

MAX22256/MAX22258

Compact, 36V H-Bridge Transformer Driver for Isolated Supplies

Product Highlights

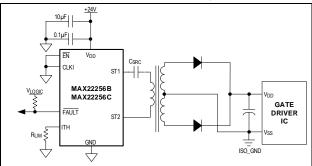
- Simple, Flexible Design
 - 5V to 36V Supply Range
 - Up to 91% Efficiency
 - Provides over 15W to Transformer
 - Undervoltage Lockout
 - Internal or External Clock Source
 - Synchronous Clock Output (MAX22258)
 - Programmable Overcurrent Threshold
 - 30ns to 200ns Adjustable Deadtime (MAX22258)
- Robust Integrated System Protection
 - Fault Detection and Indication
 - Overcurrent Limiting up to 1A
 - Over-Temperature Protection
 - Precision Internal Clock Source (±6%) Prevents Excessive Transformer Core Losses Due to Frequency Shift
 - Wide Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C
- Space Savings
 - Small 3mm x 3mm 10-Pin TDFN Package (MAX22256A/B/C) with 0.5mm Pitch
 - Small 4mm x 5mm 14-Pin TSSOP Package (MAX22258) with 0.65mm Pitch

Key Applications

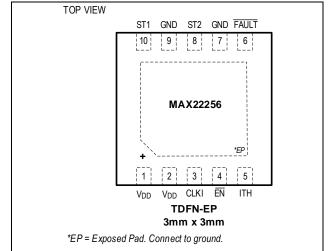
- Isolated Motor Drive Gate Power Supply The MAX22256/MAX22258 family provides a simple solution for making isolated power supplies over 15W. These devices drive a transformer's primary coil with up to 650mA_{RMS} of current from a wide 5V to 36V DC supply. The MAX22256B/C are optimized for LLC-type resonant topology, improving efficiency, and reducing switching noise.
- Isolated +24V PLC Field Supply The MAX22256/MAX22258 family features a resistor-adjustable current limit that allows indirect limiting of the secondary-side load current and protects the primary power source in the event of secondary- or field-side failure.

Simplified Application Diagram

Click here to ask an associate for production status of specific part numbers.



Pin Description



A FAULT output alerts the main controller during an over-temperature or over-current condition. These devices feature a low-power mode to reduce the overall supply current to 0.7mA (typ) when the driver is not in use.

The device can be operated using the accurate internal oscillator or driven by an external clock to synchronize multiple devices and precisely set the switching frequency.

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

19-101440; Rev 1; 3/22

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

V _{DD} to GND	0.3V to 40V
FAULT to GND	0.3V to 40V
ST1, ST2	0.3V to V _{DD} + 0.3V
CLKI, EN to GND	0.3V to 6V
CLKO to GND (MAX22258)	0.3V to 6V
ITH to GND0.3	/ to MIN (V _{DD} + 0.3V, 6V)
DTC to GND (MAX22258)0.3V t	o MIN (V _{DD} + 0.3V, 5.3V)
FAULT Continuous Current	50mA
ST1, ST2 Continuous Current	±1.1A

Continuous Power Dissipation Multilayer Board
T1033+3C (T _A = +70°C, derate 24.4mW/°C above +70°C)
U14E+3C (T _A = +70°C, derate 25.6mW/°C above +70°C)
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Information

10-pin TDFN-EP (3mm x 3mm)

Package Code	T1033+1C
Outline Number	<u>21-0137</u>
Land Pattern Number	<u>90-0003</u>
Thermal Resistance, Single-Layer Board:	
Junction-to-Ambient (θ _{JA})	54°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	9°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:	
Junction-to-Ambient (θ_{JA})	41°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	9°C/W

14-pin TSSOP-EP (4mm x 5mm)

Package Code	U14E+3C
Outline Number	<u>21-0108</u>
Land Pattern Number	<u>90-0119</u>
Thermal Resistance, Single-Layer Board:	
Junction-to-Ambient (θ_{JA})	48°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	3°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:	
Junction-to-Ambient (θ_{JA})	39°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	3°C/W

