# MAX1993 Evaluation Kit 

## General Description

The MAX1993 evaluation kit（EV kit）demonstrates the MAX1993＇s standard 4A application circuit．This DC－to－ DC converter steps down high－voltage batteries and／or AC adapters，generating a precision，low－voltage rail for use as chipset，DRAM，and other low－voltage supplies．
The MAX1993 EV kit provides a dynamically adjustable $1.0 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ output voltage from 7 V to 24 V battery input range．It delivers up to 4A output current with greater than $90 \%$ efficiency．The EV kit operates at 300 kHz switching frequency and has superior line－and load－ transient response．
This EV kit is a fully assembled and tested circuit board．It also allows the evaluation of other dynamically adjustable output voltages in the 0.7 V to 5.5 V range by changing R6，R7，and R8 resistors．
This EV kit can also be used to evaluate the MAX1992， which has preset $1.8 \mathrm{~V} / 2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ output voltages．
－7V to 24V Input Voltage Range
－Preset 1．8V／2．5V Output Voltages（Adjustable from 0．7V to 5．5V，MAX1992）
－Dynamically Selectable Output Voltages 1．0V／1．5V （Adjustable from 0．7V to 5．5V，MAX1993）
－4A Output Current
－300kHz Switching Frequency
－Selectable Inductor Saturation Protection
－Power－Good Output
－Selectable Overvoltage／Undervoltage Protection
－Low－Profile Components
－Fully Assembled and Tested
Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | IC PACKAGE |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| MAX1993EVKIT | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 24 Thin QFN $4 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Component List

| DESIGNATION | QTY | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | 1 | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ ceramic capacitor（1812） Taiyo Yuden TMK432BJ106KM or TDK C4532X5R1E106M |
| C2 | 1 | $270 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, 9 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ low－ESR capacitor Sanyo 2R5TPE220M9 |
| C3，C7 | 2 | 1 $\mu \mathrm{F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ X5R ceramic capacitors（ 0805 ） Taiyo Yuden LMK212BJ105KG or TDK C2012X5R105M |
| C4 | 1 | 0.1 HF ceramic capacitor（0603） |
| C5 | 1 | 470pF ceramic capacitor（0603） |
| C6 | 1 | $0.22 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 16 \mathrm{~V}$ X5R ceramic capacitor （0805） <br> Taiyo Yuden EMK212BJ224KG |
| C8 | 1 | 1000pF ceramic capacitor（0603） |
| C9 | 1 | 10 1 F，6．3V X5R ceramic capacitor （0805） <br> TDK C2012X5R0J106M or Taiyo Yuden AMK212BJ106MG |
| C10，C11，C12 | 0 | Not installed（0603） |
| D1 | 1 | 1A，30V Schottky diode Nihon EP10QY03 or Nihon EC10QS03 |
| D2 | 1 | 100mA，30V Schottky diode Central Semiconductor CMPSH－3 |
| JU1，JU2，JU3 | 3 | 3－pin headers |

Features

## MAX1993 Evaluation Kit

| SUPPLIER | PHONE | FAX | WEBSITE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Central Semiconductor | $516-435-1110$ | $516-435-1824$ | www.centralsemi.com |
| Dale-Vishay | $402-564-3131$ | $402-563-6296$ | www.vishay.com |
| IRC | $361-992-7900$ | $361-992-3377$ | www.irctt.com |
| Fairchild | $408-721-2181$ | $408-721-1635$ | www.fairchildsemi.com |
| Nihon | $847-843-7500$ | $847-843-2798$ | www.niec.co.jp |
| Taiyo Yuden | $408-573-4150$ | $408-573-4159$ | www.t-yuden.com |
| TDK | $847-390-4373$ | $847-390-4428$ | www.component.tdk.com |
| Sanyo | $619-661-6835$ | $619-661-1055$ | www.sanyovideo.com |
| Sumida | $708-956-0666$ | $708-956-0702$ | www.sumida.com |

Note: Please indicate that you are using the MAX1993 when contacting these component suppliers.

## Required Equipment

- 7 V to 24 V , power supply, battery, or notebook AC adapter
- DC bias power supply, 5 V at 100 mA
- Dummy load capable of sinking 4A
- Digital multimeter (DMM)
- 100MHz dual-trace oscilloscope


## Quick Start

1) Ensure that the circuit is connected correctly to the supplies and dummy load prior to applying any power.
2) Verify that the shunts are across JU1 pins 1 and 2 (SHDN high), JU2 pins 1 and 2 (forced PWM), JU3 pins 2 and 3 ( 1.5 V output), and JU4 pins 1 and 2 (OVP/UVP enabled).
3) Turn on battery power prior to +5 V bias power; otherwise, the output UVLO timer times out and the FAULT latch is set, disabling the regulator until +5 V power is cycled or shutdown is toggled.
4) Observe the 1.5 V output with the DMM and/or oscilloscope. Look at the LX switching node and MOSFET gate-drive signals while varying the load current.

