

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

General Description

The MAX14611 is a quad bidirectional logic-level translator that provides the level shifting necessary to allow data transfer in a multivoltage system. Externally applied voltages, V_{CC} and V_L, set the logic levels on either side of the device. A low-voltage logic signal present on the V_L side of the device appears as a high-voltage logic signal on the V_{CC} side of the device, and vice-versa.

The device is ideal for I²C bus as well as MDIO bus applications where open-drain operation is often required. The device features a three-state output mode (\overline{TS}). Drive \overline{TS} high to connect the pullup to the powered I/O port. This allows for continuous, undisrupted I²C operation on the powered side of the device while the level translation function is off. The MAX14611 is a pin-to-pin compatible upgrade to the MAX3378E in the TDFN package.

The MAX14611 features enhanced high-electrostaticdischarge (ESD) protection on all I/OVCC_ ports up to \pm 6kV HBM. The device operates over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range and is available in 3mm x 3mm, 14-pin TDFN and 4.9mm x 5.1mm, 14-pin TSSOP packages.

Applications

SPI, I²C, and MDIO Level Translation Low-Voltage ASIC Level Translation Portable Electronics Mobile Phones POS Systems Telecommunications Equipment

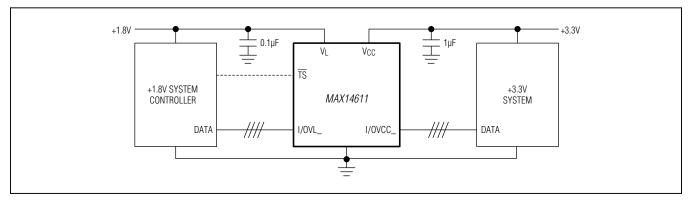
Benefits and Features

- Improved Interoperability
 Meets I²C Specifications
 - \Rightarrow 10k Ω Internal Pullup Resistor
 - ♦ Pin-to-Pin Compatible with the MAX3377E and the MAX3378E
- Robust Logic-Level Translation
 - ♦ ±0.5V Tolerances on All Pins

 - ♦ Thermal Short-Circuit Protection
 - Short to Ground Fault Protection on All Pins
- Increased Design Flexibility
 - ♦ Ultra-Low Supply Current
 - ♦ Pullup Resistor Enabled with a Single Power Supply when TS = High
 - \diamond 10 Ω (max) Transmission Gate FET
 - Small, 14-Pin, 3.0mm x 3.0mm TDFN Package and 14-Pin, 4.9mm x 5.1mm TSSOP Package

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuit



For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/MAX14611.related.

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(All voltages referenced to GND.)

. 0	,
V _{CC}	-0.5V to +6V
	-0.5V to +5.5V
	-0.5V to +6V
	0.5V to (V _{CC} + 0.5V)
I/OVL	0.5V to (V _L + 0.5V)
	, I/OVCC to GNDContinuous
Continuous Current	±50mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
TDFN (derate 24.4mW/°C above +70°C)	1951.2mW
TSSOP (derate 10mW/°C above +70°C)	796.8mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

TDFN-EP	
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	1°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	.8°C/W

TSSOP

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}).....100.4°C/W Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC}).......30°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{L} = 0.9V \text{ to the lesser of } V_{CC} + 0.3V \text{ and } 5V. T_{A} = T_{J} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_{L} = +1.8V, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
POWER SUPPLIES							
V _L Supply Range	VL		0.9		5	V	
V _{CC} Supply Range	V _{CC}		1.65		5.5	V	
V _L Supply Current	I _{VL}	$I/OVCC_{-} = V_{CC}, I/OVL_{-} = V_{L}, \overline{TS} = V_{L}$			1	μA	
V _{CC} Supply Current	Ivcc	$I/OVCC_{-} = V_{CC}, I/OVL_{-} = V_{L}, \overline{TS} = V_{L}$			35	μA	
		$\overline{\text{TS}}$ = GND, I/OVCC = unconnected		0.1	1		
V _{CC} Shutdown Mode Supply Current	ISHDN_VCC	$\overline{TS} = V_{CC}, V_L = GND,$ I/OVCC = unconnected		0.1	1	μA	
		TS = GND		0.1	1		
V _L Shutdown Mode Supply Current	I _{SHDN_VL}	$\overline{TS} = V_L, V_{CC} = GND,$ I/OVL_ = unconnected		0.1	1	1 µA	
I/OVCC_, I/OVL_, TS Leakage Current	ILEAK	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \overline{TS} = GND$		0.1	1	μA	
TS Input Leakage Current	ILEAK_TS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			1	μA	
V _L Shutdown Threshold	V _{TH_VL}			0.3	0.85	V	
V _{CC} Shutdown Threshold	V _{TH_VCC}			0.8	1.35	V	
I/OVL_ Pullup Resistor	R _{VL_PU}			10		kΩ	
I/OVCC_Pullup Resistor	R _{VCC_PU}			10		kΩ	