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD517. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{DD} = 5V \text{ to } 36V, \overline{EN} = Low, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{DD} = 24V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1))

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDI	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS	
POWER							
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}		5		36	V	
Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 5V, R _{LIM} = 1.2 V _{CLKI} = 0V		4.7	8	mA	
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{DIS}	$V_{\overline{EN}}$ = high, V_{CLKI} =	0V		0.7	1.12	mA
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V _{UVLO}	V _{DD} rising		4.5	4.65	4.75	V
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold Hysteresis	V _{UVHYST}				230		mV
DRIVER							
High-Side Driver Output On-Resistance	R _{OH}	ST1 = ST2 = high, I_S R _{LIM} = 1.2k Ω	, -		0.52	0.95	Ω
Low-Side Driver Output On-Resistance	R _{OL}	ST1 = ST2 = low, I_{ST} R _{LIM} = 1.2k Ω	7 _{1, ST2} = -200mA,		0.26	0.486	Ω
	h	$R_{LIM} = 1.2k\Omega$		0.9	1.0	1.1	
ST1, ST2 Current Limit	ILIM	$R_{LIM} = 6.2k\Omega$		0.18	0.2	0.22	A
ST1, ST2 Leakage Current	I _{LKG}	$V_{\overline{EN}}$ = high, V_{CLKI} = 0 or V_{DD}	0V, ST1/ST2 is 0V	-1		+1	μA
LOGIC INTERFACE (CLI	KI, EN, CLKO, F	AULT)					
Input High Voltage	VIH	CLKI, EN		2			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	CLKI, EN				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	V _{HYS}	CLKI, EN			800		mV
Input Leakage Current	I _{INLKG}	CLKI, EN		-1		+1	μA
FAULT Output Leakage Current	ILKG_FAULT	FAULT is not asserted, V _{FAULT} = 36V				10	μA
CLKO Output Leakage Current	I _{LKG_CLKO}	CLKO is high impedance, V _{CLKO} = 5V				1	μA
Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	CLKO, FAULT, output is asserted, I _{OL} = 10mA				0.4	V
PROTECTION							
Thermal-Shutdown Threshold	T _{SHDN}				+160		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{SHDN_HYS}				10		°C
SWITCHING CHARACTE	RISTICS						
ST1, ST2 Switching Frequency	f _{SW}	V _{CLKI} = 0V		423	450	477	kHz
CLKI Input Frequency	f _{EXT}	External clock applied to CLKI, $f_{ST1, ST2}$ = $f_{CLKI} / 2$		200		2000	kHz
CLKO Output Frequency	fсько	(MAX22258 only)	200		2000	kHz	
Turn-On Time	ton	Delay from \overline{EN} to ST1, ST2 switching	$f_{ST1, ST2} = 2MHz$		51 61	56	μs
		_	$f_{ST1, ST2} = 2kHz$	4-		67	
ST1/ST2 Duty Cycle	D	Minimum dead time	49	50	51	%	

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ST1/ST2 Rise Time	t _{RISE}	$R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$, <u>Figure 1</u> (Note 2)			3	6	ns
ST1/ST2 Fall Time	^t FALL	$R_L = 1k\Omega, C_L = 50pl$	F, <u>Figure 1</u> (Note 2)		3	6	ns
			MAX22256A	27	30	33	
Fixed Dead Time	^t DT_FIX	<u>Figure 1</u>	MAX22256B	54	60	66	ns
			MAX22256C	92	100	108	
	t	$(MAX22258 \text{ only}) \qquad \frac{R_{DTC} = 12k\Omega}{R_{DTC} = 82k\Omega}$	$R_{DTC} = 12k\Omega$	29	35	41	
Adjustable Dead Time	Adjustable Dead Time ^t DT_ADJ		$R_{DTC} = 82k\Omega$	160	200	240	ns
Adjustable Dead Time Accuracy		$12k\Omega \le R_{DTC_EXT} \le 82k\Omega$		-20		+20	%
Watchdog Timeout	^t WDG			29	32	35	μs
Current Limit Blanking Time	t _{BLANK}	Figure 2		2.0	2.4	2.8	ms
Current Limit Autoretry Time	^t RETRY	Figure 2		68	76	84	ms

 $(V_{DD} = 5V \text{ to } 36V, \overline{EN} = Low, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{DD} = 24V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1))

Note 1: All units are production tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: Guaranteed by design. Not production tested.