## Detailed Description

Jumper Settings
Evaluating Other Dynamic Output Voltages
The EV kit output is preset to $1.0 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$. However, the output voltage can also be adjusted between 0.7 V and 2 V (FB = OUT) by selecting R6, R7, and R8 values. The

Table 1. Jumper JU1 Functions (Shutdown Mode)

| JU1 | $\overline{\text { SHDN PIN }}$ | MAX1993 OUTPUT |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 and 2 <br> (default) | Connected to VCC | MAX1993 enabled |
| 2 and 3 | Connected to GND | Shutdown mode |
| Not installed | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ must be <br> driven by an external <br> signal; connected to | MAX1993 operation <br> depends on the external <br> SHDN pad |
| SHDN signal levels |  |  |

Table 2. Jumper JU2 Functions (Low-Noise Mode)

| JU2 | $\overline{\text { SKIP PIN }}$ | OPERATIONAL MODE |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 and 2 <br> (default) | Connected to VCC | Low-noise mode, forced- <br> PWM operation |
| 2 and 3 | Connected to GND | Normal operation; allows <br> automatic PWM/PFM <br> switchover for pulse <br> skipping at light load, <br> resulting in highest <br> efficiency |

MAX1993 regulates FB to the voltage set at REFIN. By changing the voltage at REFIN, the MAX1993 can be used in applications that require dynamic output-voltage changes between two set points. Using the GATE signal and open-drain output (OD), a resistor can be switched in and out of the REFIN resistor-divider, changing the voltage at REFIN. A logic high on GATE turns on the internal N -channel MOSFET, forcing OD to a low-impedance state. A low logic on GATE disables the N -channel MOSFET, so OD is high impedance. The

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Table 3. Jumper JU3 Functions (GATE— MAX1993 Only)

| JU3 | GATE PIN | MAX1993 OUTPUT |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 and 2 | Connected to VCC | A logic high on GATE <br> turns on the internal <br> MOSFET, pulling OD to <br> ground, VOUT = 1.0V. |
| 2 and 3 <br> (default) | Connected to GND | A logic low on GATE <br> turns off the internal <br> MOSFET so that OD <br> appears as a high <br> impedance, VOUT = 1.5V. |
| Not installed | GATE must be <br> driven by an <br> external signal; <br> connected to GATE <br> pad | VOUT depends on the <br> external GATE signal <br> levels. |

## Table 4. Jumper JU4 Functions (Overvoltage/Undervoltage Protection Selection)

| JU4 | OVP/UVP PIN | UVP | OVP/DISCHARGE <br> MODE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 <br> (default) | Connected to <br> VCC | UVP is <br> enabled; <br> UVP <br> threshold is <br> $70 \%$ of <br> nominal. | OVP is enabled; <br> OVP threshold is <br> $116 \%$ of nominal. |
| 1 and 3 | Connected to <br> REF | UVP is <br> enabled. | OVP and discharge <br> mode are disabled. |
| 1 and 4 | Connected to <br> GND | UVP is <br> disabled. | OVP and discharge <br> mode are disabled. |
| Not <br> installed | Floating | UVP is <br> disabled. | OVP and discharge <br> mode are enabled. |

Note: The MAX1993 detects and latches the discharge mode state set by OVP/UVP on startup.
two output voltages (FB = OUT) are determined by the following equations:

$$
\begin{gathered}
\operatorname{VOUT}(\text { LOW })=\operatorname{VREF}(\mathrm{R} 7 /(\mathrm{R} 6+\mathrm{R} 7)) \\
\operatorname{VOUT}(\mathrm{HIGH})=\mathrm{V}_{\text {REF }}(\mathrm{R} 7+\mathrm{R} 8) /(\mathrm{R} 6+\mathrm{R} 7+\mathrm{R} 8)
\end{gathered}
$$

where $V_{\text {REF }}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$.

Table 5. Jumper JU5 Functions (Switching-Frequency Selection)

| JU5 | TON PIN | FREQUENCY (kHz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Connected to VCC | 200 |
| 1 and 3 | Connected to REF | 450 |
| 1 and 4 | Connected to GND | 600 |
| Not installed <br> (default) | Floating | 300 (as shipped) |

Note: Do not change the operating frequency without first recalculating component values, because the frequency has a significant effect on preferred inductor value, peak current-limit level, MOSFET heating, PFM/PWM switchover point, output noise, efficiency, and other critical parameters.

Refer to the MAX1993 data sheet for selection of output capacitor and inductor values for output voltages greater than 2 V .

Evaluating the MAX1992
This EV kit can also be used to evaluate the MAX1992 by following these steps:

1) Remove the MAX1993 and install the MAX1992.
2) Short pin 21 (AGND) to pin 20 (PGND) at the IC pins.
3) Remove the shunt from JU3 (GATE open).
4) Install resistors R1 and R2 for the desired output voltage.
The MAX1992 provides a fixed 1.8 V output when FB is connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}(\mathrm{R} 3=$ short, R1 and R2 $=$ open) or a fixed 2.5 V output when FB is connected to GND (R2 = short, R1 and R3 = open).
The output voltage can also be adjusted from 0.7 V to 5.5 V using a resistive voltage-divider formed by R1 and R2. The MAX1992 regulates FB to a fixed reference voltage ( 0.7 V ).
The adjusted output voltage is:

$$
\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}(1+\mathrm{R} 1 / \mathrm{R} 2)
$$

where $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$.
Refer to the MAX1992 data sheet for selection of output capacitor and inductor values for different output voltages.

## MAX1993 Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX1992/MAX1993


Figure 1. MAX1993 EV Kit Schematic

## MAX1993 Evaluation Kit



Figure 2．MAX1993 EV Kit Component Placement Guide－ Component Side


Figure 4．MAX1993 EV Kit PC Board Layout－GND Layer 2


Figure 3．MAX1993 EV Kit PC Board Layout－Component Side


Figure 5．MAX1993 EV Kit PC Board Layout－GND Layer 3

## MAX1993 Evaluation Kit



Figure 6. MAX1993 EV Kit PC Board Layout-Solder Side


Figure 7. MAX1993 EV Kit Component Placement GuideSolder Side
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