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_L = 0.9V \text{ to the lesser of } V_{CC} + 0.3V \text{ and } 5V. T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I/OVL_ to I/OVCC_ DC Resistance	RIOVL_IOVCC	Inferred from V _{OL} measurements		5	10	Ω
I/OVL_ Input-Voltage High	V _{IHL}		V _L - 0.2			V
I/OVL_ Input-Voltage Low	VILL				0.15	V
I/OVCC_ Input-Voltage High	V _{IHC}		V _{CC} - 0.4			V
I/OVCC_ Input-Voltage Low	V _{ILC}				0.2	V
I/OVL_ Output-Voltage High	V _{OHL}	I/OVL_ source current = 10µA	0.7 x V _L			V
I/OVL_Output-Voltage Low	V _{OLL}	$I/OVL_sink current = 2mA, V_{I/OVCC_} \le 50mV$			0.4	V
I/OVCC_Output-Voltage High	V _{OHC}	I/OVCC_ source current = 10µA	0.7 x V _{CC}			V
I/OVCC_ Output Voltage Low	V _{OLC}	$I/OVCC_sink current = 2mA, V_{I/OVL_} \le 150mV$			0.4	V
TS Input-Voltage High Threshold	V _{IH}		V _L - 0.2			V
TS Input-Voltage Low Threshold	VIL	V _L > 1.3V			0.2	V
Accelerator Pulse Duration		Inferred from timing measurements			30	ns
V _L Output Accelerator Source		$V_{L} = 0.9V$	70		Ω	
Impedance		$V_{L} = 3.3V$		15		52
V _{CC} Output Accelerator Source		$V_{\rm CC} = 1.65 V$		50		Ω
Impedance		$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	10			
Thermal-Shutdown Threshold		20°C hysteresis		+150		°C
ESD PROTECTION						
I/OVCC_		Human Body Model, $C_{VCC} = 1\mu F$, $C_{VL} = 0.1\mu F$		±6		kV
All Other Pins		Human Body Model		±2		kV

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TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +1.65V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_L = +0.9V \text{ to the lesser of } V_{CC} + 0.3V \text{ and } 5V, \overline{TS} = V_L, R_L = 1M\Omega, C_{VCC} = 1\mu\text{F}, C_{VL} = 0.1\mu\text{F}, C_{I/OVCC} = 15p\text{F}, C_{I/OVL} = 15p\text{F}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}. Typical values are <math>V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$ (Note 4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
	+	Push-pull driving (Figure 1)	40				
I/OVCC_ Rise Time	tRVCC	Open-drain driving (Figure 2, Note 5)	2, Note 5) 1		100	ns	
	t	Push-pull driving (Figure 1)			40		
I/OVCC_ Fall Time	t _{FVCC}	Open-drain driving (Figure 2, Note 5)			50	ns	
		Push-pull driving (Figure 3)			30		
I/OVL_ Rise Time	t _{RVL}	Open-drain driving (Figure 4, Note 5)			105	ns	
		Push-pull driving (Figure 3)			30	ns	
I/OVL_ Fall Time	t _{FVL}	Open-drain driving (Figure 4, Note 5)			30		
Duran a matian Dalaw	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Push-pull driving (Figure 1)			40		
Propagation Delay	I/O _{VL-VCC}	Open-drain driving (Figure 2, Note 5)			150	ns	
Propagation Dalay	I/O _{VCC-VL}	Push-pull driving (Figure 3)			30		
Propagation Delay	I/O _{VCC-VL}	Open-drain driving (Figure 4, Note 5)			105	ns	
Channel-to-Channel Skew		Input rise time/fall time < 6ns, push-pull driving			20	- ns	
	^t SKEW	Input rise time/fall time < 6ns, open-drain driving			50		
Maximum Data Data		Push-pull operation			20	Mana	
Maximum Data Rate		Open-drain operation (Notes 5, 6)			6	Mbps	

Note 2: All units are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. Specifications over operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

Note 3: V_L must be less than or equal to V_{CC} during normal operation. However, V_L can be greater than V_{CC} during startup and shutdown conditions.