Timing Diagrams

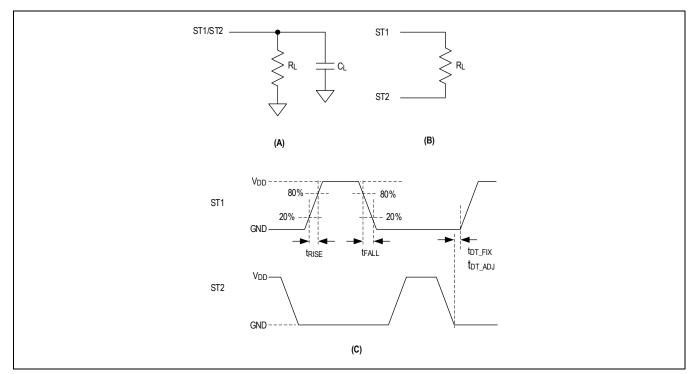


Figure 1. Test Circuits (A and B) and Timing Diagram (C) for Rise, Fall, and Dead Times

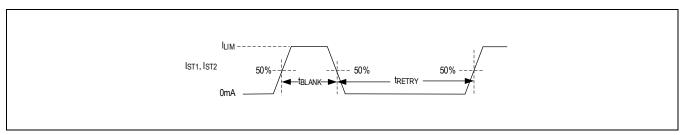
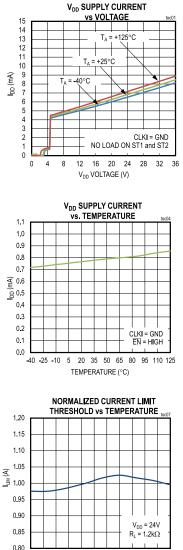
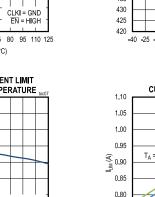


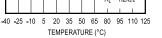
Figure 2. Timing Diagram for Current Limiting

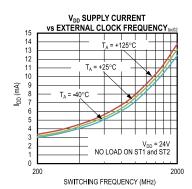
Typical Operating Characteristics

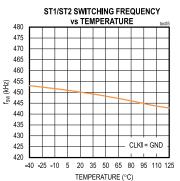
 V_{DD} = 24V, CLKI = GND, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

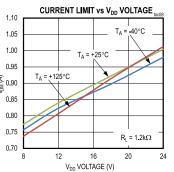


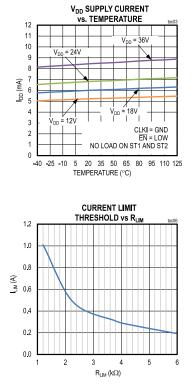


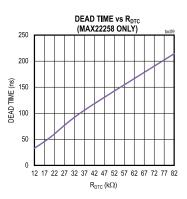






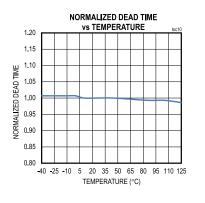


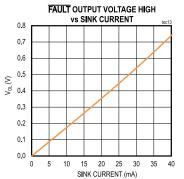


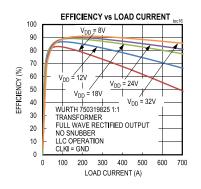


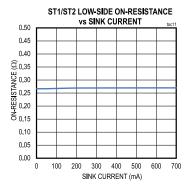
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ISOLATED OUTPUT VOLTAGE

vs LOAD CURRENT

WURTH 1:1 750319825 TRANSFORMER

200 300 400 500

LOAD CURRENT (mA)

