin.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation. EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H331: Toxic if inhaled. SCL: Specific Concentration Limit

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

No information available.