Note 4: All timing is 10% to 90% for rise time and 90% to 10% for fall time.

Note 5: Not production tested; guaranteed by design.

Note 6: Requires the external pullup resistor.

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

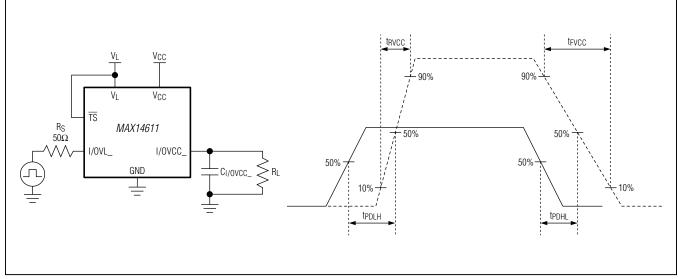


Figure 1. Push-Pull Driving I/OVL_

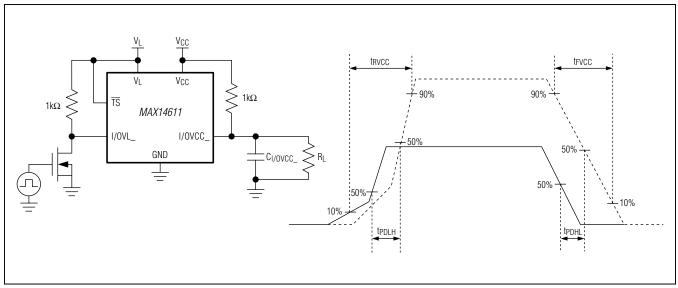


Figure 2. Open-Drain Driving I/OVL_

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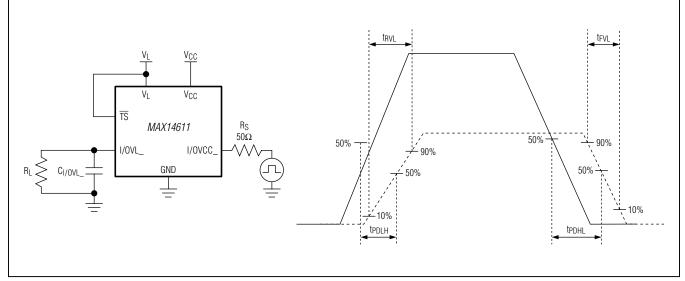


Figure 3. Push-Pull Driving I/OVCC_

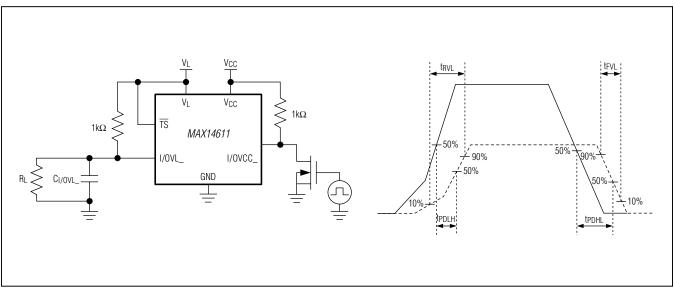
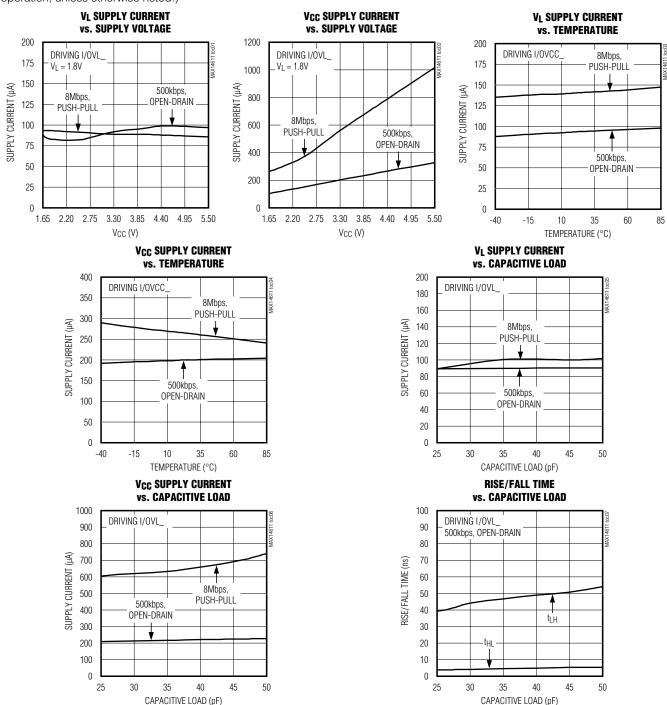