600 700

FULL WAVE RECTIFIED OUTPUT NO SNUBBER LLC OPERATION

CLKI = GND

32

28

24

20

16

12

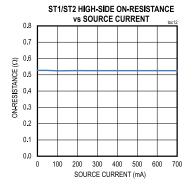
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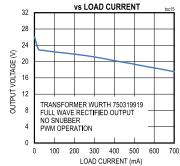
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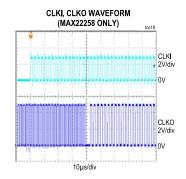
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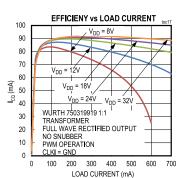
OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)



ISOLATED OUTPUT VOLTAGE

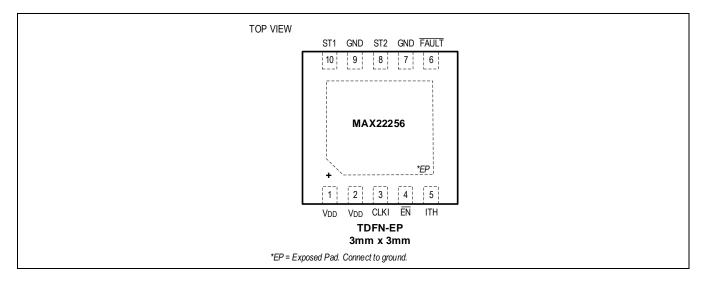


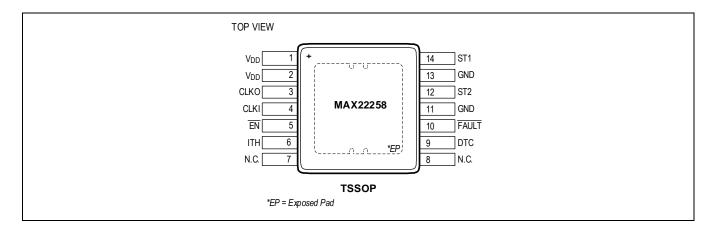




CLKI, CLKO WAVEFORM (MAX22258 ONLY) Loc19 CLKI 2V/div 0V CLKO 2V/div 0V CLKO 2V/div

