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MICRO = MEASUREMENTS

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH),

1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name M-Bond 610 Adhesive

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

and uses advised against

Identified Use(s)
Uses Advised Against
Adhesives.
None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP UK LTD

Stroudley Road Basingstoke Hampshire RG24 8FW United Kingdom +44 (0) 1256 462131

 Telephone
 +44 (0) 1256 462131

 Fax
 +44 (0) 1256 471441

 E-Mail (competent person)
 mm.uk@vishaypg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone No. (00-1) 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (24 hours)

Languages spoken All official European languages.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 2; H225

Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Carc. 2; H351

Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

2.2 Label elements According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Product Name M-Bond 610 Adhesive

Contains: Tetrahydrofuran and Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde

Hazard Pictogram(s)









Signal Word(s)

DANGER

Hazard Statement(s) H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed. H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary Statement(s) P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Supplemental information EUH019: May form explosive peroxides.

2.3 Other hazards None known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

EC Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Hazard Statement(s)
Tetrahydrofuran^	55 – 65	109-99-9	203-726-8	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 (SCL ≥ 25%) STOT SE 3; H335 (SCL ≥ 25%) Carc. 2; H351 EUH019
Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde	25 – 32	28064-14-4	608-164-0	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411
Ethyl methyl ketone^*	5 – 10	78-93-3	201-159-0	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066

For full text of H/P Statements see section 16. 'Substance with a national exposure limit. 'Substance with a community exposure limit

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



4.1 Description of first aid measures

Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid all contact. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

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Eye Contact

Ingestion

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to a physician:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Make victim drink plenty of water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Treat symptomatically.

IF INHALED: Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed.

IF IN EYES: After rinsing affected eyes must be seen by an ophthalmologist

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Unsuitable extinguishing Media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

As appropriate for surrounding fire. Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray.

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Phenolic and Explosive Peroxides. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapour may create explosive atmosphere. May form explosive peroxides.

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2 Environmental precautions

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.4 Reference to other sections

Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Avoid breathing vapours.

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste

See Section: 8, 13

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. May form explosive peroxides. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep only in original container.

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Storage temperature

Incompatible materials

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incompatibilities Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Ambient. Keep at temperature not exceeding (°C): 32

Stable under normal conditions.

Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, Corrosive Substances, Reducing agents,

Strong Acids and Alkalis.

7.3 Specific end use(s) See Section: 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Storage life

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	50	150	100	300	WEL, Sk
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	200	600	300	899	WEL, Sk, BMGV
		200	600	300	900	IOELV

Source: WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40), Sk - Can be absorbed through skin., Bmgv: Biological monitoring guidance value (UK HSE EH40), IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value

8.1.2 Biological limit value

	SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	Biological monitoring guidance value	Sampling Time
Met	thyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	70 µmol butan-2-one/L in urine	Post shift

Note: Bmgv: Biological monitoring guidance value (UK HSE EH40)

8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs

None assigned.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Ensure adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Keep good industrial hygiene. Avoid all contact. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. IF exposed: Flush with fresh water if contact with skin or eyes.

Eye/face protection



Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166).

Skin protection



Hand protection:

Wear impervious gloves (EN374). Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374 Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Suitable materials: Polyethylene-Laminate (Minimum thickness 0.1mm)

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Body protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection



In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s): Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate.

Thermal hazards Not applicable

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Almost colourless Liquid

Odour
Odour threshold
pH
Not established.
Melting point/freezing point
Not available.
Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 66°C

Flash point $-14 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\text{Mixture})$ Evaporation rate $8 \, (\text{BuAc} = 1)$

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable - Liquid

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1.8 Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 11.8

Vapour pressure 129 (mmHg) @ 20°C

Vapour density

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity

2.4 (Air = 1)

0.9 (H2O = 1)

Water: >50%

Not available.

Not available.

Explosive properties Not available. (May form explosive peroxides.)

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information VOC 712 g/L

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1

Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability
 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
 10.4 Conditions to avoid
 Stable under normal conditions.
Highly flammable liquid and vapour. The vapour may be invisible, heavier than air and spread along ground. May form explosive peroxides. Contact with aliphatic amines will cause irreversible polymerization with considerable heat build-up.
 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition spaces. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep at a temperature

is present.

not exceeding (°C): 32. Avoid contact with air. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources and oxidizers. Avoid distillation to dryness, which can form

Stable under normal conditions. May form peroxides on prolonged storage if air

explosive peroxides.

10.5 Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents, Corrosive Substances, Reducing agents, Strong Acids and

Alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s) May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Carbon monoxide, Carbon

dioxide, Phenolic and Explosive Peroxides.

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Acute toxicity - Skin Contact

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects All test data taken from existing ECHA registrations for the substances

mentioned.

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Acute Tox. 4: Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >750 mg/kg

bw/dav.

