Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label Tetra Etch Compound TEC-1

Other means of identification

Chemical Name Mixture
CAS No. Mixture
EINECS No. Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions

on use

Recommended use Etchant and acids

Restrictions on use For professional users only.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.

Address of Supplier Post Office Box 27777

Raleigh, NC 27611

USA

 Telephone
 +1 919-365-3800

 Fax
 +1 919-365-3945

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.us@vishaypg.com

Emergency telephone number 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200

Physical hazards Flammable Liquid, Category 2

Water-reactive, Category 3

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1

Acute toxicity, Category 4 (Inhalation)

Carcinogen, Category 2

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute, Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 1

Hazard Symbol











Signal Word(s) DANGER

Hazard Statement(s) Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

In contact with water releases flammable gases. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled.

Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation).

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child (embryotoxicity, damage

of testes).

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statement(s)

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14084 Page: 1 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Do not allow contact with water.

Do not breathe vapour.

Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Store locked up.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Other hazards None.

Percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:

0%

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Not applicable

Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification
Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether	70 - 80	110-71-4	203-794-9	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Acute toxicity, Category 4 (Inhalation) Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Carcinogen, Category 2 Reproductive toxicity, Category 1
Naphthalene	25	91-20-3	202-049-5	Acute toxicity, Category 4 (Oral) Carcinogen, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 1
Sodium	< 5	7440-23-5	231-132-9	Water-reactive, Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Keep away sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid all contact.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Inhalation

Apply artificial respiration if necessary (do not employ mouth-to-mouth method). Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with

Skin Contact

14084 Page: 2 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eve Contact

Ingestion

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to a physician:

plenty of water. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Treatment by an ophthalmologist due to possible caustic burn of the eyes may be required. Continue irrigation until medical attention can be obtained.

IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Make victim drink plenty of water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Can be absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Inhalation of solvent vapours may give rise to nausea, headaches and dizziness.

Treat symptomatically. Due to possible delayed effect of poisoning and for safety reasons, they should be kept under medical observation for at least 48 hours.

IF IN EYES: Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. IF INHALED: Initiate inhalative cortisone therapy (e.g. Auxiloson, Thomae).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing Media

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Dry powder (Nitrogen propellant)

Do not use water. In contact with water releases flammable gases.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon, Acrid smoke, Naphthalene, Vinyl methyl ether, Methanol, Sodium methoxide, Hydrogen and polycyclic compounds. May form explosive peroxides. Containers may explode when involved in a fire.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid all contact. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Avoid breathing vapours.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Do not use water. Transfer to a container for disposal. Suitable containers: Polyethylene or Steel (drums), with a polyethylene liner. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Handle and open container with care. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not use sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe

14084 Page: 3 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014

Storage temperature

Incompatible materials



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

vapour. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and

after work. Protect from moisture.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated (dry) place away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed. Handle and open container with care. Store

contents under: Nitrogen.

Keep at temperature not exceeding (°C): 0.

Strong oxidising agents and Acids. Keep from any possible contact with water.

Keep away from moisture.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
		10	50	15*	75*	NIOSH
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10	50	-	-	OSHA
		10	-	15	-	ACGIH, Sk A3

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 / NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

A3: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans: The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histological type(s), or by mechanism(s) that may not be relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiological studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence does not suggest that the agent is likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure.

The other components listed in Section 3 do not have occupational exposure limits.

Biological Exposure Indices

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	Determinant	Biological Exposure Indices	Sampling Time	Note
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1-Naphthol* + 2-Naphthol*	-	End of shift	Nq, Ns

Source: 2015 ACGIH Biological Exposure Indicies (BEIs)

Nq – Nonquantitative (Biological monitoring should be considered for this substance, however, a specific BEI could not be determined due to insufficient data)

Ns - Nonspecific

14084

Eye/face protection

The other components listed in Section 3 do not have biological exposure indicies.

Appropriate engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation or use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels	
	should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Local	
	exhaust recommended. Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety	
	showers are located close to the working place.	

Page: 4 of 8

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.

Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection.

^{* 15} minute average value

Sk - Can be absorbed through skin.

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



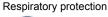
Skin protection



Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Recommended: Butyl rubber.

Body protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s): Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. Recommended: Full-face mask.





SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor

Odor Threshold

pН

Melting Point/Freezing Point Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash Point

Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapour pressure Vapour density

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Green - Black Coloured liquid.

Naphthalene Odour

< 1 ppm

> 12.5 (aqueous)

Not known. 85 °C

0.5 °C [Closed cup]

5 (BuAc = 1) (Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether)

Not applicable - Liquid.

Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 1.8 (Air). Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 10.4 (Air)

48 mm Hg (Mixture)

3.11 (Air = 1) (Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether)

Not available.

Partially soluble (Water)

Not available. 192 °C Not available.

Not available.

Other information Volatile Organic Compound Content: 73%

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Chemical stability

Conditions to avoid

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Stable under normal conditions.

Stable under normal conditions.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. May react violently

with water. In contact with water releases flammable gases.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents and Acids. Keep from any possible contact with water.

Keep away from moisture.

Hazardous decomposition product(s)

May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Oxides of carbon, Acrid smoke,

Naphthalene, Vinyl methyl ether, Methanol, Sodium methoxide, Hydrogen and

polycyclic compounds.

Reacts with - Water. Forms sodium hydroxide, naphthalene, polycyclic

compounds and hydrogen.

14084 Page: 5 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014

www.vishavpg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects (Substances in preparations / mixtures)

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/dav.

LD50 533 mg/kg body weight Naphthalene

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Acute toxicity, Category 4 (Inhalation): Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 14.7 mg/l.

Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether Converted acute toxicity point estimate: 11

Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/day.

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1: Causes serious eye damage. Serious eye damage/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1: Causes severe skin burns. Respiratory or skin sensitization Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity

Carcinogen, Category 2: Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation).

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn

child (embryotoxicity, damage of testes).

STOT - single exposure Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT - repeated exposure Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Aspiration hazard**

Information on likely routes of exposure

Reproductive toxicity

Inhalation Unlikely - accidental exposure Ingestion Unlikely - accidental exposure Skin Contact Possible - accidental exposure Unlikely - accidental exposure Eye Contact

Early onset symptoms related to exposure Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Due to irritant properties,

swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower

gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture.

Delayed health effects from exposure Can be absorbed through skin. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage

> fertility. May damage the unborn child. May affect embryotoxicity and damage testes. Inhalation of solvent vapours may give rise to nausea, headaches and

dizziness

Other information

Naphthalene: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. NTP Report on Carcinogens

IARC Monographs Naphthalene: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

OSHA Designated Carcinogen Not Listed

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute, Category 1: Very toxic to aquatic

Estimated Mixture LC50 (for fish) ≤ 1 mg/l (96 hr)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 1: Very toxic to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Estimated Mixture LC50 (for fish) ≤ 1 mg/l (96 hr)

Persistence and degradability No data for the mixture as a whole. Part of the components are poorly

14084 Page: 6 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential No data for the mixture as a whole.

Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have moderate mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods Do not release undiluted and unneutralised to the sewer. Dispose of this

material and its container as hazardous waste. Containers must be

decontaminated in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IATA ADR/RID **IMDG** UN 2924 **UN** number UN 2924 UN 2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE LIQUID,

CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Sodium

/ Ethylene / Ethylene / Ethylene

Glycol Dimethyl Ether). Glycol Dimethyl Ether). Glycol Dimethyl Ether).

Transport hazard class(es) 3 + 83 + 83 + 8Packing group Ш Ш Ш

Environmental hazards Environmentally hazardous Classified as a Marine Environmentally hazardous

substance Pollutant substance

Transport in bulk according to Annex

II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Special precautions for user See Section: 2

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not applicable.

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether: Subject to 2,500 lb reporting threshold

> Naphthalen: Subject to 2,500 lb reporting threshold Sodium: Subject to 2,500 lb reporting threshold

EPCRA/SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous All chemicals are not listed

Substances

EPCRA Section 313 Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

Program

NIOSH Occupational Carcinogen List All chemicals are not listed

reactives

OSHA List of highly hazardous chemicals, toxics and All chemicals are not listed

NTP Report on Carcinogens (RoC) List Naphthalene: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Poison Prevention Packaging Act All chemicals are not listed

US State Regulations

California State, Proposition 65 List Naphthalene: Safe harbor level - NSRL: 5.8 ug/day

California State, Safer Consumer Products Regulations Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether: Candidate Chemicals List, Group Member List:

Glycol ethers

Naphthalene: Initial Candidate Chemicals List

Sodium: Candidate Chemicals List

Naphthalene: De Minimis limit: 0.1%

Maine State, Toxic Chemicals in Children's Products Act Naphthalene: COC list

New Jersey State Worker and Community RTK Act Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether: RTKHSL. SHHSL

> Naphthalene: RTKHSL. SHHSL Sodium: RTKHSL. SHHSL

Naphthalene: Hazardous Substance List, Environmental Hazard List Pennsylvania State, Worker and Community RTK Act

Sodium: Hazardous Substance List. Environmental Hazard List

Rhode Island State, Hazardous Substances RTK Act Naphthalene: Listed: Hazardous Substance List

Sodium: Hazardous Substance List

14084 Page: 7 of 8

Version: 3.0

Date of Issue: 20-Apr-2017 Date of First Issue: 13-Aug-2014



www.vishaypg.com

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Non-Regional

IARC Monographs, List of Classifications Naphthalene: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: Updated substance / mixture classification. New SDS Regulation compliant with HazCom 2012 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care.

Version 3.0

Revision Date 20-Apr-2017

Date of First Issue 13-Aug-2014

References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS). EU Data: Existing ECHA registration(s) for and Harmonised Classification(s) for Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether (CAS# 110-71-4), Naphthalene (CAS# 91-20-3) and Sodium (CAS# 7440-23-5).

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure
Flammable Liquid, Category 2	Flash Point [Closed cup] Test Result/ Boiling Point (°C)
Water-reactive, Category 3	Estimated Physico-chemical properties of substance
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1	Physico-chemical properties of substance
Acute toxicity, Category 4 (Inhalation)	Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation
Carcinogen, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1	Threshold Calculation
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute, Category 1	Summation Calculation
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 1	Summation Calculation

LEGEND

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

BEI: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH)

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Irr: Irritation

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PEL: Permissible exposure limit

REL: Recommended exposure limit

SCL: Specific Concentration Limit

Skin": Risk of overexposure via dermal contact

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit value

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act TWA: Time Weighted Average URT: Upper respiratory tract

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

Disclaimers

Information contained in this publication or as otherwise supplied to Users is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but it is for the Users to satisfy themselves of the suitability of the product for their own particular purpose. Vishay Precision Group gives no warranty as to the fitness of the product for any particular purpose and any implied warranty or condition (statutory or otherwise) is excluded except to the extent that exclusion is prevented by law. Vishay Precision Group accepts no liability for loss or damage (other than that arising from death or personal injury caused by defective product, if proved), resulting from reliance on this information. Freedom under Patents, Copyright and Designs cannot be assumed.

14084 Page: 8 of 8