Pin Configurations





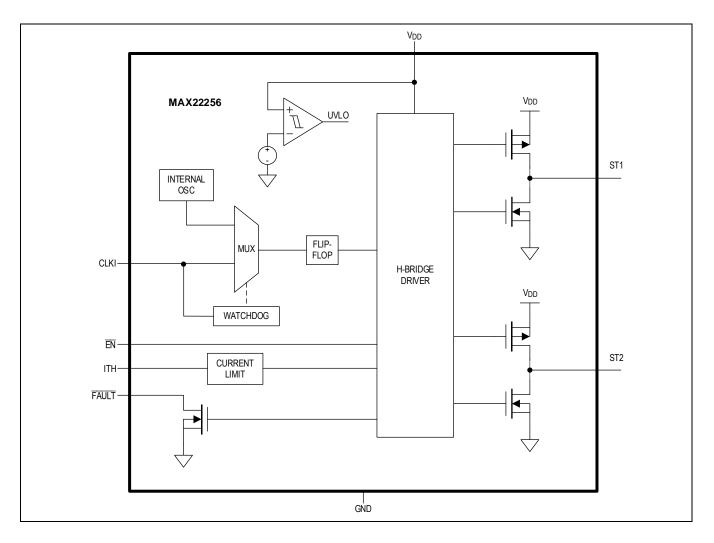
Pin Descriptions

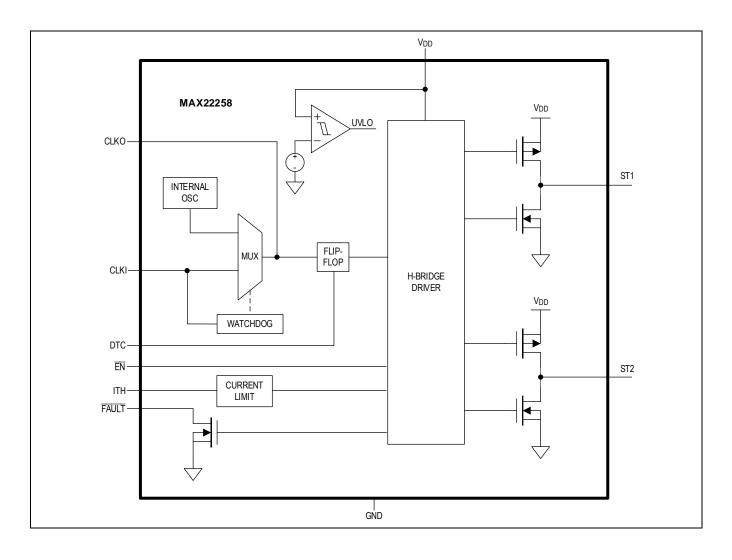
Р	IN		FUNCTION			
MAX22256	MAX22258	NAME	FUNCTION			
1, 2	1, 2	V _{DD}	Power Supply Input. Bypass V_{DD} to ground with a 0.1µF capacitor and a 10µF capacitor as close as possible to the device.			
-	3	CLKO	Open-Drain Clock Output. Connect CLKO to an external device(s) to provide a synchronous clock.			
3	4	CLKI	Clock Input. Connect CLKI to GND to enable internal clocking. Apply a clock signal to CLKI to enable external clocking. See the <u>Internal Oscillator and External Clock</u> section for more information.			
4	5	ĒN	Active-Low Enable Input. Drive \overline{EN} low to enable the device. Drive \overline{EN} high to disable the device. CLKO on the MAX22258 is not disabled when \overline{EN} is high.			
5	6	ITH	Overcurrent Threshold Adjustment. Connect a resistor (R _{LIM}) from ITH to GND to set the overcurrent threshold for the ST1 and ST2 outputs. Do not exceed 10pF of capacitance to GND on ITH. See the <u>Overcurrent Limiting</u> section for more information.			
6	10	FAULT	Open-Drain Fault Output. FAULT asserts during an overcurrent and/or thermal shutdown event. FAULT is high impedance during normal operation.			

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_	9	DTC	Dead Time Control. Connect a resistor from DTC to GND (R _{DTC}) to set the dead time between ST1 and ST2 during normal operation. See the <u>Dead Time Control</u> section for more information.
7, 9	11, 13	GND	Ground
8	12	ST2	Transformer Drive Output 2
10	14	ST1	Transformer Drive Output 1
EP	EP	EP	Exposed Pad. Internally connected to GND. Connect EP to a large ground plane to maximize thermal performance. Do not use EP as the main ground connection.
_	7, 8	N.C.	Not Connected. Not internally connected.

Functional Diagrams





Detailed Description

The MAX22256/MAX22258 integrated primary-side controllers and H-bridge drivers for isolated power-supply circuits feature a precision on-board oscillator, protection circuitry, and internal MOSFETs to provide up to 650mA_{RMS} of current to the primary winding of a transformer. These devices feature an internal 450kHz (typ) oscillator and can also be driven by an external clock to synchronize multiple devices and control EMI. An internal flip-flop stage guarantees a fixed 50% duty-cycle to prevent DC current flow in the transformer as long as the clock period is constant.

The MAX22256/MAX22258 operate from a wide single-supply voltage range from 5V to 36V and include undervoltage lockout for controlled startup. Break-before-make switching is integrated to prevent cross-conduction of the H-bridge MOSFETs. A resistor-adjustable overcurrent limit allows primary-side limiting of load currents on the transformer's secondary side and thermal shutdown circuitry provides additional protection against excessive power dissipation.

The MAX22256A features a 30ns (typ) dead time for conventional H-bridge switching topologies. The MAX22256B/C feature a fixed dead time of 60ns (typ) and 100ns (typ), respectively, and are optimized for the zero-voltage switching of an LLC topology. The MAX22258 features a resistor-programmable dead time and a synchronized clock output (CLKO).

Isolated Power Supply

The MAX22256/MAX22258 allow a versatile range of secondary side rectification circuits. Select the primary-tosecondary transformer winding ratio to adjust the isolated output voltage. The MAX22256/MAX22258 drive the primary side of the transformer with up to $650mA_{RMS}$ of current with a supply up to +36V.

