

## AO3410

# **N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

## **General Description**

The AO3410 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 1.8V and as high as 12V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

### **Features**

 $V_{DS}(V) = 30V$ 

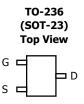
 $I_D = 5.8 A$ 

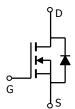
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 28m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 10V)

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 33m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V)

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 52m\Omega (V_{GS} = 2.5V)$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 70m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 1.8V)





Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±12	V			
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		5.8				
Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	4.9	A			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	30	7			
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	В	1.4	10/			
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	$-P_D$	1	W			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C			

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Тур Мах					
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\scriptscriptstyle{ hetaJA}}$	65	90	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	Steady-State	$\Gamma_{\theta JA}$	85	125	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JL}$	43	60	°C/W			

### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC F	PARAMETERS						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub> Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				1	
	Zero Gale voltage Drain Current		T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			5	μΑ
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±12V				100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=250\mu A$		0.5	0.8	1	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V		30			Α
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> Static Drain-Source		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.8A			23	28	mΩ
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		29	39	1115.2
	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =5A			26	33	mΩ
		$V_{GS}$ =2.5V, $I_D$ =4A			35	42	mΩ
		$V_{GS}$ =1.8V, $I_D$ =3A		54	72	mΩ	
<b>9</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =5A		12	17		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.66	1	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					2.5	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz			767		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance				111		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				82		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz			1.3		Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.8A			10		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				1.2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				3.1		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				5		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =2.7 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =6 $\Omega$			5.5		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime				39		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				4.7		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =5A, dI/dt=100A/μs			15		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	<sub>θ</sub> I <sub>F</sub> =5A, dI/dt=100A/μs			7.1		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any a given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R  $_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R  $_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.