Figure 4. Open-Drain Driving I/OVCC_

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

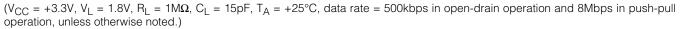
Typical Operating Characteristics

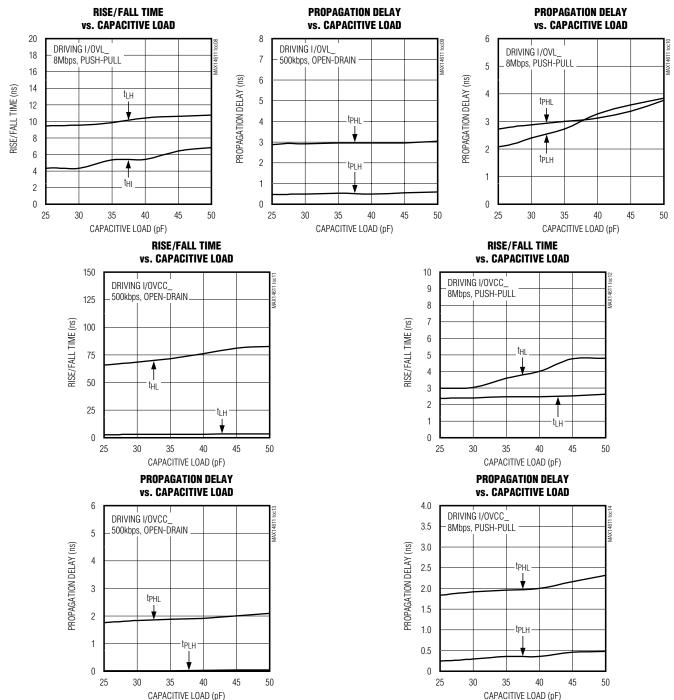
 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_{L} = 1.8V, R_{L} = 1M\Omega, C_{L} = 15pF, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$, data rate = 500kbps in open-drain operation and 8Mbps in push-pull operation, unless otherwise noted.)



Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

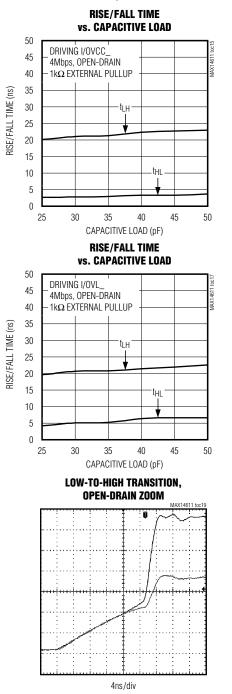


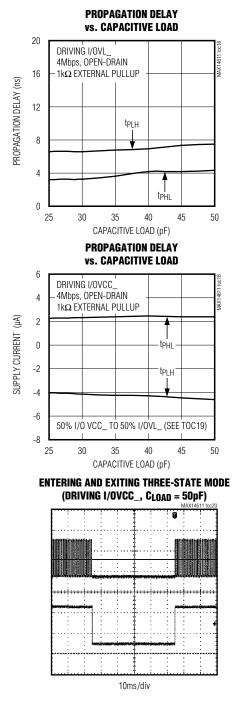


Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

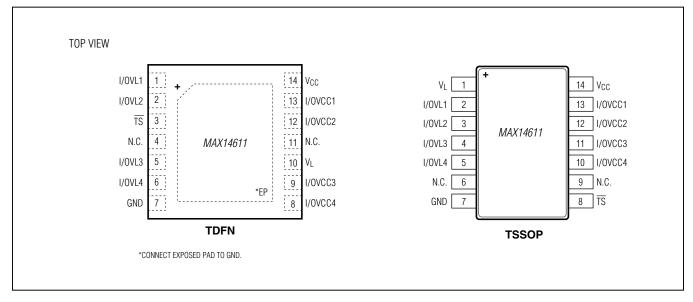
 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = 1.8V, R_L = 1M\Omega, C_L = 15pF, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, data rate = 500kbps in open-drain operation and 8Mbps in push-pull operation, unless otherwise noted.)





Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Pin Configurations

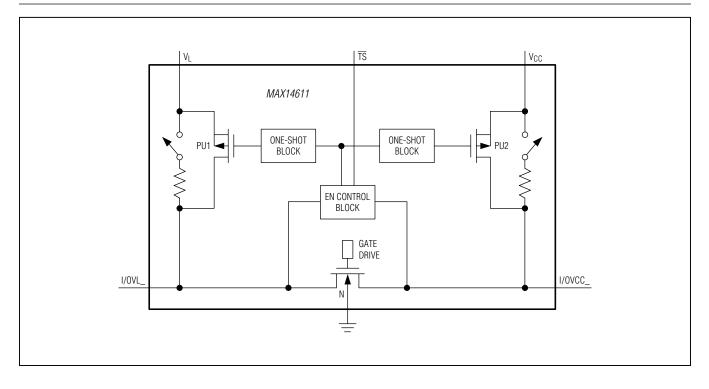


Pin Description

PI	N		FUNCTION
TDFN-EP	TSSOP	NAME	FUNCTION
1	2	I/OVL1	Input/Output 1. Reference to VL.
2	3	I/OVL2	Input/Output 2. Reference to VL.
3	8	TS	Three-State Select Input. Drive \overline{TS} low to place the device in three-state output mode. I/OVCC_ and I/OVL_ are high impedance in three-state output mode. Note: Logic referenced to V _L (for logic thresholds, see the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table).
4, 11	6,9	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
5	4	I/OVL3	Input/Output 3. Reference to VL.
6	5	I/OVL4	Input/Output 4. Reference to VL.
7	7	GND	Ground
8	10	I/OVCC4	Input/Output 4. Reference to V _{CC.}
9	11	I/OVCC3	Input/Output 3. Reference to V _{CC} .
10	1	VL	Logic Supply Voltage Input, $0.9V \le V_L \le min (5.0V, (V_{CC} + 0.3V))$. Connect a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the pin.
12	12	I/OVCC2	Input/Output 2. Reference to V _{CC} .
13	13	I/OVCC1	Input/Output 1. Reference to V _{CC} .
14	14	V _{CC}	Power Supply Input. The supply range is $1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$. Bypass V_{CC} with a 1µF ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the pin to achieve higher ESD protection (±6kV HBM).
		EP	Exposed Pad (TDFN Only). EP is internally connected to GND. Connect to a large ground plane to maximize thermal performance. Not intended as an electrical connection point.

MAX14611 Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Functional Diagram



Detailed Description

The MAX14611 ESD-protected level translator provides the level shifting necessary to allow data transfer in a multivoltage system. Externally applied voltages, V_{CC} and V_L, set the logic levels on either side of the device. A low-voltage logic signal present on the V_L side of the device appears as a high-voltage logic signal on the V_{CC} side of the device, and vice-versa.

The MAX14611 bidirectional level translator utilizes a transmission-gate based design (see the *Functional Diagram*) to allow data translation in either direction (V_L V_{CC}) on any single data line. The device accepts V_L from +0.9V to +5.0V and V_{CC} from +1.65V to +5.5V, making it ideal for data transfer between low-voltage ASICs/PLDs and higher voltage systems.

The device features a three-state output mode, thermal short-circuit protection, and $\pm 6kV$ ESD protection on the V_{CC} side for greater protection in applications that route signals externally.

Level Translation

For proper operation, ensure that +1.65V \leq V_{CC} \leq +5.5V, 0.9V \leq V_L \leq 5.0V, and V_L \leq (V_{CC} + 0.3V). It is permissible for V_L to exceed (V_{CC} + 0.3V) during power-up sequencing. During power-supply sequencing, when V_{CC} is disconnected and V_L is powered up, a current can be sourced without a latchup or any damage to the device. The maximum data rate of the MAX14611 depends heavily on load capacitance (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*), output impedance of the driver, and the operational voltage (see the *Timing Characteristics* table).

Speed-Up Circuitry

The device features a one-shot generator that decreases the rise time of the output. When triggered following a rising edge, MOSFETs PU1 and PU2 turn on for a short time to pull up I/OVL_ and I/OVCC_ to their respective supplies (see the *Functional Diagram*). This greatly reduces the rise time and propagation delay for the low-to-high transition.

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Rise-Time Accelerators (Figure 5)

The device has internal rise-time accelerators, allowing operation up to 20Mbps. The rise-time accelerators are present on both sides of the device and act to speed up the rise time of the input and output of the device, regardless of the direction of the data. The triggering mechanism for these accelerators is both level and edge sensitive. To prevent false triggering of the rise-time accelerators, and to take full advantage of them, signal rise/fall times of less than 2ns/V are recommended for both sides of the device. In open-drain driving, the recommendation only applies for fall time. Under less noisy conditions, longer signal fall times can be acceptable.