Power-Up and Undervoltage Lockout

The MAX22256/MAX22258 feature a 4.65V (typ) undervoltage lockout threshold to ensure a controlled state during power-up and to prevent operation before the oscillator has stabilized. During power-up and normal operation, if the V_{DD} supply voltage drops below V_{UVLO} , the undervoltage-lockout protection forces the device into disable mode. ST1 and ST2 are high impedance in disable mode.

Low-Power Disable Mode

Drive the \overline{EN} input high to put the MAX22256/MAX22258 into low-power disabled mode. ST1 and ST2 are high impedance when \overline{EN} is high. CLKO on the MAX22258 is not disabled when \overline{EN} is high.

Drive \overline{EN} low for normal operation.

Dead Time Control

The MAX22256 features a fixed precision dead time. The MAX22256A features a 30ns (typ) dead time for conventional H-bridge switching topologies. The MAX22256B and MAX22256C feature a fixed dead time (t_{DEAD_FIX}) of 60ns (typ) and 100ns (typ), respectively, and are optimized for the zero-voltage switching of an LLC topology.

The MAX22258 features a resistor-adjustable dead time (t_{DEAD}). Connect a resistor between the DTC pin and GND (R_{DTC}) to set the dead time. Calculate the DTC resistance for as:

$$R_{DTC} (k\Omega) = (1.2 \text{ x } t_{DEAD}) \text{ x } (333 \text{ x } 10^9)$$

Transients on ST1/ST2 During the Dead Time

During the dead time, the voltage at the ST1 and ST2 pins may temporarily exceed the Absolute Maximum Ratings due to the inductive load presented by the transformer. This transient voltage will not damage the device.

Internal Oscillator and External Clock

The MAX22256/MAX22258 feature an internal oscillator that drives the H-bridge when the CLKI is low for the 32µs (typ) watchdog timeout. When the internal oscillator is enabled, the ST1 and ST2 outputs switch at 450kHz (typ).

To use the device with a switching frequency other than 450kHz (typ), connect an external clock source to CLKI. The MAX22256/MAX22258 switch on the rising edge of the external clock signal and an internal flip-flop divides the external clock by two to generate a switching signal with a 50% duty cycle. As a result, the ST1 and ST2 outputs switch at one-half the frequency of the clock signal at CLKI.

The MAX22258 also includes an open-drain clock output (CLKO) that can be used to synchronize multiple devices. CLKO switches at the 450kHz (typ) switching frequency when CLKI is low, or at the frequency of the external clock frequency applied to CLKI.

Watchdog

A stalled clock can cause excessive DC current to flow through the primary winding of the transformer when ST1 and ST2 stop switching. The MAX22256/MAX22258 feature an internal watchdog circuit to prevent damage from this condition. When the CLKI input stops switching for the 32µs (typ) watchdog timeout, the device uses the internal oscillator to switch ST1 and ST2. ST1 and ST2 switch at 450kHz (typ) when CLKI is low.

Overcurrent Limiting

The MAX22256/MAX22258 limit the ST1/ST2 output current up to 1A. Connect an external resistor (R_{LIM}) between the ITH pin and GND to set the current limit. Use the following equation to calculate the R_{LIM} resistance for the desired current limit:

$$R_{\rm LIM}(k\Omega) = \frac{1.2 \times 10^3}{I_{\rm LIM}(mA)}$$

where I_{LIM} is the desired current threshold in the range of 200mA $\leq I_{LIM} \leq$ 1000mA (typ). Use a 1% resistor for R_{LIM} for increased accuracy. Ensure that the overcurrent threshold set by R_{LIM} is at least 40% higher than the expected maximum operating current.

When the load current exceeds the limit for longer than the 2.4ms (typ) blanking time, the ST1 and ST2 driver outputs are disabled and FAULT asserts. ST1 and ST2 are reenabled (and FAULT deasserts) after the 76ms (typ) autoretry time. If the overcurrent condition has been removed, ST1 and ST2, and FAULT operate normally. If the overcurrent condition persists, however, the driver outputs are re-disabled and FAULT reasserts. This autoretry cycle continues until the load current is reduced. The duty cycle of the load current and FAULT output is approximately 3% when a continuous fault condition is present.

