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1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name M-Bond Curing Agent 600/610

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

and uses advised against

Identified Use(s)

Adhesives.

Uses Advised Against Anything other than the above.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP UK LTD

Stroudley Road Basingstoke Hampshire RG24 8FW United Kingdom +44 (0) 1256 462131

 Telephone
 +44 (0) 1256 462131

 Fax
 +44 (0) 1256 471441

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.uk@vishaypg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone No. (00-1) 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (24 hours)

Languages spoken All official European languages.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 2; H225

Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351

2.2 Label elements

Product Name M-Bond Curing Agent 600/610

Contains: Tetrahydrofuran and 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride

Hazard Pictogram(s)









Signal Word(s) DANGER

Hazard Statement(s) H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statement(s) P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

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ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P304+P341: IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311: If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor/

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Supplemental information EUH019: May form explosive peroxides.

2.3 Other hazards None known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

EC Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Hazard Statement(s)
Tetrahydrofuran^	85 - 90	109-99-9	203-726-8	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 (SCL ≥ 25%) STOT SE 3; H335 (SCL ≥ 25%) Carc. 2; H351 EUH019
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride	<10	89-32-7	201-898-9	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334

For full text of H/P Statements see section 16. ^Substance with a national exposure limit

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



4.1 Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear appropriate personal

protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid all contact. Contaminated clothing should be laundered

before reuse.

Inhalation IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

Skin Contact IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with

plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Make victim drink plenty of water. Do not give

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to a physician:

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Treat symptomatically.

IF INHALED: Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed.

IF IN EYES: Treatment by an ophthalmologist due to possible caustic burn of the eyes may be required.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Unsuitable extinguishing Media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

As appropriate for surrounding fire. Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Phenolic and Explosive Peroxides. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapour may create explosive atmosphere. May form explosive peroxides.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2 Environmental precautions

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.4 Reference to other sections

Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Avoid breathing vapours.

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste

See Section: 8, 13

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. May form explosive peroxides. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage temperature

equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Ambient. Keep at temperature not exceeding (°C): 32

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Incompatible materials

Stable under normal conditions.

Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, Corrosive Substances, Reducing agents,

Strong Acids and Alkalis.

7.3 Specific end use(s) See Section: 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Storage life

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	50	150	100	300	WEL, Sk

Source: WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40), Sk - Can be absorbed through skin.

8.1.2 Biological limit value

None assigned.

8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs

None assigned.

- 8.2 Exposure controls
- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Ensure adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Keep good industrial hygiene. Avoid all contact. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. IF exposed: Flush with fresh water if contact with skin or eyes.

Eye/face protection



Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166).

Skin protection



Hand protection:

Wear impervious gloves (EN374). Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374 Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Suitable materials: Polyethylene-Laminate (Minimum thickness 0.1mm)

Body protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection



In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s): Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate.

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Thermal hazards Not applicable

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Almost colourless to pale yellow / Amber Liquid

Odour Ether-like Odour Odour threshold Not available.
pH Not established.
Melting point/freezing point Not established.
Initial boiling point and boiling range 66°C (Mixture)

Flash point -14°C (Tetrahydrofuran) [Closed cup]

Evaporation rate >1

Flammability (solid, gas) Flam. Liq. 2; Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1.8, Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v) 11.8.

Vapour pressure 145 mmHg @ 15°C

Vapour density 2.5 (Air = 1)

Relative density $0.9 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ (H2O = 1) (Mixture)}$

Solubility(ies)

Soluble in: Water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Not available.

Not available.

Explosive properties Not available. (May form explosive peroxides.)

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information Volatile Organic Compound Content (%): 705 g/L

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. May form peroxides on prolonged storage if air

is present

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Highly flammable liquid and vapour. The vapour may be invisible, heavier than

air and spread along ground. May form explosive peroxides. Contact with aliphatic amines will cause irreversible polymerization with considerable heat

build-up. May polymerise on prolonged heating.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep at a temperature not exceeding (°C): 32. Avoid contact with air. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources and oxidizers. Avoid distillation to dryness, which can form

explosive peroxides.

10.5 Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents, Corrosive Substances, Reducing agents, Strong Acids and

Alkalis. Mild steel. Reacts violently with - Oxidizing agents and Acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s) May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Carbon monoxide, Carbon

dioxide, Phenolic and Explosive Peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects All test data taken from existing ECHA registrations for the substances

mentioned.