Three-State Output Mode (TS)

Drive \overline{TS} low to place the device in three-state output mode. Connect \overline{TS} to V_L (logic-high) for normal operation. Activating the three-state output mode disconnects the internal 10k Ω pullup resistors on the I/OVCC_ and I/OVL_ lines. This forces the I/O lines to a high-impedance state and decreases the supply current to less than 1µA. The high-impedance I/O lines in three-state output mode allow for use in a multidrop network. When in three-state output mode, keep the I/OVL_ voltage below (V_L + 0.3V), and keep the I/OVCC_ voltage below (V_{CC} + 0.3V).

Thermal Short-Circuit Protection

Thermal-overload detection protects the device from short-circuit fault conditions. In the event of a short-circuit fault and when the junction temperature (T_J) reaches +150°C (typ), a thermal sensor signals the three-state output mode logic to force the device into three-state output mode. When T_J has cooled to +130°C (typ), normal operation resumes.

High ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against electrostatic

discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The I/OVCC_ lines have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of ± 6 kV without damage.

The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states: normal operation, three-state output mode, and powered down. After an ESD event, the device keeps working without latchup, whereas competing products can latch and must be powered down to remove latchup. ESD protection can be tested in various ways. The I/OVCC_ lines of this product family are characterized for protection.to ± 6 kV using the Human Body Model.

ESD Test Conditions

Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

Applications Information

Power-Supply Decoupling

Bypass V_L to ground with a 0.1µF capacitor to reduce ripple and ensure correct data transmission. See the *Typical Operating Circuit*. To ensure full ±6kV ESD protection, bypass V_{CC} to ground with a 1µF capacitor. Place all capacitors as close as possible to the power-supply pins (V_{CC} and V_L).

Push-Pull vs. Open-Drain Driving

The device can be driven in a push-pull configuration. The device includes internal $10k\Omega$ resistors that pull up I/OVL_ and I/OVCC_ to their respective power supplies, allowing operation of the I/O lines with open-drain devices. See the *Timing Characteristics* table for maximum data rates when using open-drain drivers (Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4).

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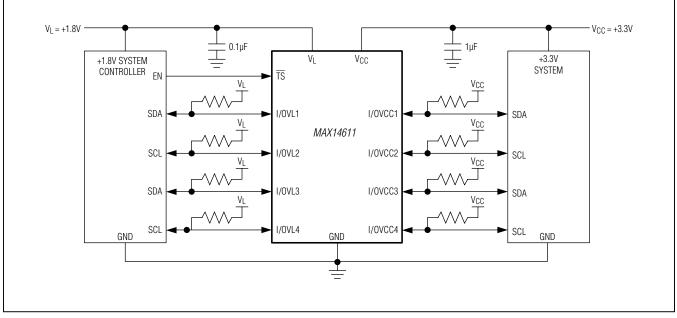
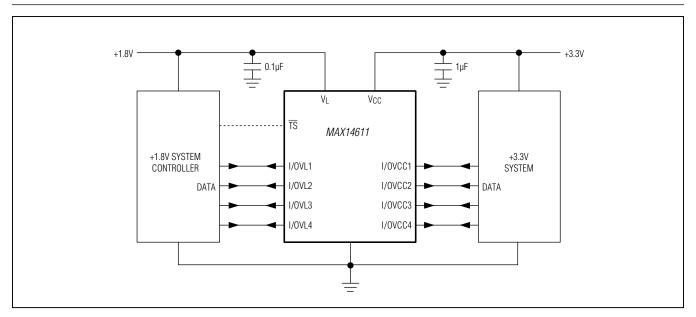


Figure 5. Open-Drain Operation



Applications Circuit

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX14611ETD+	-40°C to +85°C	14 TDFN-EP*
MAX14611EUD+**	-40°C to +85°C	14 TSSOP

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

*EP = Exposed pad.

**Future product—contact factory for availability.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
14 TDFN-EP	T1433+2	<u>21-0137</u>	<u>90-0063</u>
14 TSSOP	U14+1	<u>21-0066</u>	<u>90-0113</u>

Quad Bidirectional Low-Voltage Logic-Level Translator

Revision History

REVISION	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	PAGES
NUMBER	DATE		CHANGED
0	4/12	Initial release	—



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Maxim Integrated 160 Rio Robles, San Jose, CA 95134 USA 1-408-601-1000

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