FAULT Output

The open-drain FAULT output asserts when an overcurrent event is detected on the MAX22256/MAX22258 and/or when the device is in thermal shutdown.

When the load current exceeds the set overcurrent limit threshold, the ST1 and ST2 driver outputs are disabled and FAULT is asserted. FAULT deasserts when the ST1 and ST2 driver outputs are reenabled after the autoretry delay, but is then reasserted, as the driver outputs are re-disabled, if the overcurrent condition has not been removed. As a result, FAULT may toggle during a continuous overcurrent condition.

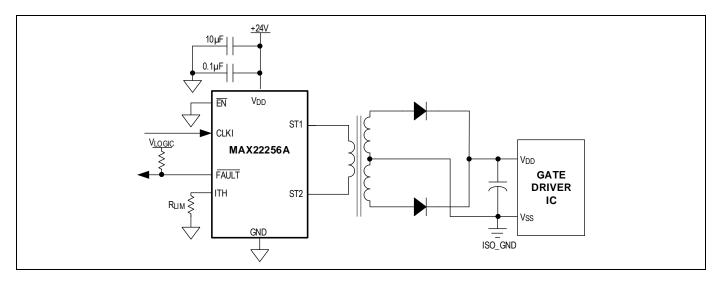
FAULT is continuously asserted for the entire duration of an overtemperature/thermal shutdown event.

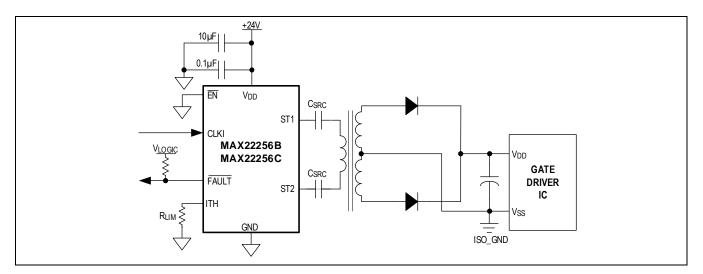
Thermal Shutdown

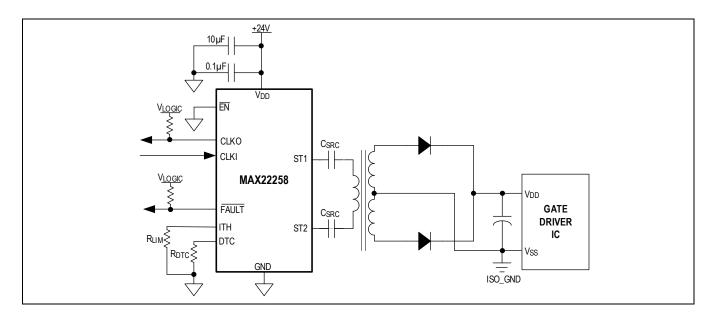
The MAX22256/MAX22258 are protected from thermal damage with an integrated thermal-shutdown circuit. When the junction temperature of the devices exceeds the +160°C (typ) thermal shutdown threshold, ST1 and ST2 are disabled and FAULT asserts. CLKO on the MAX22258 is not disabled during an thermal shutdown.

The driver outputs are reenabled and FAULT deasserts when the junction temperature falls the 10°C (typ) thermal shutdown hysteresis.

Typical Application Circuits







Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	DEAD TIME (ns)	CLOCK OUTPUT	ADJUSTABLE DEAD TIME	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX22256AATB+	30	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22256AATB+T	30	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22256BATB+*	60	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22256BATB+T*	60	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22256CATB+*	100	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22256CATB+T*	100	NO	NO	-40°C to +125°C	10 TDFN-EP
MAX22258AUD+	ADJ	YES	YES	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP-EP
MAX22258AUD+T	ADJ	YES	YES	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP-EP

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

EP = Exposed pad

*Future Product—contact factory for availability

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

MAX22256/MAX22258

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION			
0	2/22	Release for Market Intro	—		
1	3/22	Removed future product designations for MAX22258AUD+ and MAX22258AUD+T in the Ordering Information table	13		



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