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Acute Tox. 4; Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 500 mg/kg

bw/day.

Tetrahydrofuran: Test Result LD50 <1 ml/kg bw (Standard acute method)

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >20.0 mg/l.

Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride:

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Tetrahydrofuran:

Skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

STOT - single exposure

Other information

11.2

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Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/irritation

Eye Dam. 1; Causes serious eye damage. No data. Harmonised Classification

Test Result: Severe irritant to the eye. (Baur X et al, 1995)

Skin. Sens. 1; May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin sensitisation has been reported in humans. (Venables KM, 1989)

Resp. Sens. 1; May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride: Severely irritating to respiratory system. (Venables KM, 1989)

Germ cell mutagenicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Carc. 2; Suspected of causing cancer. Tetrahydrofuran: Test Result: NOAEC 1800 ppm Suspected carcinogen (Unnamed, 1998)

Reproductive toxicity Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT SE 3; May cause respiratory irritation.

Tetrahydrofuran: Test Result: Central nervous depression (Malley, L.A. et al, 2001) STOT - repeated exposure Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Aspiration hazard** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 **Toxicity** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Estimated Mixture LC50 >100 mg/l (Fish)

Persistence and degradability This product is readily biodegradable in water. 12.2

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation. 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil. (Water Soluble)

12.5 Results of PBT and VPVB assessment Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous wasteSend after pre-

treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste incinerator facility according to

legislation.

13.2 **Additional Information** Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

		ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA/ICAO
14.1	UN number	UN 1133	UN 1133	UN 1133

14.2 ADHESIVES containing ADHESIVES containing **UN proper shipping name** ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid flammable liquid flammable liquid

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3 3 3 Packing group Ш Ш Ш

14.4 14.5 **Environmental hazards** Not classified Not classified as a Not classified

Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user See Section: 2 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Not applicable. MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

15.1.1 **EU** regulations

Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use Not restricted

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CoRAP Substance Evaluation Tetrahydrofuran:

Substance evaluated in 2013; evaluating Member State has proposed to ask the

registrants to provide further information

15.1.2 National regulations

Germany

Chemical Safety Assessment

Water hazard class: 1

A chemical safety assessment is not required under REACH.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: New SDS Regulation 2015/830 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care. Updated substance / mixture classification

References:

15.2

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Harmonised Classification(s) for Tetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 109-99-9), 1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic Dianhydride (CAS No. 89-32-7). Existing ECHA registration(s) for Tetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 109-99-9).

Literature References:

- Baur X; Czuppon AB; Rauluk I; Zimmermann FB; Schmitt B; Egen-Korthaus M; Tenkoff N; Degens PO, 1995, A Clinical and Immunological Study on 92 Workers Occupationally Exposed to Anhydrides, International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, Vol. 67, No. 6, pages 395-403, 32 references, 1995
- 2. Venables KM, 1989, Low Molecular Weight Chemicals, Hypersensitivity, and Direct Toxicity: The Acid Anhydrides, British Journal of Industrial Medicine, Vol. 46, No. 4, pages 222-232, 112 references, 1989
- Malley, L.A., Christoph G.R., Stadler, J.C., Hansen, J.F., Biesemeir, J.A. and Jasti, S., 2001, Acute and subchronic neurotoxicology evaluation of tetrahydrofuran by inhalation in rats, Drug Chem. Toxicol., 24(3): 201-219

EU Classification: This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830.

Classification of the substance or mixture According to	Classification Procedure
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	Flash Point Test Result
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) Calculation.
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Threshold Calculation
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Threshold Calculation
Resp. Sens. 1; H334	Threshold Calculation
STOT SE 3; H335	Threshold Calculation
Carc. 2; H351	Threshold Calculation
EUH019	Expert judgement / Harmonised Classification

LEGEND

LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

PBT: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Hazard classification / Classification code:

Flam. Liq. 2; Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Acute Tox. 4; Acute toxicity, Category 4 Skin Sens. 1; Skin Sensitisation, Category 1 Eye Dam. 1; Eye damage, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2; Eye Irritation, Category 2

Resp. Sens. 1; Respiratory sensitization, Category 1

STOT SE 3; Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

Carc. 2; Carcinogenicity, Category 2 EUH019: May form explosive peroxides. STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Hazard Statement(s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

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