Test Result LD50 <1 ml/kg bw (Standard acute method) Tetrahydrofuran:

Acute toxicity - Inhalation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >20.0 mg/l. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg

bw/dav.

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde: No data. EU classification and labelling inventory

Prolonged skin contact will result in defatting of the skin, leading to irritation, and Ethyl methyl ketone:

in some cases, dermatitis. (Smith R & Mayers MR, 1944)

Serious eye damage/irritation Eye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

Tetrahydrofuran: No data. Harmonised Classification

Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde: No data. EU classification and labelling inventory Test Result: Irritating to eyes. (OECD 405) Ethyl methyl ketone: Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin Sens. 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde: Allergic contact dermatitis (Pontén, A et al, 1999)

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Carc. 2: Suspected of causing cancer.

Test Result: NOAEC 1800 ppm Suspected carcinogen (Unnamed, 1998) Tetrahydrofuran:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3: May cause respiratory irritation.

Tetrahvdrofuran: Test Result: Central nervous depression (Malley, L.A. et al. 2001)

Rats at all dose levels: gait and/or posture abnormalities. Higher dose groups Ethyl methyl ketone:

some rats were comatose or prostrate within a few hours of dosing, with some

animals being unconscious for 24 hours. (OECD 423)

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Other information None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 **Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 2; Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Estimated Mixture LC50 > 1 to ≤ 10 mg/l. (Fish)

Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde: EC50 1.6 mg/l 48hr (Daphnia magna) (Wyness LE et al, 1993)

12.2 Persistence and degradability Part of the components are poorly biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential The product has low potential for bioaccumulation. Mobility in soil 12.4 The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and VPVB assessment Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste. Send after pre-

treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste incinerator facility according to legislation. Send after pre-treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste

incinerator facility according to legislation.

13.2 **Additional Information** Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID **IMDG** IATA/ICAO 14.1 **UN** number UN 1133 **UN 1133** UN 1133

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14.2 UN proper shipping nameADHESIVES containing flammable liquid flammable liquid flammable liquid ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3 3 3 14.4 Packing group | | | | | | | |

14.5 Environmental hazards Environmentally Classified as a Marine Environmentally

hazardous substance Pollutant. hazardous substance

14.6 Special precautions for user See Section: 2

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Not applicable.

MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental

regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

mixture

15.1.1 EU regulations

Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use Not restricted CoRAP Substance Evaluation Tetrahydrofuran:

Substance evaluated in 2013; evaluating Member State has proposed to ask the

registrants to provide further information

Ethyl methyl ketone:

Substance identified for evaluation in 2018

15.1.2 National regulations

Germany Water hazard class: 2

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment A chemical safety assessment is not required under REACH.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: New SDS Regulation 2015/830 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care.

References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Harmonised Classification(s) for Tetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 109-99-9) and Ethyl methyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3). Existing ECHA registration(s) for Tetrahydrofuran (CAS No. 109-99-9), Ethyl methyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3) the Classification and Labelling Inventory for Polyglycidyl Ether of Phenol-Formaldehyde (CAS No. 28064-14-4).

Literature References:

- 1. Smith R & Mayers MR, 1944, Study of poisoning and fire hazards of butanone and acetone, Industrial Hygiene: 23, 174-176
- 2. Pontén, A. and Bruze, M. (1999), Occupational allergic contact dermatitis from epoxy resins based on bisphenol F. Contact Dermatitis, 41: 235. doi:10.1111/j.1600-0536.1999.tb06149.x
- 3. Malley, L.A., Christoph G.R., Stadler, J.C., Hansen, J.F., Biesemeir, J.A. and Jasti, S., 2001, Acute and subchronic neurotoxicology evaluation of tetrahydrofuran by inhalation in rats, Drug Chem. Toxicol., 24(3): 201-219
- 4. Wyness LE, Cheeman H, Lad DD and Baldwin MK (1993), EPIKOTE 862: Acute toxicity to Oncorhunchus mykiss, Daphnia magna and Selenastrum capricornutum; SBGR.92.237

EU Classification: This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830.

Classification of the substance or mixture According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Classification Procedure
Flam. Liq. 2; H225	Flash Point [Closed cup] Test Result/ Boiling Point (°C)
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) Calculation.
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Threshold Calculation
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Threshold Calculation
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Threshold Calculation
STOT SE 3; H335	Threshold Calculation
Carc. 2; H351	Threshold Calculation
Aquatic Chronic 2	Summation Calculation

LEGEND

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LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

PBT: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Hazard classification / Classification code:

Flam, Lig. 2: Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Acute Tox. 4; Acute toxicity, Category 4 Skin Irrit. 2; Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1; Skin Sensitisation, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2; Eye Irritation, Category 2

STOT SE 3; Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 STOT SE 3; Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

Carc. 2; Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 2; Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic,

Category 2

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH019: May form explosive peroxides.

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Hazard Statement(